

Problem 220: Contains Duplicate III

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an integer array

nums

and two integers

indexDiff

and

valueDiff

Find a pair of indices

(i, j)

such that:

i != j

,

$\text{abs}(i - j) \leq \text{indexDiff}$

$\text{abs}(\text{nums}[i] - \text{nums}[j]) \leq \text{valueDiff}$

, and

Return

true

if such pair exists or

false

otherwise

Example 1:

Input:

$\text{nums} = [1,2,3,1]$, $\text{indexDiff} = 3$, $\text{valueDiff} = 0$

Output:

true

Explanation:

We can choose $(i, j) = (0, 3)$. We satisfy the three conditions: $i \neq j \rightarrow 0 \neq 3$ $\text{abs}(i - j) \leq \text{indexDiff} \rightarrow \text{abs}(0 - 3) \leq 3$ $\text{abs}(\text{nums}[i] - \text{nums}[j]) \leq \text{valueDiff} \rightarrow \text{abs}(1 - 1) \leq 0$

Example 2:

Input:

$\text{nums} = [1,5,9,1,5,9]$, $\text{indexDiff} = 2$, $\text{valueDiff} = 3$

Output:

false

Explanation:

After trying all the possible pairs (i, j) , we cannot satisfy the three conditions, so we return false.

Constraints:

$2 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10$

5

-10

9

$\leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

9

$1 \leq \text{indexDiff} \leq \text{nums.length}$

$0 \leq \text{valueDiff} \leq 10$

9

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(vector<int>& nums, int indexDiff, int
valueDiff) {
}
```

```
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(int[] nums, int indexDiff, int  
        valueDiff) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(self, nums: List[int], indexDiff: int,  
        valueDiff: int) -> bool:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(self, nums, indexDiff, valueDiff):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :type indexDiff: int  
        :type valueDiff: int  
        :rtype: bool  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} indexDiff  
 * @param {number} valueDiff  
 * @return {boolean}  
 */  
var containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate = function(nums, indexDiff, valueDiff) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(nums: number[], indexDiff: number,
valueDiff: number): boolean {
};


```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
public bool ContainsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(int[] nums, int indexDiff, int
valueDiff) {

}
}
```

C:

```
bool containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(int* nums, int numsSize, int indexDiff,
int valueDiff) {

}
```

Go:

```
func containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(nums []int, indexDiff int, valueDiff int)
bool {
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {
fun containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(nums: IntArray, indexDiff: Int, valueDiff:
Int): Boolean {
}

}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {
func containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(_ nums: [Int], _ indexDiff: Int, _
valueDiff: Int) -> Bool {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(nums: Vec<i32>, index_diff: i32,
                                             value_diff: i32) -> bool {
        }
    }
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} index_diff
# @param {Integer} value_diff
# @return {Boolean}
def contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(nums, index_diff, value_diff)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $indexDiff
     * @param Integer $valueDiff
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate($nums, $indexDiff, $valueDiff) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
    bool containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(List<int> nums, int indexDiff, int
                                       valueDiff) {
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(nums: Array[Int], indexDiff: Int,  
        valueDiff: Int): Boolean = {  
  
    }  
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(nums :: [integer], index_diff ::  
    integer, value_diff :: integer) :: boolean  
  def contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(nums, index_diff, value_diff) do  
  
  end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(Nums :: [integer()], IndexDiff ::  
  integer(), ValueDiff :: integer()) -> boolean().  
contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(Nums, IndexDiff, ValueDiff) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (contains-nearby-almost-duplicate nums indexDiff valueDiff)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer? boolean?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Contains Duplicate III
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    bool containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(vector<int>& nums, int indexDiff, int
valueDiff) {

}
};


```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Contains Duplicate III
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public boolean containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(int[] nums, int indexDiff, int
valueDiff) {

}
};


```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Contains Duplicate III
Difficulty: Hard

```

Tags: array, sort

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique

Time Complexity: $O(n)$ or $O(n \log n)$

Space Complexity: $O(1)$ to $O(n)$ depending on approach

"""

```
class Solution:
    def containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(self, nums: List[int], indexDiff: int,
                                      valueDiff: int) -> bool:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(self, nums, indexDiff, valueDiff):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type indexDiff: int
        :type valueDiff: int
        :rtype: bool
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Contains Duplicate III
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  or  $O(n \log n)$ 
 * Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} indexDiff
 * @param {number} valueDiff
 * @return {boolean}
```

```
*/  
var containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate = function(nums, indexDiff, valueDiff) {  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Contains Duplicate III  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, sort  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(nums: number[], indexDiff: number,  
valueDiff: number): boolean {  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Contains Duplicate III  
 * Difficulty: Hard  
 * Tags: array, sort  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public bool ContainsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(int[] nums, int indexDiff, int  
valueDiff) {  
    }  
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Contains Duplicate III
 * Difficulty: Hard
 * Tags: array, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

bool containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(int* nums, int numsSize, int indexDiff,
int valueDiff) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Contains Duplicate III
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, sort
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(nums []int, indexDiff int, valueDiff int)
bool {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(nums: IntArray, indexDiff: Int, valueDiff: Int): Boolean {
        }

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
func containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(_ nums: [Int], _ indexDiff: Int, _ valueDiff: Int) -> Bool {

}
}

```

Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Contains Duplicate III
// Difficulty: Hard
// Tags: array, sort
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
pub fn contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(nums: Vec<i32>, index_diff: i32,
value_diff: i32) -> bool {

}
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} index_diff
# @param {Integer} value_diff
# @return {Boolean}
def contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(nums, index_diff, value_diff)

end

```

PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

/**
 * @param Integer[] $nums
 * @param Integer $indexDiff
 * @param Integer $valueDiff
 */

```

```
* @return Boolean
*/
function containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate($nums, $indexDiff, $valueDiff) {

}
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
bool containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(List<int> nums, int indexDiff, int
valueDiff) {

}
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
def containsNearbyAlmostDuplicate(nums: Array[Int], indexDiff: Int,
valueDiff: Int): Boolean = {

}
}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(nums :: [integer], index_diff :: integer, value_diff :: integer) :: boolean
def contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(nums, index_diff, value_diff) do
end
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(Nums :: [integer()], IndexDiff :: integer(), ValueDiff :: integer()) -> boolean().
contains_nearby_almost_duplicate(Nums, IndexDiff, ValueDiff) ->
.
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (contains-nearby-almost-duplicate nums indexDiff valueDiff)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer? boolean?))
)
```