

# Problem 1716: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank

## Problem Information

Difficulty: [Easy](#)

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

Hercy wants to save money for his first car. He puts money in the Leetcode bank

every day

.

He starts by putting in

\$1

on Monday, the first day. Every day from Tuesday to Sunday, he will put in

\$1

more than the day before. On every subsequent Monday, he will put in

\$1

more than the

previous Monday

.

Given

n

, return

the total amount of money he will have in the Leetcode bank at the end of the

n

th

day.

Example 1:

Input:

n = 4

Output:

10

Explanation:

After the 4

th

day, the total is  $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 = 10$ .

Example 2:

Input:

n = 10

Output:

37

Explanation:

After the 10

th

day, the total is  $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7) + (2 + 3 + 4) = 37$ . Notice that on the 2

nd

Monday, Hercy only puts in \$2.

Example 3:

Input:

$n = 20$

Output:

96

Explanation:

After the 20

th

day, the total is  $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7) + (2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8) + (3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8) = 96$ .

Constraints:

$1 \leq n \leq 1000$

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int totalMoney(int n) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int totalMoney(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def totalMoney(self, n: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def totalMoney(self, n):  
        """  
        :type n: int  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

### JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number} n  
 * @return {number}  
 */  
var totalMoney = function(n) {  
  
};
```

**TypeScript:**

```
function totalMoney(n: number): number {  
  
};
```

**C#:**

```
public class Solution {  
    public int TotalMoney(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

**C:**

```
int totalMoney(int n) {  
  
}
```

**Go:**

```
func totalMoney(n int) int {  
  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
    fun totalMoney(n: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func totalMoney(_ n: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
  pub fn total_money(n: i32) -> i32 {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer} n  
# @return {Integer}  
def total_money(n)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
  /**  
   * @param Integer $n  
   * @return Integer  
   */  
  function totalMoney($n) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
  int totalMoney(int n) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def totalMoney(n: Int): Int = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec total_money(n :: integer) :: integer
  def total_money(n) do

  end

end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec total_money(N :: integer()) -> integer().
total_money(N) ->
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (total-money n)
  (-> exact-integer? exact-integer?)
)
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int totalMoney(int n) {

    }

};
```

## Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public int totalMoney(int n) {

}

}
```

## Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank
Difficulty: Easy
Tags: math

Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
def totalMoney(self, n: int) -> int:
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
pass
```

## Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
def totalMoney(self, n):
"""
:type n: int
:rtype: int
```



```
"""
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

/**
 * @param {number} n
 * @return {number}
 */
var totalMoney = function(n) {

};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function totalMoney(n: number): number {

};
```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public int TotalMoney(int n) {

    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank
 * Difficulty: Easy
 * Tags: math
 *
 * Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
 * Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

int totalMoney(int n) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank
// Difficulty: Easy
// Tags: math
//
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

```

```
func totalMoney(n int) int {  
  
}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun totalMoney(n: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func totalMoney(_ n: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Calculate Money in Leetcode Bank  
// Difficulty: Easy  
// Tags: math  
//  
// Approach: Optimized algorithm based on problem constraints  
// Time Complexity: O(n) to O(n^2) depending on approach  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn total_money(n: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer} n  
# @return {Integer}  
def total_money(n)
```

```
end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer $n  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function totalMoney($n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    int totalMoney(int n) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
    def totalMoney(n: Int): Int = {  
  
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```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do  
    @spec total_money(n :: integer) :: integer  
    def total_money(n) do  
  
    end  
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec total_money(N :: integer()) -> integer().  
total_money(N) ->  
.
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (total-money n)  
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)
```