

Problem 2658: Maximum Number of Fish in a Grid

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given a

0-indexed

2D matrix

grid

of size

$m \times n$

, where

(r, c)

represents:

A

land

cell if

$\text{grid}[r][c] = 0$

, or

A

water

cell containing

grid[r][c]

fish, if

$\text{grid[r][c]} > 0$

.

A fisher can start at any

water

cell

(r, c)

and can do the following operations any number of times:

Catch all the fish at cell

(r, c)

, or

Move to any adjacent

water

cell.

Return

the

maximum

number of fish the fisher can catch if he chooses his starting cell optimally, or

0

if no water cell exists.

An

adjacent

cell of the cell

(r, c)

, is one of the cells

$(r, c + 1)$

,

$(r, c - 1)$

,

$(r + 1, c)$

or

$(r - 1, c)$

if it exists.

Example 1:

0	2	1	0
4	0	0	3
1	0	0	4
0	3	2	0

Input:

```
grid = [[0,2,1,0],[4,0,0,3],[1,0,0,4],[0,3,2,0]]
```

Output:

7

Explanation:

The fisher can start at cell

(1,3)

and collect 3 fish, then move to cell

(2,3)

and collect 4 fish.

Example 2:

1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1

Input:

```
grid = [[1,0,0,0],[0,0,0,0],[0,0,0,0],[0,0,0,1]]
```

Output:

1

Explanation:

The fisher can start at cells (0,0) or (3,3) and collect a single fish.

Constraints:

$m == \text{grid.length}$

$n == \text{grid[i].length}$

$1 \leq m, n \leq 10$

$0 \leq \text{grid}[i][j] \leq 10$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
```

```
int findMaxFish(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {  
}  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int findMaxFish(int[][] grid) {  
        }  
    }
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findMaxFish(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def findMaxFish(self, grid):  
        """  
        :type grid: List[List[int]]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[][][]} grid  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var findMaxFish = function(grid) {  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function findMaxFish(grid: number[][][]): number {  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int FindMaxFish(int[][] grid) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int findMaxFish(int** grid, int gridSize, int* gridColSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func findMaxFish(grid [][]int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findMaxFish(grid: Array<IntArray>): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func findMaxFish(_ grid: [[Int]]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_max_fish(grid: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} grid
# @return {Integer}
def find_max_fish(grid)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[][] $grid
     * @return Integer
     */
    function findMaxFish($grid) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
    int findMaxFish(List<List<int>> grid) {
    }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
    def findMaxFish(grid: Array[Array[Int]]): Int = {
    }
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_max_fish(grid :: [[integer]]) :: integer
  def find_max_fish(grid) do
```

```
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec find_max_fish(Grid :: [[integer()]]) -> integer().  
find_max_fish(Grid) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (find-max-fish grid)  
(-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Maximum Number of Fish in a Grid  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, graph, search  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    int findMaxFish(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {  
        }  
    };
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Maximum Number of Fish in a Grid
```

```

* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, graph, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

```

```

class Solution {
public int findMaxFish(int[][] grid) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Maximum Number of Fish in a Grid
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, graph, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def findMaxFish(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def findMaxFish(self, grid):
        """
        :type grid: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Maximum Number of Fish in a Grid
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, graph, search
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * @param {number[][]} grid
 * @return {number}
 */
var findMaxFish = function(grid) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Maximum Number of Fish in a Grid
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, graph, search
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function findMaxFish(grid: number[][]): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
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 * Tags: array, graph, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique

```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/
public class Solution {
    public int FindMaxFish(int[][] grid) {
        }
    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Maximum Number of Fish in a Grid
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, graph, search
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/
int findMaxFish(int** grid, int gridSize, int* gridColSize) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

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// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, graph, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func findMaxFish(grid [][]int) int {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findMaxFish(grid: Array<IntArray>): Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func findMaxFish(_ grid: [[Int]]) -> Int {  
        }  
        }  
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Rust Solution:

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// Problem: Maximum Number of Fish in a Grid  
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impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_max_fish(grid: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} grid  
# @return {Integer}  
def find_max_fish(grid)  
  
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {
```

```
/**
 * @param Integer[][] $grid
 * @return Integer
 */
function findMaxFish($grid) {

}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
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object Solution {
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