

Problem 2483: Minimum Penalty for a Shop

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given the customer visit log of a shop represented by a

0-indexed

string

customers

consisting only of characters

'N'

and

'Y'

:

if the

i

th

character is

'Y'

, it means that customers come at the

i

th

hour

whereas

'N'

indicates that no customers come at the

i

th

hour.

If the shop closes at the

j

th

hour (

$0 \leq j \leq n$

), the

penalty

is calculated as follows:

For every hour when the shop is open and no customers come, the penalty increases by

1

For every hour when the shop is closed and customers come, the penalty increases by

1

Return

the

earliest

hour at which the shop must be closed to incur a

minimum

penalty.

Note

that if a shop closes at the

j

th

hour, it means the shop is closed at the hour

j

Example 1:

Input:

customers = "YYNY"

Output:

2

Explanation:

- Closing the shop at the 0

th

hour incurs in $1+1+0+1 = 3$ penalty. - Closing the shop at the 1

st

hour incurs in $0+1+0+1 = 2$ penalty. - Closing the shop at the 2

nd

hour incurs in $0+0+0+1 = 1$ penalty. - Closing the shop at the 3

rd

hour incurs in $0+0+1+1 = 2$ penalty. - Closing the shop at the 4

th

hour incurs in $0+0+1+0 = 1$ penalty. Closing the shop at 2

nd

or 4

th

hour gives a minimum penalty. Since 2 is earlier, the optimal closing time is 2.

Example 2:

Input:

```
customers = "NNNNN"
```

Output:

0

Explanation:

It is best to close the shop at the 0

th

hour as no customers arrive.

Example 3:

Input:

```
customers = "YYYYY"
```

Output:

4

Explanation:

It is best to close the shop at the 4

th

hour as customers arrive at each hour.

Constraints:

`1 <= customers.length <= 10`

`5`

`customers`

`consists only of characters`

`'Y'`

`and`

`'N'`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int bestClosingTime(string customers) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int bestClosingTime(String customers) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def bestClosingTime(self, customers: str) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def bestClosingTime(self, customers):
        """
        :type customers: str
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {string} customers
 * @return {number}
 */
var bestClosingTime = function(customers) {
};

}
```

TypeScript:

```
function bestClosingTime(customers: string): number {
};

}
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public int BestClosingTime(string customers) {
        }
}
```

C:

```
int bestClosingTime(char* customers) {
};

}
```

Go:

```
func bestClosingTime(customers string) int {
```

```
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun bestClosingTime(customers: String): Int {  
        // Implementation  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func bestClosingTime(_ customers: String) -> Int {  
        // Implementation  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn best_closing_time(customers: String) -> i32 {  
        // Implementation  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} customers  
# @return {Integer}  
def best_closing_time(customers)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $customers  
     * @return Integer  
     */
```

```
function bestClosingTime($customers) {  
}  
}  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int bestClosingTime(String customers) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def bestClosingTime(customers: String): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec best_closing_time(customers :: String.t) :: integer  
  def best_closing_time(customers) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec best_closing_time(Customers :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> integer().  
best_closing_time(Customers) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (best-closing-time customers)  
  (-> string? exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimum Penalty for a Shop
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int bestClosingTime(string customers) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Minimum Penalty for a Shop
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int bestClosingTime(String customers) {

    }
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Minimum Penalty for a Shop
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, string

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def bestClosingTime(self, customers: str) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def bestClosingTime(self, customers):
        """
        :type customers: str
        :rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimum Penalty for a Shop
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * @param {string} customers
 * @return {number}
 */
var bestClosingTime = function(customers) {

```

```
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Minimum Penalty for a Shop  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function bestClosingTime(customers: string): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Minimum Penalty for a Shop  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public int BestClosingTime(string customers) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Minimum Penalty for a Shop  
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```

* Tags: array, string
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
int bestClosingTime(char* customers) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Minimum Penalty for a Shop
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func bestClosingTime(customers string) int {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun bestClosingTime(customers: String): Int {
    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func bestClosingTime(_ customers: String) -> Int {
    }
}

```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimum Penalty for a Shop
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn best_closing_time(customers: String) -> i32 {
        ...
    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} customers
# @return {Integer}
def best_closing_time(customers)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $customers
     * @return Integer
     */
    function bestClosingTime($customers) {

    }
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
    int bestClosingTime(String customers) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def bestClosingTime(customers: String): Int = {  
  
    }  
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Elixir Solution:

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