

# Problem 1800: Maximum Ascending Subarray Sum

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Easy

**Acceptance Rate:** 66.31%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array

## Problem Description

Given an array of positive integers `nums`, return the \*\*maximum\*\* possible sum of an strictly increasing subarray in \_\_`nums`\_\_.

A subarray is defined as a contiguous sequence of numbers in an array.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** nums = [10,20,30,5,10,50] **Output:** 65 **Explanation:** [5,10,50] is the ascending subarray with the maximum sum of 65.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** nums = [10,20,30,40,50] **Output:** 150 **Explanation:** [10,20,30,40,50] is the ascending subarray with the maximum sum of 150.

**Example 3:**

**Input:** nums = [12,17,15,13,10,11,12] **Output:** 33 **Explanation:** [10,11,12] is the ascending subarray with the maximum sum of 33.

**Constraints:**

\* `1 <= nums.length <= 100` \* `1 <= nums[i] <= 100`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int maxAscendingSum(vector<int>& nums) {
        }
    };
}
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int maxAscendingSum(int[] nums) {
        }
    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maxAscendingSum(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```