

Problem 1726: Tuple with Same Product

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an array

nums

of

distinct

positive integers, return

the number of tuples

(a, b, c, d)

such that

$a * b = c * d$

where

a

,

b

,

c

, and

d

are elements of

nums

, and

a != b != c != d

.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [2,3,4,6]

Output:

8

Explanation:

There are 8 valid tuples: (2,6,3,4) , (2,6,4,3) , (6,2,3,4) , (6,2,4,3) (3,4,2,6) , (4,3,2,6) , (3,4,6,2) , (4,3,6,2)

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [1,2,4,5,10]

Output:

16

Explanation:

There are 16 valid tuples: (1,10,2,5) , (1,10,5,2) , (10,1,2,5) , (10,1,5,2) (2,5,1,10) , (2,5,10,1) , (5,2,1,10) , (5,2,10,1) (2,10,4,5) , (2,10,5,4) , (10,2,4,5) , (10,2,5,4) (4,5,2,10) , (4,5,10,2) , (5,4,2,10) , (5,4,10,2)

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 1000$

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

4

All elements in

nums

are

distinct

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int tupleSameProduct(vector<int>& nums) {
        }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int tupleSameProduct(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def tupleSameProduct(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def tupleSameProduct(self, nums):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var tupleSameProduct = function(nums) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function tupleSameProduct(nums: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int TupleSameProduct(int[] nums) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

C:

```
int tupleSameProduct(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func tupleSameProduct(nums []int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun tupleSameProduct(nums: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func tupleSameProduct(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn tuple_same_product(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer}
def tuple_same_product(nums)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @return Integer
     */
    function tupleSameProduct($nums) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
int tupleSameProduct(List<int> nums) {

}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
def tupleSameProduct(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {

}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec tuple_same_product(nums :: [integer]) :: integer
def tuple_same_product(nums) do

end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec tuple_same_product(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().  
tuple_same_product(Nums) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (tuple-same-product nums)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Tuple with Same Product  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    int tupleSameProduct(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Tuple with Same Product  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/

```

```

class Solution {
public int tupleSameProduct(int[] nums) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Tuple with Same Product
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, hash

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
"""

```

```

class Solution:
def tupleSameProduct(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def tupleSameProduct(self, nums):
"""
:type nums: List[int]
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Tuple with Same Product
* Difficulty: Medium

```

```

* Tags: array, hash
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/

```

```

/** 
* @param {number[]} nums
* @return {number}
*/
var tupleSameProduct = function(nums) {
}

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/** 
* Problem: Tuple with Same Product
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, hash
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/

```

```

function tupleSameProduct(nums: number[]): number {
}

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Tuple with Same Product
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, hash
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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```

```
*/\n\npublic class Solution {\n    public int TupleSameProduct(int[] nums) {\n        }\n    }\n}
```

C Solution:

```
/*\n * Problem: Tuple with Same Product\n * Difficulty: Medium\n * Tags: array, hash\n *\n * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique\n * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)\n * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map\n */\n\nint tupleSameProduct(int* nums, int numssSize) {\n    }\n}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Tuple with Same Product\n// Difficulty: Medium\n// Tags: array, hash\n//\n// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique\n// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)\n// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map\n\nfunc tupleSameProduct(nums []int) int {\n    }
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun tupleSameProduct(nums: IntArray): Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func tupleSameProduct(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Tuple with Same Product  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, hash  
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn tuple_same_product(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer}  
def tuple_same_product(nums)  
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {
```

```
/**
 * @param Integer[] $nums
 * @return Integer
 */
function tupleSameProduct($nums) {
}
```

Dart Solution:

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