

# Problem 418: Sentence Screen Fitting

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 0.00%

**Paid Only:** No

## Problem Description

Given a

rows x cols

screen and a

sentence

represented as a list of strings, return

the number of times the given sentence can be fitted on the screen

.

The order of words in the sentence must remain unchanged, and a word cannot be split into two lines. A single space must separate two consecutive words in a line.

Example 1:

Input:

sentence = ["hello", "world"], rows = 2, cols = 8

Output:

Explanation:

hello--- world--- The character '-' signifies an empty space on the screen.

Example 2:

Input:

sentence = ["a", "bcd", "e"], rows = 3, cols = 6

Output:

2

Explanation:

a-bcd- e-a--- bcd-e- The character '-' signifies an empty space on the screen.

Example 3:

Input:

sentence = ["i","had","apple","pie"], rows = 4, cols = 5

Output:

1

Explanation:

i-had apple pie-i had-- The character '-' signifies an empty space on the screen.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{sentence.length} \leq 100$

$1 \leq \text{sentence}[i].\text{length} \leq 10$

sentence[i]

consists of lowercase English letters.

1 <= rows, cols <= 2 \* 10

4

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int wordsTyping(vector<string>& sentence, int rows, int cols) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int wordsTyping(String[] sentence, int rows, int cols) {

    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def wordsTyping(self, sentence: List[str], rows: int, cols: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def wordsTyping(self, sentence, rows, cols):
        """
        :type sentence: List[str]
        :type rows: int
        :type cols: int
        :rtype: int
```

```
"""
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {string[]} sentence
 * @param {number} rows
 * @param {number} cols
 * @return {number}
 */
var wordsTyping = function(sentence, rows, cols) {

};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function wordsTyping(sentence: string[], rows: number, cols: number): number
{

};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public int WordsTyping(string[] sentence, int rows, int cols) {

    }
}
```

### C:

```
int wordsTyping(char** sentence, int sentenceSize, int rows, int cols) {

}
```

### Go:

```
func wordsTyping(sentence []string, rows int, cols int) int {

}
```

### Kotlin:

```

class Solution {
    fun wordsTyping(sentence: Array<String>, rows: Int, cols: Int): Int {

    }
}

```

### Swift:

```

class Solution {
    func wordsTyping(_ sentence: [String], _ rows: Int, _ cols: Int) -> Int {

    }
}

```

### Rust:

```

impl Solution {
    pub fn words_typing(sentence: Vec<String>, rows: i32, cols: i32) -> i32 {

    }
}

```

### Ruby:

```

# @param {String[]} sentence
# @param {Integer} rows
# @param {Integer} cols
# @return {Integer}
def words_typing(sentence, rows, cols)

end

```

### PHP:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String[] $sentence
     * @param Integer $rows
     * @param Integer $cols
     * @return Integer
     */
    function wordsTyping($sentence, $rows, $cols) {

```

```
}  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
  int wordsTyping(List<String> sentence, int rows, int cols) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def wordsTyping(sentence: Array[String], rows: Int, cols: Int): Int = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec words_typing(sentence :: [String.t], rows :: integer, cols :: integer)  
  :: integer  
  def words_typing(sentence, rows, cols) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec words_typing(Sentence :: [unicode:unicode_binary()], Rows :: integer(),  
  Cols :: integer()) -> integer().  
words_typing(Sentence, Rows, Cols) ->  
  .
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (words-typing sentence rows cols)  
  (-> (listof string?) exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
  )
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int wordsTyping(vector<string>& sentence, int rows, int cols) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
    public int wordsTyping(String[] sentence, int rows, int cols) {

    }
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, string, dp

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
    def wordsTyping(self, sentence: List[str], rows: int, cols: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def wordsTyping(self, sentence, rows, cols):
        """
        :type sentence: List[str]
        :type rows: int
        :type cols: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

/**
 * @param {string[]} sentence
 * @param {number} rows
 * @param {number} cols

```



```

* @return {number}
*/
var wordsTyping = function(sentence, rows, cols) {

};

```

## TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

function wordsTyping(sentence: string[], rows: number, cols: number): number
{

};

```

## C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

public class Solution {
    public int WordsTyping(string[] sentence, int rows, int cols) {

    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

int wordsTyping(char** sentence, int sentenceSize, int rows, int cols) {

}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string, dp
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

func wordsTyping(sentence []string, rows int, cols int) int {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun wordsTyping(sentence: Array<String>, rows: Int, cols: Int): Int {

    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func wordsTyping(_ sentence: [String], _ rows: Int, _ cols: Int) -> Int {
```

```
}  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, string, dp  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn words_typing(sentence: Vec<String>, rows: i32, cols: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String[]} sentence  
# @param {Integer} rows  
# @param {Integer} cols  
# @return {Integer}  
def words_typing(sentence, rows, cols)  
  
end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String[] $sentence  
     * @param Integer $rows  
     * @param Integer $cols  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function wordsTyping($sentence, $rows, $cols) {
```

```
}  
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  int wordsTyping(List<String> sentence, int rows, int cols) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def wordsTyping(sentence: Array[String], rows: Int, cols: Int): Int = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec words_typing(sentence :: [String.t], rows :: integer, cols :: integer)  
  :: integer  
  def words_typing(sentence, rows, cols) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec words_typing(Sentence :: [unicode:unicode_binary()], Rows :: integer(),  
  Cols :: integer()) -> integer().  
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