VGG16: Deep Neural Network for Image Classification

05/31/2019

Oxford Visual Geometry Group (VGG)

VGG16 Deep Convolutional Neural Network (Deep CNN)

- Keras VGG-16: 16 trainable layers (13 convolutional, plus 3 MLP classifier layers)
- 138.4 million parameters (Total params: 138,357,544)
- Convolutional base only (13 layers) Total params: 14,714,688
- Pre-trained on ImageNet classification 1,000 output image classes
- Main arguments: include_top=True/False, input_shape=(224, 224, 3) (optional)
- Final feature map output shape (7, 7, 512)

VGG16 and VGG19 developed by the Oxford Visual Geometry Group (VGG), 2012 - 2014. ImageNet performance (ICLR 2015):

- Top-1 accuracy of 75/2% (24.8 error rate)
- Top-5 accuracy of 92.5% (7.5% error rate)

Very Deep Convolutional Networks for Large-Scale Image Recognition, Karen Simonyan & Andrew Zisserman, Visual Geometry Group, Department of Engineering Science, University of Oxford, ICLR 2015. (https://arxiv.org/abs/1409.1556 (https://arxiv.org/abs/1409.1556))

VGG16 ImageNet image classification

VGG16 was state of the art in 2014. Newer deep network architectures, with far fewer parameters, and training and inference time requirements, outperform VGG16 in 2019 on ImageNet and other tasks.

accuracies (document values, refs):

- Inception V3
- Xception
- ResNet (2015)
- SSD (2018)
- YOLOv3 (11/2018)
- EfficientNet (05/2019)

VGG-16 Architecture

VGG-16 has 13 Conv2D layers, 5 MaxPooling2D, 1 flatten, and 3 output classifier layers (Dense):

```
(2) Conv2D-1 - Conv2D-2 - MaxPooling2D
(2) Conv2D-1 - Conv2D-2 - MaxPooling2D
(3) Conv2D-1 - Conv2D-2 - Conv2D-3 - MaxPooling2D
(3) Conv2D-1 - Conv2D-2 - Conv2D-3 - MaxPooling2D
(3) Conv2D-1 - Conv2D-2 - Conv2D-3 - MaxPooling2D
flatten (Flatten)
fc1 (Dense) - fc2 (Dense) - predictions (Dense)
```

Other pre-trained CNN models part of keras.applications:

• VGG-16, VGG-19, ResNet-50, Inception, Inception-ResNet, Xception.

```
In [1]: # Using TF 1.13.1; TF 2.0.0-alpha0 not compatible
    import numpy as np
    import cv2
    from datetime import datetime

    import tensorflow as plt

    import tensorflow.keras as keras

from tensorflow.keras import models
    from tensorflow.keras import layers
    from tensorflow.keras import optimizers
    from tensorflow.keras import backend as K
    from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
    from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator

print("TensorFlow:", tf.__version__, "Keras:", keras.__version__)
```

TensorFlow: 1.13.1 Keras: 2.2.4-tf

```
In [2]: # VGG16 Full Pre-Trained Network (Keras)
    from tensorflow.keras.applications import VGG16
    from tensorflow.keras.applications.vgg16 import preprocess_input, decode_predictions
    vgg16_full = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=True, input_shape=(224, 224, 3))
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /Users/nelson/dev/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/tensorflow/python/ops/resource_variable_ops.py:435: colocate_with (from tensorflow.python.framework.ops) is deprecated a nd will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Colocations handled automatically by placer.

VGG16 weights (553 MB size):

553 MB VGG16 model download the first time VGG16() is called from Keras.

In [3]: vgg16_full.summary()

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<pre>input_1 (InputLayer)</pre>	(None, 224, 224, 3)	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 56, 56, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 28, 28, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 7, 7, 512)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 25088)	0

fc1 (Dense)	(None, 4096)	102764544
fc2 (Dense)	(None, 4096)	16781312
predictions (Dense)	(None, 1000)	4097000

Total params: 138,357,544
Trainable params: 138,357,544

Non-trainable params: 0

VGG16 input/output tensors and classifier

VGG16 convolutional base input tensor (images): (_, 224, 224, 3)

input_1 (InputLayer) (None, 224, 224, 3)

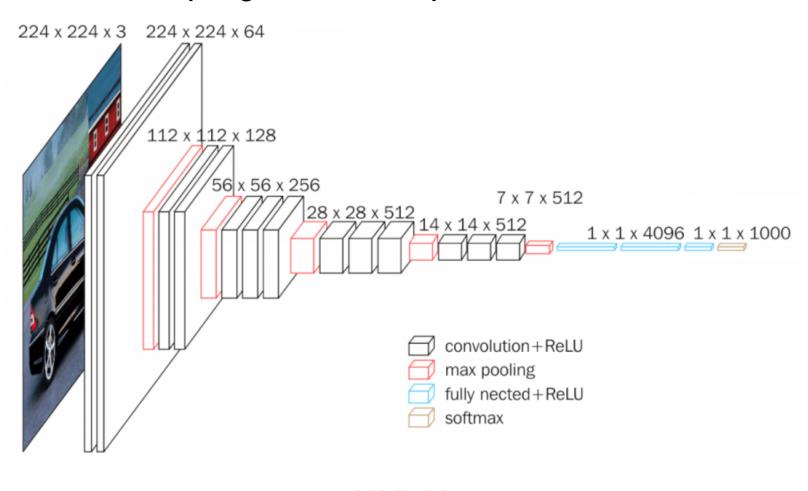
VGG16 convolutional base output tensor: (_, 7, 7, 512)

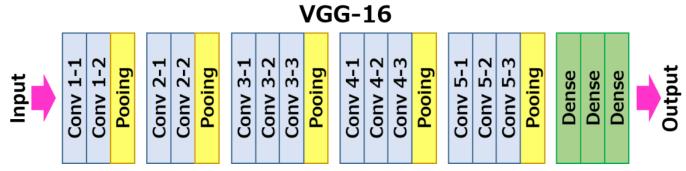
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D) (None, 7, 7, 512) 0

VGG16 output classifier input tensor (features): (_, 7, 7, 512)

flatten (Flatten) (None, 25088) 0
fc1 (Dense) (None, 4096) 102764544
fc2 (Dense) (None, 4096) 16781312
predictions (Dense) (None, 1000) 4097000

VGG16 Architecture (ImageNet classifier)





```
In [4]: # vgg16_full
    print("VGG16 Layers")
    layer = vgg16_full.layers[0]
    for layer in vgg16_full.layers:
        print(layer)
```

VGG16 Layers

```
<tensorflow.python.keras.engine.input layer.InputLayer object at 0xb35dbf9e8>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36b76748>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0x10c6b3ba8>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.pooling.MaxPooling2D object at 0xb36b76eb8>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36ba9e48>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36bd8c50>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.pooling.MaxPooling2D object at 0xb36c36ba8>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36c1ed68>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36c56da0>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36c965f8>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.pooling.MaxPooling2D object at 0xb36cd1240>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36cd1208>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36d04d68>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36d3d048>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.pooling.MaxPooling2D object at 0xb36d79c88>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36d61c18>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36d98da0>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.convolutional.Conv2D object at 0xb36dd63c8>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.pooling.MaxPooling2D object at 0xb36decf98>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.core.Flatten object at 0xb36e0e898>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.core.Dense object at 0xb36e2aba8>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.core.Dense object at 0xb36e45b70>
<tensorflow.python.keras.layers.core.Dense object at 0xb36e2ab00>
```

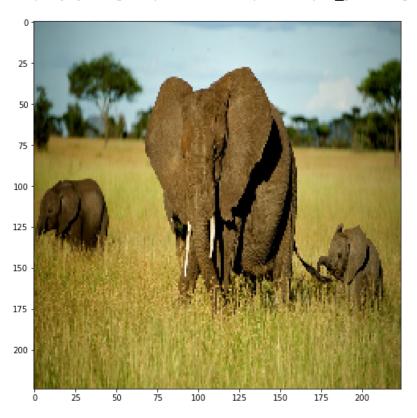
```
In [5]: # Load some test images for predictions with VGG16
        image dir = './data/images/'
        image fns = ['african elephant.jpg', 'indian elephant.jpg', 'cat.1.jpg', 'cat.2.jpg',
                  'dog.66.jpg', 'dog.166.jpg']
        image_fns_wrong = ['african_elephant.jpg', 'indian_elephant.jpg', 'cat.1.jpg', 'cat.2.jpg',
                  'dog.66.jpg', 'dog.166.jpg', 'giraffe.jpg', 'man.jpg', 'woman.jpg']
        image fns mix = ['african elephant.jpg',
                          'african elephant people.jpg', 'african elephant jeep.jpg',
                          'dog bike truck.jpg', 'giraffe zebra.jpg',
                         'person horse dog.jpg', 'man woman.jpg']
        image fns art = ['art/dama sentada.jpg', 'art/scream.jpg']
        # PIL images resized to 224x224
        # Alternatives: resize to smaller dimension (width, height), crop center instead
        images = []
        for image_fn in image_fns_mix:
            img = image.load img(image dir+image fn, target size=(224, 224))
            img arr = np.array(img)
            images.append(img arr)
        images arr = np.array(images) \# /255
        images pre = preprocess input(images arr * 1)
        print("images arr.shape:", images arr.shape)
```

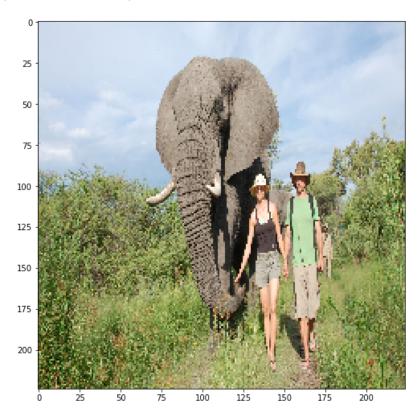
images_arr.shape: (7, 224, 224, 3)

In [6]: # VGG16 preprocessed images reshaped and streched to (224, 224, 3)

image, preprocessed images_pre
print("images[0].shape:", images[0].shape, end=' - ')
print("images_pre.shape:", images_pre.shape)
plt.figure(figsize=(18,10))
plt.subplot(121)
plt.imshow(images[0])
plt.subplot(122)
plt.imshow(images[1])
plt.show();

images[0].shape: (224, 224, 3) - images_pre.shape: (7, 224, 224, 3)

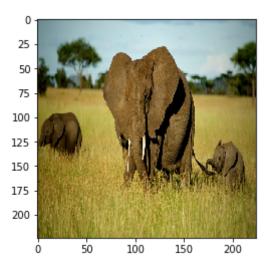




```
In [7]: # Predict classes for loaded images
        predictions = vgg16 full.predict(images pre, steps=1)
        print("shape:", predictions.shape)
        print("argmax[0]:", np.argmax(predictions[0]))
        print(predictions)
        shape: (7, 1000)
        argmax[0]: 386
        [4.60237670e-09 \ 1.11573875e-11 \ 2.53057453e-11 \ ... \ 2.81511014e-09
          9.52526591e-09 1.46931145e-091
         [1.34543268e-06\ 9.10646114e-10\ 2.31577624e-09\ \dots\ 6.98862195e-08
          8.21964647e-08 9.80019532e-09]
         [9.29580946e-09 8.72959760e-11 4.27643504e-10 ... 7.91589572e-10
          9.35444500e-10 9.31806521e-10]
         [1.24174633e-07 2.25469449e-07 2.04179130e-07 ... 1.13140766e-06
          1.37783873e-05 2.84834073e-06]
         [1.04798099e-08 \ 4.55719729e-09 \ 1.18309423e-07 \ \dots \ 7.96514055e-09
          4.42225144e-07 2.28499016e-06]
         [2.44380345e-07 2.66996665e-07 4.40396661e-07 ... 1.97017403e-06
          5.18206471e-05 7.71542022e-04]]
In [8]: # Top 5 predictions for images[0]
        top 5 = tf.keras.applications.vgg16.decode predictions(predictions, top=5)
        for class id, name, y proba in top 5[0]:
            print(" {} - {:12s} {:.2f}%".format(class id, name, y proba * 100))
        print()
         n02504458 - African elephant 69.72%
         n01871265 - tusker
                                   19.20%
         n02504013 - Indian elephant 6.60%
         n02410509 - bison
         n02437312 - Arabian camel 0.43%
```

```
In [9]: # Top 5 predictions for all images
top_5 = tf.keras.applications.vgg16.decode_predictions(predictions, top=5)
for image_index in range(len(images)):
    print("Image {}".format(image_index))
    plt.imshow(images[image_index])
    plt.show()
    for class_id, name, y_proba in top_5[image_index]:
        print(" {} - {:12s} {:.2f}%".format(class_id, name, y_proba * 100))
    print()
```

Image 0



n02504458 - African_elephant 69.72%

n01871265 - tusker

19.20%

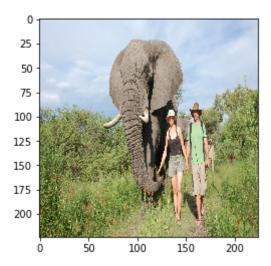
n02504013 - Indian_elephant 6.60%

n02410509 - bison

3.56%

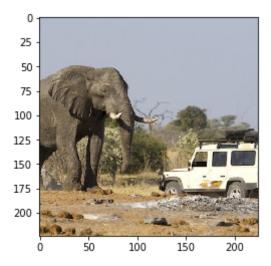
n02437312 - Arabian_camel 0.43%

Image 1



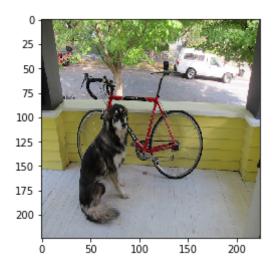
n01871265 - tusker 53.20% n02504458 - African_elephant 43.39% n02504013 - Indian_elephant 3.27% n01704323 - triceratops 0.08% n02963159 - cardigan 0.01%

Image 2



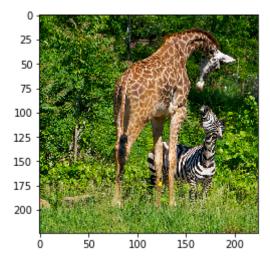
n02504458 - African_elephant 86.31% n01871265 - tusker 11.22% n02504013 - Indian_elephant 2.44% n03594945 - jeep 0.01% n02486410 - baboon 0.00%

Image 3



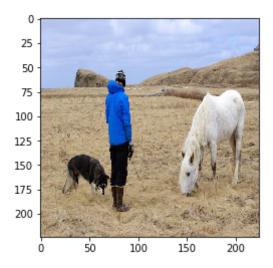
n02110063 - malamute 32.37% n02110185 - Siberian_husky 21.75% n02109961 - Eskimo_dog 15.27% n03218198 - dogsled 5.32% n02106166 - Border_collie 4.22%

Image 4



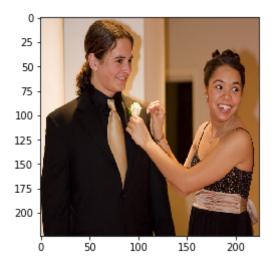
n02391049	_	zebra	43.26%
n01518878	_	ostrich	28.91%
n02130308	_	cheetah	8.68%
n02423022	_	gazelle	6.10%
n02422699	_	impala	2.27%

Image 5



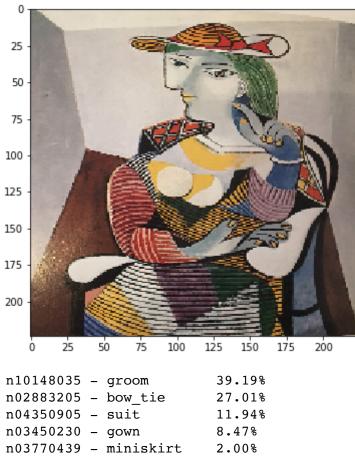
n02437616	_	llama	68	3.91%
n02105412	_	kelpie	6.	04%
n02111500	_	Great_Pyrene	es	4.89%
n02412080	-	ram	4.	70%
n02104029	_	kuvasz	4.	.00%

Image 6



n10148035	- groom	39.19%
n02883205	<pre>- bow_tie</pre>	27.01%
n04350905	- suit	11.94%
n03450230	- gown	8.47%
n03770439	- miniskirt	2.00%

image path: ./data/images/art/dama_sentada.jpg



VGG16 Transfer learning: Custom output classifier

Using VGG16 convolutional base + Dense 25088 x 256 x 1 classifier

- 13 convolutional layers from VGG16
- · 2 fully-connected layers of binary output classifier
- Trainable params: 21,137,729 (14,714,688 base; 6,423,041 classifier)
- · Image input shape does not affect size of the network, only size of output feature tensor

VGG16 base (59 MB)

59 MB model download the first time VGG16 base is called from Keras.

Model: "vgg16_base_224"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
<pre>input_1 (InputLayer)</pre>	(None,	224, 224, 3)	0
•••			
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None,	7, 7, 512)	0
Total params: 14,714,688 Trainable params: 14,714,688 Non-trainable params: 0			

Output shape

```
vgg16_base_224.output_shape: ( _, 7, 7, 512)
```

In [13]: vgg16_base_224.summary()

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 224, 224, 3)	0
block1_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	1792
block1_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 64)	36928
block1_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 112, 112, 64)	0
block2_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	73856
block2_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 128)	147584
block2_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 56, 56, 128)	0
block3_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	295168
block3_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 56, 56, 256)	590080
block3_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 28, 28, 256)	0
block4_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	1180160
block4_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 512)	2359808
block4_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	0
block5_conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_conv3 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 512)	2359808
block5_pool (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 7, 7, 512)	0

Total params: 14,714,688
Trainable params: 14,714,688

Non-trainable params: 0

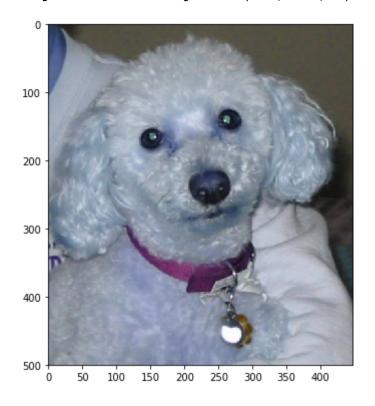
Kaggle image classification challenge: sample dogs vs. cats

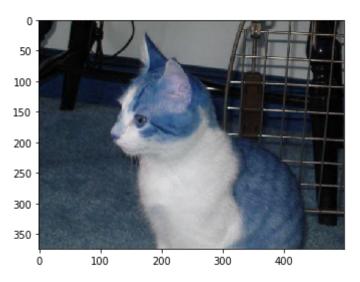
- Kaggle competition URL: https://kaggle.com/c/dogs-vs-cats (https://kaggle.com/c/dogs-vs-cats)
- dogs vs. cats data: https://kaggle.com/c/dogs-vs-cats/data (https://kaggle.com/c/dogs-vs-cats/data)

Based on *Deep Learning with Python*, François Chollet, 2017, Manning Publications, (Chapter 5) https://www.amazon.com/Deep-Learning-Python-Francois-Chollet/dp/1617294438 (https://www.amazon.com/Deep-Learning-Python-Francois-Chollet/dp/1617294438)

```
In [14]: # Sample kaggle/dogs-vs-cats images
         kaggle dogcats dir = '/Users/nelson/dev/datasets/cv/kaggle/dogs-vs-cats small/'
         train dir = os.path.join(kaggle dogcats dir, 'train/')
         dog fns = os.listdir(train dir + 'dogs')
         cat fns = os.listdir(train dir + 'cats')
         dog img = cv2.imread(train_dir + 'dogs/' + dog_fns[0])
         cat img = cv2.imread(train_dir + 'cats/' + cat_fns[0])
         print("dog img.shape:", dog img.shape, end=' - ')
         print("cat img.shape:", cat img.shape)
         print("images will be reshaped to (224, 224, 3)")
         plt.figure(figsize=(12,10))
         plt.subplot(121)
         plt.imshow(dog img)
         plt.subplot(122)
         plt.imshow(cat img)
         plt.show();
```

dog_img.shape: (500, 448, 3) - cat_img.shape: (375, 499, 3)
images will be reshaped to (224, 224, 3)





MLP Dense 25088 x 256 x 1 output classifier for VGG16 top layer

MLP Dense 25088 x 256 x 1 binary classifier - model.summary:

Layer (type)	Output	Shape 	Param #
dense_6 (Dense)	(None,	256)	6422784
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_7 (Dense)	(None,	1)	257

Total params: 6,423,041

Trainable params: 6,423,041

Non-trainable params: 0

vgg16_features_shape: (7, 7, 512)
mlp_input_shape: 25088

In [17]: # MLP summary mlp.summary()

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 256)	6422784
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	257

Total params: 6,423,041 Trainable params: 6,423,041 Non-trainable params: 0

VGG16 Image Preprocessing

Preprocess image dataset with vgg16_base pretrained VGG16 model head.

Input image size: (224, 224, 3)Output feature size: (7, 7, 512)

```
In [18]: # Image feature extraction
         # kaggle dogcats dir = '/Users/nelson/dev/datasets/cv/kaggle/dogs-vs-cats small'
         train dir = os.path.join(kaggle dogcats dir, 'train')
         validation dir = os.path.join(kaggle dogcats dir, 'validation')
         test_dir = os.path.join(kaggle_dogcats_dir, 'test')
         datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
         batch size = 20
         def extract features(directory, sample count):
             # features = np.zeros(shape=(sample count, 4, 4, 512))
             features = np.zeros(shape=(sample count, 7, 7, 512))
             labels = np.zeros(shape=(sample count))
             generator = datagen.flow from directory(
                 directory,
                 target_size=(224, 224),
                 batch size=batch size,
                 class mode='binary') # TBD: ImageDataGenerator, make multinomial
             i = 0
             for inputs batch, labels batch in generator:
                 features batch = vgg16 base 224.predict(inputs batch)
                 features[i * batch size : (i + 1) * batch size] = features batch
                 labels[i * batch size : (i + 1) * batch size] = labels batch
                 i += 1
                 if i * batch size >= sample count:
                     break
             return features, labels
         # Timing
         start time = datetime.now()
         print("VGG16 conv base Start:", str(start time))
         train features, train labels = extract features(train dir, 2000)
         train time = datetime.now()
         print("Training features done:", str(train time))
         validation features, validation labels = extract features(validation dir, 1000)
         val time = datetime.now()
         print("Validation features done:", str(val time))
         test features, test labels = extract features(test dir, 1000)
```

```
# Time
         end time = datetime.now()
         print("Test features done/End:", str(end_time))
         print("VGG16 conv base Total seconds:", str(end time-start time))
         str(start_time), str(end_time), (end_time-start_time)
         VGG16 conv base Start: 2019-07-24 06:05:10.639047
         Found 2000 images belonging to 2 classes.
         Training features done: 2019-07-24 06:13:25.406459
         Found 1000 images belonging to 2 classes.
         Validation features done: 2019-07-24 06:17:40.675229
         Found 1000 images belonging to 2 classes.
         Test features done/End: 2019-07-24 06:21:56.844798
         VGG16 conv base Total seconds: 0:16:46.205751
Out[18]: ('2019-07-24 06:05:10.639047',
          '2019-07-24 06:21:56.844798',
          datetime.timedelta(seconds=1006, microseconds=205751))
```

VGG16 Base: Time for feature extraction (CPU)

- 4,000 total images (2,000 training, 1,000 validation, 1,000 test)
- 224 x 224 x 3 resolution

Total time: 15:51 minutes (1010 seconds) - 0.25 s/image (on CPU, i7 quad-core)

```
In [19]: # Features shape: VGG16 conv_base output feature map shape (7, 7, 512)
    print("train_features.shape:", train_features.shape)
    print("validation_features.shape:", validation_features.shape)

    train_features.shape: (2000, 7, 7, 512)
    validation_features.shape: (1000, 7, 7, 512)
    test_features.shape: (1000, 7, 7, 512)
```

```
In [20]: # Reshape features: extracted features from (samples, 7, 7, 512) to (samples, 25088)
    train_features = np.reshape(train_features, (2000, 7*7*512))
    validation_features = np.reshape(validation_features, (1000, 7*7*512))
    test_features = np.reshape(test_features, (1000, 7*7*512))
    print("MLP reshaped train_features.shape:", train_features.shape)
```

MLP reshaped train_features.shape: (2000, 25088)

Output MLP Classifier Training and Evaluation

Train output MLP Classifier with pre-processed image from VGG16 model head.

- Classifier input feature size: (4, 4, 512)
- · Output: MLP sigmoid output Dense layer

```
Train on 2000 samples, validate on 1000 samples
Epoch 1/20
0.2900 - val acc: 0.8920
Epoch 2/20
0.2628 - val acc: 0.8970
Epoch 3/20
0.2366 - val acc: 0.9030
Epoch 4/20
0.2304 - val acc: 0.9050
Epoch 5/20
0.2416 - val acc: 0.8950
Epoch 6/20
0.2158 - val acc: 0.9070
Epoch 7/20
0.2068 - val acc: 0.9120
Epoch 8/20
0.2022 - val acc: 0.9150
Epoch 9/20
0.2193 - val acc: 0.9080
Epoch 10/20
0.2259 - val acc: 0.9020
Epoch 11/20
0.2030 - val acc: 0.9130
Epoch 12/20
0.2047 - val acc: 0.9110
Epoch 13/20
0.2104 - val acc: 0.9090
Epoch 14/20
0.2110 - val acc: 0.9090
```

```
Epoch 15/20
0.2104 - val acc: 0.9140
Epoch 16/20
0.2095 - val acc: 0.9120
Epoch 17/20
0.2059 - val acc: 0.9170
Epoch 18/20
0.2084 - val acc: 0.9170
Epoch 19/20
0.2207 - val acc: 0.9160
Epoch 20/20
0.2161 - val acc: 0.9220
MLP Dense 25088*256*1 - Total seconds: 0:01:06.887846
```

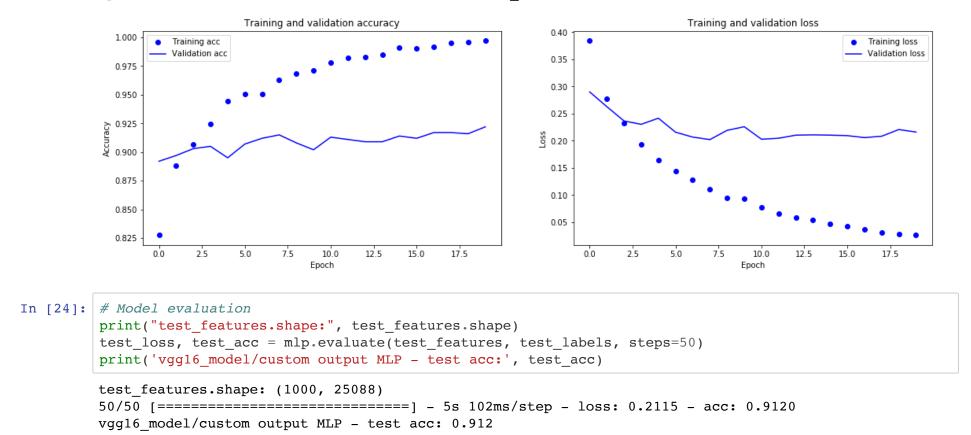
MLP output classifier: Time for classification (CPU)

- 2,000 training images; 1,000 validation images
- 25,088 (7x7x512) input feature vector
- Binary output, epochs=20, batch_size=20

Total time: 1:06 minutes (66 seconds)

```
In [23]: # Visualize accuracy, loss on training and validation sets
         acc = history.history['acc']
         val acc = history.history['val acc']
         loss = history.history['loss']
         val loss = history.history['val loss']
         epochs = range(len(acc))
         accuracy template = "Epochs: {}, Best acc: {}, Best val acc: {}"
         print(accuracy template.format(len(epochs), np.max(acc), np.max(val acc)))
         plt.figure(figsize=(18,5))
         plt.subplot(121)
         plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label='Training acc')
         plt.plot(epochs, val acc, 'b', label='Validation acc')
         plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
         plt.xlabel('Epoch')
         plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
         plt.legend()
         plt.subplot(122)
         plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label='Training loss')
         plt.plot(epochs, val loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
         plt.title('Training and validation loss')
         plt.xlabel('Epoch')
         plt.ylabel('Loss')
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
```

Epochs: 20, Best acc: 0.996999979019165, Best val acc: 0.921999990940094



Custom trained VGG16 image classifier

Test set accuracy: 91.2%

Evaluation test time

- 1,000 test images
- Total time: 1:39 minutes (5 seconds) 5 miliseconds/image

```
In [ ]:
```