

Problem 2435: Paths in Matrix Whose Sum Is Divisible by K

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given a

0-indexed

$m \times n$

integer matrix

grid

and an integer

k

. You are currently at position

$(0, 0)$

and you want to reach position

$(m - 1, n - 1)$

moving only

down

or

right

.

Return

the number of paths where the sum of the elements on the path is divisible by

k

. Since the answer may be very large, return it

modulo

10

9

+ 7

.

Example 1:

5	2	4
3	0	5
0	7	2

5	2	4
3	0	5
0	7	2

Input:

grid = [[5,2,4],[3,0,5],[0,7,2]], k = 3

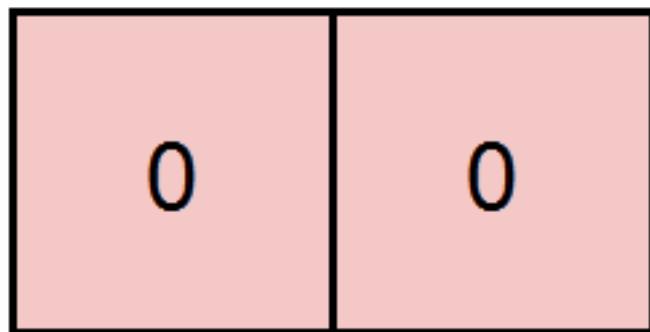
Output:

2

Explanation:

There are two paths where the sum of the elements on the path is divisible by k. The first path highlighted in red has a sum of $5 + 2 + 4 + 5 + 2 = 18$ which is divisible by 3. The second path highlighted in blue has a sum of $5 + 3 + 0 + 5 + 2 = 15$ which is divisible by 3.

Example 2:



Input:

grid = [[0,0]], k = 5

Output:

1

Explanation:

The path highlighted in red has a sum of $0 + 0 = 0$ which is divisible by 5.

Example 3:

7	3	4	9
2	3	6	2
2	3	7	0

Input:

```
grid = [[7,3,4,9],[2,3,6,2],[2,3,7,0]], k = 1
```

Output:

10

Explanation:

Every integer is divisible by 1 so the sum of the elements on every possible path is divisible by k.

Constraints:

$m == \text{grid.length}$

$n == \text{grid[i].length}$

$1 \leq m, n \leq 5 * 10$

$1 \leq m * n \leq 5 * 10$

4

$0 \leq \text{grid}[i][j] \leq 100$

$1 \leq k \leq 50$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int numberOfPaths(vector<vector<int>>& grid, int k) {
        }
    };
}
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
public int numberOfPaths(int[][] grid, int k) {
    }
}
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def numberOfPaths(self, grid: List[List[int]], k: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def numberOfPaths(self, grid, k):
        """
        :type grid: List[List[int]]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: int
    }
```

```
"""
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[][]} grid  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var numberOfPaths = function(grid, k) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function numberOfPaths(grid: number[][], k: number): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int NumberOfPaths(int[][] grid, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int numberOfPaths(int** grid, int gridSize, int* gridColSize, int k) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func numberOfPaths(grid [][]int, k int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun numberOfPaths(grid: Array<IntArray>, k: Int): Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func numberOfPaths(_ grid: [[Int]], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn number_of_paths(grid: Vec<Vec<i32>>, k: i32) -> i32 {  
        }  
        }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[][]} grid  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def number_of_paths(grid, k)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[][] $grid  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function numberOfPaths($grid, $k) {  
  
    }
```

```
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int numberOfPaths(List<List<int>> grid, int k) {  
        }  
    }
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def numberOfPaths(grid: Array[Array[Int]], k: Int): Int = {  
        }  
    }
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec number_of_paths(grid :: [[integer]], k :: integer) :: integer  
    def number_of_paths(grid, k) do  
  
    end  
    end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec number_of_paths(Grid :: [[integer()]], K :: integer()) -> integer().  
number_of_paths(Grid, K) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (number-of-paths grid k)  
  (-> (listof (listof exact-integer?)) exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Paths in Matrix Whose Sum Is Divisible by K
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int numberOfPaths(vector<vector<int>>& grid, int k) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Paths in Matrix Whose Sum Is Divisible by K
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, dp
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

class Solution {
    public int numberOfPaths(int[][] grid, int k) {

    }
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Paths in Matrix Whose Sum Is Divisible by K
Difficulty: Hard
Tags: array, dp
```

```

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:

def number_of_paths(self, grid: List[List[int]], k: int) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def number_of_paths(self, grid, k):
"""

:type grid: List[List[int]]
:type k: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
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 */

var number_of_paths = function(grid, k) {

};


```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
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 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, dp  
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
 */  
  
function numberOfPaths(grid: number[][], k: number): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Paths in Matrix Whose Sum Is Divisible by K  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
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public class Solution {  
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```
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 * Difficulty: Hard  
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```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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*/
int numberofPaths(int** grid, int gridSize, int* gridColSize, int k) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Paths in Matrix Whose Sum Is Divisible by K
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, dp
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func numberofPaths(grid [][]int, k int) int {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun numberofPaths(grid: Array<IntArray>, k: Int): Int {
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class Solution {
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impl Solution {
    pub fn number_of_paths(grid: Vec<Vec<i32>>, k: i32) -> i32 {
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```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[][]} grid
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def number_of_paths(grid, k)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[][] $grid
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     * @return Integer
     */
    function numberOfPaths($grid, $k) {

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```

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class Solution {
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object Solution {  
    def numberOfPaths(grid: Array[Array[Int]], k: Int): Int = {  
  
    }  
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defmodule Solution do  
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