

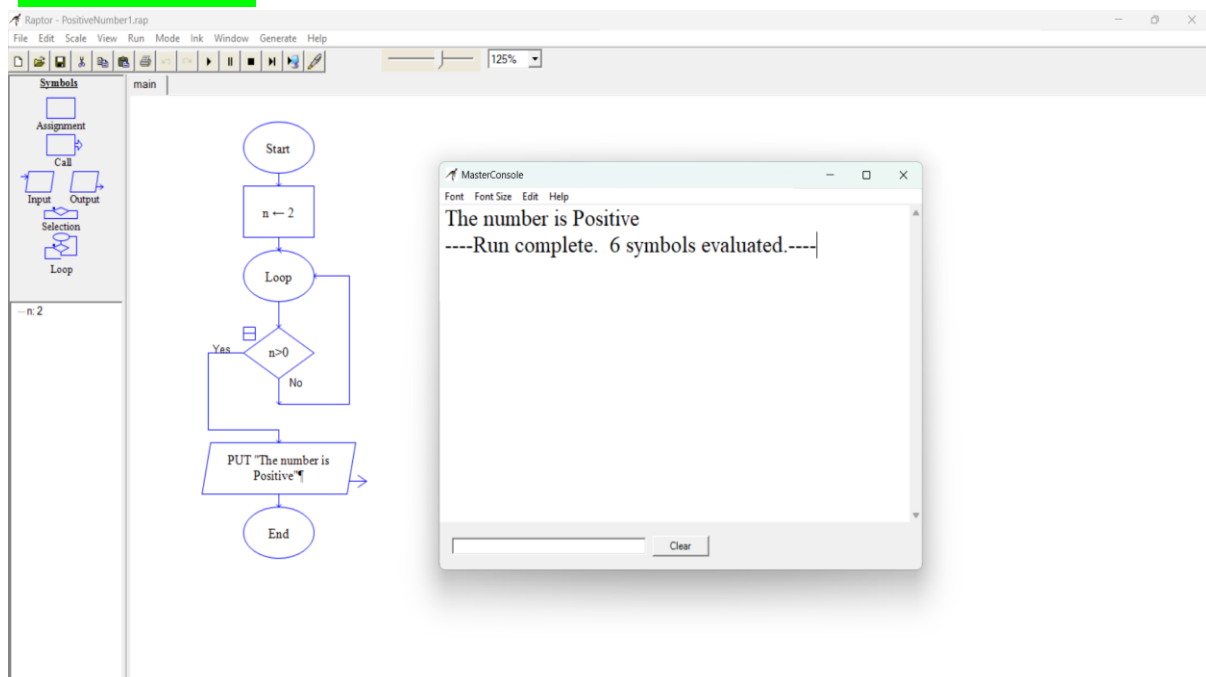
Lab Assignment: 1

Flowchart and Java Programming

1. Check Positive Number:

- Task: Create a flowchart to check whether a number is positive.
- Next Step: Write a Java program that checks if a predefined number is positive using an if-else statement and prints the appropriate message.

Flow Chart:-



Code:-

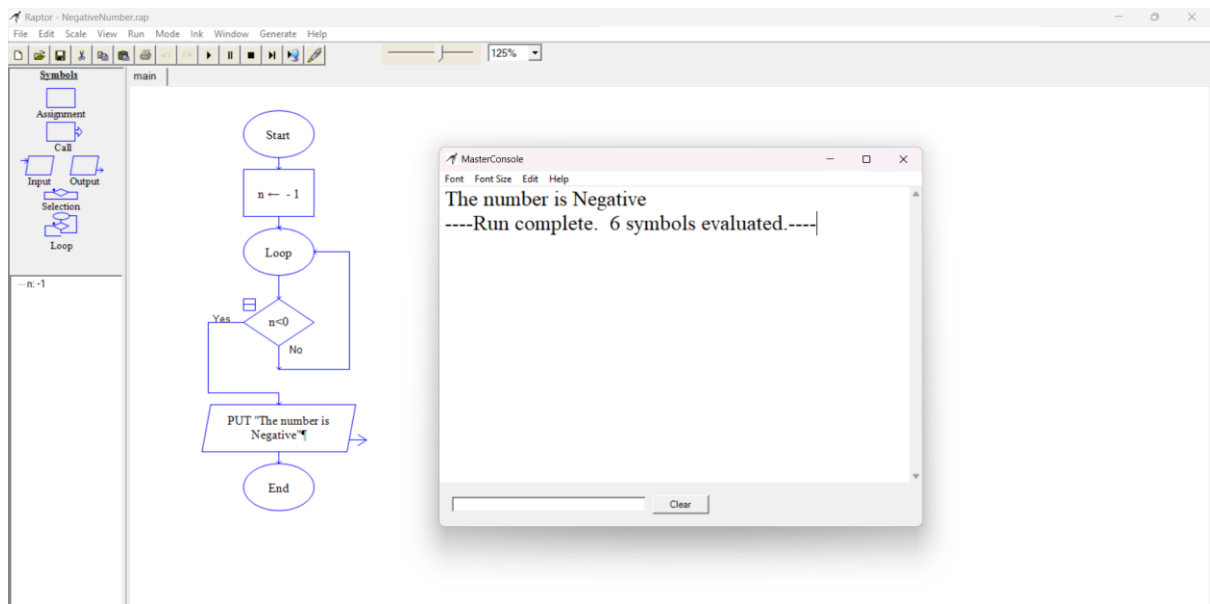
```
class Positive
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int n = 2;
        if(n>0){
            System.out.println("The number is positive");
        }
    }
}
```

2. Check Negative Number:

- Task: Create a flowchart to check whether a number is negative.

- Next Step: Write a Java program that checks if a predefined number is negative using an if-else statement and displays the result.

Flow Chart:-



Code:-

```
public class Negative {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        int n = -4;  
        if(n<0){  
            System.out.println("The number is Negative");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

3. Check Odd or Even Number:

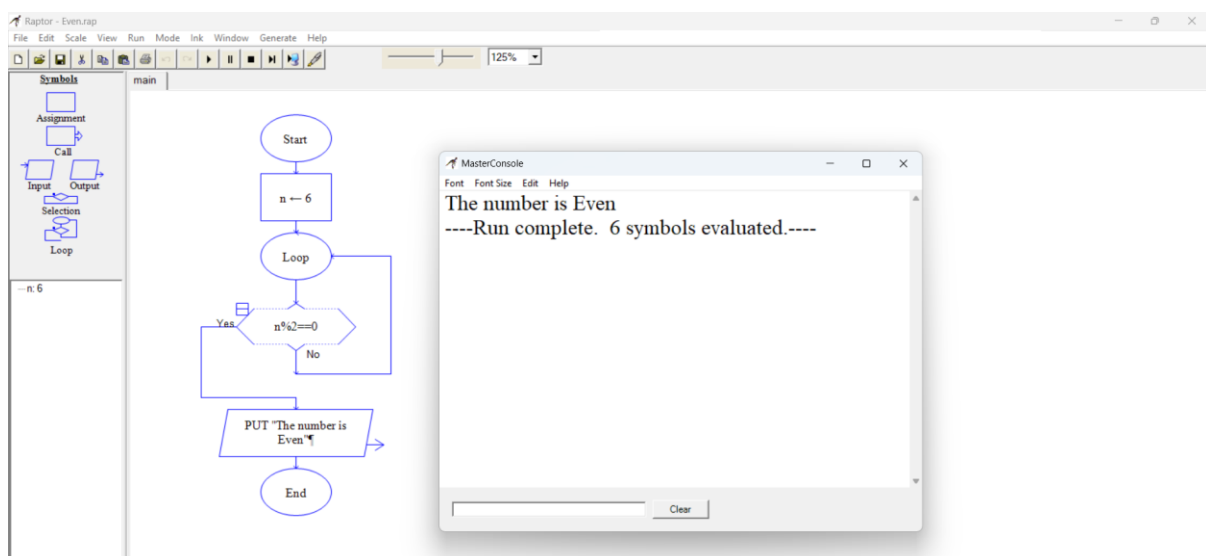
- Task: Create a flowchart to determine whether a number is odd or even.

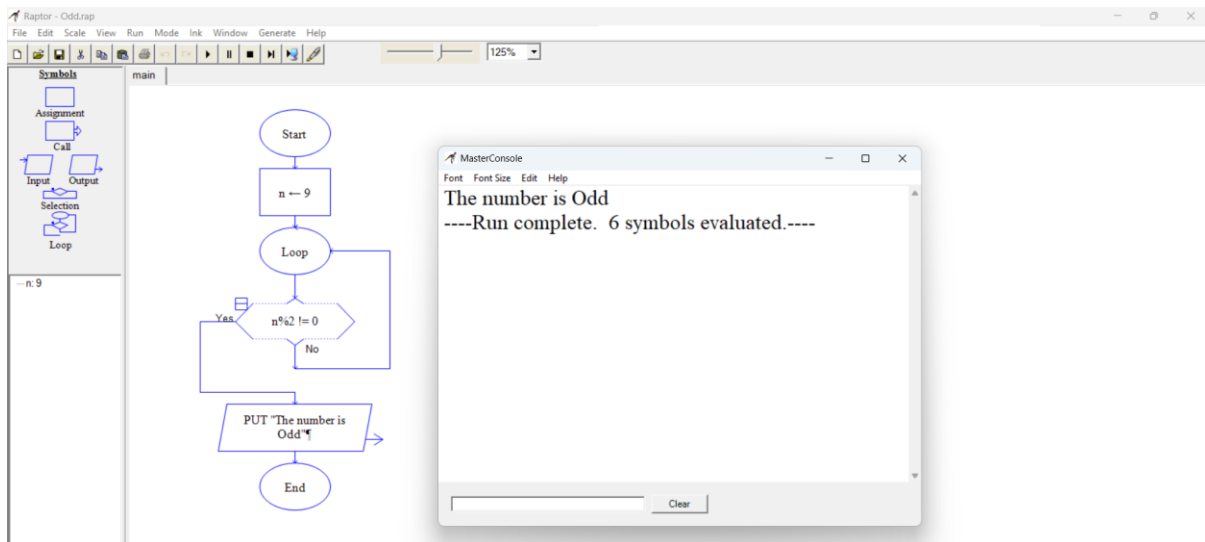
- Next Step: Write a Java program that checks if a predefined number is odd or even. Use

an if-else statement and the modulus operator (%) to determine whether the number is

divisible by 2 or not.

Flow Chart:-





Code:-

```

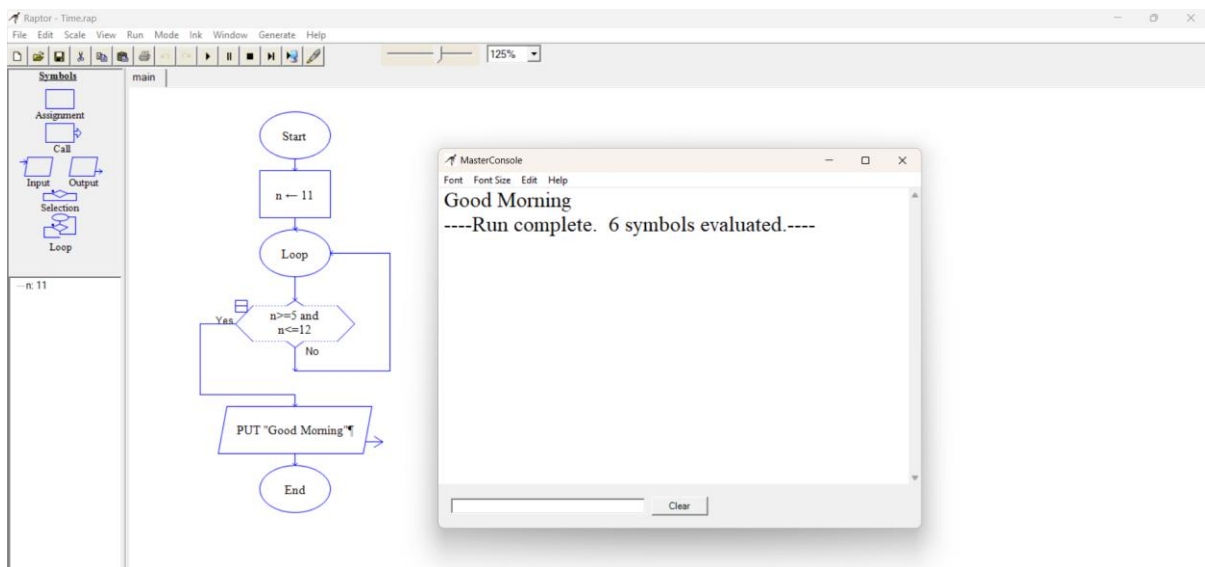
public class EvenOdd {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int n = 4;
        if(n%2==0){
            System.out.println("The number is Even");
        }
        else{
            System.out.println("The number is Odd");
        }
    }
}
  
```

4. Display Good Morning Message Based on Time:

- Task: Create a flowchart to display a "Good Morning" message based on a given time.

- Next Step: Write a Java program that displays a "Good Morning" message if the predefined time is between 5 AM and 12 PM. Use an if statement to implement the logic.

Flow Chart:-



Code:-

```
public class Time {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int n=6;  
        if(n>=5 || n<=12)  
        {  
            System.out.println("Good Morning");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
}  
  
}  
  
}
```

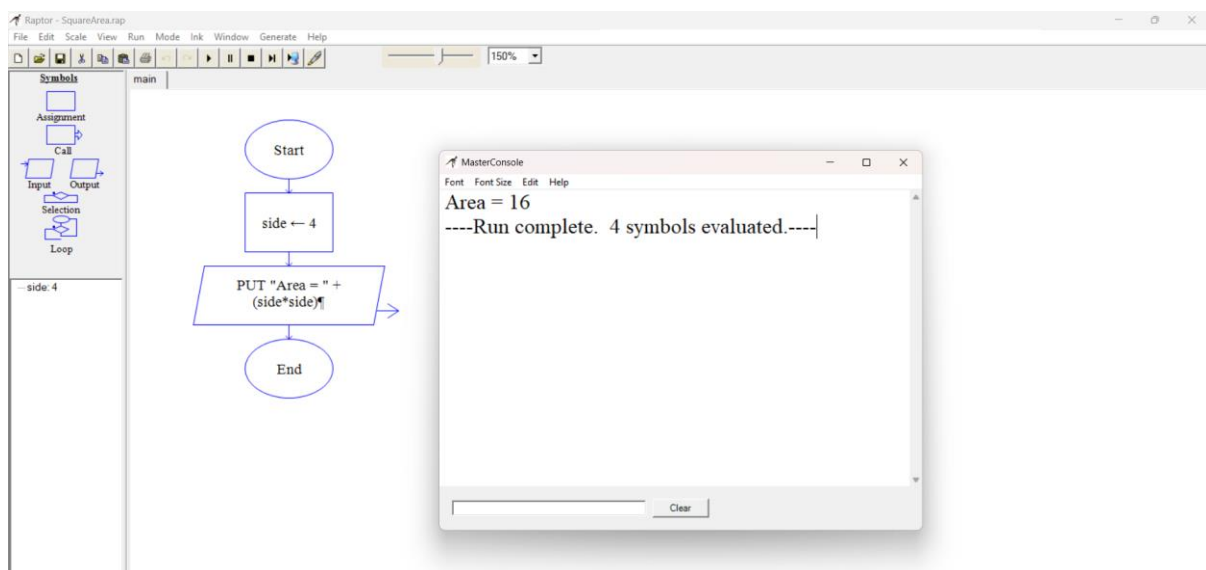
5. Print Area of a Square:

- Task: Create a flowchart to calculate and print the area of a square.

- Next Step: Write a Java program that calculates the area of a square using the formula

$\text{area} = \text{side} * \text{side}$. Use a predefined side length.

Flow Chart:-



Code:-

```
public class SArea {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int s = 12;
```

```

        System.out.println("Area of Square : " + s*s);
    }
}

```

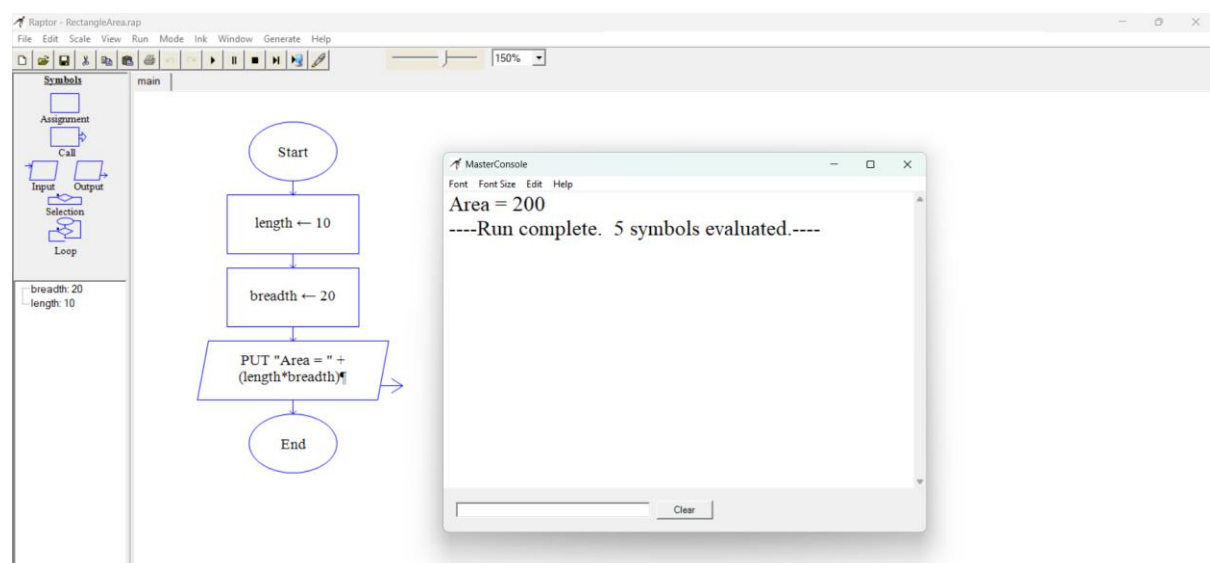
6. Print Area of a Rectangle:

- Task: Create a flowchart to calculate and print the area of a rectangle.

- Next Step: Write a Java program that calculates the area of a rectangle using the formula

area = length * width. Use predefined values for length and width.

Flow Chart:-



Code:-

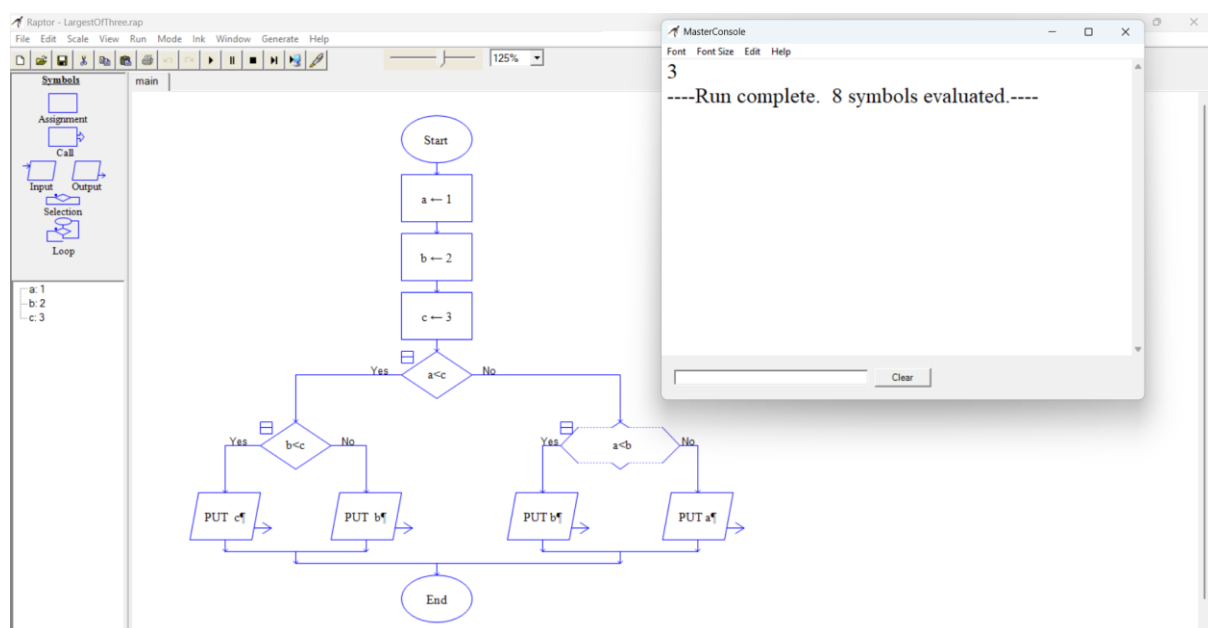
```
public class RSquare {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int l = 12;  
        int b = 10;  
        System.out.println("Area of Rectangle : " + l*b);  
    }  
}
```

7. Find the Largest of Three Numbers:

- Task: Create a flowchart to find the largest of three numbers.

- Next Step: Write a Java program that finds and prints the largest of three predefined numbers using if-else statements.

Flow Chart:-



Code:-

```
public class LargestOfThree {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = 10;  
        int b = 20;  
        int c = 30;  
  
        if(a<c){  
            if(b<c){  
                System.out.println(c);  
            } else {  
                System.out.println(b);  
            }  
        }  
        else {  
            if(a<b){  
                System.out.println(b);  
            }  
            else{  
                System.out.println(a);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

}

}

}

}