

Problem 1223: Dice Roll Simulation

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 50.46%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Dynamic Programming

Problem Description

A die simulator generates a random number from `1` to `6` for each roll. You introduced a constraint to the generator such that it cannot roll the number `i` more than `rollMax[i]` (**1-indexed**) consecutive times.

Given an array of integers `rollMax` and an integer `n`, return the number of distinct sequences that can be obtained with exact `n` rolls. Since the answer may be too large, return it **modulo** $10^9 + 7$.

Two sequences are considered different if at least one element differs from each other.

Example 1:

Input: `n = 2, rollMax = [1,1,2,2,2,3]` **Output:** 34 **Explanation:** There will be 2 rolls of die, if there are no constraints on the die, there are $6 * 6 = 36$ possible combinations. In this case, looking at `rollMax` array, the numbers 1 and 2 appear at most once consecutively, therefore sequences (1,1) and (2,2) cannot occur, so the final answer is $36 - 2 = 34$.

Example 2:

Input: `n = 2, rollMax = [1,1,1,1,1,1]` **Output:** 30

Example 3:

Input: `n = 3, rollMax = [1,1,1,2,2,3]` **Output:** 181

Constraints:

```
*`1 <= n <= 5000` *`rollMax.length == 6` *`1 <= rollMax[i] <= 15`
```

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int dieSimulator(int n, vector<int>& rollMax) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int dieSimulator(int n, int[] rollMax) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def dieSimulator(self, n: int, rollMax: List[int]) -> int:
```