

# Problem 2274: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Alice manages a company and has rented some floors of a building as office space. Alice has decided some of these floors should be

special floors

, used for relaxation only.

You are given two integers

bottom

and

top

, which denote that Alice has rented all the floors from

bottom

to

top

(

inclusive

). You are also given the integer array

special

, where

special[i]

denotes a special floor that Alice has designated for relaxation.

Return

the

maximum

number of consecutive floors without a special floor

.

Example 1:

Input:

bottom = 2, top = 9, special = [4,6]

Output:

3

Explanation:

The following are the ranges (inclusive) of consecutive floors without a special floor: - (2, 3) with a total amount of 2 floors. - (5, 5) with a total amount of 1 floor. - (7, 9) with a total amount of 3 floors. Therefore, we return the maximum number which is 3 floors.

Example 2:

Input:

bottom = 6, top = 8, special = [7,6,8]

Output:

0

Explanation:

Every floor rented is a special floor, so we return 0.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{special.length} \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{bottom} \leq \text{special}[i] \leq \text{top} \leq 10$

9

All the values of

special

are

unique

## Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:
```

```
int maxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, vector<int>& special) {  
}  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int maxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, int[] special) {  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def maxConsecutive(self, bottom: int, top: int, special: List[int]) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def maxConsecutive(self, bottom, top, special):  
        """  
        :type bottom: int  
        :type top: int  
        :type special: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} bottom  
 * @param {number} top  
 * @param {number[]} special  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var maxConsecutive = function(bottom, top, special) {  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function maxConsecutive(bottom: number, top: number, special: number[]):  
number {  
  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
public int MaxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, int[] special) {  
  
}  
}
```

### C:

```
int maxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, int* special, int specialSize) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func maxConsecutive(bottom int, top int, special []int) int {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
fun maxConsecutive(bottom: Int, top: Int, special: IntArray): Int {  
  
}  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
func maxConsecutive(_ bottom: Int, _ top: Int, _ special: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
}  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn max_consecutive(bottom: i32, top: i32, special: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} bottom  
# @param {Integer} top  
# @param {Integer[]} special  
# @return {Integer}  
def max_consecutive(bottom, top, special)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $bottom  
     * @param Integer $top  
     * @param Integer[] $special  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function maxConsecutive($bottom, $top, $special) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int maxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, List<int> special) {  
        }  
    }
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def maxConsecutive(bottom: Int, top: Int, special: Array[Int]): Int = {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec max_consecutive(bottom :: integer, top :: integer, special :: [integer]) :: integer
  def max_consecutive(bottom, top, special) do
    end
    end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec max_consecutive(Bottom :: integer(), Top :: integer(), Special :: [integer()]) -> integer().
max_consecutive(Bottom, Top, Special) ->
  .
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (max-consecutive bottom top special)
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?))
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */
```

```

class Solution {
public:
    int maxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, vector<int>& special) {
        }
    };

```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public int maxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, int[] special) {

}
}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, sort

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def maxConsecutive(self, bottom: int, top: int, special: List[int]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution

```

```
pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def maxConsecutive(self, bottom, top, special):  
        """  
        :type bottom: int  
        :type top: int  
        :type special: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, sort  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {number} bottom  
 * @param {number} top  
 * @param {number[]} special  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var maxConsecutive = function(bottom, top, special) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, sort
```

```

/*
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function maxConsecutive(bottom: number, top: number, special: number[]): number {
}

;

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public int MaxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, int[] special) {
}
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

```

```
int maxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, int* special, int specialSize) {  
}  
}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, sort  
  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
func maxConsecutive(bottom int, top int, special []int) int {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun maxConsecutive(bottom: Int, top: Int, special: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func maxConsecutive(_ bottom: Int, _ top: Int, _ special: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Maximum Consecutive Floors Without Special Floors  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, sort  
  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
```

```

// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn max_consecutive(bottom: i32, top: i32, special: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {
        }
    }
}

```

### Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer} bottom
# @param {Integer} top
# @param {Integer[]} special
# @return {Integer}
def max_consecutive(bottom, top, special)

end

```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $bottom
     * @param Integer $top
     * @param Integer[] $special
     * @return Integer
     */
    function maxConsecutive($bottom, $top, $special) {

    }
}

```

### Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
    int maxConsecutive(int bottom, int top, List<int> special) {
        }
    }
}

```

### **Scala Solution:**

```
object Solution {  
    def maxConsecutive(bottom: Int, top: Int, special: Array[Int]): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

### **Elixir Solution:**

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec max_consecutive(bottom :: integer, top :: integer, special :: [integer]) :: integer  
  def max_consecutive(bottom, top, special) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### **Erlang Solution:**

```
-spec max_consecutive(Bottom :: integer(), Top :: integer(), Special :: [integer()]) -> integer().  
max_consecutive(Bottom, Top, Special) ->  
.
```

### **Racket Solution:**

```
(define/contract (max-consecutive bottom top special)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)  
)
```