

# Problem 2622: Cache With Time Limit

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 75.93%

**Paid Only:** No

## Problem Description

Write a class that allows getting and setting key-value pairs, however a \*\*time until expiration\*\* is associated with each key.

The class has three public methods:

`set(key, value, duration)`: accepts an integer `key`, an integer `value`, and a `duration` in milliseconds. Once the `duration` has elapsed, the key should be inaccessible. The method should return `true` if the same un-expired key already exists and `false` otherwise. Both the value and duration should be overwritten if the key already exists.

`get(key)`: if an un-expired key exists, it should return the associated value. Otherwise it should return `-1`.

`count()`: returns the count of un-expired keys.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** actions = ["TimeLimitedCache", "set", "get", "count", "get"] values = [[], [1, 42, 100], [1], [], [1]] timeDelays = [0, 0, 50, 50, 150] **Output:** [null, false, 42, 1, -1] **Explanation:** At t=0, the cache is constructed. At t=0, a key-value pair (1: 42) is added with a time limit of 100ms. The value doesn't exist so false is returned. At t=50, key=1 is requested and the value of 42 is returned. At t=50, count() is called and there is one active key in the cache. At t=100, key=1 expires. At t=150, get(1) is called but -1 is returned because the cache is empty.

**Example 2:**

**\*\*Input:\*\*** actions = ["TimeLimitedCache", "set", "set", "get", "get", "count"] values = [[], [1, 42, 50], [1, 50, 100], [1], [1], []] timeDelays = [0, 0, 40, 50, 120, 200, 250] **\*\*Output:\*\*** [null, false, true, 50, 50, -1, 0] **\*\*Explanation:\*\*** At t=0, the cache is constructed. At t=0, a key-value pair (1: 42) is added with a time limit of 50ms. The value doesn't exist so false is returned. At t=40, a key-value pair (1: 50) is added with a time limit of 100ms. A non-expired value already existed so true is returned and the old value was overwritten. At t=50, get(1) is called which returned 50. At t=120, get(1) is called which returned 50. At t=140, key=1 expires. At t=200, get(1) is called but the cache is empty so -1 is returned. At t=250, count() returns 0 because the cache is empty.

**\*\*Constraints:\*\***

\* `0 <= key, value <= 109` \* `0 <= duration <= 1000` \* `1 <= actions.length <= 100` \* `actions.length === values.length` \* `actions.length === timeDelays.length` \* `0 <= timeDelays[i] <= 1450` \* `actions[i]` is one of "TimeLimitedCache", "set", "get" and "count" \* First action is always "TimeLimitedCache" and must be executed immediately, with a 0-millisecond delay

## Code Snippets

### JavaScript:

```
var TimeLimitedCache = function() {

};

/**
 * @param {number} key
 * @param {number} value
 * @param {number} duration time until expiration in ms
 * @return {boolean} if un-expired key already existed
 */
TimeLimitedCache.prototype.set = function(key, value, duration) {

};

/**
 * @param {number} key
 * @return {number} value associated with key
 */
TimeLimitedCache.prototype.get = function(key) {
```

```
};

/**
 * @return {number} count of non-expired keys
 */
TimeLimitedCache.prototype.count = function() {

};

/**
 * const timeLimitedCache = new TimeLimitedCache()
 * timeLimitedCache.set(1, 42, 1000); // false
 * timeLimitedCache.get(1) // 42
 * timeLimitedCache.count() // 1
 */

```

## TypeScript:

```
class TimeLimitedCache {

constructor() {

}

set(key: number, value: number, duration: number): boolean {

}

get(key: number): number {

}

count(): number {

}

}

/**
 * const timeLimitedCache = new TimeLimitedCache()
 * timeLimitedCache.set(1, 42, 1000); // false
 * timeLimitedCache.get(1) // 42

```

```
* timeLimitedCache.count() // 1  
*/
```