

Problem 3702: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an integer array

nums

.

Return the length of the

longest

subsequence

in

nums

whose bitwise

XOR

is

non-zero

. If no such

subsequence

exists, return 0.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [1,2,3]

Output:

2

Explanation:

One longest subsequence is

[2, 3]

. The bitwise XOR is computed as

2 XOR 3 = 1

, which is non-zero.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [2,3,4]

Output:

3

Explanation:

The longest subsequence is

[2, 3, 4]

. The bitwise XOR is computed as

2 XOR 3 XOR 4 = 5

, which is non-zero.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10$

5

$0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

9

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int longestSubsequence(vector<int>& nums) {
    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
public int longestSubsequence(int[] nums) {
    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def longestSubsequence(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def longestSubsequence(self, nums):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var longestSubsequence = function(nums) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function longestSubsequence(nums: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int LongestSubsequence(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int longestSubsequence(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func longestSubsequence(nums []int) int {  
}  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun longestSubsequence(nums: IntArray): Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func longestSubsequence(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn longest_subsequence(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer}  
def longest_subsequence(nums)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**
```

```
* @param Integer[] $nums
* @return Integer
*/
function longestSubsequence($nums) {

}
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
int longestSubsequence(List<int> nums) {

}
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
def longestSubsequence(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {

}
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec longest_subsequence(nums :: [integer]) :: integer
def longest_subsequence(nums) do

end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec longest_subsequence(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().
longest_subsequence(Nums) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (longest-subsequence nums)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?))
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int longestSubsequence(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int longestSubsequence(int[] nums) {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

    def longestSubsequence(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):

    def longestSubsequence(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR
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 */

/**
```

```
* @param {number[]} nums
* @return {number}
*/
var longestSubsequence = function(nums) {
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/** 
* Problem: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array
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* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/
function longestSubsequence(nums: number[]): number {
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
* Problem: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/
public class Solution {
    public int LongestSubsequence(int[] nums) {
    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
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 */

int longestSubsequence(int* nums, int numsSize) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func longestSubsequence(nums []int) int {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun longestSubsequence(nums: IntArray): Int {
        }

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func longestSubsequence(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Longest Subsequence With Non-Zero Bitwise XOR
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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impl Solution {
    pub fn longest_subsequence(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {
        //
    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer}
def longest_subsequence(nums)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @return Integer
     */
    function longestSubsequence($nums) {

    }
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
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```
object Solution {  
    def longestSubsequence(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec longest_subsequence(list :: [integer]) :: integer  
  def longest_subsequence(list) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec longest_subsequence(Nums :: [integer()]) -> integer().  
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