

Problem 833: Find And Replace in String

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given a

0-indexed

string

s

that you must perform

k

replacement operations on. The replacement operations are given as three

0-indexed

parallel arrays,

indices

,

sources

, and

targets

, all of length

k

To complete the

i

th

replacement operation:

Check if the

substring

`sources[i]`

occurs at index

`indices[i]`

in the

original string

s

If it does not occur,

do nothing

Otherwise if it does occur,

replace

that substring with

targets[i]

For example, if

s = "

ab

cd"

,

indices[i] = 0

,

sources[i] = "ab"

, and

targets[i] = "eee"

, then the result of this replacement will be

"

eee

cd"

All replacement operations must occur

simultaneously

, meaning the replacement operations should not affect the indexing of each other. The testcases will be generated such that the replacements will

not overlap

For example, a testcase with

s = "abc"

,

indices = [0, 1]

, and

sources = ["ab", "bc"]

will not be generated because the

"ab"

and

"bc"

replacements overlap.

Return

the

resulting string

after performing all replacement operations on

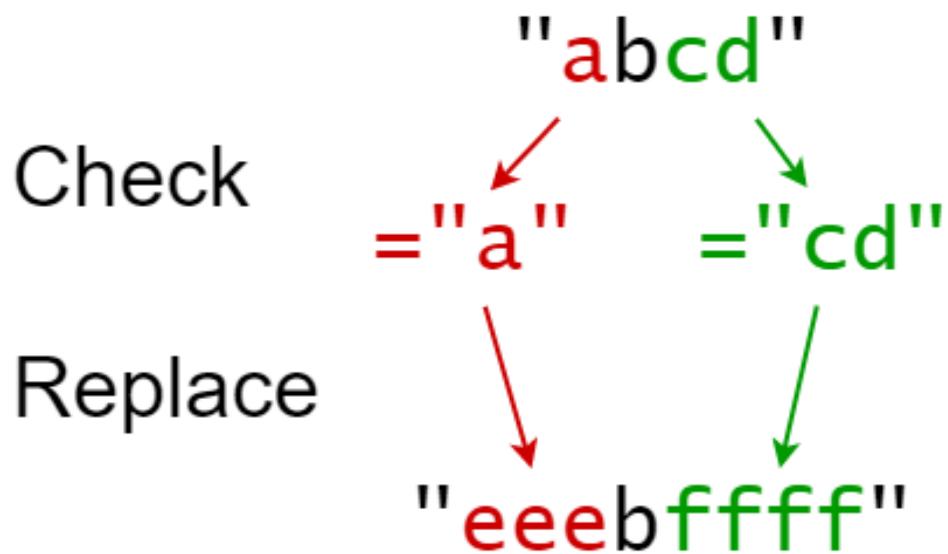
s

A

substring

is a contiguous sequence of characters in a string.

Example 1:



Input:

```
s = "abcd", indices = [0, 2], sources = ["a", "cd"], targets = ["eee", "ffff"]
```

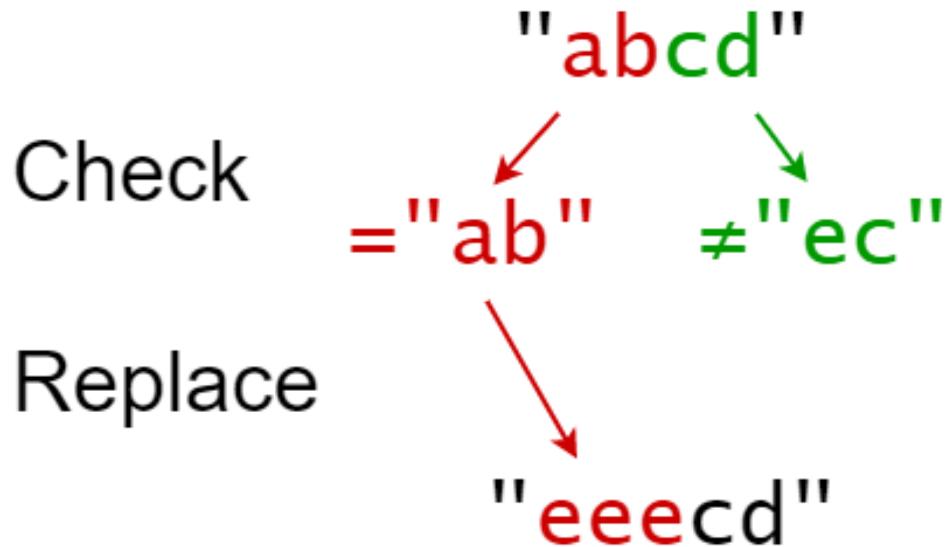
Output:

"eeebffff"

Explanation:

"a" occurs at index 0 in s, so we replace it with "eee". "cd" occurs at index 2 in s, so we replace it with "ffff".

Example 2:



Input:

```
s = "abcd", indices = [0, 2], sources = ["ab", "ec"], targets = ["eee", "ffff"]
```

Output:

"eeecd"

Explanation:

"ab" occurs at index 0 in s, so we replace it with "eee". "ec" does not occur at index 2 in s, so we do nothing.

Constraints:

$1 \leq s.length \leq 1000$

$k == \text{indices.length} == \text{sources.length} == \text{targets.length}$

$1 \leq k \leq 100$

$0 \leq \text{indexes}[i] < s.length$

$1 \leq \text{sources}[i].length, \text{targets}[i].length \leq 50$

s

consists of only lowercase English letters.

$\text{sources}[i]$

and

$\text{targets}[i]$

consist of only lowercase English letters.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    string findReplaceString(string s, vector<int>& indices, vector<string>&
sources, vector<string>& targets) {
    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
public String findReplaceString(String s, int[] indices, String[] sources,
String[] targets) {
    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:

    def findReplaceString(self, s: str, indices: List[int], sources: List[str],
    targets: List[str]) -> str:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
  
    def findReplaceString(self, s, indices, sources, targets):  
  
        """  
  
        :type s: str  
        :type indices: List[int]  
        :type sources: List[str]  
        :type targets: List[str]  
        :rtype: str  
  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
 /**
 * @param {string} s
 * @param {number[]} indices
 * @param {string[]} sources
 * @param {string[]} targets
 * @return {string}
 */
var findReplaceString = function(s, indices, sources, targets) {
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function findReplaceString(s: string, indices: number[], sources: string[],  
targets: string[]): string {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public string FindReplaceString(string s, int[] indices, string[] sources,
        string[] targets) {
    }
}
```

```
}
```

C:

```
char* findReplaceString(char* s, int* indices, int indicesSize, char** sources, int sourcesSize, char** targets, int targetsSize) {  
}  
}
```

Go:

```
func findReplaceString(s string, indices []int, sources []string, targets []string) string {  
}  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findReplaceString(s: String, indices: IntArray, sources: Array<String>,  
    targets: Array<String>): String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func findReplaceString(_ s: String, _ indices: [Int], _ sources: [String], _  
    targets: [String]) -> String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_replace_string(s: String, indices: Vec<i32>, sources:  
    Vec<String>, targets: Vec<String>) -> String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} s
# @param {Integer[]} indices
# @param {String[]} sources
# @param {String[]} targets
# @return {String}
def find_replace_string(s, indices, sources, targets)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @param Integer[] $indices
     * @param String[] $sources
     * @param String[] $targets
     * @return String
     */
    function findReplaceString($s, $indices, $sources, $targets) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
  String findReplaceString(String s, List<int> indices, List<String> sources,
  List<String> targets) {
    }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def findReplaceString(s: String, indices: Array[Int], sources: Array[String],
  targets: Array[String]): String = {
  }
```

```
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_replace_string(s :: String.t, indices :: [integer], sources :: [String.t], targets :: [String.t]) :: String.t
  def find_replace_string(s, indices, sources, targets) do
    end
  end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec find_replace_string(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), Indices :: [integer()], Sources :: [unicode:unicode_binary()], Targets :: [unicode:unicode_binary()]) -> unicode:unicode_binary().
find_replace_string(S, Indices, Sources, Targets) ->
  .
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (find-replace-string s indices sources targets)
  (-> string? (listof exact-integer?) (listof string?) (listof string?))
  string?)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find And Replace in String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */
```

```

class Solution {
public:
    string findReplaceString(string s, vector<int>& indices, vector<string>&
sources, vector<string>& targets) {
        }
    };

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find And Replace in String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

class Solution {
public String findReplaceString(String s, int[] indices, String[] sources,
String[] targets) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Find And Replace in String
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, string, tree, hash, sort

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
"""

class Solution:

```

```
def findReplaceString(self, s: str, indices: List[int], sources: List[str],  
targets: List[str]) -> str:  
    # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
    pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def findReplaceString(self, s, indices, sources, targets):  
        """  
        :type s: str  
        :type indices: List[int]  
        :type sources: List[str]  
        :type targets: List[str]  
        :rtype: str  
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Find And Replace in String  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash, sort  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {string} s  
 * @param {number[]} indices  
 * @param {string[]} sources  
 * @param {string[]} targets  
 * @return {string}  
 */  
var findReplaceString = function(s, indices, sources, targets) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find And Replace in String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

function findReplaceString(s: string, indices: number[], sources: string[],
targets: string[]): string {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Find And Replace in String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

public class Solution {
    public string FindReplaceString(string s, int[] indices, string[] sources,
string[] targets) {

    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Find And Replace in String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique

```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
char* findReplaceString(char* s, int* indices, int indicesSize, char** sources, int sourcesSize, char** targets, int targetsSize) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Find And Replace in String
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string, tree, hash, sort
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

func findReplaceString(s string, indices []int, sources []string, targets []string) string {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun findReplaceString(s: String, indices: IntArray, sources: Array<String>, targets: Array<String>): String {
    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func findReplaceString(_ s: String, _ indices: [Int], _ sources: [String], _ targets: [String]) -> String {
    }
}

```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Find And Replace in String
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string, tree, hash, sort
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

impl Solution {
    pub fn find_replace_string(s: String, indices: Vec<i32>, sources: Vec<String>, targets: Vec<String>) -> String {
        }

    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s
# @param {Integer[]} indices
# @param {String[]} sources
# @param {String[]} targets
# @return {String}
def find_replace_string(s, indices, sources, targets)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @param Integer[] $indices
     * @param String[] $sources
     * @param String[] $targets
     * @return String
     */
    function findReplaceString($s, $indices, $sources, $targets) {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  String findReplaceString(String s, List<int> indices, List<String> sources,  
  List<String> targets) {  
  
  }  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def findReplaceString(s: String, indices: Array[Int], sources: Array[String],  
  targets: Array[String]): String = {  
  
  }  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

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defmodule Solution do  
  @spec find_replace_string(s :: String.t, indices :: [integer], sources ::  
  [String.t], targets :: [String.t]) :: String.t  
  def find_replace_string(s, indices, sources, targets) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec find_replace_string(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), Indices ::  
[integer()], Sources :: [unicode:unicode_binary()], Targets ::  
[unicode:unicode_binary()]) -> unicode:unicode_binary().  
find_replace_string(S, Indices, Sources, Targets) ->  
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```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (find-replace-string s indices sources targets)
  (-> string? (listof exact-integer?) (listof string?) (listof string?)
       string?))
)
```