

# Problem 698: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 0.00%

**Paid Only:** No

## Problem Description

Given an integer array

nums

and an integer

k

, return

true

if it is possible to divide this array into

k

non-empty subsets whose sums are all equal.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [4,3,2,3,5,2,1], k = 4

Output:

true

Explanation:

It is possible to divide it into 4 subsets (5), (1, 4), (2,3), (2,3) with equal sums.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [1,2,3,4], k = 3

Output:

false

Constraints:

$1 \leq k \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 16$

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

4

The frequency of each element is in the range

[1, 4]

.

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool canPartitionKSubsets(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
```

```
}  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean canPartitionKSubsets(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def canPartitionKSubsets(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> bool:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def canPartitionKSubsets(self, nums, k):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: bool  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {boolean}  
 */  
var canPartitionKSubsets = function(nums, k) {  
  
};
```

### TypeScript:

```
function canPartitionKSubsets(nums: number[], k: number): boolean {  
  
};
```

**C#:**

```
public class Solution {  
    public bool CanPartitionKSubsets(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**C:**

```
bool canPartitionKSubsets(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {  
  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func canPartitionKSubsets(nums []int, k int) bool {  
  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
    fun canPartitionKSubsets(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func canPartitionKSubsets(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn can_partition_k_subsets(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Boolean}
def can_partition_k_subsets(nums, k)

end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function canPartitionKSubsets($nums, $k) {

    }

}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {
  bool canPartitionKSubsets(List<int> nums, int k) {

  }
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def canPartitionKSubsets(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Boolean = {

  }
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec can_partition_k_subsets(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: boolean
```

```

def can_partition_k_subsets(nums, k) do

end

end

```

### Erlang:

```

-spec can_partition_k_subsets(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) ->
boolean().
can_partition_k_subsets(Nums, K) ->
.

```

### Racket:

```

(define/contract (can-partition-k-subsets nums k)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? boolean?)
  )

```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public:
    bool canPartitionKSubsets(vector<int>& nums, int k) {

    }
};

```

### Java Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

class Solution {
public boolean canPartitionKSubsets(int[] nums, int k) {

}

}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, dp

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
"""

class Solution:
def canPartitionKSubsets(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> bool:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
def canPartitionKSubsets(self, nums, k):
"""
:type nums: List[int]
:type k: int
:rtype: bool
"""

```

## JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
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 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var canPartitionKSubsets = function(nums, k) {

};
```

## TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, dp
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
 */

function canPartitionKSubsets(nums: number[], k: number): boolean {

};
```

## C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets
 * Difficulty: Medium
```



```

* Tags: array, dp
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
*/

public class Solution {
public bool CanPartitionKSubsets(int[] nums, int k) {

}
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, dp
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table
*/

bool canPartitionKSubsets(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, dp
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
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func canPartitionKSubsets(nums []int, k int) bool {

```

```
}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun canPartitionKSubsets(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func canPartitionKSubsets(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Bool {  
  
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}
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### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Partition to K Equal Sum Subsets  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, dp  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(n) or O(n * m) for DP table  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn can_partition_k_subsets(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Boolean}  
def can_partition_k_subsets(nums, k)
```

```
end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Boolean  
     */  
    function canPartitionKSubsets($nums, $k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
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```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def canPartitionKSubsets(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Boolean = {  
  
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```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec can_partition_k_subsets(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: boolean  
    def can_partition_k_subsets(nums, k) do  
  
    end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec can_partition_k_subsets(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) ->
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### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (can-partition-k-subsets nums k)
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