

Problem 3149: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Hard**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an array

`nums`

which is a

permutation

of

$[0, 1, 2, \dots, n - 1]$

. The

score

of any permutation of

$[0, 1, 2, \dots, n - 1]$

named

`perm`

is defined as:

$\text{score}(\text{perm}) = |\text{perm}[0] - \text{nums}[\text{perm}[1]]| + |\text{perm}[1] - \text{nums}[\text{perm}[2]]| + \dots + |\text{perm}[n - 1] - \text{nums}[\text{perm}[0]]|$

Return the permutation

perm

which has the

minimum

possible score. If

multiple

permutations exist with this score, return the one that is

lexicographically smallest

among them.

Example 1:

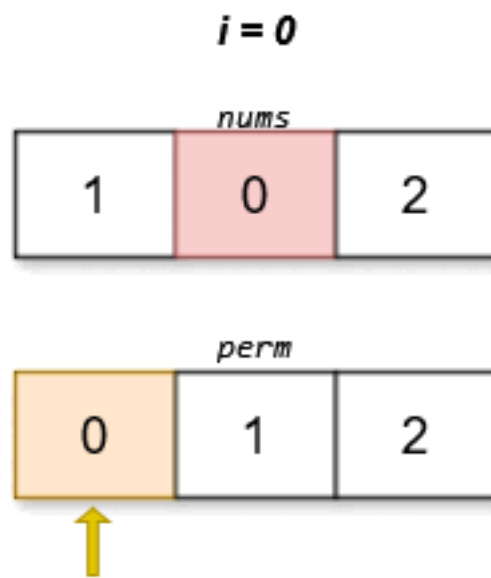
Input:

nums = [1,0,2]

Output:

[0,1,2]

Explanation:



The lexicographically smallest permutation with minimum cost is

[0,1,2]

. The cost of this permutation is

$$|0 - 0| + |1 - 2| + |2 - 1| = 2$$

.

Example 2:

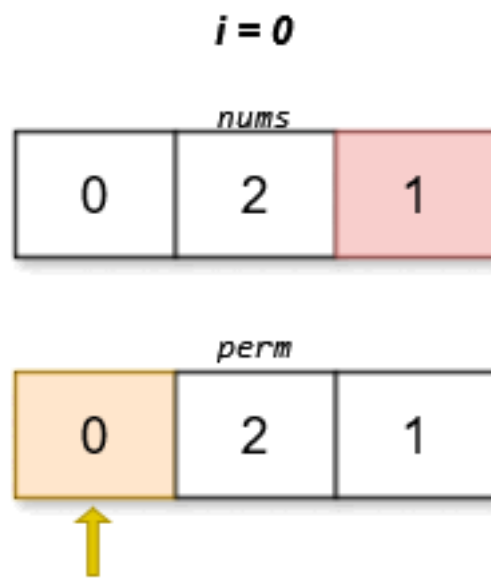
Input:

nums = [0,2,1]

Output:

[0,2,1]

Explanation:



The lexicographically smallest permutation with minimum cost is

[0,2,1]

. The cost of this permutation is

$$|0 - 1| + |2 - 2| + |1 - 0| = 2$$

.

Constraints:

$$2 \leq n \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 14$$

nums

is a permutation of

[0, 1, 2, ..., n - 1]

.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> findPermutation(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int[] findPermutation(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def findPermutation(self, nums: List[int]) -> List[int]:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def findPermutation(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: List[int]
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var findPermutation = function(nums) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
function findPermutation(nums: number[]): number[] {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int[] FindPermutation(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
/**  
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().  
 */  
int* findPermutation(int* nums, int numsSize, int* returnSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func findPermutation(nums []int) []int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findPermutation(nums: IntArray): IntArray {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func findPermutation(_ nums: [Int]) -> [Int] {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_permutation(nums: Vec<i32>) -> Vec<i32> {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer[]}  
def find_permutation(nums)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @return Integer[]  
     */  
    function findPermutation($nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    List<int> findPermutation(List<int> nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def findPermutation(nums: Array[Int]): Array[Int] = {  
  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_permutation(nums :: [integer]) :: [integer]
  def find_permutation(nums) do

  end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec find_permutation(Nums :: [integer()]) -> [integer()].
find_permutation(Nums) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (find-permutation nums)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof exact-integer?))
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, graph, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
  vector<int> findPermutation(vector<int>& nums) {
```



```
}  
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, graph, dp  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
    public int[] findPermutation(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation  
Difficulty: Hard  
Tags: array, graph, dp  
  
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def findPermutation(self, nums: List[int]) -> List[int]:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def findPermutation(self, nums):
    """
    :type nums: List[int]
    :rtype: List[int]
    """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, graph, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var findPermutation = function(nums) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, graph, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

function findPermutation(nums: number[]): number[] {

};

```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, graph, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

public class Solution {
    public int[] FindPermutation(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, graph, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
int* findPermutation(int* nums, int numsSize, int* returnSize) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, graph, dp
```

```
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

func findPermutation(nums []int) []int {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun findPermutation(nums: IntArray): IntArray {

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func findPermutation(_ nums: [Int]) -> [Int] {

    }
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Find the Minimum Cost Array Permutation
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, graph, dp
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

impl Solution {
    pub fn find_permutation(nums: Vec<i32>) -> Vec<i32> {

    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer[]}
def find_permutation(nums)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @return Integer[]
     */
    function findPermutation($nums) {

    }

}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
  List<int> findPermutation(List<int> nums) {

  }
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
  def findPermutation(nums: Array[Int]): Array[Int] = {

  }
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_permutation(nums :: [integer]) :: [integer]
  def find_permutation(nums) do
```

```
end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec find_permutation(Nums :: [integer()]) -> [integer()].  
find_permutation(Nums) ->  
.
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (find-permutation nums)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof exact-integer?))  
  )
```