

# Problem 456: 132 Pattern

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 0.00%

**Paid Only:** No

## Problem Description

Given an array of

n

integers

nums

, a

132 pattern

is a subsequence of three integers

nums[i]

,

nums[j]

and

nums[k]

such that

$i < j < k$

and

$\text{nums}[i] < \text{nums}[k] < \text{nums}[j]$

Return

true

if there is a

132 pattern

in

$\text{nums}$

, otherwise, return

false

Example 1:

Input:

$\text{nums} = [1, 2, 3, 4]$

Output:

false

Explanation:

There is no 132 pattern in the sequence.

Example 2:

Input:

```
nums = [3,1,4,2]
```

Output:

```
true
```

Explanation:

There is a 132 pattern in the sequence: [1, 4, 2].

Example 3:

Input:

```
nums = [-1,3,2,0]
```

Output:

```
true
```

Explanation:

There are three 132 patterns in the sequence: [-1, 3, 2], [-1, 3, 0] and [-1, 2, 0].

Constraints:

```
n == nums.length
```

```
1 <= n <= 2 * 10
```

5

-10

9

`<= nums[i] <= 10`

9

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool find132pattern(vector<int>& nums) {
        ...
    };
}
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public boolean find132pattern(int[] nums) {
        ...
    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def find132pattern(self, nums: List[int]) -> bool:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def find132pattern(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @return {boolean}  
 */  
var find132pattern = function(nums) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function find132pattern(nums: number[]): boolean {  
  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public bool Find132pattern(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C:

```
bool find132pattern(int* nums, int numsSize) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func find132pattern(nums []int) bool {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun find132pattern(nums: IntArray): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
func find132pattern(_ nums: [Int]) -> Bool {  
}  
}  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
pub fn find132pattern(nums: Vec<i32>) -> bool {  
}  
}  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Boolean}  
def find132pattern(nums)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
/**  
 * @param Integer[] $nums  
 * @return Boolean  
 */  
function find132pattern($nums) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
bool find132pattern(List<int> nums) {  
  
}  
}
```

### **Scala:**

```
object Solution {  
    def find132pattern(nums: Array[Int]): Boolean = {  
  
    }  
}
```

### **Elixir:**

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec find132pattern(list) :: boolean  
  def find132pattern(list) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### **Erlang:**

```
-spec find132pattern([integer()]) -> boolean().  
find132pattern([_]) ->  
.
```

### **Racket:**

```
(define/contract (find132pattern nums)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) boolean?)  
)
```

## **Solutions**

### **C++ Solution:**

```
/*  
 * Problem: 132 Pattern  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, search, stack  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */
```

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    bool find132pattern(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: 132 Pattern  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, search, stack  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public boolean find132pattern(int[] nums) {  
  
}  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: 132 Pattern  
Difficulty: Medium  
Tags: array, search, stack  
  
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def find132pattern(self, nums: List[int]) -> bool:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
```

```
pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def find132pattern(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: 132 Pattern
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search, stack
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var find132pattern = function(nums) {

};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: 132 Pattern
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search, stack
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */
```

```
*/\n\nfunction find132pattern(nums: number[]): boolean {\n\n};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*\n * Problem: 132 Pattern\n * Difficulty: Medium\n * Tags: array, search, stack\n *\n * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique\n * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)\n * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach\n */\n\npublic class Solution {\n    public bool Find132pattern(int[] nums) {\n\n    }\n}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*\n * Problem: 132 Pattern\n * Difficulty: Medium\n * Tags: array, search, stack\n *\n * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique\n * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)\n * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach\n */\n\nbool find132pattern(int* nums, int numsSize) {\n\n}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: 132 Pattern
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, search, stack
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func find132pattern(nums []int) bool {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun find132pattern(nums: IntArray): Boolean {
        }

    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func find132pattern(_ nums: [Int]) -> Bool {
        }

    }
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: 132 Pattern
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, search, stack
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn find132pattern(nums: Vec<i32>) -> bool {
        }

    }
}
```

```
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Boolean}
def find132pattern(nums)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function find132pattern($nums) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
bool find132pattern(List<int> nums) {

}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
def find132pattern(nums: Array[Int]): Boolean = {

}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec find132pattern(nums :: [integer]) :: boolean
def find132pattern(nums) do

end
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec find132pattern(Nums :: [integer()]) -> boolean().
find132pattern(Nums) ->
.
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (find132pattern nums)
(-> (listof exact-integer?) boolean?))
```