

Problem 986: Interval List Intersections

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 72.84%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Two Pointers, Line Sweep

Problem Description

You are given two lists of closed intervals, `firstList` and `secondList`, where `firstList[i] = [starti, endi]` and `secondList[j] = [startj, endj]`. Each list of intervals is pairwise **disjoint** and in **sorted order**.

Return `_` the intersection of these two interval lists.

A **closed interval** `[a, b]` (with `a ≤ b`) denotes the set of real numbers `x` with `a ≤ x ≤ b`.

The **intersection** of two closed intervals is a set of real numbers that are either empty or represented as a closed interval. For example, the intersection of `[1, 3]` and `[2, 4]` is `[2, 3]`.

Example 1:

Input: `firstList = [[0,2],[5,10],[13,23],[24,25]]`, `secondList = [[1,5],[8,12],[15,24],[25,26]]`

Output: `[[1,2],[5,5],[8,10],[15,23],[24,24],[25,25]]`

Example 2:

Input: `firstList = [[1,3],[5,9]]`, `secondList = []` **Output:** `[]`

Constraints:

```
* `0 <= firstList.length, secondList.length <= 1000` * `firstList.length + secondList.length >= 1`  
* `0 <= starti < endi <= 109` * `endi < starti+1` * `0 <= startj < endj <= 109` * `endj < startj+1`
```

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    vector<vector<int>> intervalIntersection(vector<vector<int>>& firstList,  
    vector<vector<int>>& secondList) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int[][] intervalIntersection(int[][] firstList, int[][] secondList) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def intervalIntersection(self, firstList: List[List[int]], secondList:  
    List[List[int]]) -> List[List[int]]:
```