

Problem 1232: Check If It Is a Straight Line

Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an integer array

coordinates

,

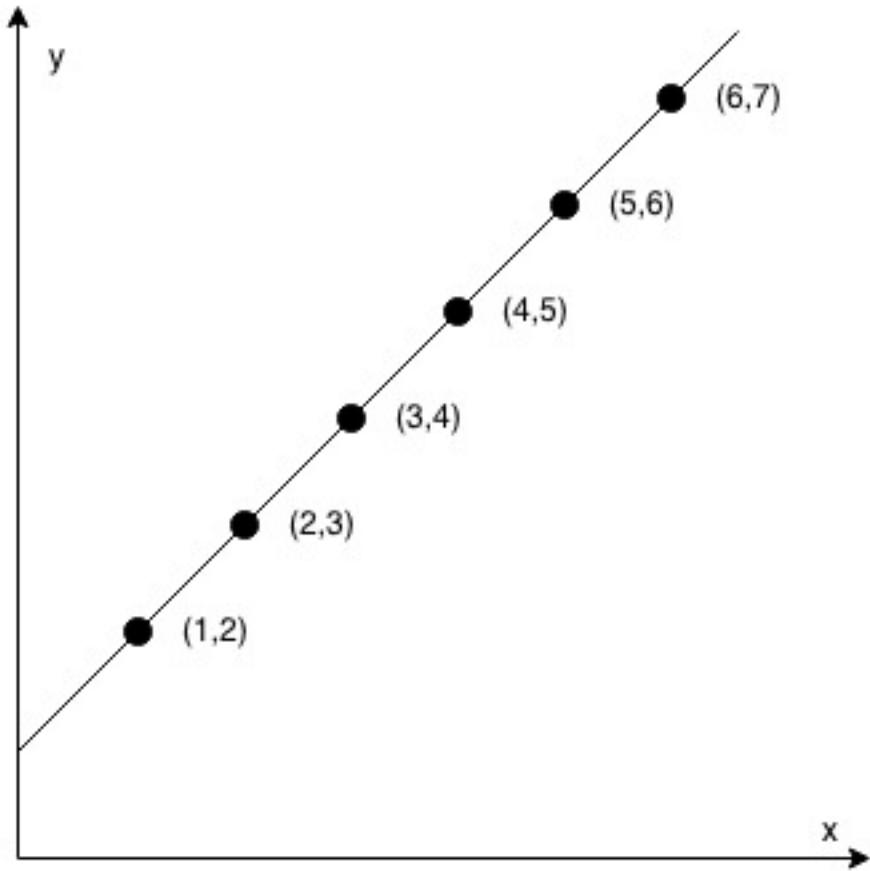
coordinates[i] = [x, y]

, where

[x, y]

represents the coordinate of a point. Check if these points make a straight line in the XY plane.

Example 1:



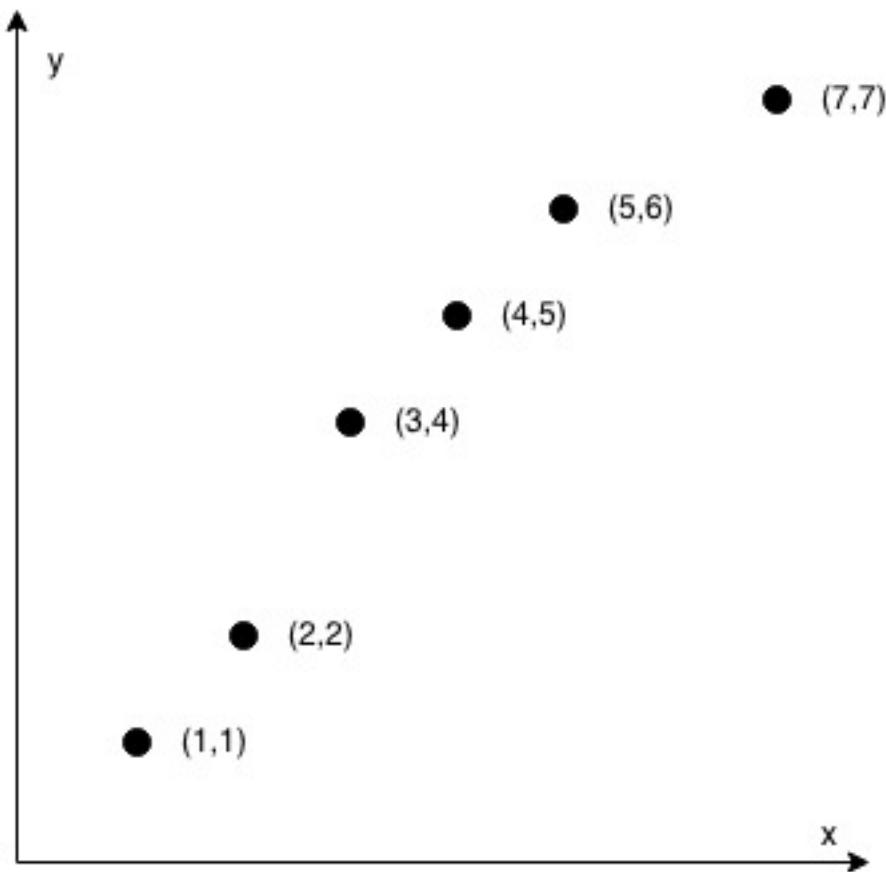
Input:

```
coordinates = [[1,2],[2,3],[3,4],[4,5],[5,6],[6,7]]
```

Output:

true

Example 2:



Input:

```
coordinates = [[1,1],[2,2],[3,4],[4,5],[5,6],[7,7]]
```

Output:

```
false
```

Constraints:

```
2 <= coordinates.length <= 1000
```

```
coordinates[i].length == 2
```

```
-10^4 <= coordinates[i][0], coordinates[i][1] <= 10^4
```

coordinates

contains no duplicate point.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    bool checkStraightLine(vector<vector<int>>& coordinates) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean checkStraightLine(int[][] coordinates) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def checkStraightLine(self, coordinates: List[List[int]]) -> bool:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def checkStraightLine(self, coordinates):  
        """  
        :type coordinates: List[List[int]]  
        :rtype: bool  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[][]} coordinates  
 * @return {boolean}  
 */  
var checkStraightLine = function(coordinates) {
```

```
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function checkStraightLine(coordinates: number[][]): boolean {  
}  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public bool CheckStraightLine(int[][] coordinates) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
bool checkStraightLine(int** coordinates, int coordinatesSize, int*  
coordinatesColSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func checkStraightLine(coordinates [][]int) bool {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun checkStraightLine(coordinates: Array<IntArray>): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func checkStraightLine(_ coordinates: [[Int]]) -> Bool {  
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn check_straight_line(coordinates: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> bool {
        }
    }
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} coordinates
# @return {Boolean}
def check_straight_line(coordinates)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[][] $coordinates
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function checkStraightLine($coordinates) {
        }
    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
    bool checkStraightLine(List<List<int>> coordinates) {
        }
    }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def checkStraightLine(coordinates: Array[Array[Int]]): Boolean = {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec check_straight_line(coordinates :: [[integer]]) :: boolean  
  def check_straight_line(coordinates) do  
  
  end  
  end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec check_straight_line(Coordinates :: [[integer()]]) -> boolean().  
check_straight_line(Coordinates) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (check-straight-line coordinates)  
  (-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) boolean?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, math  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */
```

```

class Solution {
public:
bool checkStraightLine(vector<vector<int>>& coordinates) {
}
};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public boolean checkStraightLine(int[][] coordinates) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, math

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

def checkStraightLine(self, coordinates: List[List[int]]) -> bool:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def checkStraightLine(self, coordinates):
        """
        :type coordinates: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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/**
 * @param {number[][]} coordinates
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var checkStraightLine = function(coordinates) {

};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
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 * Difficulty: Easy
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

function checkStraightLine(coordinates: number[][]): boolean {
```

```
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public bool CheckStraightLine(int[][] coordinates) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
 * Difficulty: Easy
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bool checkStraightLine(int** coordinates, int coordinatesSize, int*
coordinatesColSize) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, math
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func checkStraightLine(coordinates [][]int) bool {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun checkStraightLine(coordinates: Array<IntArray>): Boolean {
        return true
    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

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class Solution {
    func checkStraightLine(_ coordinates: [[Int]]) -> Bool {
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Rust Solution:

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impl Solution {
    pub fn check_straight_line(coordinates: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> bool {
    }
}

```

```
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} coordinates
# @return {Boolean}
def check_straight_line(coordinates)

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PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

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