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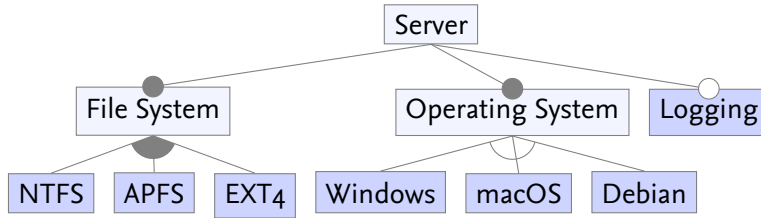


Towards a Universal Variability Language: Design Tradeoffs

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Example



Legend:

- Abstract Feature
- Concrete Feature
- Mandatory
- Optional
- Or Group
- Alternative Group

Windows \Rightarrow NTFS

macOS \Rightarrow APFS

Feature Description Language (FDL)

Server: **all** (FileSystem, OperatingSystem, logging?)

FileSystem: **more-of** (ntfs, apfs, ext4)

OperatingSystem: **one-of** (windows, macOS, debian)

windows **requires** ntfs

macOS **requires** apfs

GUIDSL Grammars

```
// grammar
Server: FileSystem+ OperatingSystem [Logging];
FileSystem: NTFS | APFS | EXT4;
OperatingSystem: Windows | macOS | Debian;

// constraints
Windows implies NTFS;
macOS implies APFS;
```

Variability Specification Language (VSL)

```
featureModel FM {  
  Server! (  
    FileSystem! ( [1..*] (  
      NTFS, APFS, EXT4  
    )),  
    OperatingSystem! ( [1] (  
      Windows, macOS, Debian  
    )),  
    Logging?  
  );  
  link Windows = needs => NTFS;  
  link macOS = needs => APFS;  
}
```

Simple XML Feature Model (SXFM)

```

<feature_model name="FM"><feature_tree>
  :r Server (id_srv)
    :m FileSystem (id_fs)
      :g [1,*]
        : NTFS (id_ntfs)
        : APFS (id_apfs)
        : EXT4 (id_e4)
      :m OperatingSystem (id_os)
        :g [1,1]
          : Windows (id_win)
          : macOS (id_mac)
          : Debian (id_deb)
        :o Logging (id_log)
    </feature_tree><constraints>
      c1: ~id_win or id_ntfs
      c2: ~id_mac or id_apfs
    </constraints></feature_model>

```

FAMILIAR

```
FM (  
  Server : FileSystem OperatingSystem [Logging];  
  FileSystem : (NTFS | APFS | EXT4)+;  
  OperatingSystem : (Windows | macOS | Debian);  
  
  (!Windows | NTFS);  
  (!macOS | APFS);  
)
```

Text-based Variability Language (TVL)

```

root Server {
  group allOf {
    FileSystem {
      group someOf {
        NTFS, APFS, EXT4
      }
    },
    OperatingSystem {
      group oneOf {
        Windows, macOS, Debian
      }
      Windows requires NTFS;
      macOS requires APFS;
    },
    opt Logging
  }
}

```


μ TVL

```

root Server {
  group allOf {
    FileSystem {
      group someOf {
        NTFS, APFS, EXT4
      }
    },
    OperatingSystem {
      group oneOf {
        Windows {require NTFS;}, macOS {require APFS;}, Debian
      }
    },
    opt Logging
  }
}

```

Clafer

Server

or FileSystem

NTFS

APFS

EXT4

xor OperatingSystem

Windows

macOS

Debian

[Windows => NTFS;]

[macOS => APFS;]

Logging?

VELVET

```
concept Server {  
  mandatory feature FileSystem {  
    someOf { feature NTFS; feature APFS; feature EXT4; }  
  }  
  mandatory feature OperatingSystem {  
    oneOf { feature Windows; feature macOS; feature Debian; }  
  }  
  feature Logging;  
  constraint Windows -> NTFS;  
  constraint macOS -> APFS;  
}
```

INDENICA Variability Modeling Language (IVML)

```
project Server {  
  compound Server {  
    enum FileSystem {NTFS, APFS, EXT4};  
    enum OperatingSystem {Windows, macOS, Debian};  
  
    Boolean logging;  
  
    FileSystem fileSystem;  
    OperatingSystem operatingSystem;  
    operatingSystem == Windows implies fileSystem == NTFS;  
    operatingSystem == macOS implies fileSystem == APFS;  
  }  
}
```

PyFML

```

FM = Server (1..1): all [
    FileSystem (1..1): moreof [
        NTFS (0..1),
        APFS (0..1),
        EXT4 (0..1)
    ],
    OperatingSystem (1..1): oneof [
        Windows (0..1),
        macOS (0..1),
        Debian (0..1)
    ],
    Logging (0..1)
];
Windows implies NTFS;
macOS implies APFS;

```

Variability Modeling

Relationships :

```

Server {
  FileSystem {
    someOf {
      NTFS APFS EXT4
    }
  }
  OperatingSystem {
    oneOf {
      Windows macOS Debian
    }
  }
  ? Logging
}

```

Constraints :

Windows **requires** NTFS
 macOS **requires** APFS

Summary

```

root Server {
  group allOf {
    FileSystem {
      group someOf {
        NTFS, APFS, EXT4
      }
    },
    OperatingSystem {
      group oneOf {
        Windows, macOS, Debian
      }
    }
  },
  Windows requires NTFS;
  macOS requires APFS;
  opt Logging
}

```

```

FM = Server (1..1): all [
  FileSystem (1..1): moreof [
    NTFS (0..1),
    APFS (0..1),
    EXT4 (0..1)
  ],
  OperatingSystem (1..1): oneof [
    Windows (0..1),
    macOS (0..1),
    Debian (0..1)
  ],
  Logging (0..1)
];
Windows implies NTFS;
macOS implies APFS;

```

```

// grammar
Server: FileSystem+ OperatingSystem [Logging];
FileSystem: NTFS | APFS | EXT4;
OperatingSystem: Windows | macOS | Debian;

// constraints
Windows implies NTFS;
macOS implies APFS;

```

```

concept Server {
  mandatory feature FileSystem {
    someOf { feature NTFS; feature APFS; feature EXT4; }
  }
  mandatory feature OperatingSystem {
    oneOf { feature Windows; feature macOS; feature Debian; }
  }
  feature Logging;
  constraint Windows -> NTFS;
  constraint macOS -> APFS;
}

```

```

root Server {
  group allOf {
    FileSystem {
      group someOf {
        NTFS, APFS, EXT4
      }
    },
    OperatingSystem {
      group oneOf {
        Windows {require NTFS;}, macOS {require APFS;}, Debian
      }
    }
  },
  opt Logging
}

```

```

FM (
  Server : FileSystem OperatingSystem [Logging];
  FileSystem : (NTFS | APFS | EXT4)+;
  OperatingSystem : (Windows | macOS | Debian);

  (!Windows | NTFS);
  (!macOS | APFS);
)

```

```

featureModel FM {
  Server! (
    FileSystem! ( [1..*] (
      NTFS, APFS, EXT4
    )),
    OperatingSystem! ( [1] (
      Windows, macOS, Debian
    )),
    Logging?
  );
  link Windows = needs => NTFS;
  link macOS = needs => APFS;
}

```

<feature_model name="FM"><feature_tree>

```

:r Server (id_srv)
:m FileSystem (id_fs) project Server {
  :g [1..*] compound Server {
    : NTFS (id_ntfs) enum FileSystem {NTFS, APFS, EXT4;
    : APFS (id_apfs) enum OperatingSystem {Windows, macOS, Debian};
    : EXT4 (id_e4)
  }
:m OperatingSystem (id_os)
  :g [1..1]
    : Windows (id_win)
    : macOS (id_mac)
    : Debian (id_deb)
  :o Logging (id_log)
}

```

</feature_tree><constraints>

```

c1: ~id_win or id_ntfs
c2: ~id_mac or id_apfs

```

</constraints></feature_model>

```

Server: all (FileSystem, OperatingSystem, logging?)
FileSystem: more-of (ntfs, apfs, ext4)
OperatingSystem: one-of (windows, macOS, debian)

```

```

windows requires ntfs
macOS requires apfs

```

Relationships:

```

Server {
  FileSystem {
    someOf {
      NTFS APFS EXT4
    }
  },
  OperatingSystem {
    oneOf {
      Windows macOS Debian
    }
  },
  Logging
}

```

Constraints:

```

Windows requires NTFS
macOS requires APFS

```

```

Server
or FileSystem
NTFS
APFS
EXT4
xor OperatingSystem
Windows
macOS
Debian
[Windows => NTFS;]
[macOS => APFS;]
Logging?

```

Concepts and Design Dimensions

Expressivity (not Expressive Power)

Expressivity: How much meaning is conveyed? How much verbosity is there? How concise is the code?

- Make assumptions about target domain
- Encapsulate knowledge about the domain in the language

feature Server

vs.

Feature

```
{  
    string {"Server"}  
}
```

Separation of Concerns (SOC)

2 extremes:

all information in one place

```
Server
  or FileSystem
    NTFS
    APFS
    EXT4
  xor OperatingSystem
    Windows
    macOS
    Debian
    [Windows => NTFS;]
    [macOS => APFS;]
    Logging?
```

VS.

separate files or sections within a file for everything

```
// feature list
Server
FileSystem
NTFS
APFS
...
```

```
// containment
Server -> FileSystem
Server -> OperatingSystem
FileSystem -> NTFS
...
```

```
// constraints
Windows => NTFS;
macOS => APFS;
...
```

...

Completeness

- Can all existing formats (+extra information) be expressed in the language?
- How to deal with incompleteness?
 - Transformation into simpler constructs
 - Mix of languages?

Scope

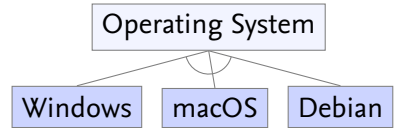
- Which language features should be available?
- Language-levels? Which features per level?
- Modularity of the language?
- How to control growth/evolution?

Composability

- Real-world systems are huge
- FMs that are too big hard to understand, evolve and analyze
- Interfaces and composition for models?

Examples and Feedback

Keyword Length

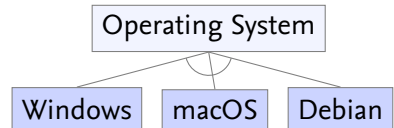


long	abbreviated	symbols
feature OperatingSystem	f OperatingSystem	OperatingSystem
alternative NTFS	a NTFS	: NTFS
alternative APFS	a APFS	: APFS
alternative EXT4	a EXT4	: EXT4

Line-breaks and long lines

semicolon	continued lines
<pre> abstract mandatory feature OperatingSystem; alternative feature NTFS;</pre>	<pre> abstract \ mandatory \ feature \ OperatingSystem alternative \ feature \ NTFS</pre>

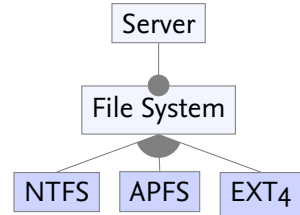
Structuring



whitespace	curly braces	parentheses
feature OS alternative feature Windows feature macOS feature Debian	feature OS alternative { feature Windows {}, feature macOS {}, feature Debian { }	(feature OS (alternative (feature Windows) (feature macOS) (feature Debian)))

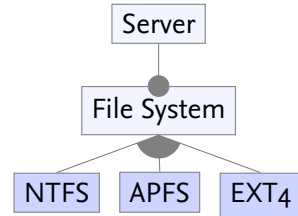
Hierarchy – Embedded or by Reference?

embedded	by reference
Server or FileSystem NTFS APFS EXT4	<pre>Server: FileSystem FileSystem: (NTFS APFS EXT4)+</pre>



Location of Groups

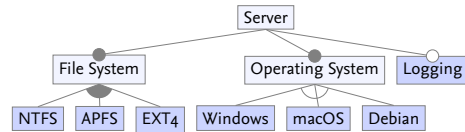
at parent	on children	in-between
Server or FileSystem NTFS APFS EXT4	Server FileSystem or NTFS or APFS or EXT4	Server FileSystem or NTFS APFS EXT4



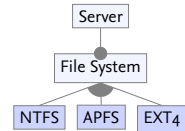
Multiple Groups Beneath One Parent?

With the last two options, the model could be restructured:

on children	in-between
Server or NTFS or APFS or EXT4 alt Windows alt macOS alt Debian opt Logging	Server or NTFS APFS EXT4 alt Windows macOS Debian opt Logging



Groups vs. Cardinality vs. Constraints



groups	cardinality	constraints
Server or FileSystem NTFS APFS EXT4	Server [1..*] FileSystem NTFS APFS EXT4	Server FileSystem NTFS APFS EXT4 [children.count > 0]

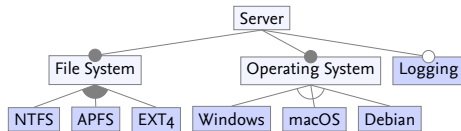
Example 1 - dense syntax, structure + data by reference

```
Server: (FileSystem!, OperatingSysetm!, Logging);
FileSystem: [NTFS, APFS, EXT4];
OperatingSystem: {Windows, macOS, Debian};
```

```
Windows => NTFS;
macOS => APFS;
```

defaults Debian, EXT4;

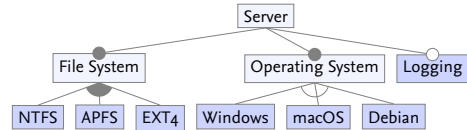
abstract Server, FileSystem, OperatingSystem;



Example 2 - explicit structure, data in one place

```

abstract feature Server {
  abstract mandatory feature FileSystem {
    alternative feature NTFS {}
    alternative feature APFS {}
    alternative default feature EXT4 {}
  }
  abstract mandatory feature OperatingSystem {
    or feature Windows {
      constraint {Windows requires NTFS}
    }
    or feature macOS {
      constraint {macOS requires APFS}
    }
    or default feature Debian {}
  }
  optional feature Logging {}
}
  
```



Scope

Which language features should be supported?

- default selection for configurations?
- abstract features?
- save entire configurations?
- attributes of features?
- composition of feature models? namespaces? interfaces or visibility modifiers?
- expressive power of constraints? Propositional, first-order, higher-order?

Separation of Concerns (SOC)

Which information should be in-line vs. in separate files/fragments?

- structure
- abstract?
- constraints
- configurations
- default selection
- arbitrary additional data, e.g. layouting

What is a reasonable tradeoff? Where to cut?

Use or adapt existing serialization format?

- Parsers and basic tool integrations exist
- Made for generic data, often unnecessarily verbose
- No checks for correct application (unless schemas are used)
- No syntactic support for specific concepts like constraints
- Examples: yaml, json, edn, openddl

IDE support? Who wants to use a text editor?

- Tradeoff usability vs. tool lock-in
- Projectional editors offer representations for different concerns, but no portability
- Classic parser can have EBNF spec for theoretical portability and small default library
- Most language workbenches allow to export small independent language core

What did we miss? More comments?

Questionnaire



<https://tinyurl.com/touvala>

Backup Slides

Composition of Feature Models

references	refs + visibility modifiers	refs + interface FM
<pre>import Server.fm Application Logging? ref Server as Host</pre>	<pre>Server private FileSystem public OS import Server.fm Application Logging? ref Server.OS</pre>	<pre>import Server.interface Application Logging? ref Server.OS //interface FM Server OS</pre>

Example 3

```

import FileSystem as FS
features
  abstract Server
    mandatory
      include FS
      abstract OperatingSystem
    or
      Windows
      macOS
    default Debian
  Logging

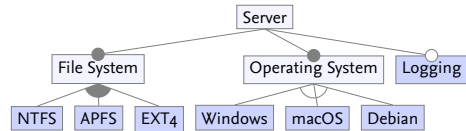
constraints
  Windows => NTFS
  macOS => APFS

```

```

// FileSystem.uvl
features
  abstract FileSystem
    alternative
      NTFS
      APFS
    default EXT4

```



Example 4

import FileSystem as FS

features

Server: **include** FS! OperatingSystem! Logging

abstract OperatingSystem: (Windows | macOS | Debian)+

default Debian:

constraints

Windows => NTFS

macOS => APFS

// FileSystem.uvl

features

FileSystem: NTFS | APFS | EXT4

default EXT4

