

# Problem 3353: Minimum Total Operations

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Easy

**Acceptance Rate:** 63.52%

**Paid Only:** Yes

**Tags:** Array

## Problem Description

Given an array of integers `nums` , you can perform \_any\_ number of operations on this array.

In each **\*\*operation\*\*** , you can:

\* Choose a **\*\*prefix\*\*** of the array. \* Choose an integer `k` (which can be negative) and add `k` to each element in the chosen prefix.

A **\*\*prefix\*\*** of an array is a subarray that starts from the beginning of the array and extends to any point within it.

Return the **\*\*minimum\*\*** number of operations required to make all elements in `arr` equal.

**\*\*Example 1:\*\***

**\*\*Input:\*\*** nums = [1,4,2]

**\*\*Output:\*\*** 2

**\*\*Explanation:\*\***

\* **\*\*Operation 1\*\*** : Choose the prefix `[1, 4]` of length 2 and add -2 to each element of the prefix. The array becomes `[-1, 2, 2]` . \* **\*\*Operation 2\*\*** : Choose the prefix `[-1]` of length 1 and add 3 to it. The array becomes `[2, 2, 2]` . \* Thus, the minimum number of required operations is 2.

**\*\*Example 2:\*\***

**\*\*Input:\*\*** nums = [10,10,10]

**\*\*Output:\*\*** 0

**\*\*Explanation:\*\***

- \* All elements are already equal, so no operations are needed.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1 <= nums.length <= 105` \* `-109 <= nums[i] <= 109`

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {
public:
    int minOperations(vector<int>& nums) {
        }
    };
}
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {
public int minOperations(int[] nums) {
        }
    }
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:
    def minOperations(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```