

# Problem 3006: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I

## Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

## Problem Description

You are given a

0-indexed

string

s

, a string

a

, a string

b

, and an integer

k

An index

i

is

beautiful

if:

$0 \leq i \leq s.length - a.length$

$s[i..(i + a.length - 1)] == a$

There exists an index

j

such that:

$0 \leq j \leq s.length - b.length$

$s[j..(j + b.length - 1)] == b$

$|j - i| \leq k$

Return

the array that contains beautiful indices in

sorted order from smallest to largest

Example 1:

Input:

```
s = "isawsquirrelnearmysquirrelhouseohmy", a = "my", b = "squirrel", k = 15
```

Output:

[16,33]

Explanation:

There are 2 beautiful indices: [16,33]. - The index 16 is beautiful as  $s[16..17] == "my"$  and there exists an index 4 with  $s[4..11] == "squirrel"$  and  $|16 - 4| \leq 15$ . - The index 33 is beautiful as  $s[33..34] == "my"$  and there exists an index 18 with  $s[18..25] == "squirrel"$  and  $|33 - 18| \leq 15$ . Thus we return [16,33] as the result.

Example 2:

Input:

$s = "abcd"$ ,  $a = "a"$ ,  $b = "a"$ ,  $k = 4$

Output:

[0]

Explanation:

There is 1 beautiful index: [0]. - The index 0 is beautiful as  $s[0..0] == "a"$  and there exists an index 0 with  $s[0..0] == "a"$  and  $|0 - 0| \leq 4$ . Thus we return [0] as the result.

Constraints:

$1 \leq k \leq s.length \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq a.length, b.length \leq 10$

s

,

a

, and

b

contain only lowercase English letters.

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
vector<int> beautifulIndices(string s, string a, string b, int k) {  
}  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
public List<Integer> beautifulIndices(String s, String a, String b, int k) {  
}  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
def beautifulIndices(self, s: str, a: str, b: str, k: int) -> List[int]:
```

### Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
def beautifulIndices(self, s, a, b, k):  
"""  
:type s: str  
:type a: str  
:type b: str  
:type k: int  
:rtype: List[int]  
"""
```

### **JavaScript:**

```
/**  
 * @param {string} s  
 * @param {string} a  
 * @param {string} b  
 * @param {number} k  
 * @return {number[]}  
 */  
var beautifulIndices = function(s, a, b, k) {  
  
};
```

### **TypeScript:**

```
function beautifulIndices(s: string, a: string, b: string, k: number):  
number[] {  
  
};
```

### **C#:**

```
public class Solution {  
public IList<int> BeautifulIndices(string s, string a, string b, int k) {  
  
}  
}
```

### **C:**

```
/**  
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().  
 */  
int* beautifulIndices(char* s, char* a, char* b, int k, int* returnSize) {  
  
}
```

### **Go:**

```
func beautifulIndices(s string, a string, b string, k int) []int {  
  
}
```

**Kotlin:**

```
class Solution {  
    fun beautifulIndices(s: String, a: String, b: String, k: Int): List<Int> {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Swift:**

```
class Solution {  
    func beautifulIndices(_ s: String, _ a: String, _ b: String, _ k: Int) ->  
        [Int] {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Rust:**

```
impl Solution {  
    pub fn beautiful_indices(s: String, a: String, b: String, k: i32) -> Vec<i32>  
    {  
  
    }  
}
```

**Ruby:**

```
# @param {String} s  
# @param {String} a  
# @param {String} b  
# @param {Integer} k  
# @return {Integer[]}  
def beautiful_indices(s, a, b, k)  
  
end
```

**PHP:**

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param String $s
```

```

* @param String $a
* @param String $b
* @param Integer $k
* @return Integer[]
*/
function beautifulIndices($s, $a, $b, $k) {

}
}

```

### Dart:

```

class Solution {
List<int> beautifulIndices(String s, String a, String b, int k) {
}

}

```

### Scala:

```

object Solution {
def beautifulIndices(s: String, a: String, b: String, k: Int): List[Int] = {

}
}

```

### Elixir:

```

defmodule Solution do
@spec beautiful_indices(s :: String.t, a :: String.t, b :: String.t, k :: integer) :: [integer]
def beautiful_indices(s, a, b, k) do

end
end

```

### Erlang:

```

-spec beautiful_indices(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), A :: unicode:unicode_binary(), B :: unicode:unicode_binary(), K :: integer()) -> [integer()].
beautiful_indices(S, A, B, K) ->

```

.

### Racket:

```
(define/contract (beautiful-indices s a b k)
  (-> string? string? string? exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?)))
  )
```

## Solutions

### C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, hash, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> beautifulIndices(string s, string a, string b, int k) {

    }
};
```

### Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, hash, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */
```

```
class Solution {  
    public List<Integer> beautifulIndices(String s, String a, String b, int k) {  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I  
Difficulty: Medium  
Tags: array, string, hash, sort, search  
  
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def beautifulIndices(self, s: str, a: str, b: str, k: int) -> List[int]:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

### Python Solution:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def beautifulIndices(self, s, a, b, k):  
        """  
        :type s: str  
        :type a: str  
        :type b: str  
        :type k: int  
        :rtype: List[int]  
        """
```

### JavaScript Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I  
 * Difficulty: Medium
```

```

* Tags: array, string, hash, sort, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/
/**

* @param {string} s
* @param {string} a
* @param {string} b
* @param {number} k
* @return {number[]}
*/
var beautifulIndices = function(s, a, b, k) {

};

```

### TypeScript Solution:

```

/**

* Problem: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, string, hash, sort, search
*
* Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
* Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
* Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
*/
function beautifulIndices(s: string, a: string, b: string, k: number):
number[ ] {

};

```

### C# Solution:

```

/*
* Problem: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I
* Difficulty: Medium
* Tags: array, string, hash, sort, search

```

```

/*
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

public class Solution {
    public IList<int> BeautifulIndices(string s, string a, string b, int k) {
        return null;
    }
}

```

### C Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, string, hash, sort, search
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

/**
 * Note: The returned array must be malloced, assume caller calls free().
 */
int* beautifulIndices(char* s, char* a, char* b, int k, int* returnSize) {

}

```

### Go Solution:

```

// Problem: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, string, hash, sort, search
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

```

```
func beautifulIndices(s string, a string, b string, k int) []int {  
}  
}
```

### Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun beautifulIndices(s: String, a: String, b: String, k: Int): List<Int> {  
        //  
        //  
    }  
}
```

### Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func beautifulIndices(_ s: String, _ a: String, _ b: String, _ k: Int) ->  
        [Int] {  
            //  
            //  
        }  
}
```

### Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Find Beautiful Indices in the Given Array I  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, string, hash, sort, search  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn beautiful_indices(s: String, a: String, b: String, k: i32) -> Vec<i32>  
    {  
        //  
        //  
    }  
}
```

### Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {String} s
# @param {String} a
# @param {String} b
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Integer[]}
def beautiful_indices(s, a, b, k)

end
```

### PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param String $s
     * @param String $a
     * @param String $b
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Integer[]
     */
    function beautifulIndices($s, $a, $b, $k) {

    }
}
```

### Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
List<int> beautifulIndices(String s, String a, String b, int k) {

}
```

### Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
def beautifulIndices(s: String, a: String, b: String, k: Int): List[Int] = {

}
```

### Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
@spec beautiful_indices(s :: String.t, a :: String.t, b :: String.t, k :: integer) :: [integer]
def beautiful_indices(s, a, b, k) do
  end
end
```

### Erlang Solution:

```
-spec beautiful_indices(S :: unicode:unicode_binary(), A :: unicode:unicode_binary(), B :: unicode:unicode_binary(), K :: integer()) -> [integer()].
beautiful_indices(S, A, B, K) ->
  .
```

### Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (beautiful-indices s a b k)
  (-> string? string? string? exact-integer? (listof exact-integer?)))
)
```