

Problem 1759: Count Number of Homogenous Substrings

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 57.38%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Math, String

Problem Description

Given a string `s`, return the number of homogenous substrings of `s`. Since the answer may be too large, return it modulo $10^9 + 7$.

A string is homogenous if all the characters of the string are the same.

A substring is a contiguous sequence of characters within a string.

Example 1:

Input: `s = "abbcccaa"` **Output:** 13 **Explanation:** The homogenous substrings are listed as below: "a" appears 3 times. "aa" appears 1 time. "b" appears 2 times. "bb" appears 1 time. "c" appears 3 times. "cc" appears 2 times. "ccc" appears 1 time. $3 + 1 + 2 + 1 + 3 + 2 + 1 = 13$.

Example 2:

Input: `s = "xy"` **Output:** 2 **Explanation:** The homogenous substrings are "x" and "y".

Example 3:

Input: `s = "zzzzz"` **Output:** 15

Constraints:

*`1 <= s.length <= 105` *`s` consists of lowercase letters.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int countHomogenous(string s) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int countHomogenous(String s) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def countHomogenous(self, s: str) -> int:
```