

Problem 2731: Movement of Robots

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 27.51%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Brainteaser, Sorting, Prefix Sum

Problem Description

Some robots are standing on an infinite number line with their initial coordinates given by a **0-indexed** integer array `nums` and will start moving once given the command to move. The robots will move a unit distance each second.

You are given a string `s` denoting the direction in which robots will move on command. ``L`` means the robot will move towards the left side or negative side of the number line, whereas ``R`` means the robot will move towards the right side or positive side of the number line.

If two robots collide, they will start moving in opposite directions.

Return _the sum of distances between all the pairs of robots _`d` _seconds after the command. _Since the sum can be very large, return it modulo `109 + 7`.

****Note:****

- * For two robots at the index `i` and `j`, pair `(i,j)` and pair `(j,i)` are considered the same pair.
- * When robots collide, they **instantly change** their directions without wasting any time.
- * Collision happens when two robots share the same place in a moment.
- * For example, if a robot is positioned in 0 going to the right and another is positioned in 2 going to the left, the next second they'll be both in 1 and they will change direction and the next second the first one will be in 0, heading left, and another will be in 2, heading right.
- * For example, if a robot is positioned in 0 going to the right and another is positioned in 1 going to the left, the next second the first one will be in 0, heading left, and another will be in 1, heading right.

****Example 1:****

Input: nums = [-2,0,2], s = "RLL", d = 3
Output: 8
Explanation: After 1 second, the positions are [-1,-1,1]. Now, the robot at index 0 will move left, and the robot at index 1 will move right. After 2 seconds, the positions are [-2,0,0]. Now, the robot at index 1 will move left, and the robot at index 2 will move right. After 3 seconds, the positions are [-3,-1,1]. The distance between the robot at index 0 and 1 is $\text{abs}(-3 - (-1)) = 2$. The distance between the robot at index 0 and 2 is $\text{abs}(-3 - 1) = 4$. The distance between the robot at index 1 and 2 is $\text{abs}(-1 - 1) = 2$. The sum of the pairs of all distances = $2 + 4 + 2 = 8$.

Example 2:

Input: nums = [1,0], s = "RL", d = 2
Output: 5
Explanation: After 1 second, the positions are [2,-1]. After 2 seconds, the positions are [3,-2]. The distance between the two robots is $\text{abs}(-2 - 3) = 5$.

Constraints:

$2 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 105$
 $-2 * 10^9 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 2 * 10^9$
 $0 \leq d \leq 10^9$
 $\text{nums.length} == \text{s.length}$
 s consists of 'L' and 'R' only
 $\text{nums}[i]$ will be unique.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int sumDistance(vector<int>& nums, string s, int d) {
    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int sumDistance(int[] nums, String s, int d) {
    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def sumDistance(self, nums: List[int], s: str, d: int) -> int:
```