

Problem 696: Count Binary Substrings

Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given a binary string

s

, return the number of non-empty substrings that have the same number of

0

's and

1

's, and all the

0

's and all the

1

's in these substrings are grouped consecutively.

Substrings that occur multiple times are counted the number of times they occur.

Example 1:

Input:

s = "00110011"

Output:

6

Explanation:

There are 6 substrings that have equal number of consecutive 1's and 0's: "0011", "01", "1100", "10", "0011", and "01". Notice that some of these substrings repeat and are counted the number of times they occur. Also, "00110011" is not a valid substring because all the 0's (and 1's) are not grouped together.

Example 2:

Input:

s = "10101"

Output:

4

Explanation:

There are 4 substrings: "10", "01", "10", "01" that have equal number of consecutive 1's and 0's.

Constraints:

$1 \leq s.length \leq 10$

5

$s[i]$

is either

'0'

or

'1'

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int countBinarySubstrings(string s) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
public int countBinarySubstrings(String s) {  
  
}  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def countBinarySubstrings(self, s: str) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def countBinarySubstrings(self, s):  
        """  
        :type s: str  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string} s  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var countBinarySubstrings = function(s) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function countBinarySubstrings(s: string): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int CountBinarySubstrings(string s) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int countBinarySubstrings(char* s) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func countBinarySubstrings(s string) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun countBinarySubstrings(s: String): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func countBinarySubstrings(_ s: String) -> Int {  
        }  
        }
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn count_binary_substrings(s: String) -> i32 {  
        }  
        }
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} s  
# @return {Integer}  
def count_binary_substrings(s)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $s  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function countBinarySubstrings($s) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int countBinarySubstrings(String s) {  
        }
```

```
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def countBinarySubstrings(s: String): Int = {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec count_binary_substrings(s :: String.t) :: integer  
    def count_binary_substrings(s) do  
  
    end  
    end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec count_binary_substrings(S :: unicode:unicode_binary()) -> integer().  
count_binary_substrings(S) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (count-binary-substrings s)  
  (-> string? exact-integer?)  
  )
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Count Binary Substrings  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, string, tree  
 */
```

```

* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
class Solution {
public:
int countBinarySubstrings(string s) {

}
};


```

Java Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Count Binary Substrings
* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: array, string, tree
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
class Solution {
public int countBinarySubstrings(String s) {

}
}


```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Count Binary Substrings
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, string, tree

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
"""


```

```
class Solution:

    def countBinarySubstrings(self, s: str) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):

    def countBinarySubstrings(self, s):
        """
        :type s: str
        :rtype: int
        """


```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Count Binary Substrings
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, tree
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

/**
 * @param {string} s
 * @return {number}
 */
var countBinarySubstrings = function(s) {

};


```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Count Binary Substrings
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, tree

```

```

/*
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

function countBinarySubstrings(s: string): number {

}

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Count Binary Substrings
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, tree
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

public class Solution {
    public int CountBinarySubstrings(string s) {

    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Count Binary Substrings
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string, tree
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

int countBinarySubstrings(char* s) {

```

```
}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Count Binary Substrings
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, string, tree
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

func countBinarySubstrings(s string) int {
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun countBinarySubstrings(s: String): Int {
        return 0
    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func countBinarySubstrings(_ s: String) -> Int {
        return 0
    }
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Count Binary Substrings
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, string, tree
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
```

```
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

impl Solution {
    pub fn count_binary_substrings(s: String) -> i32 {
        }
    }
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s
# @return {Integer}
def count_binary_substrings(s)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @return Integer
     */
    function countBinarySubstrings($s) {

    }
}
```

Dart Solution:

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    int countBinarySubstrings(String s) {
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object Solution {
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    end
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(define/contract (count-binary-substrings s)
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