

# Problem 2985: Calculate Compressed Mean

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 86.76%

Paid Only: Yes

Tags: Database

## Problem Description

Table: `Orders`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | order\_id | int | |  
item\_count | int | | order\_occurrences | int | +-----+-----+ order\_id is column of  
unique values for this table. This table contains order\_id, item\_count, and order\_occurrences.

Write a solution to calculate the **average** number of items per order, rounded to **2**  
**decimal places**.

Return **the result table** in **any** order.

The result format is in the following example.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** Orders table: +-----+-----+-----+ | order\_id | item\_count |  
order\_occurrences | +-----+-----+-----+ | 10 | 1 | 500 | | 11 | 2 | 1000 | | 12 | 3  
| 800 | | 13 | 4 | 1000 | +-----+-----+-----+ **Output** +-----+-----+ |  
average\_items\_per\_order | +-----+-----+ | 2.70 | +-----+-----+  
**Explanation** The calculation is as follows: - Total items: (1 \* 500) + (2 \* 1000) + (3 \* 800) +  
(4 \* 1000) = 8900 - Total orders: 500 + 1000 + 800 + 1000 = 3300 - Therefore, the average  
items per order is 8900 / 3300 = 2.70

## Code Snippets

**MySQL:**

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

**MS SQL Server:**

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

**PostgreSQL:**

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```