

# Problem 3583: Count Special Triplets

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 37.25%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Hash Table, Counting

## Problem Description

You are given an integer array `nums`.

A \*\*special triplet\*\* is defined as a triplet of indices `(i, j, k)` such that:

\* `0 <= i < j < k < n` , where `n = nums.length` \* `nums[i] == nums[j] \* 2` \* `nums[k] == nums[j] \* 2`

Return the total number of \*\*special triplets\*\* in the array.

Since the answer may be large, return it \*\*modulo\*\* `10<sup>9</sup> + 7`.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** nums = [6,3,6]

**Output:** 1

**Explanation:**

The only special triplet is `(i, j, k) = (0, 1, 2)` , where:

\* `nums[0] = 6` , `nums[1] = 3` , `nums[2] = 6` \* `nums[0] = nums[1] \* 2 = 3 \* 2 = 6` \* `nums[2] = nums[1] \* 2 = 3 \* 2 = 6`

**Example 2:**

**\*\*Input:\*\*** nums = [0,1,0,0]

**\*\*Output:\*\*** 1

**\*\*Explanation:\*\***

The only special triplet is `(i, j, k) = (0, 2, 3)` , where:

\* `nums[0] = 0` , `nums[2] = 0` , `nums[3] = 0` \* `nums[0] = nums[2] \* 2 = 0 \* 2 = 0` \* `nums[3] = nums[2] \* 2 = 0 \* 2 = 0`

**\*\*Example 3:\*\***

**\*\*Input:\*\*** nums = [8,4,2,8,4]

**\*\*Output:\*\*** 2

**\*\*Explanation:\*\***

There are exactly two special triplets:

\* `(i, j, k) = (0, 1, 3)` \* `nums[0] = 8` , `nums[1] = 4` , `nums[3] = 8` \* `nums[0] = nums[1] \* 2 = 4 \* 2 = 8` \* `nums[3] = nums[1] \* 2 = 4 \* 2 = 8` \* `(i, j, k) = (1, 2, 4)` \* `nums[1] = 4` , `nums[2] = 2` , `nums[4] = 4` \* `nums[1] = nums[2] \* 2 = 2 \* 2 = 4` \* `nums[4] = nums[2] \* 2 = 2 \* 2 = 4`

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `3 <= n == nums.length <= 105` \* `0 <= nums[i] <= 105`

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {
public:
    int specialTriplets(vector<int>& nums) {
    }
```

```
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {  
    public int specialTriplets(int[] nums) {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
    def specialTriplets(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```