Problem 1665: Minimum Initial Energy to Finish Tasks

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard
Acceptance Rate: 60.40%
Paid Only: No
Tags: Array, Greedy, Sorting

Problem Description

You are given an array `tasks` where `tasks[i] = [actuali, minimumi]`:

* `actuali` is the actual amount of energy you **spend to finish** the `ith` task. * `minimumi` is the minimum amount of energy you **require to begin** the `ith` task.

For example, if the task is `[10, 12]` and your current energy is `11`, you cannot start this task. However, if your current energy is `13`, you can complete this task, and your energy will be `3` after finishing it.

You can finish the tasks in **any order** you like.

Return _the**minimum** initial amount of energy you will need_ _to finish all the tasks_.

Example 1:

Input: tasks = [[1,2],[2,4],[4,8]] **Output:** 8 **Explanation:** Starting with 8 energy, we finish the tasks in the following order: - 3rd task. Now energy = 8 - 4 = 4. - 2nd task. Now energy = 4 - 2 = 2. - 1st task. Now energy = 2 - 1 = 1. Notice that even though we have leftover energy, starting with 7 energy does not work because we cannot do the 3rd task.

Example 2:

Input: tasks = [[1,3],[2,4],[10,11],[10,12],[8,9]] **Output:** 32 **Explanation:** Starting with 32 energy, we finish the tasks in the following order: - 1st task. Now energy = 32 - 1 = 31. - 2nd task. Now energy = 31 - 2 = 29. - 3rd task. Now energy = 29 - 10 = 19. - 4th task. Now

energy = 19 - 10 = 9. - 5th task. Now energy = 9 - 8 = 1.

Example 3:

Input: tasks = [[1,7],[2,8],[3,9],[4,10],[5,11],[6,12]] **Output:** 27 **Explanation:** Starting with 27 energy, we finish the tasks in the following order: - 5th task. Now energy = 27 - 5 = 22. - 2nd task. Now energy = 22 - 2 = 20. - 3rd task. Now energy = 20 - 3 = 17. - 1st task. Now energy = 17 - 1 = 16. - 4th task. Now energy = 16 - 4 = 12. - 6th task. Now energy = 12 - 6 = 6.

Constraints:

* `1 <= tasks.length <= 105` * `1 <= actual■i <= minimumi <= 104`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
int minimumEffort(vector<vector<int>>& tasks) {

}
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
public int minimumEffort(int[][] tasks) {

}
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
def minimumEffort(self, tasks: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```