

Problem 3227: Vowels Game in a String

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Alice and Bob are playing a game on a string.

You are given a string

`s`

, Alice and Bob will take turns playing the following game where Alice starts

first

:

On Alice's turn, she has to remove any

non-empty

substring

from

`s`

that contains an

odd

number of vowels.

On Bob's turn, he has to remove any

non-empty

substring

from

s

that contains an

even

number of vowels.

The first player who cannot make a move on their turn loses the game. We assume that both Alice and Bob play

optimally

.

Return

true

if Alice wins the game, and

false

otherwise.

The English vowels are:

a

,

e

,

i

,

o

, and

u

.

Example 1:

Input:

s = "leetcode"

Output:

true

Explanation:

Alice can win the game as follows:

Alice plays first, she can delete the underlined substring in

s = "

leetco

der"

which contains 3 vowels. The resulting string is

`s = "der"`

.

Bob plays second, he can delete the underlined substring in

`s = "`

`d`

`er"`

which contains 0 vowels. The resulting string is

`s = "er"`

.

Alice plays third, she can delete the whole string

`s = "`

`er`

`"`

which contains 1 vowel.

Bob plays fourth, since the string is empty, there is no valid play for Bob. So Alice wins the game.

Example 2:

Input:

`s = "bbcd"`

Output:

false

Explanation:

There is no valid play for Alice in her first turn, so Alice loses the game.

Constraints:

$1 \leq s.length \leq 10$

s

s

consists only of lowercase English letters.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool doesAliceWin(string s) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public boolean doesAliceWin(String s) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def doesAliceWin(self, s: str) -> bool:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def doesAliceWin(self, s):
        """
        :type s: str
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var doesAliceWin = function(s) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
function doesAliceWin(s: string): boolean {

};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public bool DoesAliceWin(string s) {

    }
}
```

C:

```
bool doesAliceWin(char* s) {

}
```

Go:

```
func doesAliceWin(s string) bool {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun doesAliceWin(s: String): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func doesAliceWin(_ s: String) -> Bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn does_alice_win(s: String) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} s  
# @return {Boolean}  
def does_alice_win(s)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $s  
     * @return Boolean  
     */  
}
```

```

*/
function doesAliceWin($s) {

}

}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
  bool doesAliceWin(String s) {

  }
}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def doesAliceWin(s: String): Boolean = {

  }
}

```

Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec does_alice_win(s :: String.t) :: boolean
  def does_alice_win(s) do

  end
end

```

Erlang:

```

-spec does_alice_win(S :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> boolean().
does_alice_win(S) ->
.

```

Racket:

```

(define/contract (does-alice-win s)
  (-> string? boolean?)
)

```


Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Vowels Game in a String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, tree, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

class Solution {
public:
    bool doesAliceWin(string s) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Vowels Game in a String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, tree, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

class Solution {
    public boolean doesAliceWin(String s) {

    }
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Vowels Game in a String
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: string, tree, math

Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
"""

class Solution:
    def doesAliceWin(self, s: str) -> bool:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def doesAliceWin(self, s):
        """
        :type s: str
        :rtype: bool
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Vowels Game in a String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, tree, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var doesAliceWin = function(s) {

```

```
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Vowels Game in a String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, tree, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

function doesAliceWin(s: string): boolean {

};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Vowels Game in a String
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: string, tree, math
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

public class Solution {
    public bool DoesAliceWin(string s) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Vowels Game in a String
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```

* Tags: string, tree, math
*
* Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/

bool doesAliceWin(char* s) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Vowels Game in a String
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: string, tree, math
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

func doesAliceWin(s string) bool {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun doesAliceWin(s: String): Boolean {

    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func doesAliceWin(_ s: String) -> Bool {

    }
}

```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Vowels Game in a String
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: string, tree, math
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

impl Solution {
    pub fn does_alice_win(s: String) -> bool {

    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s
# @return {Boolean}
def does_alice_win(s)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function doesAliceWin($s) {

    }

}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
    bool doesAliceWin(String s) {
```

```
}  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def doesAliceWin(s: String): Boolean = {  
  
  }  
}
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Elixir Solution:

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defmodule Solution do  
  @spec does_alice_win(s :: String.t) :: boolean  
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