

Problem 1534: Count Good Triplets

Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an array of integers

arr

, and three integers

a

,

b

and

c

. You need to find the number of good triplets.

A triplet

(arr[i], arr[j], arr[k])

is

good

if the following conditions are true:

$0 \leq i < j < k < arr.length$

$|arr[i] - arr[j]| \leq a$

$|arr[j] - arr[k]| \leq b$

$|arr[i] - arr[k]| \leq c$

Where

$|x|$

denotes the absolute value of

x

Return

the number of good triplets

Example 1:

Input:

$arr = [3,0,1,1,9,7]$, $a = 7$, $b = 2$, $c = 3$

Output:

4

Explanation:

There are 4 good triplets: [(3,0,1), (3,0,1), (3,1,1), (0,1,1)].

Example 2:

Input:

arr = [1,1,2,2,3], a = 0, b = 0, c = 1

Output:

0

Explanation:

No triplet satisfies all conditions.

Constraints:

$3 \leq \text{arr.length} \leq 100$

$0 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 1000$

$0 \leq a, b, c \leq 1000$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int countGoodTriplets(vector<int>& arr, int a, int b, int c) {  
        }  
    };
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int countGoodTriplets(int[] arr, int a, int b, int c) {  
    }
```

```
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def countGoodTriplets(self, arr: List[int], a: int, b: int, c: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def countGoodTriplets(self, arr, a, b, c):  
        """  
        :type arr: List[int]  
        :type a: int  
        :type b: int  
        :type c: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} arr  
 * @param {number} a  
 * @param {number} b  
 * @param {number} c  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var countGoodTriplets = function(arr, a, b, c) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function countGoodTriplets(arr: number[], a: number, b: number, c: number):  
    number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int CountGoodTriplets(int[] arr, int a, int b, int c) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int countGoodTriplets(int* arr, int arrSize, int a, int b, int c){  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func countGoodTriplets(arr []int, a int, b int, c int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun countGoodTriplets(arr: IntArray, a: Int, b: Int, c: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func countGoodTriplets(_ arr: [Int], _ a: Int, _ b: Int, _ c: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn count_good_triplets(arr: Vec<i32>, a: i32, b: i32, c: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} arr
# @param {Integer} a
# @param {Integer} b
# @param {Integer} c
# @return {Integer}
def count_good_triplets(arr, a, b, c)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $arr
     * @param Integer $a
     * @param Integer $b
     * @param Integer $c
     * @return Integer
     */
    function countGoodTriplets($arr, $a, $b, $c) {

    }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def countGoodTriplets(arr: Array[Int], a: Int, b: Int, c: Int): Int = {
    }
}
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Count Good Triplets
```

```

* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: array
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

```

```

class Solution {
public:
    int countGoodTriplets(vector<int>& arr, int a, int b, int c) {

```

```

    }
};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Count Good Triplets
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

```

```

class Solution {
public int countGoodTriplets(int[] arr, int a, int b, int c) {

```

```

    }
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Count Good Triplets
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique

```

```

Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def countGoodTriplets(self, arr: List[int], a: int, b: int, c: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def countGoodTriplets(self, arr, a, b, c):
        """
        :type arr: List[int]
        :type a: int
        :type b: int
        :type c: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Count Good Triplets
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

var countGoodTriplets = function(arr, a, b, c) {

```

```
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Count Good Triplets  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function countGoodTriplets(arr: number[], a: number, b: number, c: number): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Count Good Triplets  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public int CountGoodTriplets(int[] arr, int a, int b, int c) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Count Good Triplets
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

```

```

int countGoodTriplets(int* arr, int arrSize, int a, int b, int c){

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Count Good Triplets
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func countGoodTriplets(arr []int, a int, b int, c int) int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun countGoodTriplets(arr: IntArray, a: Int, b: Int, c: Int): Int {
        }
    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func countGoodTriplets(_ arr: [Int], _ a: Int, _ b: Int, _ c: Int) -> Int {
}

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Count Good Triplets
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn count_good_triplets(arr: Vec<i32>, a: i32, b: i32, c: i32) -> i32 {
        ...
    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} arr
# @param {Integer} a
# @param {Integer} b
# @param {Integer} c
# @return {Integer}
def count_good_triplets(arr, a, b, c)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $arr
     * @param Integer $a
     * @param Integer $b
     * @param Integer $c
     * @return Integer
}
```

```
*/  
function countGoodTriplets($arr, $a, $b, $c) {  
}  
}  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
def countGoodTriplets(arr: Array[Int], a: Int, b: Int, c: Int): Int = {  
}  
}  
}
```