

Problem 2239: Find Closest Number to Zero

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 47.55%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array

Problem Description

Given an integer array `nums` of size `n`, return _the number with the value**closest** to `0` _in_ `nums`_. If there are multiple answers, return _the number with the**largest** value_.

Example 1:

Input: nums = [-4,-2,1,4,8] **Output:** 1 **Explanation:** The distance from -4 to 0 is $|-4| = 4$. The distance from -2 to 0 is $|-2| = 2$. The distance from 1 to 0 is $|1| = 1$. The distance from 4 to 0 is $|4| = 4$. The distance from 8 to 0 is $|8| = 8$. Thus, the closest number to 0 in the array is 1.

Example 2:

Input: nums = [2,-1,1] **Output:** 1 **Explanation:** 1 and -1 are both the closest numbers to 0, so 1 being larger is returned.

Constraints:

$1 \leq n \leq 1000$ $-105 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 105$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:
```

```
int findClosestNumber(vector<int>& nums) {  
}  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int findClosestNumber(int[] nums) {  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
def findClosestNumber(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```