

Migrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch

Cluster and storage switches

NetApp September 30, 2022

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap-systems-switches/switch-cisco-9336c-fx2/migrate-to-9336-overview.html on September 30, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

Table of Contents

V	ligrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch	1
	Migrate from an older Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch	1
	How to migrate from an older Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch	1

Migrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch

Migrate from an older Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch

You must be aware of certain configuration information, port connections and cabling requirements when you are replacing some older Cisco Nexus cluster switches with Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switches.

- The following cluster switches are supported:
 - Nexus 9336C-FX2
 - Nexus 5596UP
 - Nexus 3232C
 - Nexus 3132Q-V
- See the Hardware Universe for full details of supported ports and their configurations.
- You have configured some of the ports on Nexus 9336C-FX2 switches to run at 10 GbE or 40 GbE.
- You have planned, migrated, and documented 10 GbE and 40 GbE connectivity from nodes to Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switches.
- The ONTAP and NX-OS versions supported in this procedure are on the Cisco Ethernet Switches page.

How to migrate from an older Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch

You can migrate nondisruptively older Cisco cluster switches for an ONTAP cluster to Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster network switches.

Before you begin

The following conditions must exist before replacing an older Cisco Nexus cluster switch with a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch:

- The cluster must be fully functioning (there should be no errors in the logs or similar issues).
- Initial customization of the Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 switches must be completed. So that the:
 - 9336C-FX2 switches are running the latest recommended version of software
 - Reference Configuration Files (RCFs) have been applied to the switches
 - Any site customization, such as DNS, NTP, SMTP, SNMP, and SSH must be configured on the new switches.
- You must have consulted the switch compatibility table on the Cisco Ethernet Switches page for the supported ONTAP, NX-OS, and RCF versions.
- You must have referred to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures on Nexus 9000 Series Switches.

About this task

The examples in this procedure use two nodes. These nodes use two 10GbE cluster interconnect ports e0a and e0b. See the Hardware Universe to verify the correct cluster ports on your platforms.



The command outputs might vary depending on the different releases of ONTAP.

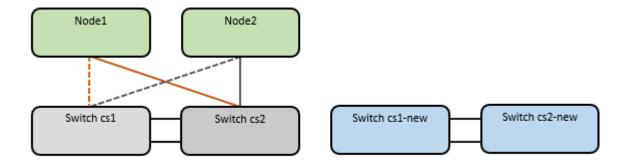
The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the existing two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2
- The new Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switches are cs1-new and cs2-new.
- The node names are **node1** and **node2**.
- The cluster LIF names are **node1_clus1** and **node1_clus2** for node 1, and **node2_clus1** and **node2_clus1** and **node2_clus2** for node 2.
- The **cluster1**::>* prompt indicates the name of the cluster.



The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Nexus 9000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used, unless otherwise indicated.

Initial switch setup



Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=xh

where *x* is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

2. Change the privilege level to advanced, entering **y** when prompted to continue: set -privilege advanced

The advanced prompt (*>) appears.

3. On the new switches, confirm that the ISL is cabled and healthy between the switches cs1-new and cs2-new: show port-channel summary

```
cs1-new# show port-channel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members)
       I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
       s - Suspended r - Module-removed
       b - BFD Session Wait
       S - Switched R - Routed
       U - Up (port-channel)
       p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)
       M - Not in use. Min-links not met
Group Port- Type Protocol Member Ports
     Channel
1 Po1(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/35(P) Eth1/36(P)
cs2-new# show port-channel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members)
       I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
       s - Suspended r - Module-removed
      b - BFD Session Wait
       S - Switched R - Routed
       U - Up (port-channel)
       p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)
       M - Not in use. Min-links not met
Group Port- Type Protocol Member Ports
    Channel
-----
1 Po1(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/35(P) Eth1/36(P)
```

4. Display the cluster ports on each node that are connected to the existing cluster switches: network device-discovery show

Noae/	Local	Discovered		
Protocol	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform
				
node1	/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1	N5K-
C5596UP				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/2	N5K-
C5596UP				
node2	/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1	N5K-
C5596UP				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/2	N5K-
C5596UP	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/2	N5K-

- 5. Determine the administrative or operational status for each cluster port.
 - a. Verify that all the cluster ports are up with a healthy status: network port show -ipspace Cluster

<pre>cluster1::*> network port show -ipspace Cluster</pre>								
Node: node1								
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Hoalth	
Health								
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status	
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
false e0b false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
Node: nod	e2							
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health	
Health Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status	
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
false e0b false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	

b. Verify that all the cluster interfaces (LIFs) are on their home ports: network interface show -vserver Cluster

clusteri	1::*	> network into	erface show	-vserver Cluster	
		Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current	Is				
Vserver		Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home	e			
		_			
Cluster					
		node1_clus1	up/up	169.254.209.69/16	node1
e0a	tru	е			
		node1_clus2	up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node1
e0b	tru	е			
		node2_clus1	up/up	169.254.47.194/16	node2
e0a	tru	e			
		node2_clus2	up/up	169.254.19.183/16	node2
e0b	tru	e			

 $[\]hbox{\it c. Verify that the cluster displays information for both cluster switches: $\tt system cluster-switch show-is-monitoring-enabled-operational true } \\$

cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled -operational true Switch Type Address Model cs1 cluster-network 10.233.205.92 N5K-C5596UP Serial Number: FOXXXXXXGS Is Monitored: true Reason: None Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 9.3(4)Version Source: CDP cluster-network 10.233.205.93 N5Kcs2 C5596UP Serial Number: FOXXXXXXXGD Is Monitored: true Reason: None Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 9.3(4) Version Source: CDP

6. Disable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto
-revert false

7. On cluster switch cs2, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes:

```
cs2(config) # interface eth1/1-1/2
cs2(config-if-range) # shutdown
```

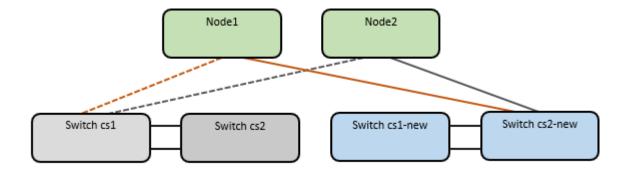
8. Verify that the cluster LIFs have migrated to the ports hosted on cluster switch cs1. This might take a few seconds: network interface show -vserver Cluster

cluster1::*	> network inte	rface show	-vserver Cluster		
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is					
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Home					
	_				
Cluster					
	node1_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/16	node1	e0a
true		,	160 054 0 5/16		•
falas	node1_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/16	node1	e0a
false	nodo? alua1	un /un	169.254.3.8/16	node2	e0a
true	node2_clus1	up/up	109.234.3.0/10	nodez	eva
CIUC	node2 clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/16	node2	e0a
false		α _P , α _P	103.201.0.3/10	110402	00a
2020					

9. Verify that the cluster is healthy: cluster show

10. Move all cluster node connections from the old cs2 switch to the new cs2-new switch.

Cluster node connections moved to the cs2-new switch



11. Confirm the health of the network connections moved to cs2-new: network port show -ipspace Cluster

<pre>cluster1::*> network port show -ipspace Cluster</pre>								
Node: node1								
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health	
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status	
Status 								
e0a false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
e0b false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
Node: nod	le2							
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health	
Health Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status	
e0a false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	

All cluster ports that were moved should be up.

 $^{12. \ \} Check\ neighbor\ information\ on\ the\ cluster\ ports:\ \texttt{network}\ \ device-\texttt{discovery}\ \ show\ \ -\texttt{protocol}\ \ \texttt{cdp}$

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
Node/
          Local Discovered
Protocol
         Port
                 Device (LLDP: ChassisID) Interface
                                                      Platform
node1
         /cdp
          e0a cs1
                                         Ethernet1/1 N5K-C5596UP
          e0b cs2-new
                                         Ethernet1/1/1 N9K-C9336C-
FX2
node2
         /cdp
          e0a cs1
                                         Ethernet1/2 N5K-C5596UP
           e0b
                cs2-new
                                         Ethernet1/1/2 N9K-C9336C-
FX2
```

Verify that the moved cluster ports see the cs2-new switch as the neighbor.

13. Confirm the switch port connections from switch cs2-new's perspective:

```
cs2-new# show interface brief
cs2-new# show cdp neighbors
```

14. On cluster switch cs1, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes. The following example uses the interface example output from step 7.

```
cs1(config) # interface eth1/1-1/2
cs1(config-if-range) # shutdown
```

All cluster LIFs will move to the cs2-new switch.

15. Verify that the cluster LIFs have migrated to the ports hosted on switch cs2-new. This might take a few seconds: network interface show -vserver Cluster

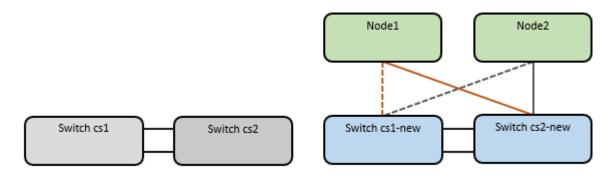
cluster1::*>	> network into	erface show	-vserver Cluster		
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is					
Vserver	Interfac	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Home					
	-				
Cluster					
	node1_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/16	node1	e0b
false	1 1 1 0	,	160 054 0 5/16	1 1	0.1
b	node1_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/16	node1	e0b
true	nodo? alua1		169.254.3.8/16	node2	e0b
false	node2_clus1	up/up	109.204.3.0/10	nodez	aub
Tatae	node2 clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/16	node2	e0b
true	1100002_01032	αρ/αρ	100.201.0.0/10	110002	
0140					

16. Verify that the cluster is healthy: cluster show

cluster1:	<pre>cluster1::*> cluster show</pre>						
Node	Health	Eligibility	Epsilon				
node1	true	true	false				
node2	true	true	false				

17. Move the connections from cs1 to the new cs1-new switch.

Cluster node connections moved to the cs1-new switch



18. Confirm the health of the network connections moved to cs1-new: network port show -ipspace Cluster

<pre>cluster1::*> network port show -ipspace Cluster</pre>									
Node: node1									
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health		
Health Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status		
e0a false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy		
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy		
Node: noc	de2								
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health		
Health Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status		
e0a false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy		
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy		

All cluster ports that were moved should be up.

^{19.} Check neighbor information on the cluster ports: network device-discovery show

Node/	Local	Discovered		
Protocol	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform
node1	/cdp			
	e0a	cs1-new	Ethernet1/1/1	N9K-C9336C-
FX2				
	e0b	cs2-new	Ethernet1/1/2	N9K-C9336C-
FX2				
node2	/cdp			
	e0a	cs1-new	Ethernet1/1/1	N9K-C9336C-
FX2				
	e0b	cs2-new	Ethernet1/1/2	N9K-C9336C-
FX2				

Verify that the moved cluster ports see the cs1-new switch as the neighbor.

20. Confirm the switch port connections from switch cs1-new's perspective:

```
cs1-new# show interface brief
cs1-new# show cdp neighbors
```

21. Verify that the ISL between cs1-new and cs2-new is still operational: show port-channel summary

```
cs1-new# show port-channel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members)
       I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
       s - Suspended r - Module-removed
       b - BFD Session Wait
       S - Switched R - Routed
       U - Up (port-channel)
       p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)
       M - Not in use. Min-links not met
Group Port- Type Protocol Member Ports
     Channel
1 Po1(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/35(P) Eth1/36(P)
cs2-new# show port-channel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members)
       I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
       s - Suspended r - Module-removed
       b - BFD Session Wait
       S - Switched R - Routed
       U - Up (port-channel)
      p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)
       M - Not in use. Min-links not met
Group Port- Type Protocol Member Ports
    Channel
-----
1 Pol(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/35(P) Eth1/36(P)
```

22. Enable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif * -auto
-revert true
```

23. Verify that the cluster LIFs have reverted to their home ports (this might take a minute): network interface show -vserver Cluster

If the cluster LIFs have not reverted to their home port, manually revert them: network interface revert -vserver Cluster -lif *

- 24. Verify that the cluster is healthy: cluster show
- 25. Ping the remote cluster interfaces to verify connectivity: cluster ping-cluster -node <name>

```
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node node2
Host is node2
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster node1 clus1 169.254.209.69 node1
                                               e0a
Cluster node1 clus2 169.254.49.125 node1
                                               e0b
Cluster node2 clus1 169.254.47.194 node2
                                               e0a
Cluster node2 clus2 169.254.19.183 node2
                                               e0b
Local = 169.254.47.194 169.254.19.183
Remote = 169.254.209.69 169.254.49.125
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
. . . .
Basic connectivity succeeds on 4 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 4 path(s):
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.49.125
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.49.125
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 4 path(s)
RPC status:
2 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
2 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

26. Enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files.

ONTAP 9.8 and later

Enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the following two commands: system switch ethernet log setup-password and system switch ethernet log enable-collection

NOTE: You will need the password for the **admin** user on the switches.

Enter: system switch ethernet log setup-password

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1-new
cs2-new
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs1-new
RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? \{y|n\}::[n] y
Enter the password: <password of switch's admin user>
Enter the password again: <password of switch's admin user>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2-new
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? \{y|n\}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <password of switch's admin user>
Enter the password again: <password of switch's admin user>
```

Followed by: system switch ethernet log enable-collection

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log enable-collection

Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the cluster?
{y|n}: [n] y

Enabling cluster switch log collection.

cluster1::*>
```

NOTE: If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

ONTAP releases 9.5P16, 9.6P12, and 9.7P10 and later patch releases

Enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands: system cluster-switch log setup-password and system cluster-switch log enable-collection

NOTE: You will need the password for the **admin** user on the switches.

Enter: system cluster-switch log setup-password

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1-new
cs2-new
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl-new
RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <password of switch's admin user>
Enter the password again: <password of switch's admin user>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2-new
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <password of switch's admin user>
Enter the password again: <password of switch's admin user>
```

Followed by: system cluster-switch log enable-collection

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log enable-collection

Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the cluster?
{y|n}: [n] y

Enabling cluster switch log collection.

cluster1::*>
```

NOTE: If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

27. If you suppressed automatic case creation, reenable it by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=END

Copyright Information

Copyright © 2022 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system- without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

Trademark Information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.