

Problem 1272: Remove Interval

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 67.02%

Paid Only: Yes

Tags: Array

Problem Description

A set of real numbers can be represented as the union of several disjoint intervals, where each interval is in the form $[a, b)$. A real number x is in the set if one of its intervals $[a, b)$ contains x (i.e. $a \leq x < b$).

You are given a **sorted** list of disjoint intervals `intervals` representing a set of real numbers as described above, where `intervals[i] = [ai, bi]` represents the interval $[ai, bi)$. You are also given another interval `toBeRemoved`.

Return the set of real numbers with the interval `toBeRemoved` **removed** from `intervals`. In other words, return the set of real numbers such that every x in the set is in `intervals` but **not** in `toBeRemoved`. Your answer should be a **sorted** list of disjoint intervals as described above.

Example 1:

Input: `intervals = [[0,2],[3,4],[5,7]]`, `toBeRemoved = [1,6]` **Output:** `[[0,1],[6,7]]`

Example 2:

Input: `intervals = [[0,5]]`, `toBeRemoved = [2,3]` **Output:** `[[0,2],[3,5]]`

Example 3:

****Input:**** intervals = [[-5,-4],[-3,-2],[1,2],[3,5],[8,9]], toBeRemoved = [-1,4] ****Output:****
[[-5,-4],[-3,-2],[4,5],[8,9]]

****Constraints:****

*`1 <= intervals.length <= 104` *`-109 <= ai < bi <= 109`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<vector<int>> removeInterval(vector<vector<int>>& intervals,
    vector<int>& toBeRemoved) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public List<List<Integer>> removeInterval(int[][] intervals, int[]
    toBeRemoved) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def removeInterval(self, intervals: List[List[int]], toBeRemoved: List[int])
    -> List[List[int]]:
```