

Problem 1858: Longest Word With All Prefixes

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 71.91%

Paid Only: Yes

Tags: Array, String, Depth-First Search, Trie

Problem Description

Given an array of strings `words`, find the **longest** string in `words` such that **every** prefix of it is also in `words`.

* For example, let `words = ["a", "app", "ap"]`. The string `"app"` has prefixes `"ap"` and `"a"`, all of which are in `words`.

Return `_` the string described above. If there is more than one string with the same length, return the **lexicographically smallest** one, and if no string exists, return `_`"`.

Example 1:

Input: `words = ["k", "ki", "kir", "kira", "kiran"]` **Output:** `"kiran"` **Explanation:** `"kiran"` has prefixes `"kira"`, `"kir"`, `"ki"`, and `"k"`, and all of them appear in `words`.

Example 2:

Input: `words = ["a", "banana", "app", "appl", "ap", "apply", "apple"]` **Output:** `"apple"`
Explanation: Both `"apple"` and `"apply"` have all their prefixes in `words`. However, `"apple"` is lexicographically smaller, so we return that.

Example 3:

Input: `words = ["abc", "bc", "ab", "qwe"]` **Output:** `"`

Constraints:

*`1 <= words.length <= 105` *`1 <= words[i].length <= 105` *`1 <= sum(words[i].length) <= 105` *`words[i]` consists only of lowercase English letters.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    string longestWord(vector<string>& words) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public String longestWord(String[] words) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def longestWord(self, words: List[str]) -> str:
```