

Problem 1748: Sum of Unique Elements

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 79.53%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Hash Table, Counting

Problem Description

You are given an integer array `nums`. The unique elements of an array are the elements that appear **exactly once** in the array.

Return **the sum** of all the unique elements of `nums`.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,2,3,2]` **Output:** `4` **Explanation:** The unique elements are `[1,3]`, and the sum is 4.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,1,1,1,1]` **Output:** `0` **Explanation:** There are no unique elements, and the sum is 0.

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [1,2,3,4,5]` **Output:** `15` **Explanation:** The unique elements are `[1,2,3,4,5]`, and the sum is 15.

Constraints:

`1 <= nums.length <= 100` `1 <= nums[i] <= 100`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int sumOfUnique(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int sumOfUnique(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def sumOfUnique(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```