

# Problem 1215: Stepping Numbers

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 47.94%

**Paid Only:** Yes

**Tags:** Math, Backtracking, Breadth-First Search

## Problem Description

A \*\*stepping number\*\* is an integer such that all of its adjacent digits have an absolute difference of exactly `1`.

\* For example, `321` is a \*\*stepping number\*\* while `421` is not.

Given two integers `low` and `high`, return \_a sorted list of all the\*\*stepping numbers\*\* in the inclusive range\_ `[low, high]`.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** low = 0, high = 21 **Output:** [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,12,21]

**Example 2:**

**Input:** low = 10, high = 15 **Output:** [10,12]

**Constraints:**

\* `0 <= low <= high <= 2 \* 10^9`

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
vector<int> countSteppingNumbers(int low, int high) {  
  
}  
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {  
public List<Integer> countSteppingNumbers(int low, int high) {  
  
}  
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
def countSteppingNumbers(self, low: int, high: int) -> List[int]:
```