



# Data Science Intern Challenge

Shopify Winter 2022

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# ABOUT ME

- Master's candidate at University of Toronto studying Data Science and Machine Learning.
- Enjoy working on things around the house and playing sports like Tennis and Squash.
- Firm believer of, a cup of coffee a day keeps the doctor away.



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## THE MESS UP

- As a Project Engineer in my previous role, I was responsible for working with customers to help identify the best solution for their needs.
- I designed a tool in Excel to help identify the best suited machine configuration, which we would then quote and build for the customer.
- During one such request, I did not factor in a few key material constraints which led to an incorrect configuration.

## THE CLEAN UP

- Once this was identified, I worked with the sales team and the customer to find alternate interim solutions while building a modified assembly.
- We ended up selling one of their old used machines in order to make space and efficient use of the pre-built system, while meeting production requirements and delivering the new machine in 4 weeks (average build time of 6 weeks).

## WHAT I LEARNED

- A tool is only as good as you make and maintain it.
- I set-up bi-weekly review meetings with the process engineers to evaluate and continuously improve the tool.

# MY SHOPIFY STORE

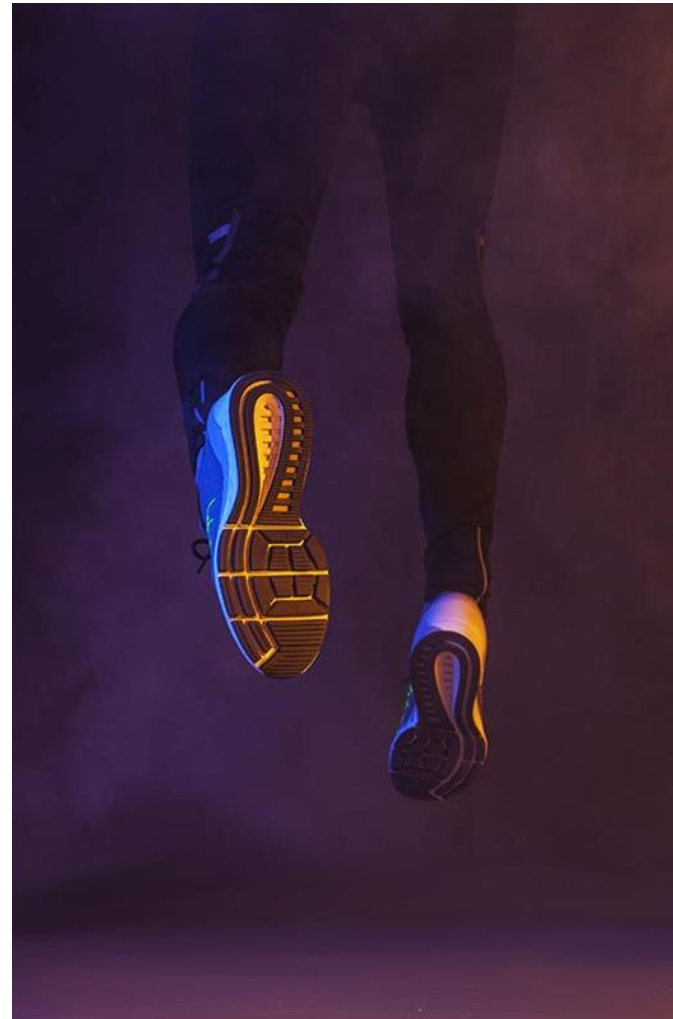
- I enjoy gaming and there is a very big gaming community which is looking for new ways to connect with each other.
- I decided that gaming merch and clothing can be a great way to introduce yourself as a gamer to the world. This is when I created, **Gamer Friendly** using Shopify.
- The experience of creating my own business was very fulfilling and I really enjoyed working with freelancers to create designs.



# 01

## SECTION 01

### Sneaker Store Analysis



# HOW CAN SHOPIFY MERCHANTS USE THEIR DATA



## MARKETING

Targetted marketing based on demographics.



## CAMPAIGNS

Design campagins based on customer trends.



## A/B TESTING

Improve customer interaction with the store.



## CUSTOMER SATISFACTION

Personalized emails and relevant content.



## FORECASTING

Seasonality forecasting.



## PROMOTIONS

Compare different channels for promotions.

# Metrics to measure performance



**01** × **Average Order Value (AOV)**  
Average order value for the month.

**02** × **Top Customers**  
Customers with the most purchases based on frequency and order amount.

**03** × **Total Order Value**  
Stores contributing the most and least to total order value.

**04** × **Repeat Customer Rate**  
Proportion of customers who have made at least two purchases.

# Average Order Value (AOV) ✕

- Average Order Value = 
$$\frac{\text{Total Revenue}}{\text{Total Number of Orders}} = \$3145.13$$
- The method used to calculate the order value is correct, however it difficult to evaluate the data using this metric. This is because:
  - Some orders have large number of items as compared to others.
  - While most sneakers are reasonably priced some can be rather expensive, affecting the AOV.
- In order to better understand the data, we will classify the data based on:
  - Order Type: B2B or B2C
  - Sneaker Type: Regular or Luxury

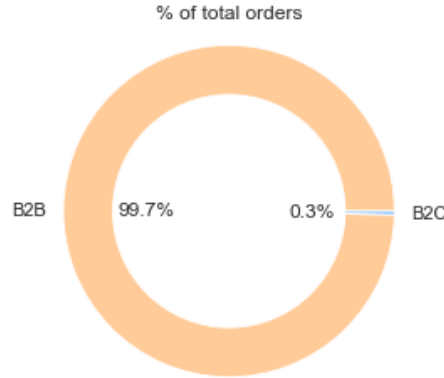


# AOV – Order Type



- Orders are split based on number of items into B2B and B2C.
  - A threshold of 50 items is used, which means that we are assuming any order of more than 50 items is likely a sale to another business.

	AOV
B2C	\$754.1
B2B	\$70,400

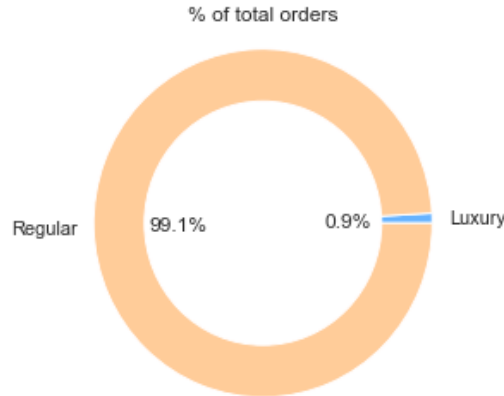


# AOV – Sneaker Type



- Orders are split based on price of the sneakers.
  - A threshold of \$5,000 / per sneaker is used to classify sneakers into Regular or Luxury.

	AOV
Regular	\$2,717.4
Luxury	\$49,213.4



# Lets step into the next question.. ✕

Further analysis available in the Jupyter Notebook.

Thank you!



# 02<sup>x</sup>

## SECTION 02

SQL Queries



# Orders shipped by Speedy Express

```
SELECT COUNT(*)  
FROM Orders  
LEFT JOIN Shippers ON Orders.ShipperID = Shippers.ShipperID  
WHERE ShipperName = "Speedy Express";
```

Result:

Number of Records: 1

COUNT(*)
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54
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# Last name of the employee with most orders

```
SELECT Employees.LastName, COUNT(*) AS Num_Orders
FROM Orders
LEFT JOIN Employees ON Orders.EmployeeID = Employees.EmployeeID
GROUP BY LastName
ORDER BY Num_Orders DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result:

Number of Records: 1

LastName	Num_Orders
Peacock	40

# Most popular product in Germany

```
SELECT SUM(Quantity) AS TotalQuantity, ProductName, Country  
  
FROM OrderDetails  
  
LEFT JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID  
LEFT JOIN Orders ON OrderDetails.OrderID = Orders.OrderID  
LEFT JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID  
  
WHERE Country= "Germany"  
  
GROUP BY ProductName  
ORDER BY TotalQuantity DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

Result:

Number of Records: 1

TotalQuantity	ProductName	Country
160	Boston Crab Meat	Germany



# THANKS

Please feel free to reach out if you have any questions.



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