

Problem 1835: Find XOR Sum of All Pairs Bitwise AND

Problem Information

Difficulty: Hard

Acceptance Rate: 62.13%

Paid Only: No

Tags: Array, Math, Bit Manipulation

Problem Description

The **XOR sum** of a list is the bitwise `XOR` of all its elements. If the list only contains one element, then its **XOR sum** will be equal to this element.

* For example, the **XOR sum** of `[1,2,3,4]` is equal to `1 XOR 2 XOR 3 XOR 4 = 4`, and the **XOR sum** of `[3]` is equal to `3`.

You are given two **0-indexed** arrays `arr1` and `arr2` that consist only of non-negative integers.

Consider the list containing the result of `arr1[i] AND arr2[j]` (bitwise `AND`) for every `(i, j)` pair where `0 <= i < arr1.length` and `0 <= j < arr2.length`.

Return the XOR sum of the aforementioned list.

Example 1.

Input: `arr1 = [1,2,3]`, `arr2 = [6,5]` **Output:** `0` **Explanation:** The list = `[1 AND 6, 1 AND 5, 2 AND 6, 2 AND 5, 3 AND 6, 3 AND 5]` = `[0,1,2,0,2,1]`. The XOR sum = `0 XOR 1 XOR 2 XOR 0 XOR 2 XOR 1 = 0`.

Example 2.

Input: `arr1 = [12]`, `arr2 = [4]` **Output:** `4` **Explanation:** The list = `[12 AND 4]` = `[4]`. The XOR sum = `4`.

****Constraints:****

***`1`** <= arr1.length, arr2.length <= 105` *`0` <= arr1[i], arr2[j] <= 109`

Code Snippets

C++:

```
class Solution {
public:
    int getXORSum(vector<int>& arr1, vector<int>& arr2) {

    }
};
```

Java:

```
class Solution {
    public int getXORSum(int[] arr1, int[] arr2) {

    }
}
```

Python3:

```
class Solution:
    def getXORSum(self, arr1: List[int], arr2: List[int]) -> int:
```