

Problem 92: Reverse Linked List II

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 50.51%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Linked List

Problem Description

Given the `head` of a singly linked list and two integers `left` and `right` where `left <= right`, reverse the nodes of the list from position `left` to position `right`, and return the reversed list.

Example 1:



Input: head = [1,2,3,4,5], left = 2, right = 4 **Output:** [1,4,3,2,5]

Example 2:

Input: head = [5], left = 1, right = 1 **Output:** [5]

Constraints:

* The number of nodes in the list is n . $1 \leq n \leq 500$ $-500 \leq \text{Node.val} \leq 500$ $1 \leq \text{left} \leq \text{right} \leq n$

Follow up: Could you do it in one pass?

Code Snippets

C++:

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *   int val;
 *   ListNode *next;
 *   ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
 *   ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
 *   ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
 * };
 */
class Solution {
public:
    ListNode* reverseBetween(ListNode* head, int left, int right) {

    }
};

```

Java:

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * public class ListNode {
 *   int val;
 *   ListNode next;
 *   ListNode() {}
 *   ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
 *   ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }
 * }
 */
class Solution {
    public ListNode reverseBetween(ListNode head, int left, int right) {

    }
}

```

Python3:

```

# Definition for singly-linked list.
# class ListNode:
#     def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):
#         self.val = val
#         self.next = next
class Solution:

```

```
def reverseBetween(self, head: Optional[ListNode], left: int, right: int) ->
Optional[ListNode]:
```