

Problem 2995: Viewers Turned Streamers

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Table:

Sessions

Column Name	Type
user_id	int
session_start	datetime
session_end	datetime
session_id	int
session_type	enum

session_id is column of unique values for this table. session_type is an ENUM (category) type of (Viewer, Streamer). This table contains user id, session start, session end, session id and session type.

Write a solution to find the number of

streaming

sessions for users whose

first session

was as a

viewer

.

Return

the result table ordered by count of streaming sessions,

user_id

in

descending

order.

The result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Sessions table: +-----+-----+-----+-----+ | user_id |
session_start | session_end | session_id | session_type |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+ | 101 | 2023-11-06
13:53:42 | 2023-11-06 14:05:42 | 375 | Viewer || 101 | 2023-11-22 16:45:21 | 2023-11-22
20:39:21 | 594 | Streamer || 102 | 2023-11-16 13:23:09 | 2023-11-16 16:10:09 | 777 |
Streamer || 102 | 2023-11-17 13:23:09 | 2023-11-17 16:10:09 | 778 | Streamer || 101 |
2023-11-20 07:16:06 | 2023-11-20 08:33:06 | 315 | Streamer || 104 | 2023-11-27 03:10:49 |
2023-11-27 03:30:49 | 797 | Viewer || 103 | 2023-11-27 03:10:49 | 2023-11-27 03:30:49 | 798
| Streamer | +-----+-----+-----+-----+

Output:

+-----+-----+ | user_id | sessions_count | +-----+-----+ | 101 | 2 |
+-----+-----+

Explanation

- user_id 101, initiated their initial session as a viewer on 2023-11-06 at 13:53:42, followed by two subsequent sessions as a Streamer, the count will be 2.
- user_id 102, although there are two sessions, the initial session was as a Streamer, so this user will be excluded.
- user_id 103 participated in only one session, which was as a Streamer, hence, it won't be considered.
- User_id 104 commenced their first session as a viewer but didn't have any subsequent sessions, therefore, they won't be included in the final count.

Output table is ordered by sessions count and user_id in descending order.

Code Snippets

MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

PostgreSQL:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```

Oracle:

```
/* Write your PL/SQL query statement below */
```

Pandas:

```
import pandas as pd

def count_turned_streamers(sessions: pd.DataFrame) -> pd.DataFrame:
```

Solutions

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