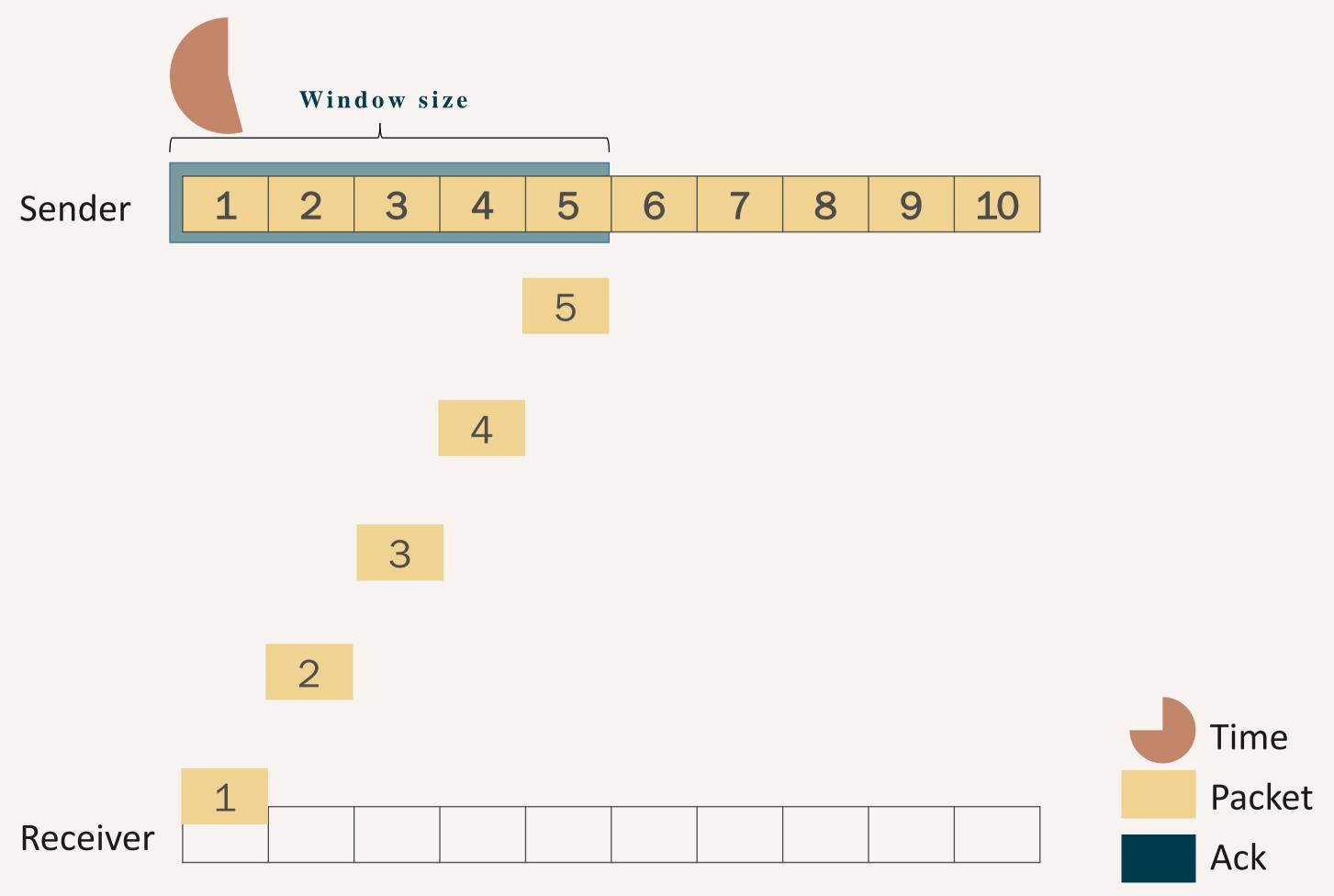
Al-Chun Pang / Instructor 林偉哲 陳令原 / T.A.s

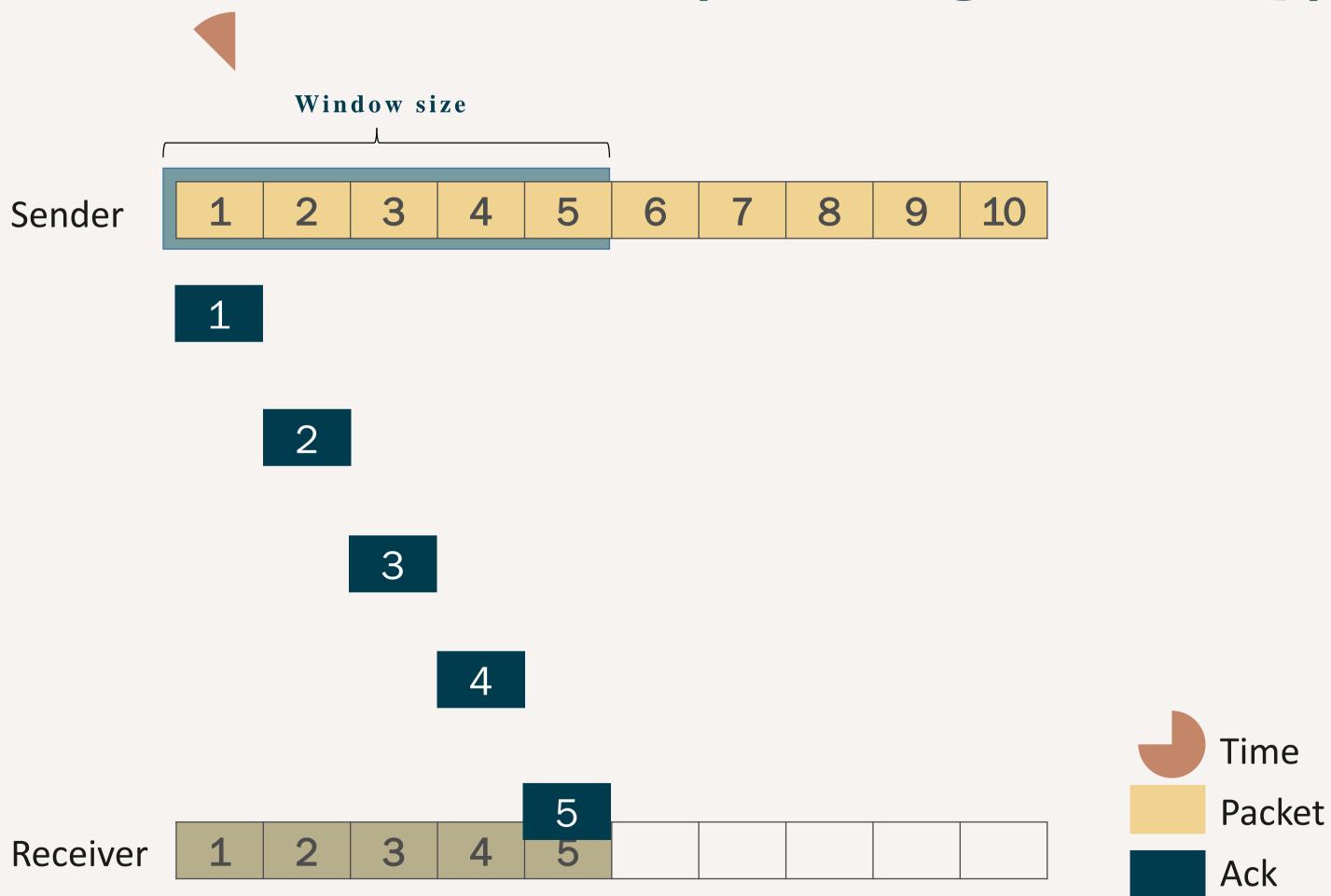
Assignment 3-Retransmission & Congestion Control

What is Go-Back-N?

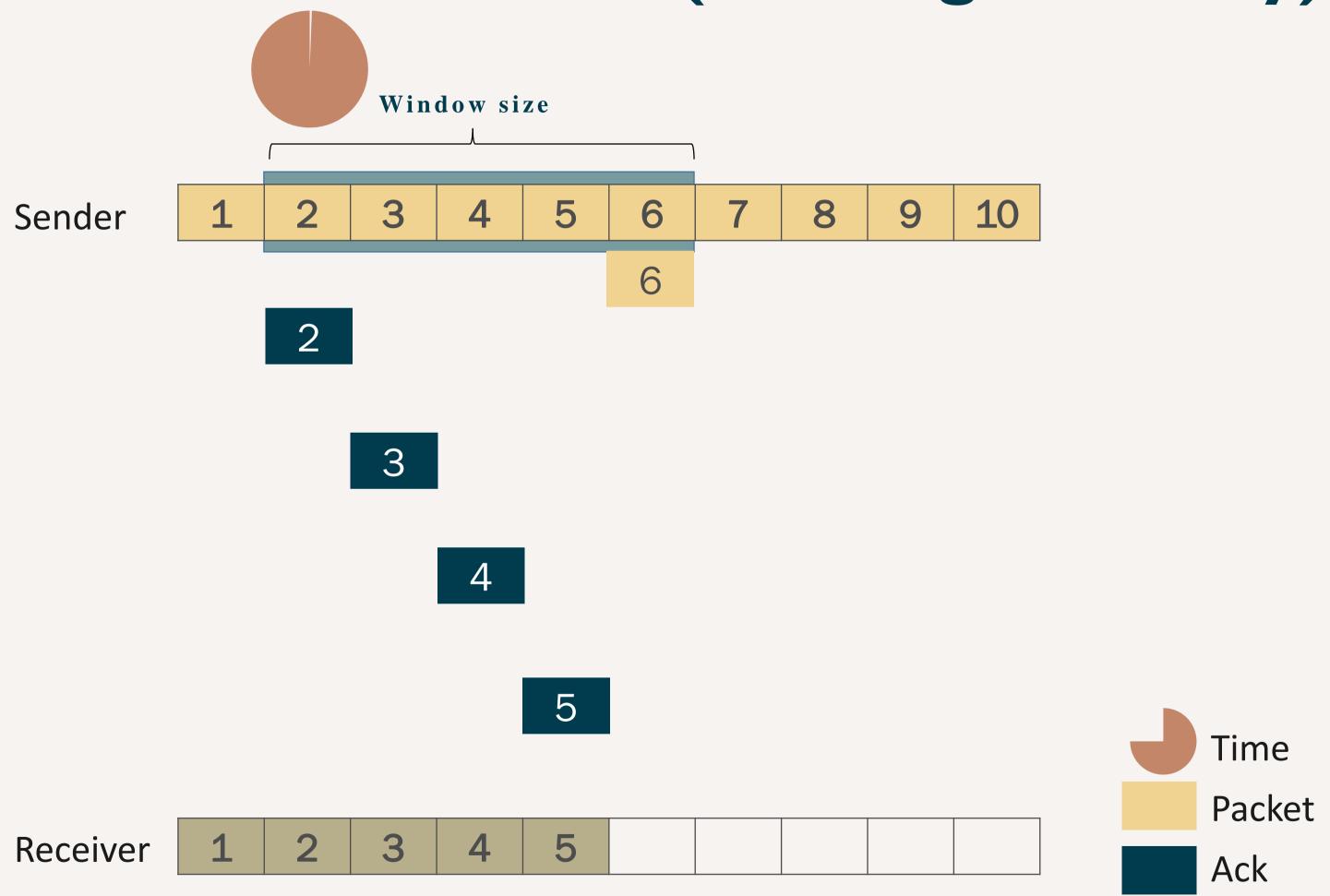
Go-Back-N case I (working normally)

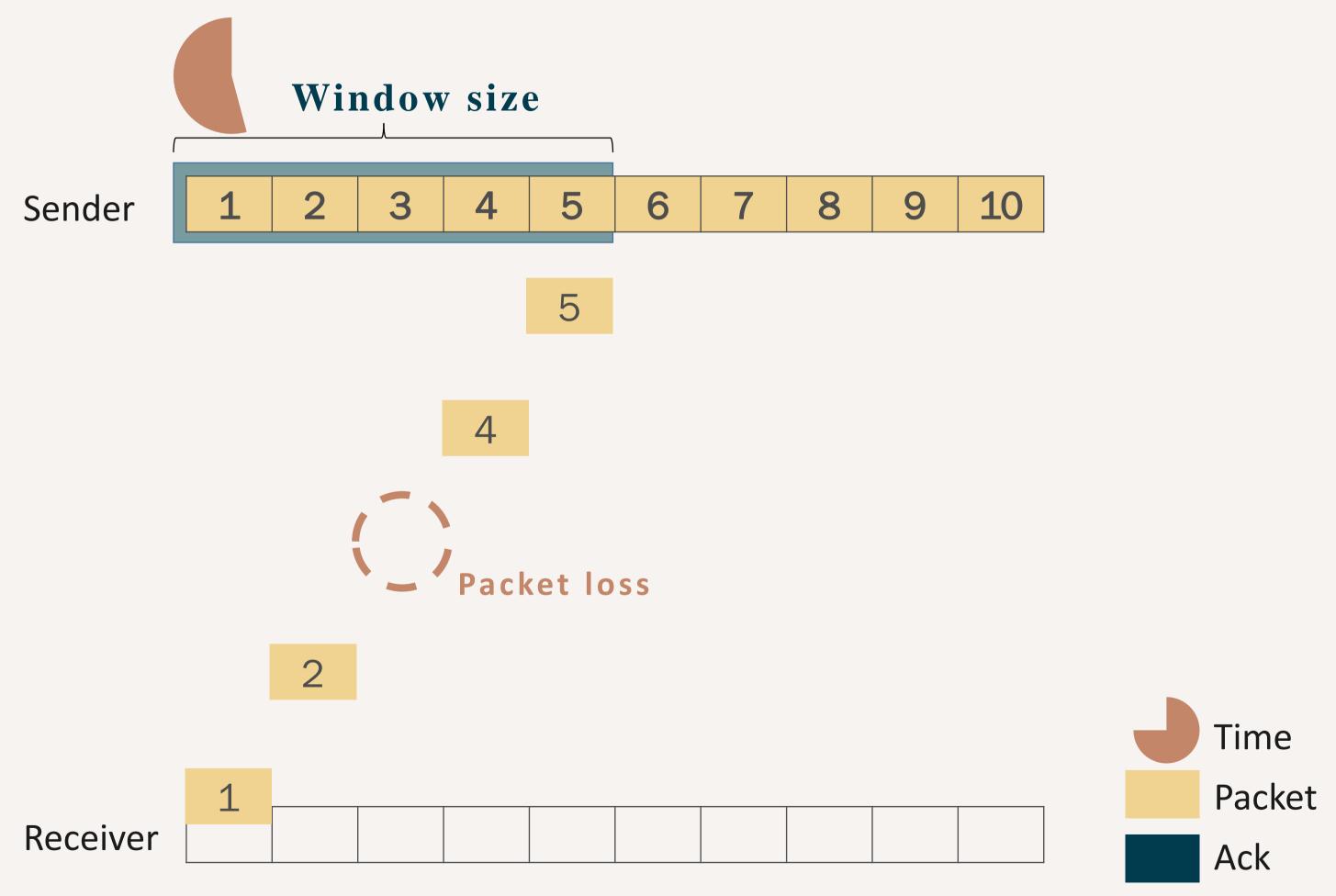


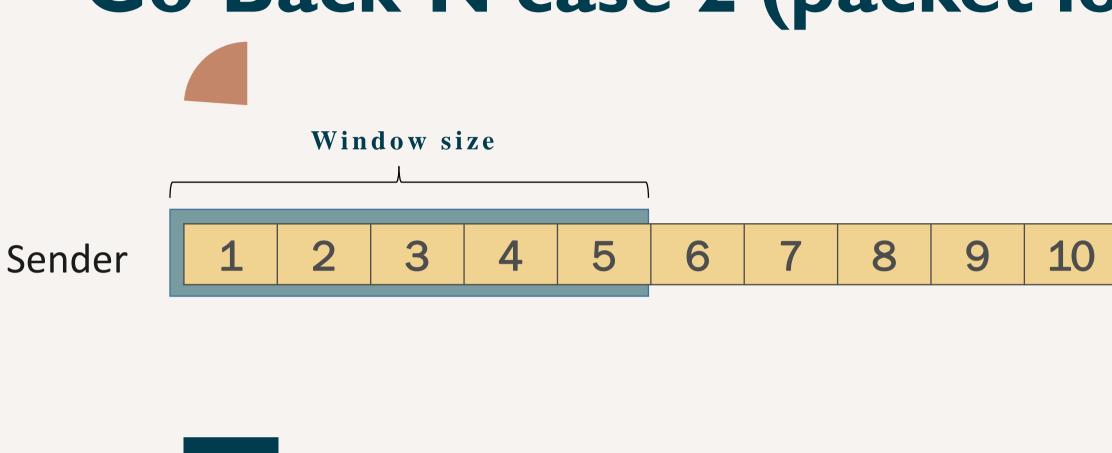
Go-Back-N case I (working normally)



Go-Back-N case I (working normally)

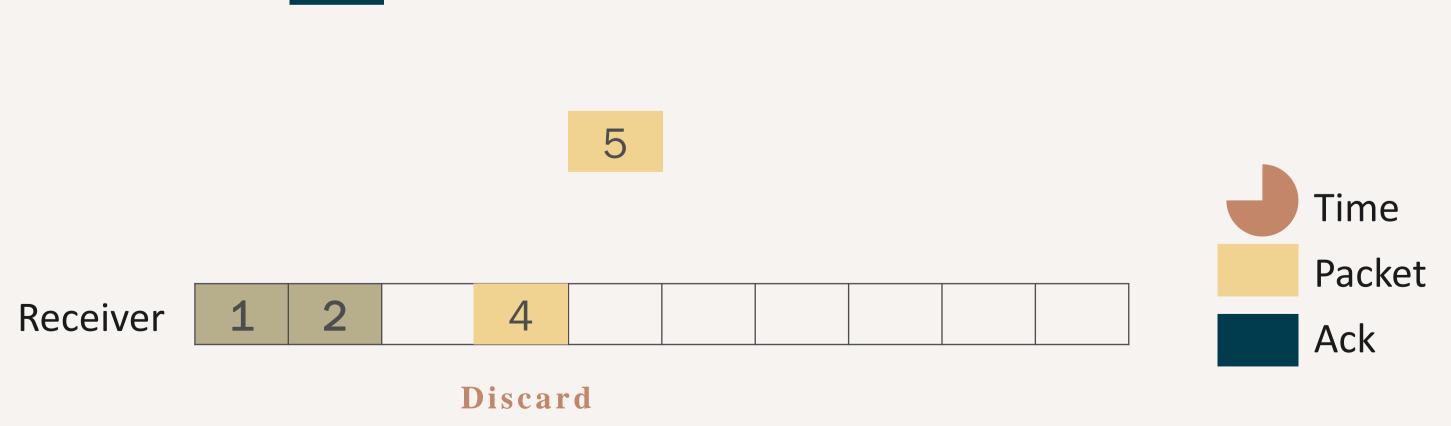


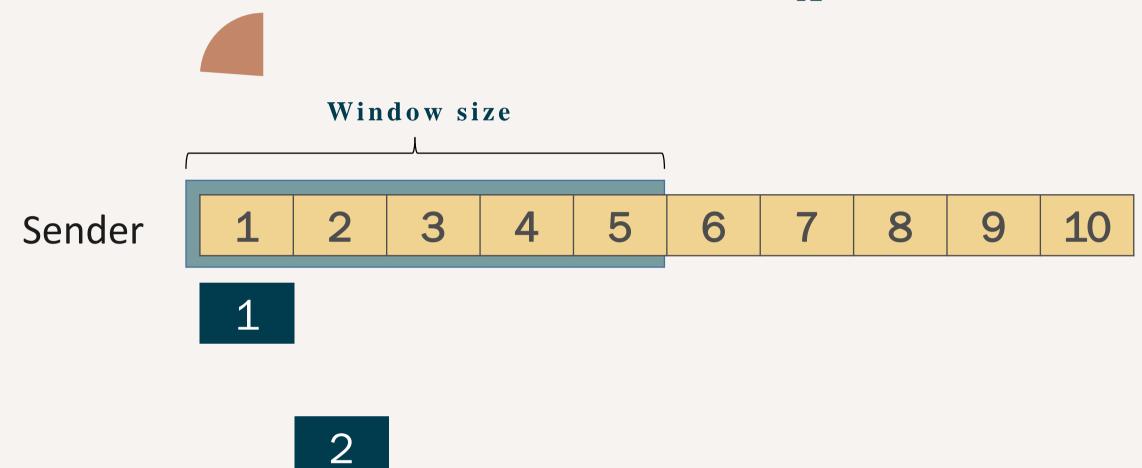


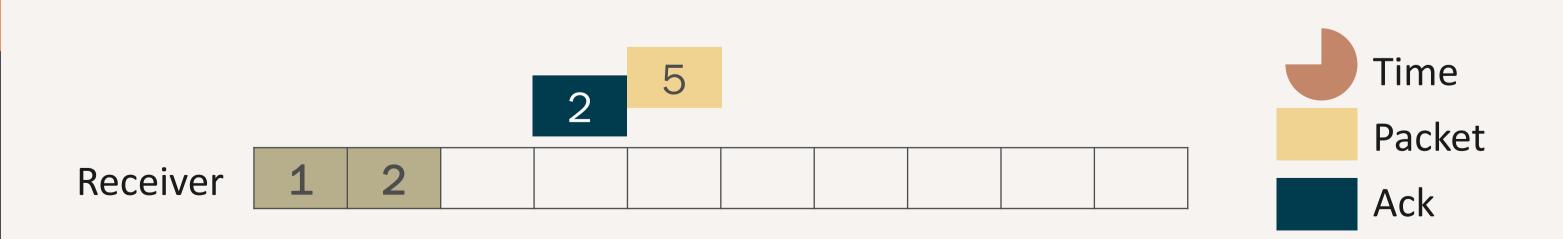


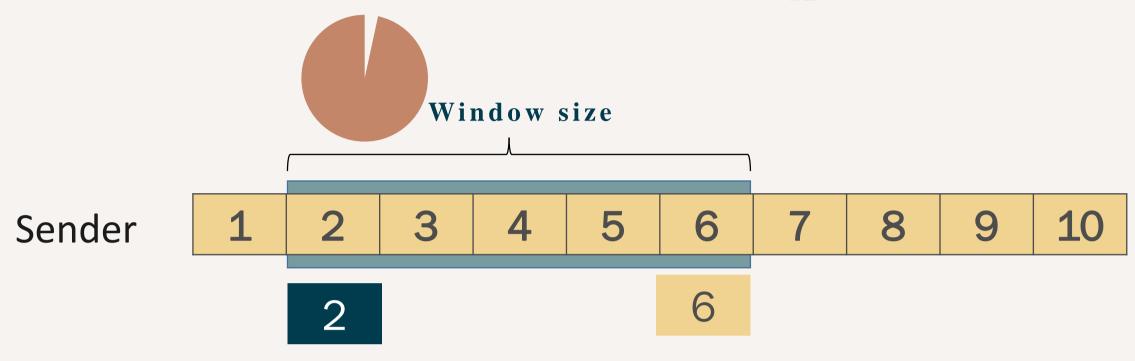
1

2

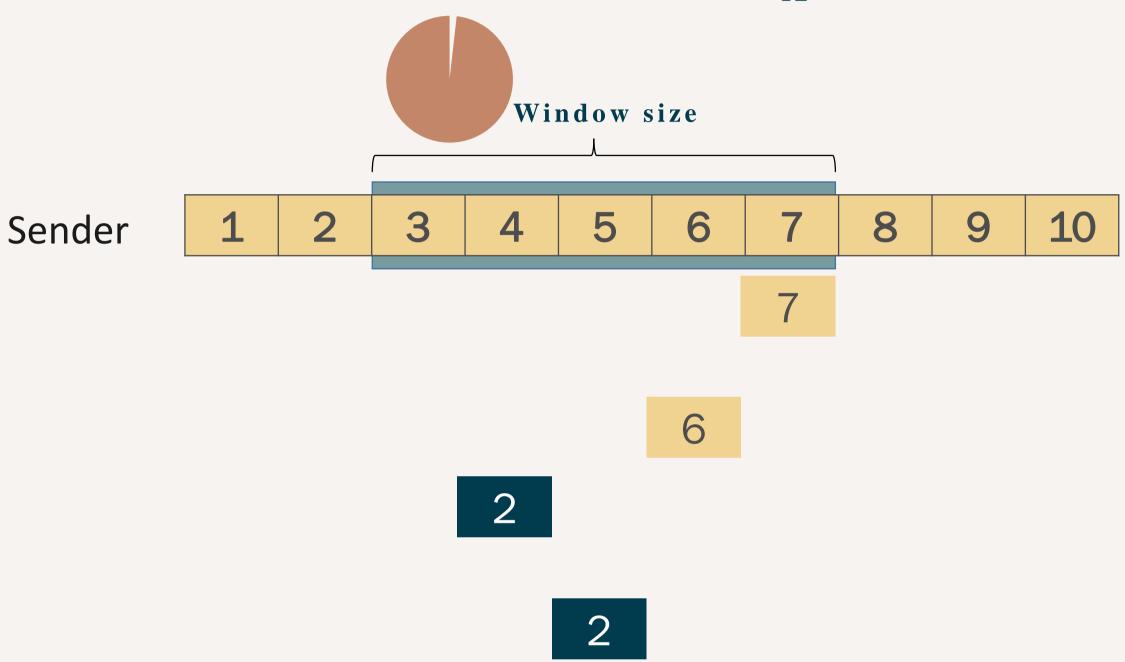




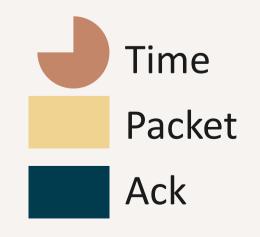


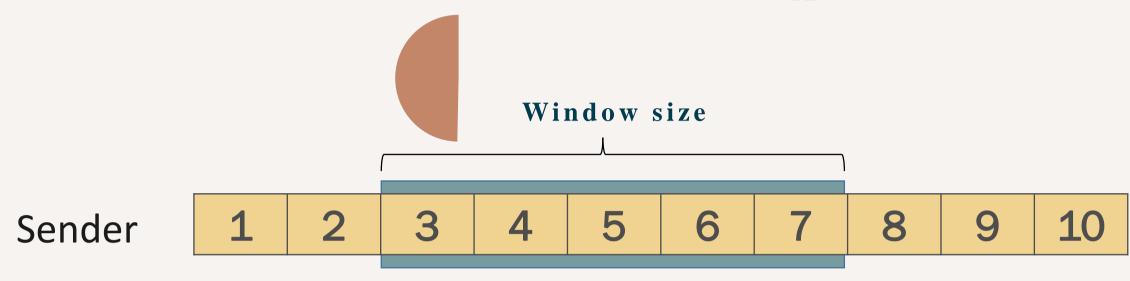


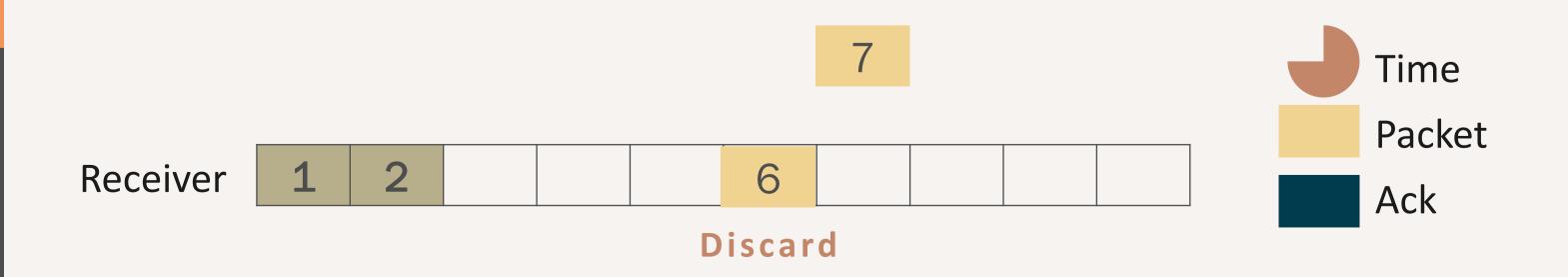
Time
Packet
Ack

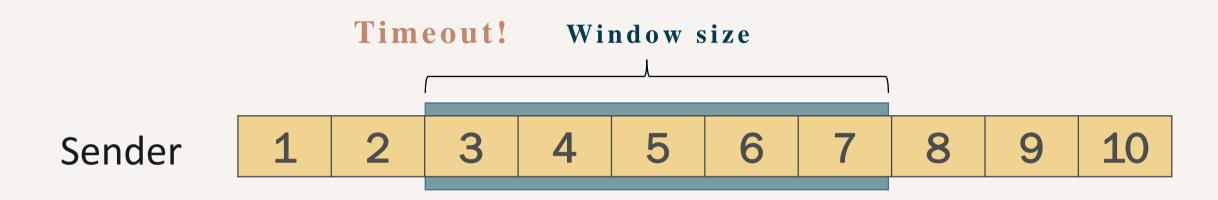


Receiver 1 2





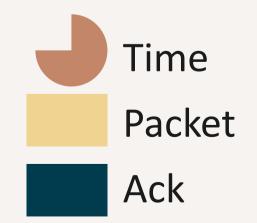


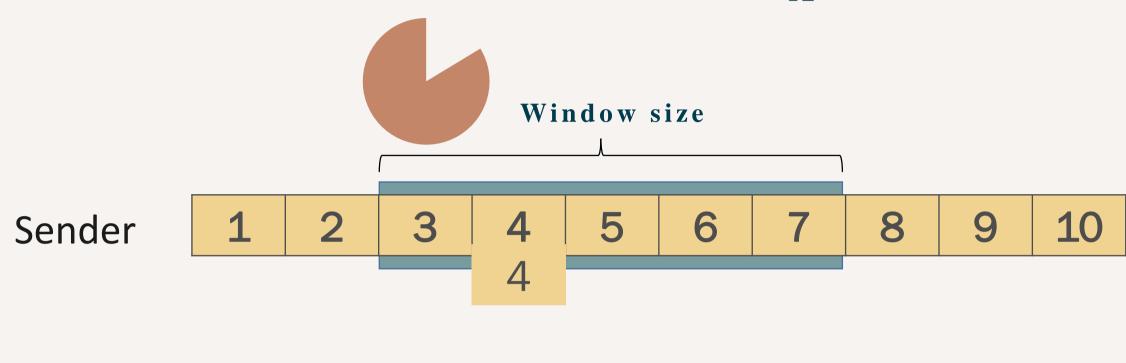


2

2

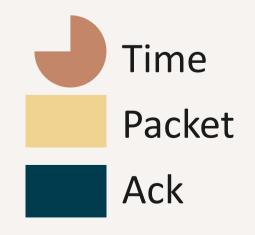
Receiver	1	2				



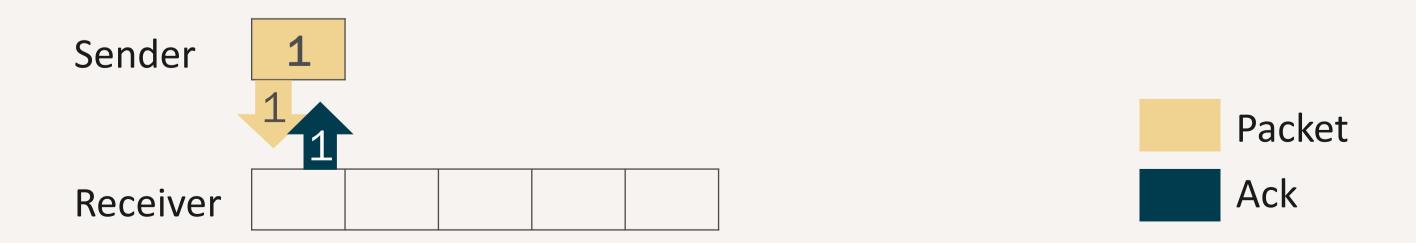


3

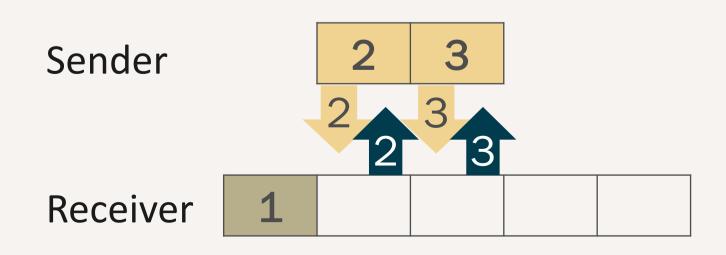
Receiver 1 2



- Sender sends Data 1
- Congestion window = 1. Threshold = 2
- Receiver sends ACK 1

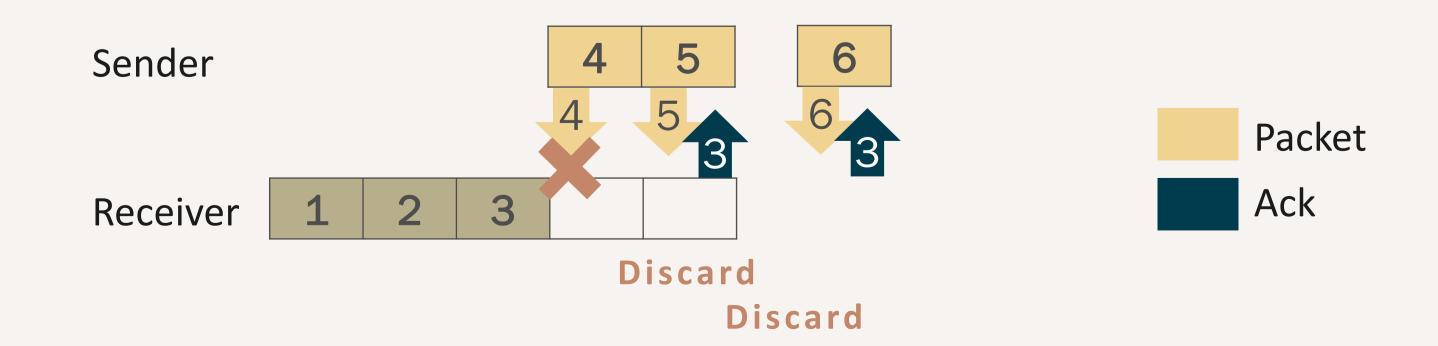


- Sender sends Data 2,3
- Congestion window =2, Threshold =2;
- Receiver sends ACK 2,3

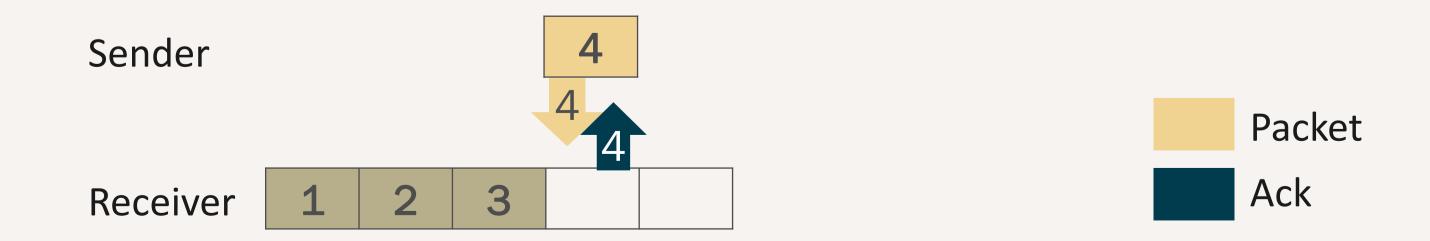




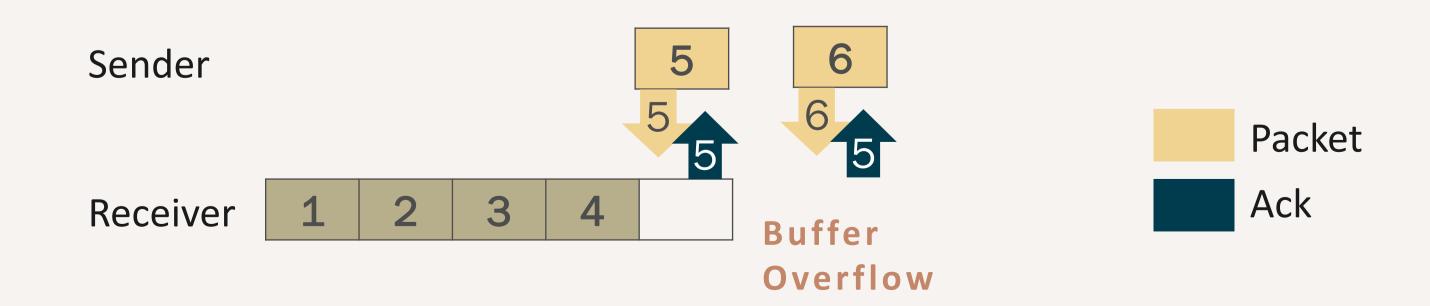
- Sender sends Data 4,5,6
- Congestion window = 3; Threshold = 2;
- Receiver drops Data 5, sends ACK 3, drops Data 6, sends ACK 3



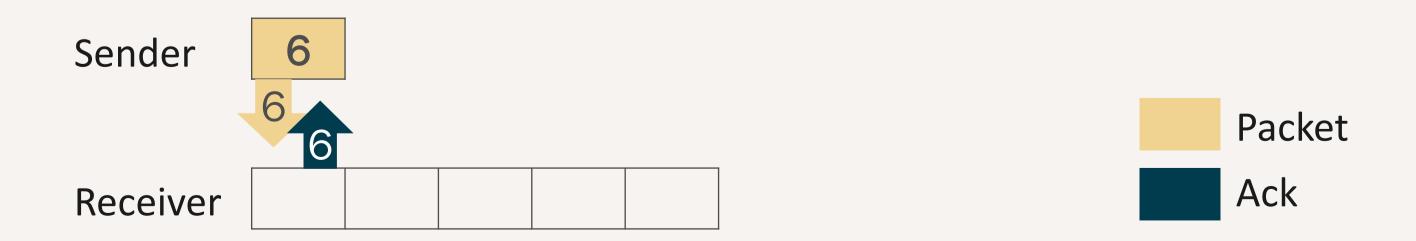
- Sender sends Data 5,6
- Congestion window = 2, Threshold =1;
- Receiver sends ACK 5, drops Data 6, sends ACK 5, flush buffer ()



- Sender sends Data 4,5,6
- Congestion window = 3; Threshold = 2;
- Receiver drops Data 5, sends ACK 3, drops Data 6, sends ACK 3



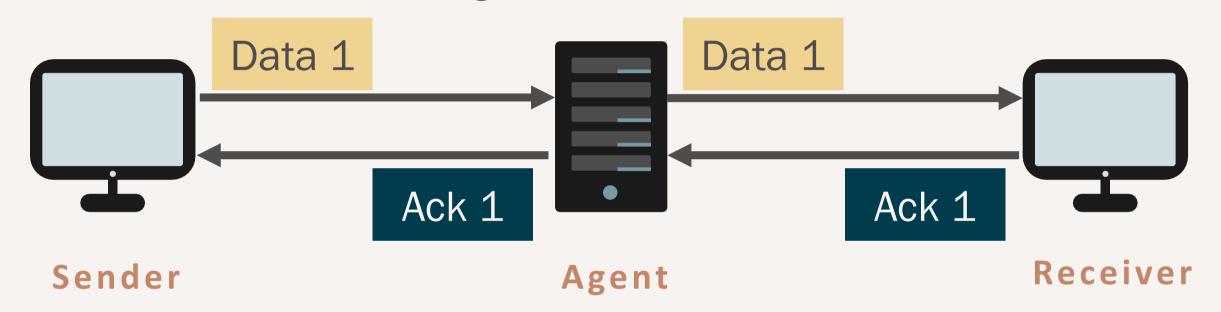
- Sender sends Data 1
- Congestion window = 1. Threshold = 2
- Receiver sends ACK 1



Assignment 3 Announcement

Specification (1/9)

 Implement three components in C/C++ with UDP socket: sender, receiver and agent.



- Sender / Receiver
 - Send / receive video frame by UDP
 - Provide reliable transmission
 - Congestion control
- Agent
 - Forward Data & ACK packets
 - Randomly drop data packet
 - Compute loss rate

Specification (2/9)

- Reliable Transmission
 - Data & ACK
 - Time out & Retransmission(Go-Back-N)
 - Sequence number
 - Completeness of transmitted file
- Buffer handling [receiver side]
 - Buffer Overflow:
 - Drop the packet in case of out of buffer
 - Flush (write) to the file:
 - Only when both buffer overflows and all packets in range are received.

Specification (3/9)

- Congestion Control (sender sider)
 - Slow Start
 - 1. Send single packet in the beginning
 - 2. When window size is under the threshold, it increases exponentially until packet loses
 - 3. When window size is over the threshold, it increases linearly until packet loses
 - Packet loss / Time out
 - 1. Set threshold to $\max\left(\left[\frac{window\,size}{2}\right],1\right)$
 - 2. Set window size to 1
 - 3. Retransmit from the first "unACKed packet"

Specification (4/9)

Show Message

- Sender: send, recv, data, ack, fin, finack, sequence number, time out, resnd, winSize, threshold
- Receiver:
 send, recv, data, ack, fin, finack, sequence number, drop, flush
- Agent:
 get, fwd, data, ack, fin, finack, sequence number, drop, loss rate

Specification (5/9)

- Show Message
 - Sender:

```
#1,
                          winSize = 1
        data
send
        ack
                 #1
recv
                         winSize = 2
        data
                 #2,
send
        data
                 #3,
                         winSize = 2
send
        ack
                 #2
recv
        ack
                 #3
геси
        data
                 #4,
                          winSize = 3
send
        data
                         winSize = 3
                 #5,
send
        data
                         winSize = 3
                 #6,
send
        ack
                 #3
recv
        ack
                 #3
recv
                          threshold = 1
time
        out,
        data
                         winSize = 1
resnd
                 #4,
        ack
recv
                 #4
        data
                 #5,
                         winSize = 2
resnd
        data
                         winSize = 2
                 #6,
resnd
        ack
                 #5
recv
        ack
                 #5
recv
                          threshold = 1
time
        out,
resnd
        data
                 #6,
                          winSize = 1
        ack
                 #6
recv
        fin
send
        finack
recv
```

Specification (6/9)

- Show Message
 - Agent:

get	data	#1				
fwd	data	#1,	loss	rate		0.0000
get	ack	#1	1033	1 acc	-	0.0000
fwd	ack	#1				
get	data	#2				
fwd	data	#2,	loss	rate	_	0.0000
get	data	#3	1055	race	_	0.0000
fwd	data	#3,	loss	rate	_	0.0000
get	ack	#2	1033	lace	_	0.0000
fwd	ack	#2				
get	ack	#3				
fwd	ack	#3				
get	data	#4				
drop	data	#4,	loss	cate	_	0.2500
get	data	#5	1055	lace	-	0.2300
fwd	data	#5,	loss	rate	_	0.2000
get	data	#6	1033	lace		0.2000
fwd	data	#6,	loss	cate		0.1667
get	ack	#3	1033	Tace	-	0.1007
fwd	ack	#3				
get	ack	#3				
fwd	ack	#3				
get	data	#4				
fwd	data	#4,	loss	rate	_	0.1429
get	ack	#4	1033	1000	7	0.1425
fwd	ack	#4				
get	data	#5				
fwd	data	#5,	loss	rate	_	0.1250
get	data	#6		1000		0.1250
fwd	data	#6,	loss	rate	_	0.1111
get	ack	#5	1033			0.1111
fwd	ack	#5				
get	ack	#5				
fwd	ack	#5				
get	data	#6				
fwd	data	#6,	loss	rate		0.1000
get	ack	#6				
fwd	ack	#6				
get	fin					
fwd	fin					
get	finack					
fwd	finack					

Specification (7/9)

- Show Message
 - Receiver:

```
data
                  #1
recv
         ack
send
                  #1
         data
recv
                  #2
         ack
send
                  #2
         data
геси
                  #3
         ack
send
                  #3
drop
         data
                  #5
         ack
send
                  #3
         data
drop
                  #6
         ack
send
                  #3
         data
                  #4
гесч
         ack
send
                  #4
         data
                  #5
recv
         ack
send
                  #5
         data
dгор
                  #6
         ack
send
                  #5
flush
         data
гесч
                  #6
         ack
send
                  #6
         fin
гесч
         finack
send
flush
```

Specification (8/9)

- Show Message
 - The format used for transmission should be the same as fallow:

```
fin: 0 or 1
syn: 0 or 1 (just make it 0)
ack: 0 or 1
```

```
21 typedef struct{
22    int length;
23    int seqNumber;
24    int ackNumber;
25    int fin;
26    int syn;
27    int ack;
28 } header;
29 
30 typedef struct{
31    header head;
32    char data[1000];
33 } segment;
```

Specification (9/9)

Settings

- Sender
 - Arguments: IP, Port, path of source file,... etc.
 - Default threshold:16
- Receiver
 - Arguments: IP, port, ... etc.
 - Default buffer size: 32 segments
- Agent
 - Arguments: IP, port, loss rate, ... etc.
- Data packet size (payload): 1KB
- Time out:
 Less than or equal to 1 sec (≤ 1 sec)

Grading Policy (1/2)

This assignment accounts for 13% of the total series.	core.
Video Streaming	(10%)
- Correctly play the example video of HW2	(5%)
- Correctly play a resolution-unknown video	(5%)
 Reliable transmission 	(20%)
 Congestion control 	(25%)
Buffer handling	(15%)
• Agent	(9%)
- Randomly drop data packet	(5%)
- Compute loss rate	(4%)
Show Message	(9%)
- Show message correctly	(3%*3)
• Report	(12%)
- How to execute your program	(3%)
 Explain your program structure (including 3 flow charts for sender, agent, and rece 	(3%*3) iver)

Grading Policy (2/2)

Submission

- Your report format must be in ".pdf" format and named "report.pdf", or else you will get zero point in the part.
- Please put all the files into a folder named hw3_<student id>, and compress the folder as a .zip file, and then submit the .zip file to here. The password is <student id> (alphabet is in uppercase).
- If we cannot compile or execute your code, you will have a chance to demo your results in your own environment.
- The penalty for wrong format is 10 points.
- No plagiarism is allowed. A plagiarist will be graded zero.

Deadline

- Due Date: 23:59:59, December 31st, 2019
- Penalty for late submission after hard deadline is <u>"20 points per day"</u>