

# Problem 2941: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given an array of integers

nums

and an integer

k

The

gcd-sum

of an array

a

is calculated as follows:

Let

s

be the sum of all the elements of

a

.

Let

g

be the

greatest common divisor

of all the elements of

a

.

The gcd-sum of

a

is equal to

$s * g$

.

Return

the

maximum gcd-sum

of a subarray of

nums

with at least

k

elements.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [2,1,4,4,4,2], k = 2

Output:

48

Explanation:

We take the subarray [4,4,4], the gcd-sum of this array is  $4 * (4 + 4 + 4) = 48$ . It can be shown that we can not select any other subarray with a gcd-sum greater than 48.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [7,3,9,4], k = 1

Output:

81

Explanation:

We take the subarray [9], the gcd-sum of this array is  $9 * 9 = 81$ . It can be shown that we can not select any other subarray with a gcd-sum greater than 81.

Constraints:

`n == nums.length`

1 <= n <= 10

5

1 <= nums[i] <= 10

6

1 <= k <= n

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    long long maxGcdSum(vector<int>& nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
public long maxGcdSum(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def maxGcdSum(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def maxGcdSum(self, nums, k):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]
```

```
:type k: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var maxGcdSum = function(nums, k) {
};


```

### TypeScript:

```
function maxGcdSum(nums: number[], k: number): number {
};


```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {
public long MaxGcdSum(int[] nums, int k) {

}
}
```

### C:

```
long long maxGcdSum(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {
}
```

### Go:

```
func maxGcdSum(nums []int, k int) int64 {
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun maxGcdSum(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Long {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func maxGcdSum(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn max_gcd_sum(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i64 {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def max_gcd_sum(nums, k)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function maxGcdSum($nums, $k) {  
  
    }
```

```
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int maxGcdSum(List<int> nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def maxGcdSum(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Long = {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec max_gcd_sum(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: integer  
  def max_gcd_sum(nums, k) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec max_gcd_sum(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> integer().  
max_gcd_sum(Nums, K) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (max-gcd-sum nums k)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, math, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    long long maxGcdSum(vector<int>& nums, int k) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, math, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public long maxGcdSum(int[] nums, int k) {

    }
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, math, search
```

```
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

```

```
class Solution:
    def maxGcdSum(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

## Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def maxGcdSum(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

## JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, math, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

var maxGcdSum = function(nums, k) {
}
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, math, search  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function maxGcdSum(nums: number[], k: number): number {  
  
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
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 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public long MaxGcdSum(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, math, search  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
long long maxGcdSum(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {
}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, math, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func maxGcdSum(nums []int, k int) int64 {
}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun maxGcdSum(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Long {
    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func maxGcdSum(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {
    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Maximum GCD-Sum of a Subarray
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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impl Solution {
    pub fn max_gcd_sum(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i64 {
        }

    }
}

```

### Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def max_gcd_sum(nums, k)

end

```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer
     */
    function maxGcdSum($nums, $k) {

    }
}

```

### Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
    int maxGcdSum(List<int> nums, int k) {

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```
}
```

```
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def maxGcdSum(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Long = {  
  
    }  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
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```

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(define/contract (max-gcd-sum nums k)  
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