

# Problem 1663: Smallest String With A Given Numeric Value

## Problem Information

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Acceptance Rate:** 67.31%

**Paid Only:** No

**Tags:** String, Greedy

## Problem Description

The \*\*numeric value\*\* of a \*\*lowercase character\*\* is defined as its position `(1-indexed)` in the alphabet, so the numeric value of `a` is `1`, the numeric value of `b` is `2`, the numeric value of `c` is `3`, and so on.

The \*\*numeric value\*\* of a \*\*string\*\* consisting of lowercase characters is defined as the sum of its characters' numeric values. For example, the numeric value of the string `"abe"` is equal to `1 + 2 + 5 = 8`.

You are given two integers `n` and `k`. Return \_the\*\*lexicographically smallest string\*\* with \*\*length\*\* equal to `n` and \*\*numeric value\*\* equal to `k`.\_

Note that a string `x` is lexicographically smaller than string `y` if `x` comes before `y` in dictionary order, that is, either `x` is a prefix of `y`, or if `i` is the first position such that `x[i] != y[i]`, then `x[i]` comes before `y[i]` in alphabetic order.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** n = 3, k = 27 **Output:** "aay" **Explanation:** The numeric value of the string is  $1 + 1 + 25 = 27$ , and it is the smallest string with such a value and length equal to 3.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** n = 5, k = 73 **Output:** "aaszz"

**Constraints:**

`* `1 <= n <= 105` * `n <= k <= 26 * n``

## Code Snippets

### C++:

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    string getSmallestString(int n, int k) {  
  
    }  
};
```

### Java:

```
class Solution {  
    public String getSmallestString(int n, int k) {  
  
    }  
}
```

### Python3:

```
class Solution:  
    def getSmallestString(self, n: int, k: int) -> str:
```