# Formal Languages and Compiler Design

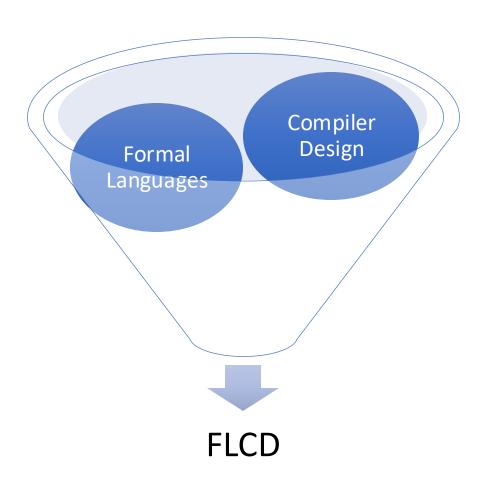
Simona Motogna

# Why?

Historical reasons

Be a better programmer

Performant algorithms



#### Organization Issues

- Course 2 h/ week
- Seminar 2h/week
- Laboratory 2 h/week

10 presences – seminar 12 presences - lab

#### PRESENCE IS MANDATORY

#### Most interesting stuff for students

- Moodle:
  - All course resources
  - Homeworks
  - Assignments
  - Labs
  - Points / grades
- MsTeams communication chanel, code: s0bgl6w
- Github classroom: formal-langages-and-compiler-design....

#### Minimal Conditions to Pass

- Minimum 10 presences at seminar
- Minimum 12 presences at laboratory
- Minimum grade **6** at lab
- Minimum grade 5 at final exam



# Final grade

60% final exam

+

30% lab

+

10% seminar

Bonus

#### Lab work

- 10 laboratory tasks
- !!! Must be completed and loaded during lab hours
- Weighted grades:

Lab grade

#### Bonus points:

- "awesome" solutions
- Extra work

## I wish ...







Effective communication

Interactive experience

Learning fun

#### References

• See <u>fişa disciplinei</u>

```
import time

def count(limit):
    result = 0
    for a in range(1, limit + 1):
        for b in range(a + 1, limit + 1):
            for c in range(b + 1, limit + 1):
                if c * c > a * a + b * b:
                      break

        if c * c == (a * a + b * b):
                      result += 1
    return result
```

```
7RNKPRT1 CRI 23
    ZBNKPRT1.CBL >
     ····•*A·1·8··•···2··•••··3···••·4···•·5···•6···•6···•7·I·•···8
     001600 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
    901800 78NKPRT1.
     882888 September 2882
     002200
     002400 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION
     002500 INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION
002600 FILE-CONTROL.
               SELECT EXTRACT-FILE
                       ASSIGN TO EXTRACT
ORGANIZATION IS SEQUENTIAL
     002900
     003000
                        ACCESS MODE IS SEQUENTIAL
     993199
                       FILE STATUS IS WS-EXTRACT-STATUS
                SELECT PRINTOUT-FILE
                                     TO PRINTOUT
                       ASSIGN TO PRINTOUT 
ORGANIZATION IS SEQUENTIAL
     003300
                       ACCESS MODE IS SEQUENTIAL
FILE STATUS IS WS-PRINTOUT-STATUS.
     003500
     003700
     003800 DATA DIVISION.
    003900 FILE SECTION.
     004000
004100 FD EXTRACT-FILE
               RECORDING MODE IS V
```

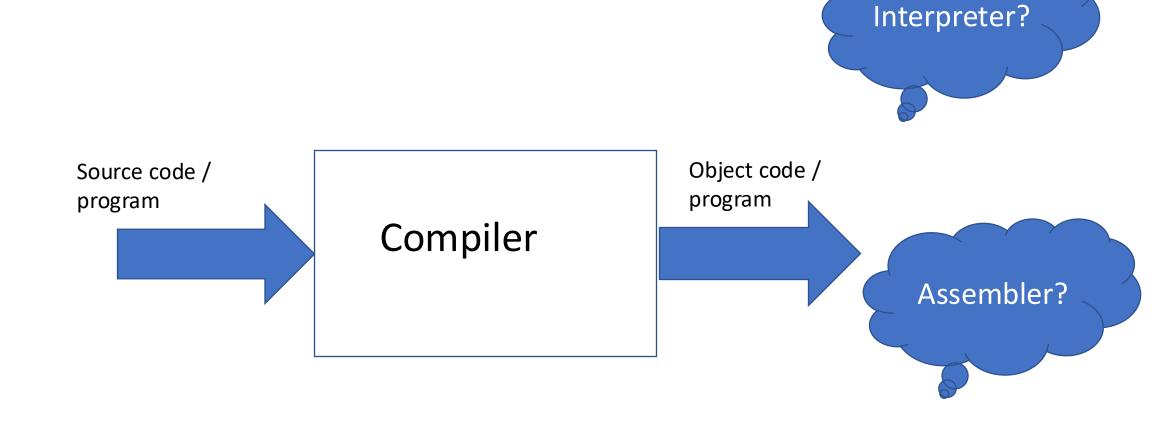
```
package rentalStore;
import java.util.Enumeration;
import java.util.Vector;
class Customer {
    private String name;
    private Vector<Rental> rentals = new Vector<Rental>();
    public Customer(String name) {
        _{name} = name;
    public String getMovie(Movie movie) {
        Rental rental = new Rental(new Movie("", Movie.NEW RELEASE), 10);
        Movie m = rental. movie;
        return movie.getTitle();
    public void addRental(Rental arg) {
        rentals.addElement(arg);
    public String getName() {
        return name;
```

```
S. Motogna - LFTC
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
struct stats { int count; int sum; int sum squares; };
void stats_update(struct stats * s, int x, bool reset) {
    if (s == NULL) return;
   if (reset) * s = (struct stats) { 0, 0, 0 };
    s->count += 1;
    s \rightarrow sum += x;
    s->sum_squares += x * x;
double mean(int data[], size_t len) {
    struct stats s;
    for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i)
        stats_update(&s, data[i], i == 0);
    return ((double)s.sum) / ((double)s.count);
void main() {
    int data[] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 };
    printf("MEAN = %lf\n", mean(data, sizeof(data) / sizeof(data[0])));
```

```
190
191
                  PIN=0.02
192
                  IF (DDT.NE.O.O) THEN
193
                  DT-DDT
194
195
196
197
                  ELSE
                  DT-PIN
                  WRITE (*, '(A) ') ' PLEASE ENTER NAME OF OUTPUT FILE (FOR EXAMPLE
198
                  * B: 22 DAT) '
199
                  READ (*, '(A) ') FNAMEO
                  OPEN (6, FILE=FNAMEO, STATUS='UNKNOWN')
200
201
                  PV-WFLX/TH
                  RS=NEQ*ROU*KD/TH
205
                  TIME-0.0D0
                  EF=0.0D0
207
                 CONTINUE
                  GAMMA-DT/(2.DO*DX*DX)
                  BETA-DT/DX
                  IF ((BETA*PV) .GT.0.50D0) GO TO 7
211
                  IF ((GAMMA*D/(BETA*PV)).LT.0.5D0) GO TO 6
212
213
214
215
216
217
218
219
220
221
222
              6 DX=DX/2
                  GO TO 5
             7 DT-DT/2
                  GO TO 5
             8 CONTINUE
                  N-COL/DX
                  NM1=N-1
                  NM2=N-2
                  NP1=N+1
                  GAMMA-DT/(2*DX*DX)
```

## What is a compiler?



```
ZBNKPRT1.CBL 33
                                                                                                                                   8 ZURVATICEL 

2 TOTAL T

☑ ZBNKPRT1.CBL ▶

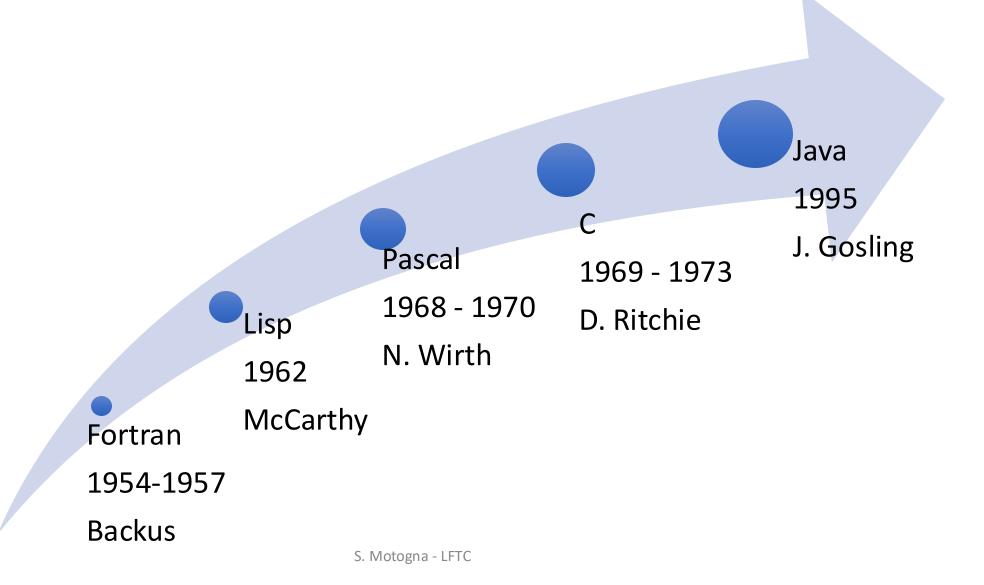
import time
def count(limit):
        result = 0
        for a in range(1, limit + 1):
               for b in range(a + 1, limit + 1):
for c in range(b + 1, limit + 1):
                                 if c * c > a * a + b * b:
                                          break
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              #include <stdlib.h>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                #include <stdio.h>
                                  if c * c == (a * a + b * b):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               #include <stdbool.h>
                                          result += 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                struct stats { int count; int sum; int sum_squares; };
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   oid stats_update(struct stats * s, int x, bool reset) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        if (s == NULL) return;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       if (reset) * s = (struct stats) { 0, 0, 0 };
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        s->count += 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       s->sum += x;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       s->sum_squares += x * x;
   package rentalStore;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    puble mean(int data[], size_t len) {
    import java.util.Enumeration;
   import java.util.Vector;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        struct stats s;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 stats_update(&s, data[i], i == 0);
    class Customer {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        return ((double)s.sum) / ((double)s.count);
               private String name;
               private Vector<Rental> rentals = new Vector<Rental>();
               public Customer(String name) {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        int data[] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 };
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       printf("MEAN = %1f\n", mean(data, sizeof(data) / sizeof(data[0])))
                            name = name;
               public String getMovie(Movie movie) {
                          Rental rental = new Rental(new Movie("", Movie.NEW RELEASE), 10);
                           Movie m = rental. movie;
                           return movie.getTitle();
                                                                                                                                                                                                 IF (DDT.NE.O.O) THEN
               public void addRental(Rental arg) {
                                                                                                                                                              rentals.addElement(arg);
                                                                                                                                                                                              BOOTF (, 'ia)', PLEASE ENTER NAME OF OUTPUT FILE (FOR EXAMPLE * BIELDAT')
READ(', 'ia)', FINAMO, STATUS-'UNENCON')
RS-MCP-ROU-RO/TH
CO-CS
               public String getName() {
                          return _name;
                                                                                                                                                                                              EF=0.0D0
CONTINUE
GAMMA=DT/(2.D0*DX*DX)
                                                                                                                                                                                               BETA-DT/DX

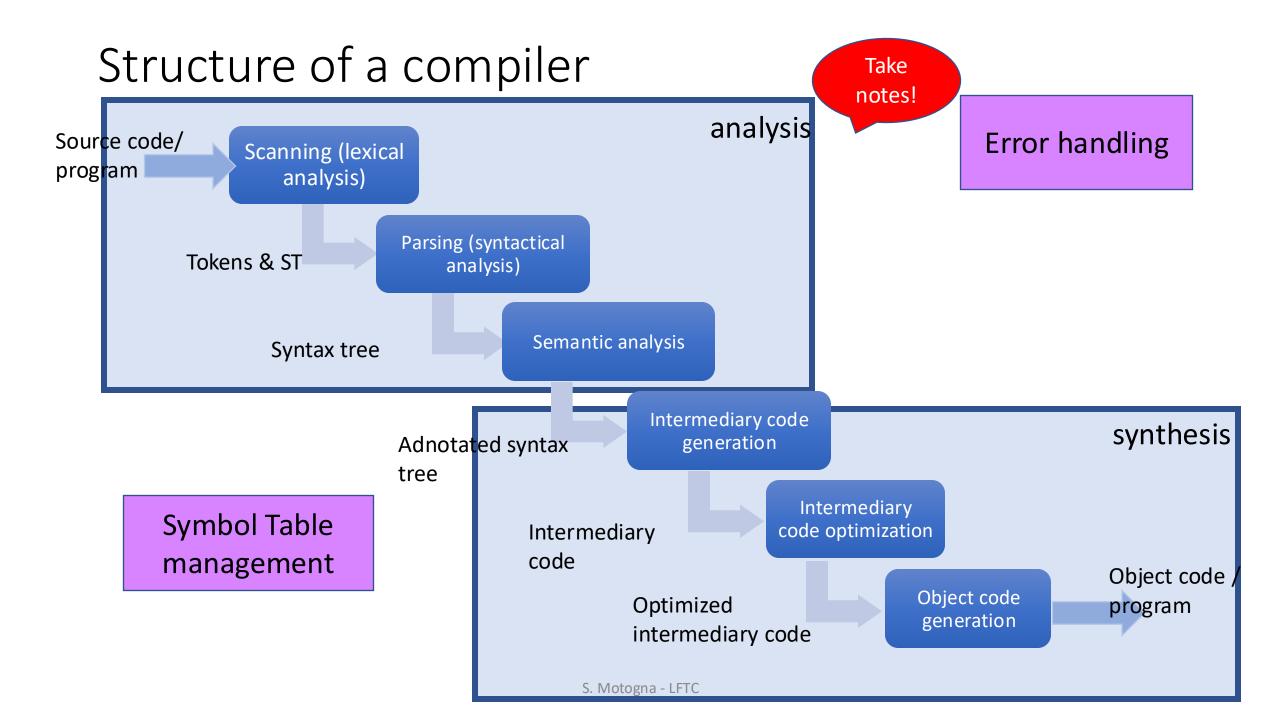
IF((BETA-PV).GT.0.50D0) GO TO 7

IF((GAMMA-D/(BETA-PV)).LT.0.5D0) GO TO 6
                                                                                                                                                                                               GO TO 5
CONTINUE
N=COL/DX
NM1=N-1
NM2=N-2
NP1=N+1
```

```
0000000 0000 0001 0001 1010 0010 0001 0004 0128
0000010 0000 0016 0000 0028 0000 0010 0000 0020
0000040 0004 8384 0084 c7c8 00c8 4748 0048 e8e9
0000050 00e9 6a69 0069 a8a9 00a9 2828 0028 fdfc
0000060 00fc 1819 0019 9898 0098 d9d8 00d8 5857
0000070 0057 7b7a 007a bab9 00b9 3a3c 003c 8888
0000090 3b83 5788 8888 8888 7667 778e 8828 8888
00000a0 d61f 7abd 8818 8888 467c 585f 8814 8188
00000b0 8b06 e8f7 88aa 8388 8b3b 88f3 88bd e988
00000c0 8a18 880c e841 c988 b328 6871 688e 958b
00000d0 a948 5862 5884 7e81 3788 lab4 5a84 3eec
00000e0 3d86 dcb8 5cbb 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888
00000f0 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888 0000
0000100 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
0000130 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
000013e
```

## A little bit of history ...





## Chapter 1. Scanning

**Definition** = treats the source program as a sequence of characters, detect lexical tokens, classify and codify them

```
INPUT: source program
OUTPUT: PIF + ST

Algorithm Scanning v1
While (not(eof)) do
    detect(token);
    classify(token);
    codify(token);
End_while
```



#### Detect

I am a student.I am Simona

- Separators => **Remark 1**)

if 
$$(x==y) \{x=y+2\}$$

- Look-ahead => Remark 2)

## Classify

- Classes of tokens:
  - Identifiers
  - Constants
  - Reserved words (keywords)
  - Separators
  - Operators

• If a token can NOT be classified => LEXICAL ERROR

## Codify

May be codification table
 OR
 code for identifiers and constants

- Identifier, constant => Symbol Table (ST)
- PIF = Program Internal Form = array of pairs
- pairs (token, position in ST)

identifier, constant

```
Algorithm Scanning v2
While (not(eof)) do
     detect (token);
     if token is reserved word OR operator OR separator
          then genPIF(token, 0)
                                                       a=a+b
          else
          if token is identifier OR constant
                                                        FIP
                                                       (id,1)
                then index = pos(token, ST);
                                                        (=,0)
                                                       (id,1)
                      genPIF(token, index)
                                                        (+,0)
               else message "Lexical error"
                                                       (id,2)
          endif
                                                        ST
     endif
endwhile
```

#### Remarks:

• genPIF = adds a pair (token, position) to PIF

- Pos(token,ST) searches token in symbol table ST; if found then return position; if not found insert in SR and return position
- Order of classification (reserved word, then identifier)
- If-then-else imbricate => detect error if a token cannot be classified

#### Remarks:

- Also comments are eliminated
- Most important operations: SEARCH and INSERT

## Symbol Table

**Definition** = contains all information collected during compiling regarding the <u>symbolic names</u> from the source program

identifiers, constants, etc.

#### Variants:

- Unique symbol table contains all symbolic names
- distinct symbol tables: IT (identifiers table) + CT (constants table)

## ST organization

Remark: search and insert

1.	Unsorted table – in order of detection in source code	O(n)
2.	Sorted table: alphabetic (numeric)	O(lg n)
3.	Binary search tree (balanced)	O(lg n)
4.	Hash table	O(1)

#### Hash table

- K = set of keys (symbolic names)
- A = set of positions (|A| = m; m -prime number)

$$h: K \rightarrow A$$
  
  $h(k) = (val(k) \mod m) + 1$ 

• Conflicts:  $k_1 \neq k_2$ ,  $h(k_1) = h(k_2)$ 

Toy hash function to use at lab:
Sum of ASCII codes of chars