

# Problem 711: Number of Distinct Islands II

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Hard

**Acceptance Rate:** 55.16%

**Paid Only:** Yes

**Tags:** Hash Table, Depth-First Search, Breadth-First Search, Union Find, Hash Function

## Problem Description

You are given an `m x n` binary matrix `grid`. An island is a group of `1`'s (representing land) connected \*\*4-directionally\*\* (horizontal or vertical.) You may assume all four edges of the grid are surrounded by water.

An island is considered to be the same as another if they have the same shape, or have the same shape after \*\*rotation\*\* (90, 180, or 270 degrees only) or \*\*reflection\*\* (left/right direction or up/down direction).

Return \_the number of\*\*distinct\*\* islands\_ .

**Example 1:**



**Input:** grid = [[1,1,0,0,0],[1,0,0,0,0],[0,0,0,0,1],[0,0,0,1,1]] **Output:** 1 **Explanation:**

The two islands are considered the same because if we make a 180 degrees clockwise rotation on the first island, then two islands will have the same shapes.

**Example 2:**



**Input:** grid = [[1,1,0,0,0],[1,1,0,0,0],[0,0,0,1,1],[0,0,0,1,1]] **Output:** 1

**Constraints:**

`* `m == grid.length` * `n == grid[i].length` * `1 <= m, n <= 50` * `grid[i][j]` is either `0` or `1`.`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int numDistinctIslands2(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int numDistinctIslands2(int[][] grid) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def numDistinctIslands2(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```