

Problem 2071: Maximum Number of Tasks You Can Assign

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 50.27%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Two Pointers, Binary Search, Greedy, Queue, Sorting, Monotonic Queue

Problem Description

You have n tasks and m workers. Each task has a strength requirement stored in a **0-indexed** integer array `tasks`, with the i th task requiring `tasks[i]` strength to complete. The strength of each worker is stored in a **0-indexed** integer array `workers`, with the j th worker having `workers[j]` strength. Each worker can only be assigned to a **single** task and must have a strength **greater than or equal** to the task's strength requirement (i.e., `workers[j] >= tasks[i]`).

Additionally, you have `pills` magical pills that will **increase a worker's strength** by `strength`. You can decide which workers receive the magical pills, however, you may only give each worker **at most one** magical pill.

Given the **0-indexed** integer arrays `tasks` and `workers` and the integers `pills` and `strength`, return **the maximum** number of tasks that can be completed.

Example 1:

Input: `tasks = [3, 2, 1]`, `workers = [0, 3, 3]`, `pills = 1`, `strength = 1`
Output: 3
Explanation: We can assign the magical pill and tasks as follows: - Give the magical pill to worker 0. - Assign worker 0 to task 2 ($0 + 1 \geq 1$) - Assign worker 1 to task 1 ($3 \geq 2$) - Assign worker 2 to task 0 ($3 \geq 3$)

Example 2:

Input: `tasks = [5, 4]`, `workers = [0, 0]`, `pills = 1`, `strength = 5`
Output: 1
Explanation: We can assign the magical pill and tasks as follows: - Give the magical pill to

worker 0. - Assign worker 0 to task 0 ($0 + 5 \geq 5$)

Example 3:

Input: tasks = [10, 15, 30], workers = [0, 10, 10, 10], pills = 3, strength = 10 **Output:** 2 **Explanation:** We can assign the magical pills and tasks as follows: - Give the magical pill to worker 0 and worker 1. - Assign worker 0 to task 0 ($0 + 10 \geq 10$) - Assign worker 1 to task 1 ($10 + 10 \geq 15$) The last pill is not given because it will not make any worker strong enough for the last task.

Constraints:

$n == \text{tasks.length}$ $m == \text{workers.length}$ $1 \leq n, m \leq 5 \cdot 10^4$ $0 \leq \text{pills} \leq m$ $0 \leq \text{tasks}[i], \text{workers}[j], \text{strength} \leq 10^9$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int maxTaskAssign(vector<int>& tasks, vector<int>& workers, int pills, int strength) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int maxTaskAssign(int[] tasks, int[] workers, int pills, int strength)
    {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maxTaskAssign(self, tasks: List[int], workers: List[int], pills: int,
```

```
strength: int) -> int:
```