

# Problem 826: Most Profit Assigning Work

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 56.07%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Two Pointers, Binary Search, Greedy, Sorting

## Problem Description

You have `n` jobs and `m` workers. You are given three arrays: `difficulty` , `profit` , and `worker` where:

\* `difficulty[i]` and `profit[i]` are the difficulty and the profit of the `ith` job, and \* `worker[j]` is the ability of `jth` worker (i.e., the `jth` worker can only complete a job with difficulty at most `worker[j]`).

Every worker can be assigned \*\*at most one job\*\* , but one job can be \*\*completed multiple times\*\*.

\* For example, if three workers attempt the same job that pays `\$1` , then the total profit will be `\$3` . If a worker cannot complete any job, their profit is `\$0` .

Return the maximum profit we can achieve after assigning the workers to the jobs.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** difficulty = [2,4,6,8,10], profit = [10,20,30,40,50], worker = [4,5,6,7] **Output:** 100

**Explanation:** Workers are assigned jobs of difficulty [4,4,6,6] and they get a profit of [20,20,30,30] separately.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** difficulty = [85,47,57], profit = [24,66,99], worker = [40,25,25] **Output:** 0

**Constraints:**

```
* `n == difficulty.length` * `n == profit.length` * `m == worker.length` * `1 <= n, m <= 104` * `1 <= difficulty[i], profit[i], worker[i] <= 105`
```

# Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int maxProfitAssignment(vector<int>& difficulty, vector<int>& profit,
                           vector<int>& worker) {
        ...
    }
};
```

## Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int maxProfitAssignment(int[] difficulty, int[] profit, int[] worker)  
    {  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

## Python3:

```
class Solution:

def maxProfitAssignment(self, difficulty: List[int], profit: List[int],
worker: List[int]) -> int:
```