

Replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch

Cluster and storage switches

NetApp November 03, 2022

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap-systems-switches/switch-cisco-3232c/task-how-to-replace-a-cisco-nexus-3232c-cluster-switch.html on November 03, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

Table of Contents

Replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch	 . 1
How to replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch	 . 1

Replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch

You must be aware of certain configuration information, port connections and cabling requirements when you replace Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches.

You -ust verify the following conditions exist before installing the NX-OS software and RCFs on a Cisco Nexus cluster switch:

- Your system can support Cisco Nexus 3232C switches.
- The cluster must be fully functioning.
- You must have consulted the switch compatibility table on the Cisco Ethernet Switch page for the supported ONTAP, NX-OS, and RCF versions.



You should be aware there can be dependencies between command syntax in the RCF and NX-OS versions.

- You must have referred to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures.
- You must have downloaded the applicable RCFs.

How to replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch

You can nondisruptively replace a defective Cisco Nexus 3232C switch in a cluster by performing a specific sequence of tasks.

Before you begin

The existing cluster and network configuration must have the following characteristics:

• The Nexus 3232C cluster infrastructure must be redundant and fully functional on both switches.

The Cisco Ethernet Switches page has the latest RCF and NX-OS versions on your switches.

- All cluster ports must be in the up state.
- Management connectivity must exist on both switches.
- · All cluster logical interfaces (LIFs) must be in the up state and must not have been migrated.

The replacement Cisco Nexus 3232C switch must have the following characteristics:

- Management network connectivity must be functional.
- Console access to the replacement switch must be in place.
- The appropriate RCF and NX-OS operating system image must be loaded onto the switch.
- Initial customization of the switch must be complete.

About this task

Procedure summary

Display and migrate the cluster ports to switch C2 (Steps 1-7)

- Reconnect ISL cables from switch CL2 to switch C2, then migrate ISLs to switch CL1 and C2 (Steps 8-14)
- Revert all LIFs to originally assigned ports (Steps 15-18)
- Verify all ports and LIF are correctly migrated (Steps 19-21)

This procedure replaces the second Nexus 3232C cluster switch CL2 with the new 3232C switch C2. The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The four nodes are n1, n2, n3, and n4.
- n1_clus1 is the first cluster logical interface (LIF) connected to cluster switch C1 for node n1.
- n1 clus2 is the first cluster LIF connected to cluster switch CL2 or C2 for node n1.
- n1 clus3 is the second LIF connected to cluster switch C2 for node n1.-
- n1 clus4 is the second LIF connected to cluster switch CL1, for node n1.

The number of 10 GbE and 40/100 GbE ports are defined in the reference configuration files (RCFs) available on the Cisco® Cluster Network Switch Reference Configuration File Download page.

The examples in this procedure use four nodes. Two of the nodes use four 10 GB cluster interconnect ports: e0a, e0b, e0c, and e0d. The other two nodes use two 40 GB cluster interconnect ports: e4a and e4e. See the Hardware Universe to verify the correct cluster ports for your platform.

This procedure describes the following scenario:

- The cluster initially has four nodes connected to two Nexus 3232C cluster switches, CL1 and CL2.
- You plan to replace cluster switch CL2 with C2 (steps 1 to 21):
 - On each node, you migrate the cluster LIFs connected to cluster switch CL2 to cluster ports connected to cluster switch CL1.
 - You disconnect the cabling from all ports on cluster switch CL2 and reconnect the cabling to the same ports on the replacement cluster switch C2.
 - You revert the migrated cluster LIFs on each node.

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message:

```
system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all - message MAINT=xh
```

+ x is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

1. Display information about the devices in your configuration:

network device-discovery show

0100001.		device-discovery sl Discovered	now	
Node	Port	Device	Interface	Platform
n1	/cdp			
	e0a	CL1	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-C3232C
	e0b	CL2	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-C3232C
	e0c	CL2	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-C3232C
	e0d	CL1	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-C3232C
n2	/cdp			
	e0a	CL1	Ethernet1/1/3	N3K-C3232C
	e0b	CL2	Ethernet1/1/3	N3K-C3232C
	e0c	CL2	Ethernet1/1/4	N3K-C3232C
	e0d	CL1	Ethernet1/1/4	N3K-C3232C
n3	/cdp			
	e4a	CL1	Ethernet1/7	N3K-C3232C
	e4e	CL2	Ethernet1/7	N3K-C3232C
n 4	/cdp			
	e4a	CL1	Ethernet1/8	N3K-C3232C
			Ethernet1/8	

- 2. Determine the administrative or operational status for each cluster interface.
 - a. Display the network port attributes:

network port show -role cluster

```
cluster::*> network port show -role cluster
(network port show)
Node: n1
Ignore
                                           Speed(Mbps) Health
Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
Status
                             up 9000 auto/10000 -
e0a
      Cluster
                  Cluster
e0b
       Cluster
                  Cluster
                                  up 9000 auto/10000 -
```

	Cluster	Cluster		_		auto/10000	_
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	_
Node: n2							
Ignore							
Health						Speed (Mbps)	Health
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	МТП	Admin/Oper	Status
Status	1100000	Diodacase	Domazii		1110	namin, open	Scacas
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-
	Cluster	Cluster		-		auto/10000	
	Cluster			-	9000		
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-
_							
Node: n3							
Ignore							
						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Health						- 1 / 2	
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	M'I'U	Admin/Oper	Status
e4a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	_
_							
e4e	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	-
_							
Node: n4							
Ignore							
Health						Speed (Mbps)	Health
	IPspace	Broadcas+	Domain	Link	МПІІ	Admin/Oper	Status
Status	1100000		2 OMALII		1110	120111111 OPCI	
e4a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	_
	Cluster	Cluator		1110	9000	auto/40000	_

b. Display information about the logical interfaces (LIFs):

network interface show -role cluster

	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current				
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home			
 Cluster	•			
0145661		up/up	10.10.0.1/24	n1
e0a	-	1, 1	,	
	n1_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.2/24	n1
e0b	true			
	n1_clus3	up/up	10.10.0.3/24	n1
e0c	true			
	_	up/up	10.10.0.4/24	n1
e0d	true	,	10 10 0 5 /04	
-0-	_	up/up	10.10.0.5/24	n2
e0a	true	ווי/מוו	10.10.0.6/24	n2
e0b	true	αργαρ	10.10.0.0/24	112
202		up/up	10.10.0.7/24	n2
e0c	true			
	n2_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.8/24	n2
e0d	true			
	n3_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.9/24	n3
e0a	true			
_	_	up/up	10.10.0.10/24	n3
e0e	true	,	10 10 0 11 /04	4
000	-	up/up	10.10.0.11/24	n4
e0a	true	up/up	10.10.0.12/24	n4
e0e	true	αρ/ αρ	10.10.0.12/24	114
	ciac			

c. Display the discovered cluster switches:

system cluster-switch show

The following output example displays the cluster switches:

cluster::> system cluster-switch show Switch Address Model cluster-network 10.10.1.101 CL1 NX3232C Serial Number: FOX00001 Is Monitored: true Reason: Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 7.0(3)16(1)Version Source: CDP CL2 cluster-network 10.10.1.102 NX3232C Serial Number: FOX000002 Is Monitored: true Reason: Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 7.0(3)16(1)Version Source: CDP 2 entries were displayed.

- 3. Verify that the appropriate RCF and image are installed on the new Nexus 3232C switch and make any necessary site customizations.
 - a. Go to the NetApp Support Site.

mysupport.netapp.com

b. Go to the Cisco Ethernet Switches page and note the required software versions in the table.

Cisco Ethernet Switches

- c. Download the appropriate version of the RCF.
- d. Click **CONTINUE** on the **Description** page, accept the license agreement, and then navigate to the **Download** page.
- e. Download the correct version of the image software from the Cisco® Cluster and Management Network Switch Reference Configuration File Download page.

Cisco® Cluster and Management Network Switch Reference Configuration File Download

4. Migrate the cluster LIFs to the physical node ports connected to the replacement switch C2:

network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif lif-name -source-node node-

name -destination-node node-name -destination-port port-name

You must migrate all the cluster LIFs individually as shown in the following example:

```
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n1 clus2
-source-node n1 -destination-
node n1 -destination-port e0a
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n1 clus3
-source-node n1 -destination-
node n1 -destination-port e0d
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n2 clus2
-source-node n2 -destination-
node n2 -destination-port e0a
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n2 clus3
-source-node n2 -destination-
node n2 -destination-port e0d
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n3 clus2
-source-node n3 -destination-
node n3 -destination-port e4a
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n4_clus2
-source-node n4 -destinationnode
n4 -destination-port e4a
```

5. Verify the status of the cluster ports and their home designations:

network interface show -role cluster

	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is Vserver Home	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
	· -				
Cluster		,			
true	n1_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.1/24	n1	e0a
	n1_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.2/24	n1	e0a
false	n1 clus3	up/up	10.10.0.3/24	n1	e0d
false	_				
true	n1_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.4/24	n1	e0d
	n2_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.5/24	n2	e0a
true	n2 clus2	up/up	10.10.0.6/24	n2	e0a
false	_				
false	n2_clus3	up/up	10.10.0.7/24	n2	e0d
	n2_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.8/24	n2	e0d
true	n3 clus1	up/up	10.10.0.9/24	n3	e4a
true	_				
false	n3_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.10/24	n3	e4a
	n4_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.11/24	n4	e4a
true	n4 clus2	up/up	10.10.0.12/24	n4	e4a

^{6.} Shut down the cluster interconnect ports that are physically connected to the original switch CL2: network port modify -node node-name -port port-name -up-admin false

The following example shows the cluster interconnect ports are shut down on all nodes:

```
cluster::*> network port modify -node n1 -port e0b -up-admin false cluster::*> network port modify -node n1 -port e0c -up-admin false cluster::*> network port modify -node n2 -port e0b -up-admin false cluster::*> network port modify -node n2 -port e0c -up-admin false cluster::*> network port modify -node n3 -port e4e -up-admin false cluster::*> network port modify -node n4 -port e4e -up-admin false
```

7. Ping the remote cluster interfaces and perform an RPC server check:

```
cluster ping-cluster -node node-name
```

The following example shows node n1 being pinged and the RPC status indicated afterward:

```
cluster::*> cluster ping-cluster -node n1
Host is n1 Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster n1 clus1 n1
                        e0a
                                10.10.0.1
Cluster n1 clus2 n1
                        e0b
                               10.10.0.2
Cluster n1 clus3 n1
                               10.10.0.3
                        e0c
Cluster n1 clus4 n1
                        e0d
                               10.10.0.4
Cluster n2 clus1 n2
                        e0a
                               10.10.0.5
Cluster n2 clus2 n2
                               10.10.0.6
                        e0b
Cluster n2 clus3 n2
                        e0c
                               10.10.0.7
Cluster n2 clus4 n2
                        e0d
                               10.10.0.8
Cluster n3 clus1 n4
                        e0a
                               10.10.0.9
Cluster n3 clus2 n3
                        e0e
                               10.10.0.10
Cluster n4 clus1 n4
                        e0a
                               10.10.0.11
                        e0e
                                10.10.0.12
Cluster n4 clus2 n4
Local = 10.10.0.1 10.10.0.2 10.10.0.3 10.10.0.4
Remote = 10.10.0.5 10.10.0.6 10.10.0.7 10.10.0.8 10.10.0.9 10.10.0.10
10.10.0.11
10.10.0.12 Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293 Ping status:
Basic connectivity succeeds on 32 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s) ......
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 32 path(s):
    Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.5
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.6
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.7
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.8
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.9
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.10
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.11
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.6
```

```
Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.6
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.6
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.12
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 32 path(s) RPC status:
8 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
    paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

8. Shut down the ports 1/31 and 1/32 on cluster switch CL1.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the guides listed in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

```
(CL1) # configure
(CL1) (Config) # interface e1/31-32
(CL1 (config-if-range) # shutdown
(CL1 (config-if-range) # exit
(CL1) (Config) # exit (CL1) #
```

- 9. Remove all the cables attached to the cluster switch CL2 and reconnect them to the replacement switch C2 for all the nodes.
- 10. Remove the inter-switch link (ISL) cables from ports e1/31 and e1/32 on cluster switch CL2 and reconnect them to the same ports on the replacement switch C2.
- 11. Bring up ISL ports 1/31 and 1/32 on the cluster switch CL1.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the guides listed in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

```
(CL1) # configure
(CL1) (Config) # interface e1/31-32
(CL1(config-if-range) # no shutdown
(CL1(config-if-range) # exit
(CL1) (Config) # exit
(CL1) #
```

12. Verify that the ISLs are up on CL1.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the guides listed in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

Ports Eth1/31 and Eth1/32 should indicate (P), which means that the ISL ports are up in the port-channel:

13. Verify that the ISLs are up on cluster switch C2.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the guides listed in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

14. On all nodes, bring up all the cluster interconnect ports connected to the replacement switch C2: network port modify -node node-name -port port-name -up-admin true

```
cluster::*> network port modify -node n1 -port e0b -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n1 -port e0c -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n2 -port e0b -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n2 -port e0c -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n3 -port e4e -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n4 -port e4e -up-admin true
```

15. Revert all the migrated cluster interconnect LIFs on all the nodes:

```
network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif lif-name
```

You must revert all the cluster interconnect LIFs individually as shown in the following example:

```
cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n1_clus2
cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n1_clus3
cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n2_clus2
cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n2_clus3
Cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n3_clus2
Cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n4_clus2
```

16. Verify that the cluster interconnect ports are now reverted to their home:

```
network interface show
```

The following example shows that all the LIFs have been successfully reverted because the ports listed under the Current Port column have a status of true in the Is Home column. If a port has a value of false, the LIF has not been reverted.

	interface sh Logical		Network	Current	
Current Is	_				
Vserver Home	Interface	Admin/Ope	er Address/Mask	Node	Port
Cluster	n1_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.1/24	n1	e0a
true	n1 clus2	up/up	10.10.0.2/24	n1	e0b
true	n1 clus3	up/up	10.10.0.3/24	n1	e0c
true	_				
true	n1_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.4/24	n1	e0d
true	n2_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.5/24	n2	e0a
true	n2_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.6/24	n2	e0b
	n2_clus3	up/up	10.10.0.7/24	n2	e0c
true	n2_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.8/24	n2	e0d
true	n3_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.9/24	n3	e4a
true	n3 clus2	up/up	10.10.0.10/24	n3	e4e
true	_				
true	_	up/up	10.10.0.11/24	n4	e4a
	n4_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.12/24	n4	e4e

17. Verify that the cluster ports are connected:

network port show -role cluster

cluster::*> network port show -role cluster
 (network port show)

Node: n1								
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health	
Health								
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status	
Status								
 e0a	Cluster	Cluster		110	9000	auto/10000	_	
e0b	Cluster			up up		auto/10000 auto/10000		
e0c		Cluster		-		auto/10000		
e0d		Cluster		_		auto/10000		_
Coa	Olubecl	Clubcci		αр	3000	440710000		
Node: n2								
Ignore								
TT 1 + 1-						Speed (Mbps)	Health	
Health	TD am a a a	Description	Damaia	T	MODET	7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0+-+	
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	ТТИК	MTO	Admin/Oper	Status	
								_
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-	
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-	
e0c	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-	
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-	-
Node: n3								
Ignore								
Health						Speed (Mbps)	Health	
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	МТІІ	Admin/Oper	Status	
Status	115pace	Diodacase	Domain		1110	namin, open	beacab	
e4a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	-	
e4e	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	-	-
Node: n4								
Ignore								
Hool+h						Speed (Mbps)	неатти	
Health	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Tipk	МПТТ	Admin/Onor	Status	
Status	irspace	DIUaucast	סווומבוו	TITIK	MITO	Admitity Oper	Status	

```
e4a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/40000 -
e4e Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/40000 -
12 entries were displayed.
```

18. Ping the remote cluster interfaces and perform an RPC server check:

```
cluster ping-cluster -node node-name
```

The following example shows node n1 being pinged and the RPC status indicated afterward:

```
cluster::*> cluster ping-cluster -node n1
Host is n1 Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster n1 clus1 n1
                         e0a
                                10.10.0.1
Cluster n1 clus2 n1
                          e0b
                                10.10.0.2
Cluster n1 clus3 n1
                                10.10.0.3
                         e0c
Cluster n1 clus4 n1
                         e0d
                                10.10.0.4
Cluster n2 clus1 n2
                                10.10.0.5
                         e0a
Cluster n2 clus2 n2
                               10.10.0.6
                         e0b
                         e0c
Cluster n2 clus3 n2
                                10.10.0.7
Cluster n2 clus4 n2
                                10.10.0.8
                         e0d
Cluster n3 clus1 n3
                        e0a
                                10.10.0.9
Cluster n3 clus2 n3
                         e0e
                                10.10.0.10
Cluster n4 clus1 n4
                         e0a
                                10.10.0.11
                         e0e
Cluster n4 clus2 n4
                                 10.10.0.12
Local = 10.10.0.1 10.10.0.2 10.10.0.3 10.10.0.4
Remote = 10.10.0.5 10.10.0.6 10.10.0.7 10.10.0.8 10.10.0.9 10.10.0.10
10.10.0.11 10.10.0.12
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293 Ping status:
Basic connectivity succeeds on 32 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s) ......
Detected 1500 byte MTU on 32 path(s):
    Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.5
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.6
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.7
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.9
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.10
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.11
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.6
   Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.7
   Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.9
```

```
Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.6
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.6
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.12
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 32 path(s) RPC status:
8 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
   paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

19. Display the information about the devices in your configuration by entering the following commands:

You can execute the following commands in any order:

```
    network device-discovery show
    network port show -role cluster
    network interface show -role cluster
    system cluster-switch show
```

Node		Discovered Device	Interface	Platform
n1	/cdp			
	e0a	C1	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-C3232C
	e0b	C2	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-C3232C
	e0c	C2	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-C3232C
	e0d	C1	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-C3232C
n2	/cdp			
	e0a	C1	Ethernet1/1/3	N3K-C3232C
	e0b	C2	Ethernet1/1/3	N3K-C3232C
	e0c	C2	Ethernet1/1/4	N3K-C3232C
	e0d	C1	Ethernet1/1/4	N3K-C3232C
n3	/cdp			
	e4a	C1	Ethernet1/7	N3K-C3232C
	e4e	C2	Ethernet1/7	N3K-C3232C
n4	/cdp			
	e4a	C1	Ethernet1/8	N3K-C3232C
	e4e	C2	Ethernet1/8	N3K-C3232C

```
cluster::*> network port show -role cluster
  (network port show)
Node: n1
Ignore
                                             Speed(Mbps) Health
Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
Status
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 -
                             up 9000 auto/10000 - up 9000 auto/10000 -
       Cluster Cluster
Cluster Cluster
e0b
e0c
                                  up 9000 auto/10000 -
e0d
       Cluster Cluster
Node: n2
```

Ignore						Speed (Mbps)	Health
Health						speed (Mpps)	nearth
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	МТП	Admin/Oper	Status
Status							
							_
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-
e0c	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	_
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	_
-							
Node: n3							
Ignore							
						Speed (Mbps)	Health
Health			_			/ -	
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
Status							
e4a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	_
	Cluster			up		auto/40000	
_				-			
Node: n4							
Ignore							
Health						Speed(Mbps)	Health
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	МТІІ	Admin/Oner	Status
Status	11 2bace	DIGAGCASC	DOMATH	TITIK	1110	TOWITH OPET	Deacus
	Cluster			_		auto/40000	
e4e	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	-
12 entrie	s were displa	yed.					
	1	_					

	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current	Is			
Vserver	Interfac	e Admin/Ope	er Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home			
Cluster				
	nm1_clus	1 up/up	10.10.0.1/24	n1
e0a				
e0b	_	up/up	10.10.0.2/24	n1
eub	true n1 clus3	מנו/מנו	10.10.0.3/24	n1
e0c	true	or, or		
	n1_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.4/24	n1
e0d	true	,		_
000	-	up/up	10.10.0.5/24	n2
e0a	true n2 clus2	מנו/מנו	10.10.0.6/24	n2
e0b	true	ар, ар	10.110.00, 21	
	n2_clus3	up/up	10.10.0.7/24	n2
e0c	true			
- O al	-	up/up	10.10.0.8/24	n2
e0d	true n3 clus1	מנו/מנו	10.10.0.9/24	n3
e4a	true	αρ/ αρ	10.10.0.3, 21	
	n3_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.10/24	n3
e4e	true			
0.4.0	_	up/up	10.10.0.11/24	n4
e4a	true	up/up	10.10.0.12/24	n4
e4e	true	αρ/ αρ	10.10.0.12/24	11 1

cluster::*> system cluster-switch show Switch Type Address Model CL1 cluster-network 10.10.1.101 NX3232C Serial Number: FOX000001 Is Monitored: true Reason: Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 7.0(3)16(1)Version Source: CDP CL2 cluster-network 10.10.1.102 NX3232C Serial Number: FOX000002 Is Monitored: true Reason: Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 7.0(3)16(1)Version Source: CDP C2 cluster-network 10.10.1.103 NX3232C Serial Number: FOX000003 Is Monitored: true Reason: Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version

20. Delete the replaced cluster switch CL2 if it has not been removed automatically:

system cluster-switch delete -device cluster-switch-name

21. Verify that the proper cluster switches are monitored: system cluster-switch show

The following example shows the cluster switches are monitored because the Is Monitored state is true.

7.0(3)I6(1) Version Source: CDP 3 entries were

displayed.

cluster::> system cluster-switch show

Switch Type Address Model

------ -----

CL1 cluster-network 10.10.1.101 NX3232C

Serial Number: FOX00001

Is Monitored: true

Reason:

Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version

7.0(3) I6(1)

Version Source: CDP

C2 cluster-network 10.10.1.103 NX3232C

Serial Number: FOX000002

Is Monitored: true

Reason:

Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version

7.0(3)16(1)

Version Source: CDP

2 entries were displayed.

22. Enable the cluster switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files:

system cluster-switch log setup-password

system cluster-switch log enable-collection

```
cluster::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
CL1
C2
cluster::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: CL1
**RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: C2
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster::*> system cluster-switch log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

23. If you suppressed automatic case creation, re-enable it by invoking an AutoSupport message:

```
system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=END
```

Related information

Cisco Ethernet Switch description page

Hardware Universe

Copyright information

Copyright © 2022 NetApp, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means—graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system—without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

LIMITED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (b)(3) of the Rights in Technical Data -Noncommercial Items at DFARS 252.227-7013 (FEB 2014) and FAR 52.227-19 (DEC 2007).

Data contained herein pertains to a commercial product and/or commercial service (as defined in FAR 2.101) and is proprietary to NetApp, Inc. All NetApp technical data and computer software provided under this Agreement is commercial in nature and developed solely at private expense. The U.S. Government has a non-exclusive, non-transferrable, nonsublicensable, worldwide, limited irrevocable license to use the Data only in connection with and in support of the U.S. Government contract under which the Data was delivered. Except as provided herein, the Data may not be used, disclosed, reproduced, modified, performed, or displayed without the prior written approval of NetApp, Inc. United States Government license rights for the Department of Defense are limited to those rights identified in DFARS clause 252.227-7015(b) (FEB 2014).

Trademark information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.