

Problem 2702: Minimum Operations to Make Numbers Non-positive

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 43.25%

Paid Only: Yes

Tags: Array, Binary Search

Problem Description

You are given a **0-indexed** integer array `nums` and two integers `x` and `y`. In one operation, you must choose an index `i` such that `0 ≤ i < nums.length` and perform the following:

- Decrement `nums[i]` by `x`.
- Decrement values by `y` at all indices except the `i`th one.

Return the minimum number of operations to make all the integers in `nums` less than or equal to zero.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [3,4,1,7,6], x = 4, y = 2` **Output:** 3 **Explanation:** You will need three operations. One of the optimal sequence of operations is: Operation 1: Choose `i = 3`. Then, `nums = [1,2,-1,3,4]`. Operation 2: Choose `i = 3`. Then, `nums = [-1,0,-3,-1,2]`. Operation 3: Choose `i = 4`. Then, `nums = [-3,-2,-5,-3,-2]`. Now, all the numbers in `nums` are non-positive. Therefore, we return 3.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,2,1], x = 2, y = 1` **Output:** 1 **Explanation:** We can perform the operation once on `i = 1`. Then, `nums` becomes `[0,0,0]`. All the positive numbers are removed, and therefore, we return 1.

Constraints:

*`1 <= nums.length <= 105` *`1 <= nums[i] <= 109` *`1 <= y < x <= 109`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minOperations(vector<int>& nums, int x, int y) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int minOperations(int[] nums, int x, int y) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def minOperations(self, nums: List[int], x: int, y: int) -> int:
```