

# Problem 2216: Minimum Deletions to Make Array Beautiful

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 49.49%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Stack, Greedy

## Problem Description

You are given a **0-indexed** integer array `nums`. The array `nums` is **beautiful** if:

\* `nums.length` is even. \* `nums[i] != nums[i + 1]` for all `i % 2 == 0`.

Note that an empty array is considered beautiful.

You can delete any number of elements from `nums`. When you delete an element, all the elements to the right of the deleted element will be **shifted one unit to the left** to fill the gap created and all the elements to the left of the deleted element will remain **unchanged**.

Return the **minimum** number of elements to delete from `nums` to make it beautiful.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `nums = [1,1,2,3,5]` **Output:** 1 **Explanation:** You can delete either `nums[0]` or `nums[1]` to make `nums = [1,2,3,5]` which is beautiful. It can be proven you need at least 1 deletion to make `nums` beautiful.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** `nums = [1,1,2,2,3,3]` **Output:** 2 **Explanation:** You can delete `nums[0]` and `nums[5]` to make `nums = [1,2,2,3]` which is beautiful. It can be proven you need at least 2 deletions to make `nums` beautiful.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

**\*`1` <= nums.length <= 105` \*`0` <= nums[i] <= 105`**

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minDeletion(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int minDeletion(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def minDeletion(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```