

INTERMEDIATE - PART I [JAN 27]

Basics and Aggregations

1. Show the first names of our patients in alphabetical order

```
SELECT first_name FROM patients  
ORDER BY first_name ASC;
```

2. Show the total number of doctors

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_doctors  
FROM doctors;
```

3. Show the total number of specialties

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT specialty)  
FROM doctors;
```

4. Show the average weight of all the patients

```
SELECT AVG(weight)  
FROM patients;
```

5. What is the height of our tallest patient

```
SELECT MAX(height)  
FROM patients;
```

Let's combine our knowledge

6. Show the city and the total number of patients in the city. Order from most to least patients and then by city name ascending.

```
SELECT city, COUNT(patient_id) AS total_patients  
FROM patients  
GROUP BY city  
ORDER BY total_patients desc, city ASC;
```

Entering the realm of complex data wrangling

7. Show the province_id(s), sum of height; where the total sum of its patient's height is greater than or equal to 7,000.

```
SELECT province_id, SUM(height) as total_height  
FROM patients  
GROUP BY province_id  
HAVING total_height > 7000;
```

8. Show first name, last name and gender in a way that wherever gender is F, it is shown as Female

```
SELECT first_name, last_name,  
CASE WHEN gender='F' THEN 'Female'  
ELSE gender END AS gender_new  
FROM patients;
```