

Problem 2404: Most Frequent Even Element

Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an integer array

nums

, return

the most frequent even element

If there is a tie, return the

smallest

one. If there is no such element, return

-1

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [0,1,2,2,4,4,1]

Output:

2

Explanation:

The even elements are 0, 2, and 4. Of these, 2 and 4 appear the most. We return the smallest one, which is 2.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [4,4,4,9,2,4]

Output:

4

Explanation:

4 is the even element appears the most.

Example 3:

Input:

nums = [29,47,21,41,13,37,25,7]

Output:

-1

Explanation:

There is no even element.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 2000$

$0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

5

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int mostFrequentEven(vector<int>& nums) {
        }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int mostFrequentEven(int[] nums) {
        }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def mostFrequentEven(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def mostFrequentEven(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var mostFrequentEven = function(nums) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function mostFrequentEven(nums: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int MostFrequentEven(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int mostFrequentEven(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func mostFrequentEven(nums []int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun mostFrequentEven(nums: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func mostFrequentEven(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn most_frequent_even(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer}  
def most_frequent_even(nums)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function mostFrequentEven($nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int mostFrequentEven(List<int> nums) {  
        }  
    }
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def mostFrequentEven(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec most_frequent_even(nums :: [integer]) :: integer  
  def most_frequent_even(nums) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec most_frequent_even(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().  
most_frequent_even(Nums) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (most-frequent-even nums)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Most Frequent Even Element  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */
```

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int mostFrequentEven(vector<int>& nums) {  
        }  
    };
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Most Frequent Even Element  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public int mostFrequentEven(int[] nums) {  
    }  
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Most Frequent Even Element  
Difficulty: Easy  
Tags: array, hash  
  
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def mostFrequentEven(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
```

```
pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def mostFrequentEven(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Most Frequent Even Element
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number}
 */
var mostFrequentEven = function(nums) {
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Most Frequent Even Element
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash
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```

```
*/\n\nfunction mostFrequentEven(nums: number[]): number {\n};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*\n * Problem: Most Frequent Even Element\n * Difficulty: Easy\n * Tags: array, hash\n *\n * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique\n * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)\n * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map\n */\n\npublic class Solution {\n    public int MostFrequentEven(int[] nums) {\n\n    }\n}
```

C Solution:

```
/*\n * Problem: Most Frequent Even Element\n * Difficulty: Easy\n * Tags: array, hash\n *\n * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique\n * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)\n * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map\n */\n\nint mostFrequentEven(int* nums, int numsSize) {\n\n}
```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Most Frequent Even Element
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

func mostFrequentEven(nums []int) int {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun mostFrequentEven(nums: IntArray): Int {
        }
    }

```

Swift Solution:

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class Solution {
    func mostFrequentEven(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {
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Rust Solution:

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// Tags: array, hash
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impl Solution {
    pub fn most_frequent_even(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {
    }
}

```

```
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer}
def most_frequent_even(nums)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @return Integer
     */
    function mostFrequentEven($nums) {

    }
}
```

Dart Solution:

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Scala Solution:

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