

# Problem 3612: Process String with Special Operations I

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given a string

`s`

consisting of lowercase English letters and the special characters:

`*`

`,`

`#`

`,` and

`%`

`.`

Build a new string

result

by processing

`s`

according to the following rules from left to right:

If the letter is a

lowercase

English letter append it to

result

.

A

!\*

removes

the last character from

result

, if it exists.

A

'#'

duplicates

the current

result

and

appends

it to itself.

A

'%'

reverses

the current

result

.

Return the final string

result

after processing all characters in

s

.

Example 1:

Input:

s = "a#b%\*"

Output:

"ba"

Explanation:

i

s[i]

Operation

Current

result

0

'a'

Append

'a'

"a"

1

'#'

Duplicate

result

"aa"

2

'b'

Append

'b'

"aab"

3

'%'

Reverse

result

"baa"

4

'\*'

Remove the last character

"ba"

Thus, the final

result

is

"ba"

.

Example 2:

Input:

s = "z\*#"

Output:

""

Explanation:

i

s[i]

Operation

Current

result

0

'z'

Append

'z'

"z"

1

'\*'

Remove the last character

""

2

'#'

Duplicate the string

""

Thus, the final

result

is

""

.

Constraints:

$1 \leq s.length \leq 20$

s

consists of only lowercase English letters and special characters

\*

,

#

, and

%

.

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {
public:
    string processStr(string s) {

    }
};
```

**Java:**

```

class Solution {
public String processStr(String s) {

}

}

```

### Python3:

```

class Solution:
def processStr(self, s: str) -> str:

```

### Python:

```

class Solution(object):
def processStr(self, s):
"""
:type s: str
:rtype: str
"""

```

### JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @return {string}
 */
var processStr = function(s) {

};

```

### TypeScript:

```

function processStr(s: string): string {

};

```

### C#:

```

public class Solution {
public string ProcessStr(string s) {

}

}

```



**C:**

```
char* processStr(char* s) {  
  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func processStr(s string) string {  
  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
    fun processStr(s: String): String {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func processStr(_ s: String) -> String {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn process_str(s: String) -> String {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Ruby:**

```
# @param {String} s  
# @return {String}  
def process_str(s)  
  
end
```

## PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $s  
     * @return String  
     */  
    function processStr($s) {  
  
    }  
}
```

## Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    String processStr(String s) {  
  
    }  
}
```

## Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def processStr(s: String): String = {  
  
    }  
}
```

## Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec process_str(s :: String.t) :: String.t  
    def process_str(s) do  
  
    end  
end
```

## Erlang:

```
-spec process_str(S :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> unicode:unicode_binary().  
process_str(S) ->  
.
```

## Racket:

```
(define/contract (process-str s)
  (-> string? string?)
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Process String with Special Operations I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    string processStr(string s) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Process String with Special Operations I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public String processStr(String s) {
```

```
}  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Process String with Special Operations I  
Difficulty: Medium  
Tags: string  
  
Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def processStr(self, s: str) -> str:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def processStr(self, s):  
        """  
        :type s: str  
        :rtype: str  
        """
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Process String with Special Operations I  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: string  
 *  
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */
```

```

/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @return {string}
 */
var processStr = function(s) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Process String with Special Operations I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function processStr(s: string): string {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Process String with Special Operations I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public string ProcessStr(string s) {

    }
}

```

```
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Process String with Special Operations I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

char* processStr(char* s) {

}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Process String with Special Operations I
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: string
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func processStr(s string) string {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun processStr(s: String): String {

    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func processStr(_ s: String) -> String {

    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Process String with Special Operations I
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: string
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn process_str(s: String) -> String {

    }
}

```

### Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {String} s
# @return {String}
def process_str(s)

end

```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @return String
     */
    function processStr($s) {

    }

}

```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  String processStr(String s) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def processStr(s: String): String = {  
  
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}
```

### Elixir Solution:

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  def process_str(s) do  
  
  end  
end
```

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-spec process_str(S :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> unicode:unicode_binary().  
process_str(S) ->  
.
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (process-str s)  
  (-> string? string?)  
)
```