```
In [1]: import pprint
        import rasterio
        from rasterio import features
        import rasterio.warp
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        from scipy.ndimage import zoom
        import os
        import torch
        import torch.nn as nn
        import torch.nn.functional as F
        import torch.optim as optim
        import torchvision
        from torchvision import datasets, transforms
        from torch.utils.data import Dataset
        from torch.optim.lr_scheduler import StepLR
```

```
In [2]: # Base values
        channel_descriptions = ['M11', 'I2', 'I1', 'NDVI_last', 'EVI2_last', 'total precipi
        min_values = [np.float32(-100.0),
          np.float32(-100.0),
          np.float32(-100.0),
          np.float32(-9863.268),
          np.float32(-4422.217),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(-84.0),
          np.float32(-6.72),
          np.float32(1.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(-89.999214),
          np.float32(-13.984883),
          np.float32(0.0),
          np.float32(0.0)]
        max_values = [np.float32(15976.0),
          np.float32(15799.0),
          np.float32(15744.0),
          np.float32(9975.073),
          np.float32(9856.787),
          np.float32(122.0),
          np.float32(16.2),
          np.float32(360.0),
          np.float32(311.8),
```

localhost:8888/lab 1/29

```
np.float32(325.4),
np.float32(122.0),
np.float32(0.01888),
np.float32(63.85685),
np.float32(359.42383),
np.float32(4268.336),
np.float32(4268.336),
np.float32(17.0),
np.float32(204.1875),
np.float32(14.295916),
np.float32(89.98897),
np.float32(39.505894),
np.float32(0.0122514665),
np.float32(2218.0)]
```

```
In [3]: fire_folders = []
        look_back = 5  # 5 days sequence
        all_frames = []
        data limit, loop_counter, loop_start = 7, 0, 0
        channel_descriptions = None
        base_path = "./data"
        target_shape_h, target_shape_w = 128, 128
        print('Loading...')
        for fire_folder in os.listdir(base_path):
            loop_counter += 1
            if loop_counter - loop_start > data_limit:
                break
            if loop_counter < loop_start:</pre>
                continue
            print('Progress: {0}/{1} ({2})'.format(loop_counter - loop_start, data_limit, l
            fire_folders.append(fire_folder)
            for image name in os.listdir(base path + f"/{fire folder}"):
                file_path = base_path + f"/{fire_folder}/{image_name}"
                with rasterio.open(file_path, 'r') as geotiff:
                    src = geotiff.read()
                    channel_descriptions = geotiff.descriptions
                    zoom_factor = (1, target_shape_h / src.shape[1], target_shape_w / src.s
                    resized_src = zoom(src, zoom_factor, order=1)
                    resized_src = np.nan_to_num(resized_src, copy=True)
                    all_frames.append(resized_src)
        print(f'Loading done! Count = {len(all_frames)} | Shape = {all_frames[0].shape}')
        data frames = np.stack(all frames)
        print(data_frames.shape)
```

localhost:8888/lab 2/29

```
Loading...
       Progress: 1/7 (1)
       Progress: 2/7 (2)
       Progress: 3/7 (3)
       Progress: 4/7 (4)
       Progress: 5/7 (5)
       Progress: 6/7 (6)
       Progress: 7/7 (7)
       Loading done! Count = 168 | Shape = (23, 128, 128)
       (168, 23, 128, 128)
In [4]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, minmax_scale
        #data_frames = (data_frames - min_bound) / (max_bound - min_bound)
        for c in range(23):
            data_frames[:, c, :, :] = (data_frames[:, c, :, :] - min_values[c]) / (max_value)
In [5]: np.min(data_frames), np.max(data_frames)
Out[5]: (np.float32(0.0), np.float32(1.0))
In [6]: X = []
        Y = []
        for t in range(0, data_frames.shape[0] - look_back):
            x_seq = data_frames[t:t+look_back]
                                                           # shape: (5, 23, H, W)
            y_mask = data_frames[t + look_back, 22]
                                                            # fire mask from channel 22
            X.append(x seq)
            Y.append(y_mask)
                                # binarize
        X = np.stack(X) # shape: (273, 5, 23, 128, 128)
        Y = np.expand_dims(np.stack(Y), axis=1) # shape: (273, 1, 128, 128)
        print(X.shape)
        print(Y.shape)
       (163, 5, 23, 128, 128)
       (163, 1, 128, 128)
In [7]: split_index = int(X.shape[0] * 0.8)
        X_train = X[:split_index]
        X_val = X[split_index:]
        Y_train = Y[:split_index]
        Y_val = Y[split_index:]
        X_train.shape, Y_train.shape, X_val.shape, Y_val.shape
Out[7]: ((130, 5, 23, 128, 128),
         (130, 1, 128, 128),
         (33, 5, 23, 128, 128),
         (33, 1, 128, 128))
```

localhost:8888/lab 3/29

```
In [8]: X_train = torch.tensor(X_train).float()
         Y_train = torch.tensor(Y_train).float()
         X val = torch.tensor(X val).float()
         Y_val = torch.tensor(Y_val).float()
         X_train.shape, Y_train.shape, X_val.shape, Y_val.shape
 Out[8]: (torch.Size([130, 5, 23, 128, 128]),
          torch.Size([130, 1, 128, 128]),
           torch.Size([33, 5, 23, 128, 128]),
           torch.Size([33, 1, 128, 128]))
 In [9]: class WildfireDataset(Dataset):
             def __init__(self, X, Y):
                 self.X = X
                 self.Y = Y
             def __len__(self):
                 return len(self.X)
             def __getitem__(self, i):
                 return self.X[i], self.Y[i]
         train_dataset = WildfireDataset(X_train, Y_train)
         val_dataset = WildfireDataset(X_val, Y_val)
         len(train_dataset), len(val_dataset)
Out[9]: (130, 33)
In [10]: from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
         batch size = 8
         train_loader = DataLoader(train_dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=False)
         val_loader = DataLoader(val_dataset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=False)
In [11]: if torch.cuda.is_available():
             device = torch.device("cuda")
         elif torch.mps.is available():
             device = torch.device("mps")
         else:
             device = torch.device("cpu")
         device
Out[11]: device(type='cuda')
In [12]: import convlstm
         class Net(nn.Module):
             def __init__(self):
                 super().__init__()
                 orig_size = (330, 257)
```

localhost:8888/lab 4/29

```
self.clstm = convlstm.ConvLSTM(
            input_size=(128, 128),
            input_dim=23,
            hidden_dim=[64],
            kernel_size=(3, 3),
            num_layers=1
        # (8, 64, 128, 128)
        self.head = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Conv2d(64, 1, kernel_size=3, padding=1),
            nn.Sigmoid()
        # (8, 1, 128, 128)
    def forward(self, x):
        batch\_size = x.size(0)
        outputs, last_states = self.clstm(x)
        x = outputs[0][:, -1, :, :, :]
        x = self.head(x)
        return x
model = Net().to(device)
```

```
In [13]: class DiceLoss(nn.Module):
             def __init__(self, smooth=1.0):
                 super(). init ()
                 self.smooth = smooth
                 self.bce = nn.BCELoss()
             def forward(self, y_pred, y_true):
                 bce_loss = self.bce(y_pred, y_true)
                 # (8, 1, 128, 128)
                 y_pred_flat = y_pred.view(y_pred.size(0), -1) # (8, 16384)
                 y_true_flat = y_true.view(y_true.size(0), -1) # (8, 16384)
                 intersection = (y_pred_flat * y_true_flat).sum(dim=1)
                 union = y_pred_flat.sum(dim=1) + y_true_flat.sum(dim=1)
                 dice_score = (2 * intersection + self.smooth) / (union + self.smooth)
                 dice_loss = 1 - dice_score.mean()
                 return dice_loss
         class ManualBCELoss(nn.Module):
             def __init__(self, eps=1e-7):
                 super(ManualBCELoss, self).__init__()
                 self.eps = eps # to avoid log(0)
                 self.weight = 60.0
             def forward(self, y_pred, y_true):
                 y_pred: probabilities after sigmoid, shape (B, 1, H, W)
```

localhost:8888/lab 5/29

```
y_true: binary targets, shape (B, 1, H, W)
"""

# Clamp predictions to avoid log(0)
y_pred = torch.clamp(y_pred, self.eps, 1.0 - self.eps)

# BCE loss calculation
loss = - (y_true * self.weight * torch.log(y_pred) + (1 - y_true) * torch.l
return loss.mean() # return scalar loss
```

```
In [14]: | lr = 0.001 # 0.0001
         num_epochs = 25
         loss_fn = ManualBCELoss()
         optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=lr)
         print batch every = 4
         def train(epoch):
             model.train(True)
             print(f"Epoch: {epoch + 1}")
             running_loss = 0.0
             for batch_index, batch in enumerate(train_loader):
                 x_batch, y_batch = batch[0].to(device), batch[1].to(device)
                 y_pred = model(x_batch)
                 loss = loss_fn(y_pred, y_batch)
                 running loss += loss.item()
                 optimizer.zero_grad()
                 loss.backward()
                 optimizer.step()
                 if batch index % print batch every == (print batch every - 1):
                     avg_loss_across_batches = running_loss / print_batch_every
                     print('Batch {0}, Loss: {1:.3f}'.format(batch_index + 1, avg_loss_acros
                     running loss = 0.0
             print()
         def validate():
             model.train(False)
             running_loss = 0.0
             for batch_index, batch in enumerate(val_loader):
                 x_batch, y_batch = batch[0].to(device), batch[1].to(device)
                 with torch.no_grad():
                     y_pred = model(x_batch)
                     loss = loss_fn(y_pred, y_batch)
                     running_loss += loss.item()
             avg_loss_across_batches = running_loss / len(val_loader)
             print('Val Loss: {0:.3f}'.format(avg_loss_across_batches))
```

localhost:8888/lab 6/29

```
for epoch in range(num_epochs):
    train(epoch)
    validate()
```

## Epoch: 1

C:\Users\neelr\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_38172\689428613.py:19: UserWarning: Conv
erting a tensor with requires\_grad=True to a scalar may lead to unexpected behavior.
Consider using tensor.detach() first. (Triggered internally at C:\actions-runner\\_wo
rk\pytorch\pytorch\pytorch\aten\src\ATen\native\Scalar.cpp:23.)
running\_loss += loss.item()

localhost:8888/lab 7/29

```
Batch 4, Loss: 0.549
Batch 8, Loss: 0.142
Batch 12, Loss: 0.281
Batch 16, Loss: 0.084
Val Loss: 0.041
*******************
Epoch: 2
Batch 4, Loss: 0.073
Batch 8, Loss: 0.125
Batch 12, Loss: 0.244
Batch 16, Loss: 0.089
Val Loss: 0.057
*****************
Epoch: 3
Batch 4, Loss: 0.080
Batch 8, Loss: 0.120
Batch 12, Loss: 0.233
Batch 16, Loss: 0.086
Val Loss: 0.051
*******************
Epoch: 4
Batch 4, Loss: 0.076
Batch 8, Loss: 0.120
Batch 12, Loss: 0.239
Batch 16, Loss: 0.085
Val Loss: 0.051
*****************
Epoch: 5
Batch 4, Loss: 0.076
Batch 8, Loss: 0.120
Batch 12, Loss: 0.236
Batch 16, Loss: 0.086
Val Loss: 0.052
****************
Epoch: 6
Batch 4, Loss: 0.076
Batch 8, Loss: 0.120
Batch 12, Loss: 0.236
Batch 16, Loss: 0.086
Val Loss: 0.051
*****************
Epoch: 7
Batch 4, Loss: 0.076
Batch 8, Loss: 0.120
```

localhost:8888/lab 8/29

```
Batch 12, Loss: 0.236
Batch 16, Loss: 0.086
Val Loss: 0.052
*******************
Epoch: 8
Batch 4, Loss: 0.076
Batch 8, Loss: 0.119
Batch 12, Loss: 0.236
Batch 16, Loss: 0.086
Val Loss: 0.052
*******************
Epoch: 9
Batch 4, Loss: 0.076
Batch 8, Loss: 0.119
Batch 12, Loss: 0.236
Batch 16, Loss: 0.085
Val Loss: 0.052
*******************
Epoch: 10
Batch 4, Loss: 0.076
Batch 8, Loss: 0.119
Batch 12, Loss: 0.235
Batch 16, Loss: 0.085
Val Loss: 0.052
*******************
Epoch: 11
Batch 4, Loss: 0.075
Batch 8, Loss: 0.118
Batch 12, Loss: 0.235
Batch 16, Loss: 0.085
Val Loss: 0.052
******************
Epoch: 12
Batch 4, Loss: 0.075
Batch 8, Loss: 0.117
Batch 12, Loss: 0.234
Batch 16, Loss: 0.085
Val Loss: 0.052
*******************
Epoch: 13
Batch 4, Loss: 0.075
Batch 8, Loss: 0.116
Batch 12, Loss: 0.234
```

localhost:8888/lab

Batch 16, Loss: 0.085

```
Val Loss: 0.052
*******************
Epoch: 14
Batch 4, Loss: 0.074
Batch 8, Loss: 0.115
Batch 12, Loss: 0.232
Batch 16, Loss: 0.084
Val Loss: 0.052
*****************
Epoch: 15
Batch 4, Loss: 0.073
Batch 8, Loss: 0.113
Batch 12, Loss: 0.231
Batch 16, Loss: 0.084
Val Loss: 0.052
*****************
Epoch: 16
Batch 4, Loss: 0.072
Batch 8, Loss: 0.111
Batch 12, Loss: 0.229
Batch 16, Loss: 0.083
Val Loss: 0.052
*******************
Epoch: 17
Batch 4, Loss: 0.071
Batch 8, Loss: 0.109
Batch 12, Loss: 0.226
Batch 16, Loss: 0.081
Val Loss: 0.051
*******************
Epoch: 18
Batch 4, Loss: 0.070
Batch 8, Loss: 0.106
Batch 12, Loss: 0.223
Batch 16, Loss: 0.080
Val Loss: 0.050
*******************
Epoch: 19
Batch 4, Loss: 0.069
Batch 8, Loss: 0.102
Batch 12, Loss: 0.219
Batch 16, Loss: 0.078
```

localhost:8888/lab 10/29

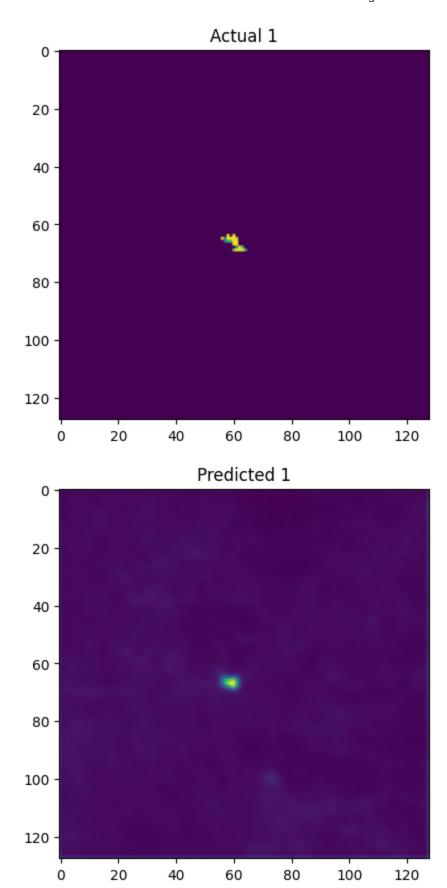
Val Loss: 0.049

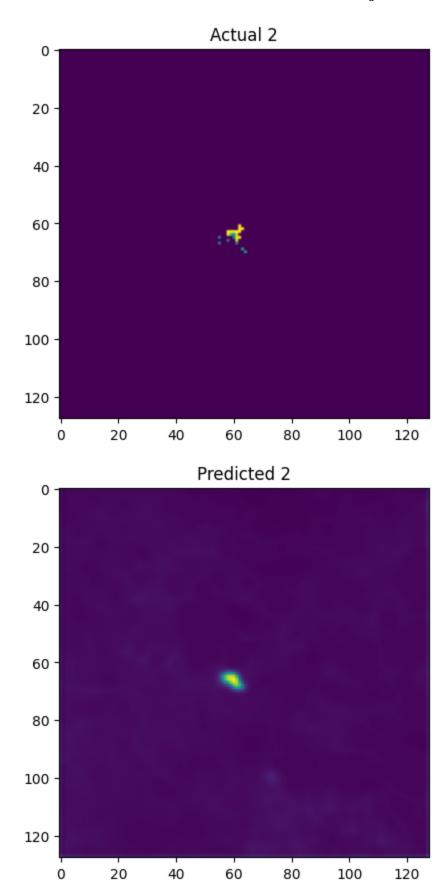
```
********************
Epoch: 20
Batch 4, Loss: 0.067
Batch 8, Loss: 0.099
Batch 12, Loss: 0.214
Batch 16, Loss: 0.075
Val Loss: 0.047
*******************
Epoch: 21
Batch 4, Loss: 0.066
Batch 8, Loss: 0.095
Batch 12, Loss: 0.208
Batch 16, Loss: 0.072
Val Loss: 0.045
*******************
Epoch: 22
Batch 4, Loss: 0.064
Batch 8, Loss: 0.092
Batch 12, Loss: 0.203
Batch 16, Loss: 0.070
Val Loss: 0.043
*****************
Epoch: 23
Batch 4, Loss: 0.061
Batch 8, Loss: 0.089
Batch 12, Loss: 0.197
Batch 16, Loss: 0.067
Val Loss: 0.040
*****************
Epoch: 24
Batch 4, Loss: 0.059
Batch 8, Loss: 0.085
Batch 12, Loss: 0.190
Batch 16, Loss: 0.063
Val Loss: 0.036
*******************
Epoch: 25
Batch 4, Loss: 0.053
Batch 8, Loss: 0.080
Batch 12, Loss: 0.180
Batch 16, Loss: 0.058
Val Loss: 0.033
*******************
```

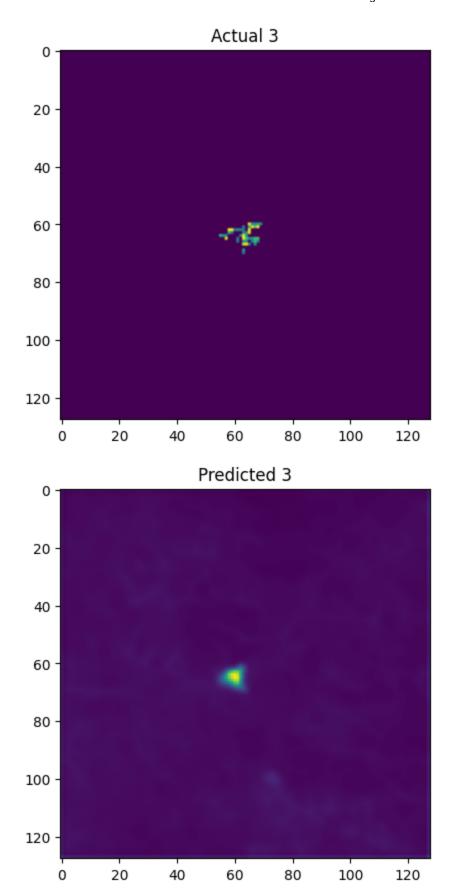
localhost:8888/lab 11/29

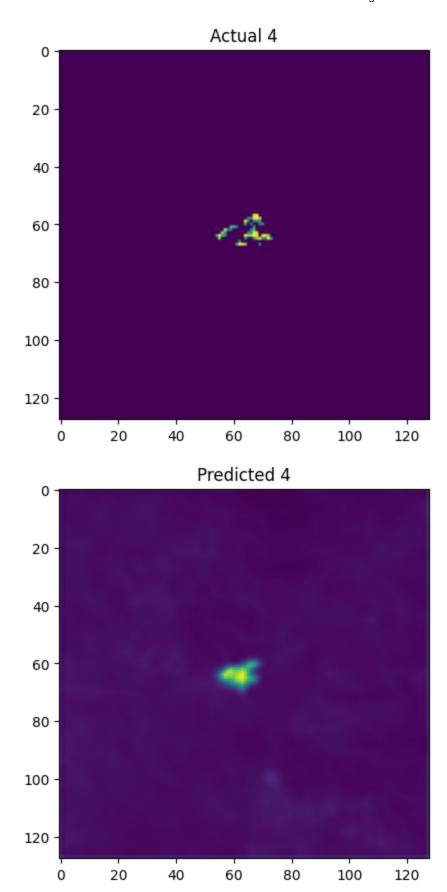
```
In [15]: for batch index, batch in enumerate(train loader):
             if batch index == 4:
                 x_batch, y_batch = batch[0].to(device), batch[1].to(device)
                 y pred = model(x batch)
                 print("found")
                 break
        found
In [16]: torch.max(y_batch), torch.max(y_pred), torch.min(y_batch), torch.min(y_pred)
Out[16]: (tensor(0.9261, device='cuda:0'),
          tensor(0.5746, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>),
           tensor(0., device='cuda:0'),
           tensor(0.0054, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MinBackward1>))
In [17]: y_batch_np = y_batch.cpu().detach().numpy()
         y_pred_np = y_pred.cpu().detach().numpy()
         y pred avg = (np.min(y pred np) + np.max(y pred np)) / 2.0
         \#y\_pred\_np = (y\_pred\_np - 0.0) / (0.65 - 0.0)
         y_batch_np.shape, y_pred_np.shape
Out[17]: ((8, 1, 128, 128), (8, 1, 128, 128))
In [18]: np.max(y_pred_np), np.min(y_pred np)
Out[18]: (np.float32(0.57463396), np.float32(0.005351367))
In [19]: splt_val = 0.15
         for i in range(y_batch_np.shape[0]):
             plt.figure()
             plt.title(f"Actual {i + 1}")
             plt.imshow(y_batch_np[i, 0])
             plt.figure()
             plt.title(f"Predicted {i + 1}")
             val = y_pred_np[i, 0]
             plt.imshow(np.piecewise(val, [val < splt_val, val >= splt_val], [0, 1]))
             plt.imshow(val)
```

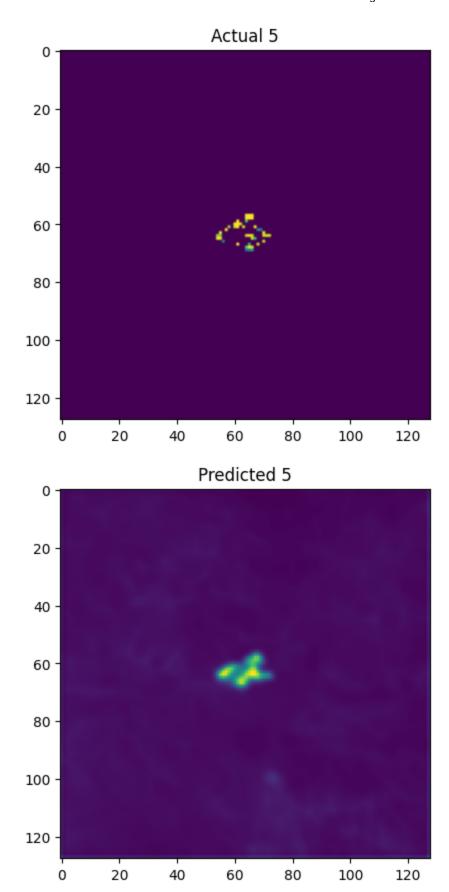
localhost:8888/lab 12/29

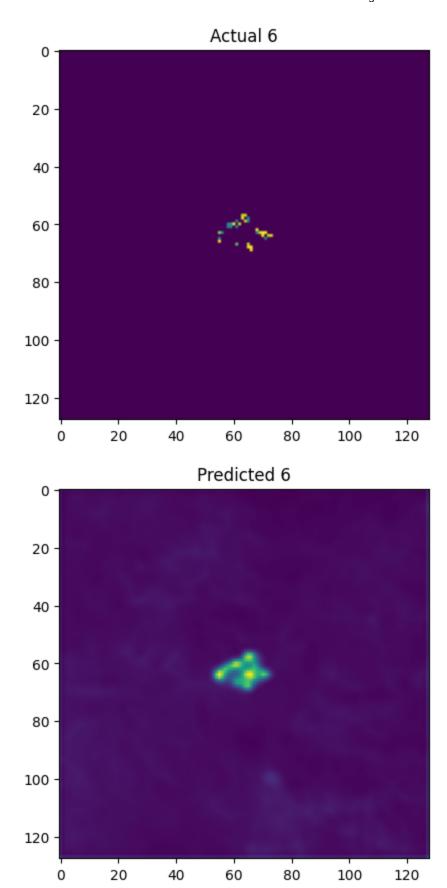


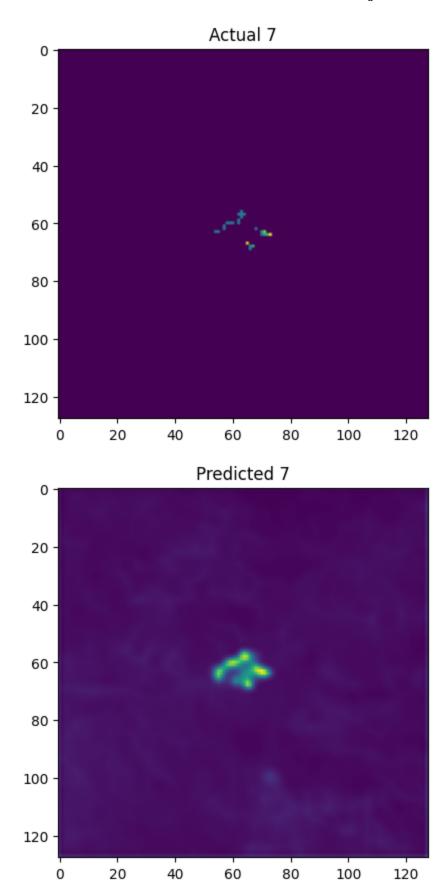


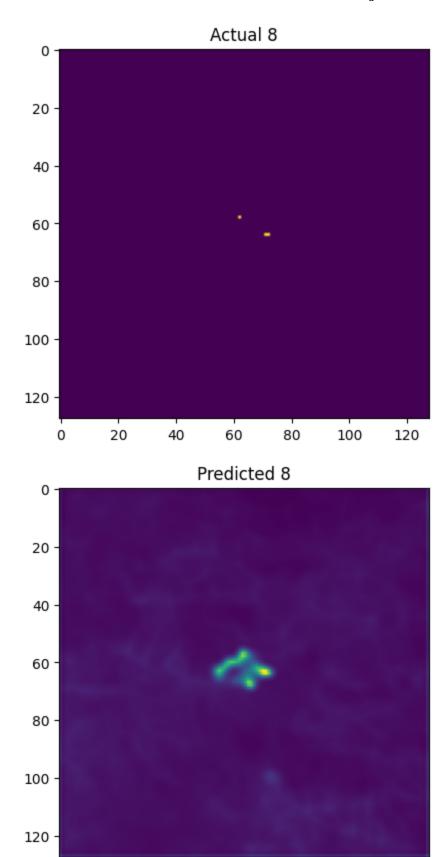












```
In [20]: for batch_index, batch in enumerate(val_loader):
    if batch_index == 2:
        x_batch, y_batch = batch[0].to(device), batch[1].to(device)
```

localhost:8888/lab 20/29

```
y_pred = model(x_batch)
print("found")
break

print(torch.max(y_batch), torch.max(y_pred), torch.min(y_batch), torch.min(y_pred))

y_batch_np = y_batch.cpu().detach().numpy()

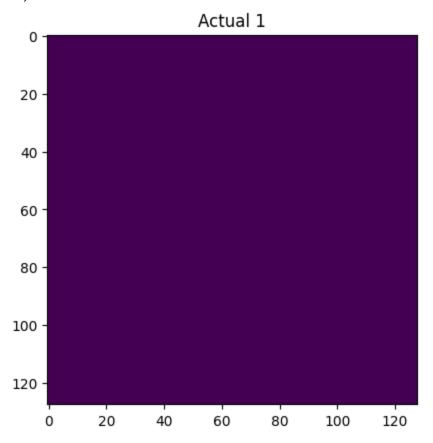
y_pred_np = y_pred.cpu().detach().numpy()

for i in range(y_batch_np.shape[0]):
    plt.figure()
    plt.title(f"Actual {i + 1}")
    plt.imshow(y_batch_np[i, 0])

plt.figure()
    plt.title(f"Predicted {i + 1}")
    #plt.imshow(np.piecewise(y_pred_np[i, 0], [y_pred_np[i, 0] < 0.08, y_pred_np[i, 0])</pre>
```

## found

tensor(0.9098, device='cuda:0') tensor(0.2802, device='cuda:0', grad\_fn=<MaxBackward
1>) tensor(0., device='cuda:0') tensor(0.0020, device='cuda:0', grad\_fn=<MinBackward
1>)



localhost:8888/lab 21/29

100 -

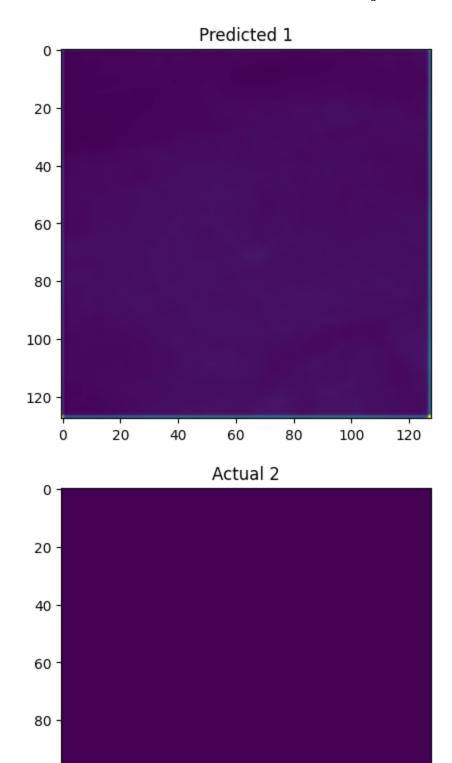
120 -

0

20

40

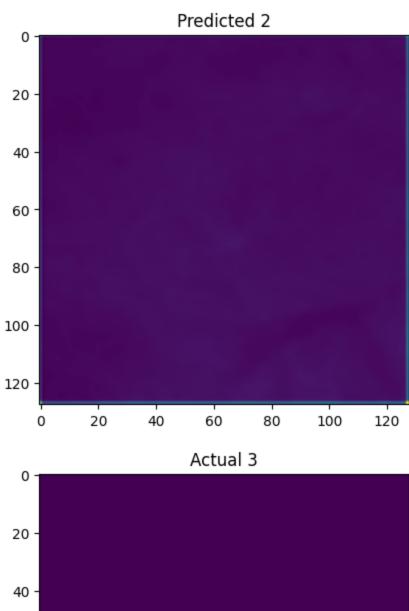
60

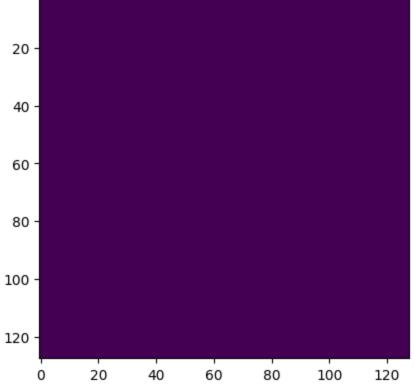


80

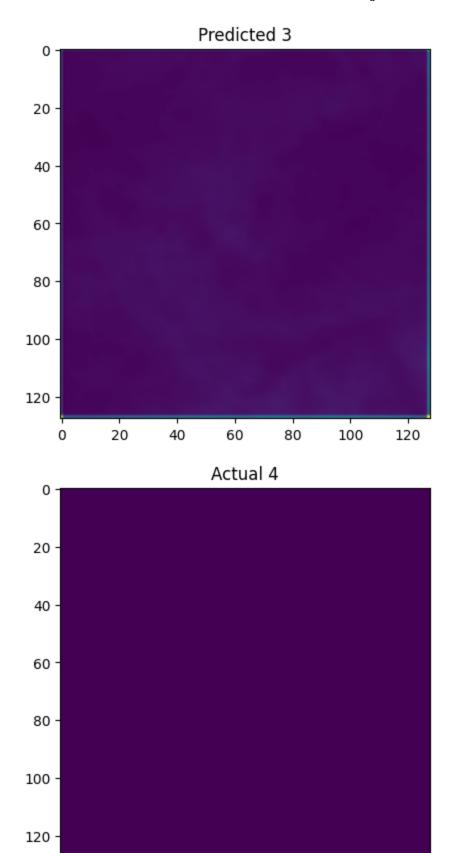
100

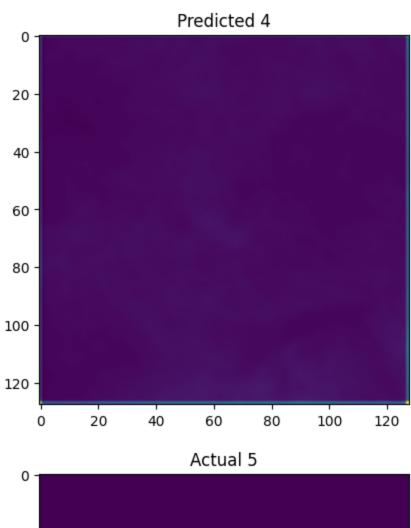
120

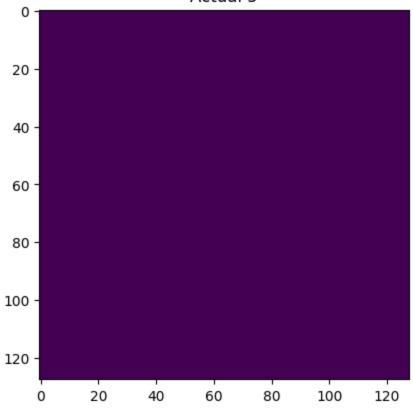


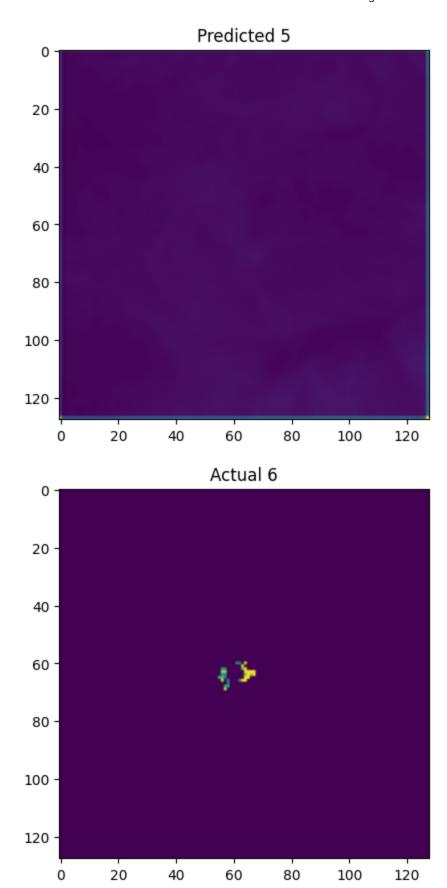


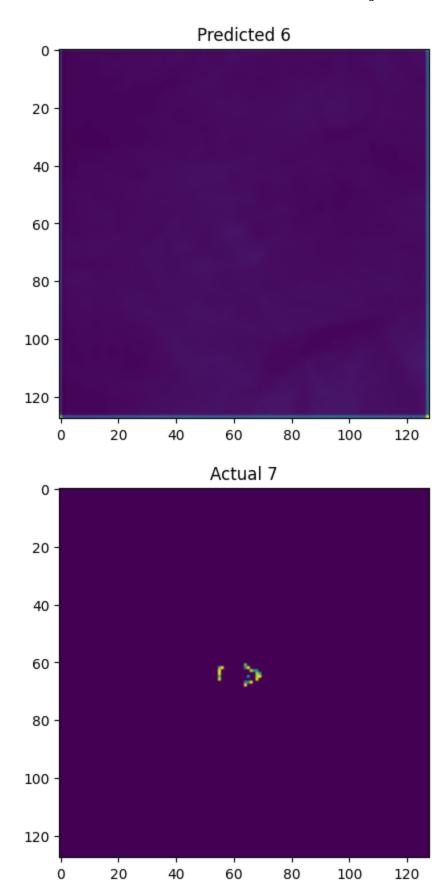
localhost:8888/lab 23/29

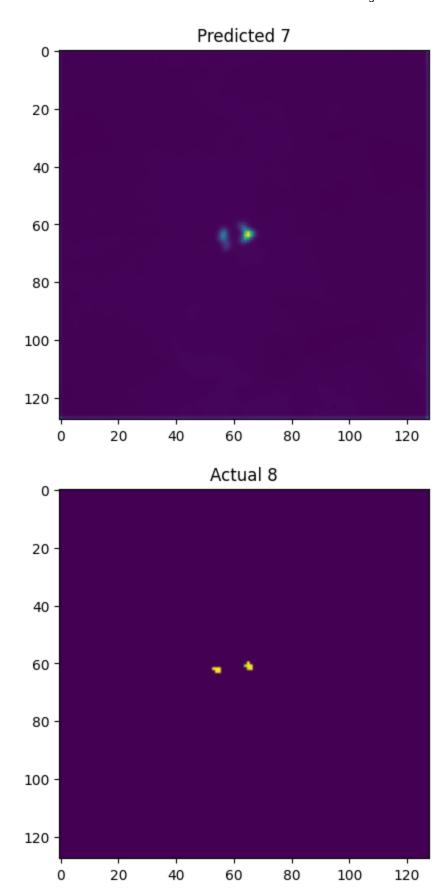


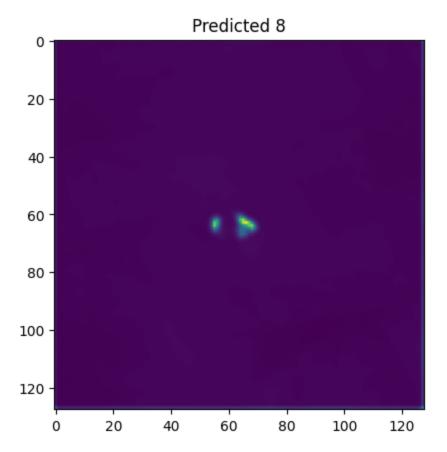












In [ ]:

localhost:8888/lab 29/29