

Problem 542: 01 Matrix

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 52.75%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Dynamic Programming, Breadth-First Search, Matrix

Problem Description

Given an $m \times n$ binary matrix `mat`, return `the distance of the nearest 0` for each cell.


The distance between two cells sharing a common edge is 1.

Example 1:



Input: `mat = [[0,0,0],[0,1,0],[0,0,0]]` **Output:** `[[0,0,0],[0,1,0],[0,0,0]]`

Example 2:



Input: `mat = [[0,0,0],[0,1,0],[1,1,1]]` **Output:** `[[0,0,0],[0,1,0],[1,2,1]]`

Constraints:

`m == mat.length` `n == mat[i].length` `1 <= m, n <= 104` `1 <= m * n <= 104` `mat[i][j]` is either 0 or 1. There is at least one 0 in `mat`.

Note: This question is the same as 1765: [\[https://leetcode.com/problems/map-of-highest-peak/\]](https://leetcode.com/problems/map-of-highest-peak/) [\[https://leetcode.com/problems/map-of-highest-peak/description/\]](https://leetcode.com/problems/map-of-highest-peak/description/)

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    vector<vector<int>>> updateMatrix(vector<vector<int>>>& mat) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int[][][] updateMatrix(int[][][] mat) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def updateMatrix(self, mat: List[List[int]]) -> List[List[int]]:
```