

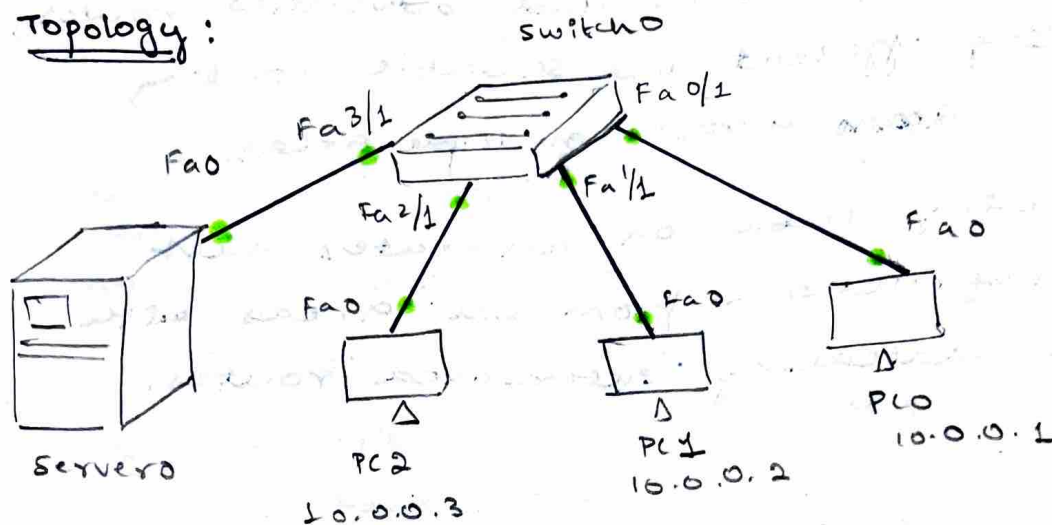
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## Experiment-8

Q) To construct a simple LAN's and understand concept & operation of ARP.

Aim: construct a simple LAN's simulate operation of Address Resolution protocol.

### Topology:



### Topology Description:

1. Switch connected to 3 PC's and a server via three three copper straight wire (fast ethernet interfaces) and one ethernet interface respectively.

2. All connections made via copper straight-through cable

3. No configuration required for switch

### Procedure:

1. Open Cisco packet tracer and drag it, following switch 0 and server, place in series and connect it to switch 0.

2. Assign an IP address and subnet mask to all the devices then connect them via a switch.

3. use the inspect tool (Q), click on the PC to view the ARP table, Display ARP table for all devices
 

CLI  
 PC>arp-a
  4. Initially ARP is empty for all
  5. Also in CLI of switch,
 

show mac-address table
- It gives the transaction on every device to see how the switch learns from transaction and build the address table
6. use a capture button in the simulation panel to go step by step so that changes in ARP can be clearly noted
2. Observe the ~~switch~~ switch as well as nodes, it updates the ARP table as and when new communication starts.

### Observation:

As the message travels from one source host to its destination host the ARP table of all devices get updated.

ARP maps on IP address to a mac address  
 It ensures communication within a local network.

✓  
 ARP table for PC0 (source):

IP address	Hardware address	Interface
10.0.0.3	0060.F70C.4040	Fast Ethernet()

# APP table for PC2 (destination)

IP address	Hardware Address	Interface
10.0.0.2	0060.5C4B.D073	Fast ethernet0

N  
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