

# Problem 186: Reverse Words in a String II

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 56.39%

**Paid Only:** Yes

**Tags:** Two Pointers, String

## Problem Description

Given a character array `s`, reverse the order of the \*\*words\*\*.

A \*\*word\*\* is defined as a sequence of non-space characters. The \*\*words\*\* in `s` will be separated by a single space.

Your code must solve the problem \*\*in-place\*\*, i.e. without allocating extra space.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** s = ["t", "h", "e", " ", "s", "k", "y", " ", "i", "s", " ", "b", "l", "u", "e"] **Output:** ["b", "l", "u", "e", " ", "i", "s", " ", "s", "k", "y", " ", "t", "h", "e"]

**Example 2:**

**Input:** s = ["a"] **Output:** ["a"]

**Constraints:**

\* `1 <= s.length <= 105` \* `s[i]` is an English letter (uppercase or lowercase), digit, or space ` `.  
\* There is \*\*at least one\*\* word in `s`. \* `s` does not contain leading or trailing spaces.  
\* All the words in `s` are guaranteed to be separated by a single space.

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
void reverseWords(vector<char>& s) {  
  
}  
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {  
public void reverseWords(char[] s) {  
  
}  
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
def reverseWords(self, s: List[str]) -> None:  
    """  
    Do not return anything, modify s in-place instead.  
    """
```