

# Course Project Code Book

## Experiment description

The experiments have been carried out with a group of 30 volunteers within an age bracket of 19-48 years. Each person performed six activities (WALKING, WALKING\_UPSTAIRS, WALKING\_DOWNSTAIRS, SITTING, STANDING, LAYING) wearing a smartphone (Samsung Galaxy S II) on the waist. Using its embedded accelerometer and gyroscope, we captured 3-axial linear acceleration and 3-axial angular velocity at a constant rate of 50Hz. The experiments have been video-recorded to label the data manually. The obtained dataset has been randomly partitioned into two sets, where 70% of the volunteers was selected for generating the training data and 30% the test data.

The sensor signals (accelerometer and gyroscope) were pre-processed by applying noise filters and then sampled in fixed-width sliding windows of 2.56 sec and 50% overlap (128 readings/window). The sensor acceleration signal, which has gravitational and body motion components, was separated using a Butterworth low-pass filter into body acceleration and gravity. The gravitational force is assumed to have only low frequency components, therefore a filter with 0.3 Hz cutoff frequency was used. From each window, a vector of features was obtained by calculating variables from the time and frequency domain.

Check the README.txt file for further details about this dataset.

## Dataset

Presented dataset contains summary table for average values of mean and stadart deviation for raw and post-processed measurments gained during experiment.

Parameters	
<b>subject_id</b>	A unique ID for each participant in an experiment
<b>activity</b>	Characterization of activity performed by participants
WALKING	
WALKING_UPSTAIRS	
WALKING_DOWNSTAIRS	
SITTING	
STANDING	
LAYING	
Mean Variables	
<b>1-tBodyAcc-Mean-X</b>	Contains mean values for different measurments from the accelerometer and gyroscope.
<b>2-tBodyAcc-Mean-Y</b>	
<b>3-tBodyAcc-Mean-Z</b>	
<b>41-tGravityAcc-Mean-X</b>	All measurments can be separated into certain parterns:
<b>42-tGravityAcc-Mean-Y</b>	
<b>43-tGravityAcc-Mean-Z</b>	
<b>81-tBodyAccJerk-Mean-X</b>	1. "t" - time domain signals; "f" - frequency domain signals (appliace of FFT to the signals)
<b>82-tBodyAccJerk-Mean-Y</b>	
<b>83-tBodyAccJerk-Mean-Z</b>	
<b>121-tBodyGyro-Mean-X</b>	2. "Body" - body accelerated signal "Gravity" - gravity accelerated signal
<b>122-tBodyGyro-Mean-Y</b>	
<b>123-tBodyGyro-Mean-Z</b>	3. "Acc" - data from an accelerometer

161-tBodyGyroJerk-Mean-X	"Gyro" - data from a gyroscope
162-tBodyGyroJerk-Mean-Y	
163-tBodyGyroJerk-Mean-Z	4. "Jerk" - jerk signals
201-tBodyAccMag-Mean	
214-tGravityAccMag-Mean	5. "Mag" - magnitude calculation of three-dimensional signals using Euclidean norm
227-tBodyAccJerkMag-Mean	
240-tBodyGyroMag-Mean	
253-tBodyGyroJerkMag-Mean	6. "X", "Y", "Z" - dimensions of the signals
266-fBodyAcc-Mean-X	
267-fBodyAcc-Mean-Y	
268-fBodyAcc-Mean-Z	
345-fBodyAccJerk-Mean-X	
346-fBodyAccJerk-Mean-Y	
347-fBodyAccJerk-Mean-Z	
424-fBodyGyro-Mean-X	
425-fBodyGyro-Mean-Y	
426-fBodyGyro-Mean-Z	
503-fBodyAccMag-Mean	
516-fBodyBodyAccJerkMag-Mean	
529-fBodyBodyGyroMag-Mean	
542-fBodyBodyGyroJerkMag-Mean	

#### Standart Deviation Vairables

4-tBodyAcc-StDeviation-X	Contains standart deviation values for different measurments from the accelerometer and gyroscope.
5-tBodyAcc-StDeviation-Y	
6-tBodyAcc-StDeviation-Z	
44-tGravityAcc-StDeviation-X	All measurments can be separated into certain parterns:
45-tGravityAcc-StDeviation-Y	
46-tGravityAcc-StDeviation-Z	1. "t" - time domain signals;
84-tBodyAccJerk-StDeviation-X	"f" - frequency domain signals (appliace of FFT to the signals)
85-tBodyAccJerk-StDeviation-Y	
86-tBodyAccJerk-StDeviation-Z	2. "Body" - body accelerated signal
124-tBodyGyro-StDeviation-X	"Gravity" - gravity accelerated signal
125-tBodyGyro-StDeviation-Y	
126-tBodyGyro-StDeviation-Z	3. "Acc" - data from an accelerometer
164-tBodyGyroJerk-StDeviation-X	"Gyro" - data from a gyroscope
165-tBodyGyroJerk-StDeviation-Y	
166-tBodyGyroJerk-StDeviation-Z	4. "Jerk" - jerk signals
202-tBodyAccMag-StDeviation	
215-tGravityAccMag-StDeviation	5. "Mag" - magnitude calculation of three-dimensional signals using Euclidean norm
228-tBodyAccJerkMag-StDeviation	
241-tBodyGyroMag-StDeviation	
254-tBodyGyroJerkMag-StDeviation	6. "X", "Y", "Z" - dimensions of the signals
269-fBodyAcc-StDeviation-X	
270-fBodyAcc-StDeviation-Y	
271-fBodyAcc-StDeviation-Z	
348-fBodyAccJerk-StDeviation-X	
349-fBodyAccJerk-StDeviation-Y	
350-fBodyAccJerk-StDeviation-Z	
427-fBodyGyro-StDeviation-X	

**428-fBodyGyro-StDeviation-Y**

**429-fBodyGyro-StDeviation-Z**

**504-fBodyAccMag-StDeviation**

**Standart Deviation Vairables**

**517-fBodyBodyAccJerkMag-StDeviation**

**530-fBodyBodyGyroMag-StDeviation**

**543-fBodyBodyGyroJerkMag-StDeviation**