

# Problem 422: Valid Word Square

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given an array of strings

words

, return

true

if it forms a valid

word square

.

A sequence of strings forms a valid

word square

if the

k

th

row and column read the same string, where

$0 \leq k < \max(\text{numRows}, \text{numColumns})$

.

Example 1:

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>	<b>d</b>
<b>b</b>	<b>n</b>	<b>r</b>	<b>t</b>
<b>c</b>	<b>r</b>	<b>m</b>	<b>y</b>
<b>d</b>	<b>t</b>	<b>y</b>	<b>e</b>

Input:

`words = ["abcd", "bnrt", "crmy", "dtye"]`

Output:

true

Explanation:

The 1

st

row and 1

st

column both read "abcd". The 2

nd

row and 2

nd

column both read "bnrt". The 3

rd

row and 3

rd

column both read "crmy". The 4

th

row and 4

th

column both read "dtye". Therefore, it is a valid word square.

Example 2:

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>	<b>d</b>
<b>b</b>	<b>n</b>	<b>r</b>	<b>t</b>
<b>c</b>	<b>r</b>	<b>m</b>	
<b>d</b>	<b>t</b>		

Input:

words = ["abcd","bnrt","crm","dt"]

Output:

true

Explanation:

The 1

st

row and 1

st

column both read "abcd". The 2

nd

row and 2

nd

column both read "bnrt". The 3

rd

row and 3

rd

column both read "crm". The 4

th

row and 4

th

column both read "dt". Therefore, it is a valid word square.

Example 3:

<b>b</b>	<b>a</b>	<b>l</b>	<b>l</b>
<b>a</b>	<b>r</b>	<b>e</b>	<b>a</b>
<b>r</b>	<b>e</b>	<b>a</b>	<b>d</b>
<b>l</b>	<b>a</b>	<b>d</b>	<b>y</b>

Input:

words = ["ball", "area", "read", "lady"]

Output:

false

Explanation:

The 3

rd

row reads "read" while the 3

rd

column reads "lead". Therefore, it is NOT a valid word square.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{words.length} \leq 500$

$1 \leq \text{words}[i].\text{length} \leq 500$

`words[i]`

consists of only lowercase English letters.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool validWordSquare(vector<string>& words) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public boolean validWordSquare(List<String> words) {

    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def validWordSquare(self, words: List[str]) -> bool:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def validWordSquare(self, words):
        """
        :type words: List[str]
```

```
:rtype: bool
"""
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {string[]} words
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var validWordSquare = function(words) {

};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function validWordSquare(words: string[]): boolean {

};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public bool ValidWordSquare(IList<string> words) {

    }
}
```

### C:

```
bool validWordSquare(char** words, int wordsSize) {

}
```

### Go:

```
func validWordSquare(words []string) bool {

}
```

### Kotlin:



```
class Solution {  
    fun validWordSquare(words: List<String>): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func validWordSquare(_ words: [String]) -> Bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn valid_word_square(words: Vec<String>) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {String[]} words  
# @return {Boolean}  
def valid_word_square(words)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String[] $words  
     * @return Boolean  
     */  
    function validWordSquare($words) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
  bool validWordSquare(List<String> words) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def validWordSquare(words: List[String]): Boolean = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec valid_word_square(words :: [String.t]) :: boolean  
  def valid_word_square(words) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec valid_word_square(Words :: [unicode:unicode_binary()]) -> boolean().  
valid_word_square(Words) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (valid-word-square words)  
  (-> (listof string?) boolean?)  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Valid Word Square
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    bool validWordSquare(vector<string>& words) {

    }
};

```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Valid Word Square
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public boolean validWordSquare(List<String> words) {

    }
}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Valid Word Square
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, string

```

```

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  or  $O(n \log n)$ 
Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def validWordSquare(self, words: List[str]) -> bool:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def validWordSquare(self, words):
        """
        :type words: List[str]
        :rtype: bool
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Valid Word Square
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  or  $O(n \log n)$ 
 * Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {string[]} words
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var validWordSquare = function(words) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Valid Word Square
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function validWordSquare(words: string[]): boolean {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Valid Word Square
 * Difficulty: Easy
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 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public bool ValidWordSquare(IList<string> words) {

    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Valid Word Square
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

```

```
*/

bool validWordSquare(char** words, int wordsSize) {

}
```

### Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Valid Word Square
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, string
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func validWordSquare(words []string) bool {

}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun validWordSquare(words: List<String>): Boolean {

    }
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func validWordSquare(_ words: [String]) -> Bool {

    }
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Valid Word Square
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, string
```

```
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn valid_word_square(words: Vec<String>) -> bool {

    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String[]} words
# @return {Boolean}
def valid_word_square(words)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String[] $words
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function validWordSquare($words) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
    bool validWordSquare(List<String> words) {

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```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def validWordSquare(words: List[String]): Boolean = {  
  
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### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
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