

Problem 2781: Length of the Longest Valid Substring

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given a string

word

and an array of strings

forbidden

A string is called

valid

if none of its substrings are present in

forbidden

Return

the length of the

longest valid substring

of the string

word

.

A

substring

is a contiguous sequence of characters in a string, possibly empty.

Example 1:

Input:

word = "cbaaaabc", forbidden = ["aaa", "cb"]

Output:

4

Explanation:

There are 11 valid substrings in word: "c", "b", "a", "ba", "aa", "bc", "baa", "aab", "ab", "abc" and "aabc". The length of the longest valid substring is 4. It can be shown that all other substrings contain either "aaa" or "cb" as a substring.

Example 2:

Input:

word = "leetcode", forbidden = ["de", "le", "e"]

Output:

4

Explanation:

There are 11 valid substrings in word: "l", "t", "c", "o", "d", "tc", "co", "od", "tco", "cod", and "tcod". The length of the longest valid substring is 4. It can be shown that all other substrings contain either "de", "le", or "e" as a substring.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{word.length} \leq 10$

5

word

consists only of lowercase English letters.

$1 \leq \text{forbidden.length} \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{forbidden[i].length} \leq 10$

forbidden[i]

consists only of lowercase English letters.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int longestValidSubstring(string word, vector<string>& forbidden) {  
        }  
    };
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int longestValidSubstring(String word, List<String> forbidden) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def longestValidSubstring(self, word: str, forbidden: List[str]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def longestValidSubstring(self, word, forbidden):  
        """  
        :type word: str  
        :type forbidden: List[str]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string} word  
 * @param {string[]} forbidden  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var longestValidSubstring = function(word, forbidden) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function longestValidSubstring(word: string, forbidden: string[]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int LongestValidSubstring(string word, IList<string> forbidden) {  
  
    }
```

```
}
```

C:

```
int longestValidSubstring(char* word, char** forbidden, int forbiddenSize) {  
}  
}
```

Go:

```
func longestValidSubstring(word string, forbidden []string) int {  
}  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun longestValidSubstring(word: String, forbidden: List<String>): Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func longestValidSubstring(_ word: String, _ forbidden: [String]) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn longest_valid_substring(word: String, forbidden: Vec<String>) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} word  
# @param {String[]} forbidden
```

```
# @return {Integer}
def longest_valid_substring(word, forbidden)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $word
     * @param String[] $forbidden
     * @return Integer
     */
    function longestValidSubstring($word, $forbidden) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
    int longestValidSubstring(String word, List<String> forbidden) {
        }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
    def longestValidSubstring(word: String, forbidden: List[String]): Int = {
        }
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec longest_valid_substring(word :: String.t, forbidden :: [String.t]) :: integer
  def longest_valid_substring(word, forbidden) do
```

```
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec longest_valid_substring(Word :: unicode:unicode_binary(), Forbidden ::  
[unicode:unicode_binary()]) -> integer().  
longest_valid_substring(Word, Forbidden) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (longest-valid-substring word forbidden)  
(-> string? (listof string?) exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
* Problem: Length of the Longest Valid Substring  
* Difficulty: Hard  
* Tags: array, string, tree, hash  
*  
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
*/  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    int longestValidSubstring(string word, vector<string>& forbidden) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Length of the Longest Valid Substring
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

class Solution {
    public int longestValidSubstring(String word, List<String> forbidden) {

    }
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Length of the Longest Valid Substring
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, string, tree, hash

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
"""

class Solution:
    def longestValidSubstring(self, word: str, forbidden: List[str]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def longestValidSubstring(self, word, forbidden):
        """
        :type word: str
        :type forbidden: List[str]
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Length of the Longest Valid Substring  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {string} word  
 * @param {string[]} forbidden  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var longestValidSubstring = function(word, forbidden) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Length of the Longest Valid Substring  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash  
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
 */  
  
function longestValidSubstring(word: string, forbidden: string[]): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Length of the Longest Valid Substring  
 * Difficulty: Hard
```

```

* Tags: array, string, tree, hash
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
public class Solution {
    public int LongestValidSubstring(string word, IList<string> forbidden) {
}
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Length of the Longest Valid Substring
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: array, string, tree, hash
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
int longestValidSubstring(char* word, char** forbidden, int forbiddenSize) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Length of the Longest Valid Substring
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, string, tree, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

func longestValidSubstring(word string, forbidden []string) int {

```

```
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun longestValidSubstring(word: String, forbidden: List<String>): Int {  
        //  
        //  
        //  
        return 0  
    }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func longestValidSubstring(_ word: String, _ forbidden: [String]) -> Int {  
        //  
        //  
        //  
        return 0  
    }  
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Length of the Longest Valid Substring  
// Difficulty: Hard  
// Tags: array, string, tree, hash  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn longest_valid_substring(word: String, forbidden: Vec<String>) -> i32 {  
        //  
        //  
        //  
        return 0  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} word  
# @param {String[]} forbidden  
# @return {Integer}  
def longest_valid_substring(word, forbidden)
```

```
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $word  
     * @param String[] $forbidden  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function longestValidSubstring($word, $forbidden) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
int longestValidSubstring(String word, List<String> forbidden) {  
  
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object Solution {  
def longestValidSubstring(word: String, forbidden: List[String]): Int = {  
  
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```
defmodule Solution do  
@spec longest_valid_substring(word :: String.t, forbidden :: [String.t]) ::  
integer  
def longest_valid_substring(word, forbidden) do  
  
end  
end
```

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```
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(define/contract (longest-valid-substring word forbidden)  
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