

# Problem 1356: Sort Integers by The Number of 1 Bits

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Easy

**Acceptance Rate:** 78.87%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Bit Manipulation, Sorting, Counting

## Problem Description

You are given an integer array `arr`. Sort the integers in the array in ascending order by the number of `1`'s in their binary representation and in case of two or more integers have the same number of `1`'s you have to sort them in ascending order.

Return \_the array after sorting it\_.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** arr = [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8] **Output:** [0,1,2,4,8,3,5,6,7] **Explanation:** [0] is the only integer with 0 bits. [1,2,4,8] all have 1 bit. [3,5,6] have 2 bits. [7] has 3 bits. The sorted array by bits is [0,1,2,4,8,3,5,6,7]

**Example 2:**

**Input:** arr = [1024,512,256,128,64,32,16,8,4,2,1] **Output:** [1,2,4,8,16,32,64,128,256,512,1024] **Explanation:** All integers have 1 bit in the binary representation, you should just sort them in ascending order.

**Constraints:**

\* `1 <= arr.length <= 500` \* `0 <= arr[i] <= 104`

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
vector<int> sortByBits(vector<int>& arr) {  
  
}  
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {  
public int[] sortByBits(int[] arr) {  
  
}  
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
def sortByBits(self, arr: List[int]) -> List[int]:
```