

# Problem 3642: Find Books with Polarized Opinions

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Table:

books

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | book\_id | int | | title |  
varchar | | author | varchar | | genre | varchar | | pages | int | +-----+-----+ book\_id is  
the unique ID for this table. Each row contains information about a book including its genre  
and page count.

Table:

reading\_sessions

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | session\_id | int | |  
book\_id | int | | reader\_name | varchar | | pages\_read | int | | session\_rating | int |  
+-----+-----+ session\_id is the unique ID for this table. Each row represents a  
reading session where someone read a portion of a book. session\_rating is on a scale of 1-5.

Write a solution to find books that have

polarized opinions

- books that receive both very high ratings and very low ratings from different readers.

A book has polarized opinions if it has

at least one rating  $\geq 4$

and

at least one rating  $\leq 2$

Only consider books that have

at least

5

reading sessions

Calculate the

rating spread

as (

highest\_rating - lowest\_rating

)

Calculate the

polarization score

as the number of extreme ratings (

ratings  $\leq 2$  or  $\geq 4$

) divided by total sessions

Only include

books where

polarization score  $\geq 0.6$

(at least

60%

extreme ratings)

Return

the result table ordered by polarization score in

descending

order, then by title in

descending

order

.

The result format is in the following example.

Example:

Input:

books table:

book_id	title	author	genre	pages
1	The Great Gatsby	F. Scott	Fiction	180
2	To Kill a Mockingbird	Harper Lee	Fiction	281
3	1984	George Orwell	Dystopian	328
4	Pride and Prejudice	Jane Austen	Romance	432
5	The Catcher in the Rye	J.D. Salinger	Fiction	277

reading\_sessions table:

	session_id	book_id	reader_name	pages_read	session_rating																																																																																												
Alice	50	5	2	1	Bob	60	1	3	1	Carol	40	4	4	1	David	30	2	5	1	Emma	45	5	6	2	Frank	80	4	7	2	Grace	70	4	8	2	Henry	90	5	9	2	Ivy	60	4	10	2	Jack	75	4	11	3	Kate	100	2	12	3	Liam	120	1	13	3	Mia	80	2	14	3	Noah	90	1	15	3	Olivia	110	4	16	3	Paul	95	5	17	4	Quinn	150	3	18	4	Ruby	140	3	19	5	Sam	80	1	20	5	Tara	70	2

Output:

book_id	title	author	genre	pages	rating_spread	polarization_score
1	The Great Gatsby	F. Scott	Fiction	180	4	1.00
3	1984	George Orwell	Dystopian	328	4	1.00

Explanation:

The Great Gatsby (book\_id = 1):

Has 5 reading sessions (meets minimum requirement)

Ratings: 5, 1, 4, 2, 5

Has ratings  $\geq 4$ : 5, 4, 5 (3 sessions)

Has ratings  $\leq 2$ : 1, 2 (2 sessions)

Rating spread:  $5 - 1 = 4$

Extreme ratings ( $\leq 2$  or  $\geq 4$ ): All 5 sessions (5, 1, 4, 2, 5)

Polarization score:  $5/5 = 1.00$  ( $\geq 0.6$ , qualifies)

1984 (book\_id = 3):

Has 6 reading sessions (meets minimum requirement)

Ratings: 2, 1, 2, 1, 4, 5

Has ratings  $\geq 4$ : 4, 5 (2 sessions)

Has ratings  $\leq 2$ : 2, 1, 2, 1 (4 sessions)

Rating spread:  $5 - 1 = 4$

Extreme ratings ( $\leq 2$  or  $\geq 4$ ): All 6 sessions (2, 1, 2, 1, 4, 5)

Polarization score:  $6/6 = 1.00$  ( $\geq 0.6$ , qualifies)

Books not included:

To Kill a Mockingbird (book\_id = 2): All ratings are 4-5, no low ratings ( $\leq 2$ )

Pride and Prejudice (book\_id = 4): Only 2 sessions ( $< 5$  minimum)

The Catcher in the Rye (book\_id = 5): Only 2 sessions ( $< 5$  minimum)

The result table is ordered by polarization score in descending order, then by book title in descending order.

## Code Snippets

### MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

### MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

### PostgreSQL:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```

### Oracle:

```
/* Write your PL/SQL query statement below */
```

### Pandas:

```
import pandas as pd

def find_polarized_books(books: pd.DataFrame, reading_sessions: pd.DataFrame)
-> pd.DataFrame:
```

## Solutions

### MySQL Solution:

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