

Problem 420: Strong Password Checker

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

A password is considered strong if the below conditions are all met:

It has at least

6

characters and at most

20

characters.

It contains at least

one lowercase

letter, at least

one uppercase

letter, and at least

one digit

.

It does not contain three repeating characters in a row (i.e.,

"B

aaa

bb0"

is weak, but

"B

aa

b

a

0"

is strong).

Given a string

password

, return

the minimum number of steps required to make

password

strong. if

password

is already strong, return

0

.

In one step, you can:

Insert one character to

password

,

Delete one character from

password

, or

Replace one character of

password

with another character.

Example 1:

Input:

password = "a"

Output:

5

Example 2:

Input:

password = "aA1"

Output:

3

Example 3:

Input:

password = "1337C0d3"

Output:

0

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{password.length} \leq 50$

password

consists of letters, digits, dot

','

or exclamation mark

','

.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int strongPasswordChecker(string password) {
```

```
}  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int strongPasswordChecker(String password) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def strongPasswordChecker(self, password: str) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def strongPasswordChecker(self, password):  
        """  
        :type password: str  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string} password  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var strongPasswordChecker = function(password) {  
  
    };
```

TypeScript:

```
function strongPasswordChecker(password: string): number {  
  
    };
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int StrongPasswordChecker(string password) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int strongPasswordChecker(char* password) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func strongPasswordChecker(password string) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun strongPasswordChecker(password: String): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func strongPasswordChecker(_ password: String) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn strong_password_checker(password: String) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} password
# @return {Integer}
def strong_password_checker(password)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $password
     * @return Integer
     */
    function strongPasswordChecker($password) {

    }

}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
  int strongPasswordChecker(String password) {

  }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def strongPasswordChecker(password: String): Int = {

  }
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec strong_password_checker(password :: String.t) :: integer
  def strong_password_checker(password) do

  end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec strong_password_checker(Password :: unicode:unicode_binary()) ->
integer().
strong_password_checker(Password) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (strong-password-checker password)
  (-> string? exact-integer?)
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Strong Password Checker
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, greedy, queue, heap
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int strongPasswordChecker(string password) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Strong Password Checker
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, greedy, queue, heap
 *

```



```

* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

class Solution {
public int strongPasswordChecker(String password) {

}

}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Strong Password Checker
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: string, greedy, queue, heap

Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
def strongPasswordChecker(self, password: str) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def strongPasswordChecker(self, password):
"""
:type password: str
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Strong Password Checker

```

```

* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: string, greedy, queue, heap
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

/**
* @param {string} password
* @return {number}
*/
var strongPasswordChecker = function(password) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Strong Password Checker
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: string, greedy, queue, heap
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

function strongPasswordChecker(password: string): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Strong Password Checker
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: string, greedy, queue, heap
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)

```

```

* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

public class Solution {
    public int StrongPasswordChecker(string password) {

    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Strong Password Checker
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: string, greedy, queue, heap
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

int strongPasswordChecker(char* password) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Strong Password Checker
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: string, greedy, queue, heap
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func strongPasswordChecker(password string) int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun strongPasswordChecker(password: String): Int {

    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func strongPasswordChecker(_ password: String) -> Int {

    }
}

```

Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Strong Password Checker
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: string, greedy, queue, heap
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn strong_password_checker(password: String) -> i32 {

    }
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {String} password
# @return {Integer}
def strong_password_checker(password)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

```

```

/**
 * @param String $password
 * @return Integer
 */
function strongPasswordChecker($password) {

}
}

```

Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
  int strongPasswordChecker(String password) {

  }
}

```

Scala Solution:

```

object Solution {
  def strongPasswordChecker(password: String): Int = {

  }
}

```

Elixir Solution:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec strong_password_checker(password :: String.t) :: integer
  def strong_password_checker(password) do

  end
end

```

Erlang Solution:

```

-spec strong_password_checker(Password :: unicode:unicode_binary()) ->
integer().
strong_password_checker(Password) ->
.

```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (strong-password-checker password)
  (-> string? exact-integer?)
)
```