

Module 1: Classes and Encapsulation (NLR5)

Thursday, November 4, 2021, 12:38 PM

```
addNumbers(10, 30);  
addNumber(23, 34, 45);
```

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1. Which of these ideas are associated with encapsulation? (Select all that apply)

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17/18 Students Answered

A Bundling object state and behavior ✓

B Validating user input ✗

C Restricting direct access to internal properties ✓

D Overloading methods ✗

i No Explanation

make your properties private and methods to access those properties public

you can overload methods in a class or in an application

Application

Alien mork = new Alien();

Alien alf = new Alien("brown", "Malmak", 0);

Overloaded method is a method that is named the same but has a different method signature.

Method signature - method name and the parameter list

```
public int addNumbers(int num1, int num2) {  
    return num1 + num2;  
}  
  
public int addNumbers(int num1, int num2, int num3) {  
    return num1 + num2 + num3;  
}
```

```
public Alien() {  
}  
public Alien(String color, String POO, int anCt) {  
}
```

```
public Alien (String color, String POO, int anCt,  
                String faveFood, boolean isFriendly)
```

```
public Alien (String color, String planetOfOrigin, String faveFood){  
}
```

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```
public Alien (String faveFood, String color, String pOO){  
}
```

tion? (Select all

Constructor is a way for us to initialize our properties without having to call setters

rties private and methods to access those properties public

lass or in an application

Application

Alien mork = new Alien();

Alien alf = new Alien("brown", "Malmak", 0);

```
public Alien() {  
}
```

Default constructor is empty parens

```
public Alien(String color, String POO, int anCt) {  
}
```

```
public Alien (String color, String POO, int anCt,  
                String faveFood, boolean isFriendly)
```

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final means once the value has been set, it cannot change throughout the life of the application.

it mean to declare a property or method as static?

static doesn't mean final -- final is the word we use for a constant

17/18 Students Answered

method can be accessed from any other class. ❌

method is loosely coupled. ❌

method belongs to a class, and not an instance.

Car.carLogo

No matter how many objects are created, there will only be one copy of this property

method contains noise and nothing useful.

on

private static color;

color

mork

alf

```
public static int count = 0; // initialize here!!!

// constructors
// a constructor is a special method named the same as the class
// it HAS NO RETURN TYPE!!!!
public Alien(String color, String planetOfOrigin, int antennaeCount, String favoriteFood, boolean isFriendly) {
    // this is a quick way to initialize values for your properties
    this.color = color;
    this.planetOfOrigin = planetOfOrigin;
    this.antennaeCount = antennaeCount;
    this.favoriteFood = favoriteFood;
    this.isFriendly = isFriendly;
    count++;
}

// default constructor
public Alien(){
    count++;
}

AlienApplication
Alf's favorite food: cats
Is Alf friendly? false
Alf's language: English
We now have 3 aliens

Process finished with exit code 0
```

static language

English

count (static)

mork

Fleshcolor

ork

0

french fried

marvin

green

mars

0

rabbits

4. Which one of the following methods has the same method signature as makeCopies?

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17/18 Students Answered

```
public String makeCopies(String original, int numberOfCopies) {...}
```

- A public String repeatString (String original, int numberOfCopies) {...} ☒
- B public String makeCopies (String original, long numberOfCopies) {...} ☒
- C public String makeCopies (String original) {...} ☒
- D private String makeCopies (String starter, int count) {...} ☒

i No Explanation

parameter names don't matter

parameter data types that matter

5. Which of the following statements are correct? (Select all that apply)

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17/18 Students Answered

- A A class is a blueprint that defines the state and behaviors of a data type. ☒
 - B A class can be overloaded. ☒ Cannot have 2 classes in the same package that have the same method signature
 - C String is a primitive data type. ☒
 - D An object is an instance of a class. ☒
- i No Explanation

7. What occurs when the following code co

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```
public class Greeter {  
    ...  
    public String happyBirthday (String name, int age) {  
        return "Happy Birthday " + name + "! You are " + age + " years old.";  
    }  
    public String happyBirthday (int numberOfCandles, String message) {  
        return message + "Wow! Your cake has " + numberOfCandles + " candles.";  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

- A The happyBirthday method is overloaded by the Java compiler. ☒ overloaded
- B The Java compiler throws an error saying there are duplicate happyBirthday methods because they have the same name, and both have int and String parameter types. ☒
- C It won't compile since you can't concatenate int values, such as age or numberOfCandles to a string. ☒
- D It won't compile since the methods must use this to refer to the variables. ☒ this refers to properties at the class level, not local variables

i No Explanation

8. Given the following code, which is the correct getter for the derived property fullName?



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17/18 Students Answered

- A `public String getFullName(String lastName, String firstName){
 return lastName + ", " + firstName;
}` X
- B `private String fullName; //Additional instance variable

public String getFullName(){
 return this.fullName;
}` X
- C `public String getFullName(){
 return this.lastName + ", " + this.firstName;
}` ✓
- D `public void getFullName(){
 String fullName = this.lastName + ", " + this.firstName;
}` X

9. Java packages offer which of the following benefits? (Select all that apply)

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- A They reduce memory since all classes in a package are compiled at the same time. X
- B They prevent your type names from colliding with others. your.Employee can be distinguished from their.Employee. ✓ same class name defined in different packages
- C They allow you to gather classes to logically relate them together. ✓
- D The Java compiler uses packages to optimize compilation which speeds up build-time. X
- i No Explanation

10. Does Java allow an *instance* method to directly call a static method in the same class like this?



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- A Yes, any method, regardless of whether it is static or not, can call any other method within the same class. X
- B It depends on whether the correct access modifiers are used. They need visibility to one another. X
- C Yes, the method signature rules permit instance methods to call static methods provided there is no reference to this. X
- D Yes, any static methods of a class are available to the instance methods of that class. ✓
- i No Explanation