

Problem 3334: Find the Maximum Factor Score of Array

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 40.81%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Math, Number Theory

Problem Description

You are given an integer array `nums``.

The **factor score** of an array is defined as the `_product_` of the LCM and GCD of all elements of that array.

Return the **maximum factor score** of `nums`` after removing **at most** one element from it.

Note that `_both_` the LCM and GCD of a single number are the number itself, and the `_factor score_` of an **empty** array is 0.

Example 1.

Input: `nums = [2,4,8,16]`

Output: 64

Explanation:

On removing 2, the GCD of the rest of the elements is 4 while the LCM is 16, which gives a maximum factor score of `4 * 16 = 64``.

Example 2.

****Input:**** nums = [1,2,3,4,5]

****Output:**** 60

****Explanation:****

The maximum factor score of 60 can be obtained without removing any elements.

****Example 3:****

****Input:**** nums = [3]

****Output:**** 9

****Constraints:****

* `1 <= nums.length <= 100` * `1 <= nums[i] <= 30`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    long long maxScore(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public long maxScore(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maxScore(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```