## Interim Report

Grama-Link

Grama Niladhari Services Management System

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#### Introduction

#### 1.1 Domain Description

The Grama Niladhari (GN) administrative system plays a crucial role in delivering government services at the grassroots level in Sri Lanka. It serves as a bridge between citizens and the government by managing a wide range of activities, including citizen applications for certificates, handling complaints, conducting field visits, maintaining address records, and escalating matters to Administrative Grama Niladharis (AGNs).

Despite its significance, the current GN system is predominantly manual, relying on paper-based processes and in-person interactions. These outdated methods result in inefficiencies, delays, and a lack of transparency for citizens. Problems such as missing records, miscommunication, and the inability to track request statuses hinder the effectiveness of the system.

To address these challenges, we propose **Grama-Link**: a web-based platform designed to digitize and centralize the GN administrative framework. Grama-Link aims to streamline operations, automate workflows, and enhance citizen interaction with government services, ultimately creating a transparent, efficient, and user-friendly administrative system.

#### 1.2 Current System and Limitations

Current System: The existing GN system is entirely manual, involving paper-based record-keeping, face-to-face communication, and fragmented processes. Key administrative tasks, such as tracking citizen applications, managing field visits, and resolving complaints, are labor-intensive and prone to errors. There is limited use of technology, leading to inefficiencies in service delivery and delays in critical operations.

#### **Limitations:**

- Lack of Centralization: The absence of a centralized database results in redundancy and missing records.
- Manual Workload: Manual data handling is time-consuming, increases the chances of human errors, and results in delays.
- Poor Communication: Citizens and government officials lack a streamlined communication channel, leading to mismanagement and frustration.

- Limited Tracking: Citizens cannot track the status of their requests, causing dissatisfaction and reduced trust.
- Resource Mismanagement: Inaccurate record-keeping hampers resource allocation and decision-making.

#### 1.3 Goals and Objectives

**Goal:** To develop **Grama-Link**, an online administrative system that enhances efficiency, transparency, and accessibility in managing GN services. The platform will streamline operations for GNs, AGNs, and citizens while improving communication and accountability.

#### **Objectives:**

- Automate Administrative Tasks: Simplify field visit scheduling, application handling, and complaint resolution.
- Enable Citizen Engagement: Provide an easy-to-use platform for citizens to submit, track, and manage requests.
- Enhance Communication: Facilitate real-time notifications and interactions between GNs, AGNs, and citizens.
- Improve Resource Management: Centralize data storage and streamline resource allocation and decision-making.
- Ensure Secure Data Management: Implement robust data security protocols to protect sensitive information.
- Provide Reporting and Analytics: Offer tools for analyzing complaints, applications, and performance metrics to support informed decision-making.
- Increase Transparency and Trust: Build trust by allowing citizens to track the progress of their requests and access guidelines.

#### 1.4 Assumptions

- All users, including citizens, GNs, and AGNs, have access to the internet.
- The system integrates with existing government databases to verify and manage citizen data.
- GNs and AGNs have basic computer literacy to operate the system.
- Citizens can access the platform via web and mobile applications.
- All necessary legal and administrative approvals are in place to implement the system.

## Feasibility Study

#### 2.1 Technical Feasibility

The development of Grama-Link leverages modern, widely-used, and reliable technologies to ensure scalability, maintainability, and ease of use. Below is a breakdown of the technologies and tools utilized:

Category	Technologies/Tools
Front-end technologies	HTML, CSS, JavaScript
Back-end technologies	PHP, MySQL
Development tools	Visual Studio Code, XAMPP
Collaboration/version control	GitHub, Git
Designing/Visualization	Figma, Canva, Draw.io
Documentation tools	Google Docs, Google Drive
Communication tools	Zoom, Microsoft Teams, WhatsApp

Table 2.1: Technologies and Tools for Grama-Link Development

Grama-Link is feasible technically because it uses open-source and widely accessible tools, ensuring a cost-effective development process. Additionally, the project timeline allows ample time for learning and implementing these technologies effectively.

#### 2.2 Operational Feasibility

Grama-Link's operational feasibility is assured by the clear requirements gathered from stakeholders, including citizens, Grama Niladharis (GNs), and Administrative Grama Niladharis (AGNs). The following factors support its viability:

- **Intuitive Design:** User-friendly interfaces with responsive designs for accessibility on both desktop and mobile devices.
- Streamlined Processes: Automation of manual tasks, such as complaint handling, application approvals, and scheduling, ensures efficiency.
- Effective Communication: Real-time notifications for request status updates and other alerts improve communication among all stakeholders.

• User Training and Manuals: Detailed user manuals and FAQs ensure smooth onboarding for all users.

By addressing the current system's inefficiencies, Grama-Link ensures a seamless operational process, making it both viable and user-friendly.

#### 2.3 Economic Feasibility

Grama-Link is designed to be a financially sustainable project with minimal development costs. Below are the cost considerations:

- 1. **Development Cost:** The project is built by university students, with no external charges for development.
- 2. **Hosting Cost:** A free hosting service is used to minimize operational expenses.
- 3. Software/Hardware Costs: Free and open-source tools (e.g., PHP, MySQL, Visual Studio Code) are utilized. Development is done on personal devices, eliminating hardware expenses.

Given its reliance on open-source technologies and minimal operational expenses, Grama-Link is an economically feasible system.

#### 2.4 Legal and Ethical Feasibility

To ensure compliance with legal and ethical guidelines, Grama-Link incorporates the following measures:

- Data Security: Sensitive citizen data is encrypted during storage and transfer.
- **Privacy Protection:** Access to user data is restricted to authorized personnel only.
- Regulatory Compliance: The system aligns with Sri Lankan regulations regarding data protection and citizen records.
- **Transparency:** User interactions and request statuses are logged for accountability.

By prioritizing privacy, security, and compliance, Grama-Link adheres to legal and ethical standards.

#### 2.5 Schedule Feasibility

The project commenced in mid-2024 and follows a detailed timeline with an anticipated completion by mid-2025. Key points regarding the timeline include:

• **Development Hours:** Each team member dedicates five hours daily, totaling approximately 1,760 man-hours across the team.

- **Development Model:** An iterative waterfall model ensures consistent progress and adaptability during development.
- Stability of Requirements: Requirements have been finalized, minimizing risks of major changes during the development process.

The detailed timeline and clear milestones demonstrate the schedule feasibility of the Grama-Link project.

#### 2.6 Social Feasibility

Grama-Link addresses social feasibility by considering citizen needs, GN workflows, and AGN oversight. Stakeholder feedback indicates strong support for the system due to the following reasons:

- Streamlined Services: Citizens find it convenient to submit applications, track complaints, and receive real-time updates.
- Enhanced Efficiency: GNs and AGNs appreciate the reduction in manual tasks, allowing them to focus on core responsibilities.
- Collaboration Opportunities: The system promotes coordination among government officers, improving decision-making and communication.
- Survey Insights: Informal surveys highlight significant interest among users, with most respondents supporting a digital platform for government services.

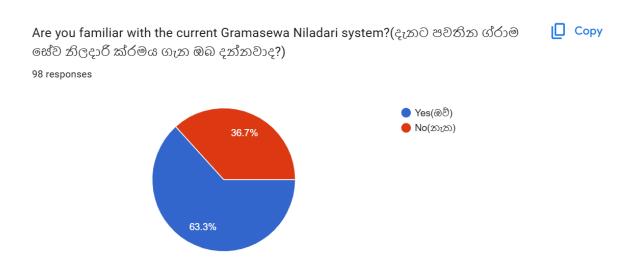


Figure 2.1: Social Feasibility Study Results - Survey Responses

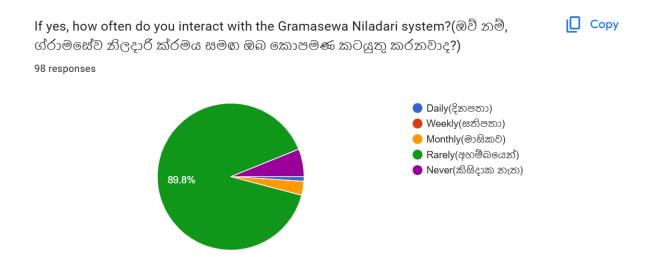


Figure 2.2: Social Feasibility Study Results - User Feedback

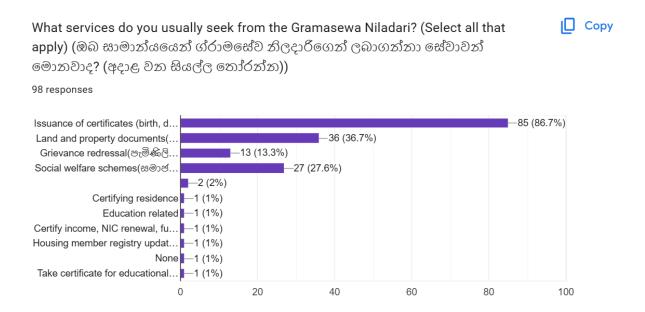


Figure 2.3: Social Feasibility Study Results - User Feedback

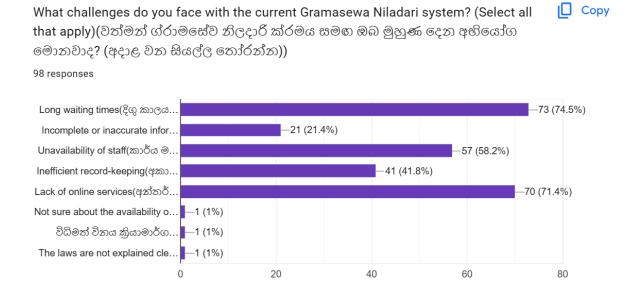


Figure 2.4: Social Feasibility Study Results - User Feedback

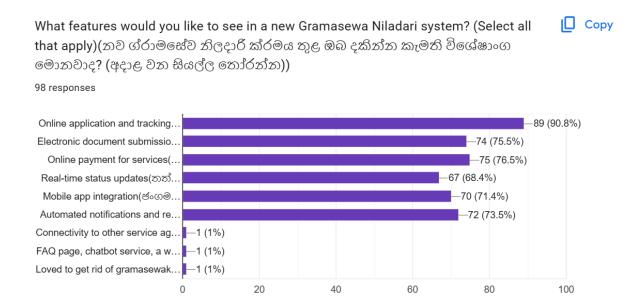


Figure 2.5: Social Feasibility Study Results - User Feedback

How important are the following features to you? (Rate from 1 to 5, with 1 being not important and 5 being very important)(පහත දැක්වෙන විශේෂාංග ඔබට කොතරම් වැදගත්ද? (අනුපාතය 1 සිට 5 දක්වා, 1 වැදගත් නොවන අතර 5 ඉතා වැදගත් වේ))



100

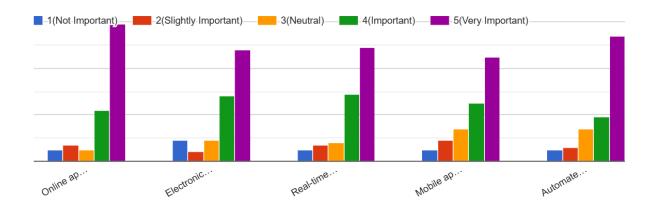


Figure 2.6: Social Feasibility Study Results - User Feedback

What devices do you use to access the internet? (Select all that apply)(අන්තර්ජාලයට ලිවිසීමට ඔබ භාවිතා කරන උපාංග මොනවාද? (අදාළ වන සියල්ල තෝරන්න))
98 responses

Smartphone
Tablet
Laptop/PC
—82 (83.7%)

Figure 2.7: Social Feasibility Study Results - User Feedback

40

60

20

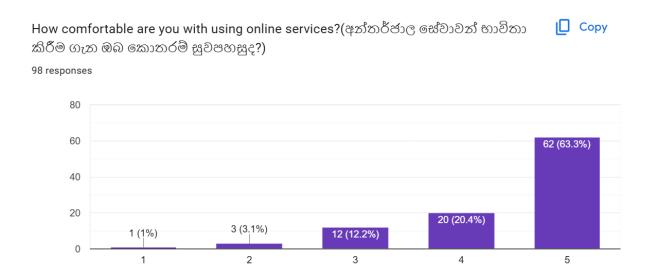


Figure 2.8: Social Feasibility Study Results - User Feedback

By addressing both operational needs and social acceptance, Grama-Link ensures high adoption rates and effectiveness in transforming administrative processes.

## Requirements

#### 3.1 Stakeholders / Actors

The stakeholders of the Grama-Link system include the following:

- Citizens: Citizens interact with the system to submit applications, file complaints, provide feedback, schedule appointments, and respond to field visit requests. They can also view notifications about their submissions and track the progress of their requests.
- Grama Niladhari (GN): GNs use the system to manage citizen applications and complaints, schedule field visits, and generate daily schedules. They can submit citizen requests for approval by Administrative Grama Niladharis (AGNs) and maintain detailed citizen profiles. GNs also receive notifications about complaints, field visits, and performance metrics.
- Administrative Grama Niladhari (AGN): AGNs oversee the operations of GNs, manage reports, handle escalated requests, and monitor compliance. They provide approvals, update citizen and GN records, and ensure that all operations align with policy standards.
- System Administrators: Administrators are responsible for managing user accounts, maintaining system security, and ensuring smooth operation of the platform.

#### 3.2 Functional Requirements

The following functional requirements are essential to the Grama-Link system:

#### 3.2.1 For Citizens

- Register, log in, and log out of the system.
- Submit, view, and track applications and complaints.
- Schedule appointments with GNs and respond to field visit requests.
- Receive real-time notifications on status updates.
- Submit feedback and view community announcements.

#### 3.2.2 For Grama Niladhari (GN)

- View and manage citizen applications, complaints, and field visit schedules.
- Approve, reject, or forward applications to AGNs.
- Create and update daily schedules and field visit routes.
- Generate reports and update citizen records.
- Communicate with AGNs and receive performance metrics.

#### 3.2.3 For Administrative Grama Niladhari (AGN)

- Oversee GN operations and approve forwarded requests.
- Generate and audit reports on GN performance and citizen requests.
- Handle escalations and policy updates.
- Communicate with GNs and citizens through notifications and announcements.

#### 3.2.4 System-wide Features

- Secure user authentication and role-based access control.
- Real-time notifications for users regarding approvals, rejections, and updates.
- Calendar management for scheduling tasks and appointments.
- Data encryption and secure storage of user information.

#### 3.3 Non-Functional Requirements

- Usability: The interface should be intuitive, mobile-responsive, and user-friendly for all stakeholders.
- **Performance:** The system should handle a high number of concurrent users with minimal response time.
- Scalability: The platform should be designed to accommodate a growing user base and increasing data.
- Security: User data must be encrypted, and all communications should use secure protocols.
- Availability: The system should be accessible 24/7 with minimal downtime.
- Maintainability: The system should follow modular design principles for easy updates and bug fixes.

#### 3.4 In-Scope and Out-of-Scope

#### 3.4.1 In-Scope

- Citizen registration, application submission, and complaint filing.
- GN and AGN management of requests and field visits.
- Notifications and updates on requests and tasks.
- Scheduling and calendar integration for appointments and events.
- Generating reports and analytics for GNs and AGNs.

#### 3.4.2 Out-of-Scope

- Integration with third-party payment gateways for fees.
- Mobile application development.
- Real-time GPS tracking for field visits.
- Multi-language support.

#### 3.5 Constraints and Limitations

- Each user is limited to one account per national identification number.
- Field visit schedules are restricted to pre-defined GN divisions.
- Applications and complaints require mandatory fields to be completed before submission.
- Notifications depend on users having reliable internet access.
- System functionality is limited to Sri Lankan government jurisdictions.

## Proposed System's Architecture

#### 4.1 Components and Their Functionalities

The Grama-Link system is developed using the Model-View-Controller (MVC) architecture. This architecture separates the application's logic into three interconnected components, allowing for efficient development, scalability, and maintainability.

#### 4.1.1 Model Layer

The **Model Layer** is responsible for handling all data-related logic. It interacts with the database, processes business rules, and provides data to the controller. Key functionalities include:

- Managing user data (citizens, GNs, AGNs) and their roles.
- Storing and retrieving applications, complaints, field visit schedules, and feedback.
- Maintaining records of notifications, appointments, and system logs.
- Managing reports and analytics for GNs and AGNs.

#### 4.1.2 View Layer

The **View Layer** is responsible for presenting data to users through user interfaces (UIs). It handles the visual representation and user interactions. Key functionalities include:

- Displaying dashboards for citizens, GNs, and AGNs.
- Rendering forms for submitting applications, complaints, and feedback.
- Presenting calendars for scheduling field visits and appointments.
- Providing real-time notifications and status updates.
- Offering responsive and mobile-friendly designs for accessibility.

#### 4.1.3 Controller Layer

The Controller Layer acts as an intermediary between the Model and View layers. It processes user inputs, updates the model, and determines which view to render. Key functionalities include:

- Handling requests from users and routing them to the appropriate modules.
- Validating user input and ensuring data integrity.
- Managing application logic, such as approving requests, scheduling tasks, and generating reports.
- Sending real-time notifications to users based on specific triggers.
- Coordinating interactions between different modules (e.g., citizen complaints and GN actions).

#### 4.2 Component Interactions

The components in the MVC architecture interact seamlessly to ensure smooth system operation. Below is an outline of their interactions:

- 1. User Interaction with Views: Users (citizens, GNs, AGNs) interact with the system through forms, dashboards, and notifications in the View Layer. These inputs are passed to the Controller Layer for processing.
- 2. Controller Processes User Requests: The Controller receives user inputs, validates them, and performs the required business logic. It then updates the Model or retrieves data from the Model Layer.
- 3. Model Handles Data Operations: The Model interacts with the database to fetch or store data as requested by the Controller. It ensures that all data-related operations comply with business rules.
- 4. Controller Updates the View: Once the Model processes the data, the Controller updates the View Layer with the appropriate information or results (e.g., status of a request, notifications, or reports).
- 5. **Dynamic Updates:** The system ensures real-time updates through AJAX requests and event-based triggers, particularly for notifications, application statuses, and calendar updates.

#### 4.3 Advantages of Using MVC Architecture

- Separation of Concerns: The clear separation between Model, View, and Controller enhances maintainability and scalability.
- **Reusability:** Models and Views can be reused for different components, reducing redundant code.

- Scalability: The modular nature of MVC allows for easier system expansion in the future.
- Parallel Development: Developers can work on different components (Model, View, Controller) simultaneously, speeding up development.
- **Testability:** Individual components can be tested independently, ensuring reliability.

# Chapter 5 System Design Diagrams

5.1 Use case diagrams

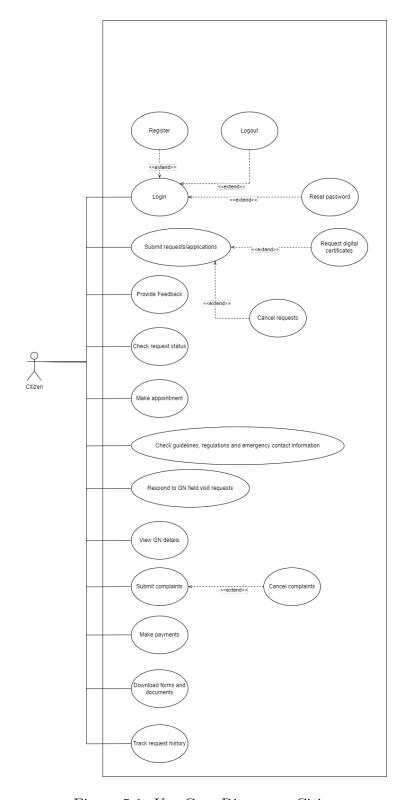


Figure 5.1: Use Case Diagram - Citizen

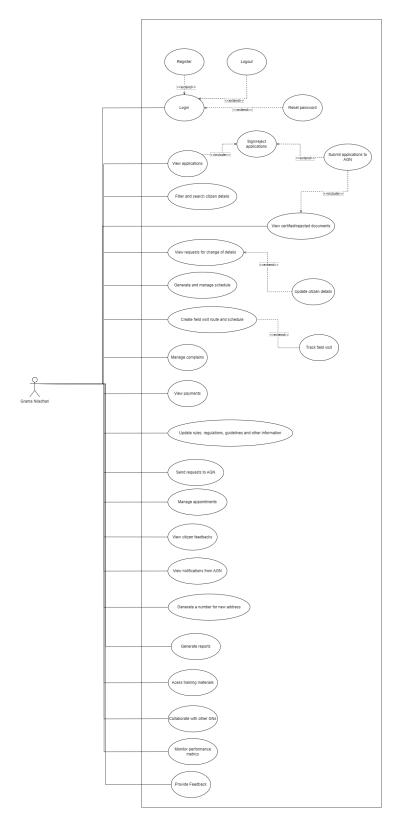


Figure 5.2: Use Case Diagram -  ${\rm GN}$ 

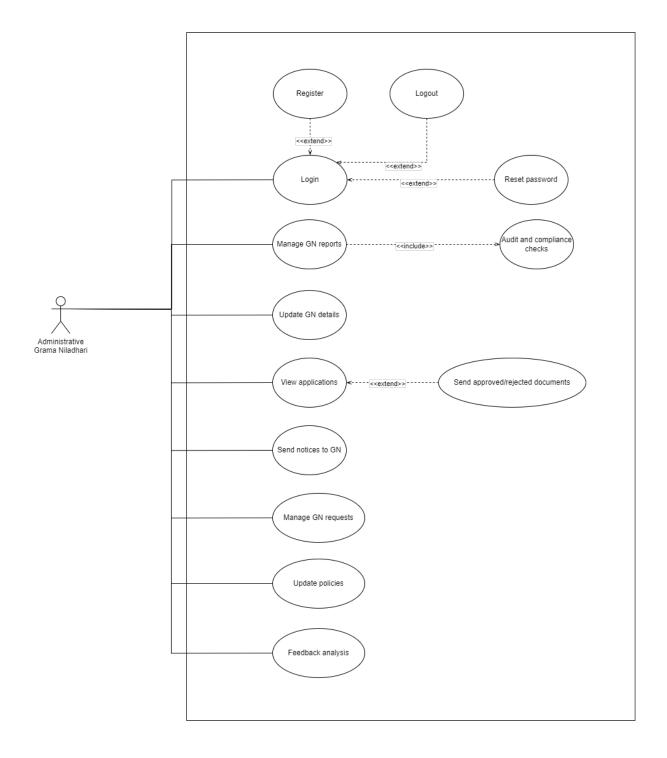


Figure 5.3: Use Case Diagram - AGN  $\,$ 

## 5.2 Class diagrams

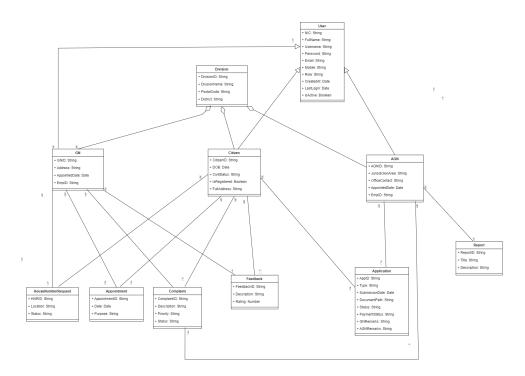


Figure 5.4: Class Diagram

## 5.3 ER Diagram

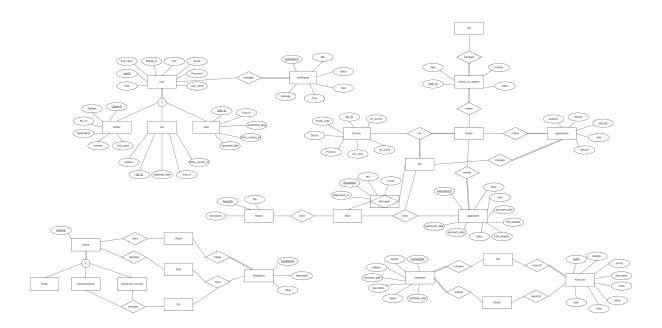


Figure 5.5: EER Diagram

### 5.4 Activity diagrams

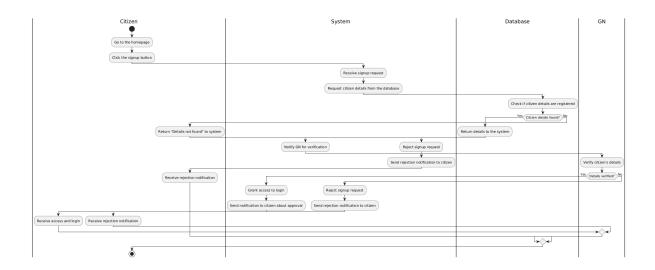


Figure 5.6: Activity Diagram - Signup

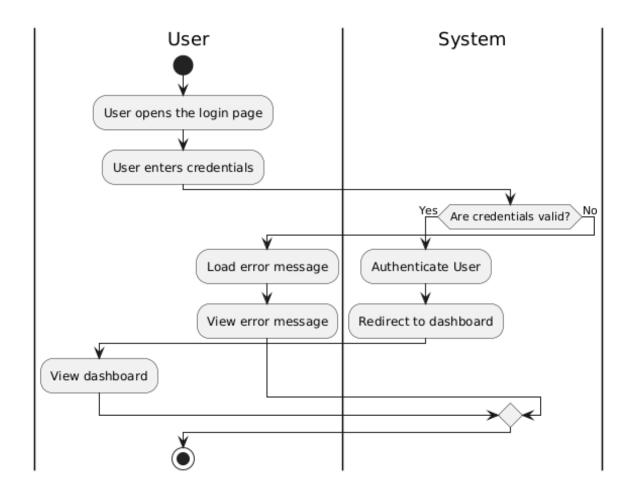


Figure 5.7: Activity Diagram - Login

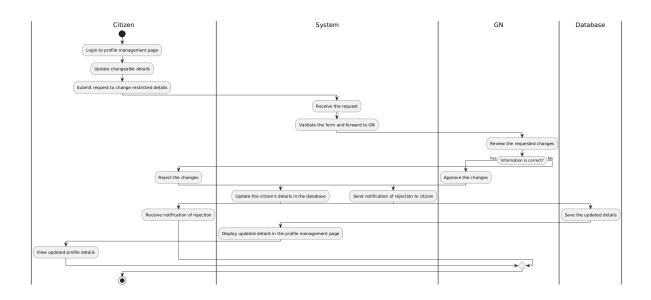


Figure 5.8: Activity Diagram - Change Citizen Details

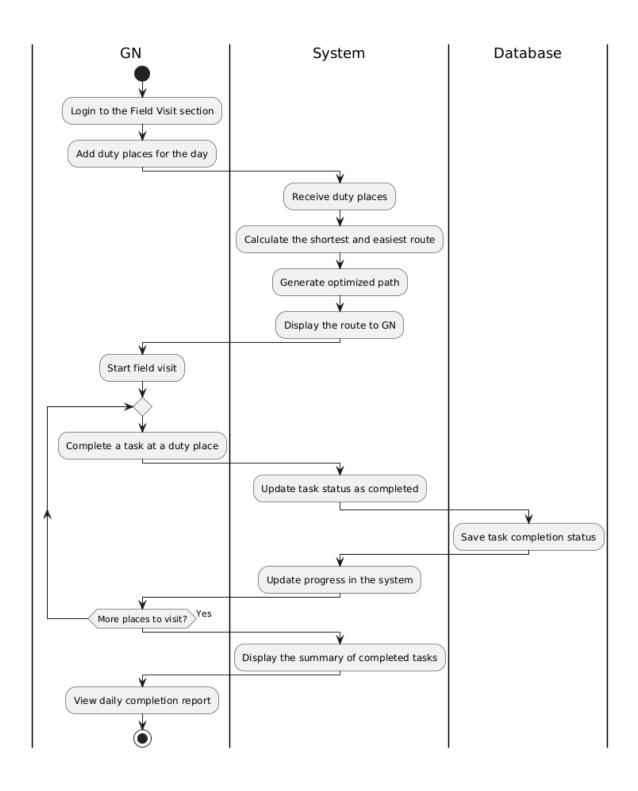


Figure 5.9: Activity Diagram - Genarate Field Visit Route

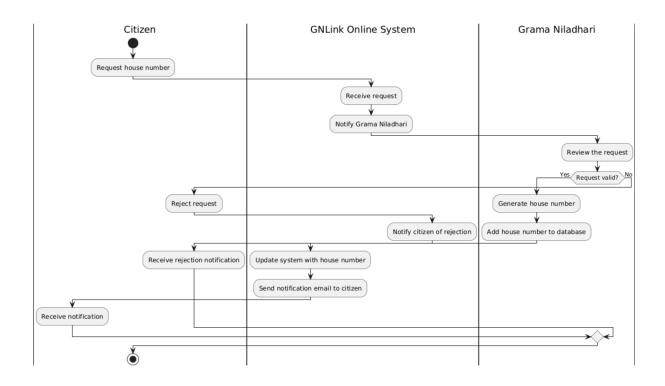


Figure 5.10: Activity Diagram - Generate House number

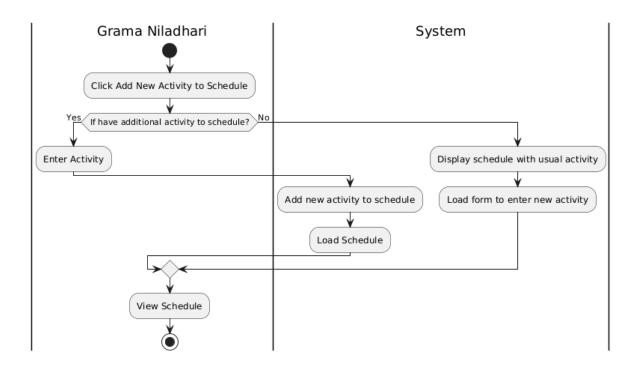


Figure 5.11: Activity Diagram - Generate Schedule

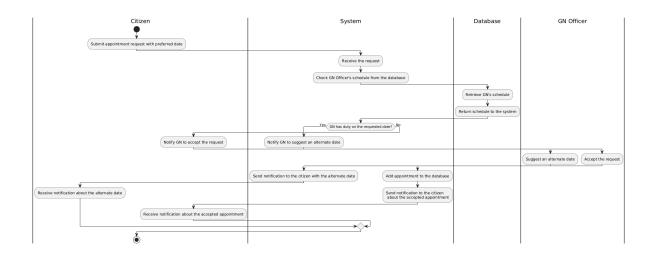


Figure 5.12: Activity Diagram - Make Appointment

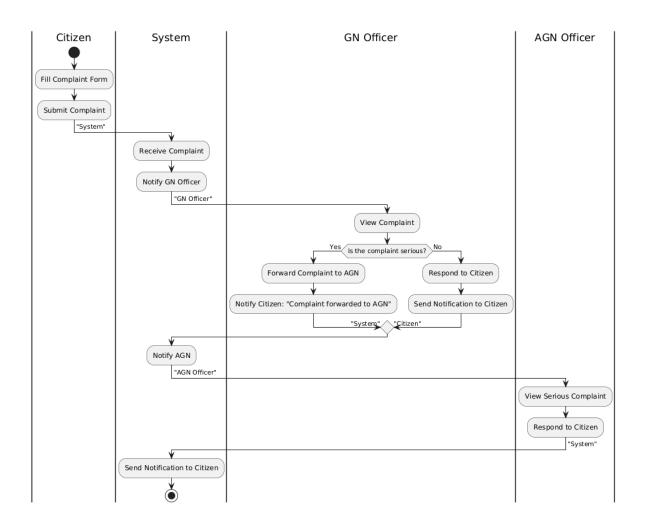


Figure 5.13: Activity Diagram - Manage Complaints

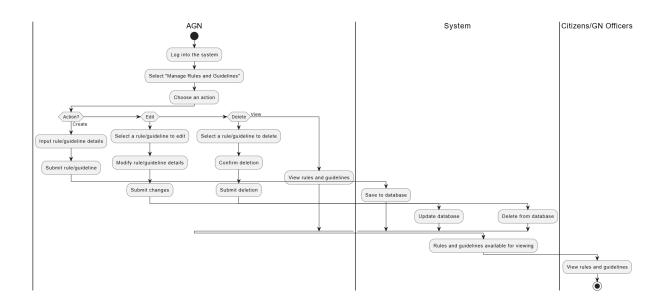


Figure 5.14: Activity Diagram - Manage Rules and Guidelines

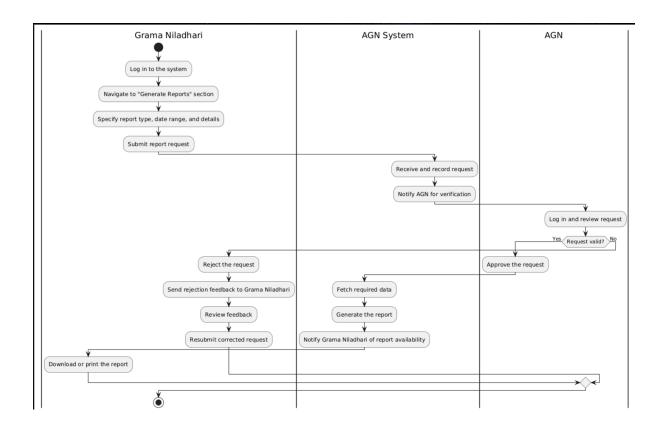


Figure 5.15: Activity Diagram - Generate Reports

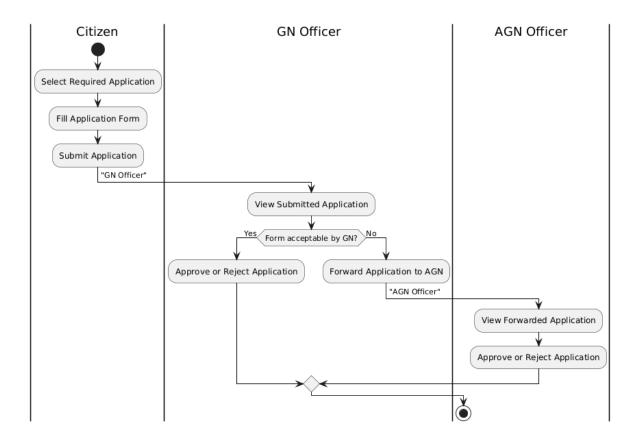


Figure 5.16: Activity Diagram - Submit Application

## **Current Progress**

## 6.1 System Development Progress Concerning Requirements

The development of the Grama-Link system is progressing steadily, with significant milestones achieved. Below is an overview of the progress:

#### 6.1.1 1. Progress Overview

- UI Development: 100% complete, with all interfaces for citizens, GNs, and AGNs fully implemented
- Backend Development: Approximately 40% complete, with completed implementations of application management, appointment management, feedback management, and notice management systems
- Database Development: Initial schema design is complete, and approximately 40% of the tables have been populated with sample data

#### 6.1.2 2. Completed Work

The following work has been successfully completed:

- Developed all User Interfaces (UI) for:
  - Citizens (application submission, complaint management, feedback)
  - GNs (field visit schedules, complaint handling, and citizen interaction dashboards)
  - AGNs (dashboard management and GN monitoring)
- Implemented complete backend systems for:
  - Application Management
  - Appointment Management
  - Feedback Management
  - Notice Management
- Authentication system (login, signup, and password reset) is fully functional

#### 6.1.3 3. Remaining Tasks

The remaining work is planned as follows:

- Complete the backend development for:
  - Complaint handling system
  - Field visit scheduling and route optimization
  - Analytics and reporting for AGNs and GNs
  - User profile management
- Finalize the database schema and populate all necessary data
- Integrate notification and real-time updates for all user roles
- Implement system-wide monitoring and analytics
- Perform comprehensive testing and debugging
- Conduct user acceptance testing

#### 6.2 System Completion Percentage

- Overall system completion: 65%
- UI development: 100%
- Backend development: 40%
- Database development: 40%

#### 6.3 Each Member's Contribution

The contributions of the team members are as follows:

Team	Tasks Completed/Assigned
Member	
Amantha	
	• Designed and implemented the Complaint, Field Visit UIs and other citizen side UIs
	• Developed the backend for Appointment Management and SignUp
Dilshani	
	• Designed and implemented the User details, Home number, Feedback UIs and other GN side UIs
	• Implemented the feedback system and login backend
Sujan	
	• Designed and implemented the Application, Dashboard UIs and other AGN side UIs
	Built backend for application management and monitoring
Kavishka	
	• Developed Messaging system, notices UIs and other UIs common for all users
	Built backend for notice management and logout

Table 6.1: Team Contributions