

Write a generic data type for a deque and a randomized queue. The goal of this assignment is to implement elementary data structures using arrays and linked lists, and to introduce you to generics and iterators.

```
public class Deque<Item> implements Iterable<Item> {
    public Deque() // construct an empty deque
    public boolean isEmpty() // is the deque empty?
    public int size() // return the number of items on the deque
    public void addFirst(Item item) // insert the item at the front
    public void addLast(Item item) // insert the item at the end
    public Item removeFirst() // delete and return the item at the front
    public Item removeLast() // delete and return the item at the end
    public Iterator<Item> iterator() // return an iterator over items in order from front to end
    public static void main(String[] args) // unit testing
}
```

Your deque implementation must support each deque operation in *constant worst-case time* and use space proportional to the number of items *currently* in the deque. Additionally, your iterator implementation must support the operations `next()` and `hasNext()` (plus construction) in constant worst-case time and use a constant amount of extra space per iterator.

```
public class RandomizedQueue<Item> implements Iterable<Item> {
    public RandomizedQueue()           // construct an empty randomized queue
    public boolean isEmpty()            // is the queue empty?
    public int size()                   // return the number of items on the queue
    public void enqueue(Item item)      // add the item
    public Item dequeue()               // delete and return a random item
    public Item sample()                // return (but do not delete) a random item
    public Iterator<Item> iterator()    // return an independent iterator over items in random order
    public static void main(String[] args) // unit testing
}
```

Your randomized queue implementation must support each randomized queue operation (besides creating an iterator) in *constant amortized time* and use space proportional to the number of items *currently* in the queue. That is, any sequence of M randomized queue operations (starting from an empty queue) should take at most cM steps in the worst case, for some constant c . Additionally, your iterator implementation must support construction in time linear in the number of items and it must support the operations `next()` and `hasNext()` in constant worst-case time; you may use a linear amount of extra memory per iterator. The order of two or more iterators to the same randomized queue should be *mutually independent*; each iterator must maintain its own random order.

% echo A B C D E F G H I java Subset 3	% echo AA BB BB BB BB BB CC CC java Subset 8
C	BB
G	AA
A	BB
	CC
% echo A B C D E F G H I java Subset 3	BB
E	BB
F	CC
G	BB

```
public class Subset {
    public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
}
```

Deliverables. Submit only `Deque.java`, `RandomizedQueue.java`, and `Subset.java`. We will supply `stdlib.jar`. You may not call any library functions other than those in `java.lang` and `stdlib.jar`.