

Problem 2099: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum

Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an integer array

`nums`

and an integer

`k`

. You want to find a

subsequence

of

`nums`

of length

`k`

that has the

largest

sum.

Return

any

such subsequence as an integer array of length

k

.

A

subsequence

is an array that can be derived from another array by deleting some or no elements without changing the order of the remaining elements.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [2,1,3,3], k = 2

Output:

[3,3]

Explanation:

The subsequence has the largest sum of $3 + 3 = 6$.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [-1,-2,3,4], k = 3

Output:

[-1,3,4]

Explanation:

The subsequence has the largest sum of $-1 + 3 + 4 = 6$.

Example 3:

Input:

nums = [3,4,3,3], k = 2

Output:

[3,4]

Explanation:

The subsequence has the largest sum of $3 + 4 = 7$. Another possible subsequence is [4, 3].

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 1000$

-10

5

$\leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq k \leq \text{nums.length}$

Code Snippets

C++:

```

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> maxSubsequence(vector<int>& nums, int k) {

    }
};

```

Java:

```

class Solution {
    public int[] maxSubsequence(int[] nums, int k) {

    }
}

```

Python3:

```

class Solution:
    def maxSubsequence(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> List[int]:

```

Python:

```

class Solution(object):
    def maxSubsequence(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: List[int]
        """

```

JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var maxSubsequence = function(nums, k) {

};

```

TypeScript:

```
function maxSubsequence(nums: number[], k: number): number[] {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int[] MaxSubsequence(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
/**  
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().  
 */  
int* maxSubsequence(int* nums, int numsSize, int k, int* returnSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func maxSubsequence(nums []int, k int) []int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun maxSubsequence(nums: IntArray, k: Int): IntArray {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func maxSubsequence(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> [Int] {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn max_subsequence(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> Vec<i32> {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer[]}  
def max_subsequence(nums, k)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer[]  
     */  
    function maxSubsequence($nums, $k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    List<int> maxSubsequence(List<int> nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def maxSubsequence(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Array[Int] = {  
  
    }
```

```
}  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec max_subsequence(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: [integer]  
  def max_subsequence(nums, k) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec max_subsequence(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> [integer()].  
max_subsequence(Nums, K) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (max-subsequence nums k)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?))  
  )
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
class Solution {
```

```

public:
vector<int> maxSubsequence(vector<int>& nums, int k) {

}

};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public int[] maxSubsequence(int[] nums, int k) {

}

}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
"""

class Solution:
def maxSubsequence(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> List[int]:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```


Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def maxSubsequence(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: List[int]
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
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 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
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 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var maxSubsequence = function(nums, k) {

};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */
```

```
function maxSubsequence(nums: number[], k: number): number[] {

};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

public class Solution {
    public int[] MaxSubsequence(int[] nums, int k) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
int* maxSubsequence(int* nums, int numsSize, int k, int* returnSize) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func maxSubsequence(nums []int, k int) []int {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun maxSubsequence(nums: IntArray, k: Int): IntArray {

    }
}
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Swift Solution:

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class Solution {
    func maxSubsequence(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> [Int] {

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```
// Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
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impl Solution {
    pub fn max_subsequence(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> Vec<i32> {
```

```
}  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer[]}  
def max_subsequence(nums, k)  
  
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
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    function maxSubsequence($nums, $k) {  
  
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```

Dart Solution:

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Scala Solution:

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object Solution {  
    def maxSubsequence(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Array[Int] = {  
  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec max_subsequence(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: [integer]
  def max_subsequence(nums, k) do

  end
end
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Erlang Solution:

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-spec max_subsequence(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> [integer()].
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```
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