

Problem 1727: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given a binary matrix

matrix

of size

$m \times n$

, and you are allowed to rearrange the

columns

of the

matrix

in any order.

Return

the area of the largest submatrix within

matrix

where

every

element of the submatrix is

1

after reordering the columns optimally.

Example 1:

0	0	1
1	1	1
1	0	1

→

0	1	0
1	1	1
1	1	0

Input:

matrix = [[0,0,1],[1,1,1],[1,0,1]]

Output:

4

Explanation:

You can rearrange the columns as shown above. The largest submatrix of 1s, in bold, has an area of 4.

Example 2:

1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	0

Input:

```
matrix = [[1,0,1,0,1]]
```

Output:

3

Explanation:

You can rearrange the columns as shown above. The largest submatrix of 1s, in bold, has an area of 3.

Example 3:

Input:

```
matrix = [[1,1,0],[1,0,1]]
```

Output:

2

Explanation:

Notice that you must rearrange entire columns, and there is no way to make a submatrix of 1s larger than an area of 2.

Constraints:

```
m == matrix.length
```

```
n == matrix[i].length
```

```
1 <= m * n <= 10
```

5

`matrix[i][j]`

is either

0

or

1

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int largestSubmatrix(vector<vector<int>>& matrix) {
        }
    };
}
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
public int largestSubmatrix(int[][] matrix) {
        }
    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def largestSubmatrix(self, matrix: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def largestSubmatrix(self, matrix):
```

```
"""
:type matrix: List[List[int]]
:rtype: int
"""
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[][]} matrix
 * @return {number}
 */
var largestSubmatrix = function(matrix) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
function largestSubmatrix(matrix: number[][]): number {
};

}
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
public int LargestSubmatrix(int[][] matrix) {

}
}
```

C:

```
int largestSubmatrix(int** matrix, int matrixSize, int* matrixColSize) {

}
```

Go:

```
func largestSubmatrix(matrix [][]int) int {
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun largestSubmatrix(matrix: Array<IntArray>): Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func largestSubmatrix(_ matrix: [[Int]]) -> Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn largest_submatrix(matrix: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} matrix  
# @return {Integer}  
def largest_submatrix(matrix)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[][] $matrix  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function largestSubmatrix($matrix) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int largestSubmatrix(List<List<int>> matrix) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def largestSubmatrix(matrix: Array[Array[Int]]): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec largest_submatrix(matrix :: [[integer]]) :: integer  
    def largest_submatrix(matrix) do  
  
    end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec largest_submatrix(Matrix :: [[integer()]]) -> integer().  
largest_submatrix(Matrix) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (largest-submatrix matrix)  
  (-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int largestSubmatrix(vector<vector<int>>& matrix) {
}
};


```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public int largestSubmatrix(int[][] matrix) {
}

}


```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""

Problem: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, greedy, sort


```

```

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

def largestSubmatrix(self, matrix: List[List[int]]) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def largestSubmatrix(self, matrix):
"""
:type matrix: List[List[int]]
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * @param {number[][]} matrix
 * @return {number}
 */
var largestSubmatrix = function(matrix) {

};


```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function largestSubmatrix(matrix: number[][]): number {
}

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements
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 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public int LargestSubmatrix(int[][] matrix) {
}
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements
 * Difficulty: Medium
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 *
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```

```
*/\n\nint largestSubmatrix(int** matrix, int matrixSize, int* matrixColSize) {\n\n}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements\n// Difficulty: Medium\n// Tags: array, greedy, sort\n//\n// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique\n// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)\n// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach\n\nfunc largestSubmatrix(matrix [][]int) int {\n\n}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {\n    fun largestSubmatrix(matrix: Array<IntArray>): Int {\n        \n    }\n}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {\n    func largestSubmatrix(_ matrix: [[Int]]) -> Int {\n        \n    }\n}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Largest Submatrix With Rearrangements\n// Difficulty: Medium\n// Tags: array, greedy, sort
```

```

// 
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn largest_submatrix(matrix: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {
        }

    }
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[][]} matrix
# @return {Integer}
def largest_submatrix(matrix)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[][] $matrix
     * @return Integer
     */
    function largestSubmatrix($matrix) {

    }
}

```

Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
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```
object Solution {  
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