

# Problem 2620: Counter

## Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given an integer

$n$

, return a

counter

function. This

counter

function initially returns

$n$

and then returns 1 more than the previous value every subsequent time it is called (

$n$

,

$n + 1$

,

$n + 2$

, etc).

Example 1:

Input:

$n = 10$  ["call","call","call"]

Output:

[10,11,12]

Explanation:

$\text{counter}() = 10$  // The first time  $\text{counter}()$  is called, it returns  $n$ .  $\text{counter}() = 11$  // Returns 1 more than the previous time.  $\text{counter}() = 12$  // Returns 1 more than the previous time.

Example 2:

Input:

$n = -2$  ["call","call","call","call","call"]

Output:

[-2,-1,0,1,2]

Explanation:

$\text{counter}()$  initially returns -2. Then increases after each subsequent call.

Constraints:

-1000

$\leq n \leq 1000$

```
0 <= calls.length <= 1000
```

```
calls[i] === "call"
```

## Code Snippets

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @return {Function} counter
 */
var createCounter = function(n) {

  return function() {

  };

};

/**
 * const counter = createCounter(10)
 * counter() // 10
 * counter() // 11
 * counter() // 12
 */
```

### TypeScript:

```
function createCounter(n: number): () => number {

  return function() {

  }

}

/**
 * const counter = createCounter(10)
 * counter() // 10
 * counter() // 11
 * counter() // 12
 */
```

```
*/
```

## Solutions

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Counter
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: general
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

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 * Problem: Counter
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*
* Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
* Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  to  $O(n^2)$  depending on approach
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function createCounter(n: number): () => number {

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  }

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/**
 * const counter = createCounter(10)
 * counter() // 10
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