

# Problem 1577: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two Numbers

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given two arrays of integers

nums1

and

nums2

, return the number of triplets formed (type 1 and type 2) under the following rules:

Type 1: Triplet (i, j, k) if

nums1[i]

$\geq$

$= nums2[j] * nums2[k]$

where

$0 \leq i < nums1.length$

and

$0 \leq j < k < nums2.length$

Type 2: Triplet (i, j, k) if

nums2[i]

2

$= \text{nums1}[j] * \text{nums1}[k]$

where

$0 \leq i < \text{nums2.length}$

and

$0 \leq j < k < \text{nums1.length}$

Example 1:

Input:

nums1 = [7,4], nums2 = [5,2,8,9]

Output:

1

Explanation:

Type 1: (1, 1, 2), nums1[1]

2

$= \text{nums2}[1] * \text{nums2}[2]. (4$

2

= 2 \* 8).

Example 2:

Input:

nums1 = [1,1], nums2 = [1,1,1]

Output:

9

Explanation:

All Triplets are valid, because 1

2

= 1 \* 1. Type 1: (0,0,1), (0,0,2), (0,1,2), (1,0,1), (1,0,2), (1,1,2). nums1[i]

2

= nums2[j] \* nums2[k]. Type 2: (0,0,1), (1,0,1), (2,0,1). nums2[i]

2

= nums1[j] \* nums1[k].

Example 3:

Input:

nums1 = [7,7,8,3], nums2 = [1,2,9,7]

Output:

2

Explanation:

There are 2 valid triplets. Type 1: (3,0,2). nums1[3]

2

= nums2[0] \* nums2[2]. Type 2: (3,0,1). nums2[3]

2

= nums1[0] \* nums1[1].

Constraints:

1 <= nums1.length, nums2.length <= 1000

1 <= nums1[i], nums2[i] <= 10

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## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {
public:
    int numTriplets(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2) {
        }
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {
public int numTriplets(int[] nums1, int[] nums2) {
    }
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
    def numTriplets(self, nums1: List[int], nums2: List[int]) -> int:
```

**Python:**

```
class Solution(object):  
    def numTriplets(self, nums1, nums2):  
        """  
        :type nums1: List[int]  
        :type nums2: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

**JavaScript:**

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums1  
 * @param {number[]} nums2  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var numTriplets = function(nums1, nums2) {  
  
};
```

**TypeScript:**

```
function numTriplets(nums1: number[], nums2: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

**C#:**

```
public class Solution {  
    public int NumTriplets(int[] nums1, int[] nums2) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**C:**

```
int numTriplets(int* nums1, int nums1Size, int* nums2, int nums2Size) {  
  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func numTriplets(nums1 []int, nums2 []int) int {  
  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
  
    fun numTriplets(nums1: IntArray, nums2: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
  
    func numTriplets(_ nums1: [Int], _ nums2: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
  
    pub fn num_triplets(nums1: Vec<i32>, nums2: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Ruby:**

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums1  
# @param {Integer[]} nums2  
# @return {Integer}  
def num_triplets(nums1, nums2)  
  
end
```

**PHP:**

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums1  
     * @param Integer[] $nums2  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function numTriplets($nums1, $nums2) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Dart:**

```
class Solution {  
int numTriplets(List<int> nums1, List<int> nums2) {  
  
}  
}
```

**Scala:**

```
object Solution {  
def numTriplets(nums1: Array[Int], nums2: Array[Int]): Int = {  
  
}  
}
```

**Elixir:**

```
defmodule Solution do  
@spec num_triplets(nums1 :: [integer], nums2 :: [integer]) :: integer  
def num_triplets(nums1, nums2) do  
  
end  
end
```

**Erlang:**

```
-spec num_triplets(Nums1 :: [integer()], Nums2 :: [integer()]) -> integer().  
num_triplets(Nums1, Nums2) ->
```

.

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (num-triplets nums1 nums2)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?))
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two
Numbers
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, math, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int numTriplets(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2) {
        }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two
Numbers
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, math, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
```

```

* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/
class Solution {
public int numTriplets(int[] nums1, int[] nums2) {
}

}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two
Numbers
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, math, hash

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
"""

class Solution:
    def numTriplets(self, nums1: List[int], nums2: List[int]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def numTriplets(self, nums1, nums2):
        """
        :type nums1: List[int]
        :type nums2: List[int]
        :rtype: int
"""

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two

```

```

Numbers
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, math, hash
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/

```

```

/**
* @param {number[]} nums1
* @param {number[]} nums2
* @return {number}
*/
var numTriplets = function(nums1, nums2) {
}

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two
Numbers
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, math, hash
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/

```

```

function numTriplets(nums1: number[], nums2: number[]): number {
}

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two
Numbers
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, math, hash

```

```

/*
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

public class Solution {
    public int NumTriplets(int[] nums1, int[] nums2) {
        }

    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two
Numbers
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, math, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

int numTriplets(int* nums1, int nums1Size, int* nums2, int nums2Size) {
}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two
Numbers
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, math, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

func numTriplets(nums1 []int, nums2 []int) int {
}

```

```
}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun numTriplets(nums1: IntArray, nums2: IntArray): Int {  
        //  
        //  
        return 0  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func numTriplets(_ nums1: [Int], _ nums2: [Int]) -> Int {  
        //  
        //  
        return 0  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Number of Ways Where Square of Number Is Equal to Product of Two  
// Numbers  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, math, hash  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn num_triplets(nums1: Vec<i32>, nums2: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
        //  
        //  
        return 0  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums1  
# @param {Integer[]} nums2  
# @return {Integer}
```

```
def num_triplets(nums1, nums2)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums1
     * @param Integer[] $nums2
     * @return Integer
     */
    function numTriplets($nums1, $nums2) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
  int numTriplets(List<int> nums1, List<int> nums2) {
    }
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
  def numTriplets(nums1: Array[Int], nums2: Array[Int]): Int = {
    }
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec num_triplets(integer(), integer()) :: integer()
  def num_triplets(nums1, nums2) do
    end
```

```
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec num_triplets(Nums1 :: [integer()], Nums2 :: [integer()]) -> integer().  
num_triplets(Nums1, Nums2) ->  
.
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (num-triplets numsl nums2)  
(-> (listof exact-integer?) (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)  
)
```