

# Problem 3355: Zero Array Transformation I

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 54.37%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Prefix Sum

## Problem Description

You are given an integer array `nums` of length `n` and a 2D array `queries`, where `queries[i] = [li, ri]`.

For each `queries[i]`:

- \* Select a subset of indices within the range `[li, ri]` in `nums`.
- \* Decrement the values at the selected indices by 1.

A **Zero Array** is an array where all elements are equal to 0.

Return `true` if it is possible to transform `nums` into a **Zero Array** after processing all the queries sequentially, otherwise return `false`.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `nums = [1,0,1]`, `queries = [[0,2]]`

**Output:** `true`

**Explanation:**

- \* **For `i = 0`:**
- \* Select the subset of indices as `[0, 2]` and decrement the values at these indices by 1.
- \* The array will become `[0, 0, 0]`, which is a Zero Array.

**Example 2:**

**\*\*Input:\*\*** nums = [4,3,2,1], queries = [[1,3],[0,2]]

**\*\*Output:\*\*** false

**\*\*Explanation:\*\***

\* **\*\*For i = 0:\*\*** \* Select the subset of indices as `[1, 2, 3]` and decrement the values at these indices by 1. \* The array will become `[4, 2, 1, 0]`. \* **\*\*For i = 1:\*\*** \* Select the subset of indices as `[0, 1, 2]` and decrement the values at these indices by 1. \* The array will become `[3, 1, 0, 0]`, which is not a Zero Array.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1 <= nums.length <= 105` \* `0 <= nums[i] <= 105` \* `1 <= queries.length <= 105` \*  
`queries[i].length == 2` \* `0 <= li <= ri < nums.length`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool isZeroArray(vector<int>& nums, vector<vector<int>>& queries) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public boolean isZeroArray(int[] nums, int[][] queries) {

    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def isZeroArray(self, nums: List[int], queries: List[List[int]]) -> bool:
```