

Problem 3670: Maximum Product of Two Integers With No Common Bits

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an integer array

`nums`

.

Your task is to find two

distinct

indices

`i`

and

`j`

such that the product

`nums[i] * nums[j]`

is

maximized,

and the binary representations of

`nums[i]`

and

`nums[j]`

do not share any common set bits.

Return the

maximum

possible product of such a pair. If no such pair exists, return 0.

Example 1:

Input:

`nums = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7]`

Output:

12

Explanation:

The best pair is 3 (011) and 4 (100). They share no set bits and

$3 * 4 = 12$

.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [5,6,4]

Output:

0

Explanation:

Every pair of numbers has at least one common set bit. Hence, the answer is 0.

Example 3:

Input:

nums = [64,8,32]

Output:

2048

Explanation:

No pair of numbers share a common bit, so the answer is the product of the two maximum elements, 64 and 32 (

$64 * 32 = 2048$

).

Constraints:

$2 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

6

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    long long maxProduct(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public long maxProduct(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maxProduct(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def maxProduct(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number}
 */
var maxProduct = function(nums) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
function maxProduct(nums: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public long MaxProduct(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
long long maxProduct(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func maxProduct(nums []int) int64 {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun maxProduct(nums: IntArray): Long {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func maxProduct(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn max_product(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i64 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer}  
def max_product(nums)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function maxProduct($nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int maxProduct(List<int> nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def maxProduct(nums: Array[Int]): Long = {  
  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec max_product(nums :: [integer]) :: integer
  def max_product(nums) do

  end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec max_product(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().
max_product(Nums) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (max-product nums)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Maximum Product of Two Integers With No Common Bits
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    long long maxProduct(vector<int>& nums) {
```

```
}  
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Maximum Product of Two Integers With No Common Bits  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, dp  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
    public long maxProduct(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Maximum Product of Two Integers With No Common Bits  
Difficulty: Medium  
Tags: array, dp  
  
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def maxProduct(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

Python Solution:


```

class Solution(object):
def maxProduct(self, nums):
    """
    :type nums: List[int]
    :rtype: int
    """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
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 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number}
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var maxProduct = function(nums) {

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```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
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function maxProduct(nums: number[]): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public long MaxProduct(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Maximum Product of Two Integers With No Common Bits
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 *
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

long long maxProduct(int* nums, int numsSize) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Maximum Product of Two Integers With No Common Bits
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, dp
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
```

```
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

func maxProduct(nums []int) int64 {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun maxProduct(nums: IntArray): Long {

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func maxProduct(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {

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impl Solution {
    pub fn max_product(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i64 {

    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer}
def max_product(nums)

end
```

PHP Solution:

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class Solution {

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Dart Solution:

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