

Problem 3403: Find the Lexicographically Largest String From the Box I

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given a string

word

, and an integer

numFriends

Alice is organizing a game for her

numFriends

friends. There are multiple rounds in the game, where in each round:

word

is split into

numFriends

non-empty

strings, such that no previous round has had the

exact

same split.

All the split words are put into a box.

Find the

lexicographically largest

string from the box after all the rounds are finished.

Example 1:

Input:

word = "dbca", numFriends = 2

Output:

"dbc"

Explanation:

All possible splits are:

"d"

and

"bca"

.

"db"

and

"ca"

.

"dbc"

and

"a"

.

Example 2:

Input:

word = "gggg", numFriends = 4

Output:

"g"

Explanation:

The only possible split is:

"g"

,

"g"

,

"g"

, and

"g"

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{word.length} \leq 5 * 10^3$

3

word

consists only of lowercase English letters.

$1 \leq \text{numFriends} \leq \text{word.length}$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    string answerString(string word, int numFriends) {
        }
    };
}
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public String answerString(String word, int numFriends) {
        }
    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def answerString(self, word: str, numFriends: int) -> str:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def answerString(self, word, numFriends):  
        """  
        :type word: str  
        :type numFriends: int  
        :rtype: str  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {string} word  
 * @param {number} numFriends  
 * @return {string}  
 */  
var answerString = function(word, numFriends) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function answerString(word: string, numFriends: number): string {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public string AnswerString(string word, int numFriends) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
char* answerString(char* word, int numFriends) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func answerString(word string, numFriends int) string {
```

```
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun answerString(word: String, numFriends: Int): String {  
          
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func answerString(_ word: String, _ numFriends: Int) -> String {  
          
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn answer_string(word: String, num_friends: i32) -> String {  
          
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String} word  
# @param {Integer} num_friends  
# @return {String}  
def answer_string(word, num_friends)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $word  
     * @param Integer $numFriends
```

```
* @return String
*/
function answerString($word, $numFriends) {

}
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
String answerString(String word, int numFriends) {

}
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
def answerString(word: String, numFriends: Int): String = {

}
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec answer_string(word :: String.t, num_friends :: integer) :: String.t
def answer_string(word, num_friends) do

end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec answer_string(Word :: unicode:unicode_binary(), NumFriends :: integer()) -> unicode:unicode_binary().
answer_string(Word, NumFriends) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (answer-string word numFriends)
  (-> string? exact-integer? string?))
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find the Lexicographically Largest String From the Box I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, graph
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    string answerString(string word, int numFriends) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find the Lexicographically Largest String From the Box I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, graph
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public String answerString(String word, int numFriends) {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Find the Lexicographically Largest String From the Box I
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, string, graph

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:

    def answerString(self, word: str, numFriends: int) -> str:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):

    def answerString(self, word, numFriends):
        """
        :type word: str
        :type numFriends: int
        :rtype: str
        """


```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find the Lexicographically Largest String From the Box I
 * Difficulty: Medium
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 */
```

```

/**
 * @param {string} word
 * @param {number} numFriends
 * @return {string}
 */
var answerString = function(word, numFriends) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find the Lexicographically Largest String From the Box I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, graph
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

function answerString(word: string, numFriends: number): string {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
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 * Tags: array, string, graph
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public string AnswerString(string word, int numFriends) {
    }
}
```

```
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find the Lexicographically Largest String From the Box I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, graph
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

char* answerString(char* word, int numFriends) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Find the Lexicographically Largest String From the Box I
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string, graph
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func answerString(word string, numFriends int) string {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun answerString(word: String, numFriends: Int): String {
        }
}
```

Swift Solution:

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class Solution {
    func answerString(_ word: String, _ numFriends: Int) -> String {
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Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Find the Lexicographically Largest String From the Box I
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// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn answer_string(word: String, num_friends: i32) -> String {
        }
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {String} word
# @param {Integer} num_friends
# @return {String}
def answer_string(word, num_friends)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $word
     * @param Integer $numFriends
     * @return String
     */
    function answerString($word, $numFriends) {

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  String answerString(String word, int numFriends) {  
  
  }  
  }  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
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  }  
  }  
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
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  def answer_string(word, num_friends) do  
  
  end  
  end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec answer_string(Word :: unicode:unicode_binary(), NumFriends ::  
integer()) -> unicode:unicode_binary().  
answer_string(Word, NumFriends) ->  
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```

Racket Solution:

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