

Problem 4: Median of Two Sorted Arrays

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 45.20%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Binary Search, Divide and Conquer

Problem Description

Given two sorted arrays `nums1` and `nums2` of size `m` and `n` respectively, return **the median** of the two sorted arrays.

The overall run time complexity should be $O(\log(m+n))$.

Example 1:

Input: `nums1 = [1,3], nums2 = [2]` **Output:** `2.00000` **Explanation:** merged array = `[1,2,3]` and median is 2.

Example 2:

Input: `nums1 = [1,2], nums2 = [3,4]` **Output:** `2.50000` **Explanation:** merged array = `[1,2,3,4]` and median is $(2 + 3) / 2 = 2.5$.

Constraints:

`* `nums1.length == m` * `nums2.length == n` * $0 \leq m \leq 1000$ * $0 \leq n \leq 1000$ * $1 \leq m + n \leq 2000$ * $-10^6 \leq \text{nums1}[i], \text{nums2}[i] \leq 10^6$`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    double findMedianSortedArrays(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public double findMedianSortedArrays(int[] nums1, int[] nums2) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findMedianSortedArrays(self, nums1: List[int], nums2: List[int]) ->  
        float:
```