

Problem 1091: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an

$n \times n$

binary matrix

grid

, return

the length of the shortest

clear path

in the matrix

. If there is no clear path, return

-1

.

A

clear path

in a binary matrix is a path from the

top-left

cell (i.e.,

(0, 0)

) to the

bottom-right

cell (i.e.,

(n - 1, n - 1)

) such that:

All the visited cells of the path are

0

.

All the adjacent cells of the path are

8-directionally

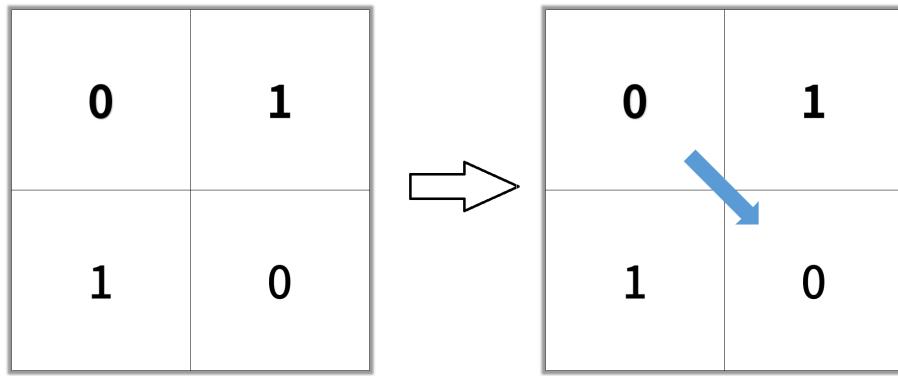
connected (i.e., they are different and they share an edge or a corner).

The

length of a clear path

is the number of visited cells of this path.

Example 1:



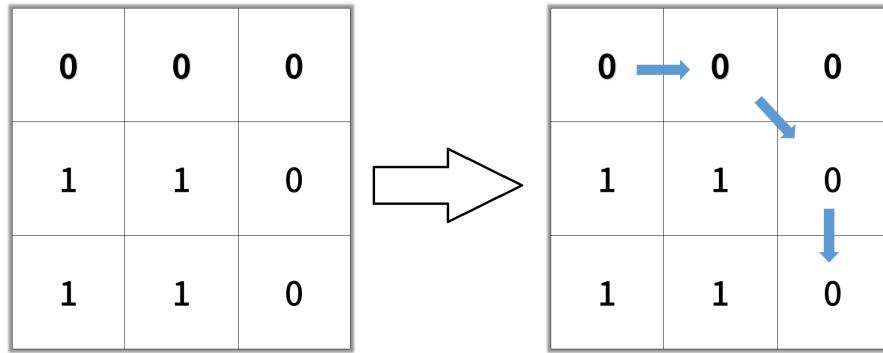
Input:

grid = [[0,1],[1,0]]

Output:

2

Example 2:



Input:

grid = [[0,0,0],[1,1,0],[1,1,0]]

Output:

4

Example 3:

Input:

```
grid = [[1,0,0],[1,1,0],[1,1,0]]
```

Output:

```
-1
```

Constraints:

```
n == grid.length
```

```
n == grid[i].length
```

```
1 <= n <= 100
```

```
grid[i][j] is 0 or 1
```

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int shortestPathBinaryMatrix(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {
        }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int shortestPathBinaryMatrix(int[][] grid) {
        }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def shortestPathBinaryMatrix(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def shortestPathBinaryMatrix(self, grid):  
        """  
        :type grid: List[List[int]]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[][]} grid  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var shortestPathBinaryMatrix = function(grid) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function shortestPathBinaryMatrix(grid: number[][]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int ShortestPathBinaryMatrix(int[][] grid) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int shortestPathBinaryMatrix(int** grid, int gridSize, int* gridColSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func shortestPathBinaryMatrix(grid [][]int) int {  
}  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun shortestPathBinaryMatrix(grid: Array<IntArray>): Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func shortestPathBinaryMatrix(_ grid: [[Int]]) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn shortest_path_binary_matrix(grid: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} grid  
# @return {Integer}  
def shortest_path_binary_matrix(grid)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[][] $grid  
     * @return Integer
```

```
*/  
function shortestPathBinaryMatrix($grid) {  
  
}  
}  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
int shortestPathBinaryMatrix(List<List<int>> grid) {  
  
}  
}  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
def shortestPathBinaryMatrix(grid: Array[Array[Int]]): Int = {  
  
}  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
@spec shortest_path_binary_matrix(grid :: [[integer]]) :: integer  
def shortest_path_binary_matrix(grid) do  
  
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec shortest_path_binary_matrix(Grid :: [[integer()]]) -> integer().  
shortest_path_binary_matrix(Grid) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (shortest-path-binary-matrix grid)  
  (-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int shortestPathBinaryMatrix(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {
}
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int shortestPathBinaryMatrix(int[][] grid) {
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

```

```

class Solution:

def shortestPathBinaryMatrix(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
    # TODO: Implement optimized solution
    pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):

def shortestPathBinaryMatrix(self, grid):
    """
:type grid: List[List[int]]
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
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var shortestPathBinaryMatrix = function(grid) {

```

```
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
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 * Problem: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, search  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function shortestPathBinaryMatrix(grid: number[][][]): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, search  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
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 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public int ShortestPathBinaryMatrix(int[][] grid) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix  
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```

* Tags: array, search
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* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/
int shortestPathBinaryMatrix(int** grid, int gridSize, int* gridColSize) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func shortestPathBinaryMatrix(grid [][]int) int {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun shortestPathBinaryMatrix(grid: Array<IntArray>): Int {
    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func shortestPathBinaryMatrix(_ grid: [[Int]]) -> Int {
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Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Shortest Path in Binary Matrix
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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impl Solution {
    pub fn shortest_path_binary_matrix(grid: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {
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    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} grid
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def shortest_path_binary_matrix(grid)

end
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PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

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     * @return Integer
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```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
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```
object Solution {  
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