

# Problem 3596: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given two integers

$m$

and

$n$

representing the number of rows and columns of a grid, respectively.

The cost to enter cell

$(i, j)$

is defined as

$(i + 1) * (j + 1)$

The path will always begin by entering cell

$(0, 0)$

on move 1 and paying the entrance cost.

At each step, you move to an

adjacent

cell, following an alternating pattern:

On

odd-numbered

moves, you must move either

right

or

down

.

On

even-numbered

moves, you must move either

left

or

up

.

Return the

minimum

total cost required to reach

$(m - 1, n - 1)$

. If it is impossible, return -1.

Example 1:

Input:

$m = 1, n = 1$

Output:

1

Explanation:

You start at cell

$(0, 0)$

The cost to enter

$(0, 0)$

is

$$(0 + 1) * (0 + 1) = 1$$

Since you're at the destination, the total cost is 1.

Example 2:

Input:

$m = 2, n = 1$

Output:

3

Explanation:

You start at cell

$(0, 0)$

with cost

$$(0 + 1) * (0 + 1) = 1$$

Move 1 (odd): You can move down to

$(1, 0)$

with cost

$$(1 + 1) * (0 + 1) = 2$$

Thus, the total cost is

$$1 + 2 = 3$$

Constraints:

$$1 \leq m, n \leq 10$$

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int minCost(int m, int n) {
        }
    };
}
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int minCost(int m, int n) {
        }
    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def minCost(self, m: int, n: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def minCost(self, m, n):
        """
        :type m: int
        :type n: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number} m
 * @param {number} n
```

```
* @return {number}
*/
var minCost = function(m, n) {
};

}
```

### TypeScript:

```
function minCost(m: number, n: number): number {
};

}
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {
public int MinCost(int m, int n) {

}

}
```

### C:

```
int minCost(int m, int n) {

}
```

### Go:

```
func minCost(m int, n int) int {

}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {
fun minCost(m: Int, n: Int): Int {

}

}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
func minCost(_ m: Int, _ n: Int) -> Int {  
}  
}  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
pub fn min_cost(m: i32, n: i32) -> i32 {  
  
}  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} m  
# @param {Integer} n  
# @return {Integer}  
def min_cost(m, n)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
/**  
 * @param Integer $m  
 * @param Integer $n  
 * @return Integer  
 */  
function minCost($m, $n) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
int minCost(int m, int n) {  
  
}
```

```
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def minCost(m: Int, n: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec min_cost(m :: integer, n :: integer) :: integer  
    def min_cost(m, n) do  
  
    end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec min_cost(M :: integer(), N :: integer()) -> integer().  
min_cost(M, N) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (min-cost m n)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: math  
 */
```

```

* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
class Solution {
public:
int minCost(int m, int n) {
}
};


```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: math
*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
class Solution {
public int minCost(int m, int n) {

}
}


```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: math

Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""


```

```
class Solution:

    def minCost(self, m: int, n: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):

    def minCost(self, m, n):
        """
        :type m: int
        :type n: int
        :rtype: int
        """

    """
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number} m
 * @param {number} n
 * @return {number}
 */
var minCost = function(m, n) {

};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I
```

```

* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: math
*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
function minCost(m: number, n: number): number {
}

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: math
*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
public class Solution {
    public int MinCost(int m, int n) {
        }
    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: math
*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

```

```
int minCost(int m, int n) {  
    }  
}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: math  
//  
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
func minCost(m int, n int) int {  
    }  
}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun minCost(m: Int, n: Int): Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func minCost(_ m: Int, _ n: Int) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimum Cost Path with Alternating Directions I  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: math  
//
```

```

// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn min_cost(m: i32, n: i32) -> i32 {
        }

    }
}

```

### Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer} m
# @param {Integer} n
# @return {Integer}
def min_cost(m, n)

end

```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $m
     * @param Integer $n
     * @return Integer
     */
    function minCost($m, $n) {
        }

    }
}

```

### Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
    int minCost(int m, int n) {
        }

    }
}

```

### **Scala Solution:**

```
object Solution {  
    def minCost(m: Int, n: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
    }  
}
```

### **Elixir Solution:**

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec min_cost(m :: integer, n :: integer) :: integer  
  def min_cost(m, n) do  
  
  end  
  end
```

### **Erlang Solution:**

```
-spec min_cost(M :: integer(), N :: integer()) -> integer().  
min_cost(M, N) ->  
.
```

### **Racket Solution:**

```
(define/contract (min-cost m n)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```