

Problem 1095: Find in Mountain Array

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 40.83%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Binary Search, Interactive

Problem Description

(This problem is an **interactive problem**.)

You may recall that an array `arr` is a **mountain array** if and only if:

* `arr.length >= 3` * There exists some `i` with `0 < i < arr.length - 1` such that: `arr[0] < arr[1] < ... < arr[i - 1] < arr[i] * arr[i] > arr[i + 1] > ... > arr[arr.length - 1]`

Given a mountain array `mountainArr`, return the **minimum** `index` such that `mountainArr.get(index) == target`. If such an `index` does not exist, return `-1`.

You cannot access the mountain array directly. You may only access the array using a `MountainArray` interface:

* `MountainArray.get(k)` returns the element of the array at index `k` (0-indexed). * `MountainArray.length()` returns the length of the array.

Submissions making more than `100` calls to `MountainArray.get` will be judged `_Wrong Answer_`. Also, any solutions that attempt to circumvent the judge will result in disqualification.

Example 1:

Input: `mountainArr = [1,2,3,4,5,3,1]`, `target = 3` **Output:** `2` **Explanation:** `3` exists in the array, at `index=2` and `index=5`. Return the minimum index, which is `2`.

Example 2:

Input: mountainArr = [0,1,2,4,2,1], target = 3 **Output:** -1 **Explanation:** 3 does not exist in the array, so we return -1.

Constraints:

3 ≤ mountainArr.length() ≤ 104
0 ≤ target ≤ 109
0 ≤ mountainArr.get(index) ≤ 109

Code Snippets

C++:

```
/**
 * // This is the MountainArray's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * class MountainArray {
 * public:
 *   int get(int index);
 *   int length();
 * };
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int findInMountainArray(int target, MountainArray &mountainArr) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
/**
 * // This is MountainArray's API interface.
 * // You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation
 * interface MountainArray {
 *   public int get(int index) {}
 *   public int length() {}
 * }
 */

class Solution {
```

```
public int findInMountainArray(int target, MountainArray mountainArr) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
# ""  
# This is MountainArray's API interface.  
# You should not implement it, or speculate about its implementation  
# ""  
#class MountainArray:  
# def get(self, index: int) -> int:  
# def length(self) -> int:  
  
class Solution:  
def findInMountainArray(self, target: int, mountainArr: 'MountainArray') ->  
int:
```