

Problem 260: Single Number III

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 70.45%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Bit Manipulation

Problem Description

Given an integer array `nums`, in which exactly two elements appear only once and all the other elements appear exactly twice. Find the two elements that appear only once. You can return the answer in **any order**.

You must write an algorithm that runs in linear runtime complexity and uses only constant extra space.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,2,1,3,2,5]` **Output:** `[3,5]` **Explanation:** `[5, 3]` is also a valid answer.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [-1,0]` **Output:** `[-1,0]`

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [0,1]` **Output:** `[1,0]`

Constraints:

$2 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 3 \times 10^4$ $-2^{31} \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 2^{31} - 1$ Each integer in `nums` will appear twice, only two integers will appear once.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    vector<int> singleNumber(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int[] singleNumber(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def singleNumber(self, nums: List[int]) -> List[int]:
```