

# Problem 1106: Parsing A Boolean Expression

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Hard**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

A

boolean expression

is an expression that evaluates to either

true

or

false

. It can be in one of the following shapes:

't'

that evaluates to

true

.

'f'

that evaluates to

false

.

'!(subExpr)'

that evaluates to

the logical NOT

of the inner expression

subExpr

.

'&(subExpr

1

, subExpr

2

, ..., subExpr

n

)'

that evaluates to

the logical AND

of the inner expressions

subExpr

1

, subExpr

2

, ..., subExpr

n

where

$n \geq 1$

.

'|(subExpr

1

, subExpr

2

, ..., subExpr

n

)'

that evaluates to

the logical OR

of the inner expressions

subExpr

1

, subExpr

2

, ..., subExpr

n

where

$n \geq 1$

.

Given a string

expression

that represents a

boolean expression

, return

the evaluation of that expression

.

It is

guaranteed

that the given expression is valid and follows the given rules.

Example 1:

Input:

expression = "&(|(f))"

Output:

false

Explanation:

First, evaluate  $!(f) \rightarrow f$ . The expression is now "&(f)". Then, evaluate  $\&(f) \rightarrow f$ . The expression is now "f". Finally, return false.

Example 2:

Input:

expression = " $!(f,f,f,t)$ "

Output:

true

Explanation:

The evaluation of (false OR false OR false OR true) is true.

Example 3:

Input:

expression = " $!(&(f,t))$ "

Output:

true

Explanation:

First, evaluate  $\&(f,t) \rightarrow (false \text{ AND } true) \rightarrow false \rightarrow f$ . The expression is now " $!(f)$ ". Then, evaluate  $!(f) \rightarrow \text{NOT } false \rightarrow true$ . We return true.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{expression.length} \leq 2 * 10$

4

expression[i] is one following characters:

'('

,

)'

,

'&'

,

'|'

,

'!'

,

't'

,

'f'

, and

','

.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool parseBoolExpr(string expression) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public boolean parseBoolExpr(String expression) {

    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def parseBoolExpr(self, expression: str) -> bool:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def parseBoolExpr(self, expression):
        """
        :type expression: str
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {string} expression
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var parseBoolExpr = function(expression) {

};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function parseBoolExpr(expression: string): boolean {  
  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public bool ParseBoolExpr(string expression) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C:

```
bool parseBoolExpr(char* expression) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func parseBoolExpr(expression string) bool {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun parseBoolExpr(expression: String): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func parseBoolExpr(_ expression: String) -> Bool {  
  
    }  
}
```



### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn parse_bool_expr(expression: String) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {String} expression  
# @return {Boolean}  
def parse_bool_expr(expression)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $expression  
     * @return Boolean  
     */  
    function parseBoolExpr($expression) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    bool parseBoolExpr(String expression) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def parseBoolExpr(expression: String): Boolean = {  
  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec parse_bool_expr(expression :: String.t) :: boolean
  def parse_bool_expr(expression) do

  end
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec parse_bool_expr(Expression :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> boolean().
parse_bool_expr(Expression) ->
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (parse-bool-expr expression)
  (-> string? boolean?)
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Parsing A Boolean Expression
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, stack
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    bool parseBoolExpr(string expression) {
```

```
}  
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Parsing A Boolean Expression  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: string, stack  
 *  
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
    public boolean parseBoolExpr(String expression) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Parsing A Boolean Expression  
Difficulty: Hard  
Tags: string, stack  
  
Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def parseBoolExpr(self, expression: str) -> bool:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def parseBoolExpr(self, expression):
    """
    :type expression: str
    :rtype: bool
    """

```

## JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Parsing A Boolean Expression
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, stack
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {string} expression
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var parseBoolExpr = function(expression) {

};

```

## TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Parsing A Boolean Expression
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, stack
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function parseBoolExpr(expression: string): boolean {

};

```

## C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Parsing A Boolean Expression
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, stack
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public bool ParseBoolExpr(string expression) {

    }
}
```

## C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Parsing A Boolean Expression
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, stack
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

bool parseBoolExpr(char* expression) {

}
```

## Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Parsing A Boolean Expression
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: string, stack
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
```

```
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func parseBoolExpr(expression string) bool {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun parseBoolExpr(expression: String): Boolean {

    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func parseBoolExpr(_ expression: String) -> Bool {

    }
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Parsing A Boolean Expression
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: string, stack
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn parse_bool_expr(expression: String) -> bool {

    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} expression
# @return {Boolean}
def parse_bool_expr(expression)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $expression
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function parseBoolExpr($expression) {

    }

}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
  bool parseBoolExpr(String expression) {

  }
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
  def parseBoolExpr(expression: String): Boolean = {

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### Elixir Solution:

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defmodule Solution do
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  def parse_bool_expr(expression) do

  end
end
```

```
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

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-spec parse_bool_expr(Expression :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> boolean().  
parse_bool_expr(Expression) ->  
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### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (parse-bool-expr expression)  
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)
```