

# Problem 3289: The Two Sneaky Numbers of Digitville

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Easy

**Acceptance Rate:** 89.92%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Hash Table, Math

## Problem Description

In the town of Digitville, there was a list of numbers called `nums`` containing integers from `0`` to `n - 1``. Each number was supposed to appear **exactly once** in the list, however, **two** mischievous numbers sneaked in an `_additional time_`, making the list longer than usual.

As the town detective, your task is to find these two sneaky numbers. Return an array of size **two** containing the two numbers (in `_any order_`), so peace can return to Digitville.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `nums = [0,1,1,0]`

**Output:** `[0,1]`

**Explanation:**

The numbers 0 and 1 each appear twice in the array.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** `nums = [0,3,2,1,3,2]`

**Output:** `[2,3]`

**Explanation:**

The numbers 2 and 3 each appear twice in the array.

**\*\*Example 3:\*\***

**\*\*Input:\*\*** nums = [7,1,5,4,3,4,6,0,9,5,8,2]

**\*\*Output:\*\*** [4,5]

**\*\*Explanation:\*\***

The numbers 4 and 5 each appear twice in the array.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `2 <= n <= 100` \* `nums.length == n + 2` \* `0 <= nums[i] < n` \* The input is generated such that `nums` contains **exactly** two repeated elements.

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> getSneakyNumbers(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {
    public int[] getSneakyNumbers(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:
    def getSneakyNumbers(self, nums: List[int]) -> List[int]:
```