COMP1204: Data Management Coursework One: Hurricane Monitoring

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February 27, 2024

1 Introduction

As data scientists for the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration Centre, I was assigned to the tropical cyclone tracking team. As a data scientist I have been tasked with extracting storm data from the tropical cyclone reports and producing maps of where the cyclones have taken place.

2 Create CSV Script

Here's my script:

```
create csv.sh
#!/bin/bash
csv_input_path=$1
tmp_csv_output=$2
echo "Timestamp, Latitude, Longitude, MinSeaLevelPressure, MaxIntensity" > $tmp_csv_output
\label{linear_self_dtg} $$ dtg="$(grep -R "<dtg>" $csv_input_path | sed 's/.*<dtg>//g' | sed 's/[</dtg>]//g')" $$
grep -R "<lat>" $csv_input_path| sed 's/.*<lat>//g' | sed 's/[</lat>]//g' > lat.csv
grep -R "<lon>" $csv_input_path | sed 's/.*<lon>//g' | sed 's/[</lon>]//g' > lon.csv
sed 's/[</minSeaLevelPres>]//g' > minSeaLevelPres.csv
grep -R "<intensity>" $csv_input_path | sed 's/.*<intensity>//g' | /
sed 's/[</intensity>]//g' > intensity.csv
lat="$(sed "s/$/ N/" lat.csv)"
lon="$(sed "s/$/ W/" lon.csv)"
minSeaLevelPres="$(sed "s/$/ mb/" minSeaLevelPres.csv)"
maxIntensity="$(sed "s/$/ knots/" intensity.csv)"
paste -d',' <(echo "$dtg") <(echo "$lat") <(echo "$lon") <(echo "$minSeaLevelPres") \
<(echo "$maxIntensity") >> $tmp_csv_output
rm lat.csv
rm lon.csv
rm minSeaLevelPres.csv
rm intensity.csv
#I used / to continue command on next line
```

I will now explain my code in small boxes each in its own independent sections:

```
#!/bin/bash
2 csv_input_path=$1
3 tmp_csv_output=$2

#/bin/bash
tells the terminal that when you run the script it should use bash to execute it
csv_input_path=$1
tmp_csv_output=$2

These two lines of code allow inputs to be enntered into the script
```

```
Second part of the code
1 echo "Timestamp, Latitude, Longitude, MinSeaLevelPressure, MaxIntensity" > $tmp_csv_output
2 dtg="$(grep -R "<dtg>" $csv_input_path | sed 's/.*<dtg>//g' | sed 's/[</dtg>]//g')"
3 grep -R "<lat>" csv_iput_path| sed 's/.*<lat>//g' | sed 's/[</lat>]//g' > lat.csv
4 grep -R "<lon>" $csv_input_path | sed 's/.*<lon>//g' | sed 's/[</lon>]//g' > lon.csv
5 grep -R "<minSeaLevelPres>" $csv_input_path | sed 's/.*<minSeaLevelPres>//g' | \
6 sed 's/[</minSeaLevelPres>]//g' > minSeaLevelPres.csv
7 grep -R "<intensity>" $csv_input_path | sed 's/.*<intensity>//g' | \
8 sed 's/[</intensity>]//g' > intensity.csv
echo "Timestamp, Latitude, Longitude, MinSea Level Pressure, Max Intensity" > $tmp csv output
This command prints the tag headers
dtg="$(grep -R "<dtg>" $csv input path | sed 's/.*<dtg>//g' | sed 's/[</dtg>]//g')"
The code creates variable dtg, we grep the kml file inputted at $1 and search recursively for
keyword <dtg>. The sed 's/.*<dtg>//g' command would replace any character and its occurences
with an empty space including anything before the pattern.
the sed 's/[</dtg>]//g' command would replace any characters between the [], so < / d t g >
to an empty character and the g stands for global.
grep -R "<lat>" $csv input path | sed 's/.*<lat>//g' | sed 's/[</lat>|//g' > lat.csv
grep recursively keyword < lat> from the kml file inputted
The sed 's/.*<dtg>//g' command would replace any character and its occurences
with an empty space including anything before the pattern.
The sed 's/[</lat>]//g' command would replace any characters between the [], so < / l a t >
The outcome is then appended to a file called lat.csv for later use. This same code is then run
on the rest of the tag headers Longitude, MinSeaLevelPressure and MaxIntensity.
```

Third part of the code

- 1 lat="\$(sed "s/\$/ N/" lat.csv)"
- 2 lon="\$(sed "s/\$/ W/" lon.csv)"
- 3 minSeaLevelPres="\$(sed "s/\$/ mb/" minSeaLevelPres.csv)"
- 4 maxIntensity="\$(sed "s/\$/ knots/" intensity.csv)"

lat = "(sed"s// N/" lat.csv)"

New variable lat is created which uses sed and adds on each line (\$) " N" from file lat.csv This is then run on each line of code for longitude, minSeaLevelPres and maxIntensity for their respective unit of measure.

Fourth part of the code

```
1 paste -d',' <(echo "$dtg") <(echo "$lat") <(echo "$lon") <(echo "$minSeaLevelPres")
2 <(echo "$maxIntensity") >> $tmp_csv_output
```

paste -d',' <(echo "\$dtg") <(echo "\$lat") <(echo "\$lon") <(echo "\$minSeaLevelPres") / <(echo "\$maxIntensity") \$tmp_csv_output

3 Storm Plots

3.1 Storm Plot 1

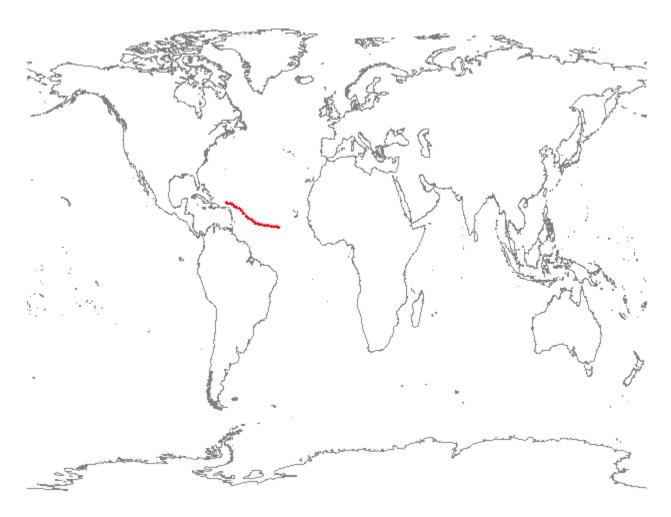


Figure 1: al112020.kml

3.2 Storm Plot 2

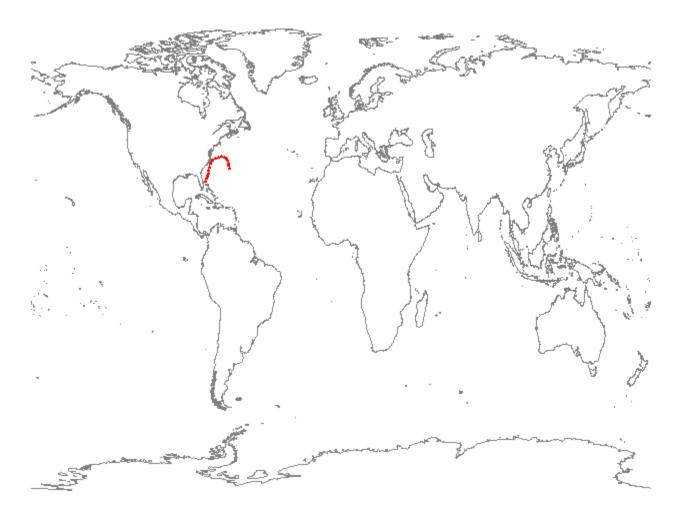


Figure 2: al012020.kml

3.3 Storm Plot 3

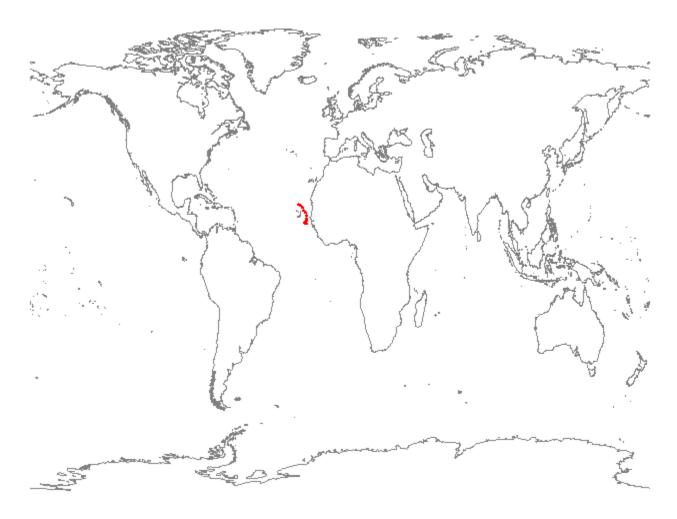


Figure 3: al102020.kml

4 Git Usage

```
Python Code for Plotting CSV Data
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import os
        import glob
        import math
        user_key = 1773
        def plot_all_csv_pressure():
           path = os.getcwd()
           csv_files = glob.glob(os.path.join(path, '*.csv'))
           for f in csv_files:
                storm = pd.read_csv(f)
                storm['Pressure'].plot()
                plt.show()
        def plot_all_csv_intensity():
           path = os.getcwd()
           csv_files = glob.glob(os.path.join(path, '*.csv'))
           for f in csv_files:
                storm = pd.read_csv(f)
                storm['Intensity'].plot()
                plt.show()
```