

Problem 240: Search a 2D Matrix II

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Write an efficient algorithm that searches for a value

target

in an

$m \times n$

integer matrix

matrix

. This matrix has the following properties:

Integers in each row are sorted in ascending from left to right.

Integers in each column are sorted in ascending from top to bottom.

Example 1:

1	4	7	11	15
2	5	8	12	19
3	6	9	16	22
10	13	14	17	24
18	21	23	26	30

Input:

```
matrix = [[1,4,7,11,15],[2,5,8,12,19],[3,6,9,16,22],[10,13,14,17,24],[18,21,23,26,30]], target = 5
```

Output:

true

Example 2:

1	4	7	11	15
2	5	8	12	19
3	6	9	16	22
10	13	14	17	24
18	21	23	26	30

Input:

```
matrix = [[1,4,7,11,15],[2,5,8,12,19],[3,6,9,16,22],[10,13,14,17,24],[18,21,23,26,30]], target = 20
```

Output:

false

Constraints:

`m == matrix.length`

`n == matrix[i].length`

`1 <= n, m <= 300`

9

$\leq \text{matrix}[i][j] \leq 10$

9

All the integers in each row are

sorted

in ascending order.

All the integers in each column are

sorted

in ascending order.

-10

9

$\leq \text{target} \leq 10$

9

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool searchMatrix(vector<vector<int>>& matrix, int target) {
        }
    };
}
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean searchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def searchMatrix(self, matrix: List[List[int]], target: int) -> bool:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def searchMatrix(self, matrix, target):  
        """  
        :type matrix: List[List[int]]  
        :type target: int  
        :rtype: bool  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[][]} matrix  
 * @param {number} target  
 * @return {boolean}  
 */  
var searchMatrix = function(matrix, target) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function searchMatrix(matrix: number[][], target: number): boolean {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public bool SearchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

C:

```
bool searchMatrix(int** matrix, int matrixSize, int* matrixColSize, int target){  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func searchMatrix(matrix [][]int, target int) bool {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun searchMatrix(matrix: Array<IntArray>, target: Int): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func searchMatrix(_ matrix: [[Int]], _ target: Int) -> Bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn search_matrix(matrix: Vec<Vec<i32>>, target: i32) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} matrix
# @param {Integer} target
# @return {Boolean}
def search_matrix(matrix, target)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[][] $matrix
     * @param Integer $target
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function searchMatrix($matrix, $target) {

    }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def searchMatrix(matrix: Array[Array[Int]], target: Int): Boolean = {

  }
}
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Search a 2D Matrix II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 */
```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

```

```

class Solution {
public:
bool searchMatrix(vector<vector<int>>& matrix, int target) {
}
};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Search a 2D Matrix II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

```

```

class Solution {
public boolean searchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {
}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Search a 2D Matrix II
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, sort, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

```

```
class Solution:
    def searchMatrix(self, matrix: List[List[int]], target: int) -> bool:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def searchMatrix(self, matrix, target):
        """
        :type matrix: List[List[int]]
        :type target: int
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Search a 2D Matrix II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number[][]} matrix
 * @param {number} target
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var searchMatrix = function(matrix, target) {

};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Search a 2D Matrix II
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```

* Tags: array, sort, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
function searchMatrix(matrix: number[][] , target: number): boolean {
}

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Search a 2D Matrix II
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, sort, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
public class Solution {
    public bool SearchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {
}
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Search a 2D Matrix II
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, sort, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

```

```
bool searchMatrix(int** matrix, int matrixSize, int* matrixColSize, int target){  
    }  
}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Search a 2D Matrix II  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, sort, search  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
func searchMatrix(matrix [][]int, target int) bool {  
    }  
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun searchMatrix(matrix: Array<IntArray>, target: Int): Boolean {  
        }  
    }
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func searchMatrix(_ matrix: [[Int]], _ target: Int) -> Bool {  
        }  
    }
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Search a 2D Matrix II  
// Difficulty: Medium
```

```

// Tags: array, sort, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn search_matrix(matrix: Vec<Vec<i32>>, target: i32) -> bool {
        ...
    }
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[][]} matrix
# @param {Integer} target
# @return {Boolean}
def search_matrix(matrix, target)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[][] $matrix
     * @param Integer $target
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function searchMatrix($matrix, $target) {
        ...
    }
}

```

Scala Solution:

```

object Solution {
    def searchMatrix(matrix: Array[Array[Int]], target: Int): Boolean = {
        ...
    }
}

```

