

# Problem 2099: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum

## Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given an integer array

nums

and an integer

k

. You want to find a

subsequence

of

nums

of length

k

that has the

largest

sum.

Return

any

such subsequence as an integer array of length

k

.

A

subsequence

is an array that can be derived from another array by deleting some or no elements without changing the order of the remaining elements.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [2,1,3,3], k = 2

Output:

[3,3]

Explanation:

The subsequence has the largest sum of  $3 + 3 = 6$ .

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [-1,-2,3,4], k = 3

Output:

`[-1,3,4]`

Explanation:

The subsequence has the largest sum of  $-1 + 3 + 4 = 6$ .

Example 3:

Input:

`nums = [3,4,3,3], k = 2`

Output:

`[3,4]`

Explanation:

The subsequence has the largest sum of  $3 + 4 = 7$ . Another possible subsequence is `[4, 3]`.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 1000$

$-10 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

$1 \leq k \leq \text{nums.length}$

$\leq 5$

$\leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

$1 \leq k \leq \text{nums.length}$

## Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
vector<int> maxSubsequence(vector<int>& nums, int k) {  
  
}  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int[] maxSubsequence(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
def maxSubsequence(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> List[int]:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
def maxSubsequence(self, nums, k):  
    """  
    :type nums: List[int]  
    :type k: int  
    :rtype: List[int]  
    """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number[]}  
 */  
var maxSubsequence = function(nums, k) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function maxSubsequence(nums: number[], k: number): number[] {  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int[] MaxSubsequence(int[] nums, int k) {  
        }  
    }
```

### C:

```
/**  
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().  
 */  
int* maxSubsequence(int* nums, int numsSize, int k, int* returnSize) {  
}
```

### Go:

```
func maxSubsequence(nums []int, k int) []int {  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun maxSubsequence(nums: IntArray, k: Int): IntArray {  
        }  
    }
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func maxSubsequence(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> [Int] {  
        }  
    }
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn max_subsequence(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> Vec<i32> {
        ...
    }
}
```

**Ruby:**

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer[]}
def max_subsequence(nums, k)

end
```

**PHP:**

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer[]
     */
    function maxSubsequence($nums, $k) {

    }
}
```

**Dart:**

```
class Solution {
    List<int> maxSubsequence(List<int> nums, int k) {
        ...
    }
}
```

**Scala:**

```
object Solution {
    def maxSubsequence(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Array[Int] = {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec max_subsequence(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: [integer]
  def max_subsequence(nums, k) do
    end
  end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec max_subsequence(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> [integer()].
max_subsequence(Nums, K) ->
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (max-subsequence nums k)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?)))
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
```

```

public:
vector<int> maxSubsequence(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
}

};

}

```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public int[] maxSubsequence(int[] nums, int k) {

}
}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
"""

class Solution:
def maxSubsequence(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> List[int]:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

## Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def maxSubsequence(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: List[int]
        """

```

## JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var maxSubsequence = function(nums, k) {

};


```

## TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */


```

```
function maxSubsequence(nums: number[], k: number): number[] {  
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public int[] MaxSubsequence(int[] nums, int k) {  
        return new int[0];  
    }  
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
/**  
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().  
 */  
int* maxSubsequence(int* nums, int numsSize, int k, int* returnSize) {  
    return NULL;  
}
```

## Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

func maxSubsequence(nums []int, k int) []int {

}
```

## Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun maxSubsequence(nums: IntArray, k: Int): IntArray {
        return IntArray(k)
    }
}
```

## Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func maxSubsequence(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> [Int] {
        return [Int]()
    }
}
```

## Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Find Subsequence of Length K With the Largest Sum
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, hash, sort, queue, heap
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

impl Solution {
    pub fn max_subsequence(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> Vec<i32> {

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer[]}
def max_subsequence(nums, k)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer[]
     */
    function maxSubsequence($nums, $k) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
List<int> maxSubsequence(List<int> nums, int k) {

}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
def maxSubsequence(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Array[Int] = {

}
```

```
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec max_subsequence(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: [integer]
  def max_subsequence(nums, k) do
    end
  end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec max_subsequence(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> [integer()].
max_subsequence(Nums, K) ->
  .
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (max-subsequence nums k)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?)))
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