

# Problem 2586: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range

## Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given a

0-indexed

array of string

words

and two integers

left

and

right

.

A string is called a

vowel string

if it starts with a vowel character and ends with a vowel character where vowel characters are

'a'

,

'e'

,

'i'

,

'o'

, and

'u'

Return

the number of vowel strings

words[i]

where

i

belongs to the inclusive range

[left, right]

Example 1:

Input:

```
words = ["are", "amy", "u"], left = 0, right = 2
```

Output:

2

Explanation:

- "are" is a vowel string because it starts with 'a' and ends with 'e'. - "amy" is not a vowel string because it does not end with a vowel. - "u" is a vowel string because it starts with 'u' and ends with 'u'. The number of vowel strings in the mentioned range is 2.

Example 2:

Input:

```
words = ["hey", "aeo", "mu", "ooo", "artro"], left = 1, right = 4
```

Output:

3

Explanation:

- "aeo" is a vowel string because it starts with 'a' and ends with 'o'. - "mu" is not a vowel string because it does not start with a vowel. - "ooo" is a vowel string because it starts with 'o' and ends with 'o'. - "artro" is a vowel string because it starts with 'a' and ends with 'o'. The number of vowel strings in the mentioned range is 3.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{words.length} \leq 1000$

$1 \leq \text{words[i].length} \leq 10$

`words[i]`

consists of only lowercase English letters.

$0 \leq \text{left} \leq \text{right} < \text{words.length}$

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int vowelStrings(vector<string>& words, int left, int right) {  
        }  
    };
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int vowelStrings(String[] words, int left, int right) {  
        }  
    }
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def vowelStrings(self, words: List[str], left: int, right: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def vowelStrings(self, words, left, right):  
        """  
        :type words: List[str]  
        :type left: int  
        :type right: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string[]} words
```

```
* @param {number} left
* @param {number} right
* @return {number}
*/
var vowelStrings = function(words, left, right) {

};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function vowelStrings(words: string[], left: number, right: number): number {

};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public int VowelStrings(string[] words, int left, int right) {
        }
}
```

### C:

```
int vowelStrings(char** words, int wordsSize, int left, int right) {

}
```

### Go:

```
func vowelStrings(words []string, left int, right int) int {
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {
    fun vowelStrings(words: Array<String>, left: Int, right: Int): Int {
    }
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func vowelStrings(_ words: [String], _ left: Int, _ right: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn vowel_strings(words: Vec<String>, left: i32, right: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Ruby:**

```
# @param {String[]} words  
# @param {Integer} left  
# @param {Integer} right  
# @return {Integer}  
def vowel_strings(words, left, right)  
  
end
```

**PHP:**

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String[] $words  
     * @param Integer $left  
     * @param Integer $right  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function vowelStrings($words, $left, $right) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Dart:**

```
class Solution {  
    int vowelStrings(List<String> words, int left, int right) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def vowelStrings(words: Array[String], left: Int, right: Int): Int = {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec vowel_strings(words :: [String.t], left :: integer, right :: integer)  
  :: integer  
  def vowel_strings(words, left, right) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec vowel_strings(Words :: [unicode:unicode_binary()]), Left :: integer(),  
Right :: integer()) -> integer().  
vowel_strings(Words, Left, Right) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (vowel-strings words left right)  
  (-> (listof string?) exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?))  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int vowelStrings(vector<string>& words, int left, int right) {
}
};


```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public int vowelStrings(String[] words, int left, int right) {
}

}


```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""

Problem: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, string

```

```

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

def vowelStrings(self, words: List[str], left: int, right: int) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def vowelStrings(self, words, left, right):
        """
        :type words: List[str]
        :type left: int
        :type right: int
        :rtype: int
"""

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

var vowelStrings = function(words, left, right) {

```

```
};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, string  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function vowelStrings(words: string[], left: number, right: number): number {  
  
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, string  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public int VowelStrings(string[] words, int left, int right) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range  
 * Difficulty: Easy
```

```

* Tags: array, string
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
int vowelStrings(char** words, int wordsSize, int left, int right) {
}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, string
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func vowelStrings(words []string, left int, right int) int {
}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun vowelStrings(words: Array<String>, left: Int, right: Int): Int {
    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func vowelStrings(_ words: [String], _ left: Int, _ right: Int) -> Int {
    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Count the Number of Vowel Strings in Range
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, string
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn vowel_strings(words: Vec<String>, left: i32, right: i32) -> i32 {
        ...
    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String[]} words
# @param {Integer} left
# @param {Integer} right
# @return {Integer}
def vowel_strings(words, left, right)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String[] $words
     * @param Integer $left
     * @param Integer $right
     * @return Integer
     */
    function vowelStrings($words, $left, $right) {
        ...
    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    int vowelStrings(List<String> words, int left, int right) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def vowelStrings(words: Array[String], left: Int, right: Int): Int = {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec vowel_strings(words :: [String.t], left :: integer, right :: integer)  
    :: integer  
    def vowel_strings(words, left, right) do  
  
    end  
    end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec vowel_strings(Words :: [unicode:unicode_binary()]), Left :: integer(),  
Right :: integer()) -> integer().  
vowel_strings(Words, Left, Right) ->  
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```

### Racket Solution:

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(define/contract (vowel-strings words left right)  
  (-> (listof string?) exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?))  
)
```