

# Problem 336: Palindrome Pairs

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Hard

**Acceptance Rate:** 36.74%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Hash Table, String, Trie

## Problem Description

You are given a **0-indexed** array of **unique** strings `words`.

A **palindrome pair** is a pair of integers `(i, j)` such that:

\* `0 <= i, j < words.length` , \* `i != j` , and \* `words[i] + words[j]` (the concatenation of the two strings) is a palindrome.

Return an array of all the**palindrome pairs** of `words`.

You must write an algorithm with `O(sum of words[i].length)` runtime complexity.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** words = ["abcd", "dcba", "lls", "s", "sssll"] **Output:** [[0,1],[1,0],[3,2],[2,4]]  
**Explanation:** The palindromes are ["abccddcba", "dcbaabcd", "slls", "llssssll"]

**Example 2:**

**Input:** words = ["bat", "tab", "cat"] **Output:** [[0,1],[1,0]] **Explanation:** The palindromes are ["battab", "tabbat"]

**Example 3:**

**Input:** words = ["a", ""] **Output:** [[0,1],[1,0]] **Explanation:** The palindromes are ["a", "a"]

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1 <= words.length <= 5000` \* `0 <= words[i].length <= 300` \* `words[i]` consists of lowercase English letters.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
vector<vector<int>> palindromePairs(vector<string>& words) {
    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
public List<List<Integer>> palindromePairs(String[] words) {
    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
def palindromePairs(self, words: List[str]) -> List[List[int]]:
```