

Problem 3659: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups

Problem Information

Difficulty: Medium

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

You are given an integer array

`nums`

and an integer

`k`

.

Your task is to determine whether it is possible to partition all elements of

`nums`

into one or more groups such that:

Each group contains

exactly

`k`

elements.

All elements in each group are

distinct

.

Each element in

nums

must be assigned to

exactly

one group.

Return

true

if such a partition is possible, otherwise return

false

.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [1,2,3,4], k = 2

Output:

true

Explanation:

One possible partition is to have 2 groups:

Group 1:

[1, 2]

Group 2:

[3, 4]

Each group contains

$k = 2$

distinct elements, and all elements are used exactly once.

Example 2:

Input:

nums = [3,5,2,2], $k = 2$

Output:

true

Explanation:

One possible partition is to have 2 groups:

Group 1:

[2, 3]

Group 2:

[2, 5]

Each group contains

$k = 2$

distinct elements, and all elements are used exactly once.

Example 3:

Input:

nums = [1,5,2,3], k = 3

Output:

false

Explanation:

We cannot form groups of

k = 3

distinct elements using all values exactly once.

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

5

$1 \leq k \leq \text{nums.length}$

Code Snippets

C++:

```

class Solution {
public:
    bool partitionArray(vector<int>& nums, int k) {

    }
};

```

Java:

```

class Solution {
    public boolean partitionArray(int[] nums, int k) {

    }
}

```

Python3:

```

class Solution:
    def partitionArray(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> bool:

```

Python:

```

class Solution(object):
    def partitionArray(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: bool
        """

```

JavaScript:

```

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var partitionArray = function(nums, k) {

};

```

TypeScript:

```
function partitionArray(nums: number[], k: number): boolean {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public bool PartitionArray(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
bool partitionArray(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func partitionArray(nums []int, k int) bool {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun partitionArray(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Boolean {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```
class Solution {  
    func partitionArray(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Bool {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust:

```

impl Solution {
    pub fn partition_array(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> bool {

    }
}

```

Ruby:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Boolean}
def partition_array(nums, k)

end

```

PHP:

```

class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function partitionArray($nums, $k) {

    }
}

```

Dart:

```

class Solution {
    bool partitionArray(List<int> nums, int k) {

    }
}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
    def partitionArray(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Boolean = {

    }
}

```

```
}
```

Elixir:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec partition_array(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: boolean
  def partition_array(nums, k) do

  end
end
```

Erlang:

```
-spec partition_array(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> boolean().
partition_array(Nums, K) ->
.
```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (partition-array nums k)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? boolean?)
)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

class Solution {
public:
    bool partitionArray(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
```



```
}  
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**  
 * Problem: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, hash  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
 */  
  
class Solution {  
    public boolean partitionArray(int[] nums, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3 Solution:

```
"""  
Problem: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups  
Difficulty: Medium  
Tags: array, hash  
  
Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map  
"""  
  
class Solution:  
    def partitionArray(self, nums: List[int], k: int) -> bool:  
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution  
        pass
```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def partitionArray(self, nums, k):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :type k: int
        :rtype: bool
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @param {number} k
 * @return {boolean}
 */
var partitionArray = function(nums, k) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

function partitionArray(nums: number[], k: number): boolean {

```

```
};
```

C# Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

public class Solution {
    public bool PartitionArray(int[] nums, int k) {

    }
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, hash
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map
 */

bool partitionArray(int* nums, int numsSize, int k) {

}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups
// Difficulty: Medium
```

```

// Tags: array, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

func partitionArray(nums []int, k int) bool {

}

```

Kotlin Solution:

```

class Solution {
    fun partitionArray(nums: IntArray, k: Int): Boolean {

    }
}

```

Swift Solution:

```

class Solution {
    func partitionArray(_ nums: [Int], _ k: Int) -> Bool {

    }
}

```

Rust Solution:

```

// Problem: Partition Array Into K-Distinct Groups
// Difficulty: Medium
// Tags: array, hash
//
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
// Space Complexity: O(n) for hash map

impl Solution {
    pub fn partition_array(nums: Vec<i32>, k: i32) -> bool {

    }
}

```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @param {Integer} k
# @return {Boolean}
def partition_array(nums, k)

end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {

    /**
     * @param Integer[] $nums
     * @param Integer $k
     * @return Boolean
     */
    function partitionArray($nums, $k) {

    }

}
```

Dart Solution:

```
class Solution {
  bool partitionArray(List<int> nums, int k) {

  }

}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {
  def partitionArray(nums: Array[Int], k: Int): Boolean = {

  }

}
```

Elixir Solution:

```
defmodule Solution do
  @spec partition_array(nums :: [integer], k :: integer) :: boolean
  def partition_array(nums, k) do

  end
end
```

Erlang Solution:

```
-spec partition_array(Nums :: [integer()], K :: integer()) -> boolean().
partition_array(Nums, K) ->
.
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (partition-array nums k)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer? boolean?)
)
```