

Problem 702: Search in a Sorted Array of Unknown Size

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

This is an

interactive problem

.

You have a sorted array of

unique

elements and an

unknown size

. You do not have an access to the array but you can use the

`ArrayReader`

interface to access it. You can call

`ArrayReader.get(i)`

that:

returns the value at the

i

th

index (

0-indexed

) of the secret array (i.e.,

secret[i]

), or

returns

2

31

- 1

if the

i

is out of the boundary of the array.

You are also given an integer

target

.

Return the index

k

of the hidden array where

`secret[k] == target`

or return

-1

otherwise.

You must write an algorithm with

$O(\log n)$

runtime complexity.

Example 1:

Input:

`secret = [-1,0,3,5,9,12]`, `target = 9`

Output:

4

Explanation:

9 exists in secret and its index is 4.

Example 2:

Input:

`secret = [-1,0,3,5,9,12]`, `target = 2`

Output:

-1

Explanation:

2 does not exist in secret so return -1.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{secret.length} \leq 10$

4

-10

4

$\text{secret}[i] \leq \text{target} \leq 10$

4

secret

is sorted in a strictly increasing order.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
/**
 * // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * class ArrayReader {
 * public:
 *   int get(int index);
 * };
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int search(const ArrayReader& reader, int target) {
```

```
}  
};
```

Java:

```
/**  
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.  
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation  
 * interface ArrayReader {  
 * public int get(int index) {}  
 * }  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public int search(ArrayReader reader, int target) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
# ""  
# This is ArrayReader's API interface.  
# You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation  
# ""  
#class ArrayReader:  
# def get(self, index: int) -> int:  
  
class Solution:  
def search(self, reader: 'ArrayReader', target: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
# ""  
# This is ArrayReader's API interface.  
# You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation  
# ""  
#class ArrayReader(object):  
# def get(self, index):  
# ""  
# :type index: int  
# :rtype int
```

```
# """

class Solution(object):
    def search(self, reader, target):
        """
        :type reader: ArrayReader
        :type target: int
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * function ArrayReader() {
 *
 *
 * @param {number} index
 * @return {number}
 * this.get = function(index) {
 * ...
 * };
 * };
 */

/**
 * @param {ArrayReader} reader
 * @param {number} target
 * @return {number}
 */
var search = function (reader, target) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
/**
 * class ArrayReader {
 * // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * get(index: number): number {};
 * };
```

```

*/

function search(reader: ArrayReader, target: number): number {

};

```

C#:

```

/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * class ArrayReader {
 * public int Get(int index) {}
 * }
 */

class Solution {
public int Search(ArrayReader reader, int target) {

}

}

```

C:

```

/**
 * *****
 * // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * *****
 *
 * int getElement(ArrayReader *, int index);
 */

int search(struct ArrayReader* reader, int target) {

}

```

Go:

```

/**
 * // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation

```

```

* type ArrayReader struct {
* }
*
* func (this *ArrayReader) get(index int) int {}
*/

func search(reader ArrayReader, target int) int {

}

```

Kotlin:

```

/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * class ArrayReader {
 * fun get(index: Int): Int {}
 * }
 */

class Solution {
fun search(reader: ArrayReader, target: Int): Int {

}

}

```

Swift:

```

/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * public class ArrayReader {
 * public func get(_ index: Int) -> Int {}
 * }
 */

class Solution {
func search(_ reader: ArrayReader, _ target: Int) -> Int {

}

}

```


Ruby:

```
# This is ArrayReader's API interface.
# You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
# class ArrayReader
#   def get(index)
#
#   end
# end

# @param {ArrayReader} reader
# @param {int} target
# @return {int}
def search(reader, target)

end
```

PHP:

```
/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * class ArrayReader {
 *   function get($index) {}
 * }
 */

class Solution {
    /**
     * @param ArrayReader $reader
     * @param Integer $target
     * @return Integer
     */
    function search($reader, $target) {

    }
}
```

Scala:

```
/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
```

```

* class ArrayReader {
* def get(index: Int): Int = {}
* }
*/

object Solution {
def search(reader: ArrayReader, target: Int): Int = {

}
}

```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Search in a Sorted Array of Unknown Size
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, sort, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

/**
* // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
* // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
* class ArrayReader {
* public:
* int get(int index);
* };
*/

class Solution {
public:
int search(const ArrayReader& reader, int target) {

}
};

```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Search in a Sorted Array of Unknown Size
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  or  $O(n \log n)$ 
 * Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
 */

/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * interface ArrayReader {
 *     public int get(int index) {
 *         // TODO: Implement optimized solution
 *         return 0;
 *     }
 * }
 */

class Solution {
    public int search(ArrayReader reader, int target) {

    }
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Search in a Sorted Array of Unknown Size
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, sort, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  or  $O(n \log n)$ 
Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
"""

# """
```

```

# This is ArrayReader's API interface.
# You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
# """
#class ArrayReader:
# def get(self, index: int) -> int:

class Solution:
def search(self, reader: 'ArrayReader', target: int) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

# """
# This is ArrayReader's API interface.
# You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
# """
#class ArrayReader(object):
# def get(self, index):
# """
# :type index: int
# :rtype int
# """

class Solution(object):
def search(self, reader, target):
"""
:type reader: ArrayReader
:type target: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Search in a Sorted Array of Unknown Size
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)

```

```

* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

/**
 * // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * function ArrayReader() {
 *
 *
 * @param {number} index
 * @return {number}
 * this.get = function(index) {
 * ...
 * };
 * };
 */

/**
 * @param {ArrayReader} reader
 * @param {number} target
 * @return {number}
 */
var search = function (reader, target) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Search in a Sorted Array of Unknown Size
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * class ArrayReader {
 * // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation

```

```

* get(index: number): number {};
* };
*/

function search(reader: ArrayReader, target: number): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Search in a Sorted Array of Unknown Size
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * class ArrayReader {
 * public int Get(int index) {}
 * }
 */

class Solution {
public int Search(ArrayReader reader, int target) {

}

}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Search in a Sorted Array of Unknown Size
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *

```

```

* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

/**
 * *****
 * // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * *****
 *
 * int getElement(ArrayReader *, int index);
 */

int search(struct ArrayReader* reader, int target) {

}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Search in a Sorted Array of Unknown Size
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, sort, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

/**
 * // This is the ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * type ArrayReader struct {
 * }
 *
 * func (this *ArrayReader) get(index int) int {}
 */

func search(reader ArrayReader, target int) int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```
/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * class ArrayReader {
 * fun get(index: Int): Int {}
 * }
 */

class Solution {
fun search(reader: ArrayReader, target: Int): Int {

}

}
```

Swift Solution:

```
/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * public class ArrayReader {
 * public func get(_ index: Int) -> Int {}
 * }
 */

class Solution {
func search(_ reader: ArrayReader, _ target: Int) -> Int {

}

}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# This is ArrayReader's API interface.
# You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
# class ArrayReader
# def get(index)
#
# end
# end

# @param {ArrayReader} reader
```



```

# @param {int} target
# @return {int}
def search(reader, target)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * class ArrayReader {
 *     function get($index) {}
 * }
 */

class Solution {
    /**
     * @param ArrayReader $reader
     * @param Integer $target
     * @return Integer
     */
    function search($reader, $target) {

    }
}

```

Scala Solution:

```

/**
 * // This is ArrayReader's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * class ArrayReader {
 *     def get(index: Int): Int = {}
 * }
 */

object Solution {
    def search(reader: ArrayReader, target: Int): Int = {

    }
}

```

