

Problem 673: Number of Longest Increasing Subsequence

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an integer array

`nums`

, return

the number of longest increasing subsequences.

Notice

that the sequence has to be

strictly

increasing.

Example 1:

Input:

`nums = [1,3,5,4,7]`

Output:

Explanation:

The two longest increasing subsequences are [1, 3, 4, 7] and [1, 3, 5, 7].

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [2,2,2,2,2]

Output:

5

Explanation:

The length of the longest increasing subsequence is 1, and there are 5 increasing subsequences of length 1, so output 5.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 2000$

$-10 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

6

$\text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

6

The answer is guaranteed to fit inside a 32-bit integer.

Code Snippets

C++:

```

class Solution {
public:
    int findNumberOfLIS(vector<int>& nums) {

    }

};

```

Java:

```

class Solution {
    public int findNumberOfLIS(int[] nums) {

    }

}

```

Python3:

```

class Solution:
    def findNumberOfLIS(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:

```

Python:

```

class Solution(object):
    def findNumberOfLIS(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number}
 */
var findNumberOfLIS = function(nums) {

};

```

TypeScript:

```

function findNumberOfLIS(nums: number[]): number {

```

```
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int FindNumberOfLIS(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int findNumberOfLIS(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func findNumberOfLIS(nums []int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findNumberOfLIS(nums: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func findNumberOfLIS(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_number_of_lis(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {
```

```
}  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer}  
def find_number_of_lis(nums)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function findNumberOfLIS($nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int findNumberOfLIS(List<int> nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def findNumberOfLIS(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_number_of_lis(nums :: [integer]) :: integer
  def find_number_of_lis(nums) do

  end

end

```

Erlang:

```

-spec find_number_of_lis(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().
find_number_of_lis(Nums) ->
.

```

Racket:

```

(define/contract (find-number-of-lis nums)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)
  )

```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Number of Longest Increasing Subsequence
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, tree, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int findNumberOfLIS(vector<int>& nums) {

    }

};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Number of Longest Increasing Subsequence
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, tree, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public int findNumberOfLIS(int[] nums) {

}

}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Number of Longest Increasing Subsequence
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, tree, dp

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
def findNumberOfLIS(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def findNumberOfLIS(self, nums):
"""
:type nums: List[int]
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Number of Longest Increasing Subsequence
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/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number}
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var findNumberOfLIS = function(nums) {

};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
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 */

function findNumberOfLIS(nums: number[]): number {

};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Number of Longest Increasing Subsequence
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, tree, dp
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```



```

* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/

public class Solution {
public int FindNumberOfLIS(int[] nums) {

}

}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Number of Longest Increasing Subsequence
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, tree, dp
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* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/

int findNumberOfLIS(int* nums, int numsSize) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Number of Longest Increasing Subsequence
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, tree, dp
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func findNumberOfLIS(nums []int) int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findNumberOfLIS(nums: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
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Swift Solution:

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class Solution {  
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Rust Solution:

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// Tags: array, tree, dp  
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
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impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_number_of_lis(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer}  
def find_number_of_lis(nums)  
  
end
```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @return Integer
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    function findNumberOfLIS($nums) {

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Dart Solution:

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class Solution {
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