# ged55XMLtoFamilyForm.xsl

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### 1. Overview

ged55XMLtoFamilyForm.xsl is an Extensible Stylesheet Language (XSL) stylesheet that uses XSLT to transform a GEDCOM 5.5 XML document to a XSL-FO stylesheet. This stylesheet can be converted to a Portable Document Format (PDF) file using Apache's Formatting Objects Processor Java application, fop. The pdf document resembles genealogy record keeping forms produced by ProGenealogists. They specifically resemble the forms called "Family Group Sheet Page 1" and "Family Group Sheet Page 2".

# 1.1. Stylesheet Parameters

Several parameters can be supplied to XSLT processors which affect the data included in the document and the document's "look and feel."

#### 1.1.1. Output Data Parameters

- IncludeIDs accepts either 'true' or 'false' and acts as a flag to include the XREF ID numbers of family record elements (FAM) and the individual family member elements (INDI), including the spouses of children
- IncludeDateGenerated accepts either 'true or 'false'. If 'true', the date that the XSLT processor applied this stylesheet to a GEDCOM 5.5 XML document is included in the footer of the pdf document. This parameter relies on the http://exslt.org/dates-and-times extension. If the XSLT processor does not support this extension, the stylesheet may fail to be applied to the XML document. To be on the safe side, this parameter defaults to 'false.'
- FamID accepts the XREF ID of one FAM element. If this value is supplied, the stylesheet will produce a document containing only the family record whose ID makes the FamID parameter. If this parameter is not supplied, the stylesheet is applied to all FAM elements in the XML document.
- SortFamilies accepts either 'true or 'false'. If the IDs of the FAM elements are structured in a way that
  can be sorted in ascending or descending order, this parameter tells the stylesheet to sort these IDs and
  output the families in that order. It defaults to 'false'.

#### 1.1.2. Look and Feel Parameters

- BorderLineStyle this parameter affects the style of the borders in the tables, rows, and cells. It defaults
  to 'solid', but could accept the following values: none, hidden, dotted, dashed, double, groove, ridge,
  inset, and outset. Use these values with caution. The stylesheet has been designed assuming solid
  borders.
- BorderLineWidth this parameter sets the width of the borders. It defaults to .3mm. Supply this parameter with caution. The stylesheet has been designed assuming the default value.

## 1.2. Stylesheet Versions and Download Locations

The stylesheet described in this document is version 0.1. It is a beta version.

- Both the stylesheet and this documentation is located at <a href="http://www.neomantic.com/downloads/ged55XMLtoFamilyForm-0.1/ged55XMLtoFamilyForm-0.1.tar.gz">http://www.neomantic.com/downloads/ged55XMLtoFamilyForm-0.1/ged55XMLtoFamilyForm-0.1.tar.gz</a>.
- For verification purposes, I have signed this tar, gzipped archive with my gnupg public key located <a href="here">here</a>. The signature of ged55XMLtoFamilyForm-0.1.tar.gz is located <a href="here">here</a>.

## 1.3. Stylesheet License

The source code is released under the <u>GNU General Public License Version 2</u> (GPL). The full text of this license can be found in a file called "gpl-2.0" in ged55XMLtoFamilyForm-0.1.tar.gz.

## 1.4. Stylesheet Updates

Hyperlinks to the most up-to-date version of the stylesheet will be posted to <a href="http://www.neomantic.com">http://www.neomantic.com</a>.

# 2. Usage Instructions

The process of converting a GEDCOM 5.5 file into a pdf document which resembles the progenealogists.com forms takes three steps.

- 1. Convert the GEDCOM 5.5 file to a GEDCOM 5.5 XML document.
- 2. Transform the GEDCOM 5.5 XML document to an XSL-FO stylsheet by applying the ged55XMLtoFamilyForm.xsl stylesheet to the XML document using an XSLT processor.
- 3. Process the XSL-FO stylesheet using fop.

The instructions below follow several conventions:

- family.ged represents a GEDCOM 5.5 file
- family.xml represents the family.ged file converted into a GEDCOM 5.5 XML document
- family.fo represents a XSL-FO stylesheet produced by the XSLT processor that has applied the ged55XMLtoFamilyForm.xsl stylesheet to family.xml
- family.pdf represents the pdf file that resembles the progenealogist's forms
- Text sandwiched between brackets, [], indicates variables that depend upon your computer's environment

# 2.1. Convert the GEDCOM 5.5 File to a GEDCOM 5.5 XML Document

To perform the conversion, use a Java application released by Michael H. Kay that converts GEDCOM 5.5 files into what he calls "GedML" XML documents. GedML is similar to GEDCOM 5.5 XML. See this link for details.

- 1. Download Kay's <u>source code</u> and unzip it in a location of your choosing. Remember the path to this location. It will be referred to in the last step using the placeholder [path-to-gedml-classes].
- 2. Find the files called "GedcomParser.java" and "GedcomToXml.xsl" in Kay's source code.
- 3. Compile the file GedcomParser.java using your favorite Java distribution's compiler javac. This will produce a class file called "GedcomParser.class". The command is as follows:

#### javac GedcomParser.java

- 4. Download Kay's <a href="mailto:saxon">saxon</a> parser, install it, and remember its location. Its location will be referred to below using the [path-to-saxon] placeholder. (It may already be installed on your system; in the <a href="mailto:Debian GNU/Linux distribution">Debian GNU/Linux distribution</a> it is located at /usr/share/java/saxon.jar.)
- 5. Convert family.ged to family.xml by issuing the following command in your terminal:

```
java -cp [path-to-saxon]/saxon.jar:[path-to-gedml-classes]
com.icl.saxon.StyleSheet -x GedcomParser -o family.xml family.ged
[path-to-gedml-classes]/GedcomToXml.xsl
```

The output of this command, family.xml, will be a near perfect reproduction of a GEDCOM 5.5 into GEDCOM 5.5 XML.

# 2.2. Transform the GEDCOM 5.5 XML Document to an XSL-FO stylsheet

To perform the transformation, the ged55XMLtoFamilyForm.xsl stylesheet must be applied to family.xml using an XSLT processor. I have used two command line applications to perform this transformation: xsltproc and saxon.xsltproc uses the Open Source XML parser called "libxml" and is included in many GNU/Linux distributions. Saxon is the XSLT processor downloaded and used in the previous step.

The ged55XMLtoFamilyForm.xsl stylesheet parameters described above can be supplied to both XSLT processors. Please consult their respective documentation to find out how to do so.

NOTE: Both xsltproc and saxon may fail to transform extremely large GEDCOM 5.5 XML files due to either your computer's or the Java virtual machine's memory limitations. To get around these limitations, the saxon processor works best because Java's memory usage can be manipulated. See the instructions below.

### 2.2.1. xsltproc

To use xsltproc, issue the following command in a terminal:

```
xsltproc ged55XMLtoFamilyForm.xsl family.xml > family.fo
```

#### 2.2.2. **SAXON**

To use saxon, issue the following command in a terminal:

```
java -cp [path-to-saxon]/saxon.jar com.icl.saxon.StyleSheet -o
family.fo family.xml ged55XMLtoFamilyForm.xsl
```

As mentioned above, if the family.xml file is extremely large, this command may fail due to Java's default memory settings. To increase the memory used by the Java's virtual machine, simply add these two flags to the command line: - "-Xms512m -Xmx512m"- and adjust the memory by supplying a value like 512m for each flag.

# 2.3. Process the XSL-FO Stylesheet Using fop

The outcome of the previous step is a XSL-FO document called family. fo. This file now needs to be processed by fop to produce family.pdf. To do so, follow these steps:

- 1. Follow the fop "quick start" guide <a href="here">here</a> to download and install fop or use your GNU/Linux distribution's package management system to install it.
- 2. Once installed, issue the following command in a terminal:

```
fop -fo family.fo -pdf family.pdf
```

The output of this command is the family.pdf file.

## 2.4. Sample

In a directory called "example" included with the stylesheet and documentation are samples of the stylesheet output (a .fo file) and fop's output (a .pdf file). The genealogical data in these examples was drawn from a GEDCOM 5.5 file called "royal92.ged" which can easily be found on the Internet. It contains the genealogical history of the British Royal family. The example distributed with the source contains only one royal family.

#### Family Group Record

Given	Hasband's Given name(s) Albert Augustus Charles		Last
	<sup>Bom</sup> 26 AUG 1819	Place Schloss Rosenau, Near Cobu	ırg,Germany
	Died 14 DEC 1861	Phoo Windsor Castle, Berkshire, England	
	Place Royal Masoleum,Frogmo		,Windsor,England
	Married	Place	
	Husband's Father's Ernest_I o	of_Saxe-Coburg- Saalfeld	Last name
	Husband's Mother's Louise of_	Saxe-Coburg- Altenburg	Last name
Wife's name	s Given Victoria		Last name Hanover
	Bom 24 MAY 1819	Place Kensington, Palace, London,	England
	Died 22 JAN 1901	Place Osborne House, Isle of Wigh	nt,England
	Buried	Place Royal Mausoleum,Frogmor	e,Berkshire,England
	Wife's Father's Given Edward A	ugustus	Last Hanover
	Wife's Mother's Given Nictoria N	Aary Louisa	Last name
Children - List each child in order of birth			
Sex F	Given name(s) Victoria Adelaide Mary		
	Bom 21 NOV 1840 Phace Buckingham, Palace, London, England		,England
	Died 5 AUG 1901	Place Friedrichshof,Near,Kronber	g,Taunus
1	Buried	Pho Friedenskirche, Potsdam	
	Spouse's Given name(s) Frederick_III		Last name
	Married 25 JAN 1858	Place London,England	
Sex M	Given name(s) Edward_VII		
	<sup>Bom</sup> 9 NOV 1841	Phone Buckingham,Palace,London,England	
	Died 6 MAY 1910	Puco Buckingham,Palace,London,England	
2	20 MAY 1910 Phone Windsor, Berkshire, England		
	Spouse's Given name(s) Alexandra of_I	Denmark "Alix"	Last name
	Married 10 MAR 1863	Plum St. George Chap., Windsor,	England
Sex F	ilivon amoigi Alice Maud Mary		
	Bom 25 APR 1843 Page Buckingham,Palace,London,Eng		,England
	Died 14 DEC 1878	Paœ Darmstadt,,,Germany	
3	Buried	Place	
	Spouse's Louis_IV of_He	esse	Last name
	Married 1 JUL 1862 Place Osborne House, Isle of Wight		ht
Sex M	Given Alfred Ernest Albert		
	Bom 6 AUG 1844	Pho Windsor Castle, Berkshire, England	
	Died 30 JUL 1900	Pho Schloss Rosenau, Near Coburg	
4	Buried	Place	
	Spouse's Given name(s) Marie Alexandrovna		Last name
	Married 23 JAN 1874	Place, St. Petersburg	g,Russia
Notes			

# 3. Limitations

- The number of characters which DATA and PLAC elements can accept, following the GEDCOM 5.5 standard, are longer than what the pdf file can display. The stylesheet attempts to handle these situations by scaling the text and/or truncating it with ellipses. There are some circumstances, however, where the stylesheet fails to truncate the data within the limits of what can be displayed in the form.
- Processing large family trees with the stylesheet and subsequently with fop will likely strain your computer's resources. Significant processing power and RAM are highly recommended. The stylesheet needs to be optimized.

# 4. Documentation License

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The full text of this license is found in the file called "fdl.txt" released with ged55XMLtoFamilyForm-0.1.tar.gz.

## 5. Contact

Please direct questions or requests for more information to <chad@neomantic.com>. Corrections, suggestions, bug reports, and patches are welcome as well.