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VERSION 1.3

#### **TCCS**

# Getting started quickly with Spring Boot

Oslo, august 27, 2020

# Agenda

- Motivation
- What is Spring?
- What is Spring Boot?
- Workshop

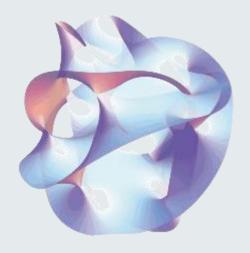
#### Motivation

- You have an idea you want to show
- Or a customer wants a PoC
- You need something quickly
  - Spring Boot is one possibility

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# Spring Theory

- Not string theory!



### What is Spring?

- Framework for modern java-based applications
- Spring takes care of the plumbing
  - So you can focus on business logic



### What is Spring?

<u>Core technologies</u>: dependency injection, events, resources, i18n, validation, data binding, type conversion, SpEL, AOP.

<u>Testing</u>: mock objects, TestContext framework, Spring MVC Test, WebTestClient.

Data Access: transactions, DAO support, JDBC, ORM, Marshalling XML.

Spring MVC and Spring WebFlux web frameworks.

<u>Integration</u>: remoting, JMS, JCA, JMX, email, tasks, scheduling, cache.

<u>Languages</u>: Kotlin, Groovy, dynamic languages.

# Spring DI

```
@Service
public class CustomerService {
   private final CustomerRepository customerRepository;
   private final CustomerValidator customerValidator;
    @Autowired
    public CustomerService(
            CustomerRepository customerRepository,
            CustomerValidator customerValidator) {
        this.customerRepository = customerRepository;
        this.customerValidator = customerValidator;
   Long registerCustomer(Customer customer) {
        customerValidator.validate(customer);
        Customer savedCustomer = customerRepository.save(customer);
        return savedCustomer.getId();
```

#### Spring – A bit more details

#### JPA

```
NoRepositoryBean
 <S extends T> S save(S entity);
  Optional<T> findById(ID id);
  boolean existsById(ID id);
  Iterable<T> findAll();
  Iterable<T> findAllById(Iterable<ID> ids);
  long count();
  void deleteById(ID id);
  void delete(T entity);
  void deleteAll(Iterable<? extends T> entities);
  void deleteAll();
```

```
@Entity
public class Customer {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue
    private Long id;
    private String name;

    protected Customer() {
    }

    public Customer(final String name) { this.name = name; }

    public Long getId() { return id; }

    public String getName() { return name; }
}
```

# Spring AoP

```
@LogExecutionTime
Long registerCustomer(Customer customer) {
    customerValidator.validate(customer);
    Customer savedCustomer = customerRepository.save(customer);
    return savedCustomer.getId();
```

```
@Target(ElementType.METHOD)
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
public @interface LogExecutionTime {
}
```

```
@Aspect
@Component
public class LoggingAspect {
    @Around("@annotation(LogExecutionTime)")
    public Object logExecutionTime(ProceedingJoinPoint long start = System.currentTimeMillis();

    Object proceed = joinPoint.proceed();

    long executionTime = System.currentTimeMillis()

    System.out.printf("%s executed in %sms %s", joinPoint.getSignature(), executionTime, Sy

    return proceed;
    }
}
```

#### Spring – A bit more details

```
public class XyzRest {
   public XyzRest(@NonNull final XyzService XyzService) {
       this.XyzService = XyzService;
   @GetMapping(path = "leverandorer")
   public ResponseEntity<List<LeverandorJson>> getLeverandorer() {
   @PutMapping(
           produces = MediaType.APPLICATION JSON VALUE)
   @PreAuthorize("hasAuthority('SCOPE profile') and hasAnyAuthority(T(Role).Xyz WRITE.getAggregatedRoles())")
   public ResponseEntity<Void> putLeverandorKontakt(@PathVariable("leverandornummer") final Long levnummer,
   @DeleteMapping(path = "leverandorer/{leverandornummer}/kontakter/{leverandorKontaktLnr}")
   public ResponseEntity<XyzJson> deleteLeverandorKontakt(@PathVariable("leverandornummer") final Long levnumme
                                                                          @PathVariable("leverandorKontaktLnr")
```

# Why use SpringBoot?



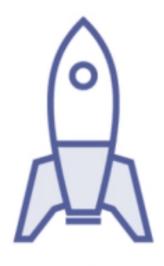
Package Application



Choose & Download Webserver



Configure Webserver



Deploy Application & Start Webserver



# Package & Run

### Spring Boot

- Opinionated view of the Spring plattform
- Easy
- Quick
- Configurable if/when you need it
- Standalone

# Spring BootStarters

- Opinionated, fixes our dependency tree
- Includes «all you need»

#### Til Dependencies

- ▼ Illi org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-web:2.1.2.RELEASE
  - III org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter:2.1.2.RELEASE
    - ► IIII org.springframework.boot:spring-boot:2.1.2.RELEASE
    - III org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-autoconfigure:2.1.2.RELEASE
    - Illi org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-logging:2.1.2.RELEASE IIII javax.annotation:javax.annotation-api:1.3.2
    - ► Illi org.springframework:spring-core:5.1.4.RELEASE IIII org.yaml:snakeyaml:1.23 (runtime)
  - III org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-json:2.1.2.RELEASE
  - Illi org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-tomcat:2.1.2.RELEASE
  - IIII org.hibernate.validator:hibernate-validator:6.0.14.Final
  - IIII org.springframework:spring-web:5.1.4.RELEASE
  - IIII org.springframework:spring-webmvc:5.1.4.RELEASE

# Spring Boot - Starters spring-box spring-box spring-box

spring-boot-starter spring-boot-starter-activemq spring-boot-starter-amqp spring-boot-starter-aop spring-boot-starter-artemis spring-boot-starter-batch spring-boot-starter-cache spring-boot-starter-data-cassandra spring-boot-starter-data-cassandra-reactive spring-boot-starter-data-couchbase spring-boot-starter-data-couchbase-reactive spring-boot-starter-data-elasticsearch spring-boot-starter-data-jdbc spring-boot-starter-data-jpa

spring-	-boot-starter-data-ldap
spring-	-boot-starter-data-mongodb
spring-	-boot-starter-data-mongodb-reactive
spring	-boot-starter-data-neo4j
spring-	-boot-starter-data-r2dbc
spring-	-boot-starter-data-redis
spring.	-boot-starter-data-redis-reactive
spring-	-boot-starter-data-rest
spring.	-boot-starter-data-solr
spring-	-boot-starter-freemarker
spring.	-boot-starter-groovy-templates
spring.	-boot-starter-hateoas
spring.	-boot-starter-integration
spring-	-boot-starter-jdbc
spring-	-boot-starter-jersey
spring	-boot-starter-jooq
spring	-boot-starter-json
spring-	-boot-starter-jta-atomikos
spring-	-boot-starter-jta-bitronix
spring-	-boot-starter-mail

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spring-boot-starter-oauth2-client	
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spring-boot-starter-quartz	5
spring-boot-starter-rsocket	5
spring-boot-starter-security	5
spring-boot-starter-test	5
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spring-boot-starter-thymeleaf	5
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spring-boot-starter-validation	5
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spring-boot-starter-web	5
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spring-boot-starter-web-services	5
spring-boot-starter-webflux	5
	5
spring-boot-starter-websocket	5
	1

spring-boot-starter-jetty spring-boot-starter-log4j2 spring-boot-starter-logging spring-boot-starter-reactor-netty spring-boot-starter-tomcat spring-boot-starter-undertow

# Spring Boot – Maven setup

# Spring Boot

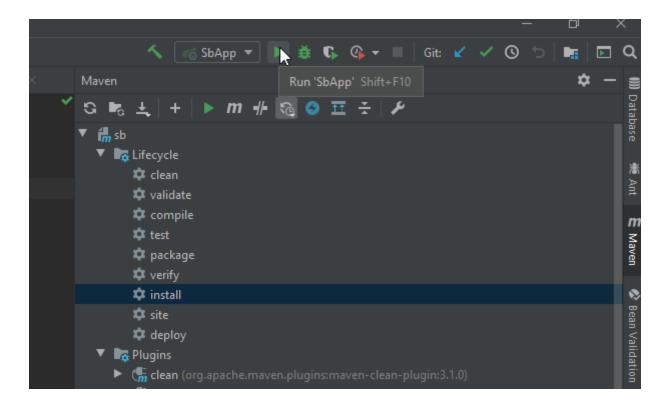
```
@SpringBootApplication // same as @Configuration @EnableAutoConfiguration @ComponentScan
public class Application {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(Application.class, args);
    }
}
```

# Spring Boot – Running

Then we simply run it:

\$ java -jar my-application.jar

# Spring Boot – Running in IntelliJ



# **Testing**

- @SpringBootTest
  - Integrationtests
  - Rest endpoint
  - Auth/Roles/access
- Mockito
  - Businesslogic
- Data driven tests
  - Test data in your database
  - SQL/JPA criterion/hql

#### A bit about PaaS

- A Platform we can use to run and manage our app in the cloud
  - Easy and quick setup
  - Initially cheap
- Some vendors
  - Heroku
  - AWS (Elastic Beanstalk)
  - Google App Engine
  - Azure





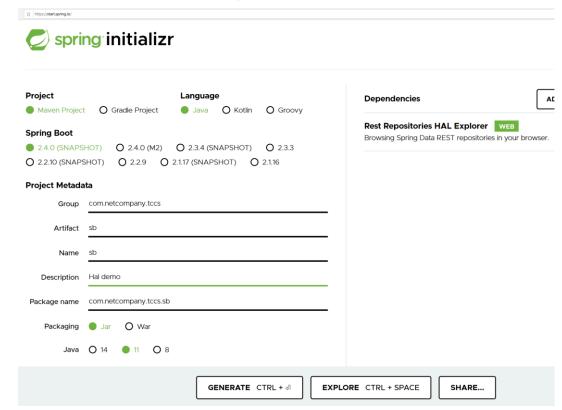


#### A bit about Paas

- You can commit you code to the provider
  - Provider examines, builds and runs you app
- You can also point to your own repo
  - Provider fetches, examines, builds and runs your app
- Or you can commit a packaged app
  - You upload a jar
  - Provider runs it

# Spring initializr

- Fast and easy way to get relevant dependencie
  - <a href="https://start.spring.io/">https://start.spring.io/</a>



# Spring Boot – Worth mentioning

- Spring-devtools
  - Restart two classloaders, beware production
- Validation
- Lombok
- Retrofit
- OpenApi(Swagger)
- Flyway
- Templating
  - spring-boot-starter-mustache

# Getting started quickly in practice - Workshop

# Setup

- IntelliJ
- A Heroku account
- Heroku CLI installed
- Postman installed

#### Tasks - Setting

- We are creating a new app for our client X
- X wants a register of its customers
- X needs something delivered fast!
- Requirements
  - It should have a REST resources
  - It should have a database
  - It should run in the cloud
  - It must be secure

#### Solutions in branches

 Each task ha a solution in a branch. Use this if you are stuck and want to see a running application

- Create your own spring boot app from scratch running locally
- It must contain a REST resource
  - Responding to GET '/hello/[name]' with the text: "Hello [name]!", replacing name with the parameter
  - Tip clone : https://github.com/netcompanyno/tccs\_springboot.git
  - >git checkout init
  - Postman collection is added to init branch as well as this PowerPoint as a PDF

- You can remove or hide the hello resource
- Now we need some functionality
- Create a REST resource
  - Which can register a customers, first name, last name, age, date of birth, email address, consent for storing this information
  - NB! Do not store the customer, only receive it.

- We of course need to store the customers info for later retrieval
- Store it in a database
  - You can use an in memory DB
  - https://spring.io/guides/gs/accessing-data-jpa/

- Now we want to be able to fetch a customer
- Lets assume whoever uses our REST service knows a customers id
- Create a REST resource to fetch a customer by its id

#### Task 5 (Use no more than 30 min)

- Now we need to move this app to the cloud
- The customer will not allow you to share the source code with Heroku.
- Package the app, and find a way to run it on Heroku
  - Tip (windows users): Use windows cmd for "heroku login". Then git bash for commands.
  - Tip 2: Connect to you Heroku account using Heroku CLI
  - Tip 3: Use Heroku CLI Deploy plugin or Heroku maven plugin

# Task 6 (Hard)

- This is all great according to X, but "is our customers data secure?" they ask.
- Oh no, it's not is it?
- Let's fix that
  - Tip: Check out WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter
  - Tip 2: Make this simple for now, use basic auth for example

- We need to make sure that we access some environment specific properties in our app.
- Use Spring to load properties detailing which environment the app is running in
  - Dev for local
  - Prod for heroku
- Make sure it works by having different values locally and in Heroku
- Find a way to show this while running the app

- Add some metrics to your app for monitoring
- Explore what kind of metrics you can get from the spring-boot-starter-actuator artifact
- Make sure you can at least call a health endpoint on your app

- AOP
  - Add logging annotation to rest endpoints
- Caching
  - Add caching to a duplicated retrieve endpoint
- Scheduler
  - Create a recurring output from a method in a Spring bean

- X also wants us to be ready to send and receive JMS messages for later integrations
- Set up your app so that it can send and receive messages on an ActiveMQ queue (or similar JMS queue)
- Make sure to set up your own queue so that you can test that it works

### Task?

webflux

- Deploy your app to another of the PaaS suppliers (you decide)
- Some alternatives
  - Amazon AWS
  - Google App Engine