

# Problem 290: Word Pattern

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Easy

**Acceptance Rate:** 43.53%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Hash Table, String

## Problem Description

Given a `pattern`` and a string `s``, find if `s`` follows the same pattern.

Here **follow** means a full match, such that there is a bijection between a letter in `pattern`` and a **non-empty** word in `s``. Specifically:

- \* Each letter in `pattern`` maps to **exactly** one unique word in `s``.
- \* Each unique word in `s`` maps to **exactly** one letter in `pattern``.
- \* No two letters map to the same word, and no two words map to the same letter.

**Example 1.**

**Input:** `pattern = "abba", s = "dog cat cat dog"`

**Output:** `true`

**Explanation.**

The bijection can be established as:

\* `'a'`` maps to `"dog"`. * 'b'` maps to "cat"`.`

**Example 2.**

**Input:** `pattern = "abba", s = "dog cat cat fish"`

**\*\*Output:\*\*** false

**\*\*Example 3:\*\***

**\*\*Input:\*\*** pattern = "aaaa", s = "dog cat cat dog"

**\*\*Output:\*\*** false

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1` <= pattern.length <= 300 \* `pattern` contains only lower-case English letters. \* `1` <= s.length <= 3000 \* `s` contains only lowercase English letters and spaces ` ` . \* `s` **does not contain** any leading or trailing spaces. \* All the words in `s` are separated by a **single space**.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool wordPattern(string pattern, string s) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public boolean wordPattern(String pattern, String s) {

    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def wordPattern(self, pattern: str, s: str) -> bool:
```