

Problem 942: DI String Match

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

A permutation

perm

of

$n + 1$

integers of all the integers in the range

$[0, n]$

can be represented as a string

s

of length

n

where:

$s[i] == 'I'$

if

`perm[i] < perm[i + 1]`

, and

`s[i] == 'D'`

if

`perm[i] > perm[i + 1]`

.

Given a string

`s`

, reconstruct the permutation

`perm`

and return it. If there are multiple valid permutations `perm`, return

any of them

.

Example 1:

Input:

`s = "IDID"`

Output:

`[0,4,1,3,2]`

Example 2:

Input:

`s = "III"`

Output:

`[0,1,2,3]`

Example 3:

Input:

`s = "DDI"`

Output:

`[3,2,0,1]`

Constraints:

`1 <= s.length <= 10`

`5`

`s[i]`

is either

`'I'`

or

`'D'`

.

Code Snippets

C++:

```

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> diStringMatch(string s) {

    }

};

```

Java:

```

class Solution {
    public int[] diStringMatch(String s) {

    }

}

```

Python3:

```

class Solution:
    def diStringMatch(self, s: str) -> List[int]:

```

Python:

```

class Solution(object):
    def diStringMatch(self, s):
        """
        :type s: str
        :rtype: List[int]
        """

```

JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var diStringMatch = function(s) {

};

```

TypeScript:

```

function diStringMatch(s: string): number[] {

```

```
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int[] DiStringMatch(string s) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
/**  
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().  
 */  
int* diStringMatch(char* s, int* returnSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func diStringMatch(s string) []int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun diStringMatch(s: String): IntArray {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func diStringMatch(_ s: String) -> [Int] {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```

impl Solution {
  pub fn di_string_match(s: String) -> Vec<i32> {

  }
}

```

Ruby:

```

# @param {String} s
# @return {Integer[]}
def di_string_match(s)

end

```

PHP:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @return Integer[]
     */
    function diStringMatch($s) {

    }

}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
  List<int> diStringMatch(String s) {

  }
}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def diStringMatch(s: String): Array[Int] = {

  }
}

```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec di_string_match(s :: String.t) :: [integer]
  def di_string_match(s) do

  end

end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec di_string_match(S :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> [integer()].
di_string_match(S) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (di-string-match s)
  (-> string? (listof exact-integer?))
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: DI String Match
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, greedy
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> diStringMatch(string s) {

    }

};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: DI String Match
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, greedy
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

class Solution {
    public int[] diStringMatch(String s) {

    }
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: DI String Match
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, string, greedy

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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"""

class Solution:
    def diStringMatch(self, s: str) -> List[int]:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def diStringMatch(self, s):
        """
        :type s: str
        :rtype: List[int]
```



```
"""
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
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/**
 * @param {string} s
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TypeScript Solution:

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function diStringMatch(s: string): number[] {

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C# Solution:

```

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 */

public class Solution {
    public int[] DiStringMatch(string s) {

    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: DI String Match
 * Difficulty: Easy
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
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/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
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int* diStringMatch(char* s, int* returnSize) {

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Go Solution:

```

// Problem: DI String Match
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// Tags: array, string, greedy
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique

```

```

// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func diStringMatch(s string) []int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

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class Solution {
    fun diStringMatch(s: String): IntArray {

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class Solution {
    func diStringMatch(_ s: String) -> [Int] {

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impl Solution {
    pub fn di_string_match(s: String) -> Vec<i32> {

    }
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```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s
# @return {Integer[]}
def di_string_match(s)

end
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PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
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    function diStringMatch($s) {

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Dart Solution:

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class Solution {
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