

Problem 2970: Count the Number of Inremovable Subarrays I

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 55.77%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Two Pointers, Binary Search, Enumeration

Problem Description

You are given a **0-indexed** array of **positive** integers `nums`.

A subarray of `nums` is called **inremovable** if `nums` becomes **strictly increasing** on removing the subarray. For example, the subarray `[3, 4]` is an inremovable subarray of `[5, 3, 4, 6, 7]` because removing this subarray changes the array `[5, 3, 4, 6, 7]` to `[5, 6, 7]` which is strictly increasing.

Return _the total number of**inremovable** subarrays of_ `nums` .

Note that an empty array is considered strictly increasing.

A **subarray** is a contiguous non-empty sequence of elements within an array.

Example 1:

Input: nums = [1,2,3,4] **Output:** 10 **Explanation:** The 10 inremovable subarrays are: [1], [2], [3], [4], [1,2], [2,3], [3,4], [1,2,3], [2,3,4], and [1,2,3,4], because on removing any one of these subarrays nums becomes strictly increasing. Note that you cannot select an empty subarray.

Example 2:

Input: nums = [6,5,7,8] **Output:** 7 **Explanation:** The 7 inremovable subarrays are: [5], [6], [5,7], [6,5], [5,7,8], [6,5,7] and [6,5,7,8]. It can be shown that there are only 7 inremovable subarrays in nums.

****Example 3:****

****Input:**** nums = [8,7,6,6] ****Output:**** 3 ****Explanation:**** The 3 incremovable subarrays are: [8,7,6], [7,6,6], and [8,7,6,6]. Note that [8,7] is not an incremovable subarray because after removing [8,7] nums becomes [6,6], which is sorted in ascending order but not strictly increasing.

****Constraints:****

* `1 <= nums.length <= 50` * `1 <= nums[i] <= 50`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int incremovableSubarrayCount(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int incremovableSubarrayCount(int[] nums) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def incremovableSubarrayCount(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```