

# Problem 2652: Sum Multiples

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Easy

**Acceptance Rate:** 0.00%

**Paid Only:** No

## Problem Description

Given a positive integer

$n$

, find the sum of all integers in the range

$[1, n]$

inclusive

that are divisible by

$3$

,

$5$

, or

$7$

.

Return

an integer denoting the sum of all numbers in the given range satisfying the constraint.

Example 1:

Input:

$n = 7$

Output:

21

Explanation:

Numbers in the range

$[1, 7]$

that are divisible by

3

,

5,

or

7

are

3, 5, 6, 7

. The sum of these numbers is

21

.

Example 2:

Input:

$n = 10$

Output:

40

Explanation:

Numbers in the range

[1, 10] that are

divisible by

3

,

5,

or

7

are

3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10

. The sum of these numbers is 40.

Example 3:

Input:

$n = 9$

Output:

30

Explanation:

Numbers in the range

[1, 9]

that are divisible by

3

,

5

, or

7

are

3, 5, 6, 7, 9

. The sum of these numbers is

30

.

Constraints:

$1 \leq n \leq 10$

3

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int sumOfMultiples(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int sumOfMultiples(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def sumOfMultiples(self, n: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def sumOfMultiples(self, n):  
        """  
        :type n: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} n  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var sumOfMultiples = function(n) {
```

```
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function sumOfMultiples(n: number): number {  
}  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int SumOfMultiples(int n) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### C:

```
int sumOfMultiples(int n) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func sumOfMultiples(n int) int {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun sumOfMultiples(n: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func sumOfMultiples(_ n: Int) -> Int {  
  
}
```

```
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn sum_of_multiples(n: i32) -> i32 {
        }
}
```

**Ruby:**

```
# @param {Integer} n
# @return {Integer}
def sum_of_multiples(n)

end
```

**PHP:**

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @return Integer
     */
    function sumOfMultiples($n) {

    }
}
```

**Dart:**

```
class Solution {
    int sumOfMultiples(int n) {
        }
}
```

**Scala:**

```
object Solution {  
    def sumOfMultiples(n: Int): Int = {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec sum_of_multiples(n :: integer) :: integer  
  def sum_of_multiples(n) do  
  
  end  
  end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec sum_of_multiples(N :: integer()) -> integer().  
sum_of_multiples(N) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (sum-of-multiples n)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Sum Multiples  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: math  
 *  
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */
```

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int sumOfMultiples(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Sum Multiples  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: math  
 *  
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
    public int sumOfMultiples(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Sum Multiples  
Difficulty: Easy  
Tags: math  
  
Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def sumOfMultiples(self, n: int) -> int:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def sumOfMultiples(self, n):
        """
        :type n: int
        :rtype: int
        """
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Sum Multiples
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @return {number}
 */
var sumOfMultiples = function(n) {

};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Sum Multiples
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function sumOfMultiples(n: number): number {
```

```
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Sum Multiples
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public int SumOfMultiples(int n) {

    }
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Sum Multiples
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

int sumOfMultiples(int n) {

}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Sum Multiples
// Difficulty: Easy
```

```
// Tags: math
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func sumOfMultiples(n int) int {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun sumOfMultiples(n: Int): Int {
        return n
    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func sumOfMultiples(_ n: Int) -> Int {
        return n
    }
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Sum Multiples
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: math
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn sum_of_multiples(n: i32) -> i32 {
        return n
    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} n
# @return {Integer}
def sum_of_multiples(n)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @return Integer
     */
    function sumOfMultiples($n) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
int sumOfMultiples(int n) {

}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
def sumOfMultiples(n: Int): Int = {

}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec sum_of_multiples(n :: integer) :: integer
def sum_of_multiples(n) do
```

```
end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec sum_of_multiples(N :: integer()) -> integer().  
sum_of_multiples(N) ->  
.
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (sum-of-multiples n)  
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  )
```