

Problem 454: 4Sum II

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given four integer arrays

nums1

,

nums2

,

nums3

, and

nums4

all of length

n

, return the number of tuples

(i, j, k, l)

such that:

$0 \leq i, j, k, l < n$

$\text{nums1}[i] + \text{nums2}[j] + \text{nums3}[k] + \text{nums4}[l] == 0$

Example 1:

Input:

$\text{nums1} = [1,2], \text{nums2} = [-2,-1], \text{nums3} = [-1,2], \text{nums4} = [0,2]$

Output:

2

Explanation:

The two tuples are: 1. (0, 0, 0, 1) $\rightarrow \text{nums1}[0] + \text{nums2}[0] + \text{nums3}[0] + \text{nums4}[1] = 1 + (-2) + (-1) + 2 = 0$ 2. (1, 1, 0, 0) $\rightarrow \text{nums1}[1] + \text{nums2}[1] + \text{nums3}[0] + \text{nums4}[0] = 2 + (-1) + (-1) + 0 = 0$

Example 2:

Input:

$\text{nums1} = [0], \text{nums2} = [0], \text{nums3} = [0], \text{nums4} = [0]$

Output:

1

Constraints:

$n == \text{nums1.length}$

$n == \text{nums2.length}$

$n == \text{nums3.length}$

$n == \text{nums4.length}$

1 <= n <= 200

-2

28

<= nums1[i], nums2[i], nums3[i], nums4[i] <= 2

28

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int fourSumCount(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2, vector<int>& nums3,
        vector<int>& nums4) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int fourSumCount(int[] nums1, int[] nums2, int[] nums3, int[] nums4) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def fourSumCount(self, nums1: List[int], nums2: List[int], nums3: List[int],
        nums4: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def fourSumCount(self, nums1, nums2, nums3, nums4):
```

```

"""
:type nums1: List[int]
:type nums2: List[int]
:type nums3: List[int]
:type nums4: List[int]
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums1
 * @param {number[]} nums2
 * @param {number[]} nums3
 * @param {number[]} nums4
 * @return {number}
 */
var fourSumCount = function(nums1, nums2, nums3, nums4) {

};

```

TypeScript:

```

function fourSumCount(nums1: number[], nums2: number[], nums3: number[],
nums4: number[]): number {

};

```

C#:

```

public class Solution {
    public int FourSumCount(int[] nums1, int[] nums2, int[] nums3, int[] nums4) {

    }
}

```

C:

```

int fourSumCount(int* nums1, int nums1Size, int* nums2, int nums2Size, int*
nums3, int nums3Size, int* nums4, int nums4Size) {

}

```

Go:

```
func fourSumCount(nums1 []int, nums2 []int, nums3 []int, nums4 []int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun fourSumCount(nums1: IntArray, nums2: IntArray, nums3: IntArray, nums4:  
        IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func fourSumCount(_ nums1: [Int], _ nums2: [Int], _ nums3: [Int], _ nums4:  
        [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn four_sum_count(nums1: Vec<i32>, nums2: Vec<i32>, nums3: Vec<i32>,  
        nums4: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums1  
# @param {Integer[]} nums2  
# @param {Integer[]} nums3  
# @param {Integer[]} nums4  
# @return {Integer}  
def four_sum_count(nums1, nums2, nums3, nums4)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums1
     * @param Integer[] $nums2
     * @param Integer[] $nums3
     * @param Integer[] $nums4
     * @return Integer
     */
    function fourSumCount($nums1, $nums2, $nums3, $nums4) {

    }

}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
  int fourSumCount(List<int> nums1, List<int> nums2, List<int> nums3, List<int>
  nums4) {

  }

}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def fourSumCount(nums1: Array[Int], nums2: Array[Int], nums3: Array[Int],
  nums4: Array[Int]): Int = {

  }

}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec four_sum_count(nums1 :: [integer], nums2 :: [integer], nums3 ::
  [integer], nums4 :: [integer]) :: integer
  def four_sum_count(nums1, nums2, nums3, nums4) do

  end

end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec four_sum_count(Nums1 :: [integer()], Nums2 :: [integer()], Nums3 ::
[integer()], Nums4 :: [integer()]) -> integer().
four_sum_count(Nums1, Nums2, Nums3, Nums4) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (four-sum-count nums1 nums2 nums3 nums4)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof exact-integer?) (listof exact-integer?)
      (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)
  )
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: 4Sum II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int fourSumCount(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2, vector<int>& nums3,
vector<int>& nums4) {

    }

};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: 4Sum II
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```

* Tags: array, hash
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/

class Solution {
public int fourSumCount(int[] nums1, int[] nums2, int[] nums3, int[] nums4) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: 4Sum II
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, hash

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
"""

class Solution:
def fourSumCount(self, nums1: List[int], nums2: List[int], nums3: List[int],
nums4: List[int]) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def fourSumCount(self, nums1, nums2, nums3, nums4):
"""
:type nums1: List[int]
:type nums2: List[int]
:type nums3: List[int]
:type nums4: List[int]
:rtype: int

```



```
"""
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: 4Sum II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums1
 * @param {number[]} nums2
 * @param {number[]} nums3
 * @param {number[]} nums4
 * @return {number}
 */
var fourSumCount = function(nums1, nums2, nums3, nums4) {

};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: 4Sum II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

function fourSumCount(nums1: number[], nums2: number[], nums3: number[],
nums4: number[]): number {

};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: 4Sum II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

public class Solution {
    public int FourSumCount(int[] nums1, int[] nums2, int[] nums3, int[] nums4) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: 4Sum II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

int fourSumCount(int* nums1, int nums1Size, int* nums2, int nums2Size, int*
nums3, int nums3Size, int* nums4, int nums4Size) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: 4Sum II
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
```

```

// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

func fourSumCount(nums1 []int, nums2 []int, nums3 []int, nums4 []int) int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun fourSumCount(nums1: IntArray, nums2: IntArray, nums3: IntArray, nums4:
    IntArray): Int {

    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func fourSumCount(_ nums1: [Int], _ nums2: [Int], _ nums3: [Int], _ nums4:
    [Int]) -> Int {

    }
}

```

Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: 4Sum II
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

impl Solution {
    pub fn four_sum_count(nums1: Vec<i32>, nums2: Vec<i32>, nums3: Vec<i32>,
    nums4: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {

    }
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums1
# @param {Integer[]} nums2
# @param {Integer[]} nums3
# @param {Integer[]} nums4
# @return {Integer}
def four_sum_count(nums1, nums2, nums3, nums4)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums1
     * @param Integer[] $nums2
     * @param Integer[] $nums3
     * @param Integer[] $nums4
     * @return Integer
     */
    function fourSumCount($nums1, $nums2, $nums3, $nums4) {

    }

}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
  int fourSumCount(List<int> nums1, List<int> nums2, List<int> nums3, List<int>
  nums4) {

  }

}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
  def fourSumCount(nums1: Array[Int], nums2: Array[Int], nums3: Array[Int],
  nums4: Array[Int]): Int = {
```

```
}  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec four_sum_count(nums1 :: [integer], nums2 :: [integer], nums3 ::  
    [integer], nums4 :: [integer]) :: integer  
  def four_sum_count(nums1, nums2, nums3, nums4) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec four_sum_count(Nums1 :: [integer()], Nums2 :: [integer()], Nums3 ::  
  [integer()], Nums4 :: [integer()]) -> integer().  
four_sum_count(Nums1, Nums2, Nums3, Nums4) ->  
.
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (four-sum-count nums1 nums2 nums3 nums4)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof exact-integer?) (listof exact-integer?)  
    (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)  
  )
```