

# Problem 1342: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Easy**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given an integer

num

, return

the number of steps to reduce it to zero

In one step, if the current number is even, you have to divide it by

2

, otherwise, you have to subtract

1

from it.

Example 1:

Input:

num = 14

Output:

6

Explanation:

Step 1) 14 is even; divide by 2 and obtain 7. Step 2) 7 is odd; subtract 1 and obtain 6. Step 3) 6 is even; divide by 2 and obtain 3. Step 4) 3 is odd; subtract 1 and obtain 2. Step 5) 2 is even; divide by 2 and obtain 1. Step 6) 1 is odd; subtract 1 and obtain 0.

Example 2:

Input:

num = 8

Output:

4

Explanation:

Step 1) 8 is even; divide by 2 and obtain 4. Step 2) 4 is even; divide by 2 and obtain 2. Step 3) 2 is even; divide by 2 and obtain 1. Step 4) 1 is odd; subtract 1 and obtain 0.

Example 3:

Input:

num = 123

Output:

12

Constraints:

$0 \leq num \leq 10$

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int numberOfSteps(int num) {
        }
    };
}
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int numberOfSteps(int num) {
        }
    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def numberOfSteps(self, num: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def numberOfSteps(self, num):
        """
        :type num: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number} num
 * @return {number}
 */

```

```
var numberOfSteps = function(num) {  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function numberOfSteps(num: number): number {  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int NumberOfSteps(int num) {  
        }  
    }
```

### C:

```
int numberOfSteps(int num) {  
}
```

### Go:

```
func numberOfSteps(num int) int {  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun numberOfSteps(num: Int): Int {  
        }  
    }
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func numberOfSteps(_ num: Int) -> Int {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn number_of_steps(num: i32) -> i32 {
        }
    }
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} num
# @return {Integer}
def number_of_steps(num)

end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $num
     * @return Integer
     */
    function numberOfSteps($num) {
        }
    }
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {
    int numberOfSteps(int num) {
        }
    }
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def numberOfSteps(num: Int): Int = {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec number_of_steps(num :: integer) :: integer  
  def number_of_steps(num) do  
  
  end  
  end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec number_of_steps(Num :: integer()) -> integer().  
number_of_steps(Num) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (number-of-steps num)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: math  
 *  
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */
```

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int numberOfSteps(int num) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: math  
 *  
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
    public int numberOfSteps(int num) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero  
Difficulty: Easy  
Tags: math  
  
Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def numberOfSteps(self, num: int) -> int:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def numberOfSteps(self, num):
        """
        :type num: int
        :rtype: int
        """
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number} num
 * @return {number}
 */
var numberOfSteps = function(num) {

};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function numberOfSteps(num: number): number {
```

```
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public int NumberOfSteps(int num) {
        return num == 0 ? 0 : 1 + NumberOfSteps(num - 1);
    }
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

int numberOfSteps(int num) {
    if (num == 0) return 0;
    return 1 + numberOfSteps(num - 1);
}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero
// Difficulty: Easy
```

```
// Tags: math
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func numberOfSteps(num int) int {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun numberOfSteps(num: Int): Int {
        return num - 1
    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func numberOfSteps(_ num: Int) -> Int {
        return num - 1
    }
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Number of Steps to Reduce a Number to Zero
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: math
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn number_of_steps(num: i32) -> i32 {
        return num - 1
    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} num
# @return {Integer}
def number_of_steps(num)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $num
     * @return Integer
     */
    function numberOfSteps($num) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
int numberOfSteps(int num) {

}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
def numberOfSteps(num: Int): Int = {

}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec number_of_steps(non_neg_integer) :: non_neg_integer
def number_of_steps(num) do
```

```
end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec number_of_steps(Num :: integer()) -> integer().  
number_of_steps(Num) ->  
.
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (number-of-steps num)  
(-> exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```