

Problem 592: Fraction Addition and Subtraction

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given a string

expression

representing an expression of fraction addition and subtraction, return the calculation result in string format.

The final result should be an

irreducible fraction

. If your final result is an integer, change it to the format of a fraction that has a denominator

1

. So in this case,

2

should be converted to

2/1

Example 1:

Input:

expression = "-1/2+1/2"

Output:

"0/1"

Example 2:

Input:

expression = "-1/2+1/2+1/3"

Output:

"1/3"

Example 3:

Input:

expression = "1/3-1/2"

Output:

"-1/6"

Constraints:

The input string only contains

'0'

to

'9'

,

'/'

,

'+'

and

'-'

. So does the output.

Each fraction (input and output) has the format

$\pm \text{numerator}/\text{denominator}$

. If the first input fraction or the output is positive, then

'+'

will be omitted.

The input only contains valid

irreducible fractions

, where the

numerator

and

denominator

of each fraction will always be in the range

[1, 10]

. If the denominator is

1

, it means this fraction is actually an integer in a fraction format defined above.

The number of given fractions will be in the range

[1, 10]

The numerator and denominator of the

final result

are guaranteed to be valid and in the range of

32-bit

int.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    string fractionAddition(string expression) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public String fractionAddition(String expression) {  
  
}
```

```
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def fractionAddition(self, expression: str) -> str:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def fractionAddition(self, expression):  
        """  
        :type expression: str  
        :rtype: str  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string} expression  
 * @return {string}  
 */  
var fractionAddition = function(expression) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function fractionAddition(expression: string): string {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public string FractionAddition(string expression) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
char* fractionAddition(char* expression) {  
}  
}
```

Go:

```
func fractionAddition(expression string) string {  
}  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun fractionAddition(expression: String): String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func fractionAddition(_ expression: String) -> String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn fraction_addition(expression: String) -> String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} expression  
# @return {String}  
def fraction_addition(expression)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $expression  
     * @return String  
     */  
    function fractionAddition($expression) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
String fractionAddition(String expression) {  
  
}  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
def fractionAddition(expression: String): String = {  
  
}  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
@spec fraction_addition(expression :: String.t) :: String.t  
def fraction_addition(expression) do  
  
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec fraction_addition(Expression :: unicode:unicode_binary()) ->  
unicode:unicode_binary().  
fraction_addition(Expression) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (fraction-addition expression)
  (-> string? string?))
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Fraction Addition and Subtraction
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    string fractionAddition(string expression) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Fraction Addition and Subtraction
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public String fractionAddition(String expression) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Fraction Addition and Subtraction
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: string, math

Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

    def fractionAddition(self, expression: str) -> str:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):

    def fractionAddition(self, expression):
        """
:type expression: str
:rtype: str
"""


```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Fraction Addition and Subtraction
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, math
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 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */
```

```

/**
 * @param {string} expression
 * @return {string}
 */
var fractionAddition = function(expression) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Fraction Addition and Subtraction
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function fractionAddition(expression: string): string {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Fraction Addition and Subtraction
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public string FractionAddition(string expression) {
    }
}
```

```
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Fraction Addition and Subtraction
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

char* fractionAddition(char* expression) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Fraction Addition and Subtraction
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: string, math
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func fractionAddition(expression string) string {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun fractionAddition(expression: String): String {
        }

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func fractionAddition(_ expression: String) -> String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Fraction Addition and Subtraction  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: string, math  
//  
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn fraction_addition(expression: String) -> String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} expression  
# @return {String}  
def fraction_addition(expression)  
  
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $expression  
     * @return String  
     */  
    function fractionAddition($expression) {  
  
    }  
}
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Dart Solution:

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class Solution {  
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Scala Solution:

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object Solution {  
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