

# Problem 2292: Products With Three or More Orders in Two Consecutive Years

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 40.42%

**Paid Only:** Yes

**Tags:** Database

## Problem Description

Table: `Orders`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | order\_id | int | | product\_id | int | | quantity | int | | purchase\_date | date | +-----+-----+  
order\_id contains unique values. Each row in this table contains the ID of an order, the id of the product purchased, the quantity, and the purchase date.

Write a solution to report the IDs of all the products that were ordered three or more times in two consecutive years.

Return the result table in **any order**.

The result format is shown in the following example.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** Orders table: +-----+-----+-----+-----+ | order\_id | product\_id | quantity | purchase\_date | +-----+-----+-----+-----+ | 1 | 1 | 7 | 2020-03-16 | | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2020-12-02 | | 3 | 1 | 7 | 2020-05-10 | | 4 | 1 | 6 | 2021-12-23 | | 5 | 1 | 5 | 2021-05-21 | | 6 | 1 | 6 | 2021-10-11 | | 7 | 2 | 6 | 2022-10-11 | +-----+-----+-----+

**Output:** +-----+ | product\_id | +-----+ | 1 | +-----+  
**Explanation:** Product 1 was ordered in 2020 three times and in 2021 three times. Since it was ordered three times in two consecutive years, we include it in the answer. Product 2 was ordered one time in 2022. We do not include it in the answer.

## Code Snippets

### MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

### MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

### PostgreSQL:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```