

Problem 880: Decoded String at Index

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an encoded string

s

. To decode the string to a tape, the encoded string is read one character at a time and the following steps are taken:

If the character read is a letter, that letter is written onto the tape.

If the character read is a digit

d

, the entire current tape is repeatedly written

d - 1

more times in total.

Given an integer

k

, return

the

k

th

letter (

1-indexed)

in the decoded string

.

Example 1:

Input:

s = "leet2code3", k = 10

Output:

"o"

Explanation:

The decoded string is "leetleetcodeleetleetcodeleetleetcode". The 10

th

letter in the string is "o".

Example 2:

Input:

s = "ha22", k = 5

Output:

"h"

Explanation:

The decoded string is "hahahaha". The 5

th

letter is "h".

Example 3:

Input:

s = "a2345678999999999999999", k = 1

Output:

"a"

Explanation:

The decoded string is "a" repeated 8301530446056247680 times. The 1

st

letter is "a".

Constraints:

$2 \leq s.length \leq 100$

s

consists of lowercase English letters and digits

2

through

9

.

s

starts with a letter.

$1 \leq k \leq 10$

9

It is guaranteed that

k

is less than or equal to the length of the decoded string.

The decoded string is guaranteed to have less than

2

63

letters.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    string decodeAtIndex(string s, int k) {
        }
    };
}
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public String decodeAtIndex(String s, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def decodeAtIndex(self, s: str, k: int) -> str:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def decodeAtIndex(self, s, k):  
  
        """  
        :type s: str  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: str  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string} s  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {string}  
 */  
var decodeAtIndex = function(s, k) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function decodeAtIndex(s: string, k: number): string {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public string DecodeAtIndex(string s, int k) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

C:

```
char* decodeAtIndex(char* s, int k) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func decodeAtIndex(s string, k int) string {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun decodeAtIndex(s: String, k: Int): String {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func decodeAtIndex(_ s: String, _ k: Int) -> String {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn decode_at_index(s: String, k: i32) -> String {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} s
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {String}
def decode_at_index(s, k)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return String
     */
    function decodeAtIndex($s, $k) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
    String decodeAtIndex(String s, int k) {
        }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
    def decodeAtIndex(s: String, k: Int): String = {
        }
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec decode_at_index(s :: String.t, k :: integer) :: String.t
  def decode_at_index(s, k) do
```

```
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec decode_at_index(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), K :: integer()) ->  
unicode:unicode_binary().  
decode_at_index(S, K) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (decode-at-index s k)  
(-> string? exact-integer? string?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
* Problem: Decoded String at Index  
* Difficulty: Medium  
* Tags: string, stack  
*  
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
*/  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    string decodeAtIndex(string s, int k) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Decoded String at Index
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, stack
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public String decodeAtIndex(String s, int k) {
        return null;
    }
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Decoded String at Index
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: string, stack

Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def decodeAtIndex(self, s: str, k: int) -> str:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def decodeAtIndex(self, s, k):
        """
:type s: str
:type k: int
:rtype: str
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Decoded String at Index  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: string, stack  
 *  
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {string} s  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {string}  
 */  
var decodeAtIndex = function(s, k) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Decoded String at Index  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: string, stack  
 *  
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function decodeAtIndex(s: string, k: number): string {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Decoded String at Index  
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```

* Tags: string, stack
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
public class Solution {
    public string DecodeAtIndex(string s, int k) {
        }
    }

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Decoded String at Index
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, stack
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
char* decodeAtIndex(char* s, int k) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Decoded String at Index
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: string, stack
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func decodeAtIndex(s string, k int) string {

```

}

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun decodeAtIndex(s: String, k: Int): String {
        var length = s.length
        for (i in s) {
            if (i.isDigit()) length *= i - '0'
            else length--
        }
        for (i in s) {
            if (length == 1) return i.toString()
            if (i.isDigit()) length /= i - '0'
            else length++
        }
    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func decodeAtIndex(_ s: String, _ k: Int) -> String {  
        }  
        }  
    }
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Decoded String at Index
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: string, stack
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn decode_at_index(s: String, k: i32) -> String {
        // Implementation goes here
    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {String}
def decode_at_index(s, k)
```

```
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $s  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return String  
     */  
    function decodeAtIndex($s, $k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  String decodeAtIndex(String s, int k) {  
  
  }  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def decodeAtIndex(s: String, k: Int): String = {  
  
  }  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec decode_at_index(s :: String.t, k :: integer) :: String.t  
  def decode_at_index(s, k) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec decode_at_index(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), K :: integer()) ->  
unicode:unicode_binary().  
decode_at_index(S, K) ->  
. 
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (decode-at-index s k)  
(-> string? exact-integer? string?)  
) 
```