

# Problem 2545: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

There is a class with

$m$

students and

$n$

exams. You are given a

0-indexed

$m \times n$

integer matrix

score

, where each row represents one student and

$\text{score}[i][j]$

denotes the score the

$i$

th

student got in the

j

th

exam. The matrix

score

contains

distinct

integers only.

You are also given an integer

k

. Sort the students (i.e., the rows of the matrix) by their scores in the

k

th

(

0-indexed

) exam from the highest to the lowest.

Return

the matrix after sorting it.

Example 1:

	$E_0$	$E_1$	$E_2$	$E_3$
$S_0$	10	6	9	1
$S_1$	7	5	11	2
$S_2$	4	8	3	15



	$E_0$	$E_1$	$E_2$	$E_3$
$S_1$	7	5	11	2
$S_0$	10	6	9	1
$S_2$	4	8	3	15

Input:

score = [[10,6,9,1],[7,5,11,2],[4,8,3,15]], k = 2

Output:

[[7,5,11,2],[10,6,9,1],[4,8,3,15]]

Explanation:

In the above diagram, S denotes the student, while E denotes the exam. - The student with index 1 scored 11 in exam 2, which is the highest score, so they got first place. - The student with index 0 scored 9 in exam 2, which is the second highest score, so they got second place. - The student with index 2 scored 3 in exam 2, which is the lowest score, so they got third place.

Example 2:

	$E_0$	$E_1$		$E_0$	$E_1$	
$S_0$	3	4		$S_1$	5	6
$S_1$	5	6		$S_0$	3	4



Input:

score = [[3,4],[5,6]], k = 0

Output:

[[5,6],[3,4]]

Explanation:

In the above diagram, S denotes the student, while E denotes the exam. - The student with index 1 scored 5 in exam 0, which is the highest score, so they got first place. - The student with index 0 scored 3 in exam 0, which is the lowest score, so they got second place.

Constraints:

$m == \text{score.length}$

$n == \text{score[i].length}$

$1 \leq m, n \leq 250$

$1 \leq \text{score}[i][j] \leq 10$

5

score

consists of

distinct

integers.

$0 \leq k < n$

## Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<vector<int>> sortTheStudents(vector<vector<int>>& score, int k) {
        }
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {  
    public int[][] sortTheStudents(int[][] score, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
    def sortTheStudents(self, score: List[List[int]], k: int) -> List[List[int]]:
```

**Python:**

```
class Solution(object):  
    def sortTheStudents(self, score, k):  
        """  
        :type score: List[List[int]]  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: List[List[int]]  
        """
```

**JavaScript:**

```
/**  
 * @param {number[][]} score  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number[][]}  
 */  
var sortTheStudents = function(score, k) {  
  
};
```

**TypeScript:**

```
function sortTheStudents(score: number[][], k: number): number[][] {  
  
};
```

**C#:**

```
public class Solution {  
    public int[][] SortTheStudents(int[][] score, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

## C:

```
/**  
 * Return an array of arrays of size *returnSize.  
 * The sizes of the arrays are returned as *returnColumnSizes array.  
 * Note: Both returned array and *columnSizes array must be malloced, assume  
 caller calls free().  
 */  
int** sortTheStudents(int** score, int scoreSize, int* scoreColSize, int k,  
int* returnSize, int** returnColumnSizes) {  
  
}
```

## Go:

```
func sortTheStudents(score [][]int, k int) [][]int {  
  
}
```

## Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun sortTheStudents(score: Array<IntArray>, k: Int): Array<IntArray> {  
  
    }  
}
```

## Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func sortTheStudents(_ score: [[Int]], _ k: Int) -> [[Int]] {  
  
    }  
}
```

## Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn sort_the_students(score: Vec<Vec<i32>>, k: i32) -> Vec<Vec<i32>> {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} score  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer[][]}  
def sort_the_students(score, k)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[][] $score  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer[][]  
     */  
    function sortTheStudents($score, $k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    List<List<int>> sortTheStudents(List<List<int>> score, int k) {  
        }  
    }
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def sortTheStudents(score: Array[Array[Int]], k: Int): Array[Array[Int]] = {  
        }  
}
```

```
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec sort_the_students(score :: [[integer]], k :: integer) :: [[integer]]
  def sort_the_students(score, k) do
    end
  end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec sort_the_students([Score]) :: [integer()] -> [integer()].
sort_the_students([Score], K) ->
  .
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (sort-the-students score k)
  (-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) exact-integer? (listof (listof
  exact-integer?)))
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
```

```

public:
vector<vector<int>> sortTheStudents(vector<vector<int>>& score, int k) {
}
};

```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public int[][] sortTheStudents(int[][] score, int k) {
}

}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, sort

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
def sortTheStudents(self, score: List[List[int]], k: int) -> List[List[int]]:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def sortTheStudents(self, score, k):
        """
        :type score: List[List[int]]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: List[List[int]]
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number[][]} score
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number[][]}
 */
var sortTheStudents = function(score, k) {

};


```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */
```

```
function sortTheStudents(score: number[][], k: number): number[][] {  
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, sort  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public int[][] SortTheStudents(int[][] score, int k) {  
        return null;  
    }  
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, sort  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
/**  
 * Return an array of arrays of size *returnSize.  
 * The sizes of the arrays are returned as *returnColumnSizes array.  
 * Note: Both returned array and *columnSizes array must be malloced, assume  
 caller calls free().  
 */  
int** sortTheStudents(int** score, int scoreSize, int* scoreColSize, int k,
```

```
int* returnSize, int** returnColumnSizes) {  
  
}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, sort  
  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
func sortTheStudents(score [][]int, k int) [][]int {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    fun sortTheStudents(score: Array<IntArray>, k: Int): Array<IntArray> {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    func sortTheStudents(_ score: [[Int]], _ k: Int) -> [[Int]] {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Sort the Students by Their Kth Score  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, sort  
  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
```

```
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn sort_the_students(score: Vec<Vec<i32>>, k: i32) -> Vec<Vec<i32>> {
        ...
    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} score
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer[][]}
def sort_the_students(score, k)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[][] $score
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer[][]
     */
    function sortTheStudents($score, $k) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
    List<List<int>> sortTheStudents(List<List<int>> score, int k) {
        ...
    }
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def sortTheStudents(score: Array[Array[Int]]), k: Int): Array[Array[Int]] = {  
        }  
        }  
    }
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec sort_the_students(score :: [[integer]], k :: integer) :: [[integer]]  
  def sort_the_students(score, k) do  
  
  end  
  end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec sort_the_students(Score :: [[integer()]], K :: integer()) ->  
[[integer()]].  
sort_the_students(Score, K) ->  
. 
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (sort-the-students score k)  
(-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) exact-integer? (listof (listof  
exact-integer?)))  
)
```