

# Problem 715: Range Module

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Hard

**Acceptance Rate:** 44.40%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Design, Segment Tree, Ordered Set

## Problem Description

A Range Module is a module that tracks ranges of numbers. Design a data structure to track the ranges represented as **half-open intervals** and query about them.

A **half-open interval**  $[left, right)$  denotes all the real numbers  $x$  where  $left \leq x < right$ .

Implement the `RangeModule` class:

`* RangeModule()` Initializes the object of the data structure. `* void addRange(int left, int right)` Adds the **half-open interval**  $[left, right)$ , tracking every real number in that interval. Adding an interval that partially overlaps with currently tracked numbers should add any numbers in the interval  $[left, right)$  that are not already tracked. `* boolean queryRange(int left, int right)` Returns `true` if every real number in the interval  $[left, right)$  is currently being tracked, and `false` otherwise. `* void removeRange(int left, int right)` Stops tracking every real number currently being tracked in the **half-open interval**  $[left, right)$ .

**Example 1:**

```
Input ["RangeModule", "addRange", "removeRange", "queryRange", "queryRange",
"queryRange"] [[], [10, 20], [14, 16], [10, 14], [13, 15], [16, 17]] Output [null, null, null, true,
false, true] Explanation RangeModule rangeModule = new RangeModule();
rangeModule.addRange(10, 20); rangeModule.removeRange(14, 16);
rangeModule.queryRange(10, 14); // return True, (Every number in [10, 14) is being tracked)
rangeModule.queryRange(13, 15); // return False, (Numbers like 14, 14.03, 14.17 in [13, 15)
are not being tracked) rangeModule.queryRange(16, 17); // return True, (The number 16 in
[16, 17) is still being tracked, despite the remove operation)
```

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1 <= left < right <= 109` \* At most `104` calls will be made to `addRange`, `queryRange`, and `removeRange`.

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class RangeModule {
public:
    RangeModule() {

    }

    void addRange(int left, int right) {

    }

    bool queryRange(int left, int right) {

    }

    void removeRange(int left, int right) {

    }
};

/**
 * Your RangeModule object will be instantiated and called as such:
 * RangeModule* obj = new RangeModule();
 * obj->addRange(left,right);
 * bool param_2 = obj->queryRange(left,right);
 * obj->removeRange(left,right);
 */
```

**Java:**

```
class RangeModule {

    public RangeModule() {
```

```

}

public void addRange(int left, int right) {

}

public boolean queryRange(int left, int right) {

}

public void removeRange(int left, int right) {

}
}

/**
 * Your RangeModule object will be instantiated and called as such:
 * RangeModule obj = new RangeModule();
 * obj.addRange(left,right);
 * boolean param_2 = obj.queryRange(left,right);
 * obj.removeRange(left,right);
 */

```

### Python3:

```

class RangeModule:

    def __init__(self):

    def addRange(self, left: int, right: int) -> None:

    def queryRange(self, left: int, right: int) -> bool:

    def removeRange(self, left: int, right: int) -> None:

    # Your RangeModule object will be instantiated and called as such:

```

```
# obj = RangeModule()  
# obj.addRange(left,right)  
# param_2 = obj.queryRange(left,right)  
# obj.removeRange(left,right)
```