

# Problem 3152: Special Array II

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 0.00%

**Paid Only:** No

## Problem Description

An array is considered

special

if every pair of its adjacent elements contains two numbers with different parity.

You are given an array of integer

nums

and a 2D integer matrix

queries

, where for

queries[i] = [from

i

, to

i

]

your task is to check that

subarray

nums[from

i

..to

i

]

is

special

or not.

Return an array of booleans

answer

such that

answer[i]

is

true

if

nums[from

i

..to

i

]

is special.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [3,4,1,2,6], queries = [[0,4]]

Output:

[false]

Explanation:

The subarray is

[3,4,1,2,6]

. 2 and 6 are both even.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [4,3,1,6], queries = [[0,2],[2,3]]

Output:

[false,true]

Explanation:

The subarray is

[4,3,1]

. 3 and 1 are both odd. So the answer to this query is

false

.

The subarray is

[1,6]

. There is only one pair:

(1,6)

and it contains numbers with different parity. So the answer to this query is

true

.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{queries.length} \leq 10$

5

$\text{queries}[i].\text{length} == 2$

$0 \leq \text{queries}[i][0] \leq \text{queries}[i][1] \leq \text{nums.length} - 1$

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<bool> isArraySpecial(vector<int>& nums, vector<vector<int>>& queries)
    {

    }

};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public boolean[] isArraySpecial(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {

    }

}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def isArraySpecial(self, nums: List[int], queries: List[List[int]]) ->
        List[bool]:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def isArraySpecial(self, nums, queries):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type queries: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: List[bool]
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number[][]} queries
```

```

* @return {boolean[]}
*/
var isArraySpecial = function(nums, queries) {

};

```

### TypeScript:

```

function isArraySpecial(nums: number[], queries: number[][]): boolean[] {

};

```

### C#:

```

public class Solution {
    public bool[] IsArraySpecial(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {

    }
}

```

### C:

```

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
bool* isArraySpecial(int* nums, int numsSize, int** queries, int queriesSize,
int* queriesColSize, int* returnSize) {

}

```

### Go:

```

func isArraySpecial(nums []int, queries [][]int) []bool {

}

```

### Kotlin:

```

class Solution {
    fun isArraySpecial(nums: IntArray, queries: Array<IntArray>): BooleanArray {

    }
}

```

```
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func isArraySpecial(_ nums: [Int], _ queries: [[Int]]) -> [Bool] {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn is_array_special(nums: Vec<i32>, queries: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> Vec<bool>  
    {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer[][]} queries  
# @return {Boolean[]}  
def is_array_special(nums, queries)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @param Integer[][] $queries  
     * @return Boolean[]  
     */  
    function isArraySpecial($nums, $queries) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Dart:**

```
class Solution {  
  List<bool> isArraySpecial(List<int> nums, List<List<int>> queries) {  
  
  }  
}
```

**Scala:**

```
object Solution {  
  def isArraySpecial(nums: Array[Int], queries: Array[Array[Int]]):  
    Array[Boolean] = {  
  
  }  
}
```

**Elixir:**

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec is_array_special(nums :: [integer], queries :: [[integer]]) ::  
    [boolean]  
  def is_array_special(nums, queries) do  
  
  end  
end
```

**Erlang:**

```
-spec is_array_special(Nums :: [integer()], Queries :: [[integer()]]) ->  
  [boolean()].  
is_array_special(Nums, Queries) ->  
  .
```

**Racket:**

```
(define/contract (is-array-special nums queries)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof (listof exact-integer?)) (listof  
    boolean?))  
  )
```



## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Special Array II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    vector<bool> isArraySpecial(vector<int>& nums, vector<vector<int>>& queries)
    {

    }

};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Special Array II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public boolean[] isArraySpecial(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {

    }

}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Special Array II
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def isArraySpecial(self, nums: List[int], queries: List[List[int]]) ->
    List[bool]:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def isArraySpecial(self, nums, queries):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type queries: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: List[bool]
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Special Array II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number[][]} queries
 * @return {boolean[]}
 */

```

```

*/
var isArraySpecial = function(nums, queries) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Special Array II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function isArraySpecial(nums: number[], queries: number[][]): boolean[] {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Special Array II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public bool[] IsArraySpecial(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {

    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Special Array II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
bool* isArraySpecial(int* nums, int numsSize, int** queries, int queriesSize,
int* queriesColSize, int* returnSize) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Special Array II
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func isArraySpecial(nums []int, queries [][]int) []bool {

}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun isArraySpecial(nums: IntArray, queries: Array<IntArray>): BooleanArray {

    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func isArraySpecial(_ nums: [Int], _ queries: [[Int]]) -> [Bool] {

    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Special Array II
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn is_array_special(nums: Vec<i32>, queries: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> Vec<bool>
    {

    }
}

```

### Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer[][]} queries
# @return {Boolean[]}
def is_array_special(nums, queries)

end

```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer[][] $queries
     * @return Boolean[]
     */
    function isArraySpecial($nums, $queries) {

```

```
}  
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  List<bool> isArraySpecial(List<int> nums, List<List<int>> queries) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def isArraySpecial(nums: Array[Int], queries: Array[Array[Int]]):  
    Array[Boolean] = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec is_array_special(nums :: [integer], queries :: [[integer]]) ::  
    [boolean]  
  def is_array_special(nums, queries) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec is_array_special(Nums :: [integer()], Queries :: [[integer()]]) ->  
  [boolean()].  
is_array_special(Nums, Queries) ->  
  .
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (is-array-special nums queries)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof (listof exact-integer?)) (listof
boolean?))
)
```