

# Problem 247: Strobogrammatic Number II

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Given an integer

$n$

, return all the

strobogrammatic numbers

that are of length

$n$

. You may return the answer in

any order

.

A

strobogrammatic number

is a number that looks the same when rotated

180

degrees (looked at upside down).

Example 1:

Input:

$n = 2$

Output:

["11","69","88","96"]

Example 2:

Input:

$n = 1$

Output:

["0","1","8"]

Constraints:

$1 \leq n \leq 14$

## Code Snippets

**C++:**

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<string> findStrobogrammatic(int n) {

    }
};
```

**Java:**

```

class Solution {
public List<String> findStrobogrammatic(int n) {

}

}

```

### Python3:

```

class Solution:
def findStrobogrammatic(self, n: int) -> List[str]:

```

### Python:

```

class Solution(object):
def findStrobogrammatic(self, n):
"""
:type n: int
:rtype: List[str]
"""

```

### JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @return {string[]}
 */
var findStrobogrammatic = function(n) {

};

```

### TypeScript:

```

function findStrobogrammatic(n: number): string[] {

};

```

### C#:

```

public class Solution {
public IList<string> FindStrobogrammatic(int n) {

}

}

```

**C:**

```
/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
char** findStrobogrammatic(int n, int* returnSize) {

}
```

**Go:**

```
func findStrobogrammatic(n int) []string {

}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {
    fun findStrobogrammatic(n: Int): List<String> {

    }
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {
    func findStrobogrammatic(_ n: Int) -> [String] {

    }
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {
    pub fn find_strobogrammatic(n: i32) -> Vec<String> {

    }
}
```

**Ruby:**

```
# @param {Integer} n
# @return {String[]}
```

```
def find_strobogrammatic(n)

end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @return String[]
     */
    function findStrobogrammatic($n) {

    }

}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {
  List<String> findStrobogrammatic(int n) {

  }
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {
  def findStrobogrammatic(n: Int): List[String] = {

  }
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec find_strobogrammatic(n :: integer) :: [String.t]
  def find_strobogrammatic(n) do

  end
end
```

## Erlang:

```
-spec find_strobogrammatic(N :: integer()) -> [unicode:unicode_binary()].  
find_strobogrammatic(N) ->  
. 
```

## Racket:

```
(define/contract (find-strobogrammatic n)  
  (-> exact-integer? (listof string?))  
  )
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Strobogrammatic Number II  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
public:  
    vector<string> findStrobogrammatic(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Strobogrammatic Number II  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, string  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
```

```

* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

class Solution {
public List<String> findStrobogrammatic(int n) {

}

}

```

### Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Strobogrammatic Number II
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, string

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def findStrobogrammatic(self, n: int) -> List[str]:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

### Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def findStrobogrammatic(self, n):
        """
        :type n: int
        :rtype: List[str]
        """

```

### JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Strobogrammatic Number II
 * Difficulty: Medium

```

```

* Tags: array, string
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

/**
* @param {number} n
* @return {string[]}
*/
var findStrobogrammatic = function(n) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
* Problem: Strobogrammatic Number II
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, string
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

function findStrobogrammatic(n: number): string[] {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Strobogrammatic Number II
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, string
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

```



```

*/

public class Solution {
public IList<string> FindStrobogrammatic(int n) {

}

}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Strobogrammatic Number II
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
char** findStrobogrammatic(int n, int* returnSize) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Strobogrammatic Number II
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func findStrobogrammatic(n int) []string {

}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun findStrobogrammatic(n: Int): List<String> {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func findStrobogrammatic(_ n: Int) -> [String] {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Strobogrammatic Number II  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, string  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn find_strobogrammatic(n: i32) -> Vec<String> {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} n  
# @return {String[]}  
def find_strobogrammatic(n)  
  
end
```

### PHP Solution:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer $n
     * @return String[]
     */
    function findStrobogrammatic($n) {

    }

}

```

### Dart Solution:

```

class Solution {
  List<String> findStrobogrammatic(int n) {

  }

}

```

### Scala Solution:

```

object Solution {
  def findStrobogrammatic(n: Int): List[String] = {

  }

}

```

### Elixir Solution:

```

defmodule Solution do
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end

```

### Erlang Solution:

```

-spec find_strobogrammatic(N :: integer()) -> [unicode:unicode_binary()].
find_strobogrammatic(N) ->
.

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### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (find-strobogrammatic n)
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