

Problem 1862: Sum of Floored Pairs

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Hard**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an integer array

`nums`

, return the sum of

$\text{floor}(\text{nums}[i] / \text{nums}[j])$

for all pairs of indices

$0 \leq i, j < \text{nums.length}$

in the array. Since the answer may be too large, return it

modulo

10

9

+ 7

.

The

`floor()`

function returns the integer part of the division.

Example 1:

Input:

`nums = [2,5,9]`

Output:

10

Explanation:

$\text{floor}(2 / 5) = \text{floor}(2 / 9) = \text{floor}(5 / 9) = 0$ $\text{floor}(2 / 2) = \text{floor}(5 / 5) = \text{floor}(9 / 9) = 1$ $\text{floor}(5 / 2) = 2$ $\text{floor}(9 / 2) = 4$ $\text{floor}(9 / 5) = 1$ We calculate the floor of the division for every pair of indices in the array then sum them up.

Example 2:

Input:

`nums = [7,7,7,7,7,7,7]`

Output:

49

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

5

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int sumOfFlooredPairs(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int sumOfFlooredPairs(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def sumOfFlooredPairs(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def sumOfFlooredPairs(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number}
 */
var sumOfFlooredPairs = function(nums) {
```

```
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function sumOfFlooredPairs(nums: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int SumOfFlooredPairs(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int sumOfFlooredPairs(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func sumOfFlooredPairs(nums []int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun sumOfFlooredPairs(nums: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func sumOfFlooredPairs(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn sum_of_floored_pairs(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer}  
def sum_of_floored_pairs(nums)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function sumOfFlooredPairs($nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int sumOfFlooredPairs(List<int> nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def sumOfFlooredPairs(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {

  }
}

```

Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec sum_of_floored_pairs(nums :: [integer]) :: integer
  def sum_of_floored_pairs(nums) do

  end
end

```

Erlang:

```

-spec sum_of_floored_pairs(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().
sum_of_floored_pairs(Nums) ->
.

```

Racket:

```

(define/contract (sum-of-floored-pairs nums)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)
  )

```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Sum of Floored Pairs
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, math, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

```

```

class Solution {
public:
    int sumOfFlooredPairs(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Sum of Floored Pairs
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, math, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int sumOfFlooredPairs(int[] nums) {

    }
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Sum of Floored Pairs
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, math, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def sumOfFlooredPairs(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def sumOfFlooredPairs(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
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function sumOfFlooredPairs(nums: number[]): number {
```



```
};
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C# Solution:

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public class Solution {
    public int SumOfFlooredPairs(int[] nums) {

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}
```

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 * Problem: Sum of Floored Pairs
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int sumOfFlooredPairs(int* nums, int numsSize) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Sum of Floored Pairs
// Difficulty: Hard
```

```
// Tags: array, math, search
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func sumOfFlooredPairs(nums []int) int {

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```

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impl Solution {
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Ruby Solution:

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# @param {Integer[]} nums
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end  
end
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