

Problem 1449: Form Largest Integer With Digits That Add up to Target

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Hard**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an array of integers

cost

and an integer

target

, return

the

maximum

integer you can paint under the following rules

:

The cost of painting a digit

$(i + 1)$

is given by

cost[i]

(

0-indexed

).

The total cost used must be equal to

target

.

The integer does not have

0

digits.

Since the answer may be very large, return it as a string. If there is no way to paint any integer given the condition, return

"0"

.

Example 1:

Input:

cost = [4,3,2,5,6,7,2,5,5], target = 9

Output:

"7772"

Explanation:

The cost to paint the digit '7' is 2, and the digit '2' is 3. Then $\text{cost}(\text{"7772"}) = 2 \times 3 + 3 \times 1 = 9$. You could also paint "977", but "7772" is the largest number.

Digit cost

1 -> 4 2 -> 3 3 -> 2 4 -> 5 5 -> 6 6 -> 7 7 -> 2 8 -> 5 9 -> 5

Example 2:

Input:

cost = [7,6,5,5,5,6,8,7,8], target = 12

Output:

"85"

Explanation:

The cost to paint the digit '8' is 7, and the digit '5' is 5. Then $\text{cost}(\text{"85"}) = 7 + 5 = 12$.

Example 3:

Input:

cost = [2,4,6,2,4,6,4,4,4], target = 5

Output:

"0"

Explanation:

It is impossible to paint any integer with total cost equal to target.

Constraints:

cost.length == 9

$1 \leq \text{cost}[i]$, target ≤ 5000

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    string largestNumber(vector<int>& cost, int target) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public String largestNumber(int[] cost, int target) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def largestNumber(self, cost: List[int], target: int) -> str:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def largestNumber(self, cost, target):
        """
        :type cost: List[int]
        :type target: int
        :rtype: str
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} cost
 * @param {number} target
 * @return {string}
 */
var largestNumber = function(cost, target) {
```

```
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function largestNumber(cost: number[], target: number): string {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public string LargestNumber(int[] cost, int target) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
char* largestNumber(int* cost, int costSize, int target) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func largestNumber(cost []int, target int) string {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun largestNumber(cost: IntArray, target: Int): String {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func largestNumber(_ cost: [Int], _ target: Int) -> String {
```

```
}  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn largest_number(cost: Vec<i32>, target: i32) -> String {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} cost  
# @param {Integer} target  
# @return {String}  
def largest_number(cost, target)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $cost  
     * @param Integer $target  
     * @return String  
     */  
    function largestNumber($cost, $target) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    String largestNumber(List<int> cost, int target) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def largestNumber(cost: Array[Int], target: Int): String = {  
  
  }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec largest_number(cost :: [integer], target :: integer) :: String.t  
  def largest_number(cost, target) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec largest_number(Cost :: [integer()], Target :: integer()) ->  
  unicode:unicode_binary().  
largest_number(Cost, Target) ->  
  .
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (largest-number cost target)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? string?)  
  )
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Form Largest Integer With Digits That Add up to Target  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, string, dp  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
 */
```

```

*/

class Solution {
public:
    string largestNumber(vector<int>& cost, int target) {

    }
};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Form Largest Integer With Digits That Add up to Target
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, string, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
    public String largestNumber(int[] cost, int target) {

    }
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Form Largest Integer With Digits That Add up to Target
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, string, dp

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
    def largestNumber(self, cost: List[int], target: int) -> str:

```



```
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def largestNumber(self, cost, target):
        """
        :type cost: List[int]
        :type target: int
        :rtype: str
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Form Largest Integer With Digits That Add up to Target
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} cost
 * @param {number} target
 * @return {string}
 */
var largestNumber = function(cost, target) {

};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Form Largest Integer With Digits That Add up to Target
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, string, dp
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```

* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/

function largestNumber(cost: number[], target: number): string {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

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* Tags: array, string, dp
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* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/

public class Solution {
    public string LargestNumber(int[] cost, int target) {

    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Form Largest Integer With Digits That Add up to Target
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* Tags: array, string, dp
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/

char* largestNumber(int* cost, int costSize, int target) {

```

```
}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Form Largest Integer With Digits That Add up to Target
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, string, dp
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func largestNumber(cost []int, target int) string {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
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```

impl Solution {
  pub fn largest_number(cost: Vec<i32>, target: i32) -> String {

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```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} cost
# @param {Integer} target
# @return {String}
def largest_number(cost, target)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $cost
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     * @return String
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  end
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