

Problem 1918: Kth Smallest Subarray Sum

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an integer array

nums

of length

n

and an integer

k

, return

the

k

th

smallest subarray sum

.

A

subarray

is defined as a

non-empty

contiguous sequence of elements in an array. A

subarray sum

is the sum of all elements in the subarray.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [2,1,3], k = 4

Output:

3

Explanation:

The subarrays of [2,1,3] are: - [2] with sum 2 - [1] with sum 1 - [3] with sum 3 - [2,1] with sum 3 - [1,3] with sum 4 - [2,1,3] with sum 6 Ordering the sums from smallest to largest gives 1, 2, 3,

3

, 4, 6. The 4th smallest is 3.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [3,3,5,5], k = 7

Output:

10

Explanation:

The subarrays of [3,3,5,5] are: - [3] with sum 3 - [3] with sum 3 - [5] with sum 5 - [5] with sum 5 - [3,3] with sum 6 - [3,5] with sum 8 - [5,5] with sum 10 - [3,3,5], with sum 11 - [3,5,5] with sum 13 - [3,3,5,5] with sum 16 Ordering the sums from smallest to largest gives 3, 3, 5, 5, 6, 8,

10

, 11, 13, 16. The 7th smallest is 10.

Constraints:

$n == \text{nums.length}$

$1 \leq n \leq 2 * 10$

4

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 5 * 10$

4

$1 \leq k \leq n * (n + 1) / 2$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int kthSmallestSubarraySum(vector<int>& nums, int k) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```

class Solution {
public int kthSmallestSubarraySum(int[] nums, int k) {

}

}

```

Python3:

```

class Solution:
def kthSmallestSubarraySum(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:

```

Python:

```

class Solution(object):
def kthSmallestSubarraySum(self, nums, k):
"""
:type nums: List[int]
:type k: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var kthSmallestSubarraySum = function(nums, k) {

};

```

TypeScript:

```

function kthSmallestSubarraySum(nums: number[], k: number): number {

};

```

C#:

```

public class Solution {
public int KthSmallestSubarraySum(int[] nums, int k) {

```

```
}  
}
```

C:

```
int kthSmallestSubarraySum(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func kthSmallestSubarraySum(nums []int, k int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun kthSmallestSubarraySum(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func kthSmallestSubarraySum(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn kth_smallest_subarray_sum(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def kth_smallest_subarray_sum(nums, k)

end

```

PHP:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer
     */
    function kthSmallestSubarraySum($nums, $k) {

    }

}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
  int kthSmallestSubarraySum(List<int> nums, int k) {

  }

}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def kthSmallestSubarraySum(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {

  }

}

```

Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec kth_smallest_subarray_sum(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: integer
  def kth_smallest_subarray_sum(nums, k) do

```

```
end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec kth_smallest_subarray_sum(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) ->
integer().
kth_smallest_subarray_sum(Nums, K) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (kth-smallest-subarray-sum nums k)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?)
  )
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Kth Smallest Subarray Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int kthSmallestSubarraySum(vector<int>& nums, int k) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Kth Smallest Subarray Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public int kthSmallestSubarraySum(int[] nums, int k) {

}

}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Kth Smallest Subarray Sum
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
def kthSmallestSubarraySum(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def kthSmallestSubarraySum(self, nums, k):
"""
:type nums: List[int]
:type k: int
:rtype: int
"""

```


JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Kth Smallest Subarray Sum
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 * Tags: array, search
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
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/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var kthSmallestSubarraySum = function(nums, k) {

};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Kth Smallest Subarray Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

function kthSmallestSubarraySum(nums: number[], k: number): number {

};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Kth Smallest Subarray Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```

* Tags: array, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/

public class Solution {
public int KthSmallestSubarraySum(int[] nums, int k) {

}
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Kth Smallest Subarray Sum
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/

int kthSmallestSubarraySum(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Kth Smallest Subarray Sum
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func kthSmallestSubarraySum(nums []int, k int) int {

```

```
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun kthSmallestSubarraySum(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func kthSmallestSubarraySum(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
  
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Rust Solution:

```
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impl Solution {  
    pub fn kth_smallest_subarray_sum(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def kth_smallest_subarray_sum(nums, k)
```

```
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function kthSmallestSubarraySum($nums, $k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
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Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def kthSmallestSubarraySum(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec kth_smallest_subarray_sum(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: integer  
    def kth_smallest_subarray_sum(nums, k) do  
  
    end  
end
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Erlang Solution:

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