Package 'BIPnet'

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	Pnet: A Bayesian integrative approach with incorporation of twork information
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Maintai	ner Thierry Chekouo <thierry.chekouotekou@ucalgary.ca></thierry.chekouotekou@ucalgary.ca>
_	tion The BIPnet package implements an MCMC algorithm for a Bayesian analysis that inte- ates multi-omics data types, clinical covariates and clinical response variables.
SystemR	Requirements GSL (GNU Scientific Library)
License	GPL (>= 2.0)
Imports	AUC, MASS, Matrix
Roxygen	nNote 6.1.0
Encodin	g UTF-8
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BIP	An MCMC algorithm to perform a Bayesian integrative approach for multi-omics data.

Description

Type Package

The method can incorporate clinical covariates, clinical response variables and external grouping network information. It performs two methods: i) BIPnet: A Bayesian approach that measures the association between multiple data types and incorporates external prior grouping information; ii) BIP does not account for external grouping information. The algorithm computes (i) the marginal posterior probabilities (MPP) of inclusions for each component and each feature within active components; (ii) posterior mean of the share latent components; iii) Estimated Loading obtained using a threshold on the MPP of inclusions for each feature; iv) Posterior means of group effects.

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Usage

BIP(dataList=dataList,IndicVar=IndicVar, groupList=NULL,Method=Method,nbrcomp=4, sample=5000, burnin=1000,nbrmaxmodels=50,priorcompselv=c(1,1),priorcompselo=c(1,1), priorb0=c(2,2),priorb=c(1,1),priorgrpsel=c(1,1),probvarsel=0.05)

Arguments

dataList	List of data sets: If M is the number of omics data types, then this list isof length M+1. Otherwise, if we include the covariate set, then its of length M+2. Each omics dataset object is a data matrix measured in a set of n samples. For each omics matrix, the rows represent samples, and the columns represent genomic features.
IndicVar	This outputs indicates which type of variables. For inctance, if IndicVar=c(0,0,1,2), the first two variable are omicds data that would require variable selection, the third variable is the response variable and the fourth is the set of clinical covariates.
groupList	List of groups of lenght M for each omics data. For each omics data type 1, group is a matrix $P_l \times K_l$ where P_l is the number of features, K_l is the number of groups and each entry is either 1 or 0, with 1 if the feature belongs to the corresponding group. If Method="BIP", then groupList=NULL, the default value.
Method	Method is either BIPnet (with network information) or BIP (withouth network information)
nbrcomp	Number of components of the shared components
sample	Total number of MCMC draws. It must be larger than burnin.
burnin	Number of draws to discard for burn-in
nbrmaxmodels	Number maximum of models for prediction
priorcompselv	Hyperparameters of a beta(a,b) distribution, prior distribution of the probability of selecting components
priorcompselo	Hyperparameters of a beta(a,b) distribution, prior distribution of the probability of selecting the response on a component.
priorb0	Hyperparameters of a gamma distribution; prior distribution of the parameter b_{l0} that controls the shrinkage of loadings when there is no grouping information
priorb	Hyperparameters of a gamma distribution; prior distribution of group effect coefficients $b_{lj}, j=1,,K_l$.
priorgrpsel	Hyperparameters of a beta(a,b) distribution, prior distribution of the probability of selecting groups.
probvarsel	Prior probability for variable selection

Details

The function will return several R objects, which can be assigned to a variable. To see the results, use the "\$" operator.

Value

EstU Posterior mean of the shared components U. Important components is determined using MPPs of γ

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VarSelMean MPP of feature selection for each omics data type for every component; this

computes the proportion of iterations that a variable or feature is selected in

each component l = 1, ..., r

VarSelMeanGlobal

MPP of feature selection for each omics data type; this computes the proportion

of iterations that a variable or feature is selected in at least one component.

CompoSelMean MPPs of the selection of components l.

GrpSelMean MPPs of the selection of groups if BIPnet is chosen.

GrpEffectMean Posterior mean of the group effects

.... The other parameters are used for prediction

References

Author names (2020), Bayesian Integrative Analysis and Prediction with Application to Atherosclerosis Cardiovascular Disease, submitted.

See Also

BIPpredict

Examples

BIPpredict

Prediction of the response variable and shared components

Description

This function computes predicted response and shared components on a test data set.

Usage

```
BIPpredict(dataListNew=dataListNew,Result=Result,meth="BMA")
```

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Arguments

dataListNew List of new data sets: Do not include the response as you may not have be

available for a new set of samples.

Result This is a BIP object obtained using function BIP on the training set.

meth meth is either "BMA" (Bayesian model averaging) or "noBMA" for no BMA.

In this case, the prediction is performed using only one model obtained using

threshold of 0.5 on the MPPs

Details

The function will return both predicted responses and predicted shared latent components on a test data.

References

Author names (2020), Bayesian Integrative Analysis and Prediction with Application to Atherosclerosis Cardiovascular Disease, submitted.

Examples

ComputeVarCriteria

Compute criteria to evaluate variable selection performance

Description

This function computes false negative rates (FNR), false positive rate (FPR), F1-measure (F1) and AUC.

Usage

```
ComputeVarCriteria(pred.prob, truegroups, thres=0.5)
```

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Arguments

pred.prob (Predicted) probabilities (e.g. marginal posterior probabilities)

truegroups Binary vector with 1 as positive and 0 as negative.

thres Threshold on the probablities used to compute FPR, FNR and F1. Default is 0.5.

Details

The function returns FPR, FNR, F1 and AUC.

References

Author names (2020), Bayesian Integrative Analysis and Prediction with Application to Atherosclerosis Cardiovascular Disease, submitted.

Simulate

Generation of simulated data as explained in the reference manuscript.

Description

This function generates data described in the manuscript.

Usage

Simulate(scenario=1, setting=NULL, overlap=NULL, seed=1)

Arguments

scenario	We have three scenarios as decrisbed in the paper. Scenario 1 has 5 settings, and scenarios 2 and 3 have both two choices: overlap and no overlap.
setting	Settings for secnario 1 only. It's a total of 4 settings
overlap	If yes, then there are some overlap between components, otherwise, there is no overlap. This input only works when scenario is either 2 or 3.
seed	Seed to generate random numbers.

Details

The function will return two data matrix X1 and X2, an estimated response Y, shared component matrix U, loadings A1 and A2, and the grouping information (Group1 and Group2)

References

Author names (2020), Bayesian Integrative Analysis and Prediction with Application to Atherosclerosis Cardiovascular Disease, submitted.

Examples

```
dat=Simulate(scenario=3,setting=NULL,overlap="no",seed=1)
str(dat)
```

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