

# Problem 1031: Maximum Sum of Two Non-Overlapping Subarrays

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 60.62%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Array, Dynamic Programming, Sliding Window

## Problem Description

Given an integer array `nums` and two integers `firstLen` and `secondLen`, return the maximum sum of elements in two non-overlapping **subarrays** with lengths `firstLen` and `secondLen`.

The array with length `firstLen` could occur before or after the array with length `secondLen`, but they have to be non-overlapping.

A **subarray** is a **contiguous** part of an array.

**Example 1.**

**Input:** `nums = [0,6,5,2,2,5,1,9,4]`, `firstLen = 1`, `secondLen = 2` **Output:** 20

**Explanation:** One choice of subarrays is `[9]` with length 1, and `[6,5]` with length 2.

**Example 2.**

**Input:** `nums = [3,8,1,3,2,1,8,9,0]`, `firstLen = 3`, `secondLen = 2` **Output:** 29

**Explanation:** One choice of subarrays is `[3,8,1]` with length 3, and `[8,9]` with length 2.

**Example 3.**

**Input:** `nums = [2,1,5,6,0,9,5,0,3,8]`, `firstLen = 4`, `secondLen = 3` **Output:** 31

**Explanation:** One choice of subarrays is `[5,6,0,9]` with length 4, and `[0,3,8]` with length 3.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `1` <= firstLen, secondLen <= 1000` \* `2` <= firstLen + secondLen <= 1000` \* `firstLen + secondLen <= nums.length <= 1000` \* `0 <= nums[i] <= 1000`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int maxSumTwoNoOverlap(vector<int>& nums, int firstLen, int secondLen) {

    }
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int maxSumTwoNoOverlap(int[] nums, int firstLen, int secondLen) {

    }
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maxSumTwoNoOverlap(self, nums: List[int], firstLen: int, secondLen: int)
    -> int:
```