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/ [Week 3: Analysis of Algorithms Exercise Quiz](#)

<b>Started on</b>	Wednesday, 15 February 2023, 08:18
<b>State</b>	Finished
<b>Completed on</b>	Wednesday, 15 February 2023, 08:48
<b>Time taken</b>	29 mins 43 secs
<b>Marks</b>	4.30/6.00
<b>Grade</b>	7.16 out of 10.00 (72%)

### Question 1

Partially correct

Mark 0.33 out of 1.00

Select **all** correct estimates for  $f(N) = 2N^2 \cdot \log_2 N + 8N^2$ .

Select one or more:

- ☐ a.  $f \in O(N)$  for  $N \geq 1$ .
- ☒ b.  $f \in O(N \cdot \log_2 N)$  for  $N \geq 1$ .
- ☐ c.  $f \in O(N^2)$  for  $N \geq 1$ .
- ☒ d.  $f \in O(N^2 \cdot \log_2 N)$  for  $N \geq 2$ .
- ☐ e.  $f \in O(N^3)$  for  $N \geq 1$ .
- ☐ f.  $f \in O((N-1) \cdot (N-1) \cdot \log_2 N)$  for  $N \geq 2$ .

×

✓

Your answer is partially correct.

You have correctly selected 1.

The correct answers are:  $f \in O(N^2 \cdot \log_2 N)$  for  $N \geq 2$ ,  $f \in O(N^3)$  for  $N \geq 1$ ,  $f \in O((N-1) \cdot (N-1) \cdot \log_2 N)$  for  $N \geq 2$ .

↑

## Question 2

Partially correct

Mark 0.71 out of 1.00

Give the tilde approximations for the following quantities:

$n^{100}/2^n$	<input type="text" value="~(n^{100}+1)/2^n"/>	✓
$(1 + 1/n)(1 + 2/n)$	<input type="text" value="~2n^3"/>	✗
$2n^3 - 15n^2 + n$	<input type="text" value="~2n^3"/>	✓
$1 + 1/n$	<input type="text" value="~1"/>	✓
$n + 1$	<input type="text" value="~n"/>	✓
$\lg(n^2 + 1)/\lg n$	<input type="text" value="~2"/>	✓
$\lg(2n)/\lg n$	<input type="text" value="~\log(n)"/>	✗

Your answer is partially correct.

You have correctly selected 5.

The correct answer is:  $n^{100}/2^n \rightarrow \sim(n^{100}+1)/2^n$ ,  $(1 + 1/n)(1 + 2/n) \rightarrow \sim 1$ ,  $2n^3 - 15n^2 + n \rightarrow \sim 2n^3$ ,  $1 + 1/n \rightarrow \sim 1$ ,  $n + 1 \rightarrow \sim n$ ,  $\lg(n^2 + 1)/\lg n \rightarrow \sim 2$ ,  $\lg(2n)/\lg n \rightarrow \sim 1$



## Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let  $n > 1$ . Give the tightest, correct estimate for the order of growth (as a function of  $n$ ) of the running time of the following code fragment:

```
// java
int sum = 0;
for (int i = n; i > 0; i--)
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        sum++;
```

```
# python
sum = 0
i = n
while i > 0:
    j = 0
    while j < n:
        sum += 1
        j += 1
    i -= 1
```

Select one:

- ☐  $O(\log_2 n)$
- ☐  $O(n^3)$
- ☐  $O(n)$
- ☐  $O(n \cdot \log_2 n)$
- ☐  $O(1)$
- ☒  $O(n^2)$



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:  $O(n^2)$ 

## Question 4

Partially correct

Mark 0.25 out of 1.00

Let  $n > 2$ . Select **all** correct estimates for the order of growth (as a function of  $n$ ) of the running time of the following code fragment:

```
// java
int sum = 0;
for (int k = n; k > 0; k /= 2)
    for (int i = 0; i < k; i++)
        sum++;
```

```
# python
sum = 0
k = n
while k > 0:
    i = 0
    while i < k:
        sum += 1
        i += 1
    k //= 2
```

Select one or more:

- ☒  $O(n \cdot \log_2 n)$
- ☐  $O(1)$
- ☐  $O(n^3)$
- ☐  $O(\log_2 n)$
- ☐  $O(n)$
- ☐  $O(n^2)$



Your answer is partially correct.

You have correctly selected 1.

The correct answers are:  $O(n)$ ,  $O(n \cdot \log_2 n)$ ,  $O(n^2)$ ,  $O(n^3)$



## Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let  $n > 1$ . Give the tightest, correct estimate for the order of growth (as a function of  $n$ ) of the running time of the following code fragment:

```
// java
int sum = 0;
for (int i = 1; i < n; i *= 2)
    for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
        sum++;
```

```
# python
sum = 0
i = 1
while i < n:
    j = 0
    while j < i:
        sum += 1
        j += 1
    i *= 2
```

Select one:

- ☐  $O(\log_2 n)$
- ☐  $O(n^2)$
- ☐  $O(n^3)$
- ☐  $O(1)$
- ☒  $O(n)$
- ☐  $O(n \cdot \log_2 n)$



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:  $O(n)$



## Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let  $n > 1$ . Give the tightest, correct estimate for the order of growth (as a function of  $n$ ) of the running time of the following code fragment:

```
int sum = 0;
for (int i = 1; i < n; i *= 2)
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        sum++;
```

```
sum = 0
i = 1
while i < n:
    j = 0
    while j < n:
        sum += 1
        j += 1
    i *= 2
```

Select one:

- ☐  $O(1)$
- ☐  $O(n^3)$
- ☐  $O(n^2)$
- ☒  $O(n \cdot \log_2 n)$
- ☐  $O(n)$
- ☐  $O(\log_2 n)$



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:  $O(n \cdot \log_2 n)$ 