

Problem 2902: Count of Sub-Multisets With Bounded Sum

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Hard**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given a

0-indexed

array

nums

of non-negative integers, and two integers

l

and

r

.

Return

the

count of sub-multisets

within

nums

where the sum of elements in each subset falls within the inclusive range of

$[l, r]$

.

Since the answer may be large, return it modulo

10

9

+ 7

.

A

sub-multiset

is an

unordered

collection of elements of the array in which a given value

x

can occur

0, 1, ..., $\text{occ}[x]$

times, where

$\text{occ}[x]$

is the number of occurrences of

x

in the array.

Note

that:

Two

sub-multisets

are the same if sorting both sub-multisets results in identical multisets.

The sum of an

empty

multiset is

0

.

Example 1:

Input:

$\text{nums} = [1, 2, 2, 3], l = 6, r = 6$

Output:

1

Explanation:

The only subset of nums that has a sum of 6 is $\{1, 2, 3\}$.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [2,1,4,2,7], l = 1, r = 5

Output:

7

Explanation:

The subsets of nums that have a sum within the range [1, 5] are {1}, {2}, {4}, {2, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 4}, and {1, 2, 2}.

Example 3:

Input:

nums = [1,2,1,3,5,2], l = 3, r = 5

Output:

9

Explanation:

The subsets of nums that have a sum within the range [3, 5] are {3}, {5}, {1, 2}, {1, 3}, {2, 2}, {2, 3}, {1, 1, 2}, {1, 1, 3}, and {1, 2, 2}.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 2 * 10$

4

$0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 2 * 10$

4

Sum of

nums

does not exceed

$2 * 10$

4

.

$0 \leq l \leq r \leq 2 * 10$

4

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int countSubMultisets(vector<int>& nums, int l, int r) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int countSubMultisets(List<Integer> nums, int l, int r) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def countSubMultisets(self, nums: List[int], l: int, r: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def countSubMultisets(self, nums, l, r):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type l: int
        :type r: int
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} l
 * @param {number} r
 * @return {number}
 */
var countSubMultisets = function(nums, l, r) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
function countSubMultisets(nums: number[], l: number, r: number): number {

};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public int CountSubMultisets(IList<int> nums, int l, int r) {

    }
}
```

C:

```
int countSubMultisets(int* nums, int numsSize, int l, int r) {

}
```

Go:

```
func countSubMultisets(nums []int, l int, r int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun countSubMultisets(nums: List<Int>, l: Int, r: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func countSubMultisets(_ nums: [Int], _ l: Int, _ r: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn count_sub_multisets(nums: Vec<i32>, l: i32, r: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} l  
# @param {Integer} r  
# @return {Integer}  
def count_sub_multisets(nums, l, r)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```

class Solution {

  /**
   * @param Integer[] $nums
   * @param Integer $l
   * @param Integer $r
   * @return Integer
   */
  function countSubMultisets($nums, $l, $r) {

  }

}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
  int countSubMultisets(List<int> nums, int l, int r) {

  }

}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def countSubMultisets(nums: List[Int], l: Int, r: Int): Int = {

  }

}

```

Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec count_sub_multisets(nums :: [integer], l :: integer, r :: integer) ::
    integer
  def count_sub_multisets(nums, l, r) do

  end

end

```

Erlang:

```

-spec count_sub_multisets(Nums :: [integer()], L :: integer(), R ::
integer()) -> integer().

```



```
count_sub_multisets(Nums, L, R) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (count-sub-multisets nums l r)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?)
  )
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Count of Sub-Multisets With Bounded Sum
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, dp, hash, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int countSubMultisets(vector<int>& nums, int l, int r) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
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 */
```

```

*/

class Solution {
public int countSubMultisets(List<Integer> nums, int l, int r) {

}

}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Count of Sub-Multisets With Bounded Sum
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, dp, hash, sort

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
def countSubMultisets(self, nums: List[int], l: int, r: int) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def countSubMultisets(self, nums, l, r):
"""
:type nums: List[int]
:type l: int
:type r: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

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/**
* @param {number[]} nums
* @param {number} l
* @param {number} r
* @return {number}
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var countSubMultisets = function(nums, l, r) {

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TypeScript Solution:

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function countSubMultisets(nums: number[], l: number, r: number): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

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* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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public class Solution {
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C Solution:

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int countSubMultisets(int* nums, int numsSize, int l, int r) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Count of Sub-Multisets With Bounded Sum
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// Tags: array, dp, hash, sort
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func countSubMultisets(nums []int, l int, r int) int {

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class Solution {
    fun countSubMultisets(nums: List<Int>, l: Int, r: Int): Int {

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impl Solution {
    pub fn count_sub_multisets(nums: Vec<i32>, l: i32, r: i32) -> i32 {

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Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} l
# @param {Integer} r
# @return {Integer}
def count_sub_multisets(nums, l, r)

end

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    /**
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