



# Is delay always harmful to precision?

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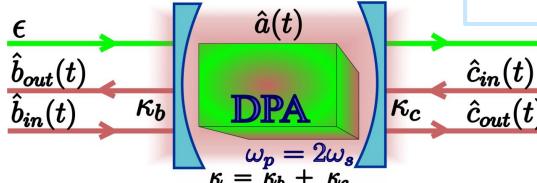
#### Outline

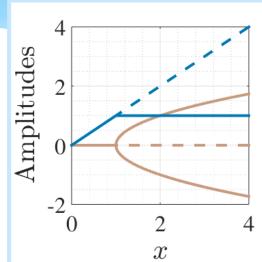
- \* Degenerate Parametric Amplifier
  - \* Classical dynamics
  - \* Squeezing characteristics
- \* DPA with time-delayed coherent feedback
  - \* Model
  - \* Squeezing spectrum
  - \* Change in the dynamics
  - \* Effects of loss

### DPA dynamics & squeezing

- Classical dynamics:
  - \* Saturation of pump: threshold behaviour
  - \* Bifurcation of steady state solutions at  $x = \frac{|\epsilon|}{\kappa} = 1$
- \* Quantum mechanical behaviour<sup>[1]</sup>:
  - \* Parametric pump approximation  $(\epsilon = |\epsilon|e^{i\theta})$

$$\widehat{H} = \hbar \Delta \widehat{a}^{\dagger} \widehat{a} + \frac{1}{2} i \hbar \left( \epsilon (\widehat{a}^{\dagger})^{2} + \epsilon^{*} (\widehat{a})^{2} \right)$$





### DPA dynamics & squeezing

- Classical dynamics:
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- \* Quantum mechanical behaviour<sup>[1]</sup>:



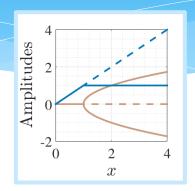
$$\widehat{H} = \hbar \Delta \widehat{a}^{\dagger} \widehat{a} + \frac{1}{2} i \hbar \left( \epsilon (\widehat{a}^{\dagger})^{2} + \epsilon^{*} (\widehat{a})^{2} \right) \frac{\widehat{b}_{out}(t)}{\widehat{b}_{in}(t)}$$

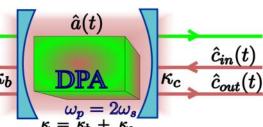
One-sided cavity quadrature variance:

$$\mathcal{X}_{out,\theta+\pi}(0) = \int \left\langle \widetilde{X}_{out,\theta'}(0), \widetilde{X}_{out,\theta'}(\nu') \right\rangle d\nu' = \frac{1}{4} \frac{(\kappa - |\epsilon|)^2}{(\kappa + |\epsilon|)^2}$$

\* Symmetric cavity squeezing on resonance at threshold

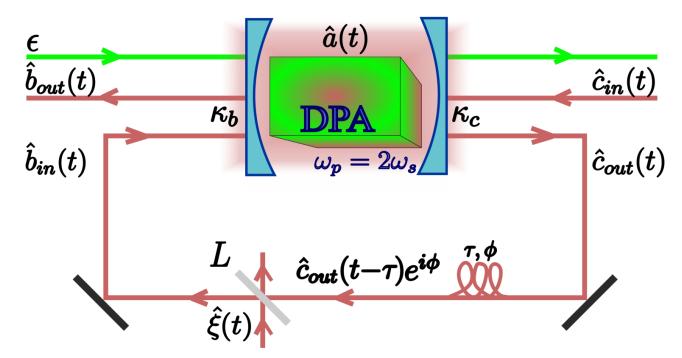
$$\mathcal{X}_{out,\theta+\pi}(0) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{\kappa^2 + |\epsilon|^2}{(\kappa + |\epsilon|)^2}$$





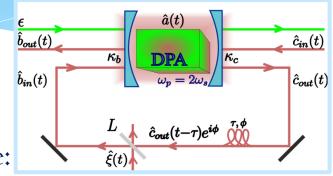
#### DPA & time-delayed coherent feedback

- \* Uncomplicated setup
  - \* Time-delay  $\tau$ , overall phase-shift  $\phi$ , overall loss, decoherence:  $L,\hat{\xi}$



#### DPA & time-delayed coherent feedback

- \* Uncomplicated setup
  - \* Time-delay  $\tau$ , overall phase-shift  $\phi$ , overall loss, decoherence:  $L, \hat{\xi}$



\* Equation of motion of the subharmonic mode:

$$\frac{d\hat{a}}{dt} = i[\hat{H}, \hat{a}(t)] - \kappa \hat{a}(t) - \sqrt{2\kappa} \hat{a}_{in}(t) - e^{i\phi} k \hat{a}(t - \tau)$$

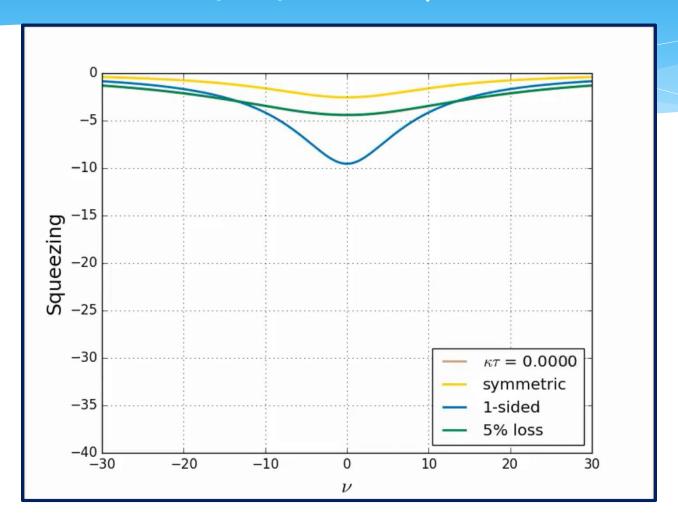
$$\hat{H} = \hbar \Delta \hat{a}^{\dagger} \hat{a} + \frac{1}{2} i\hbar \left( \epsilon (\hat{a}^{\dagger})^{2} + \epsilon^{*} (\hat{a})^{2} \right)$$

$$\kappa = \kappa_{b} + \kappa_{c}, k = 2\sqrt{\kappa_{b}\kappa_{c}(1 - L)}$$

\* Quadrature variance without delay:

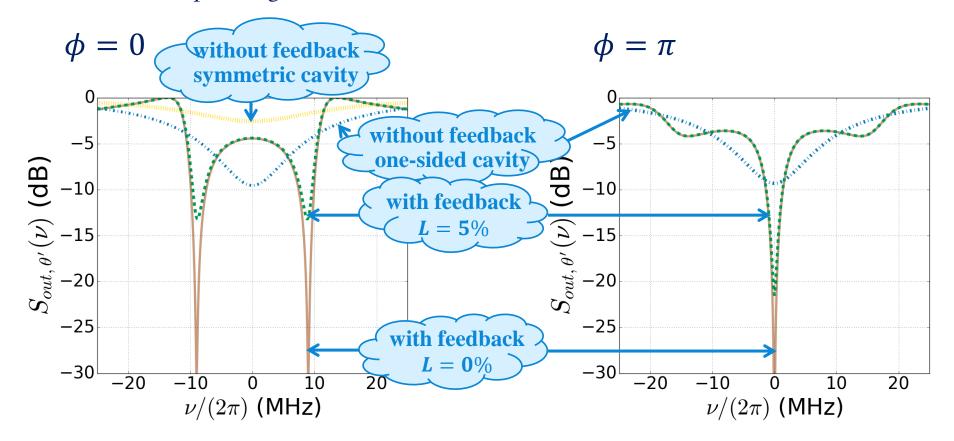
$$\mathcal{X}_{out,\theta+\pi}(0) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{((\kappa + k\cos\phi) - |\epsilon|)^2}{((\kappa + k\cos\phi) + |\epsilon|)^2}$$

#### Emerging side-peaks



#### New setup with time-delay

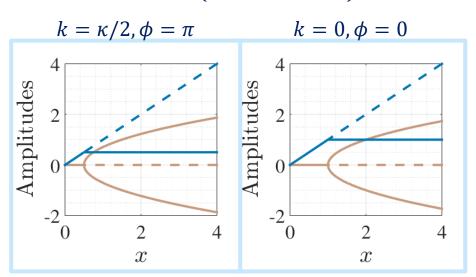
- \* Transcendental equations
- \* Enhanced squeezing with feedback

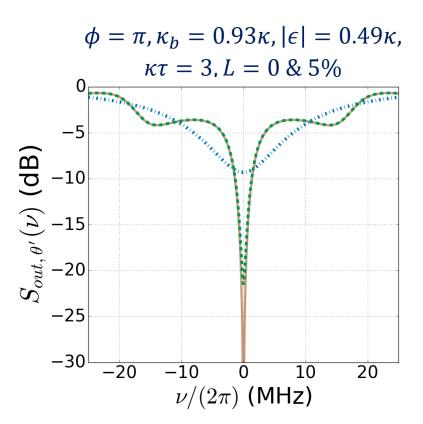


#### New setup with time-delay

- \* Transcendental equations
- \* Enhanced squeezing with feedback
- \* Pyragas-type feedback:

$$\frac{d\hat{a}}{dt} = i[\hat{H}, \hat{a}(t)] - (\kappa - k)\hat{a}(t) - \sqrt{2\kappa}\hat{a}_{in}(t) + k(\hat{a}(t-\tau) - \hat{a}(t))$$

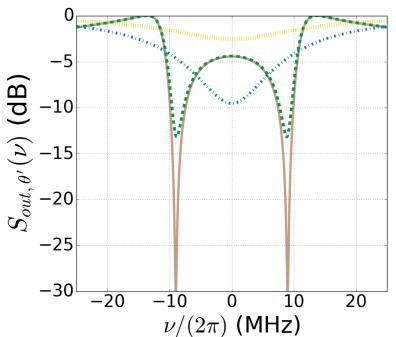






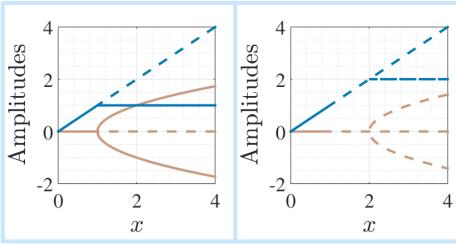
- \* Transcendental equations
- \* Enhanced squeezing with feedback

$$\phi = 0, \kappa_b = \kappa_c = 0.5\kappa, |\epsilon| = 0.5\kappa,$$
 $\kappa \tau = 2.3, L = 0 \& 5\%$ 



- \* Limit cycle is reached on threshold
- \* Persistent oscillations with the characteristic frequency

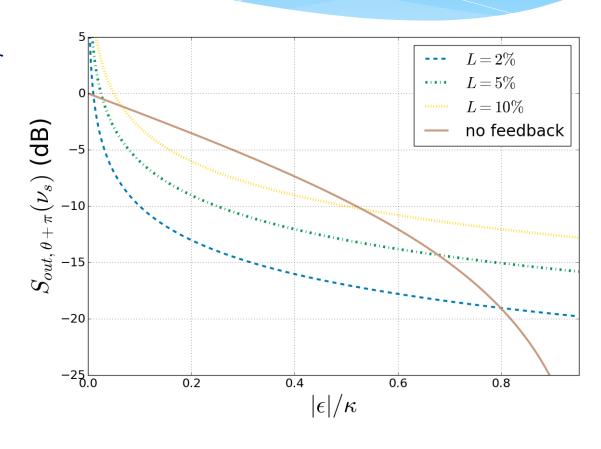
$$k = 0, \phi = 0, \kappa \tau = 0$$
  $k = \kappa, \phi = 0, \kappa \tau = 1.57$ 





- \* With loss wider range of tunability
- \* Quadrature variance at the critical point:

$$\mathcal{X}_{out,\theta'}(\nu_{s,\Delta}) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{L\kappa_c}{|\epsilon_{\Delta}|}$$



### Summary

- \* Coherent feedback:
  - backaction-free way of enhancing useful quantum mechanical behaviours
- \* Time-delay:
  - tunable changes in the stability range
- \* Time-delayed one-loop setup with a DPA: enhanced squeezing
  - \* Improvement compared to previous feedback setups
  - \* On and off-resonant squeezing as well
  - \* Result of the changing dynamics of the system
- \* Loss in the feedback loop:
  - \* Decreased squeezing
  - \* BUT! higher tunability

# Thank you for Your attention!

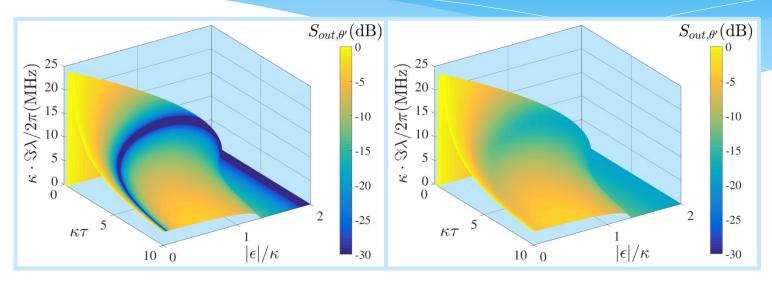
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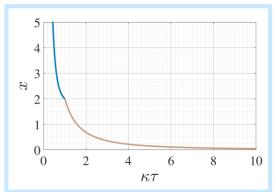
# Thank you for Your attention!

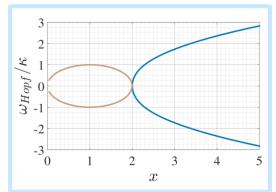


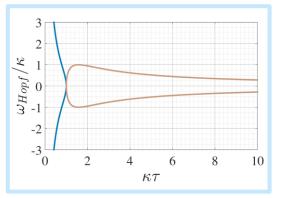
#### Characteristic frequency range



 $0 \le \nu_s \le \sqrt{|\epsilon|(2\kappa - |\epsilon|)}, 0 \le |\epsilon| \le |\kappa + ke^{i\phi}|$ 



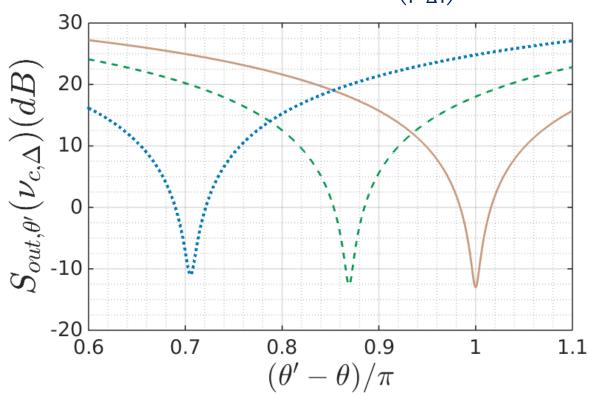




#### Detuning and quadrature angle

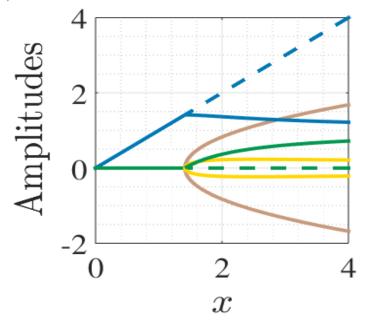
\* Local oscillator phase:

$$\theta' = \theta - \pi + \arcsin\left(\frac{\Delta}{|\epsilon_{\Delta}|}\right)$$



$$|\epsilon|=rac{\kappa}{2}, \kappa_b=\kappa_c=rac{\kappa}{2},$$
 $\kappa au=2.418,$ 
 $v_{c,\Delta}=0.866\kappa,$ 
 $L=5\%,$ 
 $\Delta=0~(solid),$ 
 $0.1\kappa~(dashed)$ 
 $0.2\kappa~(dotted)$ 

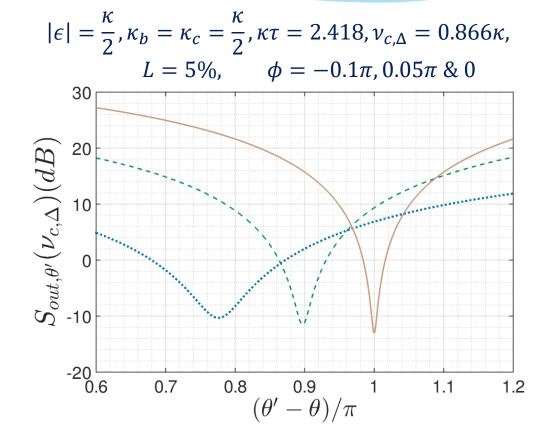




$$k = \kappa, \phi = \pi/2$$

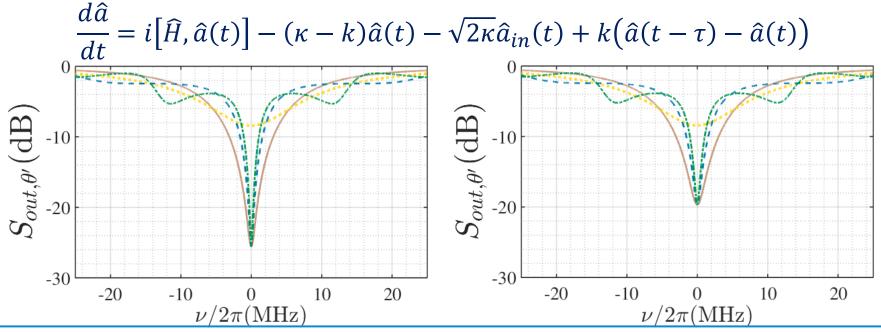
 $\varepsilon_p$ : real (blue), imag (green)

ε: real (brown), imag (yellow)



## Pyragas-type feedback [1,2]

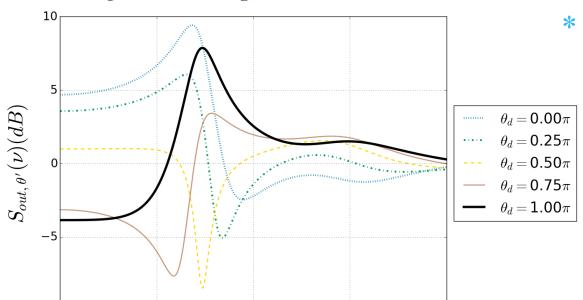
- \* Classical: Stabilizing unstable periodic orbitals
- \* Reordering of the equation of motion with  $\phi = \pi$ :



<sup>[1]</sup>PLA, **170**:421 (1992), <sup>[2]</sup>NJP **16**:065004 (2014),

#### Gravitational waves

\* Adding  $\pi$  to the local oscillator phase in our case gives the required characteristics



1.5

2.0

1.0

 $\nu/\kappa$ 

Frequency of the best squeezing: changing with the local oscillator phase

- \* Lower frequencies: around  $\theta' \theta = 0$
- \* Higher frequencies: around  $\theta' \theta = \pi$

0.5

-18L

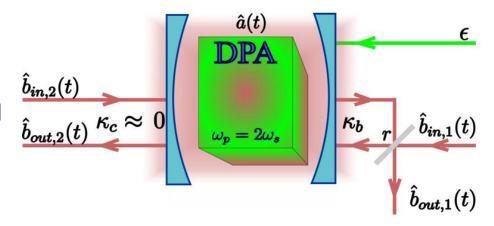
#### Coherent feedback with DPA

#### \* Single DPA

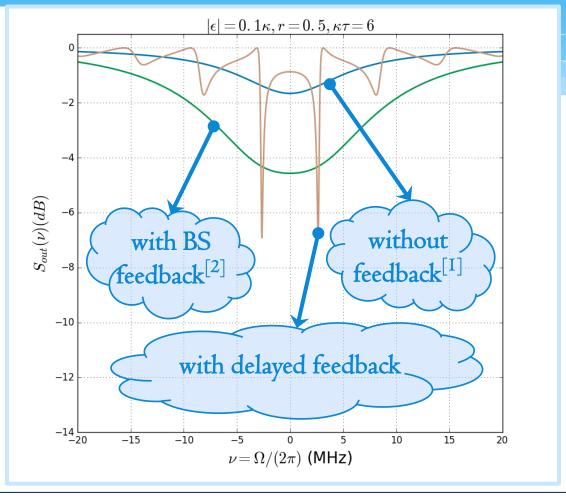
- \* Feedback via beam splitter<sup>[1]</sup>
- \* Enhanced, tunable squeezing at a given driving strength

$$\mathcal{X}_{out,\theta+\pi}(0) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{(\kappa(r) - |\epsilon|)^2}{(\kappa(r) + |\epsilon|)^2}$$

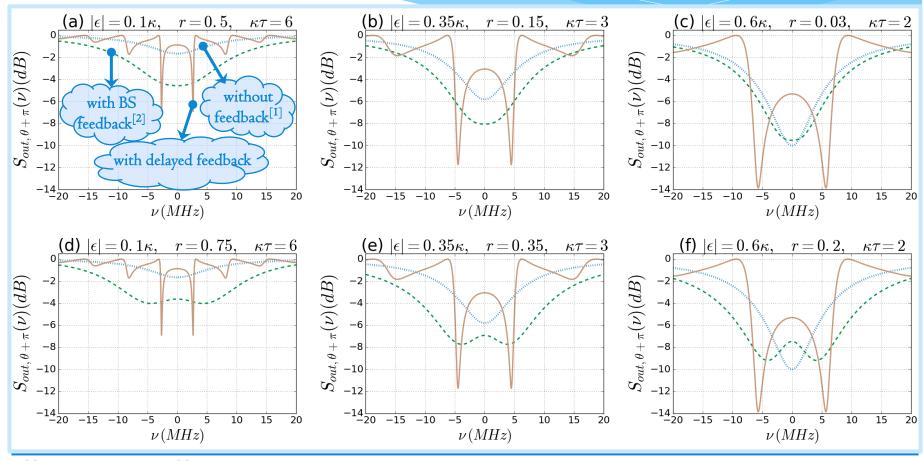
- \* Modified threshold
- \* Experiment<sup>[2]</sup> agrees with theory<sup>[1]</sup>
- \* BUT! Performance is limited
  - \* efficient  $|\epsilon|$  range under  $0.6\kappa$
  - \* losses through the "perfectly reflecting mirror"



## Comparison with previous results [1,2]



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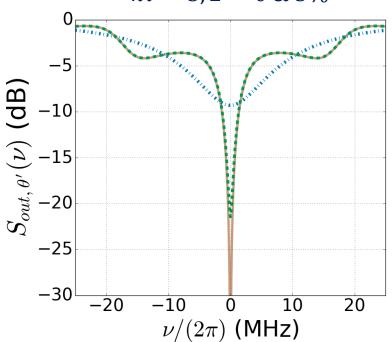


<sup>[1]</sup>PRA, **30**:1386 (1984), <sup>[2]</sup>IEEE Trans. Auto. Contr., **57**:2045 (2012)

#### New setup with time-delay

- \* Transcendental equations
- \* Enhanced squeezing with feedback
- \* Properties:
  - \* Best squeezing is on resonance
  - \* Effects of time-delay:
    - \* Narrower spectrum
    - \* Emerging small side-peaks
  - \* Perfect squeezing at stability change
    - \* Condition:  $\kappa k = |\epsilon_{\Delta}| = \sqrt{|\epsilon|^2 \Delta^2}$
    - \* Local phase:  $\theta' = \theta \pi + \arcsin\left(\frac{\Delta}{|\epsilon_{\Delta}|}\right)$
    - \* Variance:  $X_{out,\theta'}(v_{s,\Delta}) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{L\kappa_c}{|\epsilon_{\Delta}|}$

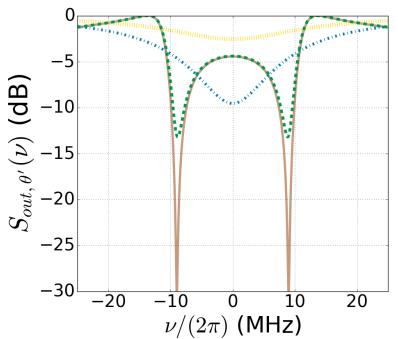
$$\phi = \pi, \kappa_b = 0.93\kappa, |\epsilon| = 0.49\kappa,$$
 $\kappa \tau = 3, L = 0 \& 5\%$ 



#### New setup with time-delay

- Transcendental equations
- \* Enhanced squeezing with feedback

$$\phi = 0, \kappa_b = \kappa_c = 0.5\kappa, |\epsilon| = 0.5\kappa, \\ \kappa \tau = 2.3, L = 0 \& 5\%$$



#### \* Properties:

- \* Best squeezing is off-resonant
- \* Perfect squeezing at stability change

\* Local phase: 
$$\theta' = \theta - \pi + \arcsin\left(\frac{\Delta}{|\epsilon_{\Delta}|}\right)$$

\* Time-delay: 
$$\tau_{s,n,\Delta} = \frac{\arccos\left(\frac{|\epsilon_{\Delta}| - \kappa}{k}\right) + 2n\pi}{\nu_{s,\Delta}}$$

\* Frequency: 
$$v_{s,\Delta} = \pm \sqrt{k^2 - (|\epsilon_{\Delta}| - \kappa)^2}$$

\* Variance: 
$$\mathcal{X}_{out,\theta'}(\nu_{s,\Delta}) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{L\kappa_c}{|\epsilon_{\Delta}|}$$

#### Classical analysis

- \* Originally: pitchfork bifurcation
- \* Time-delay: Changing stability of steady state solutions

  Hopf bifurcation
- Imaginary eigenvalue becomes the frequency of persistent oscillations

