

# Problem 1521: Find a Value of a Mysterious Function Closest to Target

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Hard

**Acceptance Rate:** 46.55%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Binary Search, Bit Manipulation, Segment Tree

## Problem Description



Winston was given the above mysterious function `func` . He has an integer array `arr` and an integer `target` and he wants to find the values `l` and `r` that make the value `|func(arr, l, r) - target|` minimum possible.

Return \_the minimum possible value\_ of `|func(arr, l, r) - target|` .

Notice that `func` should be called with the values `l` and `r` where `0 <= l, r < arr.length` .

**Example 1:**

**Input:** arr = [9,12,3,7,15], target = 5 **Output:** 2 **Explanation:** Calling func with all the pairs of [l,r] = [[0,0],[1,1],[2,2],[3,3],[4,4],[0,1],[1,2],[2,3],[3,4],[0,2],[1,3],[2,4],[0,3],[1,4],[0,4]], Winston got the following results [9,12,3,7,15,8,0,3,7,0,0,3,0,0,0]. The value closest to 5 is 7 and 3, thus the minimum difference is 2.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** arr = [1000000,1000000,1000000], target = 1 **Output:** 999999 **Explanation:** Winston called the func with all possible values of [l,r] and he always got 1000000, thus the min difference is 999999.

**Example 3:**

**\*\*Input:\*\*** arr = [1,2,4,8,16], target = 0 **\*\*Output:\*\*** 0

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1 <= arr.length <= 105` \* `1 <= arr[i] <= 106` \* `0 <= target <= 107`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int closestToTarget(vector<int>& arr, int target) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int closestToTarget(int[] arr, int target) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def closestToTarget(self, arr: List[int], target: int) -> int:
```