

# Problem 2968: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Hard**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given a

0-indexed

integer array

nums

and an integer

k

.

You can perform the following operation on the array

at most

k

times:

Choose any index

i

from the array and

increase

or

decrease

nums[i]

by

1

.

The score of the final array is the

frequency

of the most frequent element in the array.

Return

the

maximum

score you can achieve

.

The frequency of an element is the number of occurrences of that element in the array.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [1,2,6,4], k = 3

Output:

3

Explanation:

We can do the following operations on the array: - Choose  $i = 0$ , and increase the value of `nums[0]` by 1. The resulting array is [2,2,6,4]. - Choose  $i = 3$ , and decrease the value of `nums[3]` by 1. The resulting array is [2,2,6,3]. - Choose  $i = 3$ , and decrease the value of `nums[3]` by 1. The resulting array is [2,2,6,2]. The element 2 is the most frequent in the final array so our score is 3. It can be shown that we cannot achieve a better score.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [1,4,4,2,4], k = 0

Output:

3

Explanation:

We cannot apply any operations so our score will be the frequency of the most frequent element in the original array, which is 3.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

9

$0 \leq k \leq 10$

14

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int maxFrequencyScore(vector<int>& nums, long long k) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int maxFrequencyScore(int[] nums, long k) {

    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maxFrequencyScore(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def maxFrequencyScore(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: int
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var maxFrequencyScore = function(nums, k) {

};

```

### TypeScript:

```

function maxFrequencyScore(nums: number[], k: number): number {

};

```

### C#:

```

public class Solution {
    public int MaxFrequencyScore(int[] nums, long k) {

    }
}

```

### C:

```

int maxFrequencyScore(int* nums, int numsSize, long long k) {

}

```

### Go:

```

func maxFrequencyScore(nums []int, k int64) int {

}

```

### Kotlin:

```

class Solution {
    fun maxFrequencyScore(nums: IntArray, k: Long): Int {

    }
}

```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func maxFrequencyScore(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn max_frequency_score(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i64) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def max_frequency_score(nums, k)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function maxFrequencyScore($nums, $k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int maxFrequencyScore(List<int> nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

```
}  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def maxFrequencyScore(nums: Array[Int], k: Long): Int = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec max_frequency_score(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: integer  
  def max_frequency_score(nums, k) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec max_frequency_score(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> integer().  
max_frequency_score(Nums, K) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (max-frequency-score nums k)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score  
 * Difficulty: Hard
```

```

* Tags: array, sort, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

class Solution {
public:
    int maxFrequencyScore(vector<int>& nums, long long k) {

    }
};

```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int maxFrequencyScore(int[] nums, long k) {

    }
}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, sort, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
"""

```



Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach

"""

```
class Solution:
```

```
def maxFrequencyScore(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```

```
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
```

```
pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
```

```
def maxFrequencyScore(self, nums, k):
```

```
"""
```

```
:type nums: List[int]
```

```
:type k: int
```

```
:rtype: int
```

```
"""
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
```

```
 * Problem: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score
```

```
 * Difficulty: Hard
```

```
 * Tags: array, sort, search
```

```
 *
```

```
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
```

```
 * Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  or  $O(n \log n)$ 
```

```
 * Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
```

```
 */
```

```
/**
```

```
 * @param {number[]} nums
```

```
 * @param {number} k
```

```
 * @return {number}
```

```
 */
```

```
var maxFrequencyScore = function(nums, k) {
```

```
};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function maxFrequencyScore(nums: number[], k: number): number {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public int MaxFrequencyScore(int[] nums, long k) {

    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort, search
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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```

```

*/

int maxFrequencyScore(int* nums, int numsSize, long long k) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, sort, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func maxFrequencyScore(nums []int, k int64) int {

}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun maxFrequencyScore(nums: IntArray, k: Long): Int {

    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func maxFrequencyScore(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {

    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Apply Operations to Maximize Frequency Score
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, sort, search

```

```
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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impl Solution {
    pub fn max_frequency_score(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i64) -> i32 {

    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def max_frequency_score(nums, k)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer
     */
    function maxFrequencyScore($nums, $k) {

    }

}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
    int maxFrequencyScore(List<int> nums, int k) {

    }
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def maxFrequencyScore(nums: Array[Int], k: Long): Int = {  
  
  }  
}
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### Elixir Solution:

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defmodule Solution do  
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### Erlang Solution:

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