

Analysis of trend & influential factors for next travel country recommendation

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# Agenda for today

- What is the World Happiness Report?
- What is its significance?
- Breakdown of analysis
- Outcome of analysis



Glimpse into the data How was the World Happiness Report created and what are its parameters?

### **About the data**

### **General stats**



Records

4351x9



Range

2015-19



Countries

145



Happiness Score

2.85-7.77

# World Happiness Report Data

**Happiness** Country Region **Happiness GDP** per **Family** Life Rank Capita Score Score **Expectancy** Freedom Generosity Trust/ Government Corruption

Country	Region	Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	Economy (GDP per Capita)	Family	Health (Life Expectancy)	Freedom	Generosity	Trust (Government Corruption)
Finland	Western Europe	1	7.769	1.34	1.587	0.986	0.596	0.153	0.393
Denmark	Western Europe	2	7.6	1.383	1.573	0.996	0.592	0.252	0.41
Norway	Western Europe	3	7.554	1.488	1.582	1.028	0.603	0.271	0.341
Iceland	Western Europe	4	7.494	1.38	1.624	1.026	0.591	0.354	0.118
Netherland	Western Europe	5	7.488	1.396	1.522	0.999	0.557	0.322	0.298
Switzerland	Western Europe	6	7.48	1.452	1.526	1.052	0.572	0.263	0.343
Sweden	Western Europe	7	7.343	1.387	1.487	1.009	0.574	0.267	0.373
New Zealan	Australia and New Zealand	8	7.307	1.303	1.557	1.026	0.585	0.33	0.38
Canada	North America	9	7.278	1.365	1.505	1.039	0.584	0.285	0.308
Austria	Western Europe	10	7.246	1.376	1.475	1.016	0.532	0.244	0.226
Australia	Australia and New Zealand	11	7.228	1.372	1.548	1.036	0.557	0.332	0.29
Costa Rica	Latin America and Caribbean	12	7.167	1.034	1.441	0.963	0.558	0.144	0.093
Israel	Middle East and Northern Africa	13	7.139	1.276	1.455	1.029	0.371	0.261	0.082
Luxemboui	Western Europe	14	7.09	1.609	1.479	1.012	0.526	0.194	0.316
United King	Western Europe	15	7.054	1.333	1.538	0.996	0.45	0.348	0.278
Ireland	Western Europe	16	7.021	1.499	1.553	0.999	0.516	0.298	0.31
Germany	Western Europe	17	6.985	1.373	1.454	0.987	0.495	0.261	0.265
Belgium	Western Europe	18	6.923	1.356	1.504	0.986	0.473	0.16	0.21
United Stat	North America	19	6.892	1.433	1.457	0.874	0.454	0.28	0.128
Czech Repu	Central and Eastern Europe	20	6.852	1.269	1.487	0.92	0.457	0.046	0.036
United Aral	Middle East and Northern Africa	21	6.825	1.503	1.31	0.825	0.598	0.262	0.182
Malta	Western Europe	22	6.726	1.3	1.52	0.999	0.564	0.375	0.151
Mexico	Latin America and Caribbean	23	6.595	1.07	1.323	0.861	0.433	0.074	0.073

On to the analysis



# **Overall Trends**

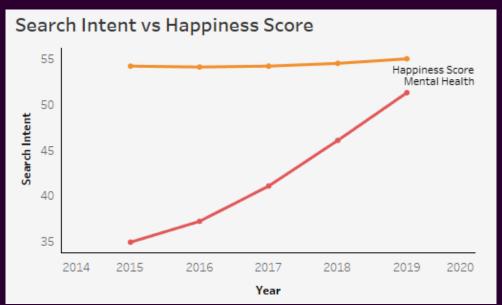
How has "Mental Health" Topic Search Intent varied with Happiness Score?



Strong correlation can be seen between "Mental Health" Topic Search Intent and the Happiness Score

# Are we talking about mental health and happiness enough?

Google Search Intent "Mental Health" Topic vs. Happiness Score



### A frustrating fact

Search intent of mental health is increasing significantly and overall happiness score is sees a steady but slow growth. Efforts are being taken but progress is slow

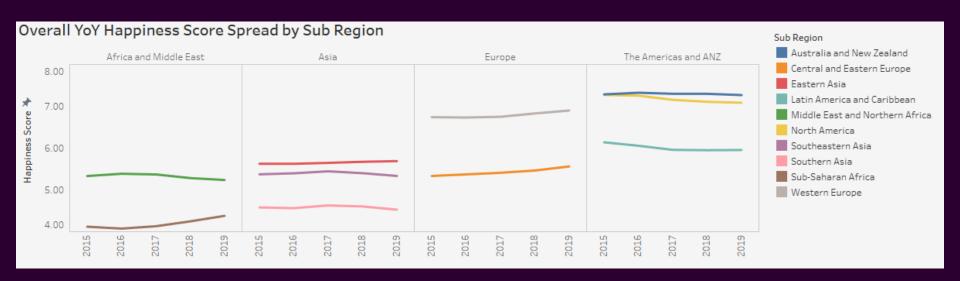
# **Overall Trends**

Is Happiness Score changing over the years?



### Is Happiness Score changing over the years?

- Developed regions like Europe, North Americas and Australia have higher average Happiness Scores than developing regions like Asia and Africa.
- 2. Only European region, and Eastern Asia sees a rise in YoY Happiness score.



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### **Overall Trends**

How have countries performed on the Happiness Score card and what factors impacted their scores?



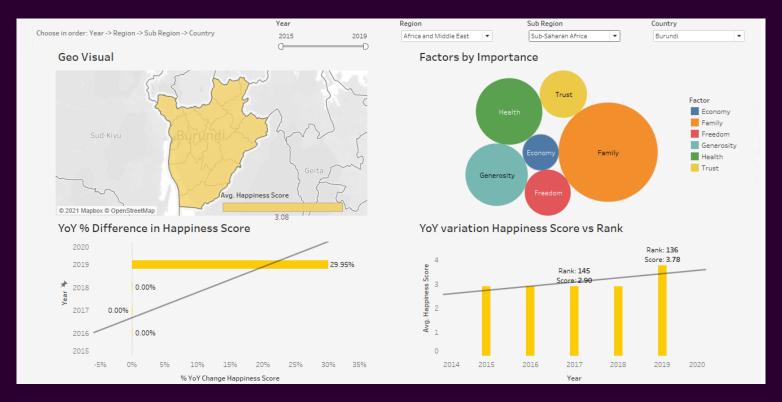
# Which countries are most and least happy?



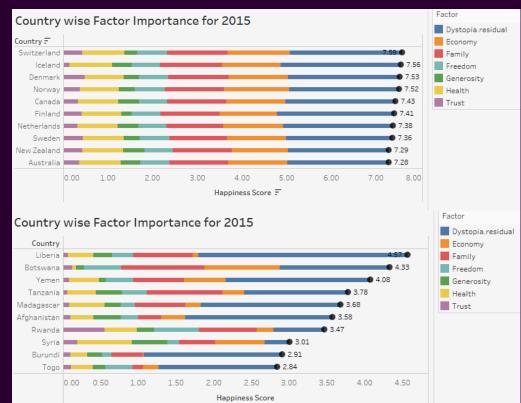


- Switzerland ranks #1 on the average happiness score from 2015 to 2019.
- Burundi is the least happiest country all over the world.

# **Example: Burundi**



# What factors contribute to happiness?



Most developed countries show higher contribution of economy while developing countries show higher contribution from Family and Health factors

# **Deep Dive**

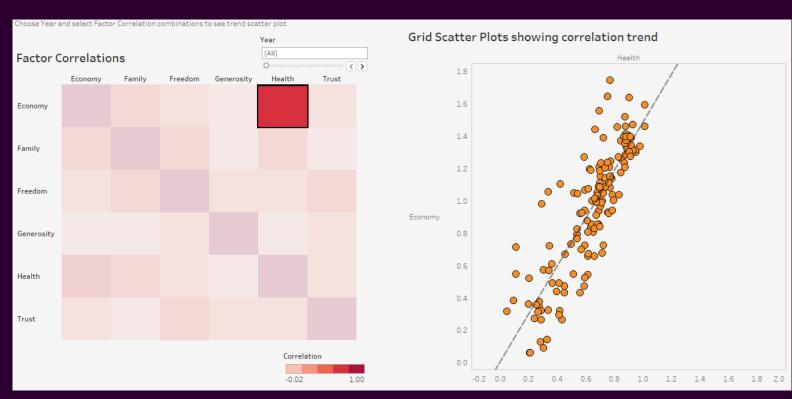
How are the 6 Factors impacting Happiness score related?

### How much do these factors correlate?

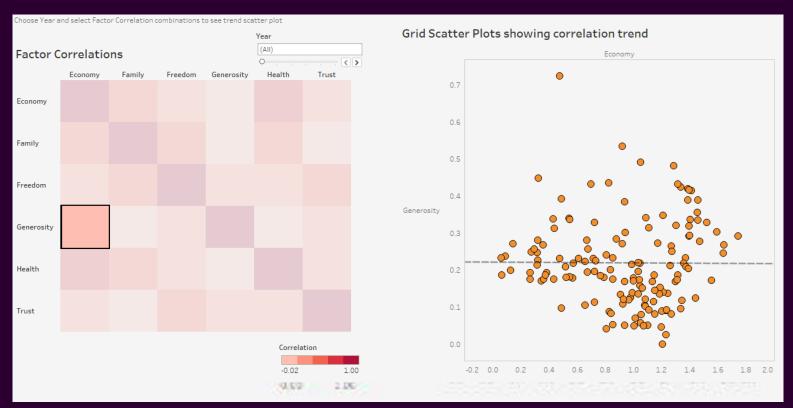


- Correlation between Factors remains similar across years.
- Health is highly correlated with economy.
  This means, wealthy countries are more likely to be physically healthier.
- Family is strongly correlated with health too.
- Generosity doesn't show correlation with economy, however, in a free and trusted environment people tend to be more generous.
- Mental health matters more than material goods for generosity.

### **Correlation Between Factors**



### **Correlations Between Factors**



# Next Travel Country Recommender

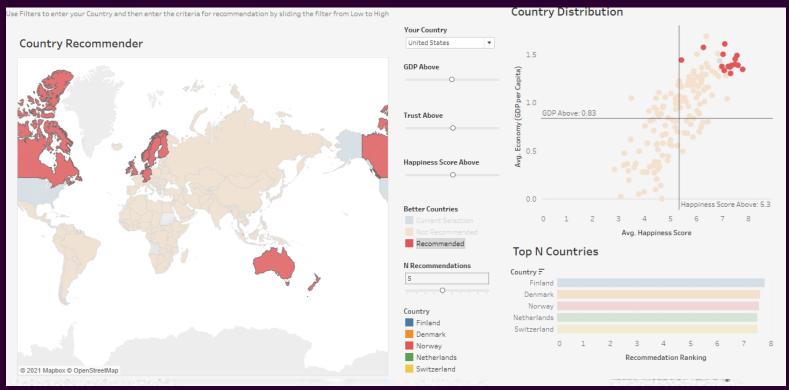
How can we use the custom parameters to recommend which countries to visit?



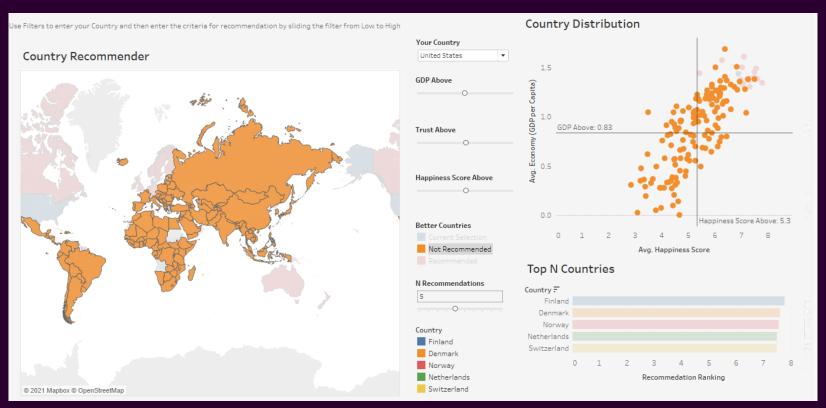
# Planning your next trip? Let us help you!



### What countries we recommend



### What countries are not recommended?





### Summary

- Mental health awareness is growing but happiness score is growing slowly. Progress is slow but steady.
- Developing countries need to foster economy but developed countries should shift their attention to social and family support.
- With more freedom comes more trust.
- Health is closely related to material goods and wealth.
- Generosity follows suit in countries with high freedom and trust scores.
- Using parameters like GDP, trust, happiness scores, choose your next country to travel to.

The Happiness Score's sweet spot is that we can successfully measure a countries growth not just by its GDP but also by factors like Family Relationships, Trust, Freedom, Health and Generosity that better represent the overall progress of the country

### References

- https://worldhappiness.report/ed/2021/
- https://www.kaggle.com/unsdsn/world-happiness

**Dashboard Snapshot** 





### World Happiness Report

Analysis to see the trends and performance of countries in the World Happiness Report from 2015 to 2019 and to recommend ideal next countries to travel

IE6600 - SEC 5 - PROJECT 2

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#### **AGENDA**

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- 1. Google Search Intent vs Happiness Score
- 2. Overview YoY Happiness Score Trend
- 3. Country wise Happiness Report Card
- 4. Deep Dive Factors Contributing to Happiness Score
- 5. Deep Dive Relation between Factors
- 6. Recommendations Travel Next Planner
- 7. Summary
- 8. Conclusion
- 9. Glossary



### 1. Google Search Intent vs Happiness Score

What search intent have people shown towards Hapiness, Mental Health and Saddness searches with respect to Happiness Score?





#### Key Takeaways:

- 1. Mental Health search intent sees a rapid growth in search intent globally from 2015 to 2019, showing increasing awareness and how Mental well being is becoming important to Happiness scores.
- **2.** Happiness Score sees a steady growth in Yearly Global Happiness scores showing efforts are being taken to improve the score by most countries

#### Yearly variation in Happiness Scores



Year 2015



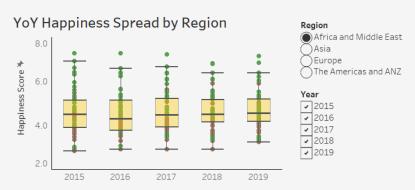
#### Yearly variation in Search Intent



#### 2. Overview - YoY Happiness Score Trend

How has Happiness Score varied for various Regions and Sub regions from 2015 to 2019?

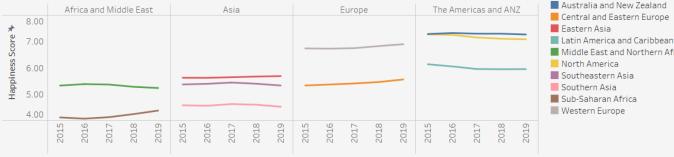




#### Key Takeaways:

- 1. We see Developed Regions like Europe, North Americas and Australia having the higher average Happiness scores than Developing Regions like Asia and Africa.
- 2. European Region, and Eastern Asia sees a rise in YoY Happines score

#### Overall YoY Happiness Score Spread by Sub Region



#### **Sub Region**

Australia and New Zealand Central and Eastern Europe

Eastern Asia

Middle East and Northern Africa North America

Southeastern Asia Southern Asia

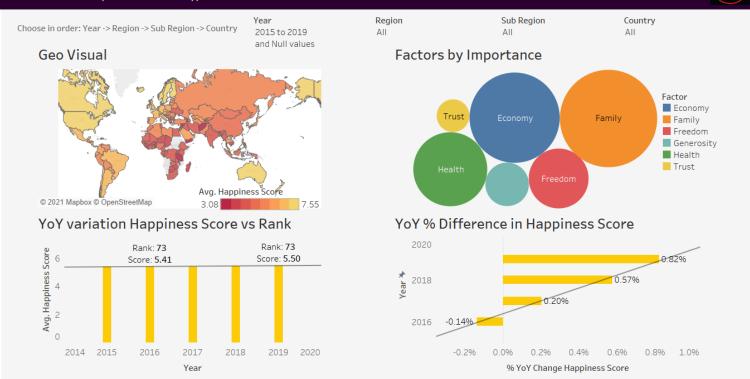
Sub-Saharan Africa

Western Europe

### 3. Country wise Happiness Report Card

How well do countries perform in terms of Happiness Index Scale Score?

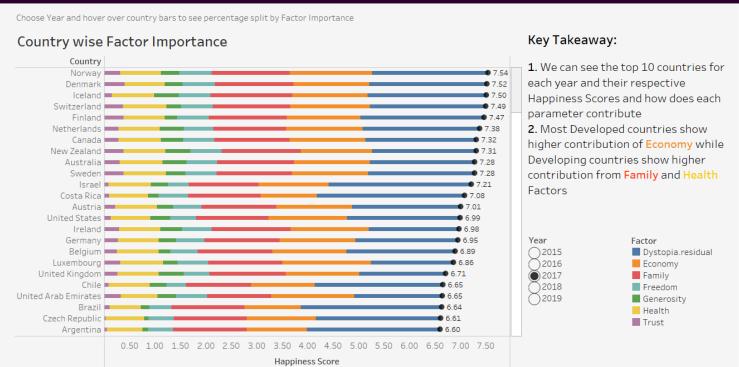




### 4. Deep Dive - Factors Contributing to Happiness Score

What Factors impact the Happiness Score?

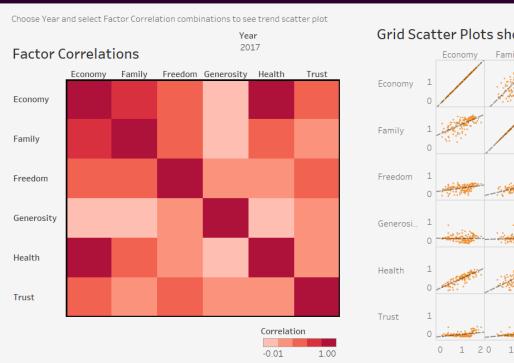




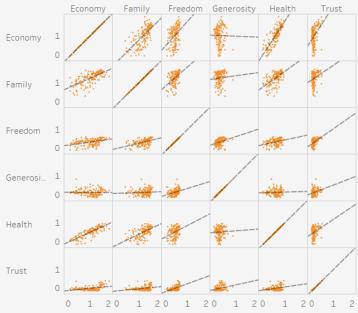
### 5. Deep Dive - Relation between Factors

How do each of the Factors relate with each other?





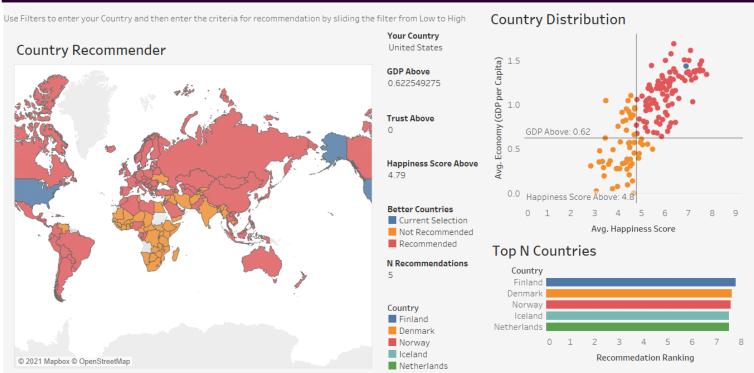




#### 6. Recommendations - Travel Next Planner

What countries should a person move to based on the current country?





#### 7. Summary

Important things to remember from the analysis

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#### Key Takeaways:

- 1. Mental health awareness is growing but happiness score is growing slowly. Progress is slow but steady.
- **2.** Developing countries need to foster economy but developed countries should shift their attention to social and family support.
- 3. With more freedom comes more trust.
- 4. Health is closely related to wealth and family support.
- 5. Generosity follows suit in countries with high freedom and trust scores.
- ${f 6}.$  Using parameters like GDP, trust, happiness scores, choose your next country to travel to.



#### 8. Conclusion

What do we learn from the analysis?



The Happiness Score's sweet spot is that we can successfully measure a countries growth not just by its GDP but also by factors like Family Relationships, Trust, Freedom, Health and Generosity that better represent the overall progress of the country

### 9. Glossary

Definitions and important things to remember



#### **Key Definitions:**

- 1. Happiness Score: The happiness scores and rankings use data from the Gallup World Poll. The scores are based on answers to the main life evaluation question asked in the poll. This question, known as the Cantril ladder, asks respondents to think of a ladder with the best possible life for them being a 10 and the worst possible life being a 0 and to rate their own current lives on that scale.
- 2. Economy Factor: Economic Production of a country or GDP growth per capita
- 3. Family Factor: Social Support or strong relationships with Family, friends and sense of community
- 4. Health Factor: Life expectancy in the country
- 5. Freedom Factor: Rights of the citizens of a country
- 6. Trust Factor: Absence of corruption in the government and citizens feeling that the government has the best interest for them
- 7. Generosity Factor: Interaction of people and helping when in need
- 8. Dystopia: Dystopia is an imaginary country that has the world's least-happy people. The purpose in establishing Dystopia is to have a benchmark against which all countries can be favorably compared (no country performs more poorly than Dystopia) in terms of each of the six key variables, thus allowing each sub-bar to be of positive width. The lowest scores observed for the six key variables, therefore, characterize Dystopia
- 9. Residual: The residuals, or unexplained components, differ for each country, reflecting the extent to which the six variables either over- or under-explain average 2014-2016 life evaluations. These residuals have an average value of approximately zero over the whole set of countries.
- 10. Dystopia Residual: The Dystopia Residual metric actually is the Dystopia Happiness Score(1.85) + the Residual value or the unexplained value for each country as stated in the previous answer.
- 11A: Data Source: Google Search Intent Geo and Search Volume data was taken from Google Trends website for Years 2015 to 2019 for Topics "Happiness", "Mental Health" and "Saddness". <a href="https://trends.google.com/">https://trends.google.com/</a>
- 11B: Data Source: All other data points are from the World Happiness Report at a yearly level at Kaggle https://www.kaggle.com/unsdsn/world-happiness