

Problem 660: Remove 9

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Start from integer

1

, remove any integer that contains

9

such as

9

,

19

,

29

...

Now, you will have a new integer sequence

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, ...]

Given an integer

n

, return

the

n

th

(

1-indexed

) integer in the new sequence.

Example 1:

Input:

$n = 9$

Output:

10

Example 2:

Input:

$n = 10$

Output:

11

Constraints:

$1 \leq n \leq 8 * 10^8$

8

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int newInteger(int n) {
        }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int newInteger(int n) {
        }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def newInteger(self, n: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def newInteger(self, n):
        """
        :type n: int
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} n  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var newInteger = function(n) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function newInteger(n: number): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int NewInteger(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int newInteger(int n) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func newInteger(n int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun newInteger(n: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func newInteger(_ n: Int) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn new_integer(n: i32) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} n  
# @return {Integer}  
def new_integer(n)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $n  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function newInteger($n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int newInteger(int n) {  
        }  
    }
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def newInteger(n: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec new_integer(n :: integer) :: integer  
    def new_integer(n) do  
  
    end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec new_integer(N :: integer()) -> integer().  
new_integer(N) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (new-integer n)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Remove 9  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: math  
 *  
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */
```

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int newInteger(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Remove 9  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: math  
 *  
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public int newInteger(int n) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Remove 9  
Difficulty: Hard  
Tags: math  
  
Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def newInteger(self, n: int) -> int:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
```

```
pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def newInteger(self, n):
        """
        :type n: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Remove 9
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: math
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 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
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/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @return {number}
 */
var newInteger = function(n) {

};


```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Remove 9
 * Difficulty: Hard
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 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
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```

```
*/\n\nfunction newInteger(n: number): number {\n}\n};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*\n * Problem: Remove 9\n * Difficulty: Hard\n * Tags: math\n *\n * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints\n * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach\n * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach\n */\n\npublic class Solution {\n    public int NewInteger(int n) {\n\n    }\n}
```

C Solution:

```
/*\n * Problem: Remove 9\n * Difficulty: Hard\n * Tags: math\n *\n * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints\n * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach\n * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach\n */\n\nint newInteger(int n) {\n}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Remove 9
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: math
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func newInteger(n int) int {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun newInteger(n: Int): Int {

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func newInteger(_ n: Int) -> Int {

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Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Remove 9
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// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
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impl Solution {
    pub fn new_integer(n: i32) -> i32 {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} n
# @return {Integer}
def new_integer(n)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @return Integer
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    function newInteger($n) {

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}
```

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