

# Problem 2266: Count Number of Texts

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 49.47%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Hash Table, Math, String, Dynamic Programming

## Problem Description

Alice is texting Bob using her phone. The **mapping** of digits to letters is shown in the figure below.



In order to **add** a letter, Alice has to **press** the key of the corresponding digit `i` times, where `i` is the position of the letter in the key.

\* For example, to add the letter 's', Alice has to press '7' four times. Similarly, to add the letter 'k', Alice has to press '5' twice. \* Note that the digits '0' and '1' do not map to any letters, so Alice **does not** use them.

However, due to an error in transmission, Bob did not receive Alice's text message but received a **string of pressed keys** instead.

\* For example, when Alice sent the message "bob", Bob received the string "2266622".

Given a string `pressedKeys` representing the string received by Bob, return **the total number of possible text messages** Alice could have sent.

Since the answer may be very large, return it **modulo** `109 + 7`.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** pressedKeys = "22233" **Output:** 8 **Explanation:** The possible text messages Alice could have sent are: "aaadd", "abdd", "badd", "cdd", "aaaa", "abe", "bae", and "ce".

Since there are 8 possible messages, we return 8.

## \*\*Example 2:\*\*

### **\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1 <= pressedKeys.length <= 105` \* `pressedKeys` only consists of digits from `2` - `9`.

# Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int countTexts(string pressedKeys) {
    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int countTexts(String pressedKeys) {
        }
    }
}
```

## Python3:

```
class Solution:  
  
    def countTexts(self, pressedKeys: str) -> int:
```