

# Problem 1846: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given an array of positive integers

arr

. Perform some operations (possibly none) on

arr

so that it satisfies these conditions:

The value of the

first

element in

arr

must be

1

The absolute difference between any 2 adjacent elements must be

less than or equal to

1

. In other words,

$\text{abs}(\text{arr}[i] - \text{arr}[i - 1]) \leq 1$

for each

i

where

$1 \leq i < \text{arr.length}$

(

0-indexed

).

$\text{abs}(x)$

is the absolute value of

x

.

There are 2 types of operations that you can perform any number of times:

Decrease

the value of any element of

arr

to a

smaller positive integer

Rearrange

the elements of

arr

to be in any order.

Return

the

maximum

possible value of an element in

arr

after performing the operations to satisfy the conditions

Example 1:

Input:

arr = [2,2,1,2,1]

Output:

2

Explanation:

We can satisfy the conditions by rearranging

arr

so it becomes

[1,2,2,2,1]

. The largest element in

arr

is 2.

Example 2:

Input:

arr = [100,1,1000]

Output:

3

Explanation:

One possible way to satisfy the conditions is by doing the following: 1. Rearrange

arr

so it becomes

[1,100,1000]

. 2. Decrease the value of the second element to 2. 3. Decrease the value of the third element to 3. Now

arr = [1,2,3]

, which

satisfies the conditions. The largest element in

arr is 3.

Example 3:

Input:

arr = [1,2,3,4,5]

Output:

5

Explanation:

The array already satisfies the conditions, and the largest element is 5.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{arr.length} \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{arr}[i] \leq 10$

9

## Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(vector<int>& arr) {
```

```
    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
public int maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(int[] arr) {
    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
def maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(self, arr: List[int]) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
def maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(self, arr):
    """
    :type arr: List[int]
    :rtype: int
    """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} arr
 * @return {number}
 */
var maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging = function(arr) {
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(arr: number[]): number
{



};
```

**C#:**

```
public class Solution {  
    public int MaximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(int[] arr) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**C:**

```
int maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(int* arr, int arrSize) {  
  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(arr []int) int {  
  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
    fun maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(arr: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(_ arr: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(arr: Vec<i32>) ->  
        i32 {  
  
    }
```

```
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} arr
# @return {Integer}
def maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(arr)

end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $arr
     * @return Integer
     */
    function maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging($arr) {

    }
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {
  int maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(List<int> arr) {
    }
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(arr: Array[Int]): Int = {
    }
}
```

### Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
@spec maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(arr :: [integer]) :: integer
def maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(arr) do
end
end

```

### Erlang:

```

-spec maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(Arr :: [integer()]) -> integer().
maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(Arr) ->
.

```

### Racket:

```

(define/contract (maximum-element-after-decrementing-and-rearranging arr)
(-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?))

```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
int maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(vector<int>& arr) {

}
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
    public int maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(int[] arr) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging  
Difficulty: Medium  
Tags: array, greedy, sort  
  
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(self, arr: List[int]) ->  
        int:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(self, arr):  
        """  
        :type arr: List[int]
```

```
:rtype: int
"""

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} arr
 * @return {number}
 */
var maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging = function(arr) {

};


```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(arr: number[]): number
{
}


```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public int MaximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(int[] arr) {

    }
}

```

## C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

int maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(int* arr, int arrSize) {

}

```

## Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, greedy, sort
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

```

```
func maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(arr []int) int {  
    }  
}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(arr: IntArray): Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(_ arr: [Int]) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Maximum Element After Decreasing and Rearranging  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, greedy, sort  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(arr: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} arr  
# @return {Integer}
```

```
def maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(arr)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $arr
     * @return Integer
     */
    function maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging($arr) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
    int maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(List<int> arr) {
    }
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
    def maximumElementAfterDecrementingAndRearranging(arr: Array[Int]): Int = {
    }
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(arr :: [integer]) :: integer
  def maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging(arr) do
  end
```

```
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging([integer()])  
-> integer().  
maximum_element_after_decrementing_and_rearranging([Arr]) ->  
    .
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (maximum-element-after-decrementing-and-rearranging arr)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)  
  )
```