

Problem 2701: Consecutive Transactions with Increasing Amounts

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Table:

Transactions

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | transaction_id | int || customer_id | int || transaction_date | date || amount | int | +-----+-----+
transaction_id is the primary key of this table. Each row contains information about transactions that includes unique (customer_id, transaction_date) along with the corresponding customer_id and amount.

Write an SQL query to find the customers who have made consecutive transactions with increasing

amount

for at least three consecutive days. Include the

customer_id

, start date of the consecutive transactions period and the end date of the consecutive transactions period. There can be multiple consecutive transactions by a customer.

Return

the result table ordered by

customer_id, consecutive_start, consecutive_end

in

ascending

order.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Transactions table:								transaction_id
customer_id	transaction_date	amount						
101	2023-05-01	100	2	101	2023-05-02	150	3	1
101	2023-05-03	200	4	102	2023-05-01	50	5	
102	2023-05-03	100	6	102	2023-05-04	200	7	
105	2023-05-01	100	8	105	2023-05-02	150	9	
105	2023-05-03	200	10	105	2023-05-04	300		
11	105	250	12	105	2023-05-13	260		
13	105	270						

Output:

customer_id	consecutive_start	consecutive_end
101	2023-05-01	2023-05-03
105	2023-05-01	2023-05-04
105	2023-05-12	2023-05-14

Explanation:

- customer_id 101 has made consecutive transactions with increasing amounts from May 1st, 2023, to May 3rd, 2023
 - customer_id 102 does not have any consecutive transactions for at least 3 days.
 - customer_id 105 has two sets of consecutive transactions: from May 1st, 2023, to May 4th, 2023, and from May 12th, 2023, to May 14th, 2023.
- customer_id is sorted in ascending order.

Code Snippets

MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

PostgreSQL:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```

Oracle:

```
/* Write your PL/SQL query statement below */
```

Pandas:

```
import pandas as pd

def consecutive_increasing_transactions(transactions: pd.DataFrame) ->
    pd.DataFrame:
```

Solutions

MySQL Solution:

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