

Problem 2584: Split the Array to Make Coprime Products

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given a

0-indexed

integer array

nums

of length

n

.

A

split

at an index

i

where

$0 \leq i \leq n - 2$

is called

valid

if the product of the first

$i + 1$

elements and the product of the remaining elements are coprime.

For example, if

`nums = [2, 3, 3]`

, then a split at the index

$i = 0$

is valid because

2

and

9

are coprime, while a split at the index

$i = 1$

is not valid because

6

and

3

are not coprime. A split at the index

$i = 2$

is not valid because

$i == n - 1$

Return

the smallest index

i

at which the array can be split validly or

-1

if there is no such split

Two values

val1

and

val2

are coprime if

$\text{gcd}(\text{val1}, \text{val2}) == 1$

where

$\text{gcd}(\text{val1}, \text{val2})$

is the greatest common divisor of

val1

and

val2

.

Example 1:

index	prefixproduct	suffixproduct	gcd
0	4	12600	4
1	28	1800	4
2	224	225	1
3	3360	15	15
4	10080	5	5

Input:

nums = [4,7,8,15,3,5]

Output:

2

Explanation:

The table above shows the values of the product of the first $i + 1$ elements, the remaining elements, and their gcd at each index i . The only valid split is at index 2.

Example 2:

index	prefixproduct	suffixproduct	gcd
0	4	12600	4
1	28	1800	4
2	420	120	60
3	3360	15	15
4	10080	5	5

Input:

nums = [4,7,15,8,3,5]

Output:

-1

Explanation:

The table above shows the values of the product of the first $i + 1$ elements, the remaining elements, and their gcd at each index i . There is no valid split.

Constraints:

$n == \text{nums.length}$

$1 \leq n \leq 10$

4

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

6

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int findValidSplit(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int findValidSplit(int[] nums) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findValidSplit(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def findValidSplit(self, nums):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var findValidSplit = function(nums) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function findValidSplit(nums: number[]): number {  
}  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int FindValidSplit(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int findValidSplit(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func findValidSplit(nums []int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findValidSplit(nums: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func findValidSplit(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn find_valid_split(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {
        }
    }
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer}
def find_valid_split(nums)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @return Integer
     */
    function findValidSplit($nums) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
    int findValidSplit(List<int> nums) {
        }
    }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
    def findValidSplit(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {
        }
    }
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_valid_split(nums :: [integer]) :: integer
  def find_valid_split(nums) do
    end
  end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec find_valid_split(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().
find_valid_split(Nums) ->
  .
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (find-valid-split nums)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?))
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Split the Array to Make Coprime Products
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, math, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public:
  int findValidSplit(vector<int>& nums) {
    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Split the Array to Make Coprime Products  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, math, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
    public int findValidSplit(int[] nums) {  
        // Implementation  
    }  
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Split the Array to Make Coprime Products  
Difficulty: Hard  
Tags: array, math, hash  
  
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def findValidSplit(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def findValidSplit(self, nums):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :rtype: int
```

```
"""
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Split the Array to Make Coprime Products  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, math, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var findValidSplit = function(nums) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Split the Array to Make Coprime Products  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, math, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
function findValidSplit(nums: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Split the Array to Make Coprime Products
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 * Tags: array, math, hash
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

public class Solution {
    public int FindValidSplit(int[] nums) {
        return 0;
    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Split the Array to Make Coprime Products
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, math, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

int findValidSplit(int* nums, int numsSize) {
    return 0;
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Split the Array to Make Coprime Products
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, math, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

```

```
func findValidSplit(nums []int) int {  
    }  
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findValidSplit(nums: IntArray): Int {  
        // Implementation  
    }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func findValidSplit(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {
        ...
    }
}
```

Rust Solution:

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer}
def find valid split(nums)
```

```
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function findValidSplit($nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
int findValidSplit(List<int> nums) {  
  
}  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
def findValidSplit(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {  
  
}  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
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def find_valid_split(nums) do  
  
end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

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-spec find_valid_split(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().  
find_valid_split(Nums) ->  
. 
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (find-valid-split nums)  
(-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)  
) 
```