

Problem 1539: Kth Missing Positive Number

Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an array

arr

of positive integers sorted in a

strictly increasing order

, and an integer

k

.

Return

the

k

th

positive

integer that is

missing

from this array.

Example 1:

Input:

arr = [2,3,4,7,11], k = 5

Output:

9

Explanation:

The missing positive integers are [1,5,6,8,9,10,12,13,...]. The 5

th

missing positive integer is 9.

Example 2:

Input:

arr = [1,2,3,4], k = 2

Output:

6

Explanation:

The missing positive integers are [5,6,7,...]. The 2

nd

missing positive integer is 6.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{arr.length} \leq 1000$

$1 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 1000$

$1 \leq k \leq 1000$

$\text{arr}[i] < \text{arr}[j]$

for

$1 \leq i < j \leq \text{arr.length}$

Follow up:

Could you solve this problem in less than $O(n)$ complexity?

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int findKthPositive(vector<int>& arr, int k) {
        }
    };
}
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
public int findKthPositive(int[] arr, int k) {
        }
    };
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findKthPositive(self, arr: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def findKthPositive(self, arr, k):  
        """  
        :type arr: List[int]  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} arr  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var findKthPositive = function(arr, k) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function findKthPositive(arr: number[], k: number): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int FindKthPositive(int[] arr, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int findKthPositive(int* arr, int arrSize, int k) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func findKthPositive(arr []int, k int) int {  
    }  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findKthPositive(arr: IntArray, k: Int): Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func findKthPositive(_ arr: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_kth_positive(arr: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} arr  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def find_kth_positive(arr, k)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {
```

```
/**
 * @param Integer[] $arr
 * @param Integer $k
 * @return Integer
 */
function findKthPositive($arr, $k) {

}

}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
int findKthPositive(List<int> arr, int k) {

}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
def findKthPositive(arr: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {

}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec find_kth_positive([integer], integer) :: integer
def find_kth_positive(arr, k) do

end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec find_kth_positive([integer()], integer()) -> integer().
find_kth_positive([Arr, K] ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (find-kth-positive arr k)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?))
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Kth Missing Positive Number
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int findKthPositive(vector<int>& arr, int k) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Kth Missing Positive Number
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int findKthPositive(int[] arr, int k) {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Kth Missing Positive Number
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, sort, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

    def findKthPositive(self, arr: List[int], k: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):

    def findKthPositive(self, arr, k):
        """
        :type arr: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: int
        """


```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Kth Missing Positive Number
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */
```

```

/**
 * @param {number[]} arr
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var findKthPositive = function(arr, k) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Kth Missing Positive Number
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function findKthPositive(arr: number[], k: number): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Kth Missing Positive Number
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public int FindKthPositive(int[] arr, int k) {
        }
}
```

```
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Kth Missing Positive Number
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

int findKthPositive(int* arr, int arrSize, int k) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Kth Missing Positive Number
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, sort, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func findKthPositive(arr []int, k int) int {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun findKthPositive(arr: IntArray, k: Int): Int {
        }

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
func findKthPositive(_ arr: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {
}
}

```

Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Kth Missing Positive Number
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, sort, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
pub fn find_kth_positive(arr: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {
}

}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} arr
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def find_kth_positive(arr, k)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

/**
 * @param Integer[] $arr
 * @param Integer $k
 * @return Integer
 */
function findKthPositive($arr, $k) {

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    int findKthPositive(List<int> arr, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def findKthPositive(arr: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec find_kth_positive([integer], integer) :: integer  
  def find_kth_positive(arr, k) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec find_kth_positive([integer()], integer()) -> integer().  
find_kth_positive([_], K) ->  
.
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (find-kth-positive arr k)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```