

Problem 2154: Keep Multiplying Found Values by Two

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Easy**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an array of integers

nums

. You are also given an integer

original

which is the first number that needs to be searched for in

nums

.

You then do the following steps:

If

original

is found in

nums

,

multiply

it by two (i.e., set

original = 2 * original

).

Otherwise,

stop

the process.

Repeat

this process with the new number as long as you keep finding the number.

Return

the

final

value of

original

.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [5,3,6,1,12], original = 3

Output:

Explanation:

- 3 is found in nums. 3 is multiplied by 2 to obtain 6. - 6 is found in nums. 6 is multiplied by 2 to obtain 12. - 12 is found in nums. 12 is multiplied by 2 to obtain 24. - 24 is not found in nums. Thus, 24 is returned.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [2,7,9], original = 4

Output:

4

Explanation:

- 4 is not found in nums. Thus, 4 is returned.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 1000$

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i], \text{original} \leq 1000$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int findFinalValue(vector<int>& nums, int original) {
        }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int findFinalValue(int[] nums, int original) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def findFinalValue(self, nums: List[int], original: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def findFinalValue(self, nums, original):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :type original: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} original  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var findFinalValue = function(nums, original) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function findFinalValue(nums: number[], original: number): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int FindFinalValue(int[] nums, int original) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int findFinalValue(int* nums, int numsSize, int original) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func findFinalValue(nums []int, original int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findFinalValue(nums: IntArray, original: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func findFinalValue(_ nums: [Int], _ original: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_final_value(nums: Vec<i32>, original: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} original
# @return {Integer}
def find_final_value(nums, original)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $original
     * @return Integer
     */
    function findFinalValue($nums, $original) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
    int findFinalValue(List<int> nums, int original) {
    }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
    def findFinalValue(nums: Array[Int], original: Int): Int = {
    }
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
    @spec find_final_value(nums :: [integer], original :: integer) :: integer
    def find_final_value(nums, original) do
```

```
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec find_final_value(Nums :: [integer()], Original :: integer()) ->  
    integer().  
find_final_value(Nums, Original) ->  
    .
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (find-final-value nums original)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
  )
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Keep Multiplying Found Values by Two  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, search  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    int findFinalValue(vector<int>& nums, int original) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Keep Multiplying Found Values by Two
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public int findFinalValue(int[] nums, int original) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Keep Multiplying Found Values by Two
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, hash, sort, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
"""

class Solution:
    def findFinalValue(self, nums: List[int], original: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def findFinalValue(self, nums, original):
        """
:type nums: List[int]
:type original: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Keep Multiplying Found Values by Two  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, search  
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 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} original  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var findFinalValue = function(nums, original) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
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 * Tags: array, hash, sort, search  
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 */  
  
function findFinalValue(nums: number[], original: number): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Keep Multiplying Found Values by Two  
 * Difficulty: Easy
```

```

* Tags: array, hash, sort, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/
public class Solution {
    public int FindFinalValue(int[] nums, int original) {
        }
    }

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Keep Multiplying Found Values by Two
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, hash, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/
int findFinalValue(int* nums, int numsSize, int original) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Keep Multiplying Found Values by Two
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, hash, sort, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func findFinalValue(nums []int, original int) int {

```

```
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findFinalValue(nums: IntArray, original: Int): Int {  
        //  
        //  
        return original  
    }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func findFinalValue(_ nums: [Int], _ original: Int) -> Int {  
        //  
        //  
        return original  
    }  
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Keep Multiplying Found Values by Two  
// Difficulty: Easy  
// Tags: array, hash, sort, search  
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_final_value(nums: Vec<i32>, original: i32) -> i32 {  
        //  
        //  
        return original  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} original  
# @return {Integer}  
def find_final_value(nums, original)
```

```
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $original
     * @return Integer
     */
    function findFinalValue($nums, $original) {

    }
}
```

Dart Solution:

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object Solution {
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defmodule Solution do
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  def find_final_value(nums, original) do
    end
  end
end
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