

# Problem 1850: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given a string

`num`

, representing a large integer, and an integer

`k`

.

We call some integer

wonderful

if it is a

permutation

of the digits in

`num`

and is

greater in value

than

num

. There can be many wonderful integers. However, we only care about the

smallest-valued

ones.

For example, when

num = "5489355142"

:

The 1

st

smallest wonderful integer is

"5489355214"

.

The 2

nd

smallest wonderful integer is

"5489355241"

.

The 3

rd

smallest wonderful integer is

"5489355412"

.

The 4

th

smallest wonderful integer is

"5489355421"

.

Return

the

minimum number of adjacent digit swaps

that needs to be applied to

num

to reach the

k

th

smallest wonderful

integer

.

The tests are generated in such a way that

k

th

smallest wonderful integer exists.

Example 1:

Input:

num = "5489355142", k = 4

Output:

2

Explanation:

The 4

th

smallest wonderful number is "5489355421". To get this number: - Swap index 7 with index 8:  
"5489355

14

2" -> "5489355

41

2" - Swap index 8 with index 9: "54893554

12

" -> "54893554

21

"

Example 2:

Input:

num = "11112", k = 4

Output:

4

Explanation:

The 4

th

smallest wonderful number is "21111". To get this number: - Swap index 3 with index 4: "111

12

" -> "111

21

" - Swap index 2 with index 3: "11

12

1" -> "11

21

1" - Swap index 1 with index 2: "1

12

11" -> "1

21

11" - Swap index 0 with index 1: "

12

111" -> "

21

111"

Example 3:

Input:

num = "00123", k = 1

Output:

1

Explanation:

The 1

st

smallest wonderful number is "00132". To get this number: - Swap index 3 with index 4: "001

23

" -> "001

32

"

Constraints:

$2 \leq \text{num.length} \leq 1000$

$1 \leq k \leq 1000$

num

only consists of digits.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int getMinSwaps(string num, int k) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int getMinSwaps(String num, int k) {

    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def getMinSwaps(self, num: str, k: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def getMinSwaps(self, num, k):
```

```

"""
:type num: str
:type k: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

### JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {string} num
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var getMinSwaps = function(num, k) {

};

```

### TypeScript:

```

function getMinSwaps(num: string, k: number): number {

};

```

### C#:

```

public class Solution {
    public int GetMinSwaps(string num, int k) {

    }
}

```

### C:

```

int getMinSwaps(char* num, int k) {

}

```

### Go:

```

func getMinSwaps(num string, k int) int {

}

```



### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun getMinSwaps(num: String, k: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func getMinSwaps(_ num: String, _ k: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn get_min_swaps(num: String, k: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {String} num  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def get_min_swaps(num, k)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $num  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function getMinSwaps($num, $k) {
```

```
}  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
  int getMinSwaps(String num, int k) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def getMinSwaps(num: String, k: Int): Int = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec get_min_swaps(num :: String.t, k :: integer) :: integer  
  def get_min_swaps(num, k) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec get_min_swaps(Num :: unicode:unicode_binary(), K :: integer()) ->  
integer().  
get_min_swaps(Num, K) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (get-min-swaps num k)  
  (-> string? exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, greedy
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int getMinSwaps(string num, int k) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, greedy
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int getMinSwaps(String num, int k) {

    }
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, string, greedy

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def getMinSwaps(self, num: str, k: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

## Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def getMinSwaps(self, num, k):
        """
        :type num: str
        :type k: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

## JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, greedy
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {string} num
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */

```

```
var getMinSwaps = function(num, k) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string, greedy  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function getMinSwaps(num: string, k: number): number {  
  
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string, greedy  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public int GetMinSwaps(string num, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, greedy
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

int getMinSwaps(char* num, int k) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string, greedy
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func getMinSwaps(num string, k int) int {

}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun getMinSwaps(num: String, k: Int): Int {

    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func getMinSwaps(_ num: String, _ k: Int) -> Int {

    }
}

```

```
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimum Adjacent Swaps to Reach the Kth Smallest Number
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string, greedy
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn get_min_swaps(num: String, k: i32) -> i32 {

    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} num
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def get_min_swaps(num, k)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $num
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer
     */
    function getMinSwaps($num, $k) {

    }

}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  int getMinSwaps(String num, int k) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
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defmodule Solution do  
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  end  
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### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (get-min-swaps num k)  
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)
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