

Problem 2485: Find the Pivot Integer

Problem Information

Difficulty: Easy

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

Given a positive integer

n

, find the

pivot integer

x

such that:

The sum of all elements between

1

and

x

inclusively equals the sum of all elements between

x

and

n

inclusively.

Return

the pivot integer

x

. If no such integer exists, return

-1

. It is guaranteed that there will be at most one pivot index for the given input.

Example 1:

Input:

n = 8

Output:

6

Explanation:

6 is the pivot integer since: $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 = 6 + 7 + 8 = 21$.

Example 2:

Input:

n = 1

Output:

1

Explanation:

1 is the pivot integer since: $1 = 1$.

Example 3:

Input:

$n = 4$

Output:

-1

Explanation:

It can be proved that no such integer exist.

Constraints:

$1 \leq n \leq 1000$

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int pivotInteger(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int pivotInteger(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def pivotInteger(self, n: int) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):
    def pivotInteger(self, n):
        """
        :type n: int
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @return {number}
 */
var pivotInteger = function(n) {

};
```

TypeScript:

```
function pivotInteger(n: number): number {

};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {
    public int PivotInteger(int n) {

    }
}
```

C:

```
int pivotInteger(int n) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func pivotInteger(n int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun pivotInteger(n: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func pivotInteger(_ n: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn pivot_integer(n: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} n  
# @return {Integer}  
def pivot_integer(n)  
  
end
```

PHP:

```

class Solution {

  /**
   * @param Integer $n
   * @return Integer
   */
  function pivotInteger($n) {

  }

}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
  int pivotInteger(int n) {

  }

}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def pivotInteger(n: Int): Int = {

  }

}

```

Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
  @spec pivot_integer(n :: integer) :: integer
  def pivot_integer(n) do

  end

end

```

Erlang:

```

-spec pivot_integer(N :: integer()) -> integer().
pivot_integer(N) ->

.

```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (pivot-integer n)
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer?)
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find the Pivot Integer
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int pivotInteger(int n) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find the Pivot Integer
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int pivotInteger(int n) {

    }
}
```

```
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Find the Pivot Integer
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, math

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def pivotInteger(self, n: int) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
    def pivotInteger(self, n):
        """
        :type n: int
        :rtype: int
        """
```

JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find the Pivot Integer
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
```



```

* @param {number} n
* @return {number}
*/
var pivotInteger = function(n) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Find the Pivot Integer
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

function pivotInteger(n: number): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Find the Pivot Integer
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

public class Solution {
    public int PivotInteger(int n) {

    }
}

```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find the Pivot Integer
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

int pivotInteger(int n) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Find the Pivot Integer
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, math
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func pivotInteger(n int) int {

}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {
    fun pivotInteger(n: Int): Int {

    }
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {
    func pivotInteger(_ n: Int) -> Int {
```

```
}  
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Find the Pivot Integer  
// Difficulty: Easy  
// Tags: array, math  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn pivot_integer(n: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} n  
# @return {Integer}  
def pivot_integer(n)  
  
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $n  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function pivotInteger($n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  int pivotInteger(int n) {  
  
  }  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def pivotInteger(n: Int): Int = {  
  
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Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec pivot_integer(n :: integer) :: integer  
  def pivot_integer(n) do  
  
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-spec pivot_integer(N :: integer()) -> integer().  
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```
(define/contract (pivot-integer n)  
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