

# Problem 3226: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal

## Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given two positive integers

$n$

and

$k$

You can choose

any

bit in the

binary representation

of

$n$

that is equal to 1 and change it to 0.

Return the

number of changes

needed to make

n

equal to

k

. If it is impossible, return -1.

Example 1:

Input:

$n = 13, k = 4$

Output:

2

Explanation:

Initially, the binary representations of

n

and

k

are

$n = (1101)$

2

and

$$k = (0100)$$

2

We can change the first and fourth bits of

n

. The resulting integer is

$$n = ($$

0

10

0

)

2

$$= k$$

.

Example 2:

Input:

$$n = 21, k = 21$$

Output:

0

Explanation:

n

and

k

are already equal, so no changes are needed.

Example 3:

Input:

$n = 14, k = 13$

Output:

-1

Explanation:

It is not possible to make

n

equal to

k

Constraints:

$1 \leq n, k \leq 10$

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minChanges(int n, int k) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int minChanges(int n, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def minChanges(self, n: int, k: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def minChanges(self, n, k):  
        """  
        :type n: int  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} n  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var minChanges = function(n, k) {
```

```
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function minChanges(n: number, k: number): number {  
}  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int MinChanges(int n, int k) {  
          
    }  
}
```

### C:

```
int minChanges(int n, int k) {  
}  
}
```

### Go:

```
func minChanges(n int, k int) int {  
}  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun minChanges(n: Int, k: Int): Int {  
          
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func minChanges(_ n: Int, _ k: Int) -> Int {  
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn min_changes(n: i32, k: i32) -> i32 {
        }
    }
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} n
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def min_changes(n, k)

end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer
     */
    function minChanges($n, $k) {

    }
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {
    int minChanges(int n, int k) {
        }
    }
}
```

### **Scala:**

```
object Solution {  
    def minChanges(n: Int, k: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

### **Elixir:**

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec min_changes(n :: integer, k :: integer) :: integer  
    def min_changes(n, k) do  
  
    end  
end
```

### **Erlang:**

```
-spec min_changes(N :: integer(), K :: integer()) -> integer().  
min_changes(N, K) ->  
.
```

### **Racket:**

```
(define/contract (min-changes n k)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

## **Solutions**

### **C++ Solution:**

```
/*  
 * Problem: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: general  
 *  
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */
```

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minChanges(int n, int k) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: general  
 *  
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public int minChanges(int n, int k) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal  
Difficulty: Easy  
Tags: general  
  
Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def minChanges(self, n: int, k: int) -> int:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
```

```
pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def minChanges(self, n, k):
        """
        :type n: int
        :type k: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: general
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var minChanges = function(n, k) {
}
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: general
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints

```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
function minChanges(n: number, k: number): number {
}

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal
* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: general
*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
public class Solution {
    public int MinChanges(int n, int k) {
        return 0;
    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal
* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: general
*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
int minChanges(int n, int k) {
}

```

## Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: general
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func minChanges(n int, k int) int {

}
```

## Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun minChanges(n: Int, k: Int): Int {
        return 0
    }
}
```

## Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func minChanges(_ n: Int, _ k: Int) -> Int {
        return 0
    }
}
```

## Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Number of Bit Changes to Make Two Integers Equal
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: general
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn min_changes(n: i32, k: i32) -> i32 {
        return 0
    }
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} n
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def min_changes(n, k)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer
     */
    function minChanges($n, $k) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
    int minChanges(int n, int k) {

    }
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
    def minChanges(n: Int, k: Int): Int = {

    }
```

```
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec min_changes(n :: integer, k :: integer) :: integer
  def min_changes(n, k) do

  end
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec min_changes(N :: integer(), K :: integer()) -> integer().
min_changes(N, K) ->
  .
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (min-changes n k)
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?))
)
```