

# Problem 440: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Hard**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given two integers

$n$

and

$k$

, return

the

$k$

th

lexicographically smallest integer in the range

$[1, n]$

.

Example 1:

Input:

$n = 13, k = 2$

Output:

10

Explanation:

The lexicographical order is [1, 10, 11, 12, 13, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9], so the second smallest number is 10.

Example 2:

Input:

$n = 1, k = 1$

Output:

1

Constraints:

$1 \leq k \leq n \leq 10$

9

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {
public:
    int findKthNumber(int n, int k) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int findKthNumber(int n, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findKthNumber(self, n: int, k: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def findKthNumber(self, n, k):  
        """  
        :type n: int  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} n  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var findKthNumber = function(n, k) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function findKthNumber(n: number, k: number): number {  
  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int FindKthNumber(int n, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**C:**

```
int findKthNumber(int n, int k) {  
  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func findKthNumber(n int, k int) int {  
  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
    fun findKthNumber(n: Int, k: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func findKthNumber(_ n: Int, _ k: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_kth_number(n: i32, k: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Ruby:**

```

# @param {Integer} n
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def find_kth_number(n, k)

end

```

## PHP:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer
     */
    function findKthNumber($n, $k) {

    }

}

```

## Dart:

```

class Solution {
  int findKthNumber(int n, int k) {

  }

}

```

## Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def findKthNumber(n: Int, k: Int): Int = {

  }

}

```

## Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_kth_number(n :: integer, k :: integer) :: integer
  def find_kth_number(n, k) do

```

```
end
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec find_kth_number(N :: integer(), K :: integer()) -> integer().
find_kth_number(N, K) ->
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (find-kth-number n k)
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?)
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: graph
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int findKthNumber(int n, int k) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order
```

```

* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: graph
*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

class Solution {
public int findKthNumber(int n, int k) {

}
}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: graph

Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
def findKthNumber(self, n: int, k: int) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def findKthNumber(self, n, k):
"""
:type n: int
:type k: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

## JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: graph
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var findKthNumber = function(n, k) {

};
```

## TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: graph
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function findKthNumber(n: number, k: number): number {

};
```

## C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: graph
```



```

*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  to  $O(n^2)$  depending on approach
* Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
*/

public class Solution {
    public int FindKthNumber(int n, int k) {

    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: graph
*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  to  $O(n^2)$  depending on approach
* Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
*/

int findKthNumber(int n, int k) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: graph
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  to  $O(n^2)$  depending on approach
// Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach

func findKthNumber(n int, k int) int {

}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findKthNumber(n: Int, k: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func findKthNumber(_ n: Int, _ k: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: K-th Smallest in Lexicographical Order  
// Difficulty: Hard  
// Tags: graph  
//  
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_kth_number(n: i32, k: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} n  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def find_kth_number(n, k)  
  
end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $n  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function findKthNumber($n, $k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    int findKthNumber(int n, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def findKthNumber(n: Int, k: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec find_kth_number(n :: integer, k :: integer) :: integer  
    def find_kth_number(n, k) do  
  
    end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec find_kth_number(N :: integer(), K :: integer()) -> integer().  
find_kth_number(N, K) ->  
.
```

### **Racket Solution:**

```
(define/contract (find-kth-number n k)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
  )
```