

# Problem 485: Max Consecutive Ones

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given a binary array

nums

, return

the maximum number of consecutive

1

's in the array

.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [1,1,0,1,1,1]

Output:

3

Explanation:

The first two digits or the last three digits are consecutive 1s. The maximum number of consecutive 1s is 3.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [1,0,1,1,0,1]

Output:

2

Constraints:

1 <= nums.length <= 10

5

nums[i]

is either

0

or

1

.

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int findMaxConsecutiveOnes(vector<int>& nums) {
```

```
}  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int findMaxConsecutiveOnes(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findMaxConsecutiveOnes(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def findMaxConsecutiveOnes(self, nums):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var findMaxConsecutiveOnes = function(nums) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function findMaxConsecutiveOnes(nums: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

**C#:**

```
public class Solution {  
    public int FindMaxConsecutiveOnes(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**C:**

```
int findMaxConsecutiveOnes(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func findMaxConsecutiveOnes(nums []int) int {  
  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
    fun findMaxConsecutiveOnes(nums: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func findMaxConsecutiveOnes(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_max_consecutive_ones(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

## Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer}
def find_max_consecutive_ones(nums)

end
```

## PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @return Integer
     */
    function findMaxConsecutiveOnes($nums) {

    }

}
```

## Dart:

```
class Solution {
  int findMaxConsecutiveOnes(List<int> nums) {

  }
}
```

## Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def findMaxConsecutiveOnes(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {

  }
}
```

## Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_max_consecutive_ones(nums :: [integer]) :: integer
  def find_max_consecutive_ones(nums) do
```

```
end
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec find_max_consecutive_ones(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().
find_max_consecutive_ones(Nums) ->
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (find-max-consecutive-ones nums)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Max Consecutive Ones
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int findMaxConsecutiveOnes(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Max Consecutive Ones
```

```

* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: array
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

class Solution {
public int findMaxConsecutiveOnes(int[] nums) {

}
}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Max Consecutive Ones
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
def findMaxConsecutiveOnes(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def findMaxConsecutiveOnes(self, nums):
"""
:type nums: List[int]
:rtype: int
"""

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Max Consecutive Ones
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number}
 */
var findMaxConsecutiveOnes = function(nums) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Max Consecutive Ones
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function findMaxConsecutiveOnes(nums: number[]): number {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Max Consecutive Ones
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique

```



```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

public class Solution {
public int FindMaxConsecutiveOnes(int[] nums) {

}
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Max Consecutive Ones
* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: array
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

int findMaxConsecutiveOnes(int* nums, int numsSize) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Max Consecutive Ones
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func findMaxConsecutiveOnes(nums []int) int {

}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun findMaxConsecutiveOnes(nums: IntArray): Int {

    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func findMaxConsecutiveOnes(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {

    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Max Consecutive Ones
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn find_max_consecutive_ones(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {

    }
}

```

### Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer}
def find_max_consecutive_ones(nums)

end

```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

```

```

/**
 * @param Integer[] $nums
 * @return Integer
 */
function findMaxConsecutiveOnes($nums) {

}

}

```

### Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
  int findMaxConsecutiveOnes(List<int> nums) {

  }
}

```

### Scala Solution:

```

object Solution {
  def findMaxConsecutiveOnes(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {

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}

```

### Elixir Solution:

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defmodule Solution do
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  def find_max_consecutive_ones(nums) do

  end
end

```

### Erlang Solution:

```

-spec find_max_consecutive_ones(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().
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