

Problem 946: Validate Stack Sequences

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 69.95%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Stack, Simulation

Problem Description

Given two integer arrays `pushed` and `popped` each with distinct values, return `true` if this could have been the result of a sequence of push and pop operations on an initially empty stack, or `false` otherwise.

Example 1.

Input: `pushed = [1,2,3,4,5]`, `popped = [4,5,3,2,1]` **Output:** `true` **Explanation:** We might do the following sequence: `push(1)`, `push(2)`, `push(3)`, `push(4)`, `pop()` -> 4, `push(5)`, `pop()` -> 5, `pop()` -> 3, `pop()` -> 2, `pop()` -> 1

Example 2.

Input: `pushed = [1,2,3,4,5]`, `popped = [4,3,5,1,2]` **Output:** `false` **Explanation:** 1 cannot be popped before 2.

Constraints:

`1 <= pushed.length <= 1000` `0 <= pushed[i] <= 1000` * All the elements of `pushed` are **unique**. `pushed.length == popped.length` `popped` is a permutation of `pushed`.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    bool validateStackSequences(vector<int>& pushed, vector<int>& popped) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean validateStackSequences(int[] pushed, int[] popped) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def validateStackSequences(self, pushed: List[int], popped: List[int]) ->  
        bool:
```