

Problem 890: Find and Replace Pattern

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 76.90%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Hash Table, String

Problem Description

Given a list of strings `words` and a string `pattern`, return a list of `words[i]` that match `pattern`. You may return the answer in **any order**.

A word matches the pattern if there exists a permutation of letters `p` so that after replacing every letter `x` in the pattern with `p(x)`, we get the desired word.

Recall that a permutation of letters is a bijection from letters to letters: every letter maps to another letter, and no two letters map to the same letter.

Example 1:

Input: `words = ["abc", "deq", "mee", "aqq", "dkd", "ccc"], pattern = "abb"` **Output:** `["mee", "aqq"]` **Explanation:** "mee" matches the pattern because there is a permutation {a -> m, b -> e, ...}. "ccc" does not match the pattern because {a -> c, b -> c, ...} is not a permutation, since a and b map to the same letter.

Example 2:

Input: `words = ["a", "b", "c"], pattern = "a"` **Output:** `["a", "b", "c"]`

Constraints:

`1 <= pattern.length <= 20` `1 <= words.length <= 50` `words[i].length == pattern.length` `pattern` and `words[i]` are lowercase English letters.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    vector<string> findAndReplacePattern(vector<string>& words, string pattern) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public List<String> findAndReplacePattern(String[] words, String pattern) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findAndReplacePattern(self, words: List[str], pattern: str) -> List[str]:
```