

Problem 3572: Maximize Y■Sum by Picking a Triplet of Distinct X■Values

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 62.85%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Hash Table, Greedy, Sorting, Heap (Priority Queue)

Problem Description

You are given two integer arrays `x`` and `y``, each of length `n``. You must choose three **distinct** indices `i``, `j``, and `k`` such that:

`*`x[i] != x[j]` *`x[j] != x[k]` *`x[k] != x[i]``

Your goal is to **maximize** the value of `y[i] + y[j] + y[k]`` under these conditions. Return the **maximum** possible sum that can be obtained by choosing such a triplet of indices.

If no such triplet exists, return -1.

Example 1:

Input: `x = [1,2,1,3,2]`, `y = [5,3,4,6,2]`

Output: 14

Explanation:

* Choose `i = 0`` (`x[i] = 1``, `y[i] = 5``), `j = 1`` (`x[j] = 2``, `y[j] = 3``), `k = 3`` (`x[k] = 3``, `y[k] = 6``). *
All three values chosen from `x`` are distinct. `5 + 3 + 6 = 14`` is the maximum we can obtain.
Hence, the output is 14.

Example 2:

****Input:**** x = [1,2,1,2], y = [4,5,6,7]

****Output:**** -1

****Explanation:****

* There are only two distinct values in `x`. Hence, the output is -1.

****Constraints:****

* `n == x.length == y.length` * `3 <= n <= 105` * `1 <= x[i], y[i] <= 106`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int maxSumDistinctTriplet(vector<int>& x, vector<int>& y) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int maxSumDistinctTriplet(int[] x, int[] y) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def maxSumDistinctTriplet(self, x: List[int], y: List[int]) -> int:
```