

# Problem 923: 3Sum With Multiplicity

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 46.03%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Hash Table, Two Pointers, Sorting, Counting

## Problem Description

Given an integer array `arr`, and an integer `target`, return the number of tuples `i, j, k` such that `i < j < k` and `arr[i] + arr[j] + arr[k] == target`.

As the answer can be very large, return it `modulo` `109 + 7`.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `arr = [1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5]`, `target = 8` **Output:** 20 **Explanation:** Enumerating by the values `(arr[i], arr[j], arr[k])`: `(1, 2, 5)` occurs 8 times; `(1, 3, 4)` occurs 8 times; `(2, 2, 4)` occurs 2 times; `(2, 3, 3)` occurs 2 times.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** `arr = [1,1,2,2,2,2]`, `target = 5` **Output:** 12 **Explanation:** `arr[i] = 1`, `arr[j] = arr[k] = 2` occurs 12 times: We choose one 1 from `[1,1]` in 2 ways, and two 2s from `[2,2,2,2]` in 6 ways.

**Example 3:**

**Input:** `arr = [2,1,3]`, `target = 6` **Output:** 1 **Explanation:** `(1, 2, 3)` occurred one time in the array so we return 1.

**Constraints:**

`3 <= arr.length <= 3000` `0 <= arr[i] <= 100` `0 <= target <= 300`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int threeSumMulti(vector<int>& arr, int target) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int threeSumMulti(int[] arr, int target) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def threeSumMulti(self, arr: List[int], target: int) -> int:
```