

Problem 3618: Split Array by Prime Indices

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 49.16%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Math, Number Theory

Problem Description

You are given an integer array `nums`.

Split `nums` into two arrays `A` and `B` using the following rule:

* Elements at **prime** indices in `nums` must go into array `A`. * All other elements must go into array `B`.

Return the **absolute** difference between the sums of the two arrays: $|\text{sum}(A) - \text{sum}(B)|$.

Note: An empty array has a sum of 0.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [2,3,4]`

Output: 1

Explanation:

* The only prime index in the array is 2, so `nums[2] = 4` is placed in array `A`. * The remaining elements, `nums[0] = 2` and `nums[1] = 3` are placed in array `B`. * $\text{sum}(A) = 4$, $\text{sum}(B) = 2 + 3 = 5$. * The absolute difference is $|4 - 5| = 1$.

Example 2:

****Input:**** nums = [-1,5,7,0]

****Output:**** 3

****Explanation:****

* The prime indices in the array are 2 and 3, so `nums[2] = 7` and `nums[3] = 0` are placed in array `A`. * The remaining elements, `nums[0] = -1` and `nums[1] = 5` are placed in array `B`.
* `sum(A) = 7 + 0 = 7`, `sum(B) = -1 + 5 = 4`. * The absolute difference is `|7 - 4| = 3`.

****Constraints:****

`1 <= nums.length <= 105` `-109 <= nums[i] <= 109`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    long long splitArray(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public long splitArray(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def splitArray(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```