

# Problem 178: Rank Scores

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 66.46%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Database

## Problem Description

Table: `Scores`

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | id | int | | score | decimal |  
+-----+-----+ id is the primary key (column with unique values) for this table. Each row of this table contains the score of a game. Score is a floating point value with two decimal places.

Write a solution to find the rank of the scores. The ranking should be calculated according to the following rules:

\* The scores should be ranked from the highest to the lowest. \* If there is a tie between two scores, both should have the same ranking. \* After a tie, the next ranking number should be the next consecutive integer value. In other words, there should be no holes between ranks.

Return the result table ordered by `score` in descending order.

The result format is in the following example.

**Example 1.**

**Input:** Scores table: +----+-----+ | id | score | +----+-----+ | 1 | 3.50 | | 2 | 3.65 | | 3 | 4.00 | | 4 | 3.85 | | 5 | 4.00 | | 6 | 3.65 | +----+-----+ **Output:** +-----+-----+ | score | rank | +-----+-----+ | 4.00 | 1 | | 4.00 | 1 | | 3.85 | 2 | | 3.65 | 3 | | 3.65 | 3 | | 3.50 | 4 | +-----+-----+

## Code Snippets

### MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

### MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

### PostgreSQL:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```