

Problem 483: Smallest Good Base

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an integer

n

represented as a string, return

the smallest

good base

of

n

.

We call

$k \geq 2$

a

good base

of

n

, if all digits of

n

base

k

are

1

's.

Example 1:

Input:

n = "13"

Output:

"3"

Explanation:

13 base 3 is 111.

Example 2:

Input:

n = "4681"

Output:

"8"

Explanation:

4681 base 8 is 11111.

Example 3:

Input:

```
n = "10000000000000000000"
```

Output:

```
"9999999999999999"
```

Explanation:

10000000000000000000 base 9999999999999999 is 11.

Constraints:

n

is an integer in the range

[3, 10

18

]

.

n

does not contain any leading zeros.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    string smallestGoodBase(string n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public String smallestGoodBase(String n) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def smallestGoodBase(self, n: str) -> str:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def smallestGoodBase(self, n):  
        """  
        :type n: str  
        :rtype: str  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string} n  
 * @return {string}  
 */  
var smallestGoodBase = function(n) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function smallestGoodBase(n: string): string {  
}  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public string SmallestGoodBase(string n) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
char* smallestGoodBase(char* n) {  
}  
}
```

Go:

```
func smallestGoodBase(n string) string {  
}  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun smallestGoodBase(n: String): String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func smallestGoodBase(_ n: String) -> String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn smallest_good_base(n: String) -> String {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} n  
# @return {String}  
def smallest_good_base(n)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $n  
     * @return String  
     */  
    function smallestGoodBase($n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    String smallestGoodBase(String n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def smallestGoodBase(n: String): String = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec smallest_good_base(n :: String.t) :: String.t
  def smallest_good_base(n) do
    end
  end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec smallest_good_base(N :: unicode:unicode_binary()) ->
  unicode:unicode_binary().
smallest_good_base(N) ->
  .
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (smallest-good-base n)
  (-> string? string?))
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Smallest Good Base
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, math, search
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
  string smallestGoodBase(string n) {
    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Smallest Good Base  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: string, math, search  
 *  
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
    public String smallestGoodBase(String n) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Smallest Good Base  
Difficulty: Hard  
Tags: string, math, search  
  
Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def smallestGoodBase(self, n: str) -> str:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def smallestGoodBase(self, n):  
        """  
        :type n: str  
        :rtype: str
```

```
"""
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Smallest Good Base  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: string, math, search  
 *  
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {string} n  
 * @return {string}  
 */  
var smallestGoodBase = function(n) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Smallest Good Base  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: string, math, search  
 *  
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function smallestGoodBase(n: string): string {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Smallest Good Base
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, math, search
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public string SmallestGoodBase(string n) {
        return "";
    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Smallest Good Base
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: string, math, search
 *
 * Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

char* smallestGoodBase(char* n) {
    return "";
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Smallest Good Base
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: string, math, search
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

```

```
func smallestGoodBase(n string) string {  
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun smallestGoodBase(n: String): String {  
        // Implementation  
    }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func smallestGoodBase(_ n: String) -> String {
        }
    }
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Smallest Good Base
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: string, math, search
//
// Approach: String manipulation with hash map or two pointers
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn smallest_good_base(n: String) -> String {
        }
    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} n
# @return {String}
def smallest_good_base(n)
```

```
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $n  
     * @return String  
     */  
    function smallestGoodBase($n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
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  }  
}
```

Scala Solution:

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object Solution {  
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defmodule Solution do  
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  def smallest_good_base(n) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec smallest_good_base(N :: unicode:unicode_binary()) ->  
    unicode:unicode_binary().  
smallest_good_base(N) ->  
    .
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (smallest-good-base n)  
  (-> string? string?)  
  )
```