

Problem 1232: Check If It Is a Straight Line

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an integer array

`coordinates`

,

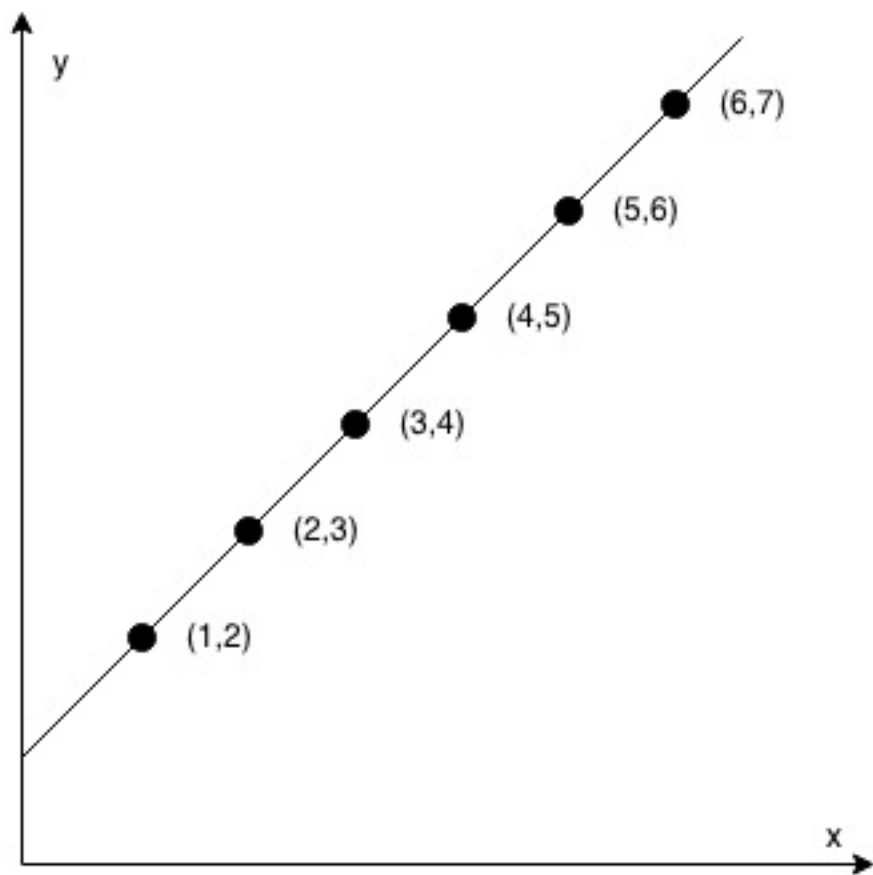
`coordinates[i] = [x, y]`

, where

`[x, y]`

represents the coordinate of a point. Check if these points make a straight line in the XY plane.

Example 1:



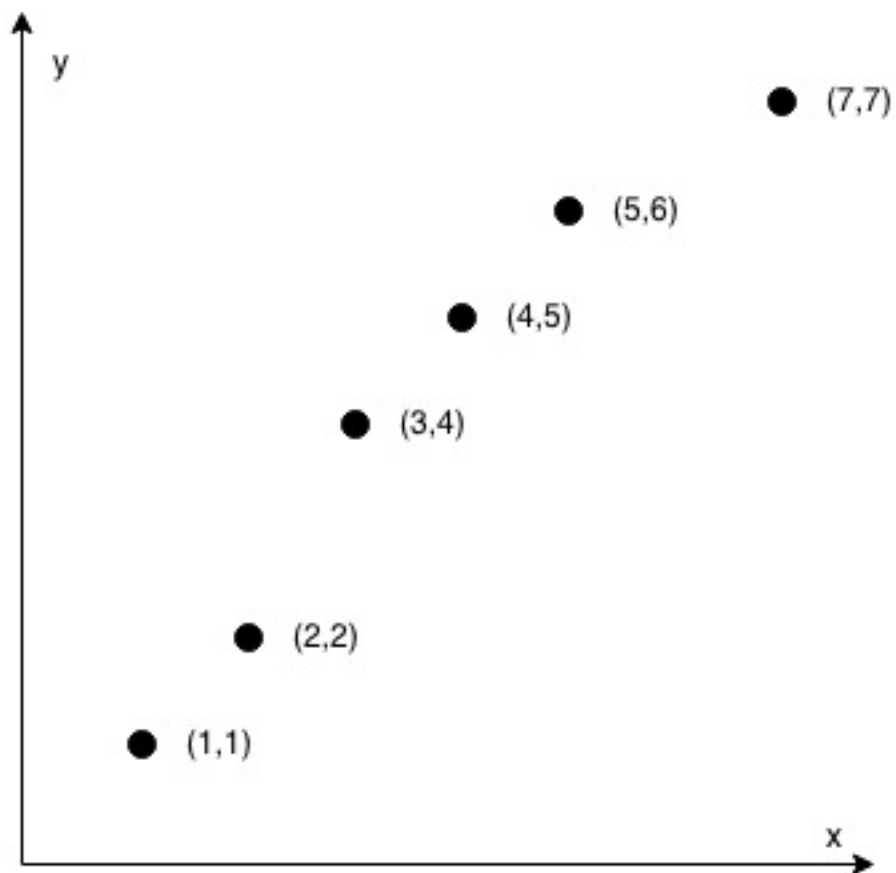
Input:

```
coordinates = [[1,2],[2,3],[3,4],[4,5],[5,6],[6,7]]
```

Output:

true

Example 2:



Input:

```
coordinates = [[1,1],[2,2],[3,4],[4,5],[5,6],[7,7]]
```

Output:

false

Constraints:

```
2 <= coordinates.length <= 1000
```

```
coordinates[i].length == 2
```

```
-10^4 <= coordinates[i][0], coordinates[i][1] <= 10^4
```

coordinates

contains no duplicate point.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool checkStraightLine(vector<vector<int>>& coordinates) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public boolean checkStraightLine(int[][] coordinates) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def checkStraightLine(self, coordinates: List[List[int]]) -> bool:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def checkStraightLine(self, coordinates):
        """
        :type coordinates: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[][]} coordinates
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var checkStraightLine = function(coordinates) {
```

```
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function checkStraightLine(coordinates: number[][]): boolean {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public bool CheckStraightLine(int[][] coordinates) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
bool checkStraightLine(int** coordinates, int coordinatesSize, int*  
coordinatesColSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func checkStraightLine(coordinates [][]int) bool {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun checkStraightLine(coordinates: Array<IntArray>): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func checkStraightLine(_ coordinates: [[Int]]) -> Bool {
```

```
}  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn check_straight_line(coordinates: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} coordinates  
# @return {Boolean}  
def check_straight_line(coordinates)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[][] $coordinates  
     * @return Boolean  
     */  
    function checkStraightLine($coordinates) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    bool checkStraightLine(List<List<int>> coordinates) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def checkStraightLine(coordinates: Array[Array[Int]]): Boolean = {

  }
}

```

Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec check_straight_line(coordinates :: [[integer]]) :: boolean
  def check_straight_line(coordinates) do

  end
end

```

Erlang:

```

-spec check_straight_line(Coordinates :: [[integer()]]) -> boolean().
check_straight_line(Coordinates) ->
.

```

Racket:

```

(define/contract (check-straight-line coordinates)
  (-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) boolean?)
)

```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

```

```

class Solution {
public:
    bool checkStraightLine(vector<vector<int>>& coordinates) {

    }
};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public boolean checkStraightLine(int[][] coordinates) {

    }
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, math

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def checkStraightLine(self, coordinates: List[List[int]]) -> bool:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```


Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def checkStraightLine(self, coordinates):
        """
        :type coordinates: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number[][]} coordinates
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var checkStraightLine = function(coordinates) {

};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function checkStraightLine(coordinates: number[][]): boolean {
```

```
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public bool CheckStraightLine(int[][] coordinates) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

bool checkStraightLine(int** coordinates, int coordinatesSize, int*
coordinatesColSize) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, math
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func checkStraightLine(coordinates [][]int) bool {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun checkStraightLine(coordinates: Array<IntArray>): Boolean {

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func checkStraightLine(_ coordinates: [[Int]]) -> Bool {

    }
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Check If It Is a Straight Line
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, math
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn check_straight_line(coordinates: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> bool {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} coordinates
# @return {Boolean}
def check_straight_line(coordinates)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[][] $coordinates
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function checkStraightLine($coordinates) {

    }

}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
  bool checkStraightLine(List<List<int>> coordinates) {

  }

}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
  def checkStraightLine(coordinates: Array[Array[Int]]): Boolean = {

  }

}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec check_straight_line(coordinates :: [[integer]]) :: boolean
  def check_straight_line(coordinates) do

  end
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec check_straight_line(Coordinates :: [[integer()]]) -> boolean().
check_straight_line(Coordinates) ->
.
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (check-straight-line coordinates)
  (-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) boolean?)
)
```