

# Problem 785: Is Graph Bipartite?

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 58.55%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Depth-First Search, Breadth-First Search, Union Find, Graph

## Problem Description

There is an **undirected** graph with `n` nodes, where each node is numbered between `0` and `n - 1`. You are given a 2D array `graph`, where `graph[u]` is an array of nodes that node `u` is adjacent to. More formally, for each `v` in `graph[u]`, there is an undirected edge between node `u` and node `v`. The graph has the following properties:

- \* There are no self-edges (`graph[u]` does not contain `u`).
- \* There are no parallel edges (`graph[u]` does not contain duplicate values).
- \* If `v` is in `graph[u]`, then `u` is in `graph[v]` (the graph is undirected).
- \* The graph may not be connected, meaning there may be two nodes `u` and `v` such that there is no path between them.

A graph is **bipartite** if the nodes can be partitioned into two independent sets `A` and `B` such that **every** edge in the graph connects a node in set `A` and a node in set `B`.

Return `true` **if and only if it is bipartite**.

**Example 1:**



**Input:** graph = [[1,2,3],[0,2],[0,1,3],[0,2]]   **Output:** false   **Explanation:** There is no way to partition the nodes into two independent sets such that every edge connects a node in one and a node in the other.

**Example 2:**



**\*\*Input:\*\*** graph = [[1,3],[0,2],[1,3],[0,2]] **\*\*Output:\*\*** true **\*\*Explanation:\*\*** We can partition the nodes into two sets: {0, 2} and {1, 3}.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

- \* `graph.length == n` \* `1 <= n <= 100` \* `0 <= graph[u].length < n` \* `0 <= graph[u][i] <= n - 1`
- \* `graph[u]` does not contain `u`. \* All the values of `graph[u]` are \*\*unique\*\*. \* If `graph[u]` contains `v`, then `graph[v]` contains `u`.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool isBipartite(vector<vector<int>>& graph) {
        }
    };
}
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
public boolean isBipartite(int[][][] graph) {
        }
    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def isBipartite(self, graph: List[List[int]]) -> bool:
```