

Problem 1317: Convert Integer to the Sum of Two No-Zero Integers

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

No-Zero integer

is a positive integer that

does not contain any

0

in its decimal representation.

Given an integer

n

, return

a list of two integers

$[a, b]$

where

:

a

and

b

are

No-Zero integers

.

$$a + b = n$$

The test cases are generated so that there is at least one valid solution. If there are many valid solutions, you can return any of them.

Example 1:

Input:

$$n = 2$$

Output:

[1,1]

Explanation:

Let $a = 1$ and $b = 1$. Both a and b are no-zero integers, and $a + b = 2 = n$.

Example 2:

Input:

$$n = 11$$

Output:

[2,9]

Explanation:

Let $a = 2$ and $b = 9$. Both a and b are no-zero integers, and $a + b = 11 = n$. Note that there are other valid answers as $[8, 3]$ that can be accepted.

Constraints:

$2 \leq n \leq 10$

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Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> getNoZeroIntegers(int n) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int[] getNoZeroIntegers(int n) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def getNoZeroIntegers(self, n: int) -> List[int]:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def getNoZeroIntegers(self, n):
        """
```

```
:type n: int
:rtype: List[int]
"""
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var getNoZeroIntegers = function(n) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
function getNoZeroIntegers(n: number): number[] {

};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public int[] GetNoZeroIntegers(int n) {

    }
}
```

C:

```
/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
int* getNoZeroIntegers(int n, int* returnSize) {

}
```

Go:

```
func getNoZeroIntegers(n int) []int {

}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun getNoZeroIntegers(n: Int): IntArray {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func getNoZeroIntegers(_ n: Int) -> [Int] {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn get_no_zero_integers(n: i32) -> Vec<i32> {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} n  
# @return {Integer[]}  
def get_no_zero_integers(n)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $n  
     * @return Integer[]  
     */  
    function getNoZeroIntegers($n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
  List<int> getNoZeroIntegers(int n) {  
  
  }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def getNoZeroIntegers(n: Int): Array[Int] = {  
  
  }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec get_no_zero_integers(n :: integer) :: [integer]  
  def get_no_zero_integers(n) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec get_no_zero_integers(N :: integer()) -> [integer()].  
get_no_zero_integers(N) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (get-no-zero-integers n)  
  (-> exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?))  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Convert Integer to the Sum of Two No-Zero Integers
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> getNoZeroIntegers(int n) {

    }

};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Convert Integer to the Sum of Two No-Zero Integers
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int[] getNoZeroIntegers(int n) {

    }

}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Convert Integer to the Sum of Two No-Zero Integers
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: math
```

```

Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def getNoZeroIntegers(self, n: int) -> List[int]:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def getNoZeroIntegers(self, n):
        """
        :type n: int
        :rtype: List[int]
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Convert Integer to the Sum of Two No-Zero Integers
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/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @return {number[]}
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var getNoZeroIntegers = function(n) {

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TypeScript Solution:


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 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
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 */

function getNoZeroIntegers(n: number): number[] {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

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public class Solution {
    public int[] GetNoZeroIntegers(int n) {

    }
}

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C Solution:

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```

```

*/

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
int* getNoZeroIntegers(int n, int* returnSize) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

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// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: math
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func getNoZeroIntegers(n int) []int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun getNoZeroIntegers(n: Int): IntArray {

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class Solution {
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impl Solution {
    pub fn get_no_zero_integers(n: i32) -> Vec<i32> {

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Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer} n
# @return {Integer[]}
def get_no_zero_integers(n)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
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    function getNoZeroIntegers($n) {

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Dart Solution:

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