

# Problem 844: Backspace String Compare

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Easy**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given two strings

`s`

and

`t`

, return

true

if they are equal when both are typed into empty text editors

.

`'#'`

means a backspace character.

Note that after backspacing an empty text, the text will continue empty.

Example 1:

Input:

`s = "ab#c", t = "ad#c"`

Output:

true

Explanation:

Both s and t become "ac".

Example 2:

Input:

`s = "ab##", t = "c#d#"`

Output:

true

Explanation:

Both s and t become "".

Example 3:

Input:

`s = "a#c", t = "b"`

Output:

false

Explanation:

s becomes "c" while t becomes "b".

Constraints:

$1 \leq s.length, t.length \leq 200$

s

and

t

only contain lowercase letters and

'#'

characters.

Follow up:

Can you solve it in

$O(n)$

time and

$O(1)$

space?

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    bool backspaceCompare(string s, string t) {  
  
    }  
};
```

**Java:**

```

class Solution {
public boolean backspaceCompare(String s, String t) {

}

}

```

### Python3:

```

class Solution:
def backspaceCompare(self, s: str, t: str) -> bool:

```

### Python:

```

class Solution(object):
def backspaceCompare(self, s, t):
"""
:type s: str
:type t: str
:rtype: bool
"""

```

### JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @param {string} t
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var backspaceCompare = function(s, t) {

};

```

### TypeScript:

```

function backspaceCompare(s: string, t: string): boolean {

};

```

### C#:

```

public class Solution {
public bool BackspaceCompare(string s, string t) {

```

```
}  
}
```

### C:

```
bool backspaceCompare(char* s, char* t) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func backspaceCompare(s string, t string) bool {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun backspaceCompare(s: String, t: String): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func backspaceCompare(_ s: String, _ t: String) -> Bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn backspace_compare(s: String, t: String) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {String} s
# @param {String} t
# @return {Boolean}
def backspace_compare(s, t)

end
```

## PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @param String $t
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function backspaceCompare($s, $t) {

    }

}
```

## Dart:

```
class Solution {
  bool backspaceCompare(String s, String t) {

  }
}
```

## Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def backspaceCompare(s: String, t: String): Boolean = {

  }
}
```

## Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec backspace_compare(s :: String.t, t :: String.t) :: boolean
  def backspace_compare(s, t) do
```

```
end
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec backspace_compare(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), T ::
unicode:unicode_binary()) -> boolean().
backspace_compare(S, T) ->
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (backspace-compare s t)
  (-> string? string? boolean?)
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Backspace String Compare
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, stack
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    bool backspaceCompare(string s, string t) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Backspace String Compare
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, stack
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public boolean backspaceCompare(String s, String t) {

}

}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Backspace String Compare
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, string, stack

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def backspaceCompare(self, s: str, t: str) -> bool:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def backspaceCompare(self, s, t):
        """
        :type s: str
        :type t: str
        :rtype: bool
        """

```



## JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Backspace String Compare
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, stack
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @param {string} t
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var backspaceCompare = function(s, t) {

};
```

## TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Backspace String Compare
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, stack
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function backspaceCompare(s: string, t: string): boolean {

};
```

## C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Backspace String Compare
 * Difficulty: Easy
```

```

* Tags: array, string, stack
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

public class Solution {
public bool BackspaceCompare(string s, string t) {

}
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Backspace String Compare
* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: array, string, stack
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

bool backspaceCompare(char* s, char* t) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Backspace String Compare
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, string, stack
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func backspaceCompare(s string, t string) bool {

```

```
}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun backspaceCompare(s: String, t: String): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func backspaceCompare(_ s: String, _ t: String) -> Bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Backspace String Compare  
// Difficulty: Easy  
// Tags: array, string, stack  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn backspace_compare(s: String, t: String) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s  
# @param {String} t  
# @return {Boolean}  
def backspace_compare(s, t)
```

```
end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $s  
     * @param String $t  
     * @return Boolean  
     */  
    function backspaceCompare($s, $t) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    bool backspaceCompare(String s, String t) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def backspaceCompare(s: String, t: String): Boolean = {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec backspace_compare(s :: String.t, t :: String.t) :: boolean  
    def backspace_compare(s, t) do  
  
    end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec backspace_compare(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), T ::  
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backspace_compare(S, T) ->  
.
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