

Problem 2036: Maximum Alternating Subarray Sum

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

A

subarray

of a

0-indexed

integer array is a contiguous

non-empty

sequence of elements within an array.

The

alternating subarray sum

of a subarray that ranges from index

i

to

j

(

inclusive

,

$0 \leq i \leq j < \text{nums.length}$

) is

$\text{nums}[i] - \text{nums}[i+1] + \text{nums}[i+2] - \dots \pm \text{nums}[j]$

.

Given a

0-indexed

integer array

nums

, return

the

maximum alternating subarray sum

of any subarray of

nums

.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [3,-1,1,2]

Output:

5

Explanation:

The subarray [3,-1,1] has the largest alternating subarray sum. The alternating subarray sum is $3 - (-1) + 1 = 5$.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [2,2,2,2,2]

Output:

2

Explanation:

The subarrays [2], [2,2,2], and [2,2,2,2,2] have the largest alternating subarray sum. The alternating subarray sum of [2] is 2. The alternating subarray sum of [2,2,2] is $2 - 2 + 2 = 2$. The alternating subarray sum of [2,2,2,2,2] is $2 - 2 + 2 - 2 + 2 = 2$.

Example 3:

Input:

nums = [1]

Output:

1

Explanation:

There is only one non-empty subarray, which is [1]. The alternating subarray sum is 1.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10$

5

-10

5

$\text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

5

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    long long maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public long maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(self, nums):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var maximumAlternatingSubarraySum = function(nums) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(nums: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public long MaximumAlternatingSubarraySum(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
long long maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(nums []int) int64 {
```

```
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(nums: IntArray): Long {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn maximum_alternating_subarray_sum(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i64 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer}  
def maximum_alternating_subarray_sum(nums)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
}
```

```

function maximumAlternatingSubarraySum($nums) {

}

}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
  int maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(List<int> nums) {

  }
}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(nums: Array[Int]): Long = {

  }
}

```

Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec maximum_alternating_subarray_sum(nums :: [integer]) :: integer
  def maximum_alternating_subarray_sum(nums) do

  end
end

```

Erlang:

```

-spec maximum_alternating_subarray_sum(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().
maximum_alternating_subarray_sum(Nums) ->
.

```

Racket:

```

(define/contract (maximum-alternating-subarray-sum nums)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)
  )

```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Maximum Alternating Subarray Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    long long maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Maximum Alternating Subarray Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

class Solution {
    public long maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

Python3 Solution:


```

"""
Problem: Maximum Alternating Subarray Sum
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, dp

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
    def maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

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 * Problem: Maximum Alternating Subarray Sum
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/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
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var maximumAlternatingSubarraySum = function(nums) {

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```
};
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function maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(nums: number[]): number {

};
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C# Solution:

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 */

public class Solution {
    public long MaximumAlternatingSubarraySum(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Maximum Alternating Subarray Sum
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```

* Tags: array, dp
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/

long long maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(int* nums, int numsSize) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Maximum Alternating Subarray Sum
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, dp
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// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func maximumAlternatingSubarraySum(nums []int) int64 {

}

```

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class Solution {
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impl Solution {
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Ruby Solution:

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# @param {Integer[]} nums
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def maximum_alternating_subarray_sum(nums)

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PHP Solution:

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