

## Adpositional Supersenses for Mandarin Chinese

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#### Introduction

- Adpositions contribute significantly to meaning
- Semantic Network of Adposition and Case Supersenses (SNACS) (Schneider et



- Construal analysis (Hwang et al., 2017)
  - Function: lexical semantics of an adposition token
- SCENE ROLE: the underlying relation in the surrounding context
- (1) I care about:STIMULUS→TOPIC you.
- (2) I put the book on:GOAL→Locus the table.
- Research questions
- Adaptability to Chinese adposition semantics?
- Similarities and differences between Chinese and English adpositions?

#### **Adposition Criteria**

- (3) tā zài:Locus xuéshù shàng:Topic→Locus yǒusuòzuòwéi 3sg P:at academia LC:on-top-of successful 'He succeeded in academia.'
- Coverbs
  - Precede the main predicate and introduce an NP argument (Li & Thompson, 1974)
- Annotate all pre-verbal coverbs (modification of an event), except zai in (4)
- (4) nǐ yào de yáng jiù zài lǐmiàn 2sG want DE sheep RES at inside 'The sheep you want is in the box.'
- Localizers
- Follow a noun phrase to refine its semantic relation
- Annotate coverbs and localizers separately

#### **Supersense Applicability**

- EXPERIENCER as FUNCTION
  - English: EXPERIENCER does not seem to have any prototypical adpositions (Schneider et al., 2018a)
- Chinese: EXPERIENCER has a prototypical adposition
- (5) To:EXPERIENCER→GOAL those who understand life, that would have given a much greater air of truth to my story.
- (6) [dui:Experiencer [dŏngdé shēnghuó de rén]
  P:to know-about life DE people
  láishuō:Experiencer], zhèyàng shuō jiù xiǎndé zhēnshí
  LC:one's regard this-way tell RES seem real
  'It looks real to those who know about life.'
- Same Scene, Different Function
- Though both English to and Chinese dui have RECIPIENT as the scene role, they have different functions
- (7) You would have to say to:RECIPIENT→GOAL them: "I saw a house that costs \$20,000."
- (8) nǐ bìxū duì:RECIPIENT→DIRECTION tāmén shuō: "wǒ kànjiàn 2sg must P:to 3PL say 1sg see le yí dòng shíwàn făláng de fángzi."

  ASP one CL 100,000 franc DE house 'You must tell them: "I see a house that costs 100,000 francs."
- Unproductivity of Function
  - Chinese adpositions: relatively limited functions
- (9) In:TOPIC certain more important details I shall make mistakes.
- (10) I should have liked to begin this story in: MANNER the fashion of the fairy-tales.
- (11) wò hèn kènéng [zài:Locus[mòuxiē zhòngyào de xìjié] 1sGveryprobably P:at some important de detai shàng:Topic→Locus]huà cuò le LC:on-top-of draw be-mistaken ASP 'I probably made mistakes on some important details.'

#### **Corpus Annotation and Evaluation**

- Annotated 13,000+ tokens (602 adpositions)
- 40 types of construals were identified, with 24 of the 50 supersenses appearing as scene roles and 23 as functions
- IAA on six chapters including 111 adpositions

Cohen's kappa					
SCENE	FUNCTION	SCENE + FUNCTION			
.90	.93	.88			

#### **Cross-lingual Correspondence**

Applicability of Contrual Analysis in Chinese

Role vs. Function:	Same	Total
English	178 (70%)	256
Chinese	121 (86%)	141

Table 1: Comparing the scene role and function annotations for adpositions in Ch. 1, 4, and 5.

#### Analysis by Subhierarchy

Func \ Scene	CIRC	PART	CONF	Total
CIRC PART CONF	88   68 0   0 3   0	22   12 50   48 9   0	4   2 0   0 71   10	114   82 50   48 83   10
Total	91   68	81   60	<b>75   12</b>	247   140
			Diagonal diagonal	209   126 38   14

Table 2: Distribution of cross-subhierarchy construals. Counts are notated as English | Chinese.

#### **Conclusion & Future work**

- Develop new guidelines for phenomena not present in English
- Substantiate the applicability of construal analysis in Chinese
- Can further support automatic disambiguation of adpositions in Chinese

# e-poster available

QR scan:

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