

# Problem 1328: Break a Palindrome

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 51.61%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** String, Greedy

## Problem Description

Given a palindromic string of lowercase English letters `palindrome`, replace **exactly one** character with any lowercase English letter so that the resulting string is **not** a palindrome and that it is the **lexicographically smallest** one possible.

Return \_the resulting string. If there is no way to replace a character to make it not a palindrome, return an**empty string**.\_

A string `a` is lexicographically smaller than a string `b` (of the same length) if in the first position where `a` and `b` differ, `a` has a character strictly smaller than the corresponding character in `b`. For example, `abcc` is lexicographically smaller than `abcd` because the first position they differ is at the fourth character, and `c` is smaller than `d`.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** palindrome = "abccba" **Output:** "aaccba" **Explanation:** There are many ways to make "abccba" not a palindrome, such as "\_z\_ bccba", "a \_a\_ ccba", and "ab \_a\_ cba". Of all the ways, "aaccba" is the lexicographically smallest.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** palindrome = "a" **Output:** "" **Explanation:** There is no way to replace a single character to make "a" not a palindrome, so return an empty string.

**Constraints:**

\* `1 <= palindrome.length <= 1000` \* `palindrome` consists of only lowercase English letters.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    string breakPalindrome(string palindrome) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
public String breakPalindrome(String palindrome) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def breakPalindrome(self, palindrome: str) -> str:
```