

# Problem 288: Unique Word Abbreviation

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 27.29%

**Paid Only:** Yes

**Tags:** Array, Hash Table, String, Design

## Problem Description

The \*\*abbreviation\*\* of a word is a concatenation of its first letter, the number of characters between the first and last letter, and its last letter. If a word has only two characters, then it is an \*\*abbreviation\*\* of itself.

For example:

\* `dog --> d1g` because there is one letter between the first letter `d` and the last letter `g`. \* `internationalization --> i18n` because there are 18 letters between the first letter `i` and the last letter `n`. \* `it --> it` because any word with only two characters is an \*\*abbreviation\*\* of itself.

Implement the `ValidWordAbbr` class:

\* ``ValidWordAbbr(String[] dictionary)`` Initializes the object with a `dictionary` of words. \* `boolean isUnique(string word)` Returns `true` if \*\*either\*\* of the following conditions are met (otherwise returns `false`): \* There is no word in `dictionary` whose \*\*abbreviation\*\* is equal to `word`'s \*\*abbreviation\*\*. \* For any word in `dictionary` whose \*\*abbreviation\*\* is equal to `word`'s \*\*abbreviation\*\* , that word and `word` are \*\*the same\*\*.

**Example 1:**

```
**Input** ["ValidWordAbbr", "isUnique", "isUnique", "isUnique", "isUnique", "isUnique"]
[[["deer", "door", "cake", "card"]], ["dear"], ["cart"], ["cane"], ["make"], ["cake"]]
**Output** [null, false, true, false, true, true]
**Explanation** ValidWordAbbr validWordAbbr = new ValidWordAbbr(["deer", "door", "cake", "card"]); validWordAbbr.isUnique("dear"); // return false, dictionary word "deer" and word "dear" have the same abbreviation "d2r" but are not the
```

same. validWordAbbr.isUnique("cart"); // return true, no words in the dictionary have the abbreviation "c2t". validWordAbbr.isUnique("cane"); // return false, dictionary word "cake" and word "cane" have the same abbreviation "c2e" but are not the same.  
validWordAbbr.isUnique("make"); // return true, no words in the dictionary have the abbreviation "m2e". validWordAbbr.isUnique("cake"); // return true, because "cake" is already in the dictionary and no other word in the dictionary has "c2e" abbreviation.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1 <= dictionary.length <= 3 \* 104` \* `1 <= dictionary[i].length <= 20` \* `dictionary[i]` consists of lowercase English letters. \* `1 <= word.length <= 20` \* `word` consists of lowercase English letters. \* At most `5000` calls will be made to `isUnique`.

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class ValidWordAbbr {  
public:  
    ValidWordAbbr(vector<string>& dictionary) {  
  
    }  
  
    bool isUnique(string word) {  
  
    }  
};  
  
/**  
* Your ValidWordAbbr object will be instantiated and called as such:  
* ValidWordAbbr* obj = new ValidWordAbbr(dictionary);  
* bool param_1 = obj->isUnique(word);  
*/
```

**Java:**

```
class ValidWordAbbr {  
  
public ValidWordAbbr(String[] dictionary) {  
  
}
```

```
public boolean isUnique(String word) {  
    }  
}  
  
/**  
 * Your ValidWordAbbr object will be instantiated and called as such:  
 * ValidWordAbbr obj = new ValidWordAbbr(dictionary);  
 * boolean param_1 = obj.isUnique(word);  
 */
```

### Python3:

```
class ValidWordAbbr:  
  
    def __init__(self, dictionary: List[str]):  
  
        def isUnique(self, word: str) -> bool:  
  
            # Your ValidWordAbbr object will be instantiated and called as such:  
            # obj = ValidWordAbbr(dictionary)  
            # param_1 = obj.isUnique(word)
```