

Effective Date		1/1/2025
Coverage Police	y Number	IP0592

Sodium Glucose Co-Transporter-2 (SGLT-2) Inhibitors and SGLT-2 / Metformin Combinations

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Overview

This policy supports medical necessity review for formulary exceptions for the following Sodium Glucose Co-Transporter-2 (SGLT-2) Inhibitors and SGLT-2 / Metformin Combination products:

- **Brenzavvy**[™] (bexagliflozin tablets)
- Bexagliflozin tablets
- Dapagliflozin tablets
- Dapagliflozin and metformin extended-release tablets
- **Invokana**® (canagliflozin tablets)
- **Invokamet**® (canagliflozin and metformin hydrochloride tablets)
- Invokamet® XR (canagliflozin and metformin hydrochloride extended-release tablets)
- **Jardiance**® (empagliflozin tablets)
- **Segluromet**[®] (ertugliflozin and metformin tablets)
- **Steglatro**[®] (ertugliflozin tablets)
- **Synjardy**® (empagliflozin/metformin hydrochloride tablets)
- Synjardy® XR (empagliflozin/metformin extended-release tablets)

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Receipt of sample product does not satisfy any criteria requirements for coverage.

Click <u>here</u> for Individual and Family Plan criteria.

Medical Necessity Criteria

Coverage criteria are listed for products in below table:

Employer Plans:

Employer Plans:	
Product	Criteria
Brenzavvy (bexagliflozin)	Brenzavvy (bexagliflozin) is considered medically necessary when the individual meets the following: 1. Type 2 diabetes. BOTH of the following criteria: A. ONE of the following: i. Patient has tried ONE metformin-containing product ii. Patient has a contraindication to metformin, according to the prescriber Note: Examples of contraindications to metformin include acute or chronic metabolic acidosis, including diabetic ketoacidosis. B. ONE of the following: i. Contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: a. Farxiga (dapagliflozin) [step therapy may apply] b. Jardiance (empagliflozin) [step therapy may apply] ii. Estimated glomerular filtration rate is less than 45 mL/minute AND contraindication or intolerance to Jardiance (empagliflozin) [step therapy may apply]
Bexagliflozin	Bexagliflozin is considered medically necessary when the individual meets the following: 1. Type 2 diabetes. BOTH of the following criteria: A. ONE of the following: i. Patient has tried ONE metformin-containing product ii. Patient has a contraindication to metformin, according to the prescriber Note: Examples of contraindications to metformin include acute or chronic metabolic acidosis, including diabetic ketoacidosis. B. ONE of the following: i. Contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: a. Farxiga (dapagliflozin) [step therapy may apply] b. Jardiance (empagliflozin) [step therapy may apply] ii. Estimated glomerular filtration rate is less than 45 mL/minute AND contraindication or intolerance to Jardiance (empagliflozin) [step therapy may apply]
dapagliflozin tablets	Dapagliflozin is considered medically necessary when there is documented inability to obtain Farxiga [®] (the brand name product) due to market availability
dapagliflozin and metformin extended-release tablets	Dapagliflozin and metformin ER is considered medically necessary when there is documented inability to obtain Xigduo [®] XR (the brand name product) due to market availability

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Product	Criteria
Invokana	Invokana (canagliflozin) is considered medically necessary when the
(canagliflozin)	individual meets the following:
,	1. Type 2 diabetes. BOTH of the following criteria:
	A. ONE of the following:
	i. Patient has tried ONE metformin-containing product
	ii. Patient has a contraindication to metformin, according to the
	prescriber
	Note: Examples of contraindications to metformin include
	acute or chronic metabolic acidosis, including diabetic
	ketoacidosis.
	P. ONE of the following:
	B. ONE of the following: i. Contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following:
	a. Farxiga (dapagliflozin) [step therapy may apply]
	b. Jardiance (empagliflozin) [step therapy may apply]
	ii. Invokana is being used for glycemic control and BOTH of the
	following:
	a. Estimated glomerular filtration rate is less than 45
	mL/minute
	b. Contraindication or intolerance to Jardiance
	(empagliflozin) [step therapy may apply]
	iii. Diabetic kidney disease AND documented contraindication or
	intolerance to Farxiga [step therapy may apply]
Invokamet	Invokamet (canagliflozin-metformin) is considered medically necessary
(canagliflozin-metformin)	when the individual meets the following:
(danagiiiloziii metioriiiii)	Type 2 diabetes. BOTH of the following criteria:
	A. ONE of the following:
	i. Patient has tried ONE metformin-containing product
	ii. Patient has a contraindication to metformin, according to the
	prescriber
	Note: Examples of contraindications to metformin include
	acute or chronic metabolic acidosis, including diabetic
	ketoacidosis.
	B. Contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following:
	i. Synjardy OR Synjardy XR (empagliflozin/ metformin) [step
	therapy may apply]
	ii. Xigduo XR (dapagliflozin/ metformin) [step therapy may
	apply]
In a large to VD	Land VD (and iffering the size of the siz
Invokamet XR	Invokamet XR (canagliflozin-metformin) is considered medically necessary
(canagliflozin - metformin)	when the individual meets the following: 1. Type 2 diabetes. BOTH of the following criteria:
menoriiii)	A. ONE of the following:
	i. Patient has tried ONE metformin-containing product
	ii. Patient has a contraindication to metformin, according to the
	prescriber
	Note: Examples of contraindications to metformin include
	acute or chronic metabolic acidosis, including diabetic
	ketoacidosis.
	D. Control disetion or intellegence to BOTH (1) of the day
	B. Contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following:
	i. Synjardy OR Synjardy XR (empagliflozin/ metformin) [step therapy may apply]
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Product	Criteria	
	ii. Xigduo XR (dapagliflozin/ metformin) [step therapy may apply]	
Segluromet (ertugliflozin - metformin)	Segluromet (ertugliflozin - metformin) is considered medically necessary when the individual meets the following: 1. Type 2 diabetes. BOTH of the following criteria: A. ONE of the following: i. Patient has tried ONE metformin-containing product ii. Patient has a contraindication to metformin, according to the prescriber Note: Examples of contraindications to metformin include acute or chronic metabolic acidosis, including diabetic ketoacidosis. B. Contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: i. Synjardy OR Synjardy XR (empagliflozin/ metformin) [step therapy may apply] ii. Xigduo XR (dapagliflozin/ metformin) [step therapy may apply]	
Steglatro (ertugliflozin)	Steglatro (ertugliflozin) is considered medically necessary when the individual meets the following: 1. Type 2 Diabetes. BOTH of the following criteria: A. ONE of the following: i. Patient has tried ONE metformin-containing product ii. Patient is initiating dual therapy with metformin AND Steglatro iii. Patient has a contraindication to metformin, according to the prescriber Note: Examples of contraindications to metformin include acute or chronic metabolic acidosis, including diabetic ketoacidosis. B. Contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: i. Farxiga (dapagliflozin) [step therapy may apply] ii. Jardiance (empagliflozin) [step therapy may apply]	

For Individual and Family Plans

Product	Criteria
Brenzavvy (bexagliflozin)	Brenzavvy (bexagliflozin) is considered medically necessary when the individual meets BOTH of the following: A. Documented diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes B. ONE of the following: i. Contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: a. Farxiga (dapagliflozin) b. Jardiance (empagliflozin) ii. Estimated glomerular filtration rate is less than 45 mL/minute AND contraindication or intolerance to Jardiance (empagliflozin)
dapagliflozin tablets	Dapagliflozin is considered medically necessary when there is documented inability to obtain Farxiga [®] (the brand name product) due to market availability
dapagliflozin and metformin extended-release tablets	Dapagliflozin and metformin ER is considered medically necessary when there is documented inability to obtain Xigduo® XR (the brand name product) due to market availability

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Product	Criteria
Invokana (canagliflozin)	Invokana (canagliflozin) is considered medically necessary when the individual meets ONE of the following criteria: A. Contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: i. Farxiga (dapagliflozin) ii. Jardiance (empagliflozin) B. Invokana is being used for glycemic control in an individual with an estimated glomerular filtration (eGFR) is less than 45 mL/minute AND contraindication or intolerance to Jardiance (empagliflozin)
Invokamet (canagliflozin- metformin)	Invokamet (canagliflozin-metformin) is considered medically necessary when there is documentation of contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: A. Synjardy OR Synjardy XR (empagliflozin/ metformin) B. Xigduo XR (dapagliflozin/ metformin)
Invokamet XR (canagliflozin - metformin)	Invokamet XR (canagliflozin-metformin) is considered medically necessary when there is documentation of contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: A. Synjardy OR Synjardy XR (empagliflozin/ metformin) B. Xigduo XR (dapagliflozin/ metformin)
Segluromet (ertugliflozin - metformin)	Segluromet (ertugliflozin-metformin) is considered medically necessary when there is documentation of contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: A. Synjardy OR Synjardy XR (empagliflozin/ metformin) B. Xigduo XR (dapagliflozin/ metformin)
Steglatro (ertugliflozin)	Steglatro (ertugliflozin) is considered medically necessary when there is documentation of contraindication or intolerance to BOTH of the following: A. Farxiga (dapagliflozin) B. Jardiance (empagliflozin)

When coverage is available and medically necessary, the dosage, frequency, duration of therapy, and site of care should be reasonable, clinically appropriate, and supported by evidence-based literature and adjusted based upon severity, alternative available treatments, and previous response to therapy.

Reauthorization Criteria

Continuation of Sodium Glucose Co-Transporter-2 (SGLT-2) Inhibitors and SGLT-2 / Metformin Combination products is considered medically necessary when the above medical necessity criteria are met AND there is documentation of beneficial response.

Authorization Duration

Initial approval duration: up to 12 months

Reauthorization approval duration: up to 12 months

Conditions Not Covered

Any other use is considered experimental, investigational or unproven.

Background

OVERVIEW

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Brenzavvy, Farxiga, Invokana, Jardiance, and Steglatro are sodium glucose co-transporter-2 (SGLT-2) inhibitors indicated as an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults with **type 2 diabetes**. ¹-⁴

Jardiance is also indicated in pediatric patients ≥ 10 years of age with type 2 diabetes as an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control.³

The SGLT-2 inhibitors also possess the following additional indications in patients with diabetes:

- Jardiance: To reduce the risk of cardiovascular (CV) death in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus and established CV disease.
- Invokana: 1) To reduce the risk of major adverse CV events in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus and established CV disease; AND 2) To reduce the risk of end-stage kidney disease, doubling of serum creatinine, CV death, and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus and diabetic nephropathy with albuminuria.
- Farxiga: To reduce the risk of hospitalization for heart failure (HHF) in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus and established CV disease or multiple CV risk factors.

In addition to indications in diabetes, Farxiga and Jardiance are indicated for the following indications in patients with and without diabetes: 1,3

- **Heart failure**, to reduce the risk of CV death, HHF, and urgent heart failure visits in adults with heart failure (included both reduced and preserved ejection fraction).
- **Chronic kidney disease**, to reduce the risk of sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) decline, end-stage kidney disease, CV death, and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with chronic kidney disease at risk of progression.

Guidelines

Diabetes

The American Diabetes Association Standards of Care (2023) note that first-line therapy for type 2 diabetes depends on comorbidities, patient-centered treatment factors, and management needs; it generally includes metformin and comprehensive lifestyle modification.⁵ Other medications (glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonists, SGLT-2 inhibitors), with or without metformin based on glycemic needs, are appropriate initial therapy for individuals with type 2 diabetes with or at high risk of atherosclerotic CV disease, heart failure, and/or chronic kidney disease. It is noted that an agent with proven benefit should be utilized; with "proven benefit" referring to a label indication.

Heart Failure

The American College of Cardiology (ACC) Expert Consensus Decision Pathway for Optimization of Heart Failure Treatment was updated in 2022.⁶ In patients with symptomatic chronic heart failure with reduced ejection fraction, SGLT-2 inhibitors (Farxiga or Jardiance) are recommended to reduce hospitalization for heart failure and CV mortality, irrespective of the presence of type 2 diabetes (class 1 recommendation, level of evidence A). In patients with heart failure with preserved ejection fraction, SGLT-2 inhibitors (Jardiance) can be beneficial in decreasing heart failure hospitalizations and CV mortality, irrespective of the presence of type 2 diabetes (class 2a recommendation, level of evidence B-R).

The ACC Expert Consensus Decision Pathway on Management of Heart Failure with Preserved Ejection Fraction (2023) recommends that all individuals with heart failure with preserved ejection fraction be started on an SGLT-2 inhibitor unless contraindicated. SGLT-2 inhibitors are noted to have demonstrated significant CV benefits in individuals without type 2 diabetes, particularly in individuals with HF. In such patients, SGLT-2 inhibitors have significantly reduced the risk of hospitalization for HF and CV death across all ejection fraction subgroups. Clinical trials with Jardiance and Farmiga are mentioned. For both agents, a significant decrease in HHF was observed.

Kidney Disease

In patients with diabetes and CKD, the Kidney Diseases – Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) guidelines for diabetes management in CKD (2022) recommend first-line pharmacotherapy with metformin and an SGLT-2 inhibitor with documented kidney or CV benefit (Invokana, Farxiga, and Jardiance).⁷

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