

Problem 1099: Two Sum Less Than K

Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an array

nums

of integers and integer

k

, return the maximum

sum

such that there exists

$i < j$

with

$\text{nums}[i] + \text{nums}[j] = \text{sum}$

and

$\text{sum} < k$

. If no

i

,

j

exist satisfying this equation, return

-1

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [34,23,1,24,75,33,54,8], k = 60

Output:

58

Explanation:

We can use 34 and 24 to sum 58 which is less than 60.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [10,20,30], k = 15

Output:

-1

Explanation:

In this case it is not possible to get a pair sum less than 15.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 100$

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 1000$

$1 \leq k \leq 2000$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int twoSumLessThanK(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
        }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int twoSumLessThanK(int[] nums, int k) {
        }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def twoSumLessThanK(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def twoSumLessThanK(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: int
```

```
"""
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var twoSumLessThanK = function(nums, k) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function twoSumLessThanK(nums: number[], k: number): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int TwoSumLessThanK(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int twoSumLessThanK(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func twoSumLessThanK(nums []int, k int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun twoSumLessThanK(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func twoSumLessThanK(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn two_sum_less_than_k(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def two_sum_less_than_k(nums, k)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function twoSumLessThanK($nums, $k) {  
  
    }
```

```
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int twoSumLessThanK(List<int> nums, int k) {  
        }  
    }
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def twoSumLessThanK(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {  
        }  
    }
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec two_sum_less_than_k(list :: [integer], k :: integer) :: integer  
    def two_sum_less_than_k(nums, k) do  
  
    end  
    end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec two_sum_less_than_k(list :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> integer().  
two_sum_less_than_k(Nums, K) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (two-sum-less-than-k nums k)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Two Sum Less Than K
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int twoSumLessThanK(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
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```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Two Sum Less Than K
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

class Solution {
    public int twoSumLessThanK(int[] nums, int k) {
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Two Sum Less Than K
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, sort, search
```

```
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

```

```
class Solution:
    def twoSumLessThanK(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def twoSumLessThanK(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

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var twoSumLessThanK = function(nums, k) {
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
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 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function twoSumLessThanK(nums: number[], k: number): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
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public class Solution {  
    public int TwoSumLessThanK(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C Solution:

```
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 * Problem: Two Sum Less Than K  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, sort, search  
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
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```
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/
int twoSumLessThanK(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {
}
```

Go Solution:

```
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// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, sort, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func twoSumLessThanK(nums []int, k int) int {
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun twoSumLessThanK(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Int {
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Swift Solution:

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class Solution {
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impl Solution {
    pub fn two_sum_less_than_k(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {
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```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def two_sum_less_than_k(nums, k)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
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     * @return Integer
     */
    function twoSumLessThanK($nums, $k) {

    }
}

```

Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
    int twoSumLessThanK(List<int> nums, int k) {

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```
object Solution {  
    def twoSumLessThanK(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
    }  
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```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec two_sum_less_than_k(list(integer()), integer()) :: integer()  
    def two_sum_less_than_k(nums, k) do  
  
    end  
end
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