

Problem 778: Swim in Rising Water

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 67.34%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Binary Search, Depth-First Search, Breadth-First Search, Union Find, Heap (Priority Queue), Matrix

Problem Description

You are given an `n x n` integer matrix `grid` where each value `grid[i][j]` represents the elevation at that point `(i, j)`.

It starts raining, and water gradually rises over time. At time `t`, the water level is `t`, meaning **any** cell with elevation less than equal to `t` is submerged or reachable.

You can swim from a square to another 4-directionally adjacent square if and only if the elevation of both squares individually are at most `t`. You can swim infinite distances in zero time. Of course, you must stay within the boundaries of the grid during your swim.

Return _the minimum time until you can reach the bottom right square_ `(n - 1, n - 1)` _if you start at the top left square_ `(0, 0)` .

Example 1:

Input: grid = [[0,2],[1,3]] **Output:** 3
Explanation: At time 0, you are in grid location (0, 0). You cannot go anywhere else because 4-directionally adjacent neighbors have a higher elevation than t = 0. You cannot reach point (1, 1) until time 3. When the depth of water is 3, we can swim anywhere inside the grid.

Example 2:

****Input:**** grid = [[0,1,2,3,4],[24,23,22,21,5],[12,13,14,15,16],[11,17,18,19,20],[10,9,8,7,6]]
****Output:**** 16 ****Explanation:**** The final route is shown. We need to wait until time 16 so that (0, 0) and (4, 4) are connected.

****Constraints:****

* `n == grid.length` * `n == grid[i].length` * `1 <= n <= 50` * `0 <= grid[i][j] < n` * Each value `grid[i][j]` is **unique**.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int swimInWater(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {  
        }  
    };
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int swimInWater(int[][] grid) {  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def swimInWater(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```