

# Problem 818: Race Car

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Hard

**Acceptance Rate:** 44.48%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** Dynamic Programming

## Problem Description

Your car starts at position `0` and speed `+1` on an infinite number line. Your car can go into negative positions. Your car drives automatically according to a sequence of instructions `'A'` (accelerate) and `'R'` (reverse):

\* When you get an instruction `'A'`, your car does the following: `* position += speed * speed *= 2`  
\* When you get an instruction `'R'`, your car does the following: `* If your speed is positive then speed = -1 * otherwise speed = 1` Your position stays the same.

For example, after commands `"AAR"`, your car goes to positions `0 --> 1 --> 3 --> 3`, and your speed goes to `1 --> 2 --> 4 --> -1`.

Given a target position `target`, return `_`the length of the shortest sequence of instructions to get there`_`.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** `target = 3` **Output:** `2` **Explanation:** The shortest instruction sequence is `"AA"`. Your position goes from `0 --> 1 --> 3`.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** `target = 6` **Output:** `5` **Explanation:** The shortest instruction sequence is `"AAARA"`. Your position goes from `0 --> 1 --> 3 --> 7 --> 7 --> 6`.

**Constraints:**

\*`1 <= target <= 104`

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int racecar(int target) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int racecar(int target) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def racecar(self, target: int) -> int:
```