

# Problem 1593: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given a string

s

,

return

the maximum number of unique substrings that the given string can be split into

.

You can split string

s

into any list of

non-empty substrings

, where the concatenation of the substrings forms the original string. However, you must split the substrings such that all of them are

unique

.

substring

is a contiguous sequence of characters within a string.

Example 1:

Input:

s = "ababccc"

Output:

5

Explanation

: One way to split maximally is ['a', 'b', 'ab', 'c', 'cc']. Splitting like ['a', 'b', 'a', 'b', 'c', 'cc'] is not valid as you have 'a' and 'b' multiple times.

Example 2:

Input:

s = "aba"

Output:

2

Explanation

: One way to split maximally is ['a', 'ba'].

Example 3:

Input:

```
s = "aa"
```

Output:

```
1
```

Explanation

: It is impossible to split the string any further.

Constraints:

```
1 <= s.length <= 16
```

```
s
```

contains only lower case English letters.

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int maxUniqueSplit(string s) {  
  
    }  
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {  
public int maxUniqueSplit(String s) {  
  
}  
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
    def maxUniqueSplit(self, s: str) -> int:
```

**Python:**

```
class Solution(object):  
    def maxUniqueSplit(self, s):  
        """  
        :type s: str  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

**JavaScript:**

```
/**  
 * @param {string} s  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var maxUniqueSplit = function(s) {  
  
};
```

**TypeScript:**

```
function maxUniqueSplit(s: string): number {  
  
};
```

**C#:**

```
public class Solution {  
    public int MaxUniqueSplit(string s) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**C:**

```
int maxUniqueSplit(char* s) {  
  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func maxUniqueSplit(s string) int {  
}  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
    fun maxUniqueSplit(s: String): Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func maxUniqueSplit(_ s: String) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn max_unique_split(s: String) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Ruby:**

```
# @param {String} s  
# @return {Integer}  
def max_unique_split(s)  
  
end
```

**PHP:**

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**
```

```
* @param String $s
* @return Integer
*/
function maxUniqueSplit($s) {
}

}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {
int maxUniqueSplit(String s) {
}

}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {
def maxUniqueSplit(s: String): Int = {

}

}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec max_unique_split(s :: String.t) :: integer
def max_unique_split(s) do

end
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec max_unique_split(S :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> integer().
max_unique_split(S) ->
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (max-unique-split s)
  (-> string? exact-integer?))
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, tree, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int maxUniqueSplit(string s) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, tree, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

class Solution {
    public int maxUniqueSplit(String s) {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: string, tree, hash

Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
"""

class Solution:

    def maxUniqueSplit(self, s: str) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):

    def maxUniqueSplit(self, s):
        """
        :type s: str
        :rtype: int
        """
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, tree, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

/**
```

```
* @param {string} s
* @return {number}
*/
var maxUniqueSplit = function(s) {

};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/** 
* Problem: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: string, tree, hash
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
function maxUniqueSplit(s: string): number {

};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*
* Problem: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: string, tree, hash
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
public class Solution {
    public int MaxUniqueSplit(string s) {
        return 0;
    }
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, tree, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

int maxUniqueSplit(char* s) {

}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: string, tree, hash
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

func maxUniqueSplit(s string) int {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun maxUniqueSplit(s: String): Int {
        return 0
    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func maxUniqueSplit(_ s: String) -> Int {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Split a String Into the Max Number of Unique Substrings
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: string, tree, hash
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

impl Solution {
    pub fn max_unique_split(s: String) -> i32 {
        }

    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s
# @return {Integer}
def max_unique_split(s)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @return Integer
     */
    function maxUniqueSplit($s) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    int maxUniqueSplit(String s) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def maxUniqueSplit(s: String): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec max_unique_split(s :: String.t) :: integer  
  def max_unique_split(s) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

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-spec max_unique_split(S :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> integer().  
max_unique_split(S) ->  
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### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (max-unique-split s)  
  (-> string? exact-integer?)  
)
```