## MITx - Financial Accounting

Exam: Ans - Unit - Delete EXCEL perm - negative = (x)

**1** Accrual (earned, collectible, match) – Relevant vs Cash (Reliability)

Retain Earning: (End) RE(t+1) = (Begin) RE(t) + (NI – Div)

NI = Revenue - Expenses +/- Gain/Loss = Operating + Accruals

When in doubt (BSE), put in Retain Earning

**BASE**: Beginning + Add – Subtract = Ending

**Bad Debt Expense =** Contra-A (XA): (-) BDE; (BSE) - CA  $\uparrow$  = RE  $\downarrow$ 

**A/R Turnover** (cash collect) = Rev / (**Avg**. AR-net): bigger = faster

**Day** (collect) **Receivable** = 365/ART: smaller = faster

AR (Net) = AR (Gross) - ADA = BB + Sales - Cash - W/O = EB

ADA (Contra Assets, XA, -) = EB= BB + BDE - Write-off

	Def → Affect:	I/S (Period)	B/S (Snapshot)
AR	Sales "On account"	Rev	Assets
ADA (Allowance for doubtful Account)	provision for uncollectable AR (un-AR)	Income	Contra-A
BadDebtExp	Future est. of un-AR	% Sales	+ ADA
Write-off	A/R sure cannot pay	Affect	$\downarrow$ AR - $\downarrow$ ADA (XA) = RE(0)

Aging gives EB (=AR\*Est.Uncollect)  $\rightarrow$  BDE = EB - BB + W/o %Sale (Est %loss) give BDE  $\rightarrow$  EB = BB + BDE - W/o

FIFO --- Old \$ @Income --- New \$ @Balance (more accurate)

**LIFO** --- New \$ @Balance --- Old \$ @**Income** (more accurate)

→ COGS (LIFO) >= COGS (FIFO) (Product only, no service)

**Beginning Inv** + **Additions** − **COGS** = Ending Inv; (Additions/Purchase price LIFO/FIFO)

**LIFOreserve** = aggregate replacement cost of INV exceed LIFO carrying value... = additional amount charged to COGS since LIFO

LIFO (reserve) = Elnv (FIFO) [current cost] — Elnv (LIFO)

Tax benefit (saving) = LIFO (reserve) \* Tax-rate ( $\tau$ )

**ΔLIFO (reserve)** = COGS (LIFO) – COGS (FIFO)

Inventory Turnover = COGS / (Avg) Inventory (IT: FIFO < LIFO)

**Day Inventory** = 365/Inv.Turnover (Lower = Better)

Dep. Expense =  $(EB - BB) + Accum.Dep; (BSE) - CA \uparrow = RE \downarrow$ 

**Dep. Expense/year** = (Acq. Cost – Salvage V\$)/Est. Useful Life

Net Book Value = Acq.Cost (Gross) - Accum.Depreciation

Gain (Loss) = Cash(Sale\$) - NBV = Acc.Dep - (Gross PPE - Sale\$)

**Impairment** = *freq. check* = only stay the **same or decrease**.

EB = BB + CAPEX (Gross PPE) - Gross Assets (Disposal/Sold)

**Beg-Accumulated Depreciation +** Dep-Expense – (already) Accum-Dep on **sold assets = Ending Accumulated dep.** 

**Depreciation Base** = Cost – Salvage Valuey; △Depre **€ CFO**.

Economic Depreciation = GrossPPE(fix)-Sale\$; Dep. ∉ Cash Flow

**CFO**: daily operating, income, dividend received, interest exp

**CFI**: AFS, PPE (buy & sell), stock, other mkt security =  $\Delta$ PPE..

CFF: raise debt, bond, repay div, issue stock...

 $\Delta$ Cash =  $\Delta$ CFO +  $\Delta$ CFI +  $\Delta$ CFF = -  $\Delta$ Non\$-Assets +  $\Delta$ L +  $\Delta$ SE

NI = CFO + Accruals [+non\$ expense, +/- gain/loss, +/- ΔNon\$WC]

**Indirect Method to calculate CFO:** 

(1) **CFO** = NI – (Depreciation) – (StockComp) + Others – ( $\Delta$ WC)

(2) **CFO** = NI + Dep.Exp – Gain on Sales PPE – Inc $\uparrow$ AR - Inc $\uparrow$ Inv + Inc $\uparrow$ AP [Inc $\uparrow$  = increase in... = this year – last year; all +ve]

CFO = NI + Dep -  $\Delta$ Non\$CA +  $\Delta$ CL; FCF = CFO - CAPEX

CFF =  $\Delta$ Debt (new) +  $\Delta$ Equity – Div –  $\Delta$ Debt (repay)

Working Capital = CA - CL; Non\$ WC (AR, Inv, prepaid...) = WC - Cash

Change in WC: affect Cash, Affect Net Income (Inv, def.Rev...)

Passive Investment (Mark to Market): FV vs Historical Value

Fair value vs. historical cost accounting

Financial Investment Diagram

Fair value

Trading
(fair value method)

Available-for-sale
(fair value method)

Ownership

Ownership

Ownership

Ownership

Control
(consolidate—
purchase method)

@Cost

@Cost

Held to Maturity (Debt only) effect on B/S or I/S

**AFS** Available for Sale [Debt] → (B/S, CFI, AOCI): Assets, **‡on OCI** 

Trading Securities [D&E]  $\rightarrow$  (B/S, I/S [NI], CFO, CFI, RE),  $\updownarrow$ on RE

**OCI** (Other Comprehensive Income): on SHE effects NI, Gain/Loss on AFS (AFS → on OCI until sold then realized on RE/NI, balance on OCI)

Option Value = #Options \* (Strike – Current MV); (longer way = Treasury Med: (1) Sell @Cur (2) Use 1 to repur @Strike (3) ↓ #Share to net share (4) Reissue net share @ Strike = Option Value.)

**Equity method (20<%<50):** price  $\updownarrow$  effect (vs. historical cost)

\* Buy (Sell) Equity → ↓Cash ↑Investment = ∉RE (Sell balance)

- \*  $\updownarrow$  Market price  $\rightarrow$  no entry or change.
- \* Earning/Amortize → Cash ↑↓Investment (%) = ↑↓RE (%)

Consolidate (≥50%): (1) A/L/NI replaced related (2) Eliminate inter-corp transactions (investment)

Purchase Accounting (Purchased \$ = paid for SE/Net Assets)

Cash + FairV (tang) + Identif (Intang) + Goodwill = FV (L) + SE

Goodwill (re-eva /y) = Acc.Paid - Tang.A - Indef.TangA - Liab

Goodwill Impairment, PPE: LCM (Lower of Cost or Market): BV > MV → reduce BV to MV (loss); BV <= MV → no change;

ROE, D/E ∉ A/R; AT = Rev/Assets, ART = R/Net AR, InvT = CoGS/Inv

**Dupont**: ROE = NI/SE = (NI/Sales) \* (Sales/Assets) \* (Assets/SE)

= (Profit Margin) x (Asset Turnover) x (Leverage)

**ROA\*** = Earning w/o Int Exp/Total Assets; **EWI** = NI + Int\*(1- $\tau$ )

Tax Expense= $\sqrt{RE}(prov for income tax=current + defer) \# Cash$ Taxes (Tax payable = Current Income Tax Prov (in CFO) = Cash  $\downarrow$ )

DTL: Pretax Income > Tax Income; DTA: Pretax Income < Tax Income

**Deferred Income Tax benefits =** Net (DTA-DTL); **Net NOL**  $\downarrow$  Tax Incom

**Pre-tax income =** Net Income + Tax Expense

**GAPP higher income (Pre-tax)** = Net Deferred Tax Assets  $/\tau$ 

Effective Tax Rate: ETR = Tax Expense (Pro IT) / Pre-tax Income

**DTA Valuation Allowance (XA)**: (not use DTA in fut) -  $CA \uparrow = RE \downarrow$ 

Net Bond Payable: NBP(PV) = PVO(CF) = PVO(FV) + PVO(C)[Cash flow present value discount at market rate, Rm or Rm/K]

NBP = Net Value, \$\(\Delta\) (Discount or Prem) \(\text{NBP}\_{end-value} = Face Value\)

NBP (t+1) = NBP(t) - Principal Amt; PA = Coupon - InterestExp

Int Exp (CL) =  $R_{market}^{@issue} * NBP_{PV}$ ; Int Payable = CR \* ParV

(1) NBP(0)= PV0@Rm (2) IE (3) PA = C-IE (4) NBP(1)=NBP(0)-PA

**BSE**: Cash  $\downarrow$  [Coupon paid] = Prem/Disc (L/XL) + RE  $\downarrow$  [Int.Exp]

	Cash (A) Bo	nd Payable (L) -Bo	nd Discount (C	L) R/E (E)		Payable	Balance
Issuance	9,484	10,000	516		*80%	9,484	516
Year 1	-600		-159	-759 int.exp	/	9,643	357

Mark to Market = unrealized gain/loss on OCI (Fair Market V)

Finance lease (Own) (Bigger > Lesser,  $\downarrow$  NI) amortize A (XA) = PV/#Year; (<u>BSE</u>) Cash(paid)  $\downarrow$  + Non\$(Accum.Dep)  $\downarrow$  =  $L \downarrow$  (Principal) + RE (Int + Dep]; Interest Exp = Net Lease Obligation \* Interest Rate; Principal = Payment – Interest Expense.

В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
	Interest		Principal	Ending		
Beginning	Expense	Lease	Reduction	Lease Liability	Straight-line	Ending Net
Lease Liability	(B * 6%)	Payment	(D-C)	(B-E)	Amortization	Lease Asset
300.000	\$18.000	\$21,795	\$3,795	\$296,205	\$10,000	\$290,000

Operating lease (Rent)(Const) (Lease Exp = Lease Paid=Equal straightline): Amortize=Principal=Lease Obligation = Lease Pay - Int.Exp; (BSE)  $$\psi+Non$\psi=L\psi+RE\psi$  [Cash=RE; Non\$=Liab]

В	С	D	E	F	G	H
	"Interest"	Lease	Principal	Ending	"Amortiz-	
Beginning	Expense	Payment/	Reduction	Lease Liability	ation"	Ending Net
Lease Liability	(B * 6%)	Expense	(D-C)	(B-E)	(= E)	Lease Asset
300 000	\$19 nnn	\$21.70E	\$2.705	206 205	\$2.705	206 205

**OBS Calculation:**  $\Sigma$  Thereafter/Prev.year  $\rightarrow$  (round  $\downarrow$ )/year  $\rightarrow$  Avg/year  $\rightarrow$  Discount to PV. [OperLease: reported ON BS since 2019]

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SHE = CC (Raised) + Treasury (XE) + RE + OCI

Contributed Capital (Com/Pref) = Par Value + APIC

Outstanding = Issued – Treasury [OS ≤ Issued ≤ Authorized]

Stock insurance cost: (1) Capitalized (2) Reduce APIC

(BSE) Cash (Net) + Non\$(R-cost) = L(0) + CC(at Par) + APIC + RE(0)

Treasury stock, XE (Repur – Reissue): Re-issued:  $\downarrow$ XE  $\Delta$ \$APIC; Repurchase:  $\downarrow$ Outstanding  $\uparrow$  EPS; (BSE) Cash  $\downarrow$  Treasury  $\uparrow$ 

**Paying by stock**  $\cong$  sell CC (stock) & pay in \$  $\downarrow$  RE

 $EPS (basic) = \frac{NI^*(available \ for \ common \ stock)}{Weighted \ Avg \ (/y)Common \ OutstdShare}$ 

 $NI^* = NI - NI$  (non. control) - Preferred. Div

$$EPS (diluted) = \frac{NI^*(for CS) + Add. Backs}{W(Avg) \# OS + Diluted Share}$$

Add. Backs = convert.pref.DIV + after.tax.Conv.Debt;

Diluted (If converted) = Options - Deemed.Repurchase

Practical Note: 
↓ Depreciation ↑RE ↑NI ↑ROE; Affect CashO

Acquisitions = Ending PP&E - Beginning PP&E + PP&E Sold

New Net Book Value = Historical cost — Accu.Dep — Impair.Dep

**Stock split**: 2-to-1 split:  $\Sigma$  #OS: before (1)  $\rightarrow$  after (2); Price  $\downarrow \frac{1}{2}$ 

**Convertible** (hybrid security), **options**:  $\rightarrow$  stock  $OR \rightarrow$  paid (debt); sell at Par (BSE): Cash $\uparrow$ =Liab $\uparrow$  - (XL $\uparrow$ ) +RE $\downarrow$  (XL=RE)

**Stock based compensation**: (1)  $\downarrow$  Cash  $\downarrow$  RE (2)  $\uparrow$ CC  $\downarrow$ RE (3)  $\uparrow$ Cash  $\uparrow$ CC; (Compensation **share-based**  $\notin$  Cash)

Internal software dev cost: (1) GAAP = expense (2) Capitalized  $\rightarrow$  B/S

Intangibles are subject to amortization with zero salvage value.

Excel: PV (Annuity, discount at market rate, number of year)

NPV (discount Rm, CF1, CF2...) → present value of Bond

**Annuity formula: PV0** =  $(A/r) *[1-1/(1+r)^t]; (r=R/k; t = T/k).$