Database Management Systems

Aggregate Functions

Assume three tables are given as follows:

Student: <StID, Name, Department>

Course: < CID, CName, Credit>

Grading: <StID, CID, Year, Grade >

- 1. Write SQL commands to create the tables. Consider necessary requirements such as primary key, foreign key, unique, not null, etc.
- 2. Insert some records (Read the following parts, and add the records so that the queries have enough records to process)
- 3. Find the number of students taking course CENG356 in 2020
- 4. Find the average grade for CENG356 in 2020
- 5. Find the average grade for CENG356 during years 2000 and 2010 inclusive
- 6. How many courses did a student named 'John' take in 2018?
- 7. What is the average grade of students in each course in 2018?

Bonus question:

Interpret the following query:

If you write a query such as

SELECT count(*), Name

FROM Student

You will get an error message. Why do you think this query is wrong?