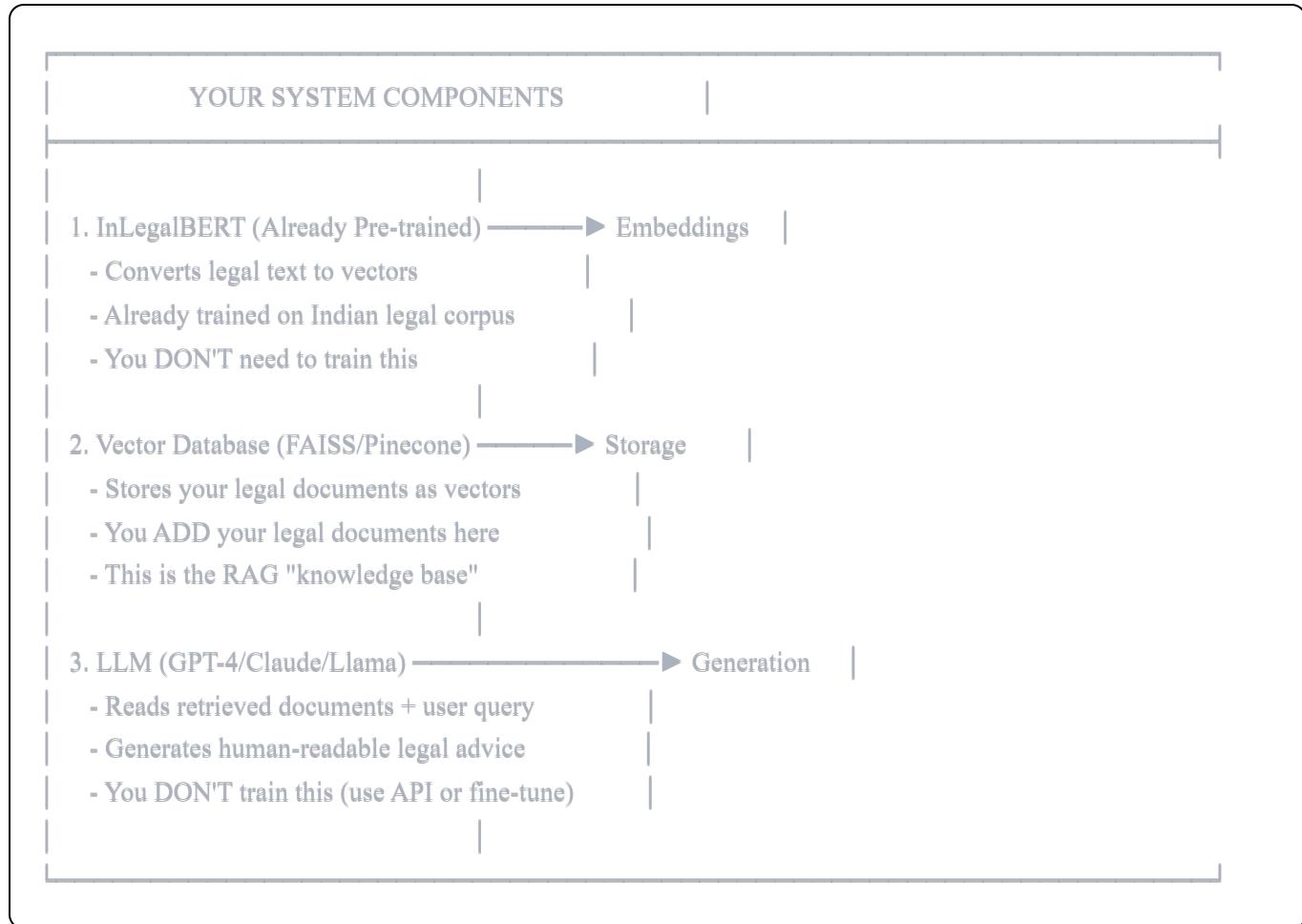


Legal Consultant Bot - Complete Training & Data Strategy

Understanding the Architecture

You are NOT training a model from scratch!

Here's what's actually happening:

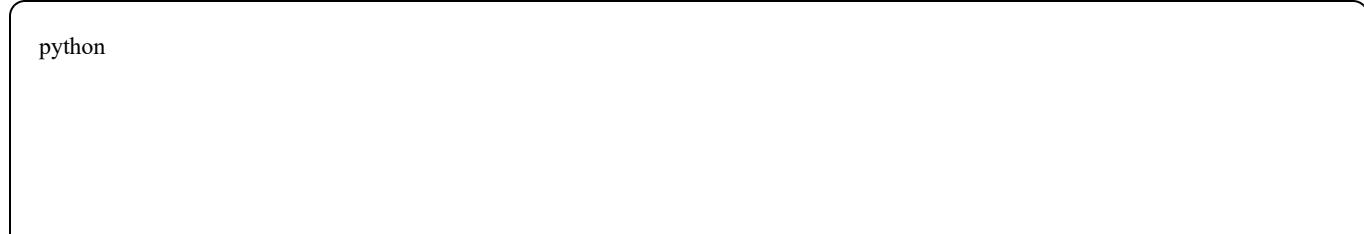


How Legal Advice is Generated

Step-by-Step Process:

User asks: "I was fired without notice. What can I do?"

Step 1: Embedding (InLegalBERT)



```
# InLegalBERT converts query to vector
query_vector = inlegal_bert.encode("I was fired without notice")
# Result: [0.234, -0.567, 0.891, ...] (768 numbers)
```

Step 2: Retrieval (RAG Database)

```
python

# Find similar legal documents from your database
retrieved_docs = vector_db.search(query_vector, top_k=5)

# Example retrieved documents:
# 1. "Industrial Disputes Act: Termination requires 30 days notice..."
# 2. "Supreme Court ruling in XYZ vs ABC: Wrongful termination..."
# 3. "Labor law section 25F: Notice period requirements..."
```

Step 3: Generation (LLM)

```
python

# Combine retrieved docs + query and send to LLM
prompt = f"""
Legal Context:
{retrieved_doc_1}
{retrieved_doc_2}
{retrieved_doc_3}
```

User Question: I was fired without notice. What can I do?

Provide legal advice based on the context above.

```
"""

advice = llm.generate(prompt)
# LLM reads the documents and generates advice
```

Final Output:

Based on Indian labor law (Industrial Disputes Act, Section 25F),
your employer must provide 30 days notice or payment in lieu.

You can:

1. Send legal notice demanding notice pay
2. File complaint with Labor Commissioner
3. Approach Labor Court if unresolved

...

What Data Goes in RAG? (CRITICAL SECTION)

Core Legal Documents You Must Add:

1. Bare Acts (Primary Legislation)

```
python

documents = [
    {
        "text": "Section 420 IPC: Whoever cheats and thereby dishonestly induces the person deceived to deliver any property to him, or to any other person, with intent to defraud, shall be punished with imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.",

        "metadata": {
            "source": "Indian Penal Code",
            "section": "420",
            "type": "bare_act",
            "category": "criminal",
            "enacted": "1860"
        }
    },
    {
        "text": "Section 25F Industrial Disputes Act: No workman shall be retrenched unless one month's notice in writing is given to him by his employer.",

        "metadata": {
            "source": "Industrial Disputes Act",
            "section": "25F",
            "type": "bare_act",
            "category": "labor"
        }
    }
]
```

What to include:

- Indian Penal Code (IPC) - All sections
- Code of Criminal Procedure (CrPC)

- Code of Civil Procedure (CPC)
- Indian Evidence Act
- Contract Act 1872
- Consumer Protection Act 2019
- IT Act 2000
- Companies Act 2013
- Industrial Disputes Act
- Labor laws (Wages, Gratuity, etc.)
- Property laws
- Family laws (Hindu Marriage Act, etc.)

2. Court Judgments & Precedents

python

```
{
  "text": "In Vishaka vs State of Rajasthan (1997), the Supreme Court laid down guidelines for sexual harassment at work. The judgment is widely cited for its comprehensive approach to preventing sexual harassment in the workplace.", 
  "metadata": {
    "source": "Supreme Court",
    "case_name": "Vishaka vs State of Rajasthan",
    "year": "1997",
    "type": "judgment",
    "citation": "AIR 1997 SC 3011",
    "category": "labor",
    "keywords": ["sexual harassment", "workplace", "guidelines"]
  }
}
```

Where to get judgments:

- Indian Kanoon (indiankanoon.org) - Free case law database
- Supreme Court website
- High Court websites
- LiveLaw, Bar & Bench for recent judgments

3. Legal Procedures & Forms

```
python
```

```
{  
    "text": "To file an FIR (First Information Report): 1) Visit nearest police station 2) Provide written complaint with details of the crime.",  
    "metadata": {  
        "source": "Procedural Guide",  
        "type": "procedure",  
        "category": "criminal",  
        "topic": "FIR filing"  
    }  
}
```

4. Legal Definitions & Explanations

```
python
```

```
{  
    "text": "Cognizable Offense: An offense where police can arrest without warrant and start investigation without magistrate's permission.",  
    "metadata": {  
        "source": "Legal Glossary",  
        "type": "definition",  
        "term": "cognizable offense"  
    }  
}
```

5. Recent Amendments & Updates

```
python
```

```
{  
    "text": "Consumer Protection Act Amendment 2023: E-commerce platforms now liable for defective products. New rules for product safety and consumer rights.",  
    "metadata": {  
        "source": "Consumer Protection Act",  
        "type": "amendment",  
        "date": "2023-08-15",  
        "category": "consumer"  
    }  
}
```

Data Sources (Where to Get Legal Data)

Free Sources:

1. Indian Kanoon (indiankanoon.org)

- 10M+ judgments
- API available
- Free access

2. India Code (indiacode.nic.in)

- All Central Acts
- Latest amendments
- Government official

3. Supreme Court (sci.gov.in)

- Recent judgments
- Daily orders

4. Legislative Department

- Bills and Acts
- Official gazette

Scraping Example:

```
python
```

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup

def scrape_indian_kanoon(case_url):
    """Scrape case judgment from Indian Kanoon"""
    response = requests.get(case_url)
    soup = BeautifulSoup(response.content, 'html.parser')

    # Extract judgment text
    judgment_div = soup.find('div', class_='judgments')
    text = judgment_div.get_text()

    # Extract metadata
    case_name = soup.find('h1').get_text()
    citation = soup.find('div', class_='citation').get_text()

    return {
        "text": text,
        "metadata": {
            "case_name": case_name,
            "citation": citation,
            "source": "Indian Kanoon"
        }
    }
```

Data Preparation Pipeline

```
python
```

```
import re
from typing import List, Dict

class LegalDataPreprocessor:
    """Prepare raw legal text for RAG"""

    def chunk_document(self, text: str, chunk_size: int = 512) -> List[str]:
        """Split long documents into chunks"""
        # For legal docs, chunk by sections or paragraphs
        sections = re.split(r'\n\n+', text)

        chunks = []
        current_chunk = ""

        for section in sections:
            if len(current_chunk) + len(section) < chunk_size:
                current_chunk += "\n\n" + section
            else:
                if current_chunk:
                    chunks.append(current_chunk.strip())
                current_chunk = section

        if current_chunk:
            chunks.append(current_chunk.strip())

        return chunks

    def clean_legal_text(self, text: str) -> str:
        """Clean and normalize legal text"""
        # Remove extra whitespace
        text = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', text)

        # Fix common OCR errors in scanned judgments
        text = text.replace('I', 'I')

        # Preserve section numbers
        text = re.sub(r'Section\s+(\d+)', r'Section \1', text)

        return text.strip()

    def extract_ipc_sections(self, text: str) -> List[str]:
        """Extract IPC section numbers mentioned"""
        return re.findall(r'Section\s+(\d+[A-Z]?)\s+(?:of\s+)?IPC', text)
```

```
def prepare_document(self, raw_doc: Dict) -> List[Dict]:  
    """Prepare a document for RAG"""  
    text = self.clean_legal_text(raw_doc['text'])  
    chunks = self.chunk_document(text)  
  
    documents = []  
    for i, chunk in enumerate(chunks):  
        doc = {  
            "text": chunk,  
            "metadata": {  
                **raw_doc.get('metadata', {}),  
                "chunk_id": i,  
                "total_chunks": len(chunks),  
                "ipc_sections": self.extract_ipc_sections(chunk)  
            }  
        }  
        documents.append(doc)  
  
    return documents
```

Example: Building Your Knowledge Base

python

```

# Step 1: Collect raw legal documents
raw_documents = []

# Add IPC sections
ipc_sections = load_ipc_from_file("ipc_complete.txt")
raw_documents.extend(ipc_sections)

# Add recent judgments
judgments = scrape_indian_kanoon_recent(limit=1000)
raw_documents.extend(judgments)

# Add consumer protection act
consumer_act = load_act("consumer_protection_act_2019.pdf")
raw_documents.append(consumer_act)

# Step 2: Preprocess and chunk
preprocessor = LegalDataPreprocessor()
prepared_docs = []

for raw_doc in raw_documents:
    prepared = preprocessor.prepare_document(raw_doc)
    prepared_docs.extend(prepared)

print(f"Total documents after chunking: {len(prepared_docs)}")

# Step 3: Add to RAG system
rag_system.add_documents(prepared_docs)

```

What Makes Good RAG Data?

Good Examples:

```

python

# Specific, actionable, well-cited
{
    "text": "Under Section 138 Negotiable Instruments Act, if a cheque bounces due to insufficient funds, payee must se
    "metadata": {"source": "NI Act", "section": "138"}
}

```

Bad Examples:

```
python
```

```
# Too vague, no specifics
{
    "text": "There are laws about cheques and banking.",
    "metadata": {}
}

# Too long, not chunked
{
    "text": "[Entire 50-page judgment without chunking]",
    "metadata": {}
}
```

Sample Data Structure for Different Categories

Criminal Law:

```
python

criminal_docs = [
    {
        "text": "Section 302 IPC: Murder. Whoever commits murder shall be punished with death or imprisonment for life",
        "metadata": {
            "category": "criminal",
            "subcategory": "offences_against_person",
            "section": "302",
            "punishment": "death or life imprisonment"
        }
    }
]
```

Civil Law:

```
python
```

```
civil_docs = [
    {
        "text": "Order VII Rule 11 CPC: Rejection of plaint. Plaintiff may be rejected if it does not disclose cause of action",
        "metadata": {
            "category": "civil",
            "source": "CPC",
            "type": "procedure"
        }
    }
]
```

Consumer Law:

```
python

consumer_docs = [
    {
        "text": "Consumer can file complaint within 2 years from cause of action. District Forum for claims up to ₹1 crore",
        "metadata": {
            "category": "consumer",
            "type": "procedure",
            "topic": "filing_complaint"
        }
    }
]
```

Recommended Data Volumes

For a production-ready legal chatbot:

- **Minimum:** 10,000 documents (basic coverage)
- **Good:** 50,000 documents (comprehensive)
- **Excellent:** 100,000+ documents (expert-level)

Breakdown:

- 5,000 - Bare act sections
- 20,000 - Court judgments
- 10,000 - Procedures & guides
- 15,000 - Recent amendments & updates

Which Models to Use (Summary)

You're Using 3 Components:

1. InLegalBERT (Embeddings)

- Pre-trained: YES ✓
- Training needed: NO
- Purpose: Convert text to vectors

2. Vector Database (Storage)

- Pre-trained: N/A
- Training needed: NO
- Purpose: Store your legal documents

3. LLM (Generation) - Choose ONE: **Option A: API-based (Easiest)**

- GPT-4, Claude, Gemini
- Pre-trained: YES ✓
- Training needed: NO
- Cost: Pay per API call

Option B: Fine-tuned Open Source (Advanced)

- Llama 3, Mistral, Gemma
- Pre-trained: YES ✓
- Fine-tuning: OPTIONAL (for better legal responses)
- Cost: One-time training + hosting

Next Steps

1. Collect Data (2-4 weeks)

- Scrape Indian Kanoon
- Download bare acts
- Gather recent judgments

2. Preprocess (1 week)

- Clean and chunk documents
- Extract metadata

- Validate quality

3. Build RAG (1 week)

- Set up InLegalBERT
- Create FAISS index
- Add documents

4. Integrate LLM (3 days)

- Choose GPT-4/Claude/Open source
- Set up API or fine-tune
- Test responses

5. Deploy (1 week)

- Build web interface
- Add authentication
- Monitor performance

Total Time: 5-7 weeks