

Problem 1347: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given two strings of the same length

s

and

t

. In one step you can choose

any character

of

t

and replace it with

another character

.

Return

the minimum number of steps

to make

t

an anagram of

s

.

An

Anagram

of a string is a string that contains the same characters with a different (or the same) ordering.

Example 1:

Input:

s = "bab", t = "aba"

Output:

1

Explanation:

Replace the first 'a' in t with b, t = "bba" which is anagram of s.

Example 2:

Input:

s = "leetcode", t = "practice"

Output:

5

Explanation:

Replace 'p', 'r', 'a', 'i' and 'c' from t with proper characters to make t anagram of s.

Example 3:

Input:

s = "anagram", t = "mangaar"

Output:

0

Explanation:

"anagram" and "mangaar" are anagrams.

Constraints:

$1 \leq s.length \leq 5 * 10$

4

s.length == t.length

s

and

t

consist of lowercase English letters only.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minSteps(string s, string t) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int minSteps(String s, String t) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def minSteps(self, s: str, t: str) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def minSteps(self, s, t):  
        """  
        :type s: str  
        :type t: str  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string} s  
 * @param {string} t  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var minSteps = function(s, t) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function minSteps(s: string, t: string): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int MinSteps(string s, string t) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int minSteps(char* s, char* t) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func minSteps(s string, t string) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun minSteps(s: String, t: String): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func minSteps(_ s: String, _ t: String) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```

impl Solution {
  pub fn min_steps(s: String, t: String) -> i32 {

  }
}

```

Ruby:

```

# @param {String} s
# @param {String} t
# @return {Integer}
def min_steps(s, t)

end

```

PHP:

```

class Solution {

  /**
   * @param String $s
   * @param String $t
   * @return Integer
   */
  function minSteps($s, $t) {

  }
}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
  int minSteps(String s, String t) {

  }
}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def minSteps(s: String, t: String): Int = {

  }
}

```

```
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec min_steps(s :: String.t, t :: String.t) :: integer
  def min_steps(s, t) do

  end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec min_steps(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), T :: unicode:unicode_binary())
-> integer().
min_steps(S, T) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (min-steps s t)
  (-> string? string? exact-integer?)
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public:
```

```
int minSteps(string s, string t) {

}

};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public int minSteps(String s, String t) {

}

}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: string, hash

Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
"""

class Solution:
def minSteps(self, s: str, t: str) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass
```

Python Solution:


```

class Solution(object):
    def minSteps(self, s, t):
        """
        :type s: str
        :type t: str
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, hash
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 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
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/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @param {string} t
 * @return {number}
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var minSteps = function(s, t) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram
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 * Tags: string, hash
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 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

function minSteps(s: string, t: string): number {

```

```
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram
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 * Tags: string, hash
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 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
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 */

public class Solution {
    public int MinSteps(string s, string t) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

int minSteps(char* s, char* t) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram
// Difficulty: Medium
```

```

// Tags: string, hash
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

func minSteps(s string, t string) int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun minSteps(s: String, t: String): Int {

    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func minSteps(_ s: String, _ t: String) -> Int {

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```

Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Minimum Number of Steps to Make Two Strings Anagram
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// Tags: string, hash
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impl Solution {
    pub fn min_steps(s: String, t: String) -> i32 {

    }
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s
# @param {String} t
# @return {Integer}
def min_steps(s, t)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @param String $t
     * @return Integer
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Dart Solution:

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class Solution {
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