

# Problem 1364: Number of Trusted Contacts of a Customer

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 74.80%

**Paid Only:** Yes

**Tags:** Database

## Problem Description

Table: `Customers`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | customer\_id | int | |  
customer\_name | varchar | | email | varchar | +-----+-----+ customer\_id is the  
column of unique values for this table. Each row of this table contains the name and the email  
of a customer of an online shop.

Table: `Contacts`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | user\_id | int | |  
contact\_name | varchar | | contact\_email | varchar | +-----+-----+ (user\_id,  
contact\_email) is the primary key (combination of columns with unique values) for this table.  
Each row of this table contains the name and email of one contact of customer with user\_id.  
This table contains information about people each customer trust. The contact may or may not  
exist in the Customers table.

Table: `Invoices`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | invoice\_id | int | | price |  
int | | user\_id | int | +-----+-----+ invoice\_id is the column of unique values for this  
table. Each row of this table indicates that user\_id has an invoice with invoice\_id and a price.

Write a solution to find the following for each `invoice\_id`:

\* `customer\_name`: The name of the customer the invoice is related to. \* `price`: The price of the invoice. \* `contacts\_cnt`: The number of contacts related to the customer. \*  
`trusted\_contacts\_cnt`: The number of contacts related to the customer and at the same time they are customers to the shop. (i.e their email exists in the `Customers` table.)

Return the result table **ordered** by `invoice\_id`.

The result format is in the following example.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** Customers table: +-----+-----+-----+ | customer\_id |  
customer\_name | email | +-----+-----+-----+ | 1 | Alice |  
alice@leetcode.com | 2 | Bob | bob@leetcode.com | 13 | John | john@leetcode.com | 6 |  
Alex | alex@leetcode.com | +-----+-----+-----+ Contacts table:  
+-----+-----+-----+ | user\_id | contact\_name | contact\_email |  
+-----+-----+-----+ | 1 | Bob | bob@leetcode.com | 1 | John |  
john@leetcode.com | 1 | Jal | jal@leetcode.com | 2 | Omar | omar@leetcode.com | 2 | Meir |  
meir@leetcode.com | 6 | Alice | alex@leetcode.com |  
+-----+-----+-----+ Invoices table: +-----+-----+-----+ |  
invoice\_id | price | user\_id | +-----+-----+-----+ | 77 | 100 | 1 | 88 | 200 | 1 | 99 | 300 |  
2 | 66 | 400 | 2 | 55 | 500 | 13 | 44 | 60 | 6 | +-----+-----+-----+ **Output:**  
+-----+-----+-----+ | invoice\_id | customer\_name |  
price | contacts\_cnt | trusted\_contacts\_cnt |  
+-----+-----+-----+ | 44 | Alex | 60 | 1 | 1 | 55 | John |  
500 | 0 | 0 | 66 | Bob | 400 | 2 | 0 | 77 | Alice | 100 | 3 | 2 | 88 | Alice | 200 | 3 | 2 | 99 | Bob |  
300 | 2 | 0 | +-----+-----+-----+ **Explanation:**  
Alice has three contacts, two of them are trusted contacts (Bob and John). Bob has two contacts, none of them is a trusted contact. Alex has one contact and it is a trusted contact (Alice). John doesn't have any contacts.

## Code Snippets

### MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

### MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

**PostgreSQL:**

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```