

# Problem 729: My Calendar I

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 58.20%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Binary Search, Design, Segment Tree, Ordered Set

## Problem Description

You are implementing a program to use as your calendar. We can add a new event if adding the event will not cause a **double booking**.

A **double booking** happens when two events have some non-empty intersection (i.e., some moment is common to both events.).

The event can be represented as a pair of integers `startTime` and `endTime` that represents a booking on the half-open interval `[startTime, endTime)`, the range of real numbers `x` such that `startTime <= x < endTime`.

Implement the `MyCalendar` class:

\* `MyCalendar()` Initializes the calendar object.  
\* `boolean book(int startTime, int endTime)`  
Returns `true` if the event can be added to the calendar successfully without causing a **double booking**. Otherwise, return `false` and do not add the event to the calendar.

**Example 1:**

```
**Input** ["MyCalendar", "book", "book", "book"] [[], [10, 20], [15, 25], [20, 30]] **Output** [null, true, false, true]
**Explanation**
MyCalendar myCalendar = new MyCalendar();
myCalendar.book(10, 20); // return True
myCalendar.book(15, 25); // return False, It can not be booked because time 15 is already booked by another event.
myCalendar.book(20, 30); // return True, The event can be booked, as the first event takes every time less than 20, but not including 20.
```

**Constraints:**

\* `0 <= start < end <= 109` \* At most `1000` calls will be made to `book`.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class MyCalendar {
public:
MyCalendar() {

}

bool book(int startTime, int endTime) {

}

};

/***
* Your MyCalendar object will be instantiated and called as such:
* MyCalendar* obj = new MyCalendar();
* bool param_1 = obj->book(startTime,endTime);
*/
}
```

### Java:

```
class MyCalendar {

public MyCalendar() {

}

public boolean book(int startTime, int endTime) {

}

};

/***
* Your MyCalendar object will be instantiated and called as such:
* MyCalendar obj = new MyCalendar();
* boolean param_1 = obj.book(startTime,endTime);
*/
}
```

### **Python3:**

```
class MyCalendar:

def __init__(self):

def book(self, startTime: int, endTime: int) -> bool:

# Your MyCalendar object will be instantiated and called as such:
# obj = MyCalendar()
# param_1 = obj.book(startTime,endTime)
```