

Problem 464: Can I Win

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

In the "100 game" two players take turns adding, to a running total, any integer from

1

to

10

. The player who first causes the running total to

reach or exceed

100 wins.

What if we change the game so that players

cannot

re-use integers?

For example, two players might take turns drawing from a common pool of numbers from 1 to 15 without replacement until they reach a total ≥ 100 .

Given two integers

`maxChoosableInteger`

and

desiredTotal

, return

true

if the first player to move can force a win, otherwise, return

false

. Assume both players play

optimally

Example 1:

Input:

maxChoosableInteger = 10, desiredTotal = 11

Output:

false

Explanation:

No matter which integer the first player choose, the first player will lose. The first player can choose an integer from 1 up to 10. If the first player choose 1, the second player can only choose integers from 2 up to 10. The second player will win by choosing 10 and get a total = 11, which is \geq desiredTotal. Same with other integers chosen by the first player, the second player will always win.

Example 2:

Input:

```
maxChoosableInteger = 10, desiredTotal = 0
```

Output:

```
true
```

Example 3:

Input:

```
maxChoosableInteger = 10, desiredTotal = 1
```

Output:

```
true
```

Constraints:

```
1 <= maxChoosableInteger <= 20
```

```
0 <= desiredTotal <= 300
```

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    bool canIWin(int maxChoosableInteger, int desiredTotal) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public boolean canIWin(int maxChoosableInteger, int desiredTotal) {  
  
}
```

```
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def canIWin(self, maxChoosableInteger: int, desiredTotal: int) -> bool:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def canIWin(self, maxChoosableInteger, desiredTotal):  
        """  
        :type maxChoosableInteger: int  
        :type desiredTotal: int  
        :rtype: bool  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} maxChoosableInteger  
 * @param {number} desiredTotal  
 * @return {boolean}  
 */  
var canIWin = function(maxChoosableInteger, desiredTotal) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function canIWin(maxChoosableInteger: number, desiredTotal: number): boolean  
{  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public bool CanIWin(int maxChoosableInteger, int desiredTotal) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
bool canIWin(int maxChoosableInteger, int desiredTotal) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func canIWin(maxChoosableInteger int, desiredTotal int) bool {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun canIWin(maxChoosableInteger: Int, desiredTotal: Int): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func canIWin(_ maxChoosableInteger: Int, _ desiredTotal: Int) -> Bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn can_i_win(max_choosable_integer: i32, desired_total: i32) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} max_choosable_integer  
# @param {Integer} desired_total  
# @return {Boolean}  
def can_i_win(max_choosable_integer, desired_total)
```

```
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $maxChoosableInteger  
     * @param Integer $desiredTotal  
     * @return Boolean  
     */  
    function canIWin($maxChoosableInteger, $desiredTotal) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
bool canIWin(int maxChoosableInteger, int desiredTotal) {  
  
}  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
def canIWin(maxChoosableInteger: Int, desiredTotal: Int): Boolean = {  
  
}  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
@spec can_i_win(max_choosable_integer :: integer, desired_total :: integer)  
:: boolean  
def can_i_win(max_choosable_integer, desired_total) do  
  
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec can_i_win(MaxChoosableInteger :: integer(), DesiredTotal :: integer()) -> boolean().  
can_i_win(MaxChoosableInteger, DesiredTotal) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (can-i-win maxChoosableInteger desiredTotal)  
(-> exact-integer? exact-integer? boolean?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Can I Win  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: dp, math  
 *  
 * Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation  
 * Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    bool canIWin(int maxChoosableInteger, int desiredTotal) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Can I Win  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: dp, math  
 *
```

```

* Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
* Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
* Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
*/



class Solution {
    public boolean canIWin(int maxChoosableInteger, int desiredTotal) {

    }
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Can I Win
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: dp, math

Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
    def canIWin(self, maxChoosableInteger: int, desiredTotal: int) -> bool:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def canIWin(self, maxChoosableInteger, desiredTotal):
        """
        :type maxChoosableInteger: int
        :type desiredTotal: int
        :rtype: bool
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

    /**
 * Problem: Can I Win
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: dp, math
 *
 * Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
 * Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

    /**
 * @param {number} maxChoosableInteger
 * @param {number} desiredTotal
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var canIWin = function(maxChoosableInteger, desiredTotal) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

    /**
 * Problem: Can I Win
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: dp, math
 *
 * Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
 * Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

function canIWin(maxChoosableInteger: number, desiredTotal: number): boolean
{
}

;

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Can I Win
 * Difficulty: Medium
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```

```

/*
 * Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
 * Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
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 */

public class Solution {
    public bool CanIWin(int maxChoosableInteger, int desiredTotal) {
        }

    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Can I Win
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: dp, math
 *
 * Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
 * Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

bool canIWin(int maxChoosableInteger, int desiredTotal) {
    }
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Can I Win
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: dp, math
//
// Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
// Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

func canIWin(maxChoosableInteger int, desiredTotal int) bool {
    }
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun canIWin(maxChoosableInteger: Int, desiredTotal: Int): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

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class Solution {  
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```
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impl Solution {  
    pub fn can_i_win(max_choosable_integer: i32, desired_total: i32) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} max_choosable_integer  
# @param {Integer} desired_total  
# @return {Boolean}  
def can_i_win(max_choosable_integer, desired_total)  
  
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $maxChoosableInteger  
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object Solution {  
  
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```
defmodule Solution do  
  
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end  
end
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Erlang Solution:

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