

Problem 494: Target Sum

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an integer array

`nums`

and an integer

`target`

.

You want to build an

expression

out of `nums` by adding one of the symbols

`'+'`

and

`'-'`

before each integer in `nums` and then concatenate all the integers.

For example, if

nums = [2, 1]

, you can add a

'+'

before

2

and a

'-'

before

1

and concatenate them to build the expression

"+2-1"

.

Return the number of different

expressions

that you can build, which evaluates to

target

.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [1,1,1,1,1], target = 3

Output:

5

Explanation:

There are 5 ways to assign symbols to make the sum of nums be target 3. $-1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$
 $+1 - 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$
 $+1 + 1 - 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$
 $+1 + 1 + 1 - 1 + 1 = 3$
 $+1 + 1 + 1 + 1 - 1 = 3$

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [1], target = 1

Output:

1

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 20$

$0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 1000$

$0 \leq \text{sum}(\text{nums}[i]) \leq 1000$

$-1000 \leq \text{target} \leq 1000$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int findTargetSumWays(vector<int>& nums, int target) {

    }
}
```

```
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int findTargetSumWays(int[] nums, int target) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findTargetSumWays(self, nums: List[int], target: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def findTargetSumWays(self, nums, target):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :type target: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} target  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var findTargetSumWays = function(nums, target) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function findTargetSumWays(nums: number[], target: number): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int FindTargetSumWays(int[] nums, int target) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int findTargetSumWays(int* nums, int numsSize, int target) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func findTargetSumWays(nums []int, target int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findTargetSumWays(nums: IntArray, target: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func findTargetSumWays(_ nums: [Int], _ target: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_target_sum_ways(nums: Vec<i32>, target: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} target
# @return {Integer}
def find_target_sum_ways(nums, target)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $target
     * @return Integer
     */
    function findTargetSumWays($nums, $target) {

    }

}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
  int findTargetSumWays(List<int> nums, int target) {

  }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def findTargetSumWays(nums: Array[Int], target: Int): Int = {

  }
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_target_sum_ways(nums :: [integer], target :: integer) :: integer
```

```

def find_target_sum_ways(nums, target) do

end

end

```

Erlang:

```

-spec find_target_sum_ways(Nums :: [integer()], Target :: integer()) ->
integer().
find_target_sum_ways(Nums, Target) ->
.

```

Racket:

```

(define/contract (find-target-sum-ways nums target)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?)
  )

```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Target Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int findTargetSumWays(vector<int>& nums, int target) {

    }
};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Target Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

class Solution {
public int findTargetSumWays(int[] nums, int target) {

}

}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Target Sum
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, dp

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
def findTargetSumWays(self, nums: List[int], target: int) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def findTargetSumWays(self, nums, target):
"""
:type nums: List[int]
:type target: int
:rtype: int
"""

```


JavaScript Solution:

```
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/**
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function findTargetSumWays(nums: number[], target: number): number {

};
```

C# Solution:

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 * Problem: Target Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
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```

* Tags: array, dp
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public class Solution {
public int FindTargetSumWays(int[] nums, int target) {

}
}

```

C Solution:

```

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int findTargetSumWays(int* nums, int numsSize, int target) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

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// Tags: array, dp
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func findTargetSumWays(nums []int, target int) int {

```

```
}
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Kotlin Solution:

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class Solution {  
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impl Solution {  
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Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
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# @return {Integer}  
def find_target_sum_ways(nums, target)
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end
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PHP Solution:

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