

- 1 Write a menu driven C program to design a simple calculator which solves 10 operations 4 Arithmetic 4 Relational and any two of your choice. The program should loop till the user wishes to stop.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a, b, n, x;
```

```
    printf("Enter 2 numbers\n");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
```

```
    while (true)
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("Enter a number 1-10\n");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    switch (n)
```

```
{
```

```
        case 1 : printf("Sum = %d", (a+b));  
                 break;
```

```
        case 2 : printf("Diff = %d", (a-b));  
                 break;
```

```
        case 3 : printf("Product = %d", (a*b));  
                 break;
```

```
        case 4 : printf("quotient = %d", (a/b));  
                 break;
```

```
        case 5 : printf("remainder = %d", (a%b));  
                 break;
```



```
case 6: if (a > b)
    printf ("%d greater than %d",
            a, b);
else
    printf ("%d smaller than %d",
            a, b);
break;
```

```
case 7: if (a < b)
    printf ("%d smaller than %d",
            a, b);
else
    printf ("%d greater than %d",
            a, b);
break;
```

```
case 8: if (a == b)
    printf ("numbers are equal");
else
    printf ("numbers not equal");
break;
```

```
case 9: if (a != b)
    printf ("numbers not equal");
else
    printf ("numbers equal");
break;
```

```
case 10: printf ("Squares of numbers\n");
    printf ("%d\n", (a * a));
    printf ("%d\n", (b * b));
    break;
```

```
default: printf ("Invalid choice");
```

```
}
printf ("\n");
```



```
printf("Enter 0 to exit 1 to continue");  
scanf("%d", &x);  
if (x == 0)  
    break;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Output .

enter 2 numbers

9 9

enter a number 1-10

5

remainder = 0

enter 0 to exit 1

enter a number 1-10

9

numbers are equal

enter 0 to exit 0

2. Write a C program to accept 3 numbers from user. Find the greatest 2 among the 3 and pass them as parameters to the user defined functions given below.

a. `sumaver(...)` which finds sum and average of 2 numbers. Print sum and return average.

b. `printeven(...)` which prints all the even numbers between the given two numbers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
float sumaver(int, int);
```

```
void printeven(int, int);
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int arr[3], n1=0, n2=0;
```

```
    printf("Enter 3 numbers \n");
```

```
    for (int i=0; i<3; i++)
```

```
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
```

```
    for (int i=0; i<3; i++)
```

```
    { if (arr[i] > n1)
```

```
        n1 = arr[i];
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (int i=0; i<3; i++)
```

```
    { if (arr[i] > n2 && arr[i] < n1)
```

```
        n2 = arr[i];
```

```
    }
```

```
    float avg = sumaver(n1, n2);
```

```
    printf("Average = %d \n", avg);
```

```
    printeven(n1, n2);
```

```
}
```



```
float sumaver(int a, int b)
{
    printf("Sum = %d\n", (a+b));
    float float av = (a+b)/2.0;
    return (av);
}

void printeven(int a, int b)
{
    printf("Even numbers : \n");
    if (a % 2 == 0)
        printf("%d\n", a);
    if (b % 2 == 0)
        printf("%d\n", b);
}
```

Enter 3 numbers .

11 7 20

Sum = 31

average = 15.5

even numbers :

20