

# Problem 1043: Partition Array for Maximum Sum

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 77.25%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Dynamic Programming

## Problem Description

Given an integer array `arr`, partition the array into (contiguous) subarrays of length `at most k`. After partitioning, each subarray has their values changed to become the maximum value of that subarray.

Return `the largest sum of the given array after partitioning`. Test cases are generated so that the answer fits in a `32-bit` integer.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `arr = [1,15,7,9,2,5,10], k = 3` **Output:** `84` **Explanation:** `arr` becomes `[15,15,15,9,10,10,10]`

**Example 2:**

**Input:** `arr = [1,4,1,5,7,3,6,1,9,9,3], k = 4` **Output:** `83`

**Example 3:**

**Input:** `arr = [1], k = 1` **Output:** `1`

**Constraints:**

`1 <= arr.length <= 500` `0 <= arr[i] <= 109` `1 <= k <= arr.length`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int maxSumAfterPartitioning(vector<int>& arr, int k) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int maxSumAfterPartitioning(int[] arr, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def maxSumAfterPartitioning(self, arr: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```