

Problem 530: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST

Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

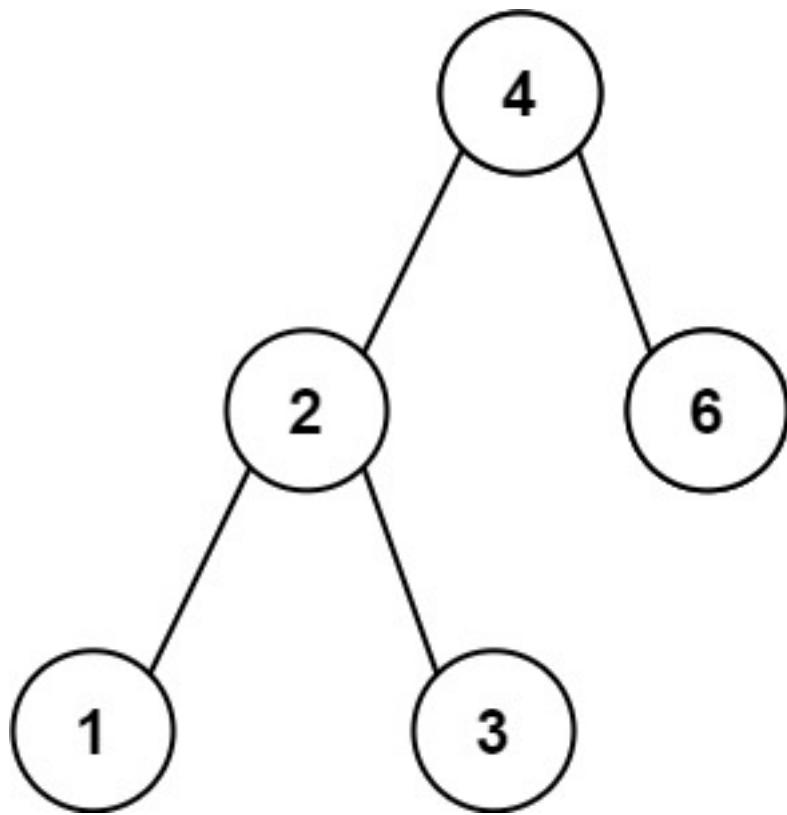
Given the

root

of a Binary Search Tree (BST), return

the minimum absolute difference between the values of any two different nodes in the tree

Example 1:



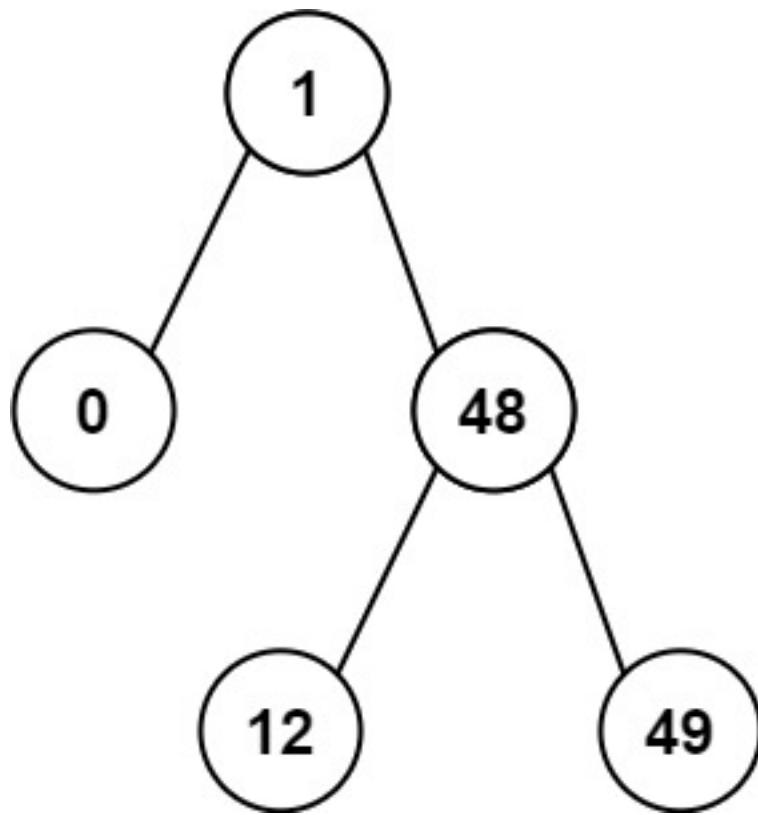
Input:

root = [4,2,6,1,3]

Output:

1

Example 2:



Input:

```
root = [1,0,48,null,null,12,49]
```

Output:

```
1
```

Constraints:

The number of nodes in the tree is in the range

```
[2, 10
```

```
4
```

```
]
```

0 <= Node.val <= 10

Note:

This question is the same as 783:

<https://leetcode.com/problems/minimum-distance-between-bst-nodes/>

Code Snippets

C++:

```
/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * struct TreeNode {
 *     int val;
 *     TreeNode *left;
 *     TreeNode *right;
 *     TreeNode() : val(0), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
 *     TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
 *     TreeNode(int x, TreeNode *left, TreeNode *right) : val(x), left(left),
 *     right(right) {}
 * };
 */
class Solution {
public:
    int getMinimumDifference(TreeNode* root) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * public class TreeNode {
 *     int val;
 *     TreeNode left;
 *     TreeNode right;
 *     TreeNode() {}
 * }
```

```

* TreeNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
* TreeNode(int val, TreeNode left, TreeNode right) {
*   this.val = val;
*   this.left = left;
*   this.right = right;
* }
* }
*/
class Solution {
public int getMinimumDifference(TreeNode root) {

}
}

```

Python3:

```

# Definition for a binary tree node.
# class TreeNode:
#     def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
#         self.val = val
#         self.left = left
#         self.right = right
class Solution:
    def getMinimumDifference(self, root: Optional[TreeNode]) -> int:

```

Python:

```

# Definition for a binary tree node.
# class TreeNode(object):
#     def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
#         self.val = val
#         self.left = left
#         self.right = right
class Solution(object):
    def getMinimumDifference(self, root):
        """
        :type root: Optional[TreeNode]
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript:

```

    /**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * function TreeNode(val, left, right) {
 *   this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
 *   this.left = (left===undefined ? null : left)
 *   this.right = (right===undefined ? null : right)
 * }
 */
/**
 * @param {TreeNode} root
 * @return {number}
 */
var getMinimumDifference = function(root) {

};

```

TypeScript:

```

    /**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * class TreeNode {
 *   val: number
 *   left: TreeNode | null
 *   right: TreeNode | null
 *   constructor(val?: number, left?: TreeNode | null, right?: TreeNode | null) {
 *     this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
 *     this.left = (left===undefined ? null : left)
 *     this.right = (right===undefined ? null : right)
 *   }
 * }
 */
function getMinimumDifference(root: TreeNode | null): number {
}

```

C#:

```

    /**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * public class TreeNode {
 *   public int val;

```

```

* public TreeNode left;
* public TreeNode right;
* public TreeNode(int val=0, TreeNode left=null, TreeNode right=null) {
*     this.val = val;
*     this.left = left;
*     this.right = right;
* }
* }
*/
public class Solution {
    public int GetMinimumDifference(TreeNode root) {
        }

    }
}

```

C:

```

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * struct TreeNode {
 *     int val;
 *     struct TreeNode *left;
 *     struct TreeNode *right;
 * };
 */
int getMinimumDifference(struct TreeNode* root) {
    }

}

```

Go:

```

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * type TreeNode struct {
 *     Val int
 *     Left *TreeNode
 *     Right *TreeNode
 * }
 */
func getMinimumDifference(root *TreeNode) int {
    }

}

```

Kotlin:

```
/**
 * Example:
 * var ti = TreeNode(5)
 * var v = ti.`val`
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * class TreeNode(var `val`: Int) {
 *     var left: TreeNode? = null
 *     var right: TreeNode? = null
 * }
 */
class Solution {
    fun getMinimumDifference(root: TreeNode?): Int {
        ...
    }
}
```

Swift:

```
/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * public class TreeNode {
 *     public var val: Int
 *     public var left: TreeNode?
 *     public var right: TreeNode?
 *     public init() { self.val = 0; self.left = nil; self.right = nil; }
 *     public init(_ val: Int) { self.val = val; self.left = nil; self.right = nil; }
 *     public init(_ val: Int, _ left: TreeNode?, _ right: TreeNode?) {
 *         self.val = val
 *         self.left = left
 *         self.right = right
 *     }
 * }
 */
class Solution {
    func getMinimumDifference(_ root: TreeNode?) -> Int {
        ...
    }
}
```

Rust:

```
// Definition for a binary tree node.
// #[derive(Debug, PartialEq, Eq)]
// pub struct TreeNode {
//     pub val: i32,
//     pub left: Option<Rc<RefCell<TreeNode>>,
//     pub right: Option<Rc<RefCell<TreeNode>>,
// }
//
// impl TreeNode {
//     #[inline]
//     pub fn new(val: i32) -> Self {
//         TreeNode {
//             val,
//             left: None,
//             right: None
//         }
//     }
// }
use std::rc::Rc;
use std::cell::RefCell;
impl Solution {
    pub fn get_minimum_difference(root: Option<Rc<RefCell<TreeNode>>>) -> i32 {
        }
    }
}
```

Ruby:

```
# Definition for a binary tree node.
# class TreeNode
# attr_accessor :val, :left, :right
# def initialize(val = 0, left = nil, right = nil)
#   @val = val
#   @left = left
#   @right = right
# end
# end
# @param {TreeNode} root
# @return {Integer}
def get_minimum_difference(root)
```

```
end
```

PHP:

```
/**  
 * Definition for a binary tree node.  
 * class TreeNode {  
 *     public $val = null;  
 *     public $left = null;  
 *     public $right = null;  
 *     function __construct($val = 0, $left = null, $right = null) {  
 *         $this->val = $val;  
 *         $this->left = $left;  
 *         $this->right = $right;  
 *     }  
 * }  
 */  
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param TreeNode $root  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function getMinimumDifference($root) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
/**  
 * Definition for a binary tree node.  
 * class TreeNode {  
 *     int val;  
 *     TreeNode? left;  
 *     TreeNode? right;  
 *     TreeNode([this.val = 0, this.left, this.right]);  
 * }  
 */  
class Solution {  
    int getMinimumDifference(TreeNode? root) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Scala:

```
/**  
 * Definition for a binary tree node.  
 * class TreeNode(_value: Int = 0, _left: TreeNode = null, _right: TreeNode =  
 * null) {  
 * var value: Int = _value  
 * var left: TreeNode = _left  
 * var right: TreeNode = _right  
 * }  
 */  
object Solution {  
 def getMinimumDifference(root: TreeNode): Int = {  
  
}  
}  
}
```

Elixir:

```
# Definition for a binary tree node.  
#  
# defmodule TreeNode do  
# @type t :: %__MODULE__{  
# val: integer,  
# left: TreeNode.t() | nil,  
# right: TreeNode.t() | nil  
# }  
# defstruct val: 0, left: nil, right: nil  
# end  
  
defmodule Solution do  
@spec get_minimum_difference(TreeNode.t() | nil) :: integer  
def get_minimum_difference(root) do  
  
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```

%% Definition for a binary tree node.

%% -record(tree_node, {val = 0 :: integer(),
%% left = null :: 'null' | #tree_node{},
%% right = null :: 'null' | #tree_node{}}).

-spec get_minimum_difference(Root :: #tree_node{} | null) -> integer().
get_minimum_difference(Root) ->
    .

```

Racket:

```

; Definition for a binary tree node.

#|
; val : integer?
; left : (or/c tree-node? #f)
; right : (or/c tree-node? #f)
(struct tree-node
  (val left right) #:mutable #:transparent)

; constructor
(define (make-tree-node [val 0])
  (tree-node val #f #f))

|#
(define/contract (get-minimum-difference root)
  (-> (or/c tree-node? #f) exact-integer?))
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST
* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: tree, search
*
* Approach: DFS or BFS traversal

```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) where n is number of nodes
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/

```

```

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * struct TreeNode {
 *     int val;
 *     TreeNode *left;
 *     TreeNode *right;
 *     TreeNode() : val(0), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {
 *         // TODO: Implement optimized solution
 *         return 0;
 *     }
 *     TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {
 *         // TODO: Implement optimized solution
 *         return 0;
 *     }
 *     TreeNode(int x, TreeNode *left, TreeNode *right) : val(x), left(left),
 *     right(right) {
 *         // TODO: Implement optimized solution
 *         return 0;
 *     }
 * };
*/
class Solution {
public:
    int getMinimumDifference(TreeNode* root) {

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: tree, search
 *
 * Approach: DFS or BFS traversal
 * Time Complexity: O(n) where n is number of nodes

```

```

* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/



/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * public class TreeNode {
 * int val;
 * TreeNode left;
 * TreeNode right;
 * TreeNode() {
 // TODO: Implement optimized solution
 return 0;
 }
 * TreeNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
 * TreeNode(int val, TreeNode left, TreeNode right) {
 * this.val = val;
 * this.left = left;
 * this.right = right;
 * }
 * }
 */
class Solution {
public int getMinimumDifference(TreeNode root) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: tree, search

Approach: DFS or BFS traversal
Time Complexity: O(n) where n is number of nodes
Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
"""

# Definition for a binary tree node.
# class TreeNode:

```

```

# def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
#     self.val = val
#     self.left = left
#     self.right = right
class Solution:

    def getMinimumDifference(self, root: Optional[TreeNode]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

# Definition for a binary tree node.
# class TreeNode(object):
#     def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
#         self.val = val
#         self.left = left
#         self.right = right
class Solution(object):

    def getMinimumDifference(self, root):
        """
:type root: Optional[TreeNode]
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: tree, search
 *
 * Approach: DFS or BFS traversal
 * Time Complexity: O(n) where n is number of nodes
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * function TreeNode(val, left, right) {
*     this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
*     this.left = (left===undefined ? null : left)

```

```

* this.right = (right==undefined ? null : right)
* }
*/
/**/
* @param {TreeNode} root
* @return {number}
*/
var getMinimumDifference = function(root) {

};


```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**/
* Problem: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST
* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: tree, search
*
* Approach: DFS or BFS traversal
* Time Complexity: O(n) where n is number of nodes
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/

/**/
* Definition for a binary tree node.
* class TreeNode {
* val: number
* left: TreeNode | null
* right: TreeNode | null
* constructor(val?: number, left?: TreeNode | null, right?: TreeNode | null)
{
* this.val = (val==undefined ? 0 : val)
* this.left = (left==undefined ? null : left)
* this.right = (right==undefined ? null : right)
* }
* }
* /


function getMinimumDifference(root: TreeNode | null): number {

};


```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: tree, search
 *
 * Approach: DFS or BFS traversal
 * Time Complexity: O(n) where n is number of nodes
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 */
public class TreeNode {
    public int val;
    public TreeNode left;
    public TreeNode right;
    public TreeNode(int val=0, TreeNode left=null, TreeNode right=null) {
        this.val = val;
        this.left = left;
        this.right = right;
    }
}

public class Solution {
    public int GetMinimumDifference(TreeNode root) {
        }

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: tree, search
 *
 * Approach: DFS or BFS traversal
 * Time Complexity: O(n) where n is number of nodes
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */
```

```

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * struct TreeNode {
 *     int val;
 *     struct TreeNode *left;
 *     struct TreeNode *right;
 * };
 */
int getMinimumDifference(struct TreeNode* root) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: tree, search
//
// Approach: DFS or BFS traversal
// Time Complexity: O(n) where n is number of nodes
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * type TreeNode struct {
 *     Val int
 *     Left *TreeNode
 *     Right *TreeNode
 * }
 */
func getMinimumDifference(root *TreeNode) int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

/**
 * Example:
 * var ti = TreeNode(5)
 * var v = ti.`val`

```

```

* Definition for a binary tree node.
* class TreeNode(var `val`: Int) {
*     var left: TreeNode? = null
*     var right: TreeNode? = null
* }
*/
class Solution {
    fun getMinimumDifference(root: TreeNode?): Int {
}
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

/**
* Definition for a binary tree node.
* public class TreeNode {
*     public var val: Int
*     public var left: TreeNode?
*     public var right: TreeNode?
*     public init() { self.val = 0; self.left = nil; self.right = nil; }
*     public init(_ val: Int) { self.val = val; self.left = nil; self.right = nil; }
*     public init(_ val: Int, _ left: TreeNode?, _ right: TreeNode?) {
*         self.val = val
*         self.left = left
*         self.right = right
*     }
* }
*/
class Solution {
    func getMinimumDifference(_ root: TreeNode?) -> Int {
}
}

```

Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Minimum Absolute Difference in BST
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: tree, search

```

```

// Approach: DFS or BFS traversal
// Time Complexity: O(n) where n is number of nodes
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

// Definition for a binary tree node.
// #[derive(Debug, PartialEq, Eq)]
// pub struct TreeNode {
//     pub val: i32,
//     pub left: Option<Rc<RefCell<TreeNode>>>,
//     pub right: Option<Rc<RefCell<TreeNode>>>,
// }
//
// impl TreeNode {
//     #[inline]
//     pub fn new(val: i32) -> Self {
//         TreeNode {
//             val,
//             left: None,
//             right: None
//         }
//     }
// }
use std::rc::Rc;
use std::cell::RefCell;
impl Solution {
    pub fn get_minimum_difference(root: Option<Rc<RefCell<TreeNode>>>) -> i32 {
        }
    }
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# Definition for a binary tree node.
# class TreeNode
# attr_accessor :val, :left, :right
# def initialize(val = 0, left = nil, right = nil)
#   @val = val
#   @left = left
#   @right = right
# end

```

```

# end
# @param {TreeNode} root
# @return {Integer}
def get_minimum_difference(root)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * class TreeNode {
 *     public $val = null;
 *     public $left = null;
 *     public $right = null;
 *     function __construct($val = 0, $left = null, $right = null) {
 *         $this->val = $val;
 *         $this->left = $left;
 *         $this->right = $right;
 *     }
 * }
 */
class Solution {

/**
 * @param TreeNode $root
 * @return Integer
 */
function getMinimumDifference($root) {

}

}
}

```

Dart Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * class TreeNode {
 *     int val;
 *     TreeNode? left;
 *     TreeNode? right;
 * }
 */

```

```

* TreeNode([this.val = 0, this.left, this.right]);
* }
*/
class Solution {
int getMinimumDifference(TreeNode? root) {

}
}

```

Scala Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * class TreeNode(_value: Int = 0, _left: TreeNode = null, _right: TreeNode = null) {
 *   var value: Int = _value
 *   var left: TreeNode = _left
 *   var right: TreeNode = _right
 * }
 */
object Solution {
def getMinimumDifference(root: TreeNode): Int = {

}
}

```

Elixir Solution:

```

# Definition for a binary tree node.
#
# defmodule TreeNode do
# @type t :: %__MODULE__{
#   val: integer,
#   left: TreeNode.t() | nil,
#   right: TreeNode.t() | nil
# }
# defstruct val: 0, left: nil, right: nil
# end

defmodule Solution do
@spec get_minimum_difference(root :: TreeNode.t | nil) :: integer

```

```

def get_minimum_difference(root) do
  end
end

```

Erlang Solution:

```

%% Definition for a binary tree node.

%% -record(tree_node, {val = 0 :: integer(),
%% left = null :: 'null' | #tree_node{},
%% right = null :: 'null' | #tree_node{}}).

-spec get_minimum_difference(Root :: #tree_node{} | null) -> integer().
get_minimum_difference(Root) ->
  .

```

Racket Solution:

```

; Definition for a binary tree node.
#|
; val : integer?
; left : (or/c tree-node? #f)
; right : (or/c tree-node? #f)
(struct tree-node
  (val left right) #:mutable #:transparent)

; constructor
(define (make-tree-node [val 0])
  (tree-node val #f #f))

|#
(define/contract (get-minimum-difference root)
  (-> (or/c tree-node? #f) exact-integer?))
)
```