

Problem 1707: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Hard**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an array

`nums`

consisting of non-negative integers. You are also given a

`queries`

array, where

`queries[i] = [x`

`i`

`, m`

`i`

`]`

`.`

The answer to the

`i`

th

query is the maximum bitwise

XOR

value of

x

i

and any element of

nums

that does not exceed

m

i

. In other words, the answer is

$\max(\text{nums}[j] \text{ XOR } x$

i

)

for all

j

such that

$\text{nums}[j] \leq m$

i

. If all elements in

nums

are larger than

m

i

, then the answer is

-1

.

Return

an integer array

answer

where

answer.length == queries.length

and

answer[i]

is the answer to the

i

th

query.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [0,1,2,3,4], queries = [[3,1],[1,3],[5,6]]

Output:

[3,3,7]

Explanation:

1) 0 and 1 are the only two integers not greater than 1. $0 \text{ XOR } 3 = 3$ and $1 \text{ XOR } 3 = 2$. The larger of the two is 3. 2) $1 \text{ XOR } 2 = 3$. 3) $5 \text{ XOR } 2 = 7$.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [5,2,4,6,6,3], queries = [[12,4],[8,1],[6,3]]

Output:

[15,-1,5]

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length}, \text{queries.length} \leq 10$

5

$\text{queries}[i].\text{length} == 2$

$0 \leq \text{nums}[j], x$

i

, m

i

≤ 10

9

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> maximizeXor(vector<int>& nums, vector<vector<int>>& queries) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int[] maximizeXor(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maximizeXor(self, nums: List[int], queries: List[List[int]]) ->
        List[int]:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def maximizeXor(self, nums, queries):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type queries: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: List[int]
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number[][]} queries
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var maximizeXor = function(nums, queries) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
function maximizeXor(nums: number[], queries: number[][]): number[] {

};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public int[] MaximizeXor(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {

    }
}
```

C:

```
/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
int* maximizeXor(int* nums, int numsSize, int** queries, int queriesSize,
int* queriesColSize, int* returnSize) {

}
```

Go:

```
func maximizeXor(nums []int, queries [][]int) []int {

}
```

Kotlin:

```

class Solution {
    fun maximizeXor(nums: IntArray, queries: Array<IntArray>): IntArray {

    }
}

```

Swift:

```

class Solution {
    func maximizeXor(_ nums: [Int], _ queries: [[Int]]) -> [Int] {

    }
}

```

Rust:

```

impl Solution {
    pub fn maximize_xor(nums: Vec<i32>, queries: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> Vec<i32> {

    }
}

```

Ruby:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer[][]} queries
# @return {Integer[]}
def maximize_xor(nums, queries)

end

```

PHP:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer[][] $queries
     * @return Integer[]
     */
    function maximizeXor($nums, $queries) {

    }
}

```

```
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
  List<int> maximizeXor(List<int> nums, List<List<int>> queries) {  
  
  }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def maximizeXor(nums: Array[Int], queries: Array[Array[Int]]): Array[Int] = {  
  
  }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec maximize_xor(nums :: [integer], queries :: [[integer]]) :: [integer]  
  def maximize_xor(nums, queries) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec maximize_xor(Nums :: [integer()], Queries :: [[integer()]]) ->  
  [integer()].  
maximize_xor(Nums, Queries) ->  
  .
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (maximize-xor nums queries)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof (listof exact-integer?)) (listof  
    exact-integer?))  
  )
```


Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> maximizeXor(vector<int>& nums, vector<vector<int>>& queries) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int[] maximizeXor(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {

    }
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array
```

Difficulty: Hard

Tags: array

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique

Time Complexity: $O(n)$ or $O(n \log n)$

Space Complexity: $O(1)$ to $O(n)$ depending on approach

"""

```
class Solution:
```

```
def maximizeXor(self, nums: List[int], queries: List[List[int]]) ->
List[int]:
```

```
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
```

```
pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
def maximizeXor(self, nums, queries):
"""
:type nums: List[int]
:type queries: List[List[int]]
:rtype: List[int]
"""
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  or  $O(n \log n)$ 
 * Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number[][]} queries
 * @return {number[]}
 */
```

```
var maximizeXor = function(nums, queries) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function maximizeXor(nums: number[], queries: number[][]): number[] {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public int[] MaximizeXor(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
int* maximizeXor(int* nums, int numsSize, int** queries, int queriesSize,
int* queriesColSize, int* returnSize) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func maximizeXor(nums []int, queries [][]int) []int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun maximizeXor(nums: IntArray, queries: Array<IntArray>): IntArray {

    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
func maximizeXor(_ nums: [Int], _ queries: [[Int]]) -> [Int] {

}

}

```

Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Maximum XOR With an Element From Array
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
pub fn maximize_xor(nums: Vec<i32>, queries: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> Vec<i32> {

}

}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer[][]} queries
# @return {Integer[]}
def maximize_xor(nums, queries)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

/**
 * @param Integer[] $nums
 * @param Integer[][] $queries
 * @return Integer[]
 */
function maximizeXor($nums, $queries) {

```

```
}  
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  List<int> maximizeXor(List<int> nums, List<List<int>> queries) {  
  
  }  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def maximizeXor(nums: Array[Int], queries: Array[Array[Int]]): Array[Int] = {  
  
  }  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec maximize_xor(nums :: [integer], queries :: [[integer]]) :: [integer]  
  def maximize_xor(nums, queries) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec maximize_xor(Nums :: [integer()], Queries :: [[integer()]]) ->  
  [integer()].  
maximize_xor(Nums, Queries) ->  
  .
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (maximize-xor nums queries)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof (listof exact-integer?)) (listof  
    exact-integer?))  
  )
```

