

# Problem 1891: Cutting Ribbons

## Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given an integer array

`ribbons`

, where

`ribbons[i]`

represents the length of the

$i$

th

ribbon, and an integer

$k$

. You may cut any of the ribbons into any number of segments of

positive integer

lengths, or perform no cuts at all.

For example, if you have a ribbon of length

4

, you can:

Keep the ribbon of length

4

,

Cut it into one ribbon of length

3

and one ribbon of length

1

,

Cut it into two ribbons of length

2

,

Cut it into one ribbon of length

2

and two ribbons of length

1

, or

Cut it into four ribbons of length

1

.

Your task is to determine the

maximum

length of ribbon,

$x$

, that allows you to cut

at least

$k$

ribbons, each of length

$x$

. You can discard any leftover ribbon from the cuts. If it is

impossible

to cut

$k$

ribbons of the same length, return 0.

Example 1:

Input:

`ribbons = [9,7,5], k = 3`

Output:

5

Explanation:

- Cut the first ribbon to two ribbons, one of length 5 and one of length 4. - Cut the second ribbon to two ribbons, one of length 5 and one of length 2. - Keep the third ribbon as it is. Now you have 3 ribbons of length 5.

Example 2:

Input:

ribbons = [7,5,9], k = 4

Output:

4

Explanation:

- Cut the first ribbon to two ribbons, one of length 4 and one of length 3. - Cut the second ribbon to two ribbons, one of length 4 and one of length 1. - Cut the third ribbon to three ribbons, two of length 4 and one of length 1. Now you have 4 ribbons of length 4.

Example 3:

Input:

ribbons = [5,7,9], k = 22

Output:

0

Explanation:

You cannot obtain k ribbons of the same positive integer length.

Constraints:

1 <= ribbons.length <= 10

5

1 <= ribbons[i] <= 10

5

1 <= k <= 10

9

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int maxLength(vector<int>& ribbons, int k) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int maxLength(int[] ribbons, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def maxLength(self, ribbons: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def maxLength(self, ribbons, k):
```

```

"""
:type ribbons: List[int]
:type k: int
:rtype: int
"""

```

### JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {number[]} ribbons
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {number}
 */
var maxLength = function(ribbons, k) {

};

```

### TypeScript:

```

function maxLength(ribbons: number[], k: number): number {

};

```

### C#:

```

public class Solution {
    public int MaxLength(int[] ribbons, int k) {

    }
}

```

### C:

```

int maxLength(int* ribbons, int ribbonsSize, int k) {

}

```

### Go:

```

func maxLength(ribbons []int, k int) int {

}

```

### Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun maxLength(ribbons: IntArray, k: Int): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func maxLength(_ ribbons: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Rust:

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn max_length(ribbons: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby:

```
# @param {Integer[]} ribbons  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer}  
def max_length(ribbons, k)  
  
end
```

### PHP:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $ribbons  
     * @param Integer $k  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
    function maxLength($ribbons, $k) {
```

```
}  
}
```

### Dart:

```
class Solution {  
  int maxLength(List<int> ribbons, int k) {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Scala:

```
object Solution {  
  def maxLength(ribbons: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do  
  @spec max_length(ribbons :: [integer], k :: integer) :: integer  
  def max_length(ribbons, k) do  
  
  end  
end
```

### Erlang:

```
-spec max_length(Ribbons :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> integer().  
max_length(Ribbons, K) ->  
.
```

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (max-length ribbons k)  
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? exact-integer?)  
  )
```



## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Cutting Ribbons
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int maxLength(vector<int>& ribbons, int k) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Cutting Ribbons
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
    public int maxLength(int[] ribbons, int k) {

    }
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""
Problem: Cutting Ribbons
```

Difficulty: Medium

Tags: array, search

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique

Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  or  $O(n \log n)$

Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach

"""

```
class Solution:
```

```
def maxLength(self, ribbons: List[int], k: int) -> int:
```

```
# TODO: Implement optimized solution
```

```
pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):
```

```
def maxLength(self, ribbons, k):
```

```
"""
```

```
:type ribbons: List[int]
```

```
:type k: int
```

```
:rtype: int
```

```
"""
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**
```

```
 * Problem: Cutting Ribbons
```

```
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```
 * Tags: array, search
```

```
 *
```

```
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
```

```
 * Time Complexity:  $O(n)$  or  $O(n \log n)$ 
```

```
 * Space Complexity:  $O(1)$  to  $O(n)$  depending on approach
```

```
 */
```

```
/**
```

```
 * @param {number[]} ribbons
```

```
 * @param {number} k
```

```
 * @return {number}
```

```
 */
```

```
var maxLength = function(ribbons, k) {
```

```
};
```

### TypeScript Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Cutting Ribbons
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function maxLength(ribbons: number[], k: number): number {

};
```

### C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Cutting Ribbons
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public int MaxLength(int[] ribbons, int k) {

    }
}
```

### C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Cutting Ribbons
```

```

* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
*/

int maxLength(int* ribbons, int ribbonsSize, int k) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Cutting Ribbons
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

func maxLength(ribbons []int, k int) int {

}

```

### Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun maxLength(ribbons: IntArray, k: Int): Int {

    }
}

```

### Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func maxLength(_ ribbons: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Int {

    }
}

```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Cutting Ribbons
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach

impl Solution {
    pub fn max_length(ribbons: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> i32 {

    }
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} ribbons
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer}
def max_length(ribbons, k)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $ribbons
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer
     */
    function maxLength($ribbons, $k) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  int maxLength(List<int> ribbons, int k) {  
  
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}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def maxLength(ribbons: Array[Int], k: Int): Int = {  
  
  }  
}
```

### Elixir Solution:

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defmodule Solution do  
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  end  
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### Erlang Solution:

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-spec max_length(Ribbons :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> integer().  
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