

Problem 827: Making A Large Island

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 55.91%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Depth-First Search, Breadth-First Search, Union Find, Matrix

Problem Description

You are given an $n \times n$ binary matrix `grid`. You are allowed to change **at most one** `0` to be `1`.

Return **the size of the largest island** in `grid` after applying this operation.

An **island** is a 4-directionally connected group of `1`'s.

Example 1:

Input: `grid = [[1,0],[0,1]]` **Output:** 3 **Explanation:** Change one 0 to 1 and connect two 1s, then we get an island with area = 3.

Example 2:

Input: `grid = [[1,1],[1,0]]` **Output:** 4 **Explanation:** Change the 0 to 1 and make the island bigger, only one island with area = 4.

Example 3:

Input: `grid = [[1,1],[1,1]]` **Output:** 4 **Explanation:** Can't change any 0 to 1, only one island with area = 4.

Constraints:

$n == \text{grid.length}$ $n == \text{grid}[i].length$ $1 \leq n \leq 500$ `grid[i][j]` is either `0` or `1`.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int largestIsland(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int largestIsland(int[][] grid) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def largestIsland(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```