

# Problem 1149: Article Views II

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Table:

Views

+-----+-----+ | Column Name | Type | +-----+-----+ | article\_id | int | |  
author\_id | int | | viewer\_id | int | | view\_date | date | +-----+-----+ This table may  
have duplicate rows. Each row of this table indicates that some viewer viewed an article  
(written by some author) on some date. Note that equal author\_id and viewer\_id indicate the  
same person.

Write a solution to find all the people who viewed more than one article on the same date.

Return the result table sorted by

id

in ascending order.

The result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Views table: +-----+-----+-----+-----+ | article\_id | author\_id | viewer\_id |  
view\_date | +-----+-----+-----+-----+ | 1 | 3 | 5 | 2019-08-01 | | 3 | 4 | 5 |  
2019-08-01 | | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2019-08-02 | | 2 | 7 | 7 | 2019-08-01 | | 2 | 7 | 6 | 2019-08-02 | | 4 | 7 | 1

```
| 2019-07-22 || 3 | 4 | 4 | 2019-07-21 || 3 | 4 | 4 | 2019-07-21 |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Output:

```
+-----+ | id | +-----+ | 5 | | 6 | +-----+
```

## Code Snippets

### MySQL:

```
# Write your MySQL query statement below
```

### MS SQL Server:

```
/* Write your T-SQL query statement below */
```

### PostgreSQL:

```
-- Write your PostgreSQL query statement below
```

### Oracle:

```
/* Write your PL/SQL query statement below */
```

### Pandas:

```
import pandas as pd  
  
def article_views(views: pd.DataFrame) -> pd.DataFrame:
```

## Solutions

### MySQL Solution:

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