

# Problem 213: House Robber II

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 44.27%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Dynamic Programming

## Problem Description

You are a professional robber planning to rob houses along a street. Each house has a certain amount of money stashed. All houses at this place are **arranged in a circle**. That means the first house is the neighbor of the last one. Meanwhile, adjacent houses have a security system connected, and **it will automatically contact the police if two adjacent houses were broken into on the same night**.

Given an integer array `nums` representing the amount of money of each house, return **\_the maximum amount of money you can rob tonight\*\*without alerting the police\_**.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** nums = [2,3,2] **Output:** 3 **Explanation:** You cannot rob house 1 (money = 2) and then rob house 3 (money = 2), because they are adjacent houses.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** nums = [1,2,3,1] **Output:** 4 **Explanation:** Rob house 1 (money = 1) and then rob house 3 (money = 3). Total amount you can rob = 1 + 3 = 4.

**Example 3:**

**Input:** nums = [1,2,3] **Output:** 3

**Constraints:**

\* `1 <= nums.length <= 100` \* `0 <= nums[i] <= 1000`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int rob(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int rob(int[] nums) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def rob(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```