

Problem 3436: Find Valid Emails

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 46.83%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Database

Problem Description

Table: `Users`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | user_id | int | | email | varchar | +-----+-----+ (user_id) is the unique key for this table. Each row contains a user's unique ID and email address.

Write a solution to find all the **valid email addresses**. A valid email address meets the following criteria:

* It contains exactly one `@` symbol. * It ends with `.com`. * The part before the `@` symbol contains only **alphanumeric** characters and **underscores**. * The part after the `@` symbol and before `.com` contains a domain name **that contains only letters**.

Return the result table ordered by `user_id` in **ascending** order.

Example:

Input:

Users table:

user_id	email
1	alice@example.com
2	bob_at_example.com
3	charlie@example.net
4	david@domain.com
5	eve@invalid

Output:

user_id	email
1	alice@example.com
4	david@domain.com

****Explanation:****

* **alice@example.com** is valid because it contains one `@`, alice is alphanumeric, and example.com starts with a letter and ends with .com. * **bob_at_example.com** is invalid because it contains an underscore instead of an `@`. * **charlie@example.net** is invalid because the domain does not end with .com. * **david@domain.com** is valid because it meets all criteria. * **eve@invalid** is invalid because the domain does not end with .com.

Result table is ordered by user_id in ascending order.

Code Snippets

MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

PostgreSQL:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```