

Problem 560: Subarray Sum Equals K

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given an array of integers

nums

and an integer

k

, return

the total number of subarrays whose sum equals to

k

.

A subarray is a contiguous

non-empty

sequence of elements within an array.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [1,1,1], k = 2

Output:

2

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [1,2,3], k = 3

Output:

2

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 2 * 10$

4

$-1000 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 1000$

-10

7

$\leq k \leq 10$

7

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:
```

```
int subarraySum(vector<int>& nums, int k) {  
}  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int subarraySum(int[] nums, int k) {  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def subarraySum(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def subarraySum(self, nums, k):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var subarraySum = function(nums, k) {  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function subarraySum(nums: number[ ], k: number): number {  
}  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int SubarraySum(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int subarraySum(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func subarraySum(nums []int, k int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun subarraySum(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func subarraySum(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn subarray_sum(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def subarray_sum(nums, k)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function subarraySum($nums, $k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {  
    int subarraySum(List<int> nums, int k) {  
        }  
    }
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {  
    def subarraySum(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {  
        }  
}
```

```
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec subarray_sum(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: integer
  def subarray_sum(nums, k) do
    end
  end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec subarray_sum(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> integer().
subarray_sum(Nums, K) ->
  .
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (subarray-sum nums k)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?))
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Subarray Sum Equals K
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public:
  int subarraySum(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
```

```
    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Subarray Sum Equals K
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
    public int subarraySum(int[] nums, int k) {
        }

    }
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Subarray Sum Equals K
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, hash

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
"""

class Solution:
    def subarraySum(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def subarraySum(self, nums, k):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Subarray Sum Equals K  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
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 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var subarraySum = function(nums, k) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Subarray Sum Equals K  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, hash  
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 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
function subarraySum(nums: number[], k: number): number {
```

```
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Subarray Sum Equals K
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public int SubarraySum(int[] nums, int k) {
        }

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Subarray Sum Equals K
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

int subarraySum(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {
    }
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Subarray Sum Equals K
// Difficulty: Medium
```

```

// Tags: array, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

func subarraySum(nums []int, k int) int {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun subarraySum(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Int {
        return 0
    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func subarraySum(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {
        return 0
    }
}

```

Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Subarray Sum Equals K
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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impl Solution {
    pub fn subarray_sum(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {
        return 0
    }
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def subarray_sum(nums, k)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer
     */
    function subarraySum($nums, $k) {

    }
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
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object Solution {
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defmodule Solution do
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