

Drill Problem #1

**Function Name:** varInfo

**Inputs:**

1. (*double*) A number or vector of any length.  
OR  
(*char*) A string of any length.

**Outputs:**

1. (*char*) An output string describing the input variable.

**Function Description:**

Write a MATLAB function to identify the class of the input variable and to display its value. Your function should output a string of the form: `This variable is of class ____ and has a value of '____'`. For example, if the input variable is the number 25, then your function should output the string: `This variable is of class double and has a value of '25'`. If instead the input variable is the string 'CS 1371', then your function should output the string: `This variable is of class char and has a value of 'CS 1371'`.

**Notes:**

- Make sure that your output variable matches the answers to the solution file EXACTLY. Any extra spaces or characters will result in a 0 for this problem.
- The period at the end of the output strings shown above is part of the string.

**Hints:**

- The `class()`, `num2str()`, and `sprintf()` functions will be useful.
- Using the MATLAB function `num2str()` on a string will not affect its data value and will output the same string. Using `num2str()` on a vector will print the vector to a string with spaces between the indices.
- To get an apostrophe into a string, type it into Matlab as two apostrophes.

**Function Name:** multiVar

**Inputs:**

1. (*double*) A vector of  $x$  values
2. (*double*) A vector of  $y$  values

**Outputs:**

1. (*double*) A vector of the function  $z(x, y)$  evaluated at corresponding  $x$  and  $y$  values.

**Function Description:**

Write a MATLAB function that will evaluate the shown multi-variable function for *vectors* of  $x$  and  $y$  values. Your function should output a *vector* of the function evaluated for corresponding  $x$  and  $y$  values. For example, the third index of your output vector should be the following function evaluated using values from the third index of the input  $x$  and  $y$  vectors.

$$z(x, y) = \frac{xy - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{y}}{3x + y}$$

**Notes:**

- Recall that the use of “dot operators” is important for mathematical operations, excluding addition and subtraction.

Drill Problem #3

**Function Name:** interweave

**Inputs:**

1. (*double*) A 1xN vector of numbers.
2. (*double*) A 1xM vector of numbers.

**Outputs:**

1. (*double*) A vector of the two input vectors mixed together.

**Function Description:**

Write a function called “interweave” that takes in two vectors and then outputs a larger vector where the odd elements contain the values from the first vector, and the even elements contain the values from the second vector. If one vector is longer than the other, then the odd or even indices that wouldn’t otherwise have values should be filled with zeros.

**Hints:**

- The length of the output vector should be twice the length of the longest input vector.
- The `max()` and `zeros()` functions may be useful.

**Function Name:** gradeSorter

**Inputs:**

1. (*double*) A vector of student grades.
2. (*char*) A string of first initials corresponding to the grades.
3. (*char*) A string of last initials corresponding to the grades.

**Outputs:**

1. (*char*) A string of first and last initials sorted by corresponding grade.

**Function Description:**

You try to get on your professor's good side by mentioning your awesome MATLAB skills. Unfortunately, it backfires because he then ignores FERPA and asks you to write code to sort the first and last initials of the students in the class according to their grades.

Your professor gives you a vector of the student grades, a string of first initials corresponding to the grades, and a string of last initials corresponding to the grades. Given these inputs, write a function that outputs a string with the combined first and last initials of every student, with spaces in between, that is sorted by the students' grades in descending order. To clarify, an output string might look like this: RC RW JM LT BS, where the student RC had the highest grade, and the student BS had the lowest. Notice that there are spaces in between the initials of each student but not after the last student, and note that there is no punctuation in the string.

**Notes:**

- The `sort()` function will take care of sorting equivalent grades.

**Hints:**

- The second output of `sort()` will be useful.
- The second input of `sort()` may be useful.

**Function Name:** caesarSalad

**Inputs:**

1. (*char*) A 1xN string of a single word.
2. (*double*) An integer describing the shift, or the “shift number”.

**Outputs:**

1. (*char*) The input word encoded using the Caesar cipher.

**Caesar Cipher Information:**

The Caesar cipher is named after Julius Caesar, who, according to Suetonius, used it with a shift of three to protect messages of military significance. It is unknown how effective the Caesar cipher was at the time, but it is likely to have been reasonably secure because most of Caesar's enemies would have been illiterate and others would have assumed that the messages were written in an unknown foreign language.

Caesar ciphers can still be found today in children's toys such as secret decoder rings. A Caesar shift of thirteen is also performed in the ROT13 algorithm, a simple method of often used to obscure text such as joke punchlines and spoilers online.

In the Caesar cipher, each letter is shifted by the specified amount. For example, if the shift is 3, then the letter 'a' would be coded as the letter 'd'.

**Function Description:**

Write a function that takes in a string of a single word and uses the Caesar cipher with the input shift number to encode it. Only lower case letters will be included in the input string; any other characters—such as spaces, periods, commas, etc.—will not be included as part of the input.

**Notes:**

- The Caesar cipher should work for both positive and negative integers that indicate the shift given by the second input.
- There is no limit to the value of the shift number in the second input.

**Hints:**

- The `mod()` function will be useful.