

# Problem 383: Ransom Note

## Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given two strings

ransomNote

and

magazine

, return

true

if

ransomNote

can be constructed by using the letters from

magazine

and

false

otherwise

.

Each letter in

magazine

can only be used once in

ransomNote

.

Example 1:

Input:

ransomNote = "a", magazine = "b"

Output:

false

Example 2:

Input:

ransomNote = "aa", magazine = "ab"

Output:

false

Example 3:

Input:

ransomNote = "aa", magazine = "aab"

Output:

true

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{ransomNote.length}, \text{magazine.length} \leq 10$

5

ransomNote

and

magazine

consist of lowercase English letters.

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    bool canConstruct(string ransomNote, string magazine) {  
        }  
    };
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {  
public boolean canConstruct(String ransomNote, String magazine) {  
    }  
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
    def canConstruct(self, ransomNote: str, magazine: str) -> bool:
```

**Python:**

```
class Solution(object):
    def canConstruct(self, ransomNote, magazine):
        """
        :type ransomNote: str
        :type magazine: str
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

**JavaScript:**

```
/**
 * @param {string} ransomNote
 * @param {string} magazine
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var canConstruct = function(ransomNote, magazine) {
}
```

**TypeScript:**

```
function canConstruct(ransomNote: string, magazine: string): boolean {
}
```

**C#:**

```
public class Solution {
    public bool CanConstruct(string ransomNote, string magazine) {
    }
}
```

**C:**

```
bool canConstruct(char* ransomNote, char* magazine) {
}
```

**Go:**

```
func canConstruct(ransomNote string, magazine string) bool {  
}  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun canConstruct(ransomNote: String, magazine: String): Boolean {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func canConstruct(_ ransomNote: String, _ magazine: String) -> Bool {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn can_construct(ransom_note: String, magazine: String) -> bool {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {String} ransom_note  
# @param {String} magazine  
# @return {Boolean}  
def can_construct(ransom_note, magazine)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $ransomNote
```

```
* @param String $magazine
* @return Boolean
*/
function canConstruct($ransomNote, $magazine) {

}
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {
bool canConstruct(String ransomNote, String magazine) {

}
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {
def canConstruct(ransomNote: String, magazine: String): Boolean = {

}
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec can_construct(ransom_note :: String.t, magazine :: String.t) :: boolean
def can_construct(ransom_note, magazine) do

end
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec can_construct(RansomNote :: unicode:unicode_binary(), Magazine :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> boolean().
can_construct(RansomNote, Magazine) ->
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (can-construct ransomNote magazine)
  (-> string? string? boolean?)
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Ransom Note
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: string, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public:
    bool canConstruct(string ransomNote, string magazine) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Ransom Note
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: string, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
    public boolean canConstruct(String ransomNote, String magazine) {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Ransom Note
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: string, hash

Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
"""

class Solution:

    def canConstruct(self, ransomNote: str, magazine: str) -> bool:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):

    def canConstruct(self, ransomNote, magazine):
        """
        :type ransomNote: str
        :type magazine: str
        :rtype: bool
        """


```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Ransom Note
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: string, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */
```

```

    /**
 * @param {string} ransomNote
 * @param {string} magazine
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var canConstruct = function(ransomNote, magazine) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

    /**
 * Problem: Ransom Note
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: string, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

function canConstruct(ransomNote: string, magazine: string): boolean {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

    /*
 * Problem: Ransom Note
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: string, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

public class Solution {
    public bool CanConstruct(string ransomNote, string magazine) {
    }
}
```

```
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Ransom Note
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: string, hash
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

bool canConstruct(char* ransomNote, char* magazine) {

}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Ransom Note
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: string, hash
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

func canConstruct(ransomNote string, magazine string) bool {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun canConstruct(ransomNote: String, magazine: String): Boolean {
        }

    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func canConstruct(_ ransomNote: String, _ magazine: String) -> Bool {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Ransom Note  
// Difficulty: Easy  
// Tags: string, hash  
//  
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn can_construct(ransom_note: String, magazine: String) -> bool {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} ransom_note  
# @param {String} magazine  
# @return {Boolean}  
def can_construct(ransom_note, magazine)  
  
end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $ransomNote  
     * @param String $magazine  
     * @return Boolean  
     */  
    function canConstruct($ransomNote, $magazine) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  bool canConstruct(String ransomNote, String magazine) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def canConstruct(ransomNote: String, magazine: String): Boolean = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec can_construct(ransom_note :: String.t, magazine :: String.t) :: boolean  
  def can_construct(ransom_note, magazine) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec can_construct(RansomNote :: unicode:unicode_binary(), Magazine ::  
  unicode:unicode_binary()) -> boolean().  
can_construct(RansomNote, Magazine) ->  
.
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (can-construct ransomNote magazine)  
  (-> string? string? boolean?)  
)
```

