

# Problem 3239: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given an

$m \times n$

binary matrix

grid

A row or column is considered

palindromic

if its values read the same forward and backward.

You can

flip

any number of cells in

grid

from

0

to

1

, or from

1

to

0

.

Return the

minimum

number of cells that need to be flipped to make

either

all rows

palindromic

or all columns

palindromic

.

Example 1:

Input:

```
grid = [[1,0,0],[0,0,0],[0,0,1]]
```

Output:

2

Explanation:

1	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	1

1	0	1
0	0	0
1	0	1

Flipping the highlighted cells makes all the rows palindromic.

Example 2:

Input:

```
grid =
```

```
[[0,1],[0,1],[0,0]]
```

Output:

1

Explanation:

0	1
0	1
0	0

0	1
0	1
0	1

Flipping the highlighted cell makes all the columns palindromic.

Example 3:

Input:

```
grid = [[1],[0]]
```

Output:

```
0
```

Explanation:

All rows are already palindromic.

Constraints:

```
m == grid.length
```

```
n == grid[i].length
```

```
1 <= m * n <= 2 * 10
```

```
5
```

```
0 <= grid[i][j] <= 1
```

## Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int minFlips(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {
        }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int minFlips(int[][] grid) {  
  
}  
}  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
def minFlips(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
def minFlips(self, grid):  
    """  
    :type grid: List[List[int]]  
    :rtype: int  
    """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[][]} grid  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var minFlips = function(grid) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function minFlips(grid: number[][]): number {  
  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
public int MinFlips(int[][] grid) {  
  
}  
}  
}
```

**C:**

```
int minFlips(int** grid, int gridSize, int* gridColSize) {  
}  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func minFlips(grid [][]int) int {  
}  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
    fun minFlips(grid: Array<IntArray>): Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func minFlips(_ grid: [[Int]]) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn min_flips(grid: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

**Ruby:**

```
# @param {Integer[][]} grid  
# @return {Integer}  
def min_flips(grid)  
  
end
```

**PHP:**

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[][] $grid
     * @return Integer
     */
    function minFlips($grid) {

    }
}
```

**Dart:**

```
class Solution {
    int minFlips(List<List<int>> grid) {
    }
}
```

**Scala:**

```
object Solution {
    def minFlips(grid: Array[Array[Int]]): Int = {
    }
}
```

**Elixir:**

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec min_flips(grid :: [[integer]]) :: integer
  def min_flips(grid) do
    end
  end
end
```

**Erlang:**

```
-spec min_flips(Grid :: [[integer()]]) -> integer().
min_flips(Grid) ->
  .
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (min-flips grid)
  (-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) exact-integer?))
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int minFlips(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int minFlips(int[][] grid) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array
```

```
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
```

```
"""
```

```
class Solution:
    def minFlips(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def minFlips(self, grid):
        """
:type grid: List[List[int]]
:rtype: int
"""
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */
```

```

/**
 * @param {number[][]} grid
 * @return {number}
 */
var minFlips = function(grid) {
};


```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function minFlips(grid: number[][]): number {
};


```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public int MinFlips(int[][] grid) {
    }
}


```

```
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

int minFlips(int** grid, int gridSize, int* gridColSize) {

}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func minFlips(grid [][]int) int {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun minFlips(grid: Array<IntArray>): Int {
        return 0
    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func minFlips(_ grid: [[Int]]) -> Int {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimum Number of Flips to Make Binary Grid Palindromic I  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn min_flips(grid: Vec<Vec<i32>>) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} grid  
# @return {Integer}  
def min_flips(grid)  
  
end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[][] $grid  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function minFlips($grid) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Dart Solution:**

```
class Solution {  
    int minFlips(List<List<int>> grid) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Scala Solution:**

```
object Solution {  
    def minFlips(grid: Array[Array[Int]]): Int = {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Elixir Solution:**

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec min_flips(grid :: [[integer]]) :: integer  
  def min_flips(grid) do  
  
  end  
end
```

**Erlang Solution:**

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-spec min_flips(Grid :: [[integer()]]) -> integer().  
min_flips(Grid) ->  
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**Racket Solution:**

```
(define/contract (min-flips grid)  
  (-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) exact-integer?)  
)
```