

Problem 845: Longest Mountain in Array

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You may recall that an array

arr

is a

mountain array

if and only if:

`arr.length >= 3`

There exists some index

i

(

0-indexed

) with

$0 < i < arr.length - 1$

such that:

$\text{arr}[0] < \text{arr}[1] < \dots < \text{arr}[i - 1] < \text{arr}[i]$

$\text{arr}[i] > \text{arr}[i + 1] > \dots > \text{arr}[\text{arr.length} - 1]$

Given an integer array

`arr`

, return

the length of the longest subarray, which is a mountain

. Return

0

if there is no mountain subarray.

Example 1:

Input:

`arr = [2,1,4,7,3,2,5]`

Output:

5

Explanation:

The largest mountain is [1,4,7,3,2] which has length 5.

Example 2:

Input:

`arr = [2,2,2]`

Output:

0

Explanation:

There is no mountain.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{arr.length} \leq 10$

4

$0 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 10$

4

Follow up:

Can you solve it using only one pass?

Can you solve it in

$O(1)$

space?

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int longestMountain(vector<int>& arr) {
        }
    };
}
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int longestMountain(int[] arr) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def longestMountain(self, arr: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def longestMountain(self, arr):  
        """  
        :type arr: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} arr  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var longestMountain = function(arr) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function longestMountain(arr: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int LongestMountain(int[] arr) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int longestMountain(int* arr, int arrSize) {  
    }  
}
```

Go:

```
func longestMountain(arr []int) int {  
    }  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun longestMountain(arr: IntArray): Int {  
        }  
        }  
    }
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func longestMountain(_ arr: [Int]) -> Int {  
        }  
        }  
    }
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn longest_mountain(arr: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
        }  
        }  
    }
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} arr  
# @return {Integer}  
def longest_mountain(arr)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $arr  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function longestMountain($arr) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
int longestMountain(List<int> arr) {  
  
}  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
def longestMountain(arr: Array[Int]): Int = {  
  
}  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
@spec longest_mountain([integer]) :: integer  
def longest_mountain(arr) do  
  
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec longest_mountain([integer()]) -> integer().  
longest_mountain(Arr) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (longest-mountain arr)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?))
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Longest Mountain in Array
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int longestMountain(vector<int>& arr) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Longest Mountain in Array
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
    public int longestMountain(int[] arr) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Longest Mountain in Array
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, dp

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:

def longestMountain(self, arr: List[int]) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
def longestMountain(self, arr):
"""
:type arr: List[int]
:rtype: int
"""
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Longest Mountain in Array
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```

/**
 * @param {number[]} arr
 * @return {number}
 */
var longestMountain = function(arr) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
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 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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function longestMountain(arr: number[]): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
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 */

public class Solution {
    public int LongestMountain(int[] arr) {
    }
}
```

```
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Longest Mountain in Array
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

int longestMountain(int* arr, int arrSize) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Longest Mountain in Array
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, dp
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

func longestMountain(arr []int) int {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun longestMountain(arr: IntArray): Int {
        }

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func longestMountain(_ arr: [Int]) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
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// Problem: Longest Mountain in Array  
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
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impl Solution {  
    pub fn longest_mountain(arr: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} arr  
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def longest_mountain(arr)  
end
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PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
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    function longestMountain($arr) {  
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object Solution {  
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