

# Problem 3307: Find the K-th Character in String Game II

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Alice and Bob are playing a game. Initially, Alice has a string

word = "a"

You are given a

positive

integer

k

. You are also given an integer array

operations

, where

operations[i]

represents the

type

of the

i

th

operation.

Now Bob will ask Alice to perform

all

operations in sequence:

If

operations[i] == 0

,

append

a copy of

word

to itself.

If

operations[i] == 1

, generate a new string by

changing

each character in

word

to its

next

character in the English alphabet, and

append

it to the

original

word

. For example, performing the operation on

"c"

generates

"cd"

and performing the operation on

"zb"

generates

"zbac"

Return the value of the

k

th

character in

word

after performing all the operations.

Note

that the character

'z'

can be changed to

'a'

in the second type of operation.

Example 1:

Input:

$k = 5$ , operations = [0,0,0]

Output:

"a"

Explanation:

Initially,

word == "a"

. Alice performs the three operations as follows:

Appends

"a"

to

"a"

,

word

becomes

"aa"

.

Appends

"aa"

to

"aa"

,

word

becomes

"aaaa"

.

Appends

"aaaa"

to

"aaaa"

,

word

becomes

"aaaaaaaa"

.

Example 2:

Input:

$k = 10$ , operations = [0,1,0,1]

Output:

"b"

Explanation:

Initially,

word == "a"

. Alice performs the four operations as follows:

Appends

"a"

to

"a"

,

word

becomes

"aa"

.

Appends

"bb"

to

"aa"

,

word

becomes

"aabb"

.

Appends

"aabb"

to

"aabb"

,

word

becomes

"aabbaabb"

.

Appends

"bbccbbcc"

to

"aabbaabb"

,

word

becomes

"aabbaabbbbccbcc"

.

Constraints:

$1 \leq k \leq 10$

14

$1 \leq \text{operations.length} \leq 100$

`operations[i]`

is either 0 or 1.

The input is generated such that

word

has

at least

k

characters after all operations.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    char kthCharacter(long long k, vector<int>& operations) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
public char kthCharacter(long k, int[] operations) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def kthCharacter(self, k: int, operations: List[int]) -> str:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def kthCharacter(self, k, operations):  
        """  
        :type k: int
```

```
:type operations: List[int]
:rtype: str
"""

```

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number} k
 * @param {number[]} operations
 * @return {character}
 */
var kthCharacter = function(k, operations) {
};


```

### TypeScript:

```
function kthCharacter(k: number, operations: number[]): string {
};


```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {
public char KthCharacter(long k, int[] operations) {

}
}
```

### C:

```
char kthCharacter(long long k, int* operations, int operationsSize) {
}
```

### Go:

```
func kthCharacter(k int64, operations []int) byte {
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun kthCharacter(k: Long, operations: IntArray): Char {  
        //  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func kthCharacter(_ k: Int, _ operations: [Int]) -> Character {  
        //  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn kth_character(k: i64, operations: Vec<i32>) -> char {  
        //  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} k  
# @param {Integer[]} operations  
# @return {Character}  
def kth_character(k, operations)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @param Integer[] $operations  
     * @return String  
     */  
    function kthCharacter($k, $operations) {  
  
    }
```

```
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    String kthCharacter(int k, List<int> operations) {  
        }  
    }
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def kthCharacter(k: Long, operations: Array[Int]): Char = {  
        }  
    }
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec kth_character(k :: integer, operations :: [integer]) :: char  
  def kth_character(k, operations) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec kth_character(K :: integer(), Operations :: [integer()]) -> char().  
kth_character(K, Operations) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (kth-character k operations)  
  (-> exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?) char?)  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find the K-th Character in String Game II
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, string, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    char kthCharacter(long long k, vector<int>& operations) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find the K-th Character in String Game II
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, string, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public char kthCharacter(long k, int[] operations) {

    }
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Find the K-th Character in String Game II
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, string, math
```

```

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

def kthCharacter(self, k: int, operations: List[int]) -> str:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def kthCharacter(self, k, operations):
"""

:type k: int
:type operations: List[int]
:rtype: str
"""

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find the K-th Character in String Game II
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, string, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

var kthCharacter = function(k, operations) {

};


```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Find the K-th Character in String Game II  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, string, math  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function kthCharacter(k: number, operations: number[]): string {  
  
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Find the K-th Character in String Game II  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, string, math  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public char KthCharacter(long k, int[] operations) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Find the K-th Character in String Game II  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, string, math  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
char kthCharacter(long long k, int* operations, int operationsSize) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Find the K-th Character in String Game II
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, string, math
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func kthCharacter(k int64, operations []int) byte {
}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun kthCharacter(k: Long, operations: IntArray): Char {
    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func kthCharacter(_ k: Int, _ operations: [Int]) -> Character {
    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Find the K-th Character in String Game II
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, string, math
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn kth_character(k: i64, operations: Vec<i32>) -> char {
        ...
    }
}

```

### Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer} k
# @param {Integer[]} operations
# @return {Character}
def kth_character(k, operations)

end

```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $k
     * @param Integer[] $operations
     * @return String
     */
    function kthCharacter($k, $operations) {

    }
}

```

### Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
    String kthCharacter(int k, List<int> operations) {

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def kthCharacter(k: Long, operations: Array[Int]): Char = {  
  
    }  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec kth_character(k :: integer, operations :: [integer]) :: char  
  def kth_character(k, operations) do  
  
  end  
end
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### Erlang Solution:

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-spec kth_character(K :: integer(), Operations :: [integer()]) -> char().  
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### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (kth-character k operations)  
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```