Experiment No. 8
Include animation and interaction in immersive environment
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# Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

### **Experiment No. 8**

Aim: Include animation and interaction in immersive environment

#### Theory:

#### 1. Animating Objects:

- Identify objects in the environment that you want to animate, such as doors, drawers, or rotating fans.
- Create animations for these objects using Unity's Animation or Animator system.
- For example, you can create an animation for a door opening and closing, a drawer sliding in and out, or a fan rotating.
- Attach the animations to the corresponding objects in the scene.

#### 2. Interactive Objects:

- Identify objects in the environment that the player can interact with, such as switches, buttons, or levers.
- Implement interaction scripts that respond to player input (e.g., clicking or touching) to trigger actions.
- For example, you can create a script that toggles the lights on and off when the player clicks a light switch or adjusts the volume when the player interacts with a stereo.
- Attach these interaction scripts to the interactive objects in the scene.

#### 3. Player Interactions:

- Implement player interactions with objects by detecting input events from VR controllers or mouse clicks.
- Use Unity's input system to detect when the player interacts with objects in the environment.
- Based on the input, trigger animations, change object states, or perform other actions as needed.

#### 4. Feedback and UI:

- Provide visual and auditory feedback to the player when interacting with objects.
- Display UI elements such as tooltips or prompts to inform the player about available interactions.
- Use sound effects or particle effects to indicate successful interactions or changes in the environment.

#### 5. Testing and Iteration:

- Test the interactions and animations in the environment to ensure they work as intended.
- Iterate on the design based on feedback and playtesting to improve the overall experience.
- Fine-tune the timing, responsiveness, and visual/audio feedback to make interactions feel intuitive and satisfying.



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```
using UnityEngine;

public class DoorInteraction : MonoBehaviour
{
    private Animator doorAnimator;

    void Start()
    {
```

```
doorAnimator = GetComponent<Animator>();
}

void Update()
{
    // Check for player input to trigger the door animation
    if (Input.GetButtonDown("Fire1")) // Change "Fire1" to the appropriate input axis for
your setup
    {
        doorAnimator.SetTrigger("Open");
    }
}
```

### 1. Setting up Animation Parameters:

- In the Animator window, create a trigger parameter named "Open".
- Create a new transition from any state to the door open animation state and set the condition to trigger when the "Open" parameter is true.

### 2. Testing:

- Run the scene and interact with the door using the specified input method (e.g., mouse click or VR controller trigger press).
- The door should animate open when triggered by the player input.

#### 3. Additional Enhancements:

- You can add sound effects or particle effects to accompany the door animation to make it more immersive.
- Consider adding collision detection to prevent the door from opening when obstructed by other objects.
- Experiment with different animation techniques and interaction methods to create a more engaging experience.



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## **Conclusion:**

How do you ensure seamless integration between animations and user interactions within the immersive environment? What Unity components or mechanisms facilitate this interaction?

CSDOL7021: User Experience Design with VR Lab