

Problem 719: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

The

distance of a pair

of integers

a

and

b

is defined as the absolute difference between

a

and

b

.

Given an integer array

nums

and an integer

k

, return

the

k

th

smallest

distance among all the pairs

nums[i]

and

nums[j]

where

$0 \leq i < j < \text{nums.length}$

.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [1,3,1], k = 1

Output:

0

Explanation:

Here are all the pairs: (1,3) -> 2 (1,1) -> 0 (3,1) -> 2 Then the 1

st

smallest distance pair is (1,1), and its distance is 0.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [1,1,1], k = 2

Output:

0

Example 3:

Input:

nums = [1,6,1], k = 3

Output:

5

Constraints:

n == nums.length

2 <= n <= 10

4

0 <= nums[i] <= 10

6

```
1 <= k <= n * (n - 1) / 2
```

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int smallestDistancePair(vector<int>& nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int smallestDistancePair(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def smallestDistancePair(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def smallestDistancePair(self, nums, k):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} k
```

```
* @return {number}
*/
var smallestDistancePair = function(nums, k) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
function smallestDistancePair(nums: number[], k: number): number {

};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public int SmallestDistancePair(int[] nums, int k) {
        }
}
```

C:

```
int smallestDistancePair(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {
}
```

Go:

```
func smallestDistancePair(nums []int, k int) int {
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {
    fun smallestDistancePair(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Int {
    }
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
func smallestDistancePair(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
}  
}  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
pub fn smallest_distance_pair(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {  
}  
}  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def smallest_distance_pair(nums, k)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
/**  
 * @param Integer[] $nums  
 * @param Integer $k  
 * @return Integer  
 */  
function smallestDistancePair($nums, $k) {  
  
}  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
int smallestDistancePair(List<int> nums, int k) {  
}  
}
```

```
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def smallestDistancePair(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec smallest_distance_pair(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: integer  
    def smallest_distance_pair(nums, k) do  
  
    end  
    end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec smallest_distance_pair(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) ->  
integer().  
smallest_distance_pair(Nums, K) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (smallest-distance-pair nums k)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, sort, search
```

```

*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

class Solution {
public:
int smallestDistancePair(vector<int>& nums, int k) {

}
};


```

Java Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: array, sort, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

class Solution {
public int smallestDistancePair(int[] nums, int k) {

}
};


```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, sort, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

```

```
"""
class Solution:
    def smallestDistancePair(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def smallestDistancePair(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var smallestDistancePair = function(nums, k) {

};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort, search
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

function smallestDistancePair(nums: number[], k: number): number {
}

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public int SmallestDistancePair(int[] nums, int k) {
}
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance
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 * Tags: array, sort, search
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

```

```
*/\n\nint smallestDistancePair(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {\n\n}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance\n// Difficulty: Hard\n// Tags: array, sort, search\n//\n// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique\n// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)\n// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach\n\nfunc smallestDistancePair(nums []int, k int) int {\n\n}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {\n    fun smallestDistancePair(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Int {\n\n    }\n}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {\n    func smallestDistancePair(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {\n\n    }\n}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Find K-th Smallest Pair Distance\n// Difficulty: Hard\n// Tags: array, sort, search
```

```

// 
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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impl Solution {
pub fn smallest_distance_pair(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {
}

}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def smallest_distance_pair(nums, k)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

/**
 * @param Integer[] $nums
 * @param Integer $k
 * @return Integer
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Dart Solution:

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class Solution {
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