

# Problem 1411: Number of Ways to Paint $N \times 3$ Grid

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Hard**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You have a

grid

of size

$n \times 3$

and you want to paint each cell of the grid with exactly one of the three colors:

Red

,

Yellow,

or

Green

while making sure that no two adjacent cells have the same color (i.e., no two cells that share vertical or horizontal sides have the same color).

Given

n

the number of rows of the grid, return

the number of ways

you can paint this

grid

. As the answer may grow large, the answer

must be

computed modulo

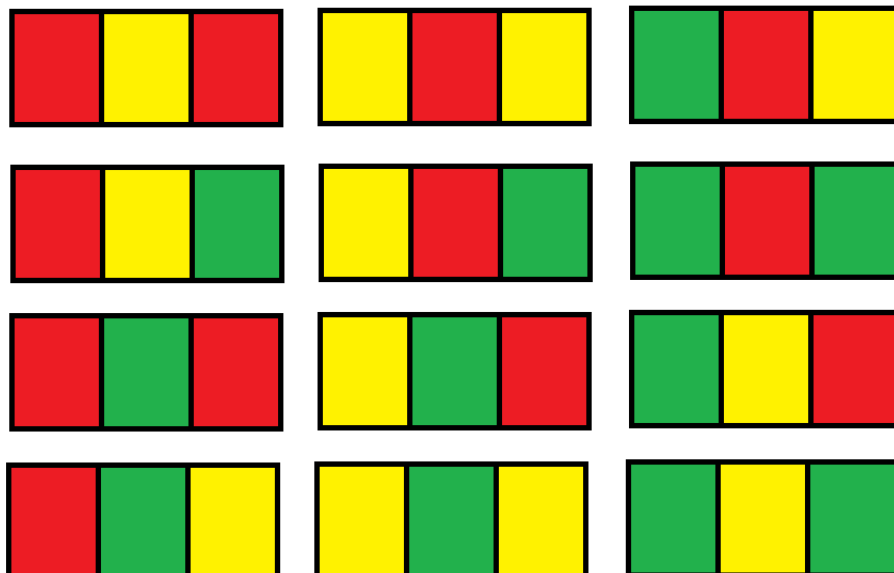
10

9

+ 7

.

Example 1:



Input:

$n = 1$

Output:

12

Explanation:

There are 12 possible way to paint the grid as shown.

Example 2:

Input:

$n = 5000$

Output:

30228214

Constraints:

$n == \text{grid.length}$

$1 \leq n \leq 5000$

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int numOfWays(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int numOfWays(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def numOfWays(self, n: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def numOfWays(self, n):  
        """  
        :type n: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} n  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var numOfWays = function(n) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function numOfWays(n: number): number {  
  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int NumOfWays(int n) {
```

```
}  
}
```

### C:

```
int numOfWays(int n) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func numOfWays(n int) int {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun numOfWays(n: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func numOfWays(_ n: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn num_of_ways(n: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} n
# @return {Integer}
def num_of_ways(n)

end
```

## PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @return Integer
     */
    function numOfWays($n) {

    }

}
```

## Dart:

```
class Solution {
  int numOfWays(int n) {

  }

}
```

## Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def numOfWays(n: Int): Int = {

  }

}
```

## Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec num_of_ways(n :: integer) :: integer
  def num_of_ways(n) do

  end

end
```

## Erlang:

```
-spec num_of_ways(N :: integer()) -> integer().  
num_of_ways(N) ->  
.
```

## Racket:

```
(define/contract (num-of-ways n)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
  )
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Number of Ways to Paint N × 3 Grid  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: dp  
 *  
 * Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation  
 * Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    int numOfWays(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Number of Ways to Paint N × 3 Grid  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: dp  
 *  
 * Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
* Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
*/

class Solution {
public int numOfWays(int n) {

}

}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Number of Ways to Paint N x 3 Grid
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: dp

Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
    def numOfWays(self, n: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def numOfWays(self, n):
        """
        :type n: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Number of Ways to Paint N x 3 Grid
 * Difficulty: Hard

```



```

* Tags: dp
*
* Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
* Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
* Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
*/

/**
* @param {number} n
* @return {number}
*/
var numOfWays = function(n) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Number of Ways to Paint N × 3 Grid
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: dp
*
* Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
* Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
* Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
*/

function numOfWays(n: number): number {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Number of Ways to Paint N × 3 Grid
* Difficulty: Hard
* Tags: dp
*
* Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
* Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
* Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

```

```

*/

public class Solution {
    public int NumOfWays(int n) {

    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Number of Ways to Paint N × 3 Grid
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: dp
 *
 * Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
 * Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

int numOfWays(int n) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Number of Ways to Paint N × 3 Grid
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: dp
//
// Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
// Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

func numOfWays(n int) int {

}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun numOfWays(n: Int): Int {

    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func numOfWays(_ n: Int) -> Int {

    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Number of Ways to Paint N × 3 Grid
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: dp
//
// Approach: Dynamic programming with memoization or tabulation
// Time Complexity: O(n * m) where n and m are problem dimensions
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table

impl Solution {
    pub fn num_of_ways(n: i32) -> i32 {

    }
}

```

### Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer} n
# @return {Integer}
def num_of_ways(n)

end

```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

```

```

/**
 * @param Integer $n
 * @return Integer
 */
function numOfWays($n) {

}
}

```

### Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
  int numOfWays(int n) {

  }
}

```

### Scala Solution:

```

object Solution {
  def numOfWays(n: Int): Int = {

  }
}

```

### Elixir Solution:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec num_of_ways(n :: integer) :: integer
  def num_of_ways(n) do

  end
end

```

### Erlang Solution:

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-spec num_of_ways(N :: integer()) -> integer().
num_of_ways(N) ->
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### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (num-of-ways n)
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)
```