

# Problem 983: Minimum Cost For Tickets

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 67.39%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Dynamic Programming

## Problem Description

You have planned some train traveling one year in advance. The days of the year in which you will travel are given as an integer array `days`. Each day is an integer from `1` to `365`.

Train tickets are sold in **three different ways** :

\* a **1-day** pass is sold for `costs[0]` dollars, \* a **7-day** pass is sold for `costs[1]` dollars, and \* a **30-day** pass is sold for `costs[2]` dollars.

The passes allow that many days of consecutive travel.

\* For example, if we get a **7-day** pass on day `2`, then we can travel for `7` days: `2`, `3`, `4`, `5`, `6`, `7`, and `8`.

Return the minimum number of dollars you need to travel every day in the given list of days.

**Example 1.**

**Input:** `days = [1,4,6,7,8,20]`, `costs = [2,7,15]` **Output:** `11` **Explanation:** For example, here is one way to buy passes that lets you travel your travel plan: On day 1, you bought a 1-day pass for `costs[0] = $2`, which covered day 1. On day 3, you bought a 7-day pass for `costs[1] = $7`, which covered days 3, 4, ..., 9. On day 20, you bought a 1-day pass for `costs[0] = $2`, which covered day 20. In total, you spent \$11 and covered all the days of your travel.

**Example 2.**

**\*\*Input:\*\*** days = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,30,31], costs = [2,7,15] **\*\*Output:\*\*** 17 **\*\*Explanation:\*\***  
For example, here is one way to buy passes that lets you travel your travel plan: On day 1, you bought a 30-day pass for costs[2] = \$15 which covered days 1, 2, ..., 30. On day 31, you bought a 1-day pass for costs[0] = \$2 which covered day 31. In total, you spent \$17 and covered all the days of your travel.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1 <= days.length <= 365` \* `1 <= days[i] <= 365` \* `days` is in strictly increasing order. \*  
`costs.length == 3` \* `1 <= costs[i] <= 1000`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int mincostTickets(vector<int>& days, vector<int>& costs) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int mincostTickets(int[] days, int[] costs) {

    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def mincostTickets(self, days: List[int], costs: List[int]) -> int:
```