

Problem 3162: Find the Number of Good Pairs I

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 86.09%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Hash Table

Problem Description

You are given 2 integer arrays `nums1` and `nums2` of lengths `n` and `m` respectively. You are also given a **positive** integer `k`.

A pair `(i, j)` is called **good** if `nums1[i]` is divisible by `nums2[j] * k` ($0 \leq i \leq n - 1$, $0 \leq j \leq m - 1$).

Return the total number of **good** pairs.

Example 1:

Input: `nums1 = [1,3,4]`, `nums2 = [1,3,4]`, `k = 1`

Output: 5

Explanation:

The 5 good pairs are `(0, 0)`, `(1, 0)`, `(1, 1)`, `(2, 0)`, and `(2, 2)`.

Example 2:

Input: `nums1 = [1,2,4,12]`, `nums2 = [2,4]`, `k = 3`

Output: 2

Explanation:

The 2 good pairs are `(3, 0)` and `(3, 1)`.

****Constraints:****

$1 \leq n, m \leq 50$ $1 \leq \text{nums1}[i], \text{nums2}[j] \leq 50$ $1 \leq k \leq 50$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int numberOfPairs(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2, int k) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int numberOfPairs(int[] nums1, int[] nums2, int k) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def numberOfPairs(self, nums1: List[int], nums2: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```