Stay Tuned

How NeSI Optimises the Usage of Shared HPC Resources Computational Science Team @ NeSI

Jordi Blasco (jordi.blasco@nesi.org.nz)



Outline

- About NeSI CS Team Who we are?
- Identify the Bottlenecks Identify the Most Popular Apps
- Tuning Profile and Debug

Increase the performance Discover the scalability limits Improve the efficiency

4 Back to the future Moore's Law Sequencing cost

About NeSI CS Team

Computational Science Team



Basically, it means that we are the Researchers best friends :-)

Tuning

About NeSI CS Team

Which is the main goal of a shared HPC facility?

- Run a few jobs really fast, no matter what their efficiency is.
- Run the maximum number of jobs, in favour of short and small jobs.
- NeSI provides a wise combination by optimising the usage of computational resources.

Identify the Most Popular Apps

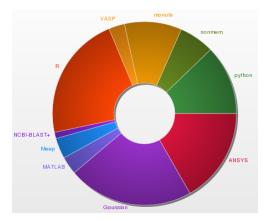
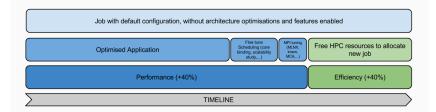


Figure: Most popular applications in Pan cluster. We are using snoopy to track the applications run in the cluster. This allow us to get a list of the most popular apps.

Tuning

Tuning the most popular applications provides a major impact in

- the walltime of the users of this code.
- the global cluster efficiency.
- the availability of the computational resources.
- the waiting time.



Tuning

There are several ways to tune an HPC Application

- Most obvious : tune the algorithm.
- Choose the right Libraries + Compilers + MPI "Flavour".
- Choose the right Options and Environment.
- Work in the work-flow.
- Explore the scalability (how well it scales).
- Check if benchmark results are good enough.

Profile and Debug

Available software

- Intel Vtune Amplifier & Intel Trace Analyzer
- DDT
- Score-P
- HPC Toolkit
- Scalasca
- Cube
- PAPI
- TAU
- Parallel Profile Visualization (ParaProf)
- Native Slurm profiling tools



Tuning

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VASP Case Study

The Vienna Ab initio Simulation Package (VASP) is a computer program for atomic scale materials modelling, e.g. electronic structure calculations and quantum-mechanical molecular dynamics, from first principles.

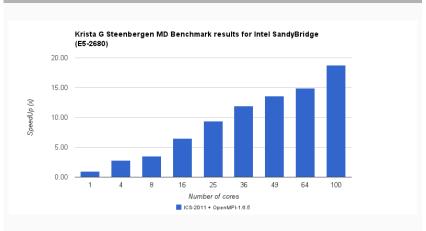
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Benchmark provided by Dr. Krista Grace Steenbergen (Victoria University)

It describes finite temperature molecular dynamics simulation of a 128-atom bulk gallium super-cell (8 atoms to a normal unit cell, 16 unit cells), using 3x3x3 KPOINT mesh at medium precision (higher FFT-gridding) and allowing for spin polarization.

VASP Case Study: Speed Up

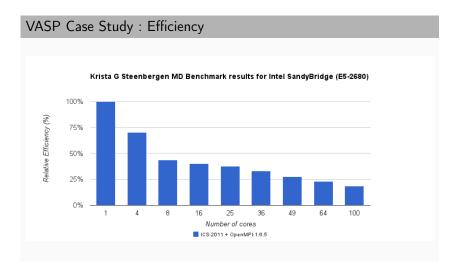


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Increase the performance

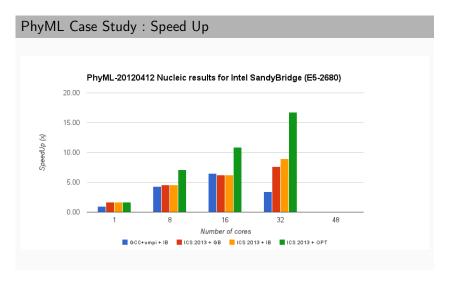


PhyML Case Study

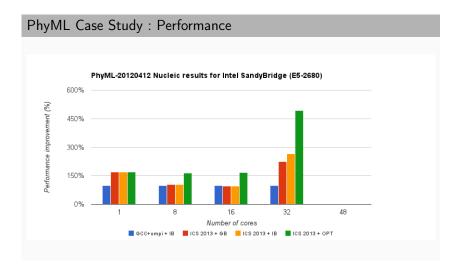
PhyML is software that estimates maximum likelihood phylogenies from alignments of nucleotide or amino acid sequences. The main strength of PhyML lies in the large number of substitution models coupled to various options to search the space of phylogenetic tree topologies, going from very fast and efficient methods to slower but generally more accurate approaches.

Developed by Dr. Stéphane Guindon (UoA)

PhyML is developed in NZ and is world-famous software in Phylogenetics. In this case, the right compilers and optimization options for an specific architecture increased the performance up to $\times 6$.



Tuning



Tuning

Discover the scalability limits

How well does the code scales?

- There are theoretical limits but the reality can be really surprising!
- The scalability/quality of a code is measured in terms of efficiency (USL).
- The benchmarks can help to discover the real scalability limits.
- With this information you can get even faster results and save computational resources for other jobs.

Discover the scalability limits

Migrate-n Case Study

Migrate estimates effective population sizes and past migration rates between n population assuming a migration matrix model with asymmetric migration rates and different subpopulation sizes.

Tuning

Benchmark provided by Dr. Sarah Knight (UoA)

The research group of Dr. Sarah Knight were investigating the population structure and connectivity in the yeast species Saccharomyces cerevisiae (which is widely used by industry in the fermentation of beer, wine, bread etc.) in New Zealand. They used MIGRATE to obtain estimates of gene-flow or migration. The data they used was 8 microsatellite markers and they were investigating connectivity between 5 important wine growing regions.

Discover the scalability limits

Migrate-n Case Study Sarah J. Knight Benchmark results for Intel SandyBridge (E5-2680) 60.00 45.00 SpeedUp (x) 30.00 15.00 0.00 16 48 64 96 112 Number of cores Intel Cluster Studio XE 2013

Tuning

The workflow can save several HPC resources

- Thanks to the nature of some codes, the problem can be transformed into a embarrassing parallel problem.
- In some cases it's possible to split large input file into several small files, allowing to run several copies of the same code using completely independent input files.

Tuning

- In scenarios like these you can achieve a linear scalability.
- Several problems related with genomics have this approach.

Tuning

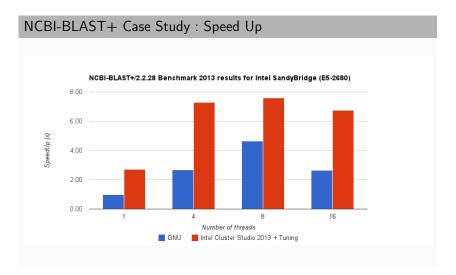
Improve the efficiency

NCBI-BLAST+ Case Study

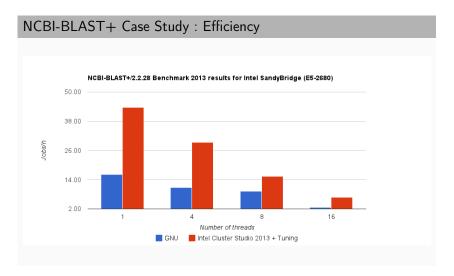
BLAST (Basic Local Alignment Search Tool) command line applications developed at the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI).

Benchmark provided by Dr. Daniel White (Landcare Research)

It describes the dataset as a pathogen discovery dataset using de novo metagenomics.



Tuning



NCBI-BLAST+ Case Study: Speed Up compared with original code

Tuning

threads	split	tuned binaries	SHM ¹	Speed Up	Speed Up/cores
1	1000	2.71	2.72	7371.2	7.3712
4	1000	7.27	2.32	16866.4	4.2166
8	1000	7.61	1.68	12784.8	1.5981
16	1000	6.74	1.34	9031.6	0.564475

¹SHM is memory filesystem available on Linux OS(/dev/shm). File transferring overhead < 14 seconds. 4□ > 4□ > 4 ≥ > 4 ≥ >

Moore's Law

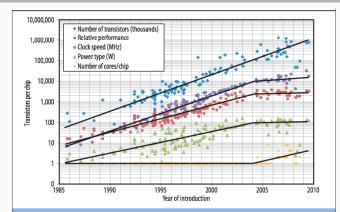
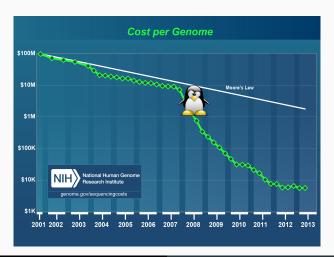


Figure 1. Transistors, frequency, power, performance, and processor cores over time. The original Moore's law projection of increasing transistors per chip remains unabated even as performance has stalled.

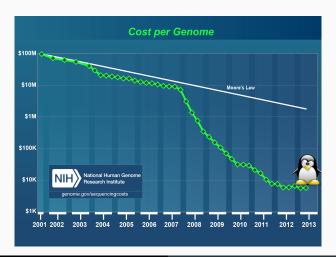
Sequencing Cost per Genome



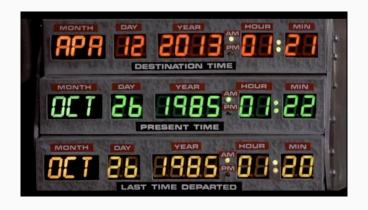


Tuning

Sequencing Cost per Genome



Are you still living in the 80's?





Tuning

Questions & Answers

