

# Problem 1907: Count Salary Categories

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 63.62%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Database

## Problem Description

Table: `Accounts`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | account\_id | int | | income | int |  
| +-----+-----+ account\_id is the primary key (column with unique values) for this table.  
Each row contains information about the monthly income for one bank account.

Write a solution to calculate the number of bank accounts for each salary category. The salary categories are:

\* ``Low Salary``: All the salaries \*\*strictly less\*\* than `\\$20000`. \* ``Average Salary``: All the salaries in the \*\*inclusive\*\* range `[\\$20000, \\$50000]`. \* ``High Salary``: All the salaries \*\*strictly greater\*\* than `\\$50000`.

The result table \*\*must\*\* contain all three categories. If there are no accounts in a category, return `0`.

Return the result table in \*\*any order\*\*.

The result format is in the following example.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** Accounts table:  
+-----+-----+ | account\_id | income | +-----+-----+ | 3 |  
108939 | | 2 | 12747 | | 8 | 87709 | | 6 | 91796 | +-----+-----+  
**Output:**  
+-----+-----+ | category | accounts\_count | +-----+-----+ | Low  
Salary | 1 | | Average Salary | 0 | | High Salary | 3 | +-----+

**\*\*Explanation:\*\*** Low Salary: Account 2. Average Salary: No accounts. High Salary: Accounts 3, 6, and 8.

## Code Snippets

### MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

### MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

### PostgreSQL:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```