

Problem 739: Daily Temperatures

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an array of integers

temperatures

represents the daily temperatures, return

an array

answer

such that

answer[i]

is the number of days you have to wait after the

i

th

day to get a warmer temperature

. If there is no future day for which this is possible, keep

answer[i] == 0

instead.

Example 1:

Input:

temperatures = [73,74,75,71,69,72,76,73]

Output:

[1,1,4,2,1,1,0,0]

Example 2:

Input:

temperatures = [30,40,50,60]

Output:

[1,1,1,0]

Example 3:

Input:

temperatures = [30,60,90]

Output:

[1,1,0]

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{temperatures.length} \leq 10$

5

$30 \leq \text{temperatures}[i] \leq 100$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> dailyTemperatures(vector<int>& temperatures) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int[] dailyTemperatures(int[] temperatures) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def dailyTemperatures(self, temperatures: List[int]) -> List[int]:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def dailyTemperatures(self, temperatures):
        """
        :type temperatures: List[int]
        :rtype: List[int]
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number[]} temperatures
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var dailyTemperatures = function(temperatures) {
```

```
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function dailyTemperatures(temperatures: number[]): number[] {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int[] DailyTemperatures(int[] temperatures) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
/**  
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().  
 */  
int* dailyTemperatures(int* temperatures, int temperaturesSize, int*  
returnSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func dailyTemperatures(temperatures []int) []int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun dailyTemperatures(temperatures: IntArray): IntArray {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```

class Solution {
  func dailyTemperatures(_ temperatures: [Int]) -> [Int] {

  }
}

```

Rust:

```

impl Solution {
  pub fn daily_temperatures(temperatures: Vec<i32>) -> Vec<i32> {

  }
}

```

Ruby:

```

# @param {Integer[]} temperatures
# @return {Integer[]}
def daily_temperatures(temperatures)

end

```

PHP:

```

class Solution {

  /**
   * @param Integer[] $temperatures
   * @return Integer[]
   */
  function dailyTemperatures($temperatures) {

  }
}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
  List<int> dailyTemperatures(List<int> temperatures) {

  }
}

```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def dailyTemperatures(temperatures: Array[Int]): Array[Int] = {  
  
  }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec daily_temperatures(temperatures :: [integer]) :: [integer]  
  def daily_temperatures(temperatures) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec daily_temperatures(Temperatures :: [integer()]) -> [integer()].  
daily_temperatures(Temperatures) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (daily-temperatures temperatures)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof exact-integer?))  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Daily Temperatures  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, stack  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */
```

```

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> dailyTemperatures(vector<int>& temperatures) {

    }

};

```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Daily Temperatures
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, stack
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int[] dailyTemperatures(int[] temperatures) {

    }

}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Daily Temperatures
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, stack

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def dailyTemperatures(self, temperatures: List[int]) -> List[int]:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution

```

```
pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def dailyTemperatures(self, temperatures):  
        """  
        :type temperatures: List[int]  
        :rtype: List[int]  
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Daily Temperatures  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, stack  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
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 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {number[]} temperatures  
 * @return {number[]}  
 */  
var dailyTemperatures = function(temperatures) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
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 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, stack  
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
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```



```

*/

function dailyTemperatures(temperatures: number[]): number[] {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Daily Temperatures
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, stack
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public int[] DailyTemperatures(int[] temperatures) {

    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Daily Temperatures
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, stack
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
int* dailyTemperatures(int* temperatures, int temperaturesSize, int*
returnSize) {

```

```
}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Daily Temperatures
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, stack
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func dailyTemperatures(temperatures []int) []int {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun dailyTemperatures(temperatures: IntArray): IntArray {

    }
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```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func dailyTemperatures(_ temperatures: [Int]) -> [Int] {

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}
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Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Daily Temperatures
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, stack
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
```

```
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn daily_temperatures(temperatures: Vec<i32>) -> Vec<i32> {

    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} temperatures
# @return {Integer[]}
def daily_temperatures(temperatures)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $temperatures
     * @return Integer[]
     */
    function dailyTemperatures($temperatures) {

    }
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
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Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
    def dailyTemperatures(temperatures: Array[Int]): Array[Int] = {
```

```
}  
}
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defmodule Solution do  
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