## Neural networks

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## 1 Back-propagation algorithm

Neural network consisting of L layers:

- $\bullet$  C cost function
- $\bullet$   $\sigma$  neuron activation function
- $w_{jk}^l$  weight connecting neuron j in layer l to neuron k in layer l-1
- $a_j^l$  output of neuron j in layer l

Neuron output is related to neuron weighted input as

$$a_j^l = \sigma\left(z_j^l\right) = \sigma\left(\sum_k w_{jk}^l a_k^{l-1} + b_j^l\right). \tag{1}$$

Error of neuron j in last layer is

$$\delta_j^L = \frac{\partial C}{\partial z_j^L} = \sum_k \frac{\partial C}{\partial a_k^L} \frac{\partial a_k^L}{\partial z_j^L} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial a_j^L} \frac{\partial a_j^L}{\partial z_j^L} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial a_j^L} \sigma'\left(z_j^L\right) \tag{2}$$

Error of neuron j in layer l is

$$\delta_j^l = \frac{\partial C}{z_j^l} = \sum_k \frac{\partial C}{\partial z_k^{l+1}} \frac{\partial z_k^{l+1}}{\partial z_j^l}$$

Taking into account that

$$z_k^{l+1} = \sum_n w_{kn}^{l+1} a_n^l + b_k^{l+1} = \sum_n w_{kn}^{l+1} \sigma(z_n^l) + b_k^{l+1}$$

Finally

$$\delta_j^l = \sum_k \frac{\partial C}{\partial z_k^{l+1}} \frac{\partial}{\partial z_j^l} \left( \sum_n w_{kn}^{l+1} \sigma(z_n^l) + b_k^{l+1} \right) = \sum_k \delta_k^{l+1} w_{kj}^{l+1} \sigma'(z_j^l)$$
 (3)