

# Problem 3399: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given a binary string

s

of length

n

and an integer

numOps

.

You are allowed to perform the following operation on

s

at most

numOps

times:

Select any index

i

(where

$0 \leq i < n$

) and

flip

$s[i]$

. If

$s[i] == '1'$

, change

$s[i]$

to

'0'

and vice versa.

You need to

minimize

the length of the

longest

substring

of

s

such that all the characters in the substring are

identical

.

Return the

minimum

length after the operations.

Example 1:

Input:

s = "000001", numOps = 1

Output:

2

Explanation:

By changing

s[2]

to

'1'

,

s

becomes

"001001"

. The longest substrings with identical characters are

s[0..1]

and

s[3..4]

Example 2:

Input:

s = "0000", numOps = 2

Output:

1

Explanation:

By changing

s[0]

and

s[2]

to

'1'

,

s

becomes

"1010"

.

Example 3:

Input:

s = "0101", numOps = 0

Output:

1

Constraints:

$1 \leq n == s.length \leq 10$

5

s

consists only of

'0'

and

'1'

.

$0 \leq numOps \leq n$

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minLength(string s, int numOps) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int minLength(String s, int numOps) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def minLength(self, s: str, numOps: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def minLength(self, s, numOps):  
        """  
        :type s: str  
        :type numOps: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string} s  
 * @param {number} numOps  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var minLength = function(s, numOps) {
```

```
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function minLength(s: string, numOps: number): number {  
}  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int MinLength(string s, int numOps) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### C:

```
int minLength(char* s, int numOps) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func minLength(s string, numOps int) int {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun minLength(s: String, numOps: Int): Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func minLength(_ s: String, _ numOps: Int) -> Int {  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn min_length(s: String, num_ops: i32) -> i32 {
        }
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {String} s
# @param {Integer} num_ops
# @return {Integer}
def min_length(s, num_ops)

end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @param Integer $numOps
     * @return Integer
     */
    function minLength($s, $numOps) {

    }
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {
    int minLength(String s, int numOps) {
        }
}
```

### Scala:

```

object Solution {
    def minLength(s: String, numOps: Int): Int = {
        }
    }
}

```

### Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec min_length(s :: String.t, num_ops :: integer) :: integer
  def min_length(s, num_ops) do
    end
    end

```

### Erlang:

```

-spec min_length(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), NumOps :: integer()) ->
    integer().
min_length(S, NumOps) ->
  .

```

### Racket:

```

(define/contract (min-length s numOps)
  (-> string? exact-integer? exact-integer?))

```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, tree, search
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

```

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minLength(string s, int numOps) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: string, tree, search  
 *  
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public int minLength(String s, int numOps) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II  
Difficulty: Hard  
Tags: string, tree, search  
  
Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def minLength(self, s: str, numOps: int) -> int:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
```

```
pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def minLength(self, s, numOps):
        """
        :type s: str
        :type numOps: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, tree, search
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @param {number} numOps
 * @return {number}
 */
var minLength = function(s, numOps) {
}
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, tree, search
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers

```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
function minLength(s: string, numOps: number): number {
}

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: string, tree, search
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
public class Solution {
    public int MinLength(string s, int numOps) {
}
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: string, tree, search
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
int minLength(char* s, int numOps) {
}

```

## Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: string, tree, search
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

func minLength(s string, numOps int) int {

}
```

## Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun minLength(s: String, numOps: Int): Int {
        return 0
    }
}
```

## Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func minLength(_ s: String, _ numOps: Int) -> Int {
        return 0
    }
}
```

## Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Smallest Substring With Identical Characters II
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: string, tree, search
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

impl Solution {
    pub fn min_length(s: String, num_ops: i32) -> i32 {
        return 0
    }
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s
# @param {Integer} num_ops
# @return {Integer}
def min_length(s, num_ops)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @param Integer $numOps
     * @return Integer
     */
    function minLength($s, $numOps) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
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  }
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
  def minLength(s: String, numOps: Int): Int = {
  }
```

```
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec min_length(s :: String.t, num_ops :: integer) :: integer
  def min_length(s, num_ops) do
    end
  end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec min_length(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), NumOps :: integer()) ->
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min_length(S, NumOps) ->
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### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (min-length s numOps)
  (-> string? exact-integer? exact-integer?))
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