

# Problem 2469: Convert the Temperature

## Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given a non-negative floating point number rounded to two decimal places

celsius

, that denotes the

temperature in Celsius

You should convert Celsius into

Kelvin

and

Fahrenheit

and return it as an array

`ans = [kelvin, fahrenheit]`

Return

the array

ans

.

Answers within

10

-5

of the actual answer will be accepted.

Note that:

$$\text{Kelvin} = \text{Celsius} + 273.15$$

$$\text{Fahrenheit} = \text{Celsius} * 1.80 + 32.00$$

Example 1:

Input:

celsius = 36.50

Output:

[309.65000,97.70000]

Explanation:

Temperature at 36.50 Celsius converted in Kelvin is 309.65 and converted in Fahrenheit is 97.70.

Example 2:

Input:

```
celsius = 122.11
```

Output:

```
[395.26000,251.79800]
```

Explanation:

Temperature at 122.11 Celsius converted in Kelvin is 395.26 and converted in Fahrenheit is 251.798.

Constraints:

```
0 <= celsius <= 1000
```

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {  
public:  
vector<double> convertTemperature(double celsius) {  
  
}  
};
```

**Java:**

```
class Solution {  
public double[] convertTemperature(double celsius) {  
  
}  
}
```

**Python3:**

```
class Solution:  
def convertTemperature(self, celsius: float) -> List[float]:
```

**Python:**

```
class Solution(object):  
    def convertTemperature(self, celsius):  
        """  
        :type celsius: float  
        :rtype: List[float]  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} celsius  
 * @return {number[]}   
 */  
var convertTemperature = function(celsius) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function convertTemperature(celsius: number): number[] {  
  
};
```

### C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public double[] ConvertTemperature(double celsius) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C:

```
/**  
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().  
 */  
double* convertTemperature(double celsius, int* returnSize) {  
  
}
```

### Go:

```
func convertTemperature(celsius float64) []float64 {  
}  
}
```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun convertTemperature(celsius: Double): DoubleArray {  
        return doubleArrayOf()  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func convertTemperature(_ celsius: Double) -> [Double] {  
        return [Double]()  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn convert_temperature(celsius: f64) -> Vec<f64> {  
        Vec::new()  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Float} celsius  
# @return {Float[]}  
def convert_temperature(celsius)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Float $celsius  
     * @return Float[]  
     */
```

```
*/  
function convertTemperature($celsius) {  
  
}  
}  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
List<double> convertTemperature(double celsius) {  
  
}  
}  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
def convertTemperature(celsius: Double): Array[Double] = {  
  
}  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
@spec convert_temperature(celsius :: float) :: [float]  
def convert_temperature(celsius) do  
  
end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec convert_temperature(Celsius :: float()) -> [float()].  
convert_temperature(Celsius) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (convert-temperature celsius)  
(-> flonum? (listof flonum?))  
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Convert the Temperature
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
vector<double> convertTemperature(double celsius) {

}
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Convert the Temperature
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public double[] convertTemperature(double celsius) {

}
};
```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Convert the Temperature
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: array, math

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

```

```

class Solution:

def convertTemperature(self, celsius: float) -> List[float]:
    # TODO: Implement optimized solution
    pass

```

## Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):

def convertTemperature(self, celsius):
    """
    :type celsius: float
    :rtype: List[float]
    """

```

## JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Convert the Temperature
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: array, math
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

var convertTemperature = function(celsius) {

```

```
};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Convert the Temperature  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, math  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
function convertTemperature(celsius: number): number[] {  
  
};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Convert the Temperature  
 * Difficulty: Easy  
 * Tags: array, math  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
public class Solution {  
    public double[] ConvertTemperature(double celsius) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Convert the Temperature  
 * Difficulty: Easy
```

```

* Tags: array, math
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

/***
* Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
*/
double* convertTemperature(double celsius, int* returnSize) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Convert the Temperature
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, math
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func convertTemperature(celsius float64) []float64 {
}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun convertTemperature(celsius: Double): DoubleArray {
        return doubleArrayOf()
    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func convertTemperature(_ celsius: Double) -> [Double] {
        return []
}

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Convert the Temperature
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: array, math
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn convert_temperature(celsius: f64) -> Vec<f64> {
        //
    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Float} celsius
# @return {Float[]}
def convert_temperature(celsius)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Float $celsius
     * @return Float[]
     */
    function convertTemperature($celsius) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    List<double> convertTemperature(double celsius) {  
          
    }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def convertTemperature(celsius: Double): Array[Double] = {  
          
    }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec convert_temperature(celsius :: float) :: [float]  
    def convert_temperature(celsius) do  
  
    end  
end
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### Erlang Solution:

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-spec convert_temperature(Celsius :: float()) -> [float()].  
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### Racket Solution:

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