

Problem 2239: Find Closest Number to Zero

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 47.55%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array

Problem Description

Given an integer array `nums` of size `n`, return the number with the value **closest** to `0` in `nums`. If there are multiple answers, return the number with the **largest** value.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [-4,-2,1,4,8]` **Output:** `1` **Explanation:** The distance from `-4` to `0` is $|-4| = 4$. The distance from `-2` to `0` is $|-2| = 2$. The distance from `1` to `0` is $|1| = 1$. The distance from `4` to `0` is $|4| = 4$. The distance from `8` to `0` is $|8| = 8$. Thus, the closest number to `0` in the array is `1`.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [2,-1,1]` **Output:** `1` **Explanation:** `1` and `-1` are both the closest numbers to `0`, so `1` being larger is returned.

Constraints:

`1 <= n <= 1000` `-105 <= nums[i] <= 105`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
```

```
int findClosestNumber(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
}  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int findClosestNumber(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findClosestNumber(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```