

Install NX-OS software and RCFs on Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches

Cluster and storage switches

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Install NX-OS software and RCFs on Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches

The Cisco NX-OS software and reference configuration files (RCFs) must be installed on Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches.

Before you begin

The following conditions must exist before you install the NX-OS software and Reference Configurations Files (RCFs) on the cluster switch:

- The cluster must be fully functioning (there should be no errors in the logs or similar -ssues).
- You must have checked or set your desired boot configuration in the RCF to reflect the desired boot images if you are installing only NX-OS and keeping your current RCF version.
- If you need to change the boot configuration to reflect the current boot images, you must do so before reapplying the RCF so that the correct version is instantiated on future reboots.
- You must have a console connection to the switch, required when installing the RCF.
- You must have consulted the switch compatibility table on the Cisco Ethernet switch page for the supported ONTAP, NX-OS, and RCF versions.
- There can be command dependencies between the command syntax in the RCF and that found in versions of NX-OS.
- You must have referred to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures on Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches.
- · You must have the current RCF.

About this task

The examples in this procedure use two nodes. These nodes use two 10GbE cluster interconnect ports e0a and e0b.

See the Hardware Universe to verify the correct cluster ports on your platforms.



The command outputs might vary depending on different releases of ONTAP.

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01 and cluster1-02.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1 and cluster1-01_clus2 for cluster1-01 and cluster1-02 clus1 and cluster1-02 clus2 for cluster1-02.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.



The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=x h

where *x* is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

2. Change the privilege level to advanced, entering **y** when prompted to continue:

set -privilege advanced

The advanced prompt (*>) appears.

3. Display how many cluster interconnect interfaces are configured in each node for each cluster interconnect switch: network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

Node/	Local	Discovered		
Protocol	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform
cluster1-0	2/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Eth1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Eth1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	1/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Eth1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Eth1/1	N3K-
C3232C				

- 4. Check the administrative or operational status of each cluster interface.
 - a. Display the network port attributes: network port show -ipspace Cluster

cluster1::*> network port show -ipspace Cluster									
Node: cluster1-02									
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Speed(Mbps) Admin/Oper			
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy		
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy		
Node: clu	ster1-01					0 1/25			
Port	IPspace	Prondenst	Domain	Tipk	MTII	Speed (Mbps) Admin/Oper			
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy		
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy		
4 entries were displayed.									

b. Display information about the LIFs: network interface show -vserver Cluster

<pre>cluster1::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster</pre>								
	Logical	Status	Network	Current				
Current Is	3							
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node				
Port Home	е							
Cluster								
	cluster1-01_clus1	up/up	169.254.209.69/16					
cluster1-01	e0a true							
	cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.49.125/16					
cluster1-01	e0b true	,						
1 1 00	cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.47.194/16					
cluster1-02	e0a true	,	160 054 10 100/16					
1 1 00	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.19.183/16					
cluster1-02	e0b true							
4 entries were displayed.								

^{5.} Ping the remote cluster LIFs: cluster ping-cluster -node node-name

```
cluster1::*> **cluster ping-cluster -node cluster1-02**
Host is cluster1-02
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster cluster1-01 clus1 169.254.209.69 cluster1-01
                                                           e0a
Cluster cluster1-01 clus2 169.254.49.125 cluster1-01
                                                           e0b
Cluster cluster1-02 clus1 169.254.47.194 cluster1-02
                                                           e0a
Cluster cluster1-02 clus2 169.254.19.183 cluster1-02
                                                           e0b
Local = 169.254.47.194 169.254.19.183
Remote = 169.254.209.69 169.254.49.125
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
. . . .
Basic connectivity succeeds on 4 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 4 path(s):
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.49.125
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.49.125
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 4 path(s)
RPC status:
2 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
2 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

6. Verify that the auto-revert command is enabled on all cluster LIFs: network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

```
Cluster1::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

Logical

Vserver Interface Auto-revert

Cluster

cluster1-01_clus1 true
cluster1-01_clus2 true
cluster1-02_clus1 true
cluster1-02_clus2 true
4 entries were displayed.
```

7. For ONTAP 9.8 and later, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands: system switch ethernet log setup-password

system switch ethernet log enable-collection

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl
RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

8. For ONTAP releases 9.5P16, 9.6P12, and 9.7P10 and later patch releases, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands: system cluster-switch log setup-password

system cluster-switch log enable-collection

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl
RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

Install the NX-OS software

You can use this procedure to install the NX-OS software on the Nexus 3232C cluster switch.

Steps

1. Connect the cluster switch to the management network.

2. Use the ping command to verify connectivity to the server hosting the NX-OS software and the RCF.

This example verifies that the switch can reach the server at IP address 172.19.2.1:

```
cs2# ping 172.19.2.1
Pinging 172.19.2.1 with 0 bytes of data:

Reply From 172.19.2.1: icmp_seq = 0. time= 5910 usec.
```

3. Copy the NX-OS software and EPLD images to the Nexus 3232C switch.

```
cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/nxos.9.3.4.bin
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1
Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user1@172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/nxos.9.3.4.bin /bootflash/nxos.9.3.4.bin
/code/nxos.9.3.4.bin 100% 1261MB 9.3MB/s 02:15
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
Copy complete.
cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1
Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user1@172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img /bootflash/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img
/code/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img 100% 161MB 9.5MB/s 00:16
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
Copy complete.
```

4. Verify the running version of the NX-OS software:

```
cs2# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
Copyright (C) 2002-2019, Cisco and/or its affiliates.
All rights reserved.
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licenses, such as open source. This software is provided "as is," and
unless
otherwise stated, there is no warranty, express or implied, including
limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular
purpose.
Certain components of this software are licensed under
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GNU General Public License (GPL) version 3.0 or the GNU
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Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.0.
A copy of each such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.
Software
 BIOS: version 08.37
 NXOS: version 9.3(3)
 BIOS compile time: 01/28/2020
 NXOS image file is: bootflash://nxos.9.3.3.bin
 NXOS compile time: 12/22/2019 2:00:00 [12/22/2019 14:00:37]
Hardware
  cisco Nexus3000 C3232C Chassis (Nexus 9000 Series)
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of memory.
  Processor Board ID FO??????GD
  Device name: cs2
 bootflash: 53298520 kB
Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 36 second(s)
Last reset at 74117 usecs after Tue Nov 24 06:24:23 2020
  Reason: Reset Requested by CLI command reload
  System version: 9.3(3)
  Service:
```

```
plugin
  Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin
Active Package(s):
cs2#
```

5. Install the NX-OS image.

Installing the image file causes it to be loaded every time the switch is rebooted.

```
cs2# install all nxos bootflash:nxos.9.3.4.bin
Installer will perform compatibility check first. Please wait.
Installer is forced disruptive
Verifying image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin for boot variable "nxos".
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Verifying image type.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Preparing "nxos" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Preparing "bios" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Performing module support checks.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Notifying services about system upgrade.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Compatibility check is done:
Module bootable Impact
                               Install-type Reason
disruptive reset default
   1 yes
upgrade is not hitless
Images will be upgraded according to following table:
Module Image Running-Version(pri:alt)
                                                       New-
             Upg-Required
```

```
9.3(3)
                                                                9.3(4)
            nxos
yes
                        v08.37(01/28/2020):v08.32(10/18/2016)
     1
            bios
v08.37(01/28/2020)
Switch will be reloaded for disruptive upgrade.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n] y
Install is in progress, please wait.
Performing runtime checks.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Setting boot variables.
[################ 100% -- SUCCESS
Performing configuration copy.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Module 1: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Finishing the upgrade, switch will reboot in 10 seconds.
cs2#
```

6. Verify the new version of NX-OS software after the switch has rebooted: show version

```
cs2# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
Copyright (C) 2002-2020, Cisco and/or its affiliates.
All rights reserved.
The copyrights to certain works contained in this software are
owned by other third parties and used and distributed under their own
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otherwise stated, there is no warranty, express or implied, including
but not
limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular
purpose.
Certain components of this software are licensed under
the GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2.0 or
```

```
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Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.0.
A copy of each such license is available at
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and
http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.
Software
  BIOS: version 08.37
 NXOS: version 9.3(4)
 BIOS compile time: 01/28/2020
 NXOS image file is: bootflash:///nxos.9.3.4.bin
 NXOS compile time: 4/28/2020 21:00:00 [04/29/2020 06:28:31]
Hardware
 cisco Nexus3000 C3232C Chassis (Nexus 9000 Series)
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of memory.
 Processor Board ID FO??????GD
  Device name: rtpnpi-mcc01-8200-ms-A1
 bootflash: 53298520 kB
Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 14 second(s)
Last reset at 196755 usecs after Tue Nov 24 06:37:36 2020
  Reason: Reset due to upgrade
  System version: 9.3(3)
  Service:
plugin
  Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin
Active Package(s):
cs2#
```

7. Upgrade the EPLD image and reboot the switch.

```
cs2# show version module 1 epld
EPLD Device
                       Version
_____
MI FPGA
                       0x12
IO FPGA
                       0x11
cs2# install epld bootflash:n9000-epld.9.3.4.img module 1
Compatibility check:
Module
               Upgradable
                             Impact Reason
1
          SUP
                Yes
                             disruptive Module Upgradable
Retrieving EPLD versions.... Please wait.
Images will be upgraded according to following table:
Module Type EPLD
                      Running-Version New-Version Upg-
Required
1 SUP MI FPGA
                             No
   1 SUP IO FPGA
                                                 Yes
The above modules require upgrade.
The switch will be reloaded at the end of the upgrade
Do you want to continue (y/n) ? [n] y
Proceeding to upgrade Modules.
Starting Module 1 EPLD Upgrade
Module 1: IO FPGA [Programming]: 100.00% ( 64 of 64 sectors)
Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
Module Type Upgrade-Result
----- -------
  1 SUP Success
Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
cs2#
```

8. After the switch reboot, log in again, upgrade the EPLD golden image and reboot the switch once again.

```
cs2# install epld bootflash:n9000-epld.9.3.4.img module 1 golden
Digital signature verification is successful
Compatibility check:
Module Type Upgradable Impact Reason
_____
                                 _____
    1
              SUP Yes disruptive Module Upgradable
Retrieving EPLD versions.... Please wait.
The above modules require upgrade.
The switch will be reloaded at the end of the upgrade
Do you want to continue (y/n) ? [n] y
Proceeding to upgrade Modules.
Starting Module 1 EPLD Upgrade
Module 1: MI FPGA [Programming]: 100.00% ( 64 of
                                                 64 sect
Module 1 : IO FPGA [Programming] : 100.00% ( 64 of 64 sect
Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
Module Type Upgrade-Result
   1 SUP Success
EPLDs upgraded.
Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
cs2#
```

9. After the switch reboot, log in to verify that the new version of EPLD loaded successfully.

```
cs2# show version module 1 epld

EPLD Device Version

MI FPGA 0x12

IO FPGA 0x12
```

Install the Reference Configuration File (RCF)

You can install the RCF after setting up the Nexus 3232C switch for the first time. You can also use this procedure to upgrade your RCF version.

About this task

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01, cluster1-02, cluster1-03, and cluster1-04.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1, cluster1-01_clus2, cluster1-02_clus1, cluster1-02_clus2, cluster1-03_clus1, cluster1-03_clus2, cluster1-04_clus1, and cluster1-04_clus2.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.



- The procedure requires the -se of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.
- Before you perform this procedure, make sure that you have a current backup of the switch configuration.

Steps

1. Display the cluster ports on each node that are connected to the cluster switches: network devicediscovery show

Node/	Local	Discovered		
Protocol		Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform
cluster1-0				
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/7	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/7	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	2/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/8	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/8	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	3/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	4/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
<pre>cluster1::</pre>	*>			

- 2. Check the administrative and operational status of each cluster port.
 - a. Verify that all the cluster ports are up with a healthy status: network port show -role cluster

Node: clu	ıster1-01						
Ignore						Chood (Mhna)	II o o l + k
Health						Speed(Mbps)	пеати
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
e0a healthy f	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	0
_	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	0
Node: clı	ıster1-02						
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Health							
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	0
_	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	0
healthy f 8 entries	false s were displa	ıyed.					
	_	-					
Node: clu	isteri-03						
Ignore	<u> </u>					Speed(Mbps)	Health
Health						opeod (mepo)	11001_01
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
e0a false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	health
татэс						auto/10000	

Ignore						
					Speed (Mbps)	Health
Health						
Port	IPspace	Broadcast Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
Status						
e0a	Cluster	Cluster	up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false						
e0b	Cluster	Cluster	up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false						
cluster1:	:*>					

b. Verify that all the cluster interfaces (LIFs) are on the home port: network interface show -role cluster

		Logical	Status	Network	Current
	rent Is		- 1 / 2		,
		Interface	Admin/Ope	Address/Mask	Node
Por	t Hom	e 			
Clu	ster				
		cluster1-01_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/23	cluster1-
01	e0a	true			
		cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	cluster1
01	e0d	true			
0.0	•	cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	cluster1
02	e0a	true		160 254 2 0/22	~11
02	e0d	cluster1-02_clus2 true	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	cluster1-
02	Coa	cluster1-03 clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	cluster1-
03	e0a	true			
		cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	cluster1
03	e0b	true			
		cluster1-04_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.6/23	cluster1
04	e0a	true			
		cluster1-04_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	cluster1
-	e0b	true			
8 e	ntries w	ere displayed.			

c. Verify that the cluster displays information for both cluster switches: system cluster-switch show

-is-monitoring-enabled-operational true

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled
-operational true
Switch
                         Type
                                           Address
                                                           Model
_____
                        - -----
                         cluster-network 10.233.205.92
cs1
NX3232C
    Serial Number: FOXXXXXXXGS
     Is Monitored: true
           Reason: None
 Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software,
Version
                  9.3(4)
   Version Source: CDP
cs2
                         cluster-network 10.233.205.93
NX3232C
    Serial Number: FOXXXXXXXGD
     Is Monitored: true
           Reason: None
 Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software,
Version
                  9.3(4)
   Version Source: CDP
2 entries were displayed.
```

3. Disable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif \* -auto
-revert false
```

4. On cluster switch cs2, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

```
cs2(config) # interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8
cs2(config-if-range) # shutdown
```

5. Verify that the cluster ports have migrated to the ports hosted on cluster switch cs1. This might take a few seconds. network interface show -role cluster

		Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current	Is				
Vserver		Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home	9			
Cluster		cluster1-01 clus1	11n / 11n	169.254.3.4/23	cluster1-01
e0a	true	-	ир/ир	107.234.3.4/23	Clustell of
000	0200	cluster1-01 clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	cluster1-01
e0a	fals	-			
		cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	cluster1-02
e0a	true	9			
		<pre>cluster1-02_clus2</pre>	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	cluster1-02
e0a	fals	-			
		cluster1-03_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	cluster1-03
e0a	true		,	160 054 1 1/00	1 00
000	fals	cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	cluster1-03
e0a	Lais	cluster1-04 clus1	11n /11n	169.254.1.6/23	alustor1-04
e0a	t.rue	-	up/up	109.234.1.0/23	Clustell-04
Coa	CIUC	cluster1-04 clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	cluster1-04
e0a	fals	-	Ι, Ι		
		ere displayed.			

6. Verify that the cluster is healthy: cluster show

<pre>cluster1::*> cluster Node</pre>		Eligibility	Epsilon
cluster1-01	true	true	false
cluster1-02	true	true	false
cluster1-03	true	true	true
cluster1-04	true	true	false
4 entries were displa	ayed.		
<pre>cluster1::*></pre>			

7. If you do not already have a current backup of the switch, you can save the current switch configuration by copying the output of the following command to a log file:

show running-config

- 8. Clean the configuration on switch cs2 and perform a basic setup.
 - a. Clean the configuration. This step requires a console connection to the switch.

```
cs2# write erase Warning: This command will erase the startup-configuration. Do you wish to proceed anyway? (y/n) [n] y cs2# reload This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] y cs2#
```

- b. Perform a basic setup of the switch.
- 9. Copy the RCF to the bootflash of switch cs2 using one of the following transfer protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, or SCP. For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

This example shows TFTP being used to copy an RCF to the bootflash on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy tftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt
Enter hostname for the tftp server: 172.22.201.50
Trying to connect to tftp server.....Connection to Server Established.
TFTP get operation was successful
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
```

10. Apply the RCF previously downloaded to the bootflash.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

This example shows the RCF file Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt being installed on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt running-config echo-commands
```

11. Examine the banner output from the show banner motd command. You must read and follow the instructions under **Important Notes** to ensure the proper configuration and operation of the switch.

```
cs2# show banner motd

************************

* NetApp Reference Configuration File (RCF)

*
```

```
* Switch : Cisco Nexus 3232C
* Filename : Nexus 3232C RCF v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt
* Date : Oct-20-2020
* Version : v1.6
* Port Usage : Breakout configuration
* Ports 1- 3: Breakout mode (4x10GbE) Intra-Cluster Ports, int e1/1/1-
4,
* e1/2/1-4, e1/3/1-4
* Ports 4- 6: Breakout mode (4x25GbE) Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int
e1/4/1-4
* e1/5/1-4, e1/6/1-4
* Ports 7-30: 40/100GbE Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int e1/7-30
* Ports 31-32: Intra-Cluster ISL Ports, int e1/31-32
* Ports 33-34: 10GbE Intra-Cluster 10GbE Ports, int e1/33-34
* IMPORTANT NOTES
* - Load Nexus 3232C RCF v1.6-Cluster-HA.txt for non breakout config
* - This RCF utilizes QoS and requires TCAM re-configuration, requiring
RCF
  to be loaded twice with the Cluster Switch rebooted in between.
* - Perform the following 4 steps to ensure proper RCF installation:
    (1) Apply RCF first time, expect following messages:
       - Please save config and reload the system...
       - Edge port type (portfast) should only be enabled on ports...
       - TCAM region is not configured for feature QoS class IPv4
ingress...
   (2) Save running-configuration and reboot Cluster Switch
    (3) After reboot, apply same RCF second time and expect following
messages:
       - % Invalid command at '^' marker
       - Syntax error while parsing...
    (4) Save running-configuration again
******************
*****
```



When applying the RCF for the first time, the **ERROR: Failed to write VSH commands** message is expected and can be ignored.

1. Verify that the RCF file is the correct newer version: show running-config

When you check the output to verify you have the correct RCF, make sure that the following information is correct:

- The RCF banner
- The node and port settings
- Customizations The output varies according to your site configuration. Check the port settings and refer
 to the release notes for any changes specific to the RCF that you have installed.
- 2. After you verify the RCF versions and switch settings are correct, copy the running-config file to the startup-config file.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

```
cs2# copy running-config startup-config
[############################## 100% Copy complete
```

3. Reboot switch cs2. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

```
cs2# reload This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] y
```

4. Apply the same RCF and save the running configuration for a second time.

```
cs2# copy Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt running-config echo-commands cs2# copy running-config startup-config [################################### 100% Copy complete
```

- 5. Verify the health of cluster ports on the cluster.
 - a. Verify that e0d ports are up and healthy across all nodes in the cluster: network port show -role cluster

```
Cluster1::*> network port show -role cluster

Node: cluster1-01

Ignore

Speed(Mbps) Health
Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
```

Status							
e0a false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false							
Node: clu	ster1-02						
Ignore						C	TT 1 + 1-
Health						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false				•			-
Node: clu	ster1-03						
Ignore							
Health						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000)
healthy f	Ealse Cluster	Cluster		מנו	9000	auto/10000)
healthy f		0100001		ωP	3000	4400, 10000	
Node: clu	ster1-04						
Ignore							
Health						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
Status							
e0a	 Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000)
J 0 u	3143661	0140661		~P	3000	4450/100000	

healthy	false						
e0d	Cluster	Cluster	up	9000	auto/100000		
healthy false							

⁸ entries were displayed.

b. Verify the switch health from the cluster (this might not show switch cs2, since LIFs are not homed on e0d).

Node/	Local	Discovered		
Protocol Platform	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	
				_
cluster1-0	1/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/7	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/7	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster01-	2/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/8	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/8	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster01-	3/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	4/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1::	*> syste	em cluster-switch show -is-	-monitoring-enabled	d
-operation	al true			
Switch		Type	Address	Model
cs1		cluster-network	10.233.205.90	 N3K-
C3232C				
C3Z3ZC] Namele e s	: FOXXXXXXGD		
	T Number	• 101111111111100		
Seria	onitored			
Seria	onitored			

You might observe the following output on the cs1 switch console depending on the RCF version previously loaded on the switch



```
2020 Nov 17 16:07:18 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-
UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT: Unblocking port port-channel1 on
VLAN0092. Port consistency restored.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_PEER:
Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0001. Inconsistent peer vlan.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_LOCAL:
Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0092. Inconsistent local vlan.
```

6. On cluster switch cs1, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

The following example uses the interface example output from step 1:

```
cs1(config)# interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8
cs1(config-if-range)# shutdown
```

7. Verify that the cluster LIFs have migrated to the ports hosted on switch cs2. This might take a few seconds. network interface show -role cluster

cluster	1::*> network interfa	ace show -role	cluster	
	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current				
	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home			
				
Cluster				
	cluster1-01_clus	s1 up/up	169.254.3.4/23	cluster1-01
e0d	false			
	cluster1-01_clus	s2 up/up	169.254.3.5/23	cluster1-01
e0d	true			
	cluster1-02_clus	s1 up/up	169.254.3.8/23	cluster1-02
e0d	false		1.00 0= 1.00 0 /00	
0.1	cluster1-02_clus	s2 up/up	169.254.3.9/23	cluster1-02
e0d	true	- 1	160 054 1 2/02	-1+1 02
e0b	cluster1-03_clus	sı up/up	169.254.1.3/23	cluster1-03
aub	cluster1-03 clus	s2 up/up	169.254.1.1/23	cluster1-03
e0b	true	32 up/up	107.234.1.1/23	Clustell 05
COD	cluster1-04 clus	s1 up/up	169.254.1.6/23	cluster1-04
e0b	false			
	cluster1-04 clus	s2 up/up	169.254.1.7/23	cluster1-04
e0b	true			
8 entri	es were displayed.			
cluster	1::*>			

8. Verify that the cluster is healthy: cluster show

<pre>cluster1::*> clus</pre>	ster show		
Node	Health	Eligibility	Epsilon
cluster1-01	true	true	false
cluster1-02	true	true	false
cluster1-03	true	true	true
cluster1-04	true	true	false
4 entries were di	splayed.		
<pre>cluster1::*></pre>			

- 9. Repeat Steps 7 to 14 on switch cs1.
- 10. Enable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif \* -auto
-revert True
```

11. Reboot switch cs1. You do this to trigger the cluster LIFs to revert to their home ports. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

```
cs1# reload This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] y
```

12. Verify that the switch ports connected to the cluster ports are up.

```
cs1# show interface brief \| grep up
Eth1/1/1
          1
                                                       10G(D)
                eth access up
                                  none
Eth1/1/2 1 eth access up
                                                       10G(D)
                                  none
Eth1/7
           1
               eth trunk up
                                                      100G(D)
                                  none
Eth1/8
      1 eth trunk up
                                  none
                                                      100G(D)
--
```

13. Verify that the ISL between cs1 and cs2 is functional: show port-channel summary

```
csl# show port-channel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members)

I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)

s - Suspended r - Module-removed

b - BFD Session Wait

S - Switched R - Routed

U - Up (port-channel)

p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)

M - Not in use. Min-links not met

------

Group Port- Type Protocol Member Ports

Channel

1 Pol(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/31(P) Eth1/32(P)

csl#
```

^{14.} Verify that the cluster LIFs have reverted to their home port: network interface show -role cluster

		Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current	Is				
Vserver		Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home	Э			
Cluster					
		cluster1-01_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/23	cluster1-01
e0d	true	е			
		cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	cluster1-01
e0d	true		,		
0.1		cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	cluster1-02
e0d	true		/	169.254.3.9/23	cluster1-02
e0d	true	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	109.234.3.9/23	Cluster1-02
Coa	CIU	cluster1-03 clus1	מנו/מנו	169.254.1.3/23	cluster1-03
e0b	true	-			
		cluster1-03 clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	cluster1-03
e0b	true	<u> </u>			
		cluster1-04_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.6/23	cluster1-04
e0b	true	е			
		cluster1-04_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	cluster1-04
e0b	true	Э			

15. Verify that the cluster is healthy: ${\tt cluster}$ show

<pre>cluster1::*> clust Node</pre>		Elicibilito	Engilon
node	Health	Eligibility	Epsilon
cluster1-01	true	true	false
cluster1-02	true	true	false
cluster1-03	true	true	true
cluster1-04	true	true	false
4 entries were dis	splayed.		
<pre>cluster1::*></pre>			

16. Ping the remote cluster interfaces to verify connectivity: cluster ping-cluster -node local

```
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node local
Host is cluster1-03
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster cluster1-03 clus1 169.254.1.3 cluster1-03 e0a
Cluster cluster1-03 clus2 169.254.1.1 cluster1-03 e0b
Cluster cluster1-04 clus1 169.254.1.6 cluster1-04 e0a
Cluster cluster1-04 clus2 169.254.1.7 cluster1-04 e0b
Cluster cluster1-01 clus1 169.254.3.4 cluster1-01 e0a
Cluster cluster1-01 clus2 169.254.3.5 cluster1-01 e0d
Cluster cluster1-02 clus1 169.254.3.8 cluster1-02 e0a
Cluster cluster1-02 clus2 169.254.3.9 cluster1-02 e0d
Local = 169.254.1.3 169.254.1.1
Remote = 169.254.1.6 169.254.1.7 169.254.3.4 169.254.3.5 169.254.3.8
169.254.3.9
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
. . . . . . . . . . . .
Basic connectivity succeeds on 12 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 12 path(s):
    Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.6
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.7
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.4
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.5
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.8
    Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.9
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.6
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.7
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.4
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.5
   Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.8
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.9
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 12 path(s)
RPC status:
6 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
6 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

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