

Assignment

$N = 100K$ employees

Sample data = 500

200 L 200 XL

HR wants to know how many
L & XL t-shirts

get the C.I = 95%

Sample data = 500

$n = 500$

there are 300 XL t-shirts and
200 L t-shirts.

Let say $x_L = 2$, $x_{XL} = 4$ (These are
are
random
number)

so there are 2×300 XL, 4×200 L

$$\Sigma x' = 600 + 800$$

500

2.8

1700

500

$$\bar{x} = 2.8$$

⑩

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

x	\bar{x}	$x - \bar{x}$	$(x - \bar{x})^2$
2	2.8	-0.8	0.64
2	2.8	-0.8	0.64
\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots
2	2.8	-0.8	0.64
4	2.8	1.2	1.44
\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots
4	2.8	1.2	1.44

there are ~~300~~ 300 0.64's and
200 1.44's

So the summation $0.64 \times 300 + 1.44 \times 200$

$$0.64 \times 3 = 1.92$$

$$1.44 \times 2 = 2.88$$

$$4.80$$

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} = \sqrt{\frac{4.80}{499}} = 0.08$$

$$\alpha = 1 - 0.95$$

$$\alpha = 0.05$$

$$\frac{\alpha}{2} = 0.025$$

Remaining area

$$1 - 0.025 = 0.975$$

$$Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = 1.96$$

Point estimate

$$LF = 2.8 - 1.96 \times \left(\frac{0.98}{\sqrt{500}} \right)$$

22.36

$$2.8 - 1.96 \times 0.043$$

$$LF = 0.235$$

$$MF = 2.8 + 1.96 \times 0.043$$

$$2.884$$

Population mean may fall between

0.235 and 2.884.

I Don't know how to find

how many XL's and L's are required.