

# Problem 3576: Transform Array to All Equal Elements

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 32.77%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Greedy

## Problem Description

You are given an integer array `nums` of size `n` containing only `1` and `-1`, and an integer `k`.

You can perform the following operation at most `k` times:

\* Choose an index `i` ( $0 \leq i < n - 1$ ), and **multiply** both `nums[i]` and `nums[i + 1]` by `-1`.

**Note** that you can choose the same index `i` more than once in **different** operations.

Return `true` if it is possible to make all elements of the array **equal** after at most `k` operations, and `false` otherwise.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `nums = [1,-1,1,-1,1]`, `k = 3`

**Output:** `true`

**Explanation:**

We can make all elements in the array equal in 2 operations as follows:

\* Choose index `i = 1`, and multiply both `nums[1]` and `nums[2]` by `-1`. Now `nums = [1,1,-1,-1,1]`. \* Choose index `i = 2`, and multiply both `nums[2]` and `nums[3]` by `-1`. Now

```
`nums = [1,1,1,1,1]`.
```

**\*\*Example 2:\*\***

**\*\*Input:\*\*** nums = [-1,-1,-1,1,1,1], k = 5

**\*\*Output:\*\*** false

**\*\*Explanation:\*\***

It is not possible to make all array elements equal in at most 5 operations.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1 <= n == nums.length <= 105` \* `nums[i]` is either -1 or 1. \* `1 <= k <= n`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    bool canMakeEqual(vector<int>& nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean canMakeEqual(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def canMakeEqual(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> bool:
```