

Problem 2674: Split a Circular Linked List

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given a

circular linked list

list

of positive integers, your task is to split it into 2

circular linked lists

so that the first one contains the

first half

of the nodes in

list

(exactly

$\text{ceil}(\text{list.length} / 2)$

nodes) in the same order they appeared in

list

, and the second one contains

the rest

of the nodes in

list

in the same order they appeared in

list

.

Return

an array answer of length 2 in which the first element is a

circular linked list

representing the

first half

and the second element is a

circular linked list

representing the

second half

.

A

circular linked list

is a normal linked list with the only difference being that the last node's next node, is the first node.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [1,5,7]

Output:

[[1,5],[7]]

Explanation:

The initial list has 3 nodes so the first half would be the first 2 elements since $\text{ceil}(3 / 2) = 2$ and the rest which is 1 node is in the second half.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [2,6,1,5]

Output:

[[2,6],[1,5]]

Explanation:

The initial list has 4 nodes so the first half would be the first 2 elements since $\text{ceil}(4 / 2) = 2$ and the rest which is 2 nodes are in the second half.

Constraints:

The number of nodes in

list

is in the range

[2, 10

5

]

$0 \leq \text{Node.val} \leq 10$

9

`LastNode.next = FirstNode`

where

`LastNode`

is the last node of the list and

`FirstNode`

is the first one

Code Snippets

C++:

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
 * };
 */
class Solution {
```

```
public:  
vector<ListNode*> splitCircularLinkedList(ListNode* list) {  
  
}  
};
```

Java:

```
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 *  
 * public class ListNode {  
 * int val;  
 * ListNode next;  
 * ListNode() {}  
 * ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }  
 * ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }  
 * }  
 */  
class Solution {  
public ListNode[] splitCircularLinkedList(ListNode list) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
# Definition for singly-linked list.  
# class ListNode:  
# def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):  
#     self.val = val  
#     self.next = next  
class Solution:  
    def splitCircularLinkedList(self, list: Optional[ListNode]) ->  
        List[Optional[ListNode]]:
```

Python:

```
# Definition for singly-linked list.  
# class ListNode(object):  
#     def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):  
#         self.val = val  
#         self.next = next
```

```
class Solution(object):
    def splitCircularLinkedList(self, list):
        """
        :type list: Optional[ListNode]
        :rtype: List[Optional[ListNode]]
        """

```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * function ListNode(val, next) {
 *     this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
 *     this.next = (next===undefined ? null : next)
 * }
 */
/**
 * @param {ListNode} list
 * @return {ListNode[]}
 */
var splitCircularLinkedList = function(list) {
};

}
```

TypeScript:

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode {
 *     val: number
 *     next: ListNode | null
 *     constructor(val?: number, next?: ListNode | null) {
 *         this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
 *         this.next = (next===undefined ? null : next)
 *     }
 * }
 */

function splitCircularLinkedList(list: ListNode | null): Array<ListNode | null> {
}

}
```

C#:

```
/*
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * public class ListNode {
 *     public int val;
 *     public ListNode next;
 *     public ListNode(int val=0, ListNode next=null) {
 *         this.val = val;
 *         this.next = next;
 *     }
 * }
 */
public class Solution {
    public ListNode[] SplitCircularLinkedList(ListNode list) {
        }
    }
}
```

C:

```
/*
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     struct ListNode *next;
 * };
 */
/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
struct ListNode** splitCircularLinkedList(struct ListNode* list){
    }
```

Go:

```
/*
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * type ListNode struct {
 *     Val int
 *     Next *ListNode
 * }
```

```
*/  
func splitCircularLinkedList(list *ListNode) []*ListNode {  
}  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
/**  
 * Example:  
 * var li = ListNode(5)  
 * var v = li.`val`  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 * class ListNode(var `val`: Int) {  
 * var next: ListNode? = null  
 * }  
 */  
class Solution {  
    fun splitCircularLinkedList(list: ListNode?): Array<ListNode?> {  
        }  
    }
```

Swift:

```
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 * public class ListNode {  
 *     public var val: Int  
 *     public var next: ListNode?  
 *     public init() { self.val = 0; self.next = nil; }  
 *     public init(_ val: Int) { self.val = val; self.next = nil; }  
 *     public init(_ val: Int, _ next: ListNode?) { self.val = val; self.next =  
 *         next; }  
 * }  
 */  
class Solution {  
    func splitCircularLinkedList(_ list: ListNode?) -> [ListNode?] {  
        }  
    }
```

Ruby:

```

# Definition for singly-linked list.

# class ListNode
# attr_accessor :val, :next
# def initialize(val = 0, _next = nil)
#   @val = val
#   @next = _next
# end
# end

# @param {ListNode} list
# @return {ListNode[]}
def split_circular_linked_list(list)

end

```

PHP:

```

/**
 * Definition for a singly-linked list.
 *
 * class ListNode {
 *     public $val = 0;
 *     public $next = null;
 *     function __construct($val = 0, $next = null) {
 *         $this->val = $val;
 *         $this->next = $next;
 *     }
 * }
 */
class Solution {

/**
 * @param ListNode $list
 * @return ListNode[]
 */
function splitCircularLinkedList($list) {

}

}

```

Dart:

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 *
 * class ListNode {

```

```

* int val;
* ListNode? next;
* ListNode([this.val = 0, this.next]);
* }
*/
import 'dart:collection'; // DO NOT REMOVE THIS LINE

class Solution {
List<ListNode?> splitCircularLinkedList(ListNode? list) {
}
}

```

Scala:

```

/**
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* class ListNode(_x: Int = 0, _next: ListNode = null) {
* var next: ListNode = _next
* var x: Int = _x
* }
*/
object Solution {
def splitCircularLinkedList(list: ListNode): Array[ListNode] = {
}
}

```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Split a Circular Linked List
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, linked_list
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)

```

```

* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/



/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
 * };
 */
class Solution {
public:
vector<ListNode*> splitCircularLinkedList(ListNode* list) {

}
};

```

Java Solution:

```

/***
* Problem: Split a Circular Linked List
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, linked_list
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/



/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * public class ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode next;
 *     ListNode() {}
 *     ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
 *     ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }
 * }

```

```

*/
class Solution {
public ListNode[] splitCircularLinkedList(ListNode list) {

}
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Split a Circular Linked List
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, linked_list

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

# Definition for singly-linked list.
# class ListNode:
#     def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):
#         self.val = val
#         self.next = next
class Solution:

    def splitCircularLinkedList(self, list: Optional[ListNode]) ->
        List[Optional[ListNode]]:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

# Definition for singly-linked list.
# class ListNode(object):
#     def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):
#         self.val = val
#         self.next = next
class Solution(object):

    def splitCircularLinkedList(self, list):
        """
:type list: Optional[ListNode]

```

```
:rtype: List[Optional[ListNode]]  
"""
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Split a Circular Linked List  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, linked_list  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
/**  
 * Definition for singly-linked list.  
 * function ListNode(val, next) {  
 *     this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)  
 *     this.next = (next===undefined ? null : next)  
 * }  
 */  
/**  
 * @param {ListNode} list  
 * @return {ListNode[]}  
 */  
var splitCircularLinkedList = function(list) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Split a Circular Linked List  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, linked_list  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */
```

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode {
 * val: number
 * next: ListNode | null
 * constructor(val?: number, next?: ListNode | null) {
 * this.val = (val===undefined ? 0 : val)
 * this.next = (next===undefined ? null : next)
 * }
 * }
 */

function splitCircularLinkedList(list: ListNode | null): Array<ListNode | null> {
}

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Split a Circular Linked List
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, linked_list
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * public class ListNode {
 * public int val;
 * public ListNode next;
 * public ListNode(int val=0, ListNode next=null) {
 * this.val = val;
 * this.next = next;
 * }
 * }
 */

```

```

public class Solution {
    public ListNode[] SplitCircularLinkedList(ListNode list) {
        }
    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Split a Circular Linked List
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, linked_list
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     struct ListNode *next;
 * };
 */
/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
struct ListNode** splitCircularLinkedList(struct ListNode* list){

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Split a Circular Linked List
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, linked_list
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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```

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * type ListNode struct {
 *     Val int
 *     Next *ListNode
 * }
 */
func splitCircularLinkedList(list *ListNode) []*ListNode {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

/**
 * Example:
 * var li = ListNode(5)
 * var v = li.`val`
 *
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode(var `val`: Int) {
 *     var next: ListNode? = null
 * }
 */
class Solution {
    fun splitCircularLinkedList(list: ListNode?): Array<ListNode?> {
}
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * public class ListNode {
 *     public var val: Int
 *     public var next: ListNode?
 *     public init() { self.val = 0; self.next = nil; }
 *     public init(_ val: Int) { self.val = val; self.next = nil; }
 *     public init(_ val: Int, _ next: ListNode?) { self.val = val; self.next =
next; }
 * }

```

```

*/
class Solution {
func splitCircularLinkedList(_ list: ListNode?) -> [ListNode?] {
}
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# Definition for singly-linked list.
# class ListNode
# attr_accessor :val, :next
# def initialize(val = 0, _next = nil)
#   @val = val
#   @next = _next
# end
# end
# @param {ListNode} list
# @return {ListNode[]}
def split_circular_linked_list(list)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for a singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode {
 *   public $val = 0;
 *   public $next = null;
 *   function __construct($val = 0, $next = null) {
 *     $this->val = $val;
 *     $this->next = $next;
 *   }
 * }
 */
class Solution {

/**
 * @param ListNode $list
 * @return ListNode[]

```

```

*/
function splitCircularLinkedList($list) {
}

}

```

Dart Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode {
 * int val;
 * ListNode? next;
 * ListNode([this.val = 0, this.next]);
 * }
 */

import 'dart:collection'; // DO NOT REMOVE THIS LINE

class Solution {
List<ListNode?> splitCircularLinkedList(ListNode? list) {

}
}

```

Scala Solution:

```

/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * class ListNode(_x: Int = 0, _next: ListNode = null) {
 * var next: ListNode = _next
 * var x: Int = _x
 * }
 */
object Solution {
def splitCircularLinkedList(list: ListNode): Array[ListNode] = {

}
}

```