

# Problem 729: My Calendar I

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 58.20%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Binary Search, Design, Segment Tree, Ordered Set

## Problem Description

You are implementing a program to use as your calendar. We can add a new event if adding the event will not cause a **double booking**.

A **double booking** happens when two events have some non-empty intersection (i.e., some moment is common to both events.).

The event can be represented as a pair of integers `startTime`` and `endTime`` that represents a booking on the half-open interval `[startTime, endTime)``, the range of real numbers `x`` such that `startTime <= x < endTime``.

Implement the `MyCalendar`` class:

\* `MyCalendar()`` Initializes the calendar object. \* `boolean book(int startTime, int endTime)`` Returns `true`` if the event can be added to the calendar successfully without causing a **double booking**. Otherwise, return `false`` and do not add the event to the calendar.

**Example 1:**

**Input** ["MyCalendar", "book", "book", "book"]  
**Output** [null, true, false, true]  
**Explanation** MyCalendar myCalendar = new MyCalendar();  
myCalendar.book(10, 20); // return True  
myCalendar.book(15, 25); // return False, It can not be booked because time 15 is already booked by another event.  
myCalendar.book(20, 30); // return True, The event can be booked, as the first event takes every time less than 20, but not including 20.

**Constraints:**

\* `0` <= start < end <= 109` \* At most `1000` calls will be made to `book`.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class MyCalendar {
public:
    MyCalendar() {

    }

    bool book(int startTime, int endTime) {

    }
};

/**
 * Your MyCalendar object will be instantiated and called as such:
 * MyCalendar* obj = new MyCalendar();
 * bool param_1 = obj->book(startTime,endTime);
 */
```

### Java:

```
class MyCalendar {

    public MyCalendar() {

    }

    public boolean book(int startTime, int endTime) {

    }
}

/**
 * Your MyCalendar object will be instantiated and called as such:
 * MyCalendar obj = new MyCalendar();
 * boolean param_1 = obj.book(startTime,endTime);
 */
```

### Python3:

```
class MyCalendar:

    def __init__(self):

        def book(self, startTime: int, endTime: int) -> bool:

            # Your MyCalendar object will be instantiated and called as such:
            # obj = MyCalendar()
            # param_1 = obj.book(startTime,endTime)
```