

# Problem 2218: Maximum Value of K Coins From Piles

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Hard

**Acceptance Rate:** 60.37%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Dynamic Programming, Prefix Sum

## Problem Description

There are `n` \*\*piles\*\* of coins on a table. Each pile consists of a \*\*positive number\*\* of coins of assorted denominations.

In one move, you can choose any coin on \*\*top\*\* of any pile, remove it, and add it to your wallet.

Given a list `piles`, where `piles[i]` is a list of integers denoting the composition of the `ith` pile from \*\*top to bottom\*\* , and a positive integer `k` , return \_the\*\*maximum total value\*\* of coins you can have in your wallet if you choose \*\*exactly\*\* `k` \_coins optimally\_.

**Example 1:**



**Input:** piles = [[1,100,3],[7,8,9]], k = 2   **Output:** 101   **Explanation:** The above diagram shows the different ways we can choose k coins. The maximum total we can obtain is 101.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** piles = [[100],[100],[100],[100],[100],[100],[1,1,1,1,1,1,700]], k = 7   **Output:** 706   **Explanation:** The maximum total can be obtained if we choose all coins from the last pile.

**Constraints:**

```
* `n == piles.length` * `1 <= n <= 1000` * `1 <= piles[i][j] <= 105` * `1 <= k <=
sum(piles[i].length) <= 2000`
```

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int maxValueOfCoins(vector<vector<int>>& piles, int k) {
        }
    };
}
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int maxValueOfCoins(List<List<Integer>> piles, int k) {
        }
    };
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maxValueOfCoins(self, piles: List[List[int]], k: int) -> int:
```