

Problem 3531: Count Covered Buildings

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 38.29%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Hash Table, Sorting

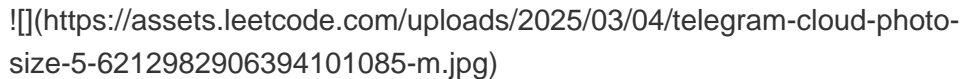
Problem Description

You are given a positive integer n , representing an $n \times n$ city. You are also given a 2D grid `buildings`, where `buildings[i] = [x, y]` denotes a **unique** building located at coordinates `[x, y]`.

A building is **covered** if there is at least one building in all **four** directions: left, right, above, and below.

Return the number of **covered** buildings.

Example 1:



Input: $n = 3$, `buildings = [[1,2],[2,2],[3,2],[2,1],[2,3]]`

Output: 1

Explanation:

* Only building `[2,2]` is covered as it has at least one building: * above (`[1,2]`) * below (`[3,2]`) * left (`[2,1]`) * right (`[2,3]`) * Thus, the count of covered buildings is 1.

Example 2:

Input: n = 3, buildings = [[1,1],[1,2],[2,1],[2,2]]

Output: 0

Explanation:

* No building has at least one building in all four directions.

Example 3:

Input: n = 5, buildings = [[1,3],[3,2],[3,3],[3,5],[5,3]]

Output: 1

Explanation:

* Only building [3,3] is covered as it has at least one building: * above ([1,3]) * below ([5,3]) * left ([3,2]) * right ([3,5]) * Thus, the count of covered buildings is 1.

Constraints:

* 2 <= n <= 105 * 1 <= buildings.length <= 105 * buildings[i] = [x, y] * 1 <= x, y <= n * All coordinates of buildings are unique.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int countCoveredBuildings(int n, vector<vector<int>>& buildings) {

    }
}
```

```
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int countCoveredBuildings(int n, int[][] buildings) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def countCoveredBuildings(self, n: int, buildings: List[List[int]]) -> int:
```