

Problem 1252: Cells with Odd Values in a Matrix

Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

There is an

$m \times n$

matrix that is initialized to all

0

's. There is also a 2D array

indices

where each

$\text{indices}[i] = [r$

i

, c

i

]

represents a

0-indexed location

to perform some increment operations on the matrix.

For each location

`indices[i]`

, do

both

of the following:

Increment

all

the cells on row

`r`

`i`

.

Increment

all

the cells on column

`c`

`i`

.

Given

m

,

n

, and

indices

, return

the

number of odd-valued cells

in the matrix after applying the increment to all locations in

indices

.

Example 1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Input:

m = 2, n = 3, indices = [[0,1],[1,1]]

Output:

6

Explanation:

Initial matrix = $[[0,0,0],[0,0,0]]$. After applying first increment it becomes $[[1,2,1],[0,1,0]]$. The final matrix is $[[1,3,1],[1,3,1]]$, which contains 6 odd numbers.

Example 2:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Input:

$m = 2, n = 2, \text{indices} = [[1,1],[0,0]]$

Output:

0

Explanation:

Final matrix = $[[2,2],[2,2]]$. There are no odd numbers in the final matrix.

Constraints:

$1 \leq m, n \leq 50$

$1 \leq \text{indices.length} \leq 100$

$0 \leq r$

i

$< m$

$0 \leq c$

i

< n

Follow up:

Could you solve this in

$O(n + m + \text{indices.length})$

time with only

$O(n + m)$

extra space?

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int oddCells(int m, int n, vector<vector<int>>& indices) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int oddCells(int m, int n, int[][] indices) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def oddCells(self, m: int, n: int, indices: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```

Python:

```

class Solution(object):
def oddCells(self, m, n, indices):
    """
    :type m: int
    :type n: int
    :type indices: List[List[int]]
    :rtype: int
    """

```

JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {number} m
 * @param {number} n
 * @param {number[][]} indices
 * @return {number}
 */
var oddCells = function(m, n, indices) {

};

```

TypeScript:

```

function oddCells(m: number, n: number, indices: number[][]): number {

};

```

C#:

```

public class Solution {
    public int OddCells(int m, int n, int[][] indices) {

    }
}

```

C:

```

int oddCells(int m, int n, int** indices, int indicesSize, int*
indicesColSize) {

}

```

Go:

```
func oddCells(m int, n int, indices [][]int) int {

}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {
    fun oddCells(m: Int, n: Int, indices: Array<IntArray>): Int {

    }
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {
    func oddCells(_ m: Int, _ n: Int, _ indices: [[Int]]) -> Int {

    }
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn odd_cells(m: i32, n: i32, indices: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {

    }
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} m
# @param {Integer} n
# @param {Integer[][]} indices
# @return {Integer}
def odd_cells(m, n, indices)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
```

```

* @param Integer $m
* @param Integer $n
* @param Integer[][] $indices
* @return Integer
*/
function oddCells($m, $n, $indices) {

}
}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
  int oddCells(int m, int n, List<List<int>> indices) {

  }
}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def oddCells(m: Int, n: Int, indices: Array[Array[Int]]): Int = {

  }
}

```

Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec odd_cells(m :: integer, n :: integer, indices :: [[integer]]) ::
    integer
  def odd_cells(m, n, indices) do

  end
end

```

Erlang:

```

-spec odd_cells(M :: integer(), N :: integer(), Indices :: [[integer()]]) ->
integer().
odd_cells(M, N, Indices) ->
.

```


Racket:

```
(define/contract (odd-cells m n indices)
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? (listof (listof exact-integer?))
  exact-integer?)
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Cells with Odd Values in a Matrix
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int oddCells(int m, int n, vector<vector<int>>& indices) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Cells with Odd Values in a Matrix
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
```

```

public int oddCells(int m, int n, int[][] indices) {

}

}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Cells with Odd Values in a Matrix
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, math

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def oddCells(self, m: int, n: int, indices: List[List[int]]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def oddCells(self, m, n, indices):
        """
        :type m: int
        :type n: int
        :type indices: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Cells with Odd Values in a Matrix
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique

```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/

/**
* @param {number} m
* @param {number} n
* @param {number[][]} indices
* @return {number}
*/
var oddCells = function(m, n, indices) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
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function oddCells(m: number, n: number, indices: number[][]): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

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```

public class Solution {
    public int OddCells(int m, int n, int[][] indices) {

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```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Cells with Odd Values in a Matrix
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 */

int oddCells(int m, int n, int** indices, int indicesSize, int*
indicesColSize) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

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// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, math
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func oddCells(m int, n int, indices [][]int) int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun oddCells(m: Int, n: Int, indices: Array<IntArray>): Int {

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class Solution {
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impl Solution {
    pub fn odd_cells(m: i32, n: i32, indices: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {

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Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer} m
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# @param {Integer[][]} indices
# @return {Integer}
def odd_cells(m, n, indices)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $m
     * @param Integer $n
     * @param Integer[][] $indices
     * @return Integer
     */
    function oddCells($m, $n, $indices) {

    }

}

```

Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
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