

# Problem 1215: Stepping Numbers

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 47.94%

**Paid Only:** Yes

**Tags:** Math, Backtracking, Breadth-First Search

## Problem Description

A **stepping number** is an integer such that all of its adjacent digits have an absolute difference of exactly 1.

\* For example, 321 is a **stepping number** while 421 is not.

Given two integers `low` and `high`, return a sorted list of all the **stepping numbers** in the inclusive range `[low, high]`.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `low = 0, high = 21` **Output:** `[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,12,21]`

**Example 2:**

**Input:** `low = 10, high = 15` **Output:** `[10,12]`

**Constraints:**

`0 ≤ low ≤ high ≤ 2 * 109`

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    vector<int> countSteppingNumbers(int low, int high) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public List<Integer> countSteppingNumbers(int low, int high) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def countSteppingNumbers(self, low: int, high: int) -> List[int]:
```