

# Problem 1223: Dice Roll Simulation

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Hard

**Acceptance Rate:** 50.46%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Dynamic Programming

## Problem Description

A die simulator generates a random number from `1` to `6` for each roll. You introduced a constraint to the generator such that it cannot roll the number `i` more than `rollMax[i]` (\*\*1-indexed\*\*) consecutive times.

Given an array of integers `rollMax` and an integer `n`, return \_the number of distinct sequences that can be obtained with exact\_ `n` \_rolls\_. Since the answer may be too large, return it \*\*modulo\*\* `10^9 + 7`.

Two sequences are considered different if at least one element differs from each other.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** n = 2, rollMax = [1,1,2,2,2,3] **Output:** 34 **Explanation:** There will be 2 rolls of die, if there are no constraints on the die, there are  $6 \times 6 = 36$  possible combinations. In this case, looking at rollMax array, the numbers 1 and 2 appear at most once consecutively, therefore sequences (1,1) and (2,2) cannot occur, so the final answer is  $36 - 2 = 34$ .

**Example 2:**

**Input:** n = 2, rollMax = [1,1,1,1,1,1] **Output:** 30

**Example 3:**

**Input:** n = 3, rollMax = [1,1,1,2,2,3] **Output:** 181

**Constraints:**

```
* `1 <= n <= 5000` * `rollMax.length == 6` * `1 <= rollMax[i] <= 15`
```

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int dieSimulator(int n, vector<int>& rollMax) {
        }
    };
}
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int dieSimulator(int n, int[] rollMax) {
        }
    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def dieSimulator(self, n: int, rollMax: List[int]) -> int:
```