

Problem 3326: Minimum Division Operations to Make Array Non Decreasing

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 28.91%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Math, Greedy, Number Theory

Problem Description

You are given an integer array `nums``.

Any **positive** divisor of a natural number `x`` that is **strictly less** than `x`` is called a **proper divisor** of `x``. For example, 2 is a `_proper divisor_` of 4, while 6 is not a `_proper divisor_` of 6.

You are allowed to perform an **operation** any number of times on `nums``, where in each **operation** you select any `_one_` element from `nums`` and divide it by its **greatest** **proper divisor**.

Return the **minimum** number of **operations** required to make the array **non-decreasing**.

If it is **not** possible to make the array `_non-decreasing_` using any number of operations, return `-1``.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [25,7]`

Output: 1

Explanation:

Using a single operation, 25 gets divided by 5 and `nums` becomes `[5, 7]`.

****Example 2:****

****Input:**** nums = [7,7,6]

****Output:**** -1

****Example 3:****

****Input:**** nums = [1,1,1,1]

****Output:**** 0

****Constraints:****

* `1 <= nums.length <= 105` * `1 <= nums[i] <= 106`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int minOperations(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int minOperations(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def minOperations(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```