

Problem 1889: Minimum Space Wasted From Packaging

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You have

n

packages that you are trying to place in boxes,

one package in each box

. There are

m

suppliers that each produce boxes of

different sizes

(with infinite supply). A package can be placed in a box if the size of the package is

less than or equal to

the size of the box.

The package sizes are given as an integer array

packages

, where

packages[i]

is the

size

of the

i

th

package. The suppliers are given as a 2D integer array

boxes

, where

boxes[j]

is an array of

box sizes

that the

j

th

supplier produces.

You want to choose a

single supplier

and use boxes from them such that the

total wasted space

is

minimized

. For each package in a box, we define the space

wasted

to be

size of the box - size of the package

. The

total wasted space

is the sum of the space wasted in

all

the boxes.

For example, if you have to fit packages with sizes

[2,3,5]

and the supplier offers boxes of sizes

[4,8]

, you can fit the packages of size-

2

and size-

3

into two boxes of size-

4

and the package with size-

5

into a box of size-

8

. This would result in a waste of

$$(4-2) + (4-3) + (8-5) = 6$$

Return

the

minimum total wasted space

by choosing the box supplier

optimally

, or

-1

if it is

impossible

to fit all the packages inside boxes.

Since the answer may be

large

, return it

modulo

10

9

+ 7

.

Example 1:

Input:

packages = [2,3,5], boxes = [[4,8],[2,8]]

Output:

6

Explanation

: It is optimal to choose the first supplier, using two size-4 boxes and one size-8 box. The total waste is $(4-2) + (4-3) + (8-5) = 6$.

Example 2:

Input:

packages = [2,3,5], boxes = [[1,4],[2,3],[3,4]]

Output:

-1

Explanation:

There is no box that the package of size 5 can fit in.

Example 3:

Input:

```
packages = [3,5,8,10,11,12], boxes = [[12],[11,9],[10,5,14]]
```

Output:

9

Explanation:

It is optimal to choose the third supplier, using two size-5 boxes, two size-10 boxes, and two size-14 boxes. The total waste is $(5-3) + (5-5) + (10-8) + (10-10) + (14-11) + (14-12) = 9$.

Constraints:

$n == \text{packages.length}$

$m == \text{boxes.length}$

$1 \leq n \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq m \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{packages}[i] \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{boxes}[j].length \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{boxes}[j][k] \leq 10$

5

$\text{sum}(\text{boxes}[j].length) \leq 10$

5

The elements in

$\text{boxes}[j]$

are

distinct

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int minWastedSpace(vector<int>& packages, vector<vector<int>>& boxes) {
        }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
public int minWastedSpace(int[] packages, int[][] boxes) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def minWastedSpace(self, packages: List[int], boxes: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def minWastedSpace(self, packages, boxes):  
        """  
        :type packages: List[int]  
        :type boxes: List[List[int]]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} packages  
 * @param {number[][]} boxes  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var minWastedSpace = function(packages, boxes) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function minWastedSpace(packages: number[], boxes: number[][]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int MinWastedSpace(int[] packages, int[][] boxes) {  
  
    }
```

```
}
```

C:

```
int minWastedSpace(int* packages, int packagesSize, int** boxes, int
boxesSize, int* boxesColSize) {
}
```

Go:

```
func minWastedSpace(packages []int, boxes [][]int) int {
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {
    fun minWastedSpace(packages: IntArray, boxes: Array<IntArray>): Int {
        }
    }
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {
    func minWastedSpace(_ packages: [Int], _ boxes: [[Int]]) -> Int {
        }
    }
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn min_wasted_space(packages: Vec<i32>, boxes: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {
        }
    }
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} packages
# @param {Integer[][]} boxes
# @return {Integer}
def min_wasted_space(packages, boxes)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $packages
     * @param Integer[][] $boxes
     * @return Integer
     */
    function minWastedSpace($packages, $boxes) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
    int minWastedSpace(List<int> packages, List<List<int>> boxes) {
    }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
    def minWastedSpace(packages: Array[Int], boxes: Array[Array[Int]]): Int = {
    }
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
    @spec min_wasted_space(packages :: [integer], boxes :: [[integer]]) :: integer
    def min_wasted_space(packages, boxes) do
```

```
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec min_wasted_space(Packages :: [integer()], Boxes :: [[integer()]]) ->  
    integer().  
min_wasted_space(Packages, Boxes) ->  
    .
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (min-wasted-space packages boxes)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof (listof exact-integer?)) exact-integer?)  
  )
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Minimum Space Wasted From Packaging  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, sort, search  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minWastedSpace(vector<int>& packages, vector<vector<int>>& boxes) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimum Space Wasted From Packaging
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public int minWastedSpace(int[] packages, int[][] boxes) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Minimum Space Wasted From Packaging
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, sort, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def minWastedSpace(self, packages: List[int], boxes: List[List[int]]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def minWastedSpace(self, packages, boxes):
        """
:type packages: List[int]
:type boxes: List[List[int]]
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Minimum Space Wasted From Packaging  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, sort, search  
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
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 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {number[]} packages  
 * @param {number[][]} boxes  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var minWastedSpace = function(packages, boxes) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
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 * Tags: array, sort, search  
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 */  
  
function minWastedSpace(packages: number[], boxes: number[][]): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
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 * Problem: Minimum Space Wasted From Packaging  
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```

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* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/
public class Solution {
    public int MinWastedSpace(int[] packages, int[][] boxes) {
        }
    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Minimum Space Wasted From Packaging
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort, search
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*/
int minWastedSpace(int* packages, int packagesSize, int** boxes, int
boxesSize, int* boxesColSize) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Minimum Space Wasted From Packaging
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, sort, search
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func minWastedSpace(packages []int, boxes [][]int) int {
}

```

```
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun minWastedSpace(packages: IntArray, boxes: Array<IntArray>): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

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class Solution {  
    func minWastedSpace(_ packages: [Int], _ boxes: [[Int]]) -> Int {  
  
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}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimum Space Wasted From Packaging  
// Difficulty: Hard  
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
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impl Solution {  
    pub fn min_wasted_space(packages: Vec<i32>, boxes: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} packages  
# @param {Integer[][]} boxes  
# @return {Integer}  
def min_wasted_space(packages, boxes)
```

```
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $packages  
     * @param Integer[][] $boxes  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function minWastedSpace($packages, $boxes) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart Solution:

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class Solution {  
int minWastedSpace(List<int> packages, List<List<int>> boxes) {  
  
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Scala Solution:

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object Solution {  
def minWastedSpace(packages: Array[Int], boxes: Array[Array[Int]]): Int = {  
  
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defmodule Solution do  
@spec min_wasted_space(packages :: [integer], boxes :: [[integer]]) ::  
integer  
def min_wasted_space(packages, boxes) do  
  
end
```

```
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec min_wasted_space(Packages :: [integer()], Boxes :: [[integer()]]) ->  
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min_wasted_space(Packages, Boxes) ->  
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Racket Solution:

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(define/contract (min-wasted-space packages boxes)  
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