

# Problem 1291: Sequential Digits

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 0.00%

**Paid Only:** No

## Problem Description

An integer has

sequential digits

if and only if each digit in the number is one more than the previous digit.

Return a

sorted

list of all the integers in the range

[low, high]

inclusive that have sequential digits.

Example 1:

Input:

low = 100, high = 300

Output:

[123,234]

Example 2:

Input:

low = 1000, high = 13000

Output:

[1234,2345,3456,4567,5678,6789,12345]

Constraints:

$10 \leq low \leq high \leq 10^9$

## Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
vector<int> sequentialDigits(int low, int high) {  
}  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public List<Integer> sequentialDigits(int low, int high) {  
}  
};
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
def sequentialDigits(self, low: int, high: int) -> List[int]:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def sequentialDigits(self, low, high):  
        """  
        :type low: int  
        :type high: int  
        :rtype: List[int]  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} low  
 * @param {number} high  
 * @return {number[]} */  
  
var sequentialDigits = function(low, high) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function sequentialDigits(low: number, high: number): number[] {  
  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public IList<int> SequentialDigits(int low, int high) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C:

```
/**  
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().  
 */  
  
int* sequentialDigits(int low, int high, int* returnSize) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func sequentialDigits(low int, high int) []int {  
}  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun sequentialDigits(low: Int, high: Int): List<Int> {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func sequentialDigits(_ low: Int, _ high: Int) -> [Int] {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn sequential_digits(low: i32, high: i32) -> Vec<i32> {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} low  
# @param {Integer} high  
# @return {Integer[]}  
def sequential_digits(low, high)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $low  
     */  
    function sequentialDigits($low, $high) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```

* @param Integer $high
* @return Integer[]
*/
function sequentialDigits($low, $high) {

}
}

```

### Dart:

```

class Solution {
List<int> sequentialDigits(int low, int high) {
}
}

```

### Scala:

```

object Solution {
def sequentialDigits(low: Int, high: Int): List[Int] = {
}
}

```

### Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
@spec sequential_digits(low :: integer, high :: integer) :: [integer]
def sequential_digits(low, high) do

end
end

```

### Erlang:

```

-spec sequential_digits(Low :: integer(), High :: integer()) -> [integer()].
sequential_digits(Low, High) ->
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (sequential-digits low high)
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?)))
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Sequential Digits
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: sort
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> sequentialDigits(int low, int high) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Sequential Digits
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: sort
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public List<Integer> sequentialDigits(int low, int high) {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Sequential Digits
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: sort

Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

    def sequentialDigits(self, low: int, high: int) -> List[int]:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):

    def sequentialDigits(self, low, high):
        """
        :type low: int
        :type high: int
        :rtype: List[int]
        """


```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Sequential Digits
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: sort
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */
```

```

/**
 * @param {number} low
 * @param {number} high
 * @return {number[]}
 */
var sequentialDigits = function(low, high) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Sequential Digits
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: sort
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function sequentialDigits(low: number, high: number): number[] {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Sequential Digits
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: sort
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public IList<int> SequentialDigits(int low, int high) {
    }
}
```

```
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Sequential Digits
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: sort
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
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 */

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
int* sequentialDigits(int low, int high, int* returnSize) {

}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Sequential Digits
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: sort
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func sequentialDigits(low int, high int) []int {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun sequentialDigits(low: Int, high: Int): List<Int> {
    }
```

```
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
func sequentialDigits(_ low: Int, _ high: Int) -> [Int] {  
  
}  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Sequential Digits  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: sort  
//  
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
pub fn sequential_digits(low: i32, high: i32) -> Vec<i32> {  
  
}  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} low  
# @param {Integer} high  
# @return {Integer[]}  
def sequential_digits(low, high)  
  
end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
/**  
* @param Integer $low
```

```
* @param Integer $high
* @return Integer[]
*/
function sequentialDigits($low, $high) {

}
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
List<int> sequentialDigits(int low, int high) {

}
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
def sequentialDigits(low: Int, high: Int): List[Int] = {

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```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
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-spec sequential_digits(Low :: integer(), High :: integer()) -> [integer()].
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### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (sequential-digits low high)
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