

# Problem 1803: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given a

(0-indexed)

integer array

nums

and two integers

low

and

high

, return

the number of

nice pairs

A

nice pair

is a pair

(i, j)

where

$0 \leq i < j < \text{nums.length}$

and

$\text{low} \leq (\text{nums}[i] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[j]) \leq \text{high}$

.

Example 1:

Input:

$\text{nums} = [1, 4, 2, 7]$ ,  $\text{low} = 2$ ,  $\text{high} = 6$

Output:

6

Explanation:

All nice pairs (i, j) are as follows: - (0, 1):  $\text{nums}[0] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[1] = 5$  - (0, 2):  $\text{nums}[0] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[2] = 3$  - (0, 3):  $\text{nums}[0] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[3] = 6$  - (1, 2):  $\text{nums}[1] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[2] = 6$  - (1, 3):  $\text{nums}[1] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[3] = 3$  - (2, 3):  $\text{nums}[2] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[3] = 5$

Example 2:

Input:

$\text{nums} = [9, 8, 4, 2, 1]$ ,  $\text{low} = 5$ ,  $\text{high} = 14$

Output:

8

Explanation:

All nice pairs  $(i, j)$  are as follows: -  $(0, 2)$ :  $\text{nums}[0] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[2] = 13$  -  $(0, 3)$ :  $\text{nums}[0] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[3] = 11$  -  $(0, 4)$ :  $\text{nums}[0] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[4] = 8$  -  $(1, 2)$ :  $\text{nums}[1] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[2] = 12$  -  $(1, 3)$ :  $\text{nums}[1] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[3] = 10$  -  $(1, 4)$ :  $\text{nums}[1] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[4] = 9$  -  $(2, 3)$ :  $\text{nums}[2] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[3] = 6$  -  $(2, 4)$ :  $\text{nums}[2] \text{ XOR } \text{nums}[4] = 5$

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 2 * 10$

4

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 2 * 10$

4

$1 \leq \text{low} \leq \text{high} \leq 2 * 10$

4

## Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int countPairs(vector<int>& nums, int low, int high) {
        }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int countPairs(int[] nums, int low, int high) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def countPairs(self, nums: List[int], low: int, high: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def countPairs(self, nums, low, high):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :type low: int  
        :type high: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} low  
 * @param {number} high  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var countPairs = function(nums, low, high) {  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function countPairs(nums: number[], low: number, high: number): number {  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int CountPairs(int[] nums, int low, int high) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

**C:**

```
int countPairs(int* nums, int numsSize, int low, int high){  
  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func countPairs(nums []int, low int, high int) int {  
  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
  
    fun countPairs(nums: IntArray, low: Int, high: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
  
    func countPairs(_ nums: [Int], _ low: Int, _ high: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
  
    pub fn count_pairs(nums: Vec<i32>, low: i32, high: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Ruby:**

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} low
# @param {Integer} high
# @return {Integer}
def count_pairs(nums, low, high)

end

```

### PHP:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $low
     * @param Integer $high
     * @return Integer
     */
    function countPairs($nums, $low, $high) {

    }
}

```

### Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def countPairs(nums: Array[Int], low: Int, high: Int): Int = {
    }
}

```

### Racket:

```

(define/contract (count-pairs nums low high)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?))

)

```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int countPairs(vector<int>& nums, int low, int high) {
}
};


```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public int countPairs(int[] nums, int low, int high) {
}

}


```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""

Problem: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array

```

```

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

def countPairs(self, nums: List[int], low: int, high: int) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):

def countPairs(self, nums, low, high):
"""

:type nums: List[int]
:type low: int
:type high: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

var countPairs = function(nums, low, high) {

```

```
};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function countPairs(nums: number[], low: number, high: number): number {  
  
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public int CountPairs(int[] nums, int low, int high) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range  
 * Difficulty: Hard
```

```

* Tags: array
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
int countPairs(int* nums, int numsSize, int low, int high){
}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func countPairs(nums []int, low int, high int) int {
}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun countPairs(nums: IntArray, low: Int, high: Int): Int {
    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func countPairs(_ nums: [Int], _ low: Int, _ high: Int) -> Int {
    }
}

```

```
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Count Pairs With XOR in a Range
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn count_pairs(nums: Vec<i32>, low: i32, high: i32) -> i32 {
        //
    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} low
# @param {Integer} high
# @return {Integer}
def count_pairs(nums, low, high)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $low
     * @param Integer $high
     * @return Integer
     */
    function countPairs($nums, $low, $high) {

}
```

```
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def countPairs(nums: Array[Int], low: Int, high: Int): Int = {  
          
    }  
}
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (count-pairs nums low high)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?))  
 )
```