# **TP (Express.JS)**

#### 1. What is Express.js and What Can We Make with It?

**Express.js** is a minimalist and flexible web application framework for **Node.js**. It provides a robust set of features for building web and mobile applications, allowing developers to create both APIs and full-stack applications. Express simplifies tasks such as routing, handling HTTP requests and responses, managing middleware, and more.

You can use **Express.js** to:

- Create **RESTful APIs**
- Build web applications
- Serve **static files** (like HTML, CSS, JS)
- Manage real-time data with frameworks like **Socket.io**
- Build **single-page applications** (with tools like React or Angular)

#### 2. What are Middlewares and How Are They Used in Express.js?

**Middleware** functions in **Express.js** are functions that have access to the request (req), response (res), and the next middleware function in the application's request-response cycle. They can modify req and res objects, execute any code, and end the request-response cycle or call the next middleware function.

Two Examples of Middleware in Express.js:

1. **Custom Middleware Example**: A middleware function that logs every request made to the server

```
2. const express = require('express');
3. const app = express();
4.
5. // Custom middleware to log each request
6. app.use((req, res, next) => {
7.    console.log(`${req.method} request for '${req.url}'`);
8.    next(); // Call the next middleware or route handler
9. });
10.
11.app.get('/', (req, res) => {
12.    res.send('Hello, World!');
13.});
14.
15.app.listen(3000, () => {
```

```
16. console.log('Server running on port 3000');
17.});
18.
```

**2.** Built-in Middleware Example: Using the built-in middleware express.json() to parse JSON request bodies.

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();

// Middleware to parse JSON request bodies
app.use(express.json());

app.post('/data', (req, res) => {
   console.log(req.body); // Access the parsed JSON body
   res.send('Data received');
});

app.listen(3000, () => {
   console.log('Server running on port 3000');
});
```

#### Creating a Simple CRUD Application with Express.js

- 1. Create a Project Directory
- 2. Initialize a Node.js Project
- 3. Install Express

```
C:\Users\Nessrine\Desktop\S5\JS Mobile\TP2>mkdir express-crud-app
C:\Users\Nessrine\Desktop\S5\JS Mobile\TP2\cd express-crud-app
C:\Users\Nessrine\Desktop\S5\JS Mobile\TP2\express-crud-app>npm init -y
Wrote to C:\Users\Nessrine\Desktop\S5\JS Mobile\TP2\express-crud-app\package.json:
{
    "name": "express-crud-app",
    "version": "1.0.0",
    "description": "",
    "main": "index.js",
    "scripts": {
        "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
      },
      keywords": [],
      "author": "",
      "license": "ISC"
}
C:\Users\Nessrine\Desktop\S5\JS Mobile\TP2\express-crud-app>npm install express
added 65 packages, and audited 66 packages in 3s

13 packages are looking for funding
      run 'npm fund' for details

found 0 vulnerabilities
```

# 4- Set Up Express: Run the Server Using "app.listen"

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
const PORT = 3000;

// Middleware to parse JSON request bodies
app.use(express.json());

// Start the server
app.listen(PORT, () => {
   console.log(`Server running on port ${PORT}`);
});
```

## 5- Create a POST Endpoint (Add an Item)

```
4- let items = []; // Local variable to store items
5-
6- // POST endpoint to add an item
7- app.post('/items', (req, res) => {
8-    const newItem = req.body;
9-    items.push(newItem);
10-        res.status(201).send('Item added');
11-    });
```

#### 6. Create a GET Endpoint (Retrieve All Items)

```
// GET endpoint to retrieve all items
app.get('/items', (req, res) => {
    res.json(items);
});
```

## 7. Create a GET Endpoint by ID (Retrieve a Specific Item)

```
// GET endpoint to retrieve an item by ID
app.get('/items/:id', (req, res) => {
   const id = parseInt(req.params.id);
   const item = items.find(i => i.id === id);
   if (item) {
     res.json(item);
   } else {
     res.status(404).send('Item not found');
   }
});
```

# 8. Create a PUT Endpoint (Update an Item)

```
// PUT endpoint to update an item by ID
app.put('/items/:id', (req, res) => {
   const id = parseInt(req.params.id);
   const index = items.findIndex(i => i.id === id);
   if (index !== -1) {
     items[index] = req.body;
     res.send('Item updated');
   } else {
     res.status(404).send('Item not found');
   }
});
```

#### 9. Create a DELETE Endpoint (Delete an Item)

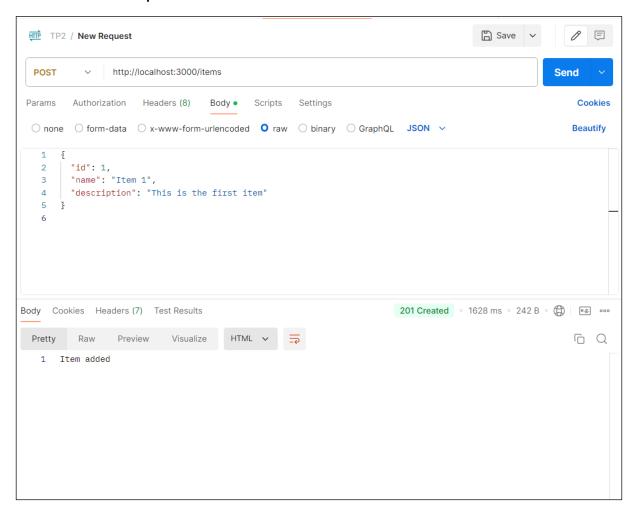
```
// DELETE endpoint to delete an item by ID
app.delete('/items/:id', (req, res) => {
   const id = parseInt(req.params.id);
   const index = items.findIndex(i => i.id === id);
   if (index !== -1) {
     items.splice(index, 1);
     res.send('Item deleted');
   } else {
     res.status(404).send('Item not found');
   }
});
```

#### 10. Start the Server

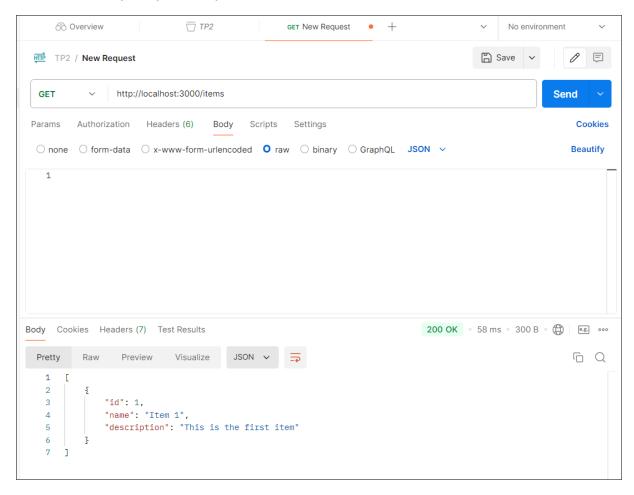
```
C:\Users\Nessrine\Desktop\S5\JS Mobile\TP2\express-crud-app>node index.js
Server running on port 3000
|
```

# 11. Test the Endpoints Using Postman

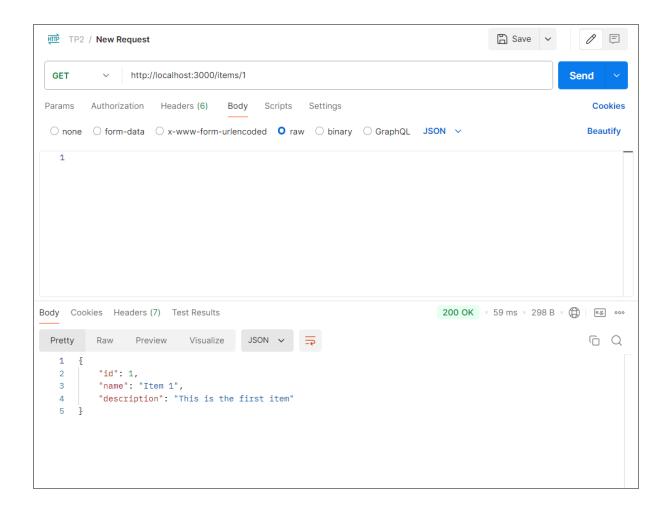
#### - Tester le POST Endpoint



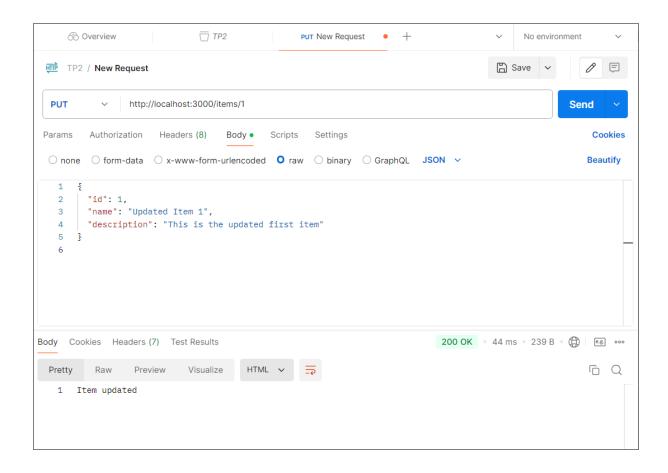
#### Tester le GET Endpoint pour récupérer tous les items



#### 5. Tester le GET Endpoint pour récupérer un item par ID



#### 6. Tester le PUT Endpoint pour mettre à jour un item



#### 7. Tester le DELETE Endpoint pour supprimer un item

