

# Problem 3419: Minimize the Maximum Edge Weight of Graph

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 43.43%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Binary Search, Depth-First Search, Breadth-First Search, Graph, Shortest Path

## Problem Description

You are given two integers, `n` and `threshold`, as well as a \*\*directed\*\* weighted graph of `n` nodes numbered from 0 to `n - 1`. The graph is represented by a \*\*2D\*\* integer array `edges`, where `edges[i] = [Ai, Bi, Wi]` indicates that there is an edge going from node `Ai` to node `Bi` with weight `Wi`.

You have to remove some edges from this graph (possibly \*\*none\*\*), so that it satisfies the following conditions:

- \* Node 0 must be reachable from all other nodes.
- \* The \*\*maximum\*\* edge weight in the resulting graph is \*\*minimized\*\*.
- \* Each node has \*\*at most\*\* `threshold` outgoing edges.

Return the \*\*minimum\*\* possible value of the \*\*maximum\*\* edge weight after removing the necessary edges. If it is impossible for all conditions to be satisfied, return -1.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** n = 5, edges = [[1,0,1],[2,0,2],[3,0,1],[4,3,1],[2,1,1]], threshold = 2

**Output:** 1

**Explanation:**



Remove the edge `2 -> 0` . The maximum weight among the remaining edges is 1.

**\*\*Example 2:\*\***

**\*\*Input:\*\*** n = 5, edges = [[0,1,1],[0,2,2],[0,3,1],[0,4,1],[1,2,1],[1,4,1]], threshold = 1

**\*\*Output:\*\*** -1

**\*\*Explanation:\*\***

It is impossible to reach node 0 from node 2.

**\*\*Example 3:\*\***

**\*\*Input:\*\*** n = 5, edges = [[1,2,1],[1,3,3],[1,4,5],[2,3,2],[3,4,2],[4,0,1]], threshold = 1

**\*\*Output:\*\*** 2

**\*\*Explanation:\*\***



Remove the edges `1 -> 3` and `1 -> 4` . The maximum weight among the remaining edges is 2.

**\*\*Example 4:\*\***

**\*\*Input:\*\*** n = 5, edges = [[1,2,1],[1,3,3],[1,4,5],[2,3,2],[4,0,1]], threshold = 1

**\*\*Output:\*\*** -1

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `2 <= n <= 105` \* `1 <= threshold <= n - 1` \* `1 <= edges.length <= min(105, n \* (n - 1) / 2)` \* `edges[i].length == 3` \* `0 <= Ai, Bi < n` \* `Ai != Bi` \* `1 <= Wi <= 106` \* There \*\*may be\*\* multiple edges between a pair of nodes, but they must have unique weights.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minMaxWeight(int n, vector<vector<int>>& edges, int threshold) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int minMaxWeight(int n, int[][] edges, int threshold) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def minMaxWeight(self, n: int, edges: List[List[int]], threshold: int) ->  
        int:
```