

# Problem 1646: Get Maximum in Generated Array

## Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given an integer

$n$

. A

0-indexed

integer array

nums

of length

$n + 1$

is generated in the following way:

$\text{nums}[0] = 0$

$\text{nums}[1] = 1$

$\text{nums}[2 * i] = \text{nums}[i]$

when

$2 \leq 2 * i \leq n$

$nums[2 * i + 1] = nums[i] + nums[i + 1]$

when

$2 \leq 2 * i + 1 \leq n$

Return

the

maximum

integer in the array

nums

.

Example 1:

Input:

$n = 7$

Output:

3

Explanation:

According to the given rules:  $nums[0] = 0$   $nums[1] = 1$   $nums[(1 * 2) = 2] = nums[1] = 1$   $nums[(1 * 2) + 1 = 3] = nums[1] + nums[2] = 1 + 1 = 2$   $nums[(2 * 2) = 4] = nums[2] = 1$   $nums[(2 * 2) + 1 = 5] = nums[2] + nums[3] = 1 + 2 = 3$   $nums[(3 * 2) = 6] = nums[3] = 2$   $nums[(3 * 2) + 1 = 7] = nums[3] + nums[4] = 2 + 1 = 3$  Hence,  $nums = [0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 3, 2, 3]$ , and the maximum is  $\max(0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 3, 2, 3) = 3$ .

Example 2:

Input:

$n = 2$

Output:

1

Explanation:

According to the given rules,  $\text{nums} = [0, 1, 1]$ . The maximum is  $\max(0, 1, 1) = 1$ .

Example 3:

Input:

$n = 3$

Output:

2

Explanation:

According to the given rules,  $\text{nums} = [0, 1, 1, 2]$ . The maximum is  $\max(0, 1, 1, 2) = 2$ .

Constraints:

$0 \leq n \leq 100$

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int getMaximumGenerated(int n) {
```

```
}  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int getMaximumGenerated(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def getMaximumGenerated(self, n: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def getMaximumGenerated(self, n):  
        """  
        :type n: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} n  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var getMaximumGenerated = function(n) {  
  
    };
```

### TypeScript:

```
function getMaximumGenerated(n: number): number {  
  
    };
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int GetMaximumGenerated(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C:

```
int getMaximumGenerated(int n) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func getMaximumGenerated(n int) int {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun getMaximumGenerated(n: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func getMaximumGenerated(_ n: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn get_maximum_generated(n: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} n
# @return {Integer}
def get_maximum_generated(n)

end
```

## PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @return Integer
     */
    function getMaximumGenerated($n) {

    }

}
```

## Dart:

```
class Solution {
  int getMaximumGenerated(int n) {

  }
}
```

## Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def getMaximumGenerated(n: Int): Int = {

  }
}
```

## Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec get_maximum_generated(n :: integer) :: integer
  def get_maximum_generated(n) do

  end
end
```

## Erlang:

```
-spec get_maximum_generated(N :: integer()) -> integer().  
get_maximum_generated(N) ->  
.
```

## Racket:

```
(define/contract (get-maximum-generated n)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Get Maximum in Generated Array  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    int getMaximumGenerated(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Get Maximum in Generated Array  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

class Solution {
public int getMaximumGenerated(int n) {

}

}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Get Maximum in Generated Array
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def getMaximumGenerated(self, n: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def getMaximumGenerated(self, n):
        """
        :type n: int
        :rtype: int
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Get Maximum in Generated Array
 * Difficulty: Easy

```



```

* Tags: array
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

/**
* @param {number} n
* @return {number}
*/
var getMaximumGenerated = function(n) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Get Maximum in Generated Array
* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: array
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

function getMaximumGenerated(n: number): number {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Get Maximum in Generated Array
* Difficulty: Easy
* Tags: array
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

```

```

*/

public class Solution {
    public int GetMaximumGenerated(int n) {

    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Get Maximum in Generated Array
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

int getMaximumGenerated(int n) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Get Maximum in Generated Array
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func getMaximumGenerated(n int) int {

}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun getMaximumGenerated(n: Int): Int {

    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func getMaximumGenerated(_ n: Int) -> Int {

    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Get Maximum in Generated Array
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn get_maximum_generated(n: i32) -> i32 {

    }
}

```

### Ruby Solution:

```

# @param {Integer} n
# @return {Integer}
def get_maximum_generated(n)

end

```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

```

```

/**
 * @param Integer $n
 * @return Integer
 */
function getMaximumGenerated($n) {

}

}

```

### Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
  int getMaximumGenerated(int n) {

  }

}

```

### Scala Solution:

```

object Solution {
  def getMaximumGenerated(n: Int): Int = {

  }

}

```

### Elixir Solution:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec get_maximum_generated(n :: integer) :: integer
  def get_maximum_generated(n) do

  end

end

```

### Erlang Solution:

```

-spec get_maximum_generated(N :: integer()) -> integer().
get_maximum_generated(N) ->
.

```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (get-maximum-generated n)  
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
  )
```