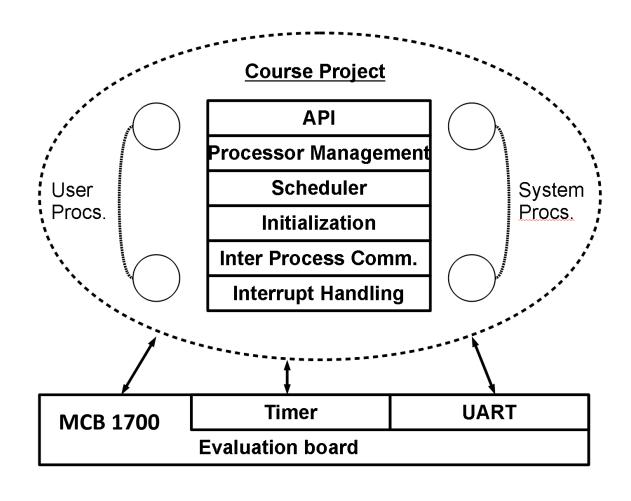
# SE350 – Project Overview and Memory Management

**Nabil Drawil** 

#### **Functional Overview**



#### Deliverables

| Project Parts  | Requirements  | Submissions                    | Deadlines             |
|----------------|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| RTX Project P1 | Memory management<br>(data structure + APIs)<br>Specified processes in the<br>SPECs as well as few<br>testing processes | Source code +<br>Documentation | Jan. 31 <sup>st</sup> |
| RTX Project P2 | Simplified version of the RTX   | Source code +<br>Documentation | Mar. 07 <sup>th</sup> |
| RTX Project P3 | Final version of the TTX  | Source code +<br>Documentation | Mar. 25 <sup>th</sup> |
| RTX Project P4 | Final project documents   | Documentation                  | Apr. 04 <sup>th</sup> |

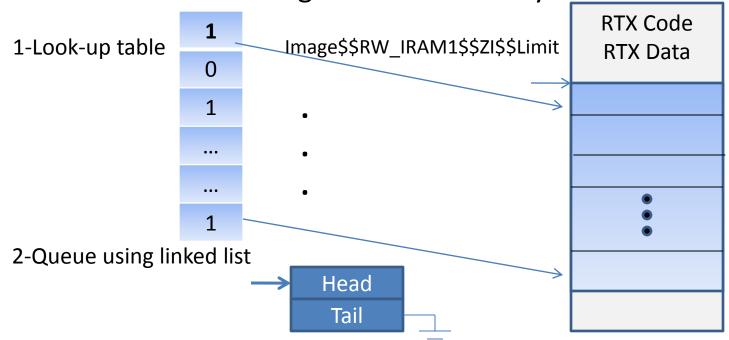
#### Memory Management

- In order to facilitate inter-process communications, messages are required
- Messages are basically memory blocks granted by the OS
- Memory blocks should be collected by the OS after they have been used
- The OS returns the released blocks to the free memory space

### Memory Management

- Free Memory Space
  - Where does it start?
  - Initialization

Data structure to organize the memory utilization



#### Request Memory Block

Pseudo code:

```
void * s_request_memory_block()
{
    search for free memory block in the pool;
    if (no memory block is available)
        return NULL;
    else
        update the data structure;
        return a pointer to the memory block;
}
```

## Release Memory Block

Pseudo code

```
int s_release_memory_block(void* memory_block)
{
     if (memory block pointer is not valid)
        return ErrorCode;
     Add memory block to the pool;
     Update datastructure;
     returen SuccessCode;
}
```

# Questions?