Goal 3. Good Health and Well-Being

Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Labelling Instructions

Key Concepts of Goal 3

To be labelled with Yes, a project should explicitly or implicitly refer to at least one of:

- · Improving human health
- Increase life expectancy
- Infant mortality
- Reduce deaths caused by external factors e.g.. road traffic accidents
- · Reduce the global maternal mortality rate
- Reduce the number deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, and water and soil pollution*
- · Epidemics and related premature deaths
- Communicable and non-communicable diseases
- · Mental health, well-being and suicide
- Prevention and treatment of substance abuse (incl. tobacco)
- Support of the research and development of vaccines and medicines
- Universal healthcare and universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services
- Access to health-care services*
- Universal health coverage, health insurance and access to medicines*
- Development, training and retention of the health workforce
- · Early warning, risk reduction and management of national/international health risks
- There are specific goals for broader inequalities. Please only label projects Yes if they concern equality in a health-specific context.

Labelling Tips

- Many projects will cover more than one Goal, but to be tagged as this Goal they must include at least
 one of the Key Concepts above. Further information on other goals can be found here.
- The documents are research projects so it may not be clear whether they actually contribute to achieving a Goal. That is fine - we are interested work that either contributes to achieving a goal or generates knowledge directly related to the Goal.

• In some cases the distinction between Yes and No will not be 100% clear. That's fine. Just use your best judgement. You can always use the Skip button (although it is best to try to make a decision).

Key terms (non-exhaustive)

health, wellbeing, life quality, health risks, prevention, disease, illness, health-related, screening, therapy, disorders, healthcare services, drug discovery, pharmaceutical, cancer, reproductive health, morality rate, welfare

Not to be confused with

- 10. Reduced Inequalities
 - · Access to quality services for all not specifically related to health

For example:

Project description	Is Goal 3?
Project discussing new techniques for creating prostheses for deafness	Yes
Project discussing imaging strategies on patients with intermediate risk of coronary artery disease	Yes

I Project discussing clot formation as a potential diagnostic tool for Alzheimer's disease I Yes I I Project discussing a early-warning system for agriculture-related diseases such as wheat rust diseases I No I I Project discussing metabolic interactions in oceanic ecosystems I No I

I Project discussing the effects of chronic pollution by off-shore oil and gas on marine life I No I

Optional: You do not need to read this section before labelling the data. It contains the official UN SDG targets for this Goal and are provided for reference. You may want to use them if you are particularly confused by a project.

Goal 3. Targets and Indicators

- Target 3.1: By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births
 - Indicator 3.1.1: Maternal mortality ratio
 - Indicator 3.1.2: Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel
- Target 3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births

- Indicator 3.2.1: Under-five mortality rate
- Indicator 3.2.2: Neonatal mortality rate
- Target 3.3: By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
 - Indicator 3.3.1: Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations
 - Indicator 3.3.2: Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population
 - Indicator 3.3.3: Malaria incidence per 1,000 population
 - Indicator 3.3.4: Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000 population
 - Indicator 3.3.5: Number of people requiring interventions against neglected tropical diseases
- Target 3.4: By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being
 - Indicator 3.4.1: Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease
 - Indicator 3.4.2: Suicide mortality rate
- Target 3.5: Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
 - Indicator 3.5.1: Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders
 - Indicator 3.5.2: Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol
- Target 3.6: By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents -Indicator 3.6.1: Death rate due to road traffic injuries
- Target 3.7: By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes
 - Indicator 3.7.1: Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods
 - Indicator 3.7.2: Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 years; aged 15-19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group
- Target 3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality
 essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines
 and vaccines for all
 - Indicator 3.8.1: Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average coverage of
 essential services based on tracer interventions that include reproductive, maternal, newborn and
 child health, infectious diseases, non-communicable diseases and service capacity and access,
 among the general and the most disadvantaged population)
 - Indicator 3.8.2: Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share

of total household expenditure or income

- Target 3.9: By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination
 - Indicator 3.9.1: Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution
 - Indicator 3.9.2: Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene (exposure to unsafe Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for All (WASH) services)
 - Indicator 3.9.3: Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning
- Target 3.a: Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate
 - Indicator 3.a.1: Age-standardized prevalence of current tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and older
- Target 3.b: Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable
 and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to
 affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS
 Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the
 provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding
 flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all
 - Indicator 3.b.1: Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme
 - Indicator 3.b.2: Total net official development assistance to medical research and basic health sectors
 - Indicator 3.b.3: Proportion of health facilities that have a core set of relevant essential medicines available and affordable on a sustainable basis See metadata:
- Target 3.c: Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States
 - Indicator 3.c.1: Health worker density and distribution
- Target 3.d: Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks
 - Indicator 3.d.1: International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness

Source: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/