

# Problem 1084: Sales Analysis III

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Easy

**Acceptance Rate:** 0.00%

**Paid Only:** No

## Problem Description

Table:

Product

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | product\_id | int ||  
product\_name | varchar | | unit\_price | int | +-----+-----+ product\_id is the primary key  
(column with unique values) of this table. Each row of this table indicates the name and the  
price of each product.

Table:

Sales

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | seller\_id | int ||  
product\_id | int | | buyer\_id | int | | sale\_date | date | | quantity | int | | price | int |  
+-----+-----+ This table can have duplicate rows. product\_id is a foreign key  
(reference column) to the Product table. Each row of this table contains some information  
about one sale.

Write a solution to report the

products

that were

only

sold in the first quarter of

2019

. That is, between

2019-01-01

and

2019-03-31

inclusive.

Return the result table in

any order

.

The result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Product table: +-----+-----+-----+ | product\_id | product\_name | unit\_price |  
+-----+-----+-----+ | 1 | S8 | 1000 | | 2 | G4 | 800 | | 3 | iPhone | 1400 |  
+-----+-----+-----+ Sales table:  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ | seller\_id | product\_id | buyer\_id |  
sale\_date | quantity | price | +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ | 1 | 1 | 1  
| 2019-01-21 | 2 | 2000 | | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2019-02-17 | 1 | 800 | | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2019-06-02 | 1 | 800 | | 3 |  
3 | 4 | 2019-05-13 | 2 | 2800 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

Output:

+-----+-----+ | product\_id | product\_name | +-----+-----+ | 1 | S8 |  
+-----+-----+

**Explanation:**

The product with id 1 was only sold in the spring of 2019. The product with id 2 was sold in the spring of 2019 but was also sold after the spring of 2019. The product with id 3 was sold after spring 2019. We return only product 1 as it is the product that was only sold in the spring of 2019.

## Code Snippets

**MySQL:**

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

**MS SQL Server:**

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

**PostgreSQL:**

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```

**Oracle:**

```
/* Write your PL/SQL query statement below */
```

**Pandas:**

```
import pandas as pd

def sales_analysis(product: pd.DataFrame, sales: pd.DataFrame) ->
    pd.DataFrame:
```

## Solutions

**MySQL Solution:**

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

**MS SQL Server Solution:**

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

### PostgreSQL Solution:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```

### Oracle Solution:

```
/* Write your PL/SQL query statement below */
```

### Pandas Solution:

```
import pandas as pd

def sales_analysis(product: pd.DataFrame, sales: pd.DataFrame) ->
    pd.DataFrame:
```