

Problem 2487: Remove Nodes From Linked List

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given the

head

of a linked list.

Remove every node which has a node with a greater value anywhere to the right side of it.

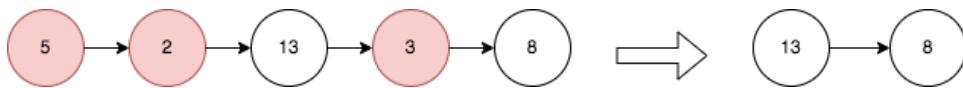
Return

the

head

of the modified linked list.

Example 1:



Input:

head = [5,2,13,3,8]

Output:

[13,8]

Explanation:

The nodes that should be removed are 5, 2 and 3. - Node 13 is to the right of node 5. - Node 13 is to the right of node 2. - Node 8 is to the right of node 3.

Example 2:

Input:

head = [1,1,1,1]

Output:

[1,1,1,1]

Explanation:

Every node has value 1, so no nodes are removed.

Constraints:

The number of the nodes in the given list is in the range

[1, 10

5

]

1 <= Node.val <= 10

5

Code Snippets

C++:

```
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 * struct ListNode {  
 *     int val;  
 *     ListNode *next;  
 *     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}  
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}  
 *     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}  
 * };  
 */  
class Solution {  
public:  
    ListNode* removeNodes(ListNode* head) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 * public class ListNode {  
 *     int val;  
 *     ListNode next;  
 *     ListNode() {}  
 *     ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }  
 *     ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }  
 * }  
 */  
class Solution {  
    public ListNode removeNodes(ListNode head) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
# Definition for singly-linked list.  
# class ListNode:
```

```
# def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):
#     self.val = val
#     self.next = next
#
# class Solution:
#
#     def removeNodes(self, head: Optional[ListNode]) -> Optional[ListNode]:
```

Python:

```
# Definition for singly-linked list.
#
# class ListNode(object):
#     def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):
#         self.val = val
#         self.next = next
#
# class Solution(object):
#
#     def removeNodes(self, head):
#         """
#             :type head: Optional[ListNode]
#             :rtype: Optional[ListNode]
#         """
#         ...
```

JavaScript:

```
/*
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * function ListNode(val, next) {
 *     this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
 *     this.next = (next===undefined ? null : next)
 * }
 */
/**
 * @param {ListNode} head
 * @return {ListNode}
 */
var removeNodes = function(head) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
/*
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode {
```

```

* val: number
* next: ListNode | null
* constructor(val?: number, next?: ListNode | null) {
*   this.val = (val === undefined ? 0 : val)
*   this.next = (next === undefined ? null : next)
* }
* }
*/
function removeNodes(head: ListNode | null): ListNode | null {
}

```

C#:

```

/**
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* public class ListNode {
*   public int val;
*   public ListNode next;
*   public ListNode(int val=0, ListNode next=null) {
*     this.val = val;
*     this.next = next;
*   }
* }
*/
public class Solution {
  public ListNode RemoveNodes(ListNode head) {
    }
}

```

C:

```

/**
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* struct ListNode {
*   int val;
*   struct ListNode *next;
* };
*/
struct ListNode* removeNodes(struct ListNode* head) {

```

```
}
```

Go:

```
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 * type ListNode struct {  
 *     Val int  
 *     Next *ListNode  
 * }  
 */  
func removeNodes(head *ListNode) *ListNode {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
/**  
 * Example:  
 * var li = ListNode(5)  
 * var v = li.`val`  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 * class ListNode(var `val`: Int) {  
 *     var next: ListNode? = null  
 * }  
 */  
class Solution {  
    fun removeNodes(head: ListNode?): ListNode? {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 * public class ListNode {  
 *     public var val: Int  
 *     public var next: ListNode?  
 *     public init() { self.val = 0; self.next = nil; }  
 *     public init(_ val: Int) { self.val = val; self.next = nil; }  
 }
```

```

* public init(_ val: Int, _ next: ListNode?) { self.val = val; self.next =
next; }
* }
*/
class Solution {
func removeNodes(_ head: ListNode?) -> ListNode? {
}
}

```

Rust:

```

// Definition for singly-linked list.
// #[derive(PartialEq, Eq, Clone, Debug)]
// pub struct ListNode {
//     pub val: i32,
//     pub next: Option<Box<ListNode>>
// }
//
// impl ListNode {
//     #[inline]
//     fn new(val: i32) -> Self {
//         ListNode {
//             next: None,
//             val
//         }
//     }
// }
impl Solution {
    pub fn remove_nodes(head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>> {
}
}

```

Ruby:

```

# Definition for singly-linked list.
# class ListNode
# attr_accessor :val, :next
# def initialize(val = 0, _next = nil)
#     @val = val
#     @next = _next

```

```

# end
# end
# @param {ListNode} head
# @return {ListNode}
def remove_nodes(head)

end

```

PHP:

```

/**
 * Definition for a singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode {
 *     public $val = 0;
 *     public $next = null;
 *     function __construct($val = 0, $next = null) {
 *         $this->val = $val;
 *         $this->next = $next;
 *     }
 * }
 */
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param ListNode $head
     * @return ListNode
     */
    function removeNodes($head) {
        }

    }
}

```

Dart:

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode? next;
 *     ListNode([this.val = 0, this.next]);
 * }
 */

```

```
class Solution {  
    ListNode? removeNodes(ListNode? head) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 *  
 * class ListNode(_x: Int = 0, _next: ListNode = null) {  
 *     var next: ListNode = _next  
 *     var x: Int = _x  
 * }  
 */  
object Solution {  
    def removeNodes(head: ListNode): ListNode = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
# Definition for singly-linked list.  
#  
# defmodule ListNode do  
#     @type t :: %__MODULE__{  
#         val: integer,  
#         next: ListNode.t() | nil  
#     }  
#     defstruct val: 0, next: nil  
# end  
  
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec remove_nodes(ListNode.t() | nil) :: ListNode.t() | nil  
    def remove_nodes(head) do  
  
    end  
end
```

Erlang:

```

%% Definition for singly-linked list.

%% -record(list_node, {val = 0 :: integer(),
%% next = null :: 'null' | #list_node{}}).

-spec remove_nodes(Head :: #list_node{} | null) -> #list_node{} | null.

remove_nodes(Head) ->
    .

```

Racket:

```

; Definition for singly-linked list:
#| 

; val : integer?
; next : (or/c list-node? #f)
(struct list-node
  (val next) #:mutable #:transparent)

; constructor
(define (make-list-node [val 0])
  (list-node val #f))

|#
(define/contract (remove-nodes head)
  (-> (or/c list-node? #f) (or/c list-node? #f)))
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Remove Nodes From Linked List
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: linked_list, stack
*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

```

```

*/
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
 * };
 */
class Solution {
public:
    ListNode* removeNodes(ListNode* head) {
        }
    };
}

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Remove Nodes From Linked List
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: linked_list, stack
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * public class ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode next;
 *     ListNode() {
 *         // TODO: Implement optimized solution
 *         return 0;
 *     }
 *     ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }

```

```

* ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }
* }
*/
class Solution {
public ListNode removeNodes(ListNode head) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Remove Nodes From Linked List
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: linked_list, stack

Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

# Definition for singly-linked list.
# class ListNode:
#     def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):
#         self.val = val
#         self.next = next
class Solution:

    def removeNodes(self, head: Optional[ListNode]) -> Optional[ListNode]:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

# Definition for singly-linked list.
# class ListNode(object):
#     def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):
#         self.val = val
#         self.next = next
class Solution(object):

    def removeNodes(self, head):
        """

```

```
:type head: Optional[ListNode]
:rtype: Optional[ListNode]
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Remove Nodes From Linked List
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: linked_list, stack
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * function ListNode(val, next) {
 *   this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
 *   this.next = (next===undefined ? null : next)
 * }
 */
/**
 * @param {ListNode} head
 * @return {ListNode}
 */
var removeNodes = function(head) {

};


```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Remove Nodes From Linked List
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: linked_list, stack
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

```

```

        */

    /**
     * Definition for singly-linked list.
     * class ListNode {
     * val: number
     * next: ListNode | null
     * constructor(val?: number, next?: ListNode | null) {
     *   this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
     *   this.next = (next===undefined ? null : next)
     * }
     * }
     */

function removeNodes(head: ListNode | null): ListNode | null {

}

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Remove Nodes From Linked List
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: linked_list, stack
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * public class ListNode {
 *   public int val;
 *   public ListNode next;
 *   public ListNode(int val=0, ListNode next=null) {
 *     this.val = val;
 *     this.next = next;
 *   }
 * }
 */

```

```
public class Solution {  
    public ListNode RemoveNodes(ListNode head) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Remove Nodes From Linked List  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: linked_list, stack  
 *  
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 * struct ListNode {  
 *     int val;  
 *     struct ListNode *next;  
 * };  
 *  
 * struct ListNode* removeNodes(struct ListNode* head) {  
  
}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Remove Nodes From Linked List  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: linked_list, stack  
//  
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 *
```

```

* type ListNode struct {
*   Val int
*   Next *ListNode
* }
*/
func removeNodes(head *ListNode) *ListNode {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

/**
 * Example:
 * var li = ListNode(5)
 * var v = li.`val`
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode(var `val`: Int) {
 *   var next: ListNode? = null
 * }
 */
class Solution {
    fun removeNodes(head: ListNode?): ListNode? {
        ...
    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * public class ListNode {
 *   public var val: Int
 *   public var next: ListNode?
 *   public init() { self.val = 0; self.next = nil; }
 *   public init(_ val: Int) { self.val = val; self.next = nil; }
 *   public init(_ val: Int, _ next: ListNode?) { self.val = val; self.next =
 *     next; }
 * }
 */
class Solution {
    func removeNodes(_ head: ListNode?) -> ListNode? {

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Remove Nodes From Linked List
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: linked_list, stack
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

// Definition for singly-linked list.
// #[derive(PartialEq, Eq, Clone, Debug)]
// pub struct ListNode {
// pub val: i32,
// pub next: Option<Box<ListNode>>
// }
//
// impl ListNode {
// #[inline]
// fn new(val: i32) -> Self {
// ListNode {
// next: None,
// val
// }
// }
// }
impl Solution {
pub fn remove_nodes(head: Option<Box<ListNode>>) -> Option<Box<ListNode>> {

}
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# Definition for singly-linked list.
# class ListNode
# attr_accessor :val, :next
```

```

# def initialize(val = 0, _next = nil)
# @val = val
# @_next = _next
# end
# end
# @param {ListNode} head
# @return {ListNode}
def remove_nodes(head)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for a singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode {
 *     public $val = 0;
 *     public $next = null;
 *     function __construct($val = 0, $next = null) {
 *         $this->val = $val;
 *         $this->next = $next;
 *     }
 * }
 */
class Solution {

/**
 * @param ListNode $head
 * @return ListNode
 */
function removeNodes($head) {

}
}

```

Dart Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode? next;
 *     ListNode([this.val = 0, this.next]);
 * }
 */

```

```

* ListNode? next;
* ListNode([this.val = 0, this.next]);
* }
*/
class Solution {
ListNode? removeNodes(ListNode? head) {
}

}
}

```

Scala Solution:

```

/***
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* class ListNode(_x: Int = 0, _next: ListNode = null) {
* var next: ListNode = _next
* var x: Int = _x
* }
*/
object Solution {
def removeNodes(head: ListNode): ListNode = {

}
}

```

Elixir Solution:

```

# Definition for singly-linked list.
#
# defmodule ListNode do
# @type t :: %__MODULE__{
# val: integer,
# next: ListNode.t() | nil
# }
# defstruct val: 0, next: nil
# end

defmodule Solution do
@spec remove_nodes(ListNode.t() | nil) :: ListNode.t() | nil
def remove_nodes(head) do

```

```
end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
%% Definition for singly-linked list.  
%%  
%% -record(list_node, {val = 0 :: integer(),  
%% next = null :: 'null' | #list_node{}}).  
  
-spec remove_nodes(Head :: #list_node{} | null) -> #list_node{} | null.  
remove_nodes(Head) ->  
.
```

Racket Solution:

```
; Definition for singly-linked list:  
#|  
  
; val : integer?  
; next : (or/c list-node? #f)  
(struct list-node  
(val next) #:mutable #:transparent)  
  
; constructor  
(define (make-list-node [val 0])  
(list-node val #f))  
  
|#  
  
(define/contract (remove-nodes head)  
(-> (or/c list-node? #f) (or/c list-node? #f))  
)
```