

# Problem 3355: Zero Array Transformation I

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given an integer array

nums

of length

n

and a 2D array

queries

, where

queries[i] = [l

i

, r

i

]

.

For each

queries[i]

:

Select a

subset

of indices within the range

[l

i

, r

i

]

in

nums

.

Decrement the values at the selected indices by 1.

A

Zero Array

is an array where all elements are equal to 0.

Return

true

if it is  
possible  
to transform  
nums  
into a  
Zero Array

after processing all the queries sequentially, otherwise return  
false

.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [1,0,1], queries = [[0,2]]

Output:

true

Explanation:

For i = 0:

Select the subset of indices as

[0, 2]

and decrement the values at these indices by 1.

The array will become

[0, 0, 0]

, which is a Zero Array.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [4,3,2,1], queries = [[1,3],[0,2]]

Output:

false

Explanation:

For i = 0:

Select the subset of indices as

[1, 2, 3]

and decrement the values at these indices by 1.

The array will become

[4, 2, 1, 0]

.

For i = 1:

Select the subset of indices as

[0, 1, 2]

and decrement the values at these indices by 1.

The array will become

[3, 1, 0, 0]

, which is not a Zero Array.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10$

5

$0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{queries.length} \leq 10$

5

$\text{queries}[i].length == 2$

$0 \leq l$

i

$\leq r$

i

$< \text{nums.length}$

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:
```

```
    bool isZeroArray(vector<int>& nums, vector<vector<int>>& queries) {  
        }  
    };
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean isZeroArray(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {  
        }  
    }
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def isZeroArray(self, nums: List[int], queries: List[List[int]]) -> bool:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def isZeroArray(self, nums, queries):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :type queries: List[List[int]]  
        :rtype: bool  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number[][]} queries  
 * @return {boolean}  
 */  
var isZeroArray = function(nums, queries) {  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function isZeroArray(nums: number[], queries: number[][]): boolean {  
}  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public bool IsZeroArray(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### C:

```
bool isZeroArray(int* nums, int numsSize, int** queries, int queriesSize,  
int* queriesColSize) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func isZeroArray(nums []int, queries [][]int) bool {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun isZeroArray(nums: IntArray, queries: Array<IntArray>): Boolean {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func isZeroArray(_ nums: [Int], _ queries: [[Int]]) -> Bool {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn is_zero_array(nums: Vec<i32>, queries: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> bool {
        }
    }
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer[][]} queries
# @return {Boolean}
def is_zero_array(nums, queries)

end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer[][] $queries
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function isZeroArray($nums, $queries) {

    }
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {
    bool isZeroArray(List<int> nums, List<List<int>> queries) {
        }
    }
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {
    def isZeroArray(nums: Array[Int], queries: Array[Array[Int]]): Boolean = {
        }
```

```
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec is_zero_array(nums :: [integer], queries :: [[integer]]) :: boolean
  def is_zero_array(nums, queries) do
    end
  end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec is_zero_array(Nums :: [integer()], Queries :: [[integer()]]) ->
  boolean().
is_zero_array(Nums, Queries) ->
  .
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (is-zero-array nums queries)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof (listof exact-integer?)) boolean?))
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Zero Array Transformation I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
```

```
    bool isZeroArray(vector<int>& nums, vector<vector<int>>& queries) {  
        }  
    };
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Zero Array Transformation I  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public boolean isZeroArray(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {  
    }  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Zero Array Transformation I  
Difficulty: Medium  
Tags: array  
  
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def isZeroArray(self, nums: List[int], queries: List[List[int]]) -> bool:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def isZeroArray(self, nums, queries):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type queries: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: bool
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Zero Array Transformation I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number[][]} queries
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var isZeroArray = function(nums, queries) {
}
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Zero Array Transformation I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function isZeroArray(nums: number[], queries: number[][]): boolean {
```

```
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Zero Array Transformation I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public bool IsZeroArray(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {
        return true;
    }
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Zero Array Transformation I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

bool isZeroArray(int* nums, int numsSize, int** queries, int queriesSize,
                 int* queriesColSize) {
    return true;
}
```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Zero Array Transformation I
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func isZeroArray(nums []int, queries [][]int) bool {
}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun isZeroArray(nums: IntArray, queries: Array<IntArray>): Boolean {
        return true
    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func isZeroArray(_ nums: [Int], _ queries: [[Int]]) -> Bool {
        return true
    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Zero Array Transformation I
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn is_zero_array(nums: Vec<i32>, queries: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> bool {
    }
}

```

```
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer[][]} queries
# @return {Boolean}

def is_zero_array(nums, queries)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer[][] $queries
     * @return Boolean
     */

    function isZeroArray($nums, $queries) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
  bool isZeroArray(List<int> nums, List<List<int>> queries) {
    }
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
  def isZeroArray(nums: Array[Int], queries: Array[Array[Int]]): Boolean = {
    }
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec is_zero_array(nums :: [integer], queries :: [[integer]]) :: boolean
  def is_zero_array(nums, queries) do
    end
  end
end
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### Erlang Solution:

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-spec is_zero_array(Nums :: [integer()], Queries :: [[integer()]]) ->
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is_zero_array(Nums, Queries) ->
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