

Problem 820: Short Encoding of Words

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

A

valid encoding

of an array of

words

is any reference string

s

and array of indices

indices

such that:

`words.length == indices.length`

The reference string

s

ends with the

'#'

character.

For each index

indices[i]

, the

substring

of

s

starting from

indices[i]

and up to (but not including) the next

'#'

character is equal to

words[i]

.

Given an array of

words

, return

the

length of the shortest reference string

s

possible of any

valid encoding

of

words

.

Example 1:

Input:

```
words = ["time", "me", "bell"]
```

Output:

10

Explanation:

A valid encoding would be s =

"time#bell#" and indices = [0, 2, 5

]. words[0] = "time", the substring of s starting from indices[0] = 0 to the next '#' is underlined in "

time

#bell#" words[1] = "me", the substring of s starting from indices[1] = 2 to the next '#' is underlined in "ti

me

#bell#" words[2] = "bell", the substring of s starting from indices[2] = 5 to the next '#' is underlined in "time#

bell

#"

Example 2:

Input:

words = ["t"]

Output:

2

Explanation:

A valid encoding would be s = "t#" and indices = [0].

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{words.length} \leq 2000$

$1 \leq \text{words[i].length} \leq 7$

words[i]

consists of only lowercase letters.

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int minimumLengthEncoding(vector<string>& words) {
```

```
    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int minimumLengthEncoding(String[] words) {
        ...
    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def minimumLengthEncoding(self, words: List[str]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def minimumLengthEncoding(self, words):
        """
        :type words: List[str]
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {string[]} words
 * @return {number}
 */
var minimumLengthEncoding = function(words) {
    ...
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function minimumLengthEncoding(words: string[]): number {
    ...
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int MinimumLengthEncoding(string[] words) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int minimumLengthEncoding(char** words, int wordsSize) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func minimumLengthEncoding(words []string) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun minimumLengthEncoding(words: Array<String>): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func minimumLengthEncoding(_ words: [String]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn minimum_length_encoding(words: Vec<String>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {String[]} words
# @return {Integer}
def minimum_length_encoding(words)

end
```

PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String[] $words
     * @return Integer
     */
    function minimumLengthEncoding($words) {

    }
}
```

Dart:

```
class Solution {
    int minimumLengthEncoding(List<String> words) {
    }
}
```

Scala:

```
object Solution {
    def minimumLengthEncoding(words: Array[String]): Int = {
    }
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec minimum_length_encoding(words :: [String.t]) :: integer
  def minimum_length_encoding(words) do
```

```
end  
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec minimum_length_encoding(Words :: [unicode:unicode_binary()]) ->  
integer().  
minimum_length_encoding(Words) ->  
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (minimum-length-encoding words)  
(-> (listof string?) exact-integer?)  
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*  
* Problem: Short Encoding of Words  
* Difficulty: Medium  
* Tags: array, string, tree, hash  
*  
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
*/  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minimumLengthEncoding(vector<string>& words) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Short Encoding of Words
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
 */

class Solution {
    public int minimumLengthEncoding(String[] words) {
        return 0;
    }
}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Short Encoding of Words
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, string, tree, hash

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
"""

class Solution:
    def minimumLengthEncoding(self, words: List[str]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def minimumLengthEncoding(self, words):
        """
:type words: List[str]
:rtype: int
"""

```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Short Encoding of Words  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
 */  
  
/**  
 * @param {string[]} words  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var minimumLengthEncoding = function(words) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Short Encoding of Words  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
 */  
  
function minimumLengthEncoding(words: string[]): number {  
  
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Short Encoding of Words  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash  
 */
```

```

* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
public class Solution {
    public int MinimumLengthEncoding(string[] words) {
        }
    }
}

```

C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Short Encoding of Words
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, tree, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height
*/
int minimumLengthEncoding(char** words, int wordsSize) {
}

```

Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Short Encoding of Words
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string, tree, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height

func minimumLengthEncoding(words []string) int {
}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun minimumLengthEncoding(words: Array<String>): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func minimumLengthEncoding(_ words: [String]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Short Encoding of Words  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, string, tree, hash  
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(h) for recursion stack where h is height  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn minimum_length_encoding(words: Vec<String>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String[]} words  
# @return {Integer}  
def minimum_length_encoding(words)  
  
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String[] $words  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function minimumLengthEncoding($words) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
int minimumLengthEncoding(List<String> words) {  
  
}  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
def minimumLengthEncoding(words: Array[String]): Int = {  
  
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defmodule Solution do  
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def minimum_length_encoding(words) do  
  
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