

Problem 1877: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array

Problem Information

Difficulty: **Medium**

Acceptance Rate: 0.00%

Paid Only: No

Problem Description

The

pair sum

of a pair

(a,b)

is equal to

$a + b$

. The

maximum pair sum

is the largest

pair sum

in a list of pairs.

For example, if we have pairs

$(1,5)$

,

(2,3)

, and

(4,4)

, the

maximum pair sum

would be

$\max(1+5, 2+3, 4+4) = \max(6, 5, 8) = 8$

.

Given an array

nums

of

even

length

n

, pair up the elements of

nums

into

$n / 2$

pairs such that:

Each element of

nums

is in

exactly one

pair, and

The

maximum pair sum

is

minimized

.

Return

the minimized

maximum pair sum

after optimally pairing up the elements

.

Example 1:

Input:

nums = [3,5,2,3]

Output:

7

Explanation:

The elements can be paired up into pairs (3,3) and (5,2). The maximum pair sum is $\max(3+3, 5+2) = \max(6, 7) = 7$.

Example 2:

Input:

`nums = [3,5,4,2,4,6]`

Output:

8

Explanation:

The elements can be paired up into pairs (3,5), (4,4), and (6,2). The maximum pair sum is $\max(3+5, 4+4, 6+2) = \max(8, 8, 8) = 8$.

Constraints:

`n == nums.length`

`2 <= n <= 10`

5

n

is

even

.

`1 <= nums[i] <= 10`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int minPairSum(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
    }  
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public int minPairSum(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def minPairSum(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
```

Python:

```
class Solution(object):  
    def minPairSum(self, nums):  
        """  
        :type nums: List[int]  
        :rtype: int  
        """
```

JavaScript:

```
/**  
 * @param {number[]} nums  
 * @return {number}  
 */
```

```
var minPairSum = function(nums) {  
  
};
```

TypeScript:

```
function minPairSum(nums: number[]): number {  
  
};
```

C#:

```
public class Solution {  
    public int MinPairSum(int[] nums) {  
  
    }  
}
```

C:

```
int minPairSum(int* nums, int numsSize){  
  
}
```

Go:

```
func minPairSum(nums []int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin:

```
class Solution {  
    fun minPairSum(nums: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Swift:

```

class Solution {
  func minPairSum(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {

  }
}

```

Rust:

```

impl Solution {
  pub fn min_pair_sum(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {

  }
}

```

Ruby:

```

# @param {Integer[]} nums
# @return {Integer}
def min_pair_sum(nums)

end

```

PHP:

```

class Solution {

  /**
   * @param Integer[] $nums
   * @return Integer
   */
  function minPairSum($nums) {

  }
}

```

Scala:

```

object Solution {
  def minPairSum(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {

  }
}

```

Racket:

```
(define/contract (min-pair-sum nums)
  (-> (listof exact-integer?) exact-integer?)

)
```

Solutions

C++ Solution:

```
/*
 * Problem: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
public:
    int minPairSum(vector<int>& nums) {

    }
};
```

Java Solution:

```
/**
 * Problem: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

class Solution {
```



```

public int minPairSum(int[] nums) {

}

}

```

Python3 Solution:

```

"""
Problem: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array
Difficulty: Medium
Tags: array, greedy, sort

Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
"""

class Solution:
    def minPairSum(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
        # TODO: Implement optimized solution
        pass

```

Python Solution:

```

class Solution(object):
    def minPairSum(self, nums):
        """
        :type nums: List[int]
        :rtype: int
        """

```

JavaScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
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```

```

*/

/**
 * @param {number[]} nums
 * @return {number}
 */
var minPairSum = function(nums) {

};

```

TypeScript Solution:

```

/**
 * Problem: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

function minPairSum(nums: number[]): number {

};

```

C# Solution:

```

/*
 * Problem: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array
 * Difficulty: Medium
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort
 *
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach
 */

public class Solution {
    public int MinPairSum(int[] nums) {

```

```
}  
}
```

C Solution:

```
/*  
 * Problem: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array  
 * Difficulty: Medium  
 * Tags: array, greedy, sort  
 *  
 * Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
 * Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
 * Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
 */  
  
int minPairSum(int* nums, int numsSize){  
  
}
```

Go Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, greedy, sort  
//  
// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
func minPairSum(nums []int) int {  
  
}
```

Kotlin Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    fun minPairSum(nums: IntArray): Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

Swift Solution:

```
class Solution {  
    func minPairSum(_ nums: [Int]) -> Int {  
  
    }  
}
```

Rust Solution:

```
// Problem: Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array  
// Difficulty: Medium  
// Tags: array, greedy, sort  
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// Approach: Use two pointers or sliding window technique  
// Time Complexity: O(n) or O(n log n)  
// Space Complexity: O(1) to O(n) depending on approach  
  
impl Solution {  
    pub fn min_pair_sum(nums: Vec<i32>) -> i32 {  
  
    }  
}
```

Ruby Solution:

```
# @param {Integer[]} nums  
# @return {Integer}  
def min_pair_sum(nums)  
  
end
```

PHP Solution:

```
class Solution {  
  
    /**  
     * @param Integer[] $nums  
     * @return Integer  
     */  
}
```

```
*/  
function minPairSum($nums) {  
  
}  
}
```

Scala Solution:

```
object Solution {  
  def minPairSum(nums: Array[Int]): Int = {  
  
  }  
}
```

Racket Solution:

```
(define/contract (min-pair-sum nums)  
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)
```