

Problem 1511: Customer Order Frequency

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 66.59%

Paid Only: Yes

Tags: Database

Problem Description

Table: `Customers`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | customer_id | int || name | varchar | | country | varchar | +-----+-----+ customer_id is the column with unique values for this table. This table contains information about the customers in the company.

Table: `Product`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | product_id | int || description | varchar | | price | int | +-----+-----+ product_id is the column with unique values for this table. This table contains information on the products in the company. price is the product cost.

Table: `Orders`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | order_id | int || customer_id | int | | product_id | int | | order_date | date | | quantity | int | +-----+-----+ order_id is the column with unique values for this table. This table contains information on customer orders. customer_id is the id of the customer who bought "quantity" products with id "product_id". Order_date is the date in format ('YYYY-MM-DD') when the order was shipped.

Write a solution to report the `customer_id` and `customer_name` of customers who have spent at least `\$100` in each month of **June and July 2020**.

Return the result table in **any order**.

The result format is in the following example.

****Example 1:****

Input: Customers table:

| customer_id | name | country |
|-------------|----------|---------|
| 1 | Winston | USA |
| 2 | Jonathan | Peru |
| 3 | Moustafa | Egypt |

Product table:

| product_id | description | price |
|------------|-------------|-------|
| 10 | LC Phone | 300 |
| 20 | LC T-Shirt | 10 |
| 30 | LC Book | 45 |
| 40 | LC Keychain | 2 |

Orders table:

| order_id | customer_id | product_id | order_date | quantity |
|----------|-------------|------------|------------|----------|
| 1 | 1 | 10 | 2020-06-10 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 20 | 2020-07-01 | 1 |
| 3 | 1 | 30 | 2020-07-08 | 1 |
| 4 | 2 | 10 | 2020-06-15 | 2 |
| 5 | 2 | 40 | 2020-07-01 | 5 |
| 6 | 3 | 20 | 2020-06-24 | 3 |
| 7 | 3 | 30 | 2020-06-25 | 9 |
| 8 | 3 | 10 | 2020-05-08 | 3 |

Output:

| customer_id | name |
|-------------|---------|
| 1 | Winston |

Explanation: Winston spent \$300 ($300 * 1$) in June and \$100 ($10 * 1 + 45 * 2$) in July 2020. Jonathan spent \$600 ($300 * 2$) in June and \$20 ($2 * 10$) in July 2020. Moustafa spent \$110 ($10 * 2 + 45 * 2$) in June and \$0 in July 2020.

Code Snippets

MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

PostgreSQL:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```