

Problem 191: Number of 1 Bits

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 75.69%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Divide and Conquer, Bit Manipulation

Problem Description

Given a positive integer `n`, write a function that returns the number of set bits in its binary representation (also known as the [Hamming weight](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamming_weight)).

Example 1:

Input: n = 11

Output: 3

Explanation:

The input binary string **1011** has a total of three set bits.

Example 2:

Input: n = 128

Output: 1

Explanation:

The input binary string **10000000** has a total of one set bit.

Example 3:

****Input:**** n = 2147483645

****Output:**** 30

****Explanation:****

The input binary string ****111111111111111111111111111101**** has a total of thirty set bits.

****Constraints:****

* `1 <= n <= 2³¹ - 1`

****Follow up:**** If this function is called many times, how would you optimize it?

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int hammingWeight(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int hammingWeight(int n) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def hammingWeight(self, n: int) -> int:
```