

Introduction to Programming

August 7, 2022 12:59 PM

Float sayi alimi

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```
static float sumTax = 0.0F; //The amount of the total taxes
```

From

<<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/TaxCalculator/Program.cs>>

```
if(float.TryParse(ReadLine(), out income) && income > 0)
{
```

From

<<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/TaxCalculator/Program.cs>>

Out kullanimi

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getCustomerType(out customerType); //It changes the customerType variable

From <<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/PublisherDiscountCalculator/Program-2.cs>>

```
public static void getCustomerType(out char customerType)
{
    customerType = 'b';
    int checkCycle = 1;
    while(checkCycle == 1)
    {
        WriteLine("Please input your customer type.\nBook stores (B or b)\nLibrary (L or l) :");

        if (char.TryParse(ReadLine(), out customerType))
        {
            if (customerType == 'B' || customerType == 'b' || customerType == 'L' || customerType == 'l')
                checkCycle = 0;
        }
    }
}
```

getValues(out numberOfCopies, out unitPrice);

From <<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/PublisherDiscountCalculator/Program-2.cs>>

```
public static void getValues(out int numberOfCopies, out double unitPrice)
{
    numberOfCopies = 0;
    unitPrice = 0;
    int checkCycle = 1; // check value for true inputs
    while (checkCycle == 1)
    {
        WriteLine("Please input the number of copies :");
        if (int.TryParse(ReadLine(), out numberOfCopies))
        {
            checkCycle = 0;
        }
    }

    checkCycle = 1;
    while (checkCycle == 1)
    {
        WriteLine("Please input the unit price :");

        if (double.TryParse(ReadLine(), out unitPrice))
        {
            checkCycle = 0;
        }
    }
}
```

Dictionary - Telephone Book

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Dictionary<string, int> telephoneBook=newDictionary<string, int>();

From
<<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/TelephoneBook/Program.cs>>

Check and Add Record

```
if(telephoneBook.ContainsKey(name))
{
    WriteLine("The record is already exists.");
}
else
{
    WriteLine("Enter the tel number:");
    telNumber=int.Parse(ReadLine());
    telephoneBook.Add(name, telNumber);
    WriteLine("One record added");
}
```

From
<<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/TelephoneBook/Program.cs>>

Delete Record

```
if(telephoneBook.ContainsKey(name))
{
    telephoneBook.Remove(name);
    WriteLine("One record deleted");
}
```

From
<<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/TelephoneBook/Program.cs>>

Display Record

```
if(telephoneBook.ContainsKey(name))
{
    WriteLine("The telephone number is "+telephoneBook[name]);
}
```

From
<<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/TelephoneBook/Program.cs>>

ViewAll Records with foreach

```
Static void viewAll(Dictionary<string, int> telephoneBook)
{
    //Sort and List

    if(telephoneBook.Count==0) //if the telephoneBook dictionary size is 0 that means no record yet.
    {
        WriteLine("No record yet.");
    }
    else
    {
        foreach(KeyValuePair<string, int> person in telephoneBook.OrderBy(key=>key.Key))
        {
            WriteLine("Name :"+person.Key);
            WriteLine("Tel no :"+person.Value);
        }
    }
}
```

From <<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/TelephoneBook/Program.cs>>

Edit Record

```
if(telephoneBook.ContainsKey(name))
{
    WriteLine("Enter the new telephone number:");
    telNumber=int.Parse(ReadLine());
    telephoneBook[name] =telNumber;
    WriteLine("One record added");
}
```

From
<<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/TelephoneBook/Program.cs>>

Dogru type int girildi kontrolu

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```
while(int.TryParse(ReadLine(), out input) ==false) //Make sure that true type entered
{
    WriteLine("Please enter true type of number.");
}
```

From <<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/TelephoneBook/Program.cs>>

Multidimensional Array

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```
int[] ar1Dimension=new int[25];
```

```
int[,] arr1=new int[5, 5];
```

From <<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/MultidimensionalArrayWithRandomElements/Program-2.cs>>

Check element in Array

```
public static bool checkElementInArray(int[,] tempArray, int value)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < tempArray.GetLength(0); i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < tempArray.GetLength(1); j++)
        {
            if (tempArray[i, j] == value)
            {
                return true;
            }
        }
    }

    return false;
}
```

Random number

```
Random r = new Random();
```

From <<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/MultidimensionalArrayWithRandomElements/Program2.cs>>

```
temp = r.Next(0, 25); //random number 0 to 25 for index
```

From <<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/MultidimensionalArrayWithRandomElements/Program2.cs>>

International and Domestic Student

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Student Class

```
public class Student
{
    private double totalCourses;
    public string stdNumber { get; set; }
    public string stdName { get; set; }
    public int courses { get; set; }
    public string stdType { get; set; }

    public Student(string stdNumber, string stdName, int courses, string stdType)
    {
        this.stdNumber = stdNumber;
        this.stdName = stdName;
        this.courses = courses;
        this.stdType = stdType;
    }

    public virtual double compute() //its virtual because it can be overrieded
    {

        return totalCourses = courses * 3;
    }
}
```

International Class

```
public class International : Student
{
    int adminFee = 0;
    double tuitionFee = 0;
    public International(string stdNumber, string stdName, int courses, string stdType) : base(stdNumber, stdName, courses, stdType)
    {
        this.adminFee = 3000;
    }

    public override double compute()
    {
        return tuitionFee = (base.compute() * 150) + adminFee;
    }
}
```

Domestic Class

```
public class Domestic : Student
{
    int adminFee = 0;
    double tuitionFee = 0;
    public Domestic(string stdNumber, string stdName, int courses, string stdType) : base( stdNumber, stdName, courses, stdType)
    {
        this.adminFee = 1000;
    }

    public override double compute()
    {
        return tuitionFee = (base.compute() * 100) + adminFee;
    }
}
```

Listview Initializes

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```
public Form1()
{
    InitializeComponent();
    //ListView configurations // I added this part because I dont wanna do this on the form. It could be problem later
    listView1.View = View.Details;
    listView1.GridLines = true;

    listView1.Columns.Add("Number", 100);
    listView1.Columns.Add("Name", 100);
    listView1.Columns.Add("Courses", 100);
    listView1.Columns.Add("Student Type", 100);
}

private void listView1_SelectedIndexChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    var x = listView1.SelectedIndices;
    for(int i=0; i<x.Count; i++)
    {
        textBox1.Text = listView1.Items[x[i]].SubItems[0].Text;
        oldValue = listView1.Items[x[i]].SubItems[0].Text;
        textBox2.Text = listView1.Items[x[i]].SubItems[1].Text;
        textBox3.Text = listView1.Items[x[i]].SubItems[2].Text;
        comboBox1.Text = listView1.Items[x[i]].SubItems[3].Text;
    }

    double tui = 0;
    if(comboBox1.SelectedIndex == 0)
    {
        International obj1 = new International(textBox1.Text, textBox2.Text, int.Parse(textBox3.Text),
        comboBox1.SelectedItem.ToString());
        tui = obj1.compute();
    }
    if(comboBox1.SelectedIndex == 1)
    {
        Domestic obj1 = new Domestic(textBox1.Text, textBox2.Text, int.Parse(textBox3.Text),
        comboBox1.SelectedItem.ToString());
        tui = obj1.compute();
    }
    double dis;
    //check if there is discount
    if (discount.ContainsKey(textBox1.Text))
    {
        dis = discount[textBox1.Text];
    }

    //blab lbabalb
}
```


Combobox

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```
if(comboBox1.SelectedIndex == 0)
{
    International obj1 = new International(textBox1.Text, textBox2.Text,
int.Parse(textBox3.Text), comboBox1.SelectedItem.ToString());
    tui = obj1.compute();
}
if(comboBox1.SelectedIndex == 1)
{
    Domestic obj1 = new Domestic(textBox1.Text, textBox2.Text, int.Parse(textBox3.Text),
comboBox1.SelectedItem.ToString());
    tui = obj1.compute();
}
```

Create a new form

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Form1

```
private void buttonDiscount_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    this.Hide();

    Form2 f = new Form2();
    f.display(this);
    f.ShowDialog();

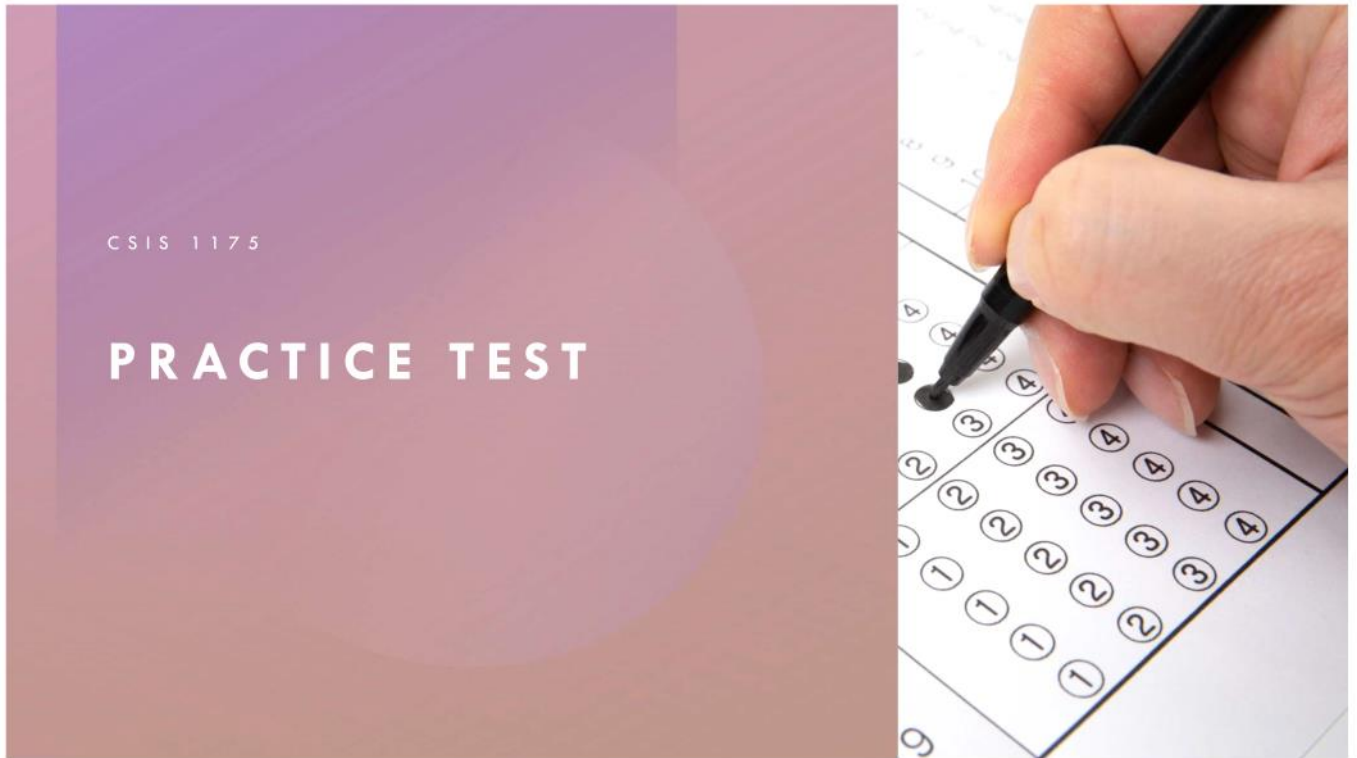
    this.Close();
}
```

Form2

```
public void display(Form1 obj)
{
    textBoxStdNm.Text = obj.textBoxStdNm.Text;
    textBoxStdNam.Text = obj.textBoxStdNam.Text;
}
```

Form1 Designer

```
.
.
.
private System.Windows.Forms.Label label1;
private System.Windows.Forms.Label label2;
private System.Windows.Forms.Label label3;
private System.Windows.Forms.Label label4;
public System.Windows.Forms.TextBox textBoxStdNm;
public System.Windows.Forms.TextBox textBoxStdNam;
private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox textBoxNumCrS;
private System.Windows.Forms.TextBox textBoxStdTyp;
```



INTERFACES

Student Fee Calculator

Enter the student number

Enter the student name

Enter the number of courses

Choose the student type

Number	Name	#Courses	Student Type
--------	------	----------	--------------

Filter

Add Edit Delete Discount

Discounts

Total Tuition Fee

Discount

Enter the student number

Enter the student name

Enter the discount percent

Number	Name	Discount
--------	------	----------

Add Edit Delete Back to Main

CODING SPECIFICATIONS

- Create a Student class with the following data fields:
 - ~~Studnumber~~, ~~studname~~, ~~courses~~, ~~studtype~~
 - Courses refers to the number of courses the student is taking
 - ✓ A constructor that initializes the above data fields
 - ✓ Setters and getters for each data field
 - ✓ A method that computes that total units which is courses times 3
- Create an international student class that will inherit from the student class. It will have the following specifications:
 - ✓ Admin for admin fee and tuition for tuition fee
 - ✓ A constructor that will satisfy the parent's constructor parameters and initialize the admin fee to 3000
 - ✓ A method that computes the tuition fee. Tuition fee is based on total units * 150 + admin fee.
- ✓ Create a domestic student class that will inherit from the student class. It will have the same specifications as the international student except that the per unit is 100 and the admin fee is 1000.

FORM SPECS

```
var selectedStudent = listView1.SelectedIndices;
for(int i = 0; i < selectedStudent.Count; i++)
{
    textBoxStdNm.Text = listView1.Items[selectedStudent[i]].SubItems[0].Text;
}
```

The screenshot shows a Windows application window titled "Tuition Fee Calculator". It contains several input fields: "Enter the student number", "Enter the student name", "Enter the number of courses", and a dropdown menu for "Choose the student type". Below these is a table with columns "Number", "Name", "#Courses", and "Student Type". To the right of the table is a "Filter" button. At the bottom, there are three buttons: "Add", "Edit", and "Delete". To the right of these buttons are two numeric up/down controls for "Discount" and "Total Tuition Fee". Below these controls are two text boxes labeled "Discounts" and "Total Tuition Fee".

- ✓ This form will ask the user to input the student number, name, courses and student type.
- ✓ By clicking add the data will be saved in the table.
- ✓ By clicking the table, the data will be transferred to the text boxes for editing.
- ✓ Users can click a row in the table to delete the data.
- ✓ Discount and total tuition fee are read only.
- ✓ Filter allow users to search a record using a student number.
- ✓ Provide the necessary validations.
- ✓ By clicking discount, the discount form will be called.

SOME VALIDATIONS

Tuition Fee Calculator

Enter the student number

Enter the student name

Enter the number of courses

Choose the student type

Number	Name	#Courses	Student Type
1031	Jamma	5	Domestic
1067	Josie	6	Domestic

Filter

Discounts

Total Tuition Fee

You must enter data...

Tuition Fee Calculator

Enter the student number

Enter the student name

Enter the number of courses

Choose the student type

Number	Name	#Courses	Student Type
1031	Jamma	5	Domestic
1067	Josie	6	Domestic

Discounts

Total Tuition Fee

You must select a data...

ADDING RECORD

Tuition Fee Calculator

Enter the student number

Enter the student name

Enter the number of courses

Choose the student type

International

Number	Name	#Courses	Student Type
1031	Jamuna	5	Domestic
1067	Josie	8	Domestic
1069	Bando	23	International

Filter

Add

Edit

Delete

Discount

Discounts

Total Tuion Fee

DELETING AND EDITING

Tuition Fee Calculator

Enter the student number

Enter the student name

Enter the number of courses

Choose the student type

Number	Name	#Courses	Student Type
1001	Jamuna	8	Domestic
1007	Josie	8	Domestic
1009	Isabel	10	Domestic

Filter

Discounts

Total Tuition Fee

Tuition Fee Calculator

Enter the student number

Enter the student name

Enter the number of courses

Choose the student type

Number	Name	#Courses	Student Type
1001	Jamuna	8	Domestic
1007	Josie	8	Domestic

Filter

Discounts

Total Tuition Fee

SEARCHING

Tuition Fee Calculator

Enter the student number

Enter the student name

Enter the number of courses

Choose the student type

Number	Name	#Courses	Student Type
1067	Josie	8	Domestic

Filter

Add

Edit

Delete

Discount

Discounts

Total Tuition Fee

No discount

\$500.00

DISCOUNT

Discount

Enter the student number: 1007

Enter the student name: Josie

Enter the discount percent:

Number	Name	Discount
--------	------	----------

Discount

Enter the student number: 1007

Enter the student name: Josie

Enter the discount percent: 5

Number	Name	Discount
1007	Josie	5

Add Edit Delete Back to Main

- When the discount button is clicked, a new form is called.
- Provide the necessary validations
- Only one discount is allowed per student. *→ dictionary*
- Discounts can be deleted and edited.
- When back to main is clicked, the program will go back to the main form

File Processing - Write

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WRITE DATA TO FILE

```
public void saveData()
{
    string data;
    var path = @"Student.txt";

    //open the file

    FileStream fs = new FileStream(path, FileMode.OpenOrCreate);
    StreamWriter sw = new StreamWriter(fs);

    for(int i = 0; i < studentList.Count; i++)
    {
        data = studentList[i].studNumber + " " +
            studentList[i].studName + " " +
            studentList[i].courses + " " +
            studentList[i].studType + "\n";

        sw.Write(data);
    }

    sw.Flush();
    sw.Close();
}
```

```
/*
 * Creating and opening a file
```

```
Var path = @"file.txt";
FileStream fs = new FileStream(path, FileMode.OpenOrCreate);
```

- 1) Append: It opens the file if it exists and places the cursor at the end of the file or creates a new file
 - 2) Create: It creates a new file
 - 3) CreateNew: It specifies to an operating system that a new file should be created
 - 4) Open: It opens an existing file
 - 5) OpenOrCreate: It specifies to the system that open a file if it exists, else create a new file
 - 6) Truncate: It opens an existing file. When opened, the file should be truncated, the size of the file is zero bytes.
- ```
*/
```

From <<https://github.com/neslihanaydin/Algorithms/blob/main/PracticeTestWindowsProgramming/Form1.cs>>

# File processing - Read Data

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```
public void loadData()
{
 string[] students;
 string[] discounts;
 string data;

 listView1.Items.Clear();
 studentList.Clear();
 discountDict.Clear();

 var pathStudent = @"Student.txt";
 var pathDiscount = @"Discount.txt";
 var pathStudentwError = @"StudentFileError.txt"; //If the previous Student.txt file is broken,
 this file will be using for backup that student file

 if (File.Exists("Student.txt"))
 {
 //transfer the file from the text file to the program
 var sr = new StreamReader(pathStudent);

 try
 {
 while (sr.Peek() >= 0)
 {
 data = sr.ReadLine();
 students = data.Split(' ');
 var studentObj = new Student(students[0], students[1], int.Parse(students[2]),
students[3]);
 studentList.Add(studentObj);

 //add the new data to the listview
 listView1.Items.Add(new ListViewItem(new String[] { students[0].ToString(),
students[1].ToString(), students[2].ToString(), students[3].ToString() }));

 }
 sr.Close();

 }catch(Exception e)
 {
 MessageBox.Show("Error when reading file. The list will be empty. The Backup file has
created. Main file will be deleted.");
 if(File.Exists(pathStudentwError)) File.Delete(pathStudentwError);
 backupStudentFileWithError();
 sr.Close();
 File.Delete(pathStudent);
 }

 }

 if (File.Exists("Discount.txt"))
 {
```

```

var sr = new StreamReader(pathDiscount);
try
{
 while(sr.Peek() >= 0)
 {
 data = sr.ReadLine();
 discounts = data.Split(' ');
 discountDict.Add(discounts[0].ToString(), double.Parse(discounts[1].ToString()));
 }
 sr.Close();
}catch(Exception e1)
{
 Console.WriteLine("Load Discount File --> " + e1.Message);
 sr.Close();
}
}
}

```

# Cool prints

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## Part 2

When the user finally enters N. Display the following:

```
Thank you for playing
*Thank you for playing
**Thank you for playing
***Thank you for playing
****Thank you for playing
*****Thank you for playing
*****Thank you for playing
*****Thank you for playing
****Thank you for playing
***Thank you for playing
**Thank you for playing
*Thank you for playing
```

Note: You have to use a For Loop

```
public static void showThanksForPlaying()
{
 string star = "";
 for(int i=0; i<12; i++)
 {

 WriteLine(star + "Thank you for playing");
 if(i < 6)
 {
 star = star + "*";
 } else
 {
 star = star.Remove(star.Length-1);
 }
 }
}
```

# Format Exception when take inputs to a class

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```
try
{
 Student st = new Student(textBoxStdNm.Text.ToString(), textBoxStdNm.Text.ToString(),
int.Parse(textBoxNumCrs.Text), comboBoxStdTyp.SelectedItem.ToString());
 studentList.Add(st);
 saveData();
}
catch(System.FormatException e1)
{
 Console.WriteLine(e1.Message);
 MessageBox.Show("You must enter correct type of data");
 textBoxNumCrs.Text = "";
 return;
}
```