

Problem 418: Sentence Screen Fitting

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given a

rows x cols

screen and a

sentence

represented as a list of strings, return

the number of times the given sentence can be fitted on the screen

The order of words in the sentence must remain unchanged, and a word cannot be split into two lines. A single space must separate two consecutive words in a line.

Example 1:

Input:

```
sentence = ["hello", "world"], rows = 2, cols = 8
```

Output:

Explanation:

hello--- world--- The character '-' signifies an empty space on the screen.

Example 2:

Input:

```
sentence = ["a", "bcd", "e"], rows = 3, cols = 6
```

Output:

2

Explanation:

a-bcd- e-a--- bcd-e- The character '-' signifies an empty space on the screen.

Example 3:

Input:

```
sentence = ["i","had","apple","pie"], rows = 4, cols = 5
```

Output:

1

Explanation:

i-had apple pie-i had-- The character '-' signifies an empty space on the screen.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{sentence.length} \leq 100$

$1 \leq \text{sentence}[i].length \leq 10$

```
sentence[i]
```

consists of lowercase English letters.

```
1 <= rows, cols <= 2 * 10
```

```
4
```

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int wordsTyping(vector<string>& sentence, int rows, int cols) {  
        }  
    };
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int wordsTyping(String[] sentence, int rows, int cols) {  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def wordsTyping(self, sentence: List[str], rows: int, cols: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def wordsTyping(self, sentence, rows, cols):  
        """  
        :type sentence: List[str]  
        :type rows: int  
        :type cols: int  
        :rtype: int
```

```
"""
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string[]} sentence  
 * @param {number} rows  
 * @param {number} cols  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var wordsTyping = function(sentence, rows, cols) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function wordsTyping(sentence: string[], rows: number, cols: number): number  
{  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
public int WordsTyping(string[] sentence, int rows, int cols) {  
  
}  
}
```

C:

```
int wordsTyping(char** sentence, int sentenceSize, int rows, int cols) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func wordsTyping(sentence []string, rows int, cols int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun wordsTyping(sentence: Array<String>, rows: Int, cols: Int): Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func wordsTyping(_ sentence: [String], _ rows: Int, _ cols: Int) -> Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn words_typing(sentence: Vec<String>, rows: i32, cols: i32) -> i32 {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String[]} sentence  
# @param {Integer} rows  
# @param {Integer} cols  
# @return {Integer}  
def words_typing(sentence, rows, cols)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String[] $sentence  
     * @param Integer $rows  
     * @param Integer $cols  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function wordsTyping($sentence, $rows, $cols) {  
    }
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int wordsTyping(List<String> sentence, int rows, int cols) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def wordsTyping(sentence: Array[String], rows: Int, cols: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec words_typing(sentence :: [String.t], rows :: integer, cols :: integer)  
        :: integer  
    def words_typing(sentence, rows, cols) do  
  
    end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec words_typing(Sentence :: [unicode:unicode_binary()]), Rows :: integer(),  
    Cols :: integer()) -> integer().  
words_typing(Sentence, Rows, Cols) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (words-typing sentence rows cols)  
  (-> (listof string?) exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?))
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int wordsTyping(vector<string>& sentence, int rows, int cols) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
    public int wordsTyping(String[] sentence, int rows, int cols) {

    }
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, string, dp

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
    def wordsTyping(self, sentence: List[str], rows: int, cols: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def wordsTyping(self, sentence, rows, cols):
        """
        :type sentence: List[str]
        :type rows: int
        :type cols: int
        :rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * @param {string[]} sentence
 * @param {number} rows
 * @param {number} cols

```

```

    * @return {number}
    */
var wordsTyping = function(sentence, rows, cols) {
};


```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

function wordsTyping(sentence: string[], rows: number, cols: number): number
{
}


```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
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 */

public class Solution {
    public int WordsTyping(string[] sentence, int rows, int cols) {
        return 0;
    }
}


```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
 * Difficulty: Medium
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 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

int wordsTyping(char** sentence, int sentenceSize, int rows, int cols) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Sentence Screen Fitting
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string, dp
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func wordsTyping(sentence []string, rows int, cols int) int {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun wordsTyping(sentence: Array<String>, rows: Int, cols: Int): Int {
        }
    }
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func wordsTyping(_ sentence: [String], _ rows: Int, _ cols: Int) -> Int {
```

```
}
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}
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Rust Solution:

```
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// Difficulty: Medium
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

impl Solution {
    pub fn words_typing(sentence: Vec<String>, rows: i32, cols: i32) -> i32 {
        ...
    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String[]} sentence
# @param {Integer} rows
# @param {Integer} cols
# @return {Integer}
def words_typing(sentence, rows, cols)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String[] $sentence
     * @param Integer $rows
     * @param Integer $cols
     * @return Integer
     */
    function wordsTyping($sentence, $rows, $cols) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    int wordsTyping(List<String> sentence, int rows, int cols) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def wordsTyping(sentence: Array[String], rows: Int, cols: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

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defmodule Solution do  
    @spec words_typing(sentence :: [String.t], rows :: integer, cols :: integer)  
        :: integer  
    def words_typing(sentence, rows, cols) do  
  
    end  
end
```

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