

# Problem 689: Maximum Sum of 3 Non-Overlapping Subarrays

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Hard

**Acceptance Rate:** 59.60%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Dynamic Programming, Sliding Window, Prefix Sum

## Problem Description

Given an integer array `nums` and an integer `k`, find three non-overlapping subarrays of length `k` with maximum sum and return them.

Return the result as a list of indices representing the starting position of each interval (\*\*0-indexed\*\*). If there are multiple answers, return the lexicographically smallest one.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** nums = [1,2,1,2,6,7,5,1], k = 2 **Output:** [0,3,5] **Explanation:** Subarrays [1, 2], [2, 6], [7, 5] correspond to the starting indices [0, 3, 5]. We could have also taken [2, 1], but an answer of [1, 3, 5] would be lexicographically larger.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** nums = [1,2,1,2,1,2,1,2,1], k = 2 **Output:** [0,2,4]

**Constraints:**

\* `1 <= nums.length <= 2 \* 104` \* `1 <= nums[i] < 216` \* `1 <= k <= floor(nums.length / 3)`

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
vector<int> maxSumOfThreeSubarrays(vector<int>& nums, int k) {  
}  
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {  
public int[] maxSumOfThreeSubarrays(int[] nums, int k) {  
}  
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
def maxSumOfThreeSubarrays(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> List[int]:
```