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** 

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# Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.

z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

# 1 Scope

The present document specifies and establishes the characteristics of the physicals layer procedures of data channels for 5G-NR.

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

[1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications"

[2] 3GPP TS 38.201: " NR; Physical Layer – General Description"

[3] 3GPP TS 38.202: "NR; Services provided by the physical layer"

[4] 3GPP TS 38.211: "NR; Physical channels and modulation"

[5] 3GPP TS 38.212: "NR; Multiplexing and channel coding"

[6] 3GPP TS 38.213: "NR; Physical layer procedures for control"

[7] 3GPP TS 38.215: "NR; Physical layer measurements"

[8] 3GPP TS 38.101-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone"

[9] 3GPP TS 38.104: "NR; Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception"

[10] 3GPP TS 38.321: "NR; Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification"

[11] 3GPP TS 38.133: "NR; Requirements for support of radio resource management"

[12] 3GPP TS 38.331: "NR; Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification"

[13] 3GPP TS 38.306: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio access capabilities"

[14] 3GPP TS 38.423: "NG-RAN; Xn Application Protocol (XnAP)"

[15] 3GPP TS 36.211: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical channels and modulation"

[16] 3GPP TS 37.213: "Physical layer procedures for shared spectrum channel access"

[17] 3GPP TS 37.355: "LTE Positioning Protocol (LPP)"

[18] 3GPP TS 38.822: "NR; User Equipment (UE) feature list"

[19] 3GPP TS 36.213: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical layer procedures"

[20] 3GPP TS 38.305: "NG Radio Access Network (NG-RAN); Stage 2 functional specification of User Equipment (UE) positioning in NG-RAN"

# 3 Definitions of terms, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

## 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

## 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

ARP Antenna Reference Point

BWP Bandwidth Part

CBG Code Block Group

CJT Coherent Joint Transmission

CLI Cross Link Interference

CP Cyclic Prefix

CQI Channel Quality Indicator

CPU CSI Processing Unit

CRB Common Resource Block

CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check

CRI CSI-RS Resource Indicator

CSI Channel State Information

CSI-RS Channel State Information Reference Signal

CSI-RSRP CSI Reference Signal Received Power

CSI-RSRQ CSI Reference Signal Received Quality

CSI-SINR CSI Signal-to-Interference-plus-Noise Ratio

CW Codeword

DCI Downlink Control Information

DL Downlink

DM-RS Demodulation Reference Signal

DRX Discontinuous Reception

EPRE Energy Per Resource Element

IAB-MT Integrated Access and Backhaul – Mobile Termination

L1-RSRP Layer 1 Reference Signal Received Power

LI Layer Indicator

LoS Line of Sight

MCS Modulation and Coding Scheme

NCJT Non-Coherent Joint Transmission

NCR Network-controlled Repeater

NCR-MT Network controlled repeater – Mobile Termination

NLoS Non-Line of Sight

PDCCH Physical Downlink Control Channel

PDSCH Physical Downlink Shared Channel

PSS Primary Synchronisation Signal

PUCCH Physical Uplink Control Channel

QCL Quasi Co-Location

PMI Precoding Matrix Indicator

PRB Physical Resource Block

PRG Precoding Resource block Group

PRS Positioning Reference Signal

PT-RS Phase-Tracking Reference Signal

RB Resource Block

RBG Resource Block Group

RI Rank Indicator

RIV Resource Indicator Value

RS Reference Signal

SCI Sidelink Control Information

SL PRS Sidelink Positioning Reference Signal

SLIV Start and Length Indicator Value

SR Scheduling Request

SRS Sounding Reference Signal

SS Synchronisation Signal

SSS Secondary Synchronisation Signal

SS-RSRP SS Reference Signal Received Power

SS-RSRQ SS Reference Signal Received Quality

SS-SINR SS Signal-to-Interference-plus-Noise Ratio

TB Transport Block

TCI Transmission Configuration Indicator

TDCP Time Domain Channel Properties

TDM Time Division Multiplexing

UE User Equipment

UL Uplink

# 4 Power control

Throughout this specification, unless otherwise noted, statements using the term "UE" in clauses 4, 5, or 6 are equally applicable to the IAB-MT part of an IAB node and to the NCR-MT part of an NCR node.

## 4.1 Power allocation for downlink

The gNB determines the downlink transmit EPRE.

For the purpose of SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ and SS-SINR measurements, the UE may assume downlink EPRE is constant across the bandwidth. For the purpose of SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ and SS-SINR measurements, the UE may assume downlink EPRE is constant over SSS carried in different SS/PBCH blocks. For the purpose of SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ and SS-SINR measurements, the UE may assume that the ratio of SSS EPRE to PBCH DM-RS EPRE is 0 dB.

For the purpose of CSI-RSRP, CSI-RSRQ and CSI-SINR measurements, the UE may assume downlink EPRE of a port of CSI-RS resource configuration is constant across the configured downlink bandwidth and constant across all configured OFDM symbols.

The downlink SS/PBCH SSS EPRE can be derived from the SS/PBCH downlink transmit power given by the parameter *ss-PBCH-BlockPower* provided by higher layers. The downlink SSS transmit power is defined as the linear average over the power contributions (in [W]) of all resource elements that carry the SSS within the operating system bandwidth.

The downlink CSI-RS EPRE can be derived from the SS/PBCH block downlink transmit power given by the parameter *ss-PBCH-BlockPower* and CSI-RS power offset given by the parameter *powerControlOffsetSS* provided by higher layers if the SS/PBCH block is associated with serving cell PCI, or derived from *ss-PBCH-BlockPower-r17* in *SSB-MTC-AdditionalPCI-r17* and *powerControlOffsetSS* provided by higher layersif the SS/PBCH block is associated with additional PCI different from serving cell PCI, where the CSI-RS is QCLed with the SS/PBCH block. The downlink reference-signal transmit power is defined as the linear average over the power contributions (in [W]) of the resource elements that carry the configured CSI-RS within the operating system bandwidth.

For downlink DM-RS associated with PDSCH, the UE may assume the ratio of PDSCH EPRE to DM-RS EPRE ( [dB]) is given by Table 4.1-1 according to the number of DM-RS CDM groups without data as described in Clause 5.1.6.2. The DM-RS scaling factor  specified in Clause 7.4.1.1.2 of [4, TS 38.211] is given by .

Table 4.1-1: The ratio of PDSCH EPRE to DM-RS EPRE

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Number of DM-RS CDM groups without data | DM-RS configuration type 1 and enhanced type 1 | DM-RS configuration type 2 and enhanced type 2 |
| 1 | 0 dB | 0 dB |
| 2 | -3 dB | -3 dB |
| 3 | - | -4.77 dB |

When the UE is scheduled with one or two PT-RS ports associated with the PDSCH,

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *epre-Ratio*, the ratio of PT-RS EPRE to PDSCH EPRE per layer per RE for each PT-RS port () is given by Table 4.1-2 or Table 4.1-2A according to the *epre-Ratio*, the PT-RS scaling factor specified in clause 7.4.1.2.2 of [4, TS 38.211] is given by.

- otherwise, the UE shall assume *epre-Ratio* is set to state '0' in Table 4.1-2 if not configured.

Table 4.1-2: PT-RS EPRE to PDSCH EPRE per layer per RE (), if [*enhanced-dmrs-Type\_r18*] is not configured in *DMRS-DownlinkConfig*

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *epre-Ratio* | The number of PDSCH layers with DM-RS associated to the PT-RS port | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 0 | 0 | 3 | 4.77 | 6 | 7 | 7.78 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | reserved | | | | | |
| 3 | reserved | | | | | |

Table 4.1-2A: PT-RS EPRE to PDSCH EPRE per layer per RE (), if [*enhanced-dmrs-Type\_r18*] is configured in *DMRS-DownlinkConfig*

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***epre-Ratio*** | **The number of PDSCH layers with DM-RS associated to the PT-RS port** | | | | | | | |
| **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** | **7** | **8** |
| 0 | 0 | 3 | 4.77 | 6 | 7 | 7.78 | 8.45 | 9 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | reserved | | | | | | | |
| 3 | reserved | | | | | | | |

For link recovery, as described in clause 6 of [6, TS 38.213] the ratio of the PDCCH EPRE to NZP CSI-RS EPRE is assumed as 0 dB.

# 5 Physical downlink shared channel related procedures

## 5.1 UE procedure for receiving the physical downlink shared channel

For downlink, a maximum of 16 HARQ processes per cell are supported by the UE, or subject to UE capability, a maximum of 32 HARQ processes per cell as defined in [13, TS 38.306]. The number of processes the UE may assume will at most be used for the downlink is configured to the UE for each cell separately by higher layer parameter *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPDSCH* or *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPDSCH-v1700*, and when no configuration is provided the UE may assume a default number of 8 processes.

A UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH with a configured DCI format 1\_0, 1\_1, 1\_2, 1\_3, 4\_0, 4\_1, or 4\_2 decode the corresponding PDSCHs as indicated by that DCI. When the UE is scheduled with multiple PDSCHs on a serving cell by a DCI, HARQ process ID indicated by this DCI applies to the first PDSCH not overlapping with a UL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, HARQ process ID is then incremented by 1 for each subsequent PDSCH(s) in the scheduled order, with modulo operation of *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPDSCH* applied if *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPDSCH* is provided, or with modulo operation of *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPDSCH-v1700* applied if or *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPDSCH-v1700* is provided, or with modulo operation of 8 applied, otherwise. HARQ process ID is not incremented for PDSCH(s) not received if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot overlaps with a UL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided. When a UE is configured by the higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to 'tdmSchemeA', the PDSCH includes two PDSCH transmission occasions. For each PDSCH, if either PDSCH occasion overlaps with a UL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, the PDSCH is not received and HARQ process ID is not increment for the PDSCH. For any HARQ process ID(s) in a given scheduled cell, the UE is not expected to receive a PDSCH that overlaps in time with another PDSCH if the UE is not capable of receiving FDMed unicast and multicast PDSCH per slot per carrier. When HARQ feedback for the HARQ process ID is not disabled, or for the HARQ process associated with the first SPS PDSCH when *HARQ-feedbackEnablingforSPSactive* is provided and enabled, the UE is not expected to receive another PDSCH for a given HARQ process until after the end of the expected transmission of HARQ-ACK for that HARQ process, where the timing is given by Clause 9.2.3 of [6, TS 38.213]. For HARQ-ACK subject to HARQ-ACK deferral described in Clause 9.2.5.4 of [6 TS 38.213], the expected transmission of HARQ-ACK corresponds to the expected transmission HARQ-ACK in a first slot. When HARQ feedback for the HARQ process ID is disabled, the UE is not expected to receive another PDCCH carrying a DCI scheduling a PDSCH or set of slot-aggregated PDSCH scheduled for the given HARQ process or to receive another PDSCH without corresponding PDCCH for the given HARQ process that starts until Tproc,1 after the end of the reception of the last PDSCH or slot-aggregated PDSCH for that HARQ process. Except for the case when a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet* and PDCCHs that schedule two PDSCHs are associated to different *ControlResourceSets* having different values of *coresetPoolIndex,* in a given scheduled cell, the UE is not expected to receive a first PDSCH and a second PDSCH, starting later than the first PDSCH, with its corresponding HARQ-ACK assigned to be transmitted on a resource ending before the start of a different resource for the HARQ-ACK assigned to be transmitted for the first PDSCH, where the two resources are in different slots for the associated HARQ-ACK transmissions, each slot is composed of symbols [4] or a number of symbols indicated by *subslotLengthForPUCCH* if provided, and the HARQ-ACK for the two PDSCHs are associated with the HARQ-ACK codebook of the same priority. Except for the case when a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet* and PDCCHs that schedule two PDSCHs are associated to different *ControlResourceSets* having different values of *coresetPoolIndex,* in a given scheduled cell, the UE is not expected to receive a first PDSCH, and a second PDSCH, starting later than the first PDSCH, with its corresponding HARQ-ACK assigned to be transmitted on a resource ending before the start of a different resource for the HARQ-ACK assigned to be transmitted for the first PDSCH if the HARQ-ACK for the two PDSCHs are associated with HARQ-ACK codebooks of different priorities. For any two HARQ process IDs in a given scheduled cell, if the UE is scheduled to start receiving a first PDSCH starting in symbol *j* by a PDCCH ending in symbol *i* on a scheduling cell, the UE is not expected to be scheduled to receive a PDSCH starting earlier than the end of the first PDSCH with a PDCCH that ends later than symbol *i* of a scheduling cell,. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], the PDCCH ending in symbol *i* is determined based on the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time. In a given scheduled cell, for any PDSCH corresponding to SI-RNTI, the UE is not expected to decode a re-transmission of an earlier PDSCH with a starting symbol less than *N* symbols after the last symbol of that PDSCH, where the value of *N* depends on the PDSCH subcarrier spacing configuration *μ,* with *N*=13 for *μ*=0, *N*=13 for *μ*=1, *N*=20 for *μ*=2, *N*=24 for *μ*=3, *N*=96 for *m*=5, and *N*=192 for *m*=6.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled with SI-RNTI, P-RNTI, G-RNTI for broadcast, MCCH-RNTI, G-RNTI for multicast in RRC\_INACTIVE state or multicast-MCCH-RNTI, the UE may assume that the DM-RS port of PDSCH is quasi co-located with the associated SS/PBCH block with respect to Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay, delay spread, spatial RX parameters when applicable.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled with RA-RNTI, or MSGB-RNTI, the UE may assume that the DM-RS port of PDSCH is quasi co-located with the SS/PBCH block or the CSI-RS resource the UE used for RACH association as applicable, and transmission with respect to Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay, delay spread, spatial RX parameters when applicable. When receiving a PDSCH scheduled with RA-RNTI in response to a random access procedure triggered by a PDCCH order which triggers contention-free random access procedure for the SpCell [10, TS 38.321], the UE may assume that the DM-RS port of the received PDCCH order and the DM-RS ports of the corresponding PDSCH scheduled with RA-RNTI are quasi co-located with the same SS/PBCH block or CSI-RS with respect to Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay, delay spread, spatial RX parameters when applicable. If a UE is configured with *SSB-MTC-AddtionalPCI* and with *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*, and if the UE is configured with [*twoTAGs*]for the SpCell, if the UE attempts to detect the DCI format 1\_0 with CRC scrambled by the corresponding RA-RNTI or when receiving a PDSCH scheduled with RA-RNTI in response to a random access procedure triggered by a PDCCH order which triggers contention-free random access procedure for the SpCell [10, TS 38.321], and if the CORESET used for the PDCCH order transmission is not associated with the serving cell physical cell ID, the UE may assume that the DM-RS ports of the received PDSCH are quasi co-located with the DM-RS antenna port associated with PDCCH receptions in the CORESET for Type1-PDCCH CSS set with respect to Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay, delay spread, and spatial RX parameters when applicable.

When receiving PDSCH in response to a PUSCH transmission scheduled by a RAR UL grant or corresponding PUSCH retransmission, or when receiving PDSCH in response to a PUSCH for Type-2 random access procedure, or a PUSCH scheduled by a fallbackRAR UL grant or corresponding PUSCH retransmission, the UE may assume that the DM-RS port of PDSCH is quasi co-located with the SS/PBCH block the UE selected for RACH association and transmission with respect to Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay, delay spread, spatial RX parameters when applicable.

If the UE is not configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission for at least one serving cell configured with slot formats comprised of DL and UL symbols, and if the UE is not capable of simultaneous reception and transmission on serving cell *c1*and serving cell *c2*, the UE is not expected to receive PDSCH on serving cell *c1* if the PDSCH overlaps in time with SRS transmission (including any interruption due to uplink or downlink RF retuning time [10]) on serving cell *c2* not configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission.

The UE is not expected to decode a PDSCH in a serving cell scheduled by a PDCCH with C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, G-RNTI, G-CS-RNTI or MCCH-RNTI and one or multiple PDSCH(s) required to be received according to this Clause in the same serving cell without a corresponding PDCCH transmission if the PDSCHs partially or fully overlap in time except if the PDCCH scheduling the PDSCH ends at least 14 symbols before the earliest starting symbol of the PDSCH(s) without the corresponding PDCCH transmission, where *m* and the symbol duration are based on the smallest numerology between the scheduling PDCCH and the PDSCH, in which case the UE shall decode the PDSCH scheduled by the PDCCH. When the PDCCH reception incudes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the PDCCH with C-RNTI, CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI scheduling the PDSCH ends at least 14 symbols before the earliest starting symbol of the PDSCH(s) without the corresponding PDCCH transmission, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used.

The UE is not expected to decode a PDSCH scheduled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, G-RNTI for multicast or broadcast, MCCH-RNTI, multicast-MCCH-RNTI, G-CS-RNTI or CS-RNTI if another PDSCH in the same cell scheduled with RA-RNTI or MSGB-RNTI partially or fully overlap in time.

Furthermore, a UE indicating *supportOfRedCap-r18* capability but not indicating FG 48-2 is not expected to decode a PDSCH scheduled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, G-RNTI for multicast or broadcast, MCCH-RNTI, multicast-MCCH-RNTI, G-CS-RNTI or CS-RNTI in the same or next slot if another PDSCH in the same cell is scheduled with RA-RNTI or MSGB-RNTI, when the PDSCH scheduled with RA-RNTI or MSGB-RNTI is allocated more than 25 PRBs when configured with SCS m = 0 or more than 12 PRBs when configured with SCS m = 1.

The UE in RRC\_IDLE and RRC\_INACTIVE modes shall be able to decode two PDSCHs each scheduled with SI-RNTI, P-RNTI, RA-RNTI or TC-RNTI, where the PDSCH scheduled with TC-RNTI for a reduced capability UE

that indicates *supportOfRedCap-r18* is allocated no more than 25 PRBs when configured with SCS m = 0 or no more than 12 PRBs when configured with SCS m = 1, with the two PDSCHs partially or fully overlapping in time in non-overlapping PRBs.

The UE:

- is expected to decode PDSCH scheduled with MCCH-RNTI or multicast-MCCH-RNTI, and PBCH in PCell that partially or fully overlaps in time in non-overlapping PRBs in PCell.

- is not expected to decode PDSCH scheduled with G-RNTI for broadcast and PBCH in PCell that partially or fully overlaps in time in non-overlapping PRBs in PCell.

- is not expected to decode PDSCH scheduled with G-RNTI for multicast and PBCH in PCell that partially or fully overlaps in time in non-overlapping PRBs in PCell.

On a frequency range 1 cell, the UE shall be able to decode a PDSCH scheduled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI and, during a process of P-RNTI triggered SI acquisition, another PDSCH scheduled with SI-RNTI that partially or fully overlap in time in non-overlapping PRBs, unless the PDSCH scheduled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI requires Capability 2 processing time according to clause 5.3 in which case the UE may skip decoding of the scheduled PDSCH with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI.

On a frequency range 2 cell, the UE is not expected to decode a PDSCH scheduled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI if in the same cell, during a process of P-RNTI triggered SI acquisition, another PDSCH scheduled with SI-RNTI partially or fully overlap in time.

A UE that indicates *supportOfRedCap-r18* capability but does not indicate FG 48-2, during a process of P-RNTI triggered SI acquisition, when the total number of PRBs for the PDSCH scheduled with SI-RNTI and the PDSCH scheduled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI scheduled in the slot is larger than 25 PRBs if configured with SCS µ = 0 or larger than 12 PRBs if configured with SCS µ = 1, the UE may skip decoding of the scheduled PDSCH with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI.

The UE is expected to decode a PDSCH scheduled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI during a process of autonomous SI acquisition.

The maximum number of PDSCHs scheduled per slot per component carrier with C-RNTI/CS-RNTI and G-RNTI/G-CS-RNTI/MCCH-RNTI/multicast-MCCH-RNTI that the UE shall be able to decode is the same as the indicated UE capability for the number of unicast PDSCHs per slot per component carrier. If the UE is capable of receiving FDMed unicast and multicast PDSCH per slot per carrier, the UE shall be able to decode a PDSCH scheduled by a DCI format with C-RNTI or a PDSCH scheduled for a retransmission of a TB by a DCI format with CS-RNTI and a PDSCH scheduled by a DCI format with G-RNTI for multicast or a PDSCH scheduled for a retransmission of a TB by a DCI format with G-CS-RNTI or a PDSCH scheduled by a DCI format with multicast-MCCH-RNTI that partially or fully overlap in time in non-overlapping PRBs. If the UE is capable of receiving FDMed unicast and broadcast PDSCH per slot per carrier, the UE shall be able to decode a PDSCH scheduled by a DCI format with C-RNTI or a PDSCH scheduled for a retransmission of a TB by a DCI format with CS-RNTI and a PDSCH scheduled with G-RNTI for broadcast/MCCH-RNTI that partially or fully overlap in time in non-overlapping PRBs. For a reduced capability UE that indicates *supportOfRedCap-r18* but not indicating FG 48-2, if the UE is capable of receiving FDMed unicast and multicast/broadcast PDSCH per slot, the UE can decode the two PDSCHs, with the two PDSCHs partially or fully overlapping in time in non-overlapping PRBs,

- if the total number of PRBs allocated is no more than 25 PRBs when configured with SCS m = 0 or no more than 12 PRBs when configured with SCS m = 1,

- otherwise, the UE may skip decoding one of the two PDSCHs.

If the UE is configured by higher layers to decode a PDCCH with its CRC scrambled by a CS-RNTI or G-CS-RNTI, the UE shall receive PDSCH transmissions without corresponding PDCCH transmissions using the higher-layer-provided PDSCH configuration for those PDSCHs.

The UE is not expected to support reception of:

- FDMed broadcast MCCH PDSCH and broadcast MTCH PDSCH in PCell or SCell, or

- FDMed multiple broadcast MTCH PDSCHs in PCell or SCell, or

- FDMed broadcast MCCH/broadcast MTCH/multicast PDSCH and SIB PDSCH in PCell, or

- FDMed multicast PDSCHs in PCell or SCell, or

- FDMed multicast PDSCH and MCCH/broadcast MTCH PDSCH in PCell or SCell, or

- FDMed broadcast MCCH/broadcast MTCH/multicast PDSCH and paging PDSCH.

The UE in RRC\_INACTIVE state is not expected to support reception of:

- FDMed multicast MCCH PDSCH and multicast MTCH PDSCH in Pcell, or

- FDMed multiple multicast MTCH PDSCHs in Pcell, or

- FDMed broadcast MCCH/broadcast MTCH/multicast MCCH/multicast MTCH and SIB PDSCH in Pcell, or

- FDMed multicast MCCH/multicast MTCH and broadcast MCCH/broadcast MTCH in Pcell, or

- FDMed multicast MCCH/multicast MTCH and paging PDSCH in Pcell.

If a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*, the UE may expect to receive multiple PDCCHs scheduling fully/partially/non-overlapped PDSCHs in time and frequency domain. The UE may expect the reception of full/partially-overlapped PDSCHs in time, only when PDCCHs that schedule two PDSCHs are associated to different *ControlResourceSets* having different values of *coresetPoolIndex*. For a *ControlResourceSet* without *coresetPoolIndex*, the UE may assume that the *ControlResourceSet* is assigned with *coresetPoolIndex* as 0. When the UE is configured with *SSB-MTC-AdditionalPCI*, *ControlResourceSets* corresponding to different *coresetPoolIndex* values may be associated with different physical cell IDs via activated TCI states of the *ControlResourceSets*, where *ControlResourceSets* corresponding to one *coresetPoolIndex* is associated with the serving cell physical cell ID and *ControlResourceSets* corresponding to another *coresetPoolIndex* can be associated with another physical cell ID. When the UE is scheduled with full/partially/non-overlapped PDSCHs in time and frequency domain, the full scheduling information for receiving a PDSCH is indicated and carried only by the corresponding PDCCH, the UE is expected to be scheduled with the same active BWP and the same SCS. When the UE is scheduled with full/partially-overlapped PDSCHs in time and frequency domain, the UE can be scheduled with at most two codewords simultaneously. When PDCCHs that schedule two PDSCHs are associated to different *ControlResourceSets* having different values of *coresetPoolIndex,* the following operations are allowed:

- For any two HARQ process IDs in a given scheduled cell, if the UE is scheduled to start receiving a first PDSCH starting in symbol *j* by a PDCCH associated with a value of *coresetPoolIndex* ending in symbol *i*, the UE can be scheduled to receive a PDSCH starting earlier than the end of the first PDSCH with a PDCCH associated with a different value of *coresetPoolIndex* that ends later than symbol *i*.

- In a given scheduled cell, the UE can receive a first PDSCH in slot *i*, with the corresponding HARQ-ACK assigned to be transmitted in slot *j*, and a second PDSCH associated with a value of *coresetPoolIndex* different from that of the first PDSCH starting later than the first PDSCH with its corresponding HARQ-ACK assigned to be transmitted in a slot before slot *j*.

If PDCCHs that schedule corresponding PDSCHs are associated to the same or different *ControlResourceSets* having the same value of *coresetPoolIndex*, the UE procedure for receiving the PDSCH upon detection of a PDCCH follows Clause 5.1.

A UE does not expect to be configured with *repetitionScheme* if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *repetitionNumber* for the same PDSCH.

When a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to one of 'fdmSchemeA*'*, 'fdmSchemeB*'*, 'tdmSchemeA*'*, if the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* or if the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH and the UE is indicated with DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)'*.

- When the UE is set to 'fdmSchemeA*',* the UE shall receive a single PDSCH transmission occasion of the TB with each TCI state associated to a non-overlapping frequency domain resource allocation as described in Clause 5.1.2.3.

- When the UE is set to 'fdmSchemeB*'*, the UE shall receive two PDSCH transmission occasions of the same TB with each TCI state associated to a PDSCH transmission occasion which has non-overlapping frequency domain resource allocation with respect to the other PDSCH transmission occasion as described in Clause 5.1.2.3.

- When the UE is set to 'tdmSchemeA*'*, the UE shall receive two PDSCH transmission occasions of the same TB with each TCI state associated to a PDSCH transmission occasion which has non-overlapping time domain resource allocation with respect to the other PDSCH transmission occasion and both PDSCH transmission occasions shall be received within a given slot as described in Clause 5.1.2.1.

When a UE is configured by the higher layer parameter *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation*, the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* may expect to be indicated with one or two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* may expect to apply one or two indicated TCI states to the PDSCH, together with the DCI field '*Time domain resource assignment*' indicating an entry which contains *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation* and DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)'*.

- When two TCI states are indicated in a DCI with '*Transmission Configuration Indication*' field for the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH, the UE may expect to receive multiple slot level PDSCH transmission occasions of the same TB with two TCI states used across multiple PDSCH transmission occasions in the *repetitionNumber* consecutive slots as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1.

- When one TCI state is indicated in a DCI with '*Transmission Configuration Indication*' field for the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is having one indicated TCI states to be applied to PDSCH, the UE may expect to receive multiple slot level PDSCH transmission occasions of the same TB with one TCI state used across multiple PDSCH transmission occasions in the *repetitionNumber* consecutive slots as defined in Clause 5.1.2.1.

When a UE is not indicated with a DCI that DCI field '*Time domain resource assignment*' indicating an entry which contains *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation*, and it is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* for the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH, and is indicated with DM-RS port(s) within two CDM groups in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)'* and it is not configured with higher layer parameter *sfnSchemePDSCH*, the UE may expect to receive a single PDSCH where the association between the DM-RS ports and the TCI states are as defined in Clause 5.1.6.2.

When a UE is not indicated with a DCI that DCI field '*Time domain resource assignment*' indicating an entry which contains *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation*, and it is not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and is indicated with one TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication',* or it is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and is expected to apply one indicated TCI states to PDSCH, the UE procedure for receiving the PDSCH upon detection of a PDCCH follows Clause 5.1.

When a UE is configured with higher layer parameter *sfnSchemePDSCH* set to either *'*sfnSchemeA*'* or *'*sfnSchemeB*'* and

- if the UE reports its capability of *sfn-SchemeA-DynamicSwitching* or *sfn-SchemeB-DynamicSwitching*, the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is indicated with one or two TCI state(s) in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* in DCI format 1\_1/1\_2, or the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is having one or two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH

- otherwise, the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is not expected to be indicated with one TCI state per any of TCI codepoint by MAC CE, and the UE is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* in DCI format 1\_1/1\_2, or the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH

the UE procedure for receiving the PDSCH upon detection of a PDCCH follows clause 5.1 and the QCL assumption for the PDSCH as defined in clause 5.1.5.

When a UE is configured with both *sfnSchemePDSCH* and *sfnSchemePDCCH*, the UE shall expect that *sfnSchemePDSCH* and *sfnSchemePDCCH* are set to the same scheme, either *'*sfnSchemeA*'* or *'*sfnSchemeB*'*.

If a UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is configured with *sfnSchemePDCCH* set to 'sfnSchemeA' and activated with two TCI states by MAC CE, and the UE does not report its capability of *sfn-SchemeA-PDCCH-only*, the UE is expected to be configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH* set to *'sfnSchemeA'* and indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication',* if the PDSCH is scheduled by DCI format 1\_1/1\_2.

If a UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and having two indicated TCI-States is configured with *sfnSchemePdcch* set to 'sfnSchemeA' for a DL BWP and signaled by the higher layer parameter [applyIndicatedTCIState] to apply both indicated TCI-States to a PDCCH on a CORESET, and the UE does not report its capability of *sfn-SchemeA-PDCCH-only*, the UE is expected to be configured with *sfnSchemePdsch* set to *'sfnSchemeA'* and both indicated TCI-States are applicable to PDSCH, if the PDSCH is scheduled by DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 on the PDCCH.

If a UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is configured with *sfnSchemePDCCH* set to 'sfnSchemeB' and activated with two TCI states by MAC CE, the UE is expected to be configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH* set to *'sfnSchemeB'* and indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication',* if the PDSCH is scheduled by DCI format 1\_1/1\_2.

If a UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and having two indicated TCI-States is configured with *sfnSchemePdcch* set to 'sfnSchemeB' for a DL BWP, and signaled by the higher layer parameter [applyIndicatedTCIState] to apply both indicated TCI-States to a PDCCH on a CORESET, the UE is expected to be configured with *sfnSchemePdsch* set to *'sfnSchemeB'* and both indicated TCI-States are applicable to PDSCH*,* if the PDSCH is scheduled by DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 on the PDCCH.

When a UE is configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH* and/or *sfnSchemePDCCH*, the UE shall expect that the *sfnSchemePDSCH* and/or *sfnSchemePDCCH* configuration are the same within a CC, and the UE shall expect that the *sfnSchemePDSCH* and/or *sfnSchemePDCCH* configuration are the same in all CCs in a same frequency band if the UE is configured with CA, where the UE does not expect to be configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH* and/or *sfnSchemePDCCH* in initial BWP in each CC.

If more than one PDSCH on a serving cell each without a corresponding PDCCH transmission are in a slot, after resolving overlapping with symbols in the slot indicated as uplink by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon*, or by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated*, a UE receives one or more PDSCHs without corresponding PDCCH transmissions in the slot as specified below.

‒ Step 0: set *j=0*, where *j* is thenumber of selected PDSCH(s) for decoding. *Q* is the set of activated PDSCHs without corresponding PDCCH transmissions within the slot

‒ Step 1: A UE receives one PDSCH with the lowest configured *sps-ConfigIndex* within *Q*, set *j=j+1*. Designate the received PDSCH as survivor PDSCH.

‒ Step 2: The survivor PDSCH in step 1 and any other PDSCH(s) overlapping (even partially) with the survivor PDSCH in step 1 are excluded from *Q*.

‒ Step 3: Repeat step 1 and 2 until *Q* is empty or *j* is equal to the number of unicast/multicast PDSCHs in a slot supported by the UE.

For a cell detected in cell search procedure with synchronization raster defined in Table 5.4.3.1-2 or Table 5.4.3.1-3 of [8, TS 38.101-1], the size of CORESET 0 for the cell in this clause refers to the size of punctured CORESET 0 as defined in clause 7.3.2.2 of [4, TS 38.211] if any.

### 5.1.1 Transmission schemes

Only one transmission scheme is defined for the PDSCH, and is used for all PDSCH transmissions.

#### 5.1.1.1 Transmission scheme 1

For transmission scheme 1 of the PDSCH, the UE may assume that a gNB transmission on the PDSCH would be performed with up to 8 transmission layers on antenna ports 1000-1023 as defined in Clause 7.3.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211], subject to the DM-RS reception procedures in Clause 5.1.6.2.

### 5.1.2 Resource allocation

#### 5.1.2.1 Resource allocation in time domain

When the UE is scheduled to receive PDSCH by a DCI, the *Time domain resource assignment* field value *m* for the scheduled PDSCH on the serving cell provides a row index *m* + 1 to a resource allocation table. The determination of the used resource allocation table is defined in Clause 5.1.2.1.1. The indexed row defines the slot offset *K0*, the start and length indicator *SLIV*, or directly the start symbol *S* and the allocation length *L*, and the PDSCH mapping type to be assumed in the PDSCH reception.

Given the parameter values of the indexed row:

- The slot allocated for the PDSCH is *Ks*, where , if UE is configured with ca-SlotOffset for at least one of the scheduled and scheduling cell, and *Ks* = , otherwise, and where *n* is the slot with the scheduling DCI, and *K0* is based on the numerology of PDSCH, and  and are the subcarrier spacing configurations for PDSCH and PDCCH, respectively, and

- and are the and the, respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset, for the cell receiving the PDCCH respectively, and are the and the, respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell receiving the PDSCH, as defined in clause 4.5 of [4, TS 38.211].

- The reference point *S0* for starting symbol *S* is defined as:

- if configured with *referenceOfSLIVDCI-1-2*, and when receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, CS-RNTI with *K0=0*, and PDSCH mapping Type B, the starting symbol *S* is relative to the starting symbol *S0* of the PDCCH monitoring occasion where DCI format 1\_2 is detected; when the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], the PDCCH candidate that starts later in time is used for the purpose of determining the starting symbol *S0*;

- otherwise, the starting symbol *S* is relative to the start of the slot using *S0=0.*

- The number of consecutive symbols *L* counting from the starting symbol *S* allocated for the PDSCH are determined from the start and length indicator *SLIV*:

if  then



else



where, and

- the PDSCH mapping type is set to Type A or Type B as defined in Clause 7.4.1.1.2 of [4, TS 38.211].

The UE shall consider the *S* and *L* combinations defined in table 5.1.2.1-1 satisfying  for normal cyclic prefix and  for extended cyclic prefix as valid PDSCH allocations:

Table 5.1.2.1-1: Valid *S* and *L* combinations

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| PDSCH mapping type | Normal cyclic prefix | | | Extended cyclic prefix | | |
| *S* | *L* | *S+L* | *S* | *L* | *S+L* |
| Type A | {0,1,2,3}  (Note 1) | {3,…,14} | {3,…,14} | {0,1,2,3}  (Note 1) | {3,…,12} | {3,…,12} |
| Type B | {0,…,12} | {2,…,13} | {2,…,14} | {0,…,10} | {2,4,6} | {2,…,12} |
| Note 1: S = 3 is applicable only if *dmrs-TypeA-Position* = 3 | | | | | | |

When configured with SCS m = 5 or m = 6, the UE does not expect to be scheduled with more than one unicast PDSCH in a slot, by a single DCI scheduling multiple PDSCHs or by multiple DCIs, where multiple DCIs are not associated with CORESETs having different *coresetpoolIndex*.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_1, 1\_2 or 1\_3 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or scheduled by DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_2 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI with NDI=1, if the UE is configured with *pdsch-AggregationFactor* in *pdsch-config*, the same symbol allocation is applied across the *pdsch-AggregationFactor* consecutive slots. When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_2 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI with NDI=0, or PDSCH scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *sps-Config* and activated by DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_2, the same symbol allocation is applied across the *pdsch-AggregationFactor*, in *sps-Config* if configured, or across the *pdsch-AggregationFactor* in *pdsch-config* otherwise, consecutive slots. The UE may expect that the TB is repeated within each symbol allocation among each of the *pdsch-AggregationFactor* consecutive slots and the PDSCH is limited to a single transmission layer. For PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_2 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI with NDI=0, or PDSCH scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *sps-Config* and activated by DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_2, the UE is not expected to be configured with the time duration for the reception of *pdsch-AggregationFactor* repetitions, in *sps-Config* if configured, or across the *pdsch-AggregationFactor* in *pdsch-config* otherwise, larger than the time duration derived by the periodicity P obtained from the corresponding *sps-Config*. The redundancy version to be applied on the *n*th transmission occasion of the TB, where *n* = 0, 1, …*pdsch-AggregationFactor* -1, is determined according to table 5.1.2.1-2 and "*rvid* indicated by the DCI scheduling the PDSCH" in table 5.1.2.1-2 is assumed to be 0 for PDSCH scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *sps-Config* and activated by DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_2.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 4\_1, or 4\_2 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast, if the UE is configured with *pdsch-AggregationFactor* in the *MBS-RNTI-SpecificConfig* associated withthe corresponding G-RNTI for multicast, the same symbol allocation is applied across the *pdsch-AggregationFactor* consecutive slots. When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 4\_1 or 4\_2 for multicast reception in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by G-CS-RNTI, or PDSCH without corresponding PDCCH transmission using associated *SPS-Config* and activated by the DCI format 4\_1 or 4\_2 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by G-CS-RNTI, the same symbol allocation is applied across the *pdsch-AggregationFactor* in associated *SPS-Config* if configured, or across *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* if provided by an entry indicated by the 'Time domain resource assignment' field of the activating DCI, or 1 otherwise, consecutive slots. The redundancy version to be applied on the *n*th transmission occasion of the TB, where *n* = 0, 1, …*pdsch-AggregationFactor* -1, is determined according to table 5.1.2.1-2 and "rvid indicated by the DCI scheduling the PDSCH" in table 5.1.2.1-2 is assumed to be 0 for PDSCH scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *SPS-Config* and activated by DCI format 4\_1 or 4\_2. When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 4\_1 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast in RRC\_INACTIVE state, if the UE is configured with *pdsch-AggregationFactor* in the *PDSCH-ConfigPTM-r18* for multicast in RRC\_INACTIVE state, the same symbol allocation is applied across the *pdsch-AggregationFactor* consecutive slots, and the redundancy version to be applied on the *n*th transmission occasion of the TB, where *n* = 0, 1, …*pdsch-AggregationFactor* -1, is determined according to table 5.1.2.1-2. When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 4\_0 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for broadcast, if the UE is configured with *pdsch-AggregationFactor* in the *PDSCH-ConfigPTM*, the same symbol allocation is applied across the *pdsch-AggregationFactor* consecutive slots, and the redundancy version to be applied on the *n*th transmission occasion of the TB, where *n* = 0, 1, …*pdsch-AggregationFactor* -1, is determined according to table 5.1.2.1-2.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by G-CS-RNTI for multicast reception or G-RNTI, if the DCI field 'Time domain resource assignment' indicates an entry which contains *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation* in the *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*, or *pdsch-Config-MTCH,* or *PDSCH-Config-Broadcast*,the same SLIV is applied for all PDSCH transmission occasions across the *repetitionNumber* consecutive slots. When receiving PDSCH scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using associated *SPS-Config* and activated by DCI in PDCCH with CRC scrambled by G-CS-RNTI for multicast reception, if the DCI field 'Time domain resource assignment' of the activating DCI indicates an entry which contains *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation* in the *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*,the same SLIV is applied for all PDSCH transmission occasions across the *repetitionNumber* consecutive slots. The redundancy version to be applied on the *n*th transmission occasion of the TB, where *n* = 0, 1, …*repetitionNumber* -1, is determined according to table 5.1.2.1-2 and "*rvid* indicated by the DCI scheduling the PDSCH" in table 5.1.2.1-2 is assumed to be 0 for PDSCH scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *sps-Config* and activated by DCI format with CRC scrambled by G-CS-RNTI.

If a UE is configured with higher layer parameter *repetitionNumber* or if the UE is configured by *repetitionScheme* set to one of 'fdmSchemeA', 'fdmSchemeB' and 'tdmSchemeA', the UE does not expect to be configured with *pdsch-AggregationFactor* for the same PDSCH.

If a UE is configured with *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple SLIVs for PDSCH, the UE does not expect to be configured with higher layer parameter *repetitionNumber* in *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*.

If a UE is configured with *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple SLIVs for PDSCH on a DL BWP of a serving cell, the UE does not apply *pdsch-AggregationFactor* in *PDSCH-config*, if configured, to DCI format 1\_1 on the DL BWP of the serving cell.

If a UE is configured with *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple *SLIV*s for PDSCH on a DL BWP of a serving cell, when any two DL DCIs end in the same symbol and at least one of the DCIs schedules multiple PDSCHs, the UE does not expect that the scheduled PDSCH(s) by the two DCIs have overlapping spans, where the span associated with a DCI is defined from the beginning of the first scheduled PDSCH or up to the end of the last scheduled PDSCH.

If a UE is configured with *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple SLIVs for PDSCH on a DL BWP of a serving cell within a PUCCH group, the UE does not expect to be configured with higher layer parameter *ScheduledCell-ListDCI-1-3* on any serving cell within the PUCCH group.

Table 5.1.2.1-2: Applied redundancy version when *pdsch-AggregationFactor* or *repetitionNumber* is present

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *rvid* indicated by the DCI scheduling the PDSCH | *rvid* to be applied to *n*th transmission occasion | | | |
| *n* mod 4 = 0 | *n* mod 4 = 1 | *n* mod 4 = 2 | *n* mod 4 = 3 |
| 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 |

A PDSCH reception in a slot of a multi-slot PDSCH reception is omitted according to the conditions in clause 11.1 and clause 17.2 of [6, TS38.213].

The UE is not expected to receive a PDSCH with mapping type A in a slot, if the PDCCH scheduling the PDSCH was received in the same slot and was not contained within the first three symbols of the slot. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], if the two PDCCH candidates scheduling the PDSCH with mapping Type A were received in the same slot as the PDSCH, both PDCCH candidates are expected to be contained within the first three symbols of the slot.

The UE is not expected to receive a PDSCH with mapping type B in a slot, if the first symbol of the PDCCH scheduling the PDSCH was received in a later symbol than the first symbol indicated in the PDSCH time domain resource allocation. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], the UE is not expected to receive a PDSCH with mapping type B in a slot, if the first symbol of the PDCCH candidate that starts later in time scheduling the PDSCH was received in a later symbol than the first symbol indicated in the PDSCH time domain resource allocation.

When the UE is configured with *minimumSchedulingOffsetK0* in an active DL BWP it applies a minimum scheduling offset restriction indicated by the 'Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator'field in DCI format 0\_1, 0\_3, 1\_1 or 1\_3, if the same field is available. When the UE is configured with *minimumSchedulingOffsetK0* in an active DL BWP and it has not received 'Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator' field in DCI format 0\_1, 0\_3, 1\_1 or 1\_3, the UE shall apply a minimum scheduling offset restriction indicated based on 'Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator' value '0'. When the minimum scheduling offset restriction is applied the UE is not expected to be scheduled with a DCI in slot *n* to receive a PDSCH scheduled with C-RNTI, CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI with *K*0 smaller than , where *K*0minand are the applied minimum scheduling offset restriction and the numerology of the active DL BWP of the scheduled cell when receiving the DCI in slot *n,* respectively, and is the numerology of the new active DL BWP in case of active DL BWP change in the scheduled cell and is equal to , otherwise. The minimum scheduling offset restriction is not applied when PDSCH transmission is scheduled with C-RNTI, CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI in common search space associated with CORESET0 and default PDSCH time domain resource allocation is used, in the search space set provided by *recoverySearchSpaceId* when monitoring PDCCH as described in [6, TS 38.213] or when PDSCH transmission is scheduled with SI-RNTI, MSGB-RNTI or RA-RNTI. The application delay of the change of the minimum scheduling offset restriction is determined in Clause 5.3.1.

The UE is not expected to be configured with *referenceOfSLIVDCI-1-2* for serving cells configured for cross-carrier scheduling with a scheduling cell of a different downlink SCS configuration.

When a UE is configured by the higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to 'tdmSchemeA*'* and indicated DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)'*, the number of PDSCH transmission occasions is derived by the number of TCI states indicated by the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* of the scheduling DCI for the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, or by the number of indicated TCI states when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList.*

- If two TCI states are indicated by the DCI field '*Transmission Configuration Indication*' for a UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, or both indicated TCI states applicable to PDSCH for a UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, the UE is expected to receive two PDSCH transmission occasions, where the first TCI state is applied to the first PDSCH transmission occasion and resource allocation in time domain for the first PDSCH transmission occasion follows Clause 5.1.2.1. The second TCI state is applied to the second PDSCH transmission occasion, and the second PDSCH transmission occasion shall have the same number of symbols as the first PDSCH transmission occasion. If the UE is configured by the higher layers with a value in *StartingSymbolOffsetK*, it shall determine that the first symbol of the second PDSCH transmission occasion starts after symbols from the last symbol of the first PDSCH transmission occasion. If the value is not configured via the higher layer parameter *StartingSymbolOffsetK*, = 0 shall be assumed by the UE. The UE is not expected to receive more than two PDSCH transmission layers for each PDSCH transmission occasion. For two PDSCH transmission occasions, the redundancy version to be applied is derived according to Table 5.1.2.1-2, where applied respectively to the first and second TCI state. The UE expects the PDSCH mapping type indicated by DCI field '*Time domain resource assignment*' to be mapping type B, and the indicated PDSCH mapping type is applied to both PDSCH transmission occasions.

- Otherwise, the UE is expected to receive a single PDSCH transmission occasion, and the resource allocation in the time domain follows Clause 5.1.2.1.

When a UE configured by the higher layer parameter *PDSCH-config* that indicates at least one entry contains*repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation*,

- If two TCI states are indicated by the DCI field 'Transmission Configuration Indication' for a UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, or both indicated TCI states applicable to PDSCH for a UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, together with the DCI field 'Time domain resource assignment' indicating an entry which contains *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation* and DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field 'Antenna Port(s)', the same SLIV is applied for all PDSCH transmission occasions across the *repetitionNumber* consecutive slots, the first TCI state is applied to the first PDSCH transmission occasion and resource allocation in time domain for the first PDSCH transmission occasion follows Clause 5.1.2.1.

When the value indicated by *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation* equals to two, the second TCI state is applied to the second PDSCH transmission occasion. When the value indicated by *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation* is larger than two, the UE may be further configured to enable *cyclicMapping* or *sequenticalMapping* in *tciMapping*.

- When *cyclicMapping* is enabled, the first and second TCI states are applied to the first and second PDSCH transmission occasions, respectively, and the same TCI mapping pattern continues to the remaining PDSCH transmission occasions.

- When *sequenticalMapping* is enabled, first TCI state is applied to the first and second PDSCH transmission occasions, and the second TCI state is applied to the third and fourth PDSCH transmission occasions, and the same TCI mapping pattern continues to the remaining PDSCH transmission occasions.

The UE may expect that each PDSCH transmission occasion is limited to two transmission layers. For all PDSCH transmission occasions associated with the first TCI state, the redundancy version to be applied is derived according to Table 5.1.2.1-2, where is counted only considering PDSCH transmission occasions associated with the first TCI state. The redundancy version for PDSCH transmission occasions associated with the second TCI state is derived according to Table 5.1.2.1-3, where additional shifting operation for each redundancy version is configured by higher layer parameter *sequenceOffsetforRV* and is counted only considering PDSCH transmission occasions associated with the second TCI state.

Table 5.1.2.1-3: Applied redundancy version for the second TCI state when *sequenceOffsetforRV* is present

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *rvid* indicated by the DCI scheduling the PDSCH | *rvid* to be applied to *n*th transmission occasion with second TCI state | | | |
| *n* mod 4 = 0 | *n* mod 4 = 1 | *n* mod 4 = 2 | *n* mod 4 = 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

- If one TCI state is indicated by the DCI field 'Transmission Configuration Indication' for a UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, or one indicated TCI states applicable to PDSCH for a UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, together with the DCI field 'Time domain resource assignment' indicating an entry which contains *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation* and DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field 'Antenna Port(s)', the same SLIV is applied for all PDSCH transmission occasions across the *repetitionNumber* consecutive slots, the first PDSCH transmission occasion follows Clause 5.1.2.1, the same TCI state is applied to all PDSCH transmission occasions. The UE may expect that each PDSCH transmission occasion is limited to two transmission layers. For all PDSCH transmission occasions, the redundancy version to be applied is derived according to Table 5.1.2.1-2, where is counted considering PDSCH transmission occasions.

- Otherwise, the UE is expected to receive a single PDSCH transmission occasion, and the resource allocation in the time domain follows Clause 5.1.2.1.

For *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* in *pdsch-Config* each PDSCH has a separate SLIV, mapping type and *K0*. The number of scheduled PDSCHs is signalled by the number of indicated SLIVs in the row of the *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* signalled in DCI format 1\_1.

If a UE is configured with *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple *SLIV*s for PDSCH on a DL BWP of a serving cell, and the UE is indicated re-transmission of PDSCH corresponding to a DL SPS by DCI format 1\_1, the UE does not expect that the number of indicated *SLIV*s in the row of the *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* by the DCI is more than one.

If a UE is configured with *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple *SLIV*s for PDSCH on a DL BWP of a serving cell, the UE does not expect to be scheduled with one or multiple PDSCH receptions by a single DCI format 1\_1, where each PDSCH reception overlaps with a UL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided.

##### 5.1.2.1.1 Determination of the resource allocation table to be used for PDSCH

Table 5.1.2.1.1-1 and Table 5.1.2.1.1-1A define which PDSCH time domain resource allocation configuration to apply. Either a default PDSCH time domain allocation A, B or C according to tables 5.1.2.1.1-2, 5.1.2.1.1-3, 5.1.2.1.1-4 and 5.1.2.1.1-5 is applied, or the higher layer configured *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* or *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* or *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-1-2* is applied. For operation with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, as described in [16, TS 37.213], UE reinterprets *S* and *L* in row 9 of Table 5.1.2.1.1-2 as *S=6* and *L=7*.

Table 5.1.2.1.1-1: Applicable PDSCH time domain resource allocation for DCI formats 1\_0, 1\_1, 1\_3, 4\_0, 4\_1 and 4\_2

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **RNTI** | **PDCCH search space** | **SS/PBCH block and CORESET multiplexing pattern** | ***PDSCH-ConfigCommon* includes *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList*** | ***PDSCH-Config* includes *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList*** | ***pdsch-ConfigMCCH / pdsch-ConfigMTCH*  includes *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList***  ***Or***  ***pdsch-ConfigMulticast* includes *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList*** | ***PDSCH-Config* includes *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*** | **PDSCH time domain resource allocation to apply** |
| SI-RNTI | Type0 common | 1 | - | - | - | - | Default A for normal CP |
| 2 | - | - | - | - | Default B |
| 3 | - | - | - | - | Default C |
| SI-RNTI | Type0A common | 1 | No | - | - | - | Default A |
| 2 | No | - | - | - | Default B |
| 3 | No | - | - | - | Default C |
| 1,2,3 | Yes | - | - | - | *Pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-ConfigCommon* |
| RA-RNTI, MSGB-RNTI, TC-RNTI | Type1 common | 1,2,3 | No | - | - | - | Default A |
| 1,2,3 | Yes | - | - | - | *Pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-ConfigCommon* |
| P-RNTI | Type2 common | 1 | No | - | - | - | Default A |
| 2 | No | - | - | - | Default B |
| 3 | No | - | - | - | Default C |
| 1,2,3 | Yes | - | - | - | *Pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-ConfigCommon* |
| MCCH-RNTI, multicast-MCCH-RNTI | Type 0/0B/3 common for broadcast or muticast | 1 | No | - | No | *-* | Default A |
| 2 | No | - | No | *-* | Default B |
| 3 | No | - | No | *-* | Default C |
| 1,2,3 | Yes | - | No | *-* | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-ConfigCommon* |
| 1,2,3 | No/Yes | - | Yes | *-* | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList provided in pdsch-ConfigMCCH* |
| G-RNTI for broadcast or muticast | Type 0/0B/3 common for broadcast or muticast | 1 | No | - | No | *-* | Default A |
| 2 | No | - | No | *-* | Default B |
| 3 | No | - | No | *-* | Default C |
| 1,2,3 | Yes | - | No | *-* | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-ConfigCommon* |
| 1,2,3 | No/Yes | - | Yes | *-* | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pdsch-ConfigMTCH,* if configured, otherwise *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pdsch-ConfigMCCH* |
| C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, CS-RNTI | Any common search space associated with CORESET 0 | 1, 2, 3 | No | - | - | - | Default A |
| 1, 2, 3 | Yes | - | - | *-* | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-ConfigCommon* |
| C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, CS-RNTI | Any common search space not associated with CORESET 0  UE specific search space | 1,2,3 | No | No | - | - | Default A |
| 1,2,3 | Yes | No | - | *-* | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-ConfigCommon* |
| 1,2,3 | No/Yes | Yes | - | *-* | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-Config* |
| 1,2,3 | No/Yes | - | - | Yes | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* provided in *PDSCH-Config (Note 2)* |
| G-RNTI for multicast, G-CS-RNTI | Type 3 common search space for multicast | 1,2,3 | No | - | No | - | *Default A* |
| 1,2,3 | Yes | - | No | - | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-ConfigCommon (Note 1)* |
| 1,2,3 | No/Yes | - | Yes | - | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*  *(Note 1)* |
| Note 1: For a UE that supports multicast, the same TDRA table applies to all G-RNTIs and G-CS-RNTIs (configured for multicast) if configured on a given serving cell.  Note 2: If *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* is provided, it is applicable to DCI format 1\_1 only. | | | | | | | |

Table 5.1.2.1.1-1A: Applicable PDSCH time domain resource allocation for DCI format 1\_2

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *PDSCH-ConfigCommon* includes *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* | *PDSCH-Config includes pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* | *PDSCH-Config* includes *pdsch- TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-1-2* | PDSCH time domain resource allocation to apply |
| No | No | No | Default A |
| Yes | No | No | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-ConfigCommon* |
| No/Yes | Yes | No | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *PDSCH-Config* |
| No/Yes | No/Yes | Yes | *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-1-2* provided in *PDSCH-Config* |

Table 5.1.2.1.1-2: Default PDSCH time domain resource allocation A for normal CP

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Row index | *dmrs-TypeA-Position* | PDSCH mapping type | *K0* | *S* | *L* |
| 1 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 12 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 11 |
| 2 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 10 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 9 |
| 3 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 9 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 8 |
| 4 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 7 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| 5 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 5 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| 6 | 2 | Type B | 0 | 9 | 4 |
| 3 | Type B | 0 | 10 | 4 |
| 7 | 2 | Type B | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 3 | Type B | 0 | 6 | 4 |
| 8 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 5 | 7 |
| 9 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| 10 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 9 | 2 |
| 11 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 12 | 2 |
| 12 | 2,3 | Type A | 0 | 1 | 13 |
| 13 | 2,3 | Type A | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| 14 | 2,3 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| 15 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 4 | 7 |
| 16 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 8 | 4 |

Table 5.1.2.1.1-3: Default PDSCH time domain resource allocation A for extended CP

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Row index | *dmrs-TypeA-Position* | PDSCH mapping type | *K0* | *S* | *L* |
| 1 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 5 |
| 2 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 10 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 9 |
| 3 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 9 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 8 |
| 4 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 7 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| 5 | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 5 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| 6 | 2 | Type B | 0 | 6 | 4 |
| 3 | Type B | 0 | 8 | 2 |
| 7 | 2 | Type B | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 3 | Type B | 0 | 6 | 4 |
| 8 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 5 | 6 |
| 9 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| 10 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 9 | 2 |
| 11 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 10 | 2 |
| 12 | 2,3 | Type A | 0 | 1 | 11 |
| 13 | 2,3 | Type A | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| 14 | 2,3 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| 15 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 4 | 6 |
| 16 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 8 | 4 |

Table 5.1.2.1.1-4: Default PDSCH time domain resource allocation B

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Row index** | ***dmrs-TypeA-Position*** | **PDSCH mapping type** | ***K0*** | ***S*** | ***L*** |
| 1 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| 3 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 6 | 2 |
| 4 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 8 | 2 |
| 5 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 10 | 2 |
| 6 | 2,3 | Type B | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 7 | 2,3 | Type B | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| 8 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| 9 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 10 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 6 | 4 |
| 11 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 8 | 4 |
| 12 (Note 1) | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 10 | 4 |
| 13 (Note 1) | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 2 | 7 |
| 14 (Note 1) | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 12 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 11 |
| 15 | 2,3 | Type B | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| 16 | Reserved | | | | |
| Note 1: If the PDSCH was scheduled with SI-RNTI in PDCCH Type0 common search space, the UE may assume that this PDSCH resource allocation is not applied | | | | | |

Table 5.1.2.1.1-5: Default PDSCH time domain resource allocation C

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Row index** | ***dmrs-TypeA-Position*** | **PDSCH mapping type** | ***K0*** | ***S*** | ***L*** |
| 1 (Note 1) | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| 3 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 6 | 2 |
| 4 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 8 | 2 |
| 5 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 10 | 2 |
| 6 (Note 2) | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 11 | 2 |
| 7 | Reserved | | | | |
| 8 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| 9 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 10 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 6 | 4 |
| 11 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 8 | 4 |
| 12 | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 10 | 4 |
| 13 (Note 1) | 2,3 | Type B | 0 | 2 | 7 |
| 14 (Note 1) | 2 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 12 |
| 3 | Type A | 0 | 3 | 11 |
| 15 (Note 1) | 2,3 | Type A | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| 16 (Note 1) | 2,3 | Type A | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| Note 1: The UE may assume that this PDSCH resource allocation is not used, if the PDSCH was scheduled with SI-RNTI in PDCCH Type0 common search space  Note 2: This applies for Case F and Case G candidate SS/PBCH block pattern described in clause 4 of [6, TS 38.213] | | | | | |

#### 5.1.2.2 Resource allocation in frequency domain

Two downlink resource allocation schemes, type 0 and type 1, are supported. The UE shall assume that when the scheduling grant is received with DCI format 1\_0, 4\_0 or 4\_1 then downlink resource allocation type 1 is used.

If the scheduling DCI is configured to indicate the downlink resource allocation type as part of the '*Frequency domain resource assignment'* field by setting a higher layer parameter *resourceAllocation* in *PDSCH-Config* to 'dynamicSwitch', for DCI format 1\_1 or setting a higher layer parameter *resourceAllocationDCI-1-2* in *PDSCH-Config* to 'dynamicSwitch' for DCI format 1\_2 or setting a higher layer parameter *resourceAllocationDCI-1-3* in *PDSCH-Config* to 'dynamicSwitch' for DCI format 1\_3 or setting a higher layer parameter *resourceAllocation* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* to 'dynamicSwitch' for DCI format 4\_2, the UE shall use downlink resource allocation type 0 or type 1 as defined by this DCI field. Otherwise the UE shall use the downlink frequency resource allocation type as defined by the higher layer parameter *resourceAllocation* in *PDSCH-Config* for DCI format 1\_1 or by the higher layer parameter *resourceAllocationDCI-1-2* for DCI format 1\_2 or by the higher layer parameter *resourceAllocationDCI-1-3* for DCI format 1\_3 or by the higher layer parameter *resourceAllocation* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* for DCI format 4\_2.

If a bandwidth part indicator field is not configured in the scheduling DCI or the UE does not support active BWP change via DCI, the RB indexing for downlink type 0 and type 1 resource allocation is determined within the UE's active bandwidth part. If a bandwidth part indicator field is configured in the scheduling DCI and the UE supports active BWP change via DCI, the RB indexing for downlink type 0 and type 1 resource allocation is determined within the UE's bandwidth part indicated by bandwidth part indicator field value in the DCI. The UE shall upon detection of PDCCH intended for the UE determine first the downlink bandwidth part and then the resource allocation within the bandwidth part.

For a PDSCH scheduled with a DCI format 1\_0 in any type of PDCCH common search space, regardless of which bandwidth part is the active bandwidth part, RB numbering starts from the lowest RB of the CORESET in which the DCI was received; otherwise RB numbering starts from the lowest RB in the determined downlink bandwidth part. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the downlink RB set of a PDSCH when scheduled by DCI format 1\_0, the CORESET with lower ID among two CORESETs associated with two PDCCH candidates is used.

##### 5.1.2.2.1 Downlink resource allocation type 0

In downlink resource allocation of type 0, the resource block assignment information includes a bitmap indicating the Resource Block Groups (RBGs) that are allocated to the scheduled UE where a RBG is a set of consecutive virtual resource blocks defined by higher layer parameter *rbg-Size* configured by *PDSCH-Config* for DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_2 or by higher layer parameter *rbg-SizeDCI-1-3* configured by *PDSCH-Config* for DCI format 1­\_3 and the size of the bandwidth part as defined in Table 5.1.2.2.1-1.

Table 5.1.2.2.1-1: Nominal RBG size *P*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Bandwidth Part Size | Configuration 1 | Configuration 2 | Configuration 3 |
| 1 – 36 | 2 | 4 | 8 |
| 37 – 72 | 4 | 8 | 16 |
| 73 – 144 | 8 | 16 | 32 |
| 145 – 275 | 16 | 16 | 32 |

The total number of RBGs () for a downlink bandwidth part *i* of size PRBs is given by , where

- the size of the first RBG is ,

- the size of last RBG is if and *P* otherwise,

- the size of all other RBGs is *P*.

In downlink resource allocation of type 0 scheduled using a DCI with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast or G-CS-RNTI, the resource block assignment information bitmap is calculated based on the description above with the following changes: the parameter is the starting PRB of the CFR, is the size of the common frequency resource (CFR) and the value of the higher layer parameter *rbg-Size* is configured by *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*.

The bitmap is of size bits with one bitmap bit per RBG such that each RBG is addressable. The RBGs shall be indexed in the order of increasing frequency and starting at the lowest frequency of the bandwidth part. The order of RBG bitmap is such that RBG 0 to RBG are mapped from MSB to LSB. The RBG is allocated to the UE if the corresponding bit value in the bitmap is 1, the RBG is not allocated to the UE otherwise.

##### 5.1.2.2.2 Downlink resource allocation type 1

In downlink resource allocation of type 1, the resource block assignment information indicates to a scheduled UE a set of contiguously allocated non-interleaved or interleaved virtual resource blocks within the active bandwidth part of size  PRBs except for the case when DCI format 1\_0 is decoded in any common search space in which case the size of CORESET 0 shall be used if CORESET 0 is configured for the cell and the size of initial DL bandwidth part shall be used if CORESET 0 is not configured for the cell.

A downlink type 1 resource allocation field consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*) corresponding to a starting virtual resource block () and a length in terms of contiguously allocated resource blocks. The resource indication value is defined by

if  then



else



where≥ 1 and shall not exceed .

When the DCI size for DCI format 1\_0 in USS is derived from the size of DCI format 1\_0 in CSS but applied to an active BWP with size of , a downlink type 1 resource block assignment field consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*) corresponding to a starting resource block and a length in terms of virtually contiguously allocated resource blocks , where  is given by

- the size of CORESET 0 if CORESET 0 is configured for the cell;

- the size of initial DL bandwidth part if CORESET 0 is not configured for the cell.

The resource indication value is defined by:

if  then



else



where, and where shall not exceed .

If , *K* is the maximum value from set {1, 2, 4, 8} which satisfies ; otherwise *K* = 1.

When the scheduling grant is received with DCI format 1\_2 or 1\_3, a downlink type 1 resource allocation field consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*) corresponding to a starting resource block group *RBGstart*=0, 1, …, *NRBG*-1 and a length in terms of virtually contiguously allocated resource block groups *LRBGs*=1, …, *NRBG*, where the resource block groups are defined as in 5.1.2.2.1 with *P* defined by *resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-1-2* for DCI format 1\_2 and *resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-1-3* for DCI format 1\_3 if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-1-2* or *resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-1-3*, and *P*=1 otherwise*.* The resource indication value is defined by

if  then



else



where≥ 1 and shall not exceed .

##### 5.1.2.2.3 Downlink resource allocation type 1 for multicast/broadcast

In downlink resource allocation of type 1 scheduled using DCI format 4\_0 or DCI format 4\_1 with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI, G-CS-RNTI, MCCH-RNTI or multicast-MCCH-RNTI, the resource block assignment information indicates to a scheduled UE a set of contiguously allocated non-interleaved or interleaved virtual resource blocks.

A downlink type 1 resource block assignment field in the DCI format 4\_0 or DCI format 4\_1 consists of a *RIV* corresponding to a starting resource block in reference to the lowest RB of the CFR and a length in terms of virtually contiguously allocated resource blocks LRBs, where  is given by

- the size of CORESET 0 if CORESET 0 is configured for the cell;

- the size of initial DL bandwidth part if CORESET 0 is not configured for the cell.

The resource indication value is defined by:

if  then



else



where, and where shall not exceed .

If , *K* is the maximum value from set {1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12} which satisfies ; otherwise *K* = 1.

In downlink resource allocation of type 1 scheduled using DCI format 4\_2 with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast or G-CS-RNTI, the description in clause 5.1.2.2.2 with the following changes:  corresponds to a starting resource block in reference to the lowest RB of the CFR and  is the size of the CFR.

#### 5.1.2.3 Physical resource block (PRB) bundling

The PRB bundling procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_2, by applying the parameters of *prb-BundlingTypeDCI-1-2* instead of *prb-BundlingType* as well as *vrb-ToPRB-InterleaverDCI-1-2* instead of *vrb-ToPRB-Interleaver*. The PRB bundling procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_3. The PRB bundling procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 4\_2, by applying the parameters of *prb-BundlingType* given by *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* as well as *vrb-ToPRB-Interleaver* given by *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*.

A UE may assume that precoding granularity is  consecutive resource blocks in the frequency domain.  can be equal to one of the values among {2, 4, wideband}.

If  is determined as "wideband", the UE is not expected to be scheduled with non-contiguous PRBs and the UE may assume that the same precoding is applied to the allocated resource associated with a same TCI state or a same QCL assumption.

If  is determined as one of the values among {2, 4}, Precoding Resource Block Group (PRGs) partitions the bandwidth part *i* with  consecutive PRBs. Actual number of consecutive PRBs in each PRG could be one or more.

The first PRG size is given by  and the last PRG size given by  if , and the last PRG size is if . For PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI scrambled using G-RNTI or G-CS-RNTI, is the starting PRB of the CFR and is the CFR.

The UE may assume the same precoding is applied for any downlink contiguous allocation of PRBs in a PRG.

For PDSCH carrying SIB1 scheduled by PDCCH with CRC scrambled by SI-RNTI, a PRG is partitioned from the lowest numbered resource block of CORESET 0 if the corresponding PDCCH is associated with CORESET 0 and Type0-PDCCH common search space and is addressed to SI-RNTI; otherwise, a PRG is partitioned from common resource block 0.

If a UE is scheduled a PDSCH with DCI format 1\_0 or 4\_0 for broadcast or 4\_1 for multicast, the UE shall assume that  is equal to 2 PRBs.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI,  for bandwidth part is equal to 2 PRBs unless configured by the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingType* given by *PDSCH-Config*.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI, if the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingType* is set to 'dynamicBundling', the higher layer parameters *bundleSizeSet1* and *bundleSizeSet2* configure two sets of  values, the first set can take one or two  values among {2, 4, wideband}, and the second set can take one  value among {2, 4, wideband}.

If the PRB *'bundling size indicator'* signalled in DCI format 1\_1 as defined in Clause 7.3.1.2.2 of [5, TS 38.212]

- is set to '0', the UE shall use the  value from the second set of  values when receiving PDSCH scheduled by the same DCI.

- is set to '1' and one value is configured for the first set of  values, the UE shall use this  value when receiving PDSCH scheduled by the same DCI

- is set to '1' and two values are configured for the first set of  values as 'n2-wideband' (corresponding to two  values 2 and wideband) or 'n4-wideband' (corresponding to two  values 4 and wideband), the UE shall use the value when receiving PDSCH scheduled by the same DCI as follows:

- If the scheduled PRBs are contiguous and the size of the scheduled PRBs is larger than ,  is the same as the scheduled bandwidth, otherwise  is set to the remaining configured value of 2 or 4, respectively.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI, if the higher layer parameter *prb-BundlingType* is set to 'staticBundling', the  value is configured with the single value indicated by the higher layer parameter *bundleSize*.

When a UE is configured with nominal RBG size for bandwidth part *i* according to Clause 5.1.2.2.1, or when a UE is configured with interleaving unit of 2 for VRB to PRB mapping provided by the higher layer parameter *vrb-ToPRB-Interleaver* given by *PDSCH-Config* for bandwidth part *i*, the UE is not expected to be configured with = 4.

For a UE configured by the higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to 'fdmSchemeA*' or* 'fdmSchemeB*', and* when the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'*, or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH, and the UE is indicated with DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)*',

- If  is determined as "wideband", the first PRBs are assigned to the first TCI state and the remaining PRBs are assigned to the second TCI state, where is the total number of allocated PRBs for the UE.

- If  is determined as one of the values among {2, 4}, even PRGs within the allocated frequency domain resources are assigned to the first TCI state and odd PRGs within the allocated frequency domain resources are assigned to the second TCI state, wherein the PRGs are numbered continuously in increasing order with the first PRG index equal to 0.

- The UE is not expected to receive more than two PDSCH transmission layers for each PDSCH transmission occasion.

For a UE configured by the higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to 'fdmSchemeB*',* andwhen the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'*, or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH, and the UE is indicated with DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)',* each PDSCH transmission occasion shall follow the Clause 7.3.1 of [4, TS 38.211] with themapping to resource elements determined by the assigned PRBs for corresponding TCI state of the PDSCH transmission occasion, and the UE shall only expect at most two code blocks per PDSCH transmission occasion when a single transmission layer is scheduled and a single code block per PDSCH transmission occasion when two transmission layers are scheduled. For two PDSCH transmission occasions, the redundancy version to be applied is derived according to Table 5.1.2.1-2, where are applied to the first and second TCI state, respectively.

### 5.1.3 Modulation order, target code rate, redundancy version and transport block size determination

To determine the modulation order, target code rate, and transport block size(s) in the physical downlink shared channel, the UE shall first

- read the 5-bit modulation and coding scheme field (*IMCS*) in the DCI to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and target code rate (*R*) based on the procedure defined in Clause 5.1.3.1, and

- read '*redundancy version'* field (*rv*) in the DCI to determine the redundancy version.

and second

- the UE shall use the number of layers (ʋ), the total number of allocated PRBs before rate matching (*nPRB*) to determine to the transport block size based on the procedure defined in Clause 5.1.3.2.

The UE may skip decoding a transport block in an initial transmission if the effective channel code rate is higher than 0.95, where the effective channel code rate is defined as the number of downlink information bits (including CRC bits) divided by the number of physical channel bits on PDSCH.

When the UE is scheduled with multiple PDSCHs on a serving cell by a DCI, as described in clause 5.1.2.1, the bits of *rv* field and NDI field, respectively, in the DCI are one-to-one mapped to the scheduled PDSCH(s) indicated by the TDRA information field with the corresponding transport block(s) in the scheduled order, where the LSB bits of the *rv* field and NDI field, respectively, correspond to the last scheduled PDSCH indicated by the TDRA information field.

The UE is not expected to handle any transport blocks (TBs) in a 14 consecutive-symbol duration for normal CP (or 12 for extended CP) ending at the last symbol of the latest PDSCH transmission within an active BWP on a serving cell whenever

where, for the serving cell,

- S is the set of TBs belonging to PDSCH(s) that are partially or fully contained in the consecutive-symbol duration

- for the *i*th TB

*- Ci'* is the number of scheduled code blocks for as defined in [5, 38.212].

*- Li* is the number of OFDM symbols assigned to the PDSCH

*- xi* is the number of OFDM symbols of the PDSCH contained in the consecutive-symbol duration

- based on the values defined in Clause 5.4.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

- is the starting location of RV for the th transmission

- of the scheduled code blocks for the transmission

- is the circular buffer length

- is the current (re)transmission for the *i*th TB

- corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the BWP (across all configured BWPs of a carrier) that has the largest configured number of PRBs

- in case there is more than one BWP corresponding to the largest configured number of PRBs, *µ'* follows the BWP with the largest subcarrier spacing.

- corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the active BWP

- RLBRM = 2/3 as defined in Clause 5.4.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

- TBSLBRM as defined based on the parameters for unicast in Clause 5.4.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

- X as defined for downlink max MIMO layer for unicast in Clause 5.4.2.1 [5, TS 38.212].

If the UE skips decoding, the physical layer indicates to higher layer that the transport block is not successfully decoded.

Within a cell group, a UE is not required to handle PDSCH(s) transmissions including unicast and/or multicast/broadcast in slot *sj* in serving cell-*j*, and for *j* = 0,1,2.. *J-1*, slot *sj* overlapping with any given point in time, if the following condition is not satisfied at that point in time:

where,

- *J* is the number of configured serving cells belonging to a frequency range

- for the *j-th* serving cell,

*- M* is the number of TB(s) transmitted in slot *sj*. If there are two PDSCH transmission occasions of the same TB (in time domain or in frequency domain) in the slot *sj*, each transmission occasion is counted separately.

*- Tslotμ(j)* =10-3/2*μ(j)*, where *μ(j)* is the numerology for PDSCH(s) in slot *sj* of the *j*-th serving cell.

- for the *m*-th TB,

*- A* is the number of bits in the transport block as defined in Clause 7.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

*- C* is the total number of code blocks for the transport block defined in Clause 5.2.2 [5, TS 38.212].

*-*  is the number of scheduled code blocks for the transport block as defined in Clause 5.4.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

- [Mbps] is computed as the maximum data rate summed over all the carriers in the frequency range for any signaled band combination and feature set consistent with the configured servings cells, where the data rate value is given by the formula in Clause 4.1.2 in [13, TS 38.306], including the scaling factor *f(i).*

For a *j-*th serving cell, if higher layer parameter *processingType2Enabled* of *PDSCH-ServingCellConfig* is configured for the serving cell and set to '*enable',* or if at least one *IMCS >* *W* for a PDSCH for unicast or multicast, where *W* = 28 for MCS tables 5.1.3.1-1 and 5.1.3.1-3, and *W* = 27 for MCS table 5.1.3.1-2, and *W* = 26 for MCS table 5.1.3.1-4, or for a j-th serving cell where UE supports FDM-ed unicast and MBS PDSCH, the UE is not required to handle PDSCH transmissions, if the following condition is not satisfied:

where

- is the number of symbols assigned to the PDSCH(s). For a PDSCH that consists of two PDSCH transmission occasions in time domain in one slot, is the number of symbols of one transmission occasion. For FDMed unicast and MBS PDSCHs in one slot, is the total number of symbols of the unicast and MBS PDSCHs with fully or partially-overlapped in time domain.

- M is the number of TB(s) in the PDSCH(s)

- where *μ* is the numerology of the PDSCH(s)

- for the *m*-th TB,

*- A* is the number of bits in the transport block as defined in Clause 7.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

*- C* is the total number of code blocks for the transport block defined in Clause 5.2.2 [5, TS 38.212]

*-*  is the number of scheduled code blocks for the transport block as defined in Clause 5.4.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

- [Mbps] is computed as the maximum data rate for a carrier in the frequency band of the serving cell for any signaled band combination and feature set consistent with the serving cell, where the data rate value is given by the formula in Clause 4.1.2 in [13, TS 38.306], including the scaling factor *f(i).*

#### 5.1.3.1 Modulation order and target code rate determination

For the PDSCH scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_0, format 1\_1, format 1\_2, format 1\_3, format 4\_0, format 4\_1 or format 4\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, TC-RNTI, CS-RNTI, SI-RNTI, RA-RNTI, MSGB-RNTI, G-RNTI, G-CS-RNTI, multicast-MCCH-RNTI, MCCH-RNTI or P-RNTI, or for the PDSCH scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmissions using the higher-layer-provided PDSCH configuration *SPS-Config*,

if the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table-r17* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam1024', and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_3 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-4 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif *mcs-TableDCI-1-2-r17* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam1024', and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-4 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the higher layer parameter *mcs-TableDCI-1-2* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam256', and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the UE is not configured with MCS-C-RNTI, the higher layer parameter *mcs-TableDCI-1-2* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam64LowSE', and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_2 scrambled by C-RNTI

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam256', and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_3 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* is set to 'qam256', and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 4\_1 or 4\_2 with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *pdsch-ConfigMCCH and pdsch-ConfigMTCH* for MBS boardcast is set to 'qam256', and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 4\_0 with CRC scrambled by MCCH-RNTI or G-RNTI for broadcast

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *pdsch-ConfigMCCH and pdsch-ConfigMTCH* for MBS multicast is set to ‘qam256’, and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 4\_0 with CRC scrambled by multicast-MCCH-RNTI or by a PDCCH with DCI format 4\_1 with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast in RRC\_INACTIVE

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate I used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* is set to 'qam64LowSE', and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 4\_1 or 4\_2 with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the UE is not configured with MCS-C-RNTI, the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam64LowSE', and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with a DCI format other than DCI format 1\_2 in a UE-specific search space with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the UE is configured with MCS-C-RNTI, and the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by MCS-C-RNTI

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *SPS-config*, and the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table-r17* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam1024',

- if the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI or

- if the PDSCH with SPS activated by DCI format 1\_1 is scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *SPS-Config*,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-4 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *SPS-config*, and the higher layer parameter *mcs-TableDCI-1-2-r17* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam1024',

- if the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_2 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI or

- if the PDSCH with SPS activated by DCI format 1\_2 is scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *SPS-Config*,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-4 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *SPS-config*, and the higher layer parameter *mcs-TableDCI-1-2* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam256',

- if the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_2 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI or

- if the PDSCH with SPS activated by DCI format 1\_2 is scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *SPS-Config*,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *SPS-Config*, and the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *PDSCH-Config* is set to 'qam256',

- if the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI or

- if the PDSCH with SPS activated by DCI format 1\_1 is scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *SPS-Config*,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *SPS-Config* set to 'qam64LowSE'

- if the PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI or

- if the PDSCH is scheduled without corresponding PDCCH transmission using *SPS-Config*,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

elseif the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *mcs-Table* given by *SPS-Config* or *mcs-Table* of *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* in the same *CFR-ConfigMulticast* set to 'qam64LowSE'

- if the GC-PDSCH is scheduled by a GC-PDCCH with CRC scrambled by G-CS-RNTI or

- if the GC-PDSCH is scheduled without corresponding GC-PDCCH transmission using *SPS-Config*,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

else

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-1 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical downlink shared channel.

end

The UE is not expected to decode a PDSCH scheduled with P-RNTI, RA-RNTI, SI-RNTI and *Qm* > 2

For a UE configured with the higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to 'fdmSchemeB', and when the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication',* or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH, and the UE is indicated with DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)*', the determined modulation order of PDSCH transmission occasion associated with the first TCI state is applied to the PDSCH transmission occasion associated with the second TCI state.

Table 5.1.3.1-1: MCS index table 1 for PDSCH

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MCS Index *IMCS* | Modulation Order  *Qm* | Target code Rate *R* x [1024] | Spectral  efficiency |
| **0** | 2 | 120 | 0.2344 |
| **1** | 2 | 157 | 0.3066 |
| **2** | 2 | 193 | 0.3770 |
| **3** | 2 | 251 | 0.4902 |
| **4** | 2 | 308 | 0.6016 |
| **5** | 2 | 379 | 0.7402 |
| **6** | 2 | 449 | 0.8770 |
| **7** | 2 | 526 | 1.0273 |
| **8** | 2 | 602 | 1.1758 |
| **9** | 2 | 679 | 1.3262 |
| **10** | 4 | 340 | 1.3281 |
| **11** | 4 | 378 | 1.4766 |
| **12** | 4 | 434 | 1.6953 |
| **13** | 4 | 490 | 1.9141 |
| **14** | 4 | 553 | 2.1602 |
| **15** | 4 | 616 | 2.4063 |
| **16** | 4 | 658 | 2.5703 |
| **17** | 6 | 438 | 2.5664 |
| **18** | 6 | 466 | 2.7305 |
| **19** | 6 | 517 | 3.0293 |
| **20** | 6 | 567 | 3.3223 |
| **21** | 6 | 616 | 3.6094 |
| **22** | 6 | 666 | 3.9023 |
| **23** | 6 | 719 | 4.2129 |
| **24** | 6 | 772 | 4.5234 |
| **25** | 6 | 822 | 4.8164 |
| **26** | 6 | 873 | 5.1152 |
| **27** | 6 | 910 | 5.3320 |
| **28** | 6 | 948 | 5.5547 |
| **29** | 2 | reserved | |
| **30** | 4 | reserved | |
| **31** | 6 | reserved | |

Table 5.1.3.1-2: MCS index table 2 for PDSCH

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MCS Index *IMCS* | Modulation Order  *Qm* | Target code Rate *R* x [1024] | Spectral  efficiency |
| **0** | 2 | 120 | 0.2344 |
| **1** | 2 | 193 | 0.3770 |
| **2** | 2 | 308 | 0.6016 |
| **3** | 2 | 449 | 0.8770 |
| **4** | 2 | 602 | 1.1758 |
| **5** | 4 | 378 | 1.4766 |
| **6** | 4 | 434 | 1.6953 |
| **7** | 4 | 490 | 1.9141 |
| **8** | 4 | 553 | 2.1602 |
| **9** | 4 | 616 | 2.4063 |
| **10** | 4 | 658 | 2.5703 |
| **11** | 6 | 466 | 2.7305 |
| **12** | 6 | 517 | 3.0293 |
| **13** | 6 | 567 | 3.3223 |
| **14** | 6 | 616 | 3.6094 |
| **15** | 6 | 666 | 3.9023 |
| **16** | 6 | 719 | 4.2129 |
| **17** | 6 | 772 | 4.5234 |
| **18** | 6 | 822 | 4.8164 |
| **19** | 6 | 873 | 5.1152 |
| **20** | 8 | 682.5 | 5.3320 |
| **21** | 8 | 711 | 5.5547 |
| **22** | 8 | 754 | 5.8906 |
| **23** | 8 | 797 | 6.2266 |
| **24** | 8 | 841 | 6.5703 |
| **25** | 8 | 885 | 6.9141 |
| **26** | 8 | 916.5 | 7.1602 |
| **27** | 8 | 948 | 7.4063 |
| **28** | 2 | reserved | |
| **29** | 4 | reserved | |
| **30** | 6 | reserved | |
| **31** | 8 | reserved | |

Table 5.1.3.1-3: MCS index table 3 for PDSCH

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MCS Index *IMCS* | Modulation Order  *Qm* | Target code Rate *R* x [1024] | Spectral  efficiency |
| **0** | 2 | 30 | 0.0586 |
| **1** | 2 | 40 | 0.0781 |
| **2** | 2 | 50 | 0.0977 |
| **3** | 2 | 64 | 0.1250 |
| **4** | 2 | 78 | 0.1523 |
| **5** | 2 | 99 | 0.1934 |
| **6** | 2 | 120 | 0.2344 |
| **7** | 2 | 157 | 0.3066 |
| **8** | 2 | 193 | 0.3770 |
| **9** | 2 | 251 | 0.4902 |
| **10** | 2 | 308 | 0.6016 |
| **11** | 2 | 379 | 0.7402 |
| **12** | 2 | 449 | 0.8770 |
| **13** | 2 | 526 | 1.0273 |
| **14** | 2 | 602 | 1.1758 |
| **15** | 4 | 340 | 1.3281 |
| **16** | 4 | 378 | 1.4766 |
| **17** | 4 | 434 | 1.6953 |
| **18** | 4 | 490 | 1.9141 |
| **19** | 4 | 553 | 2.1602 |
| **20** | 4 | 616 | 2.4063 |
| **21** | 6 | 438 | 2.5664 |
| **22** | 6 | 466 | 2.7305 |
| **23** | 6 | 517 | 3.0293 |
| **24** | 6 | 567 | 3.3223 |
| **25** | 6 | 616 | 3.6094 |
| **26** | 6 | 666 | 3.9023 |
| **27** | 6 | 719 | 4.2129 |
| **28** | 6 | 772 | 4.5234 |
| **29** | 2 | reserved | |
| **30** | 4 | reserved | |
| **31** | 6 | reserved | |

Table 5.1.3.1-4: MCS index table 4 for PDSCH

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MCS Index *IMCS* | Modulation Order  *Qm* | Target code Rate *R* x [1024] | Spectral  efficiency |
| **0** | 2 | 120 | 0.2344 |
| **1** | 2 | 193 | 0.3770 |
| **2** | 2 | 449 | 0.8770 |
| **3** | 4 | 378 | 1.4766 |
| **4** | 4 | 490 | 1.9141 |
| **5** | 4 | 616 | 2.4063 |
| **6** | 6 | 466 | 2.7305 |
| **7** | 6 | 517 | 3.0293 |
| **8** | 6 | 567 | 3.3223 |
| **9** | 6 | 616 | 3.6094 |
| **10** | 6 | 666 | 3.9023 |
| **11** | 6 | 719 | 4.2129 |
| **12** | 6 | 772 | 4.5234 |
| **13** | 6 | 822 | 4.8164 |
| **14** | 6 | 873 | 5.1152 |
| **15** | 8 | 682.5 | 5.3320 |
| **16** | 8 | 711 | 5.5547 |
| **17** | 8 | 754 | 5.8906 |
| **18** | 8 | 797 | 6.2266 |
| **19** | 8 | 841 | 6.5703 |
| **20** | 8 | 885 | 6.9141 |
| **21** | 8 | 916.5 | 7.1602 |
| **22** | 8 | 948 | 7.4063 |
| **23** | 10 | 805.5 | 7.8662 |
| **24** | 10 | 853 | 8.3301 |
| **25** | 10 | 900.5 | 8.7939 |
| **26** | 10 | 948 | 9.2578 |
| **27** | 2 | reserved | |
| **28** | 4 | reserved | |
| **29** | 6 | reserved | |
| **30** | 8 | reserved | |
| **31** | 10 | reserved | |

#### 5.1.3.2 Transport block size determination

In case the higher layer parameter *maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI* in *PDSCH-config* indicates that two codeword transmission is enabled, then one of the two transport blocks is disabled by DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_3 if *IMCS* = 26 and if *rvid* = 1 for the corresponding transport block. In case the higher layer parameter *maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* indicates that two codeword transmission is enabled, then one of the two transport blocks is disabled by DCI format 4\_2 if *IMCS* = 26 and if *rvid* = 1 for the corresponding transport block. When the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*, either the first or the second transport block of all scheduled PDSCHs is disabled by the DCI format 1\_1 if *IMCS* = 26 and if *rvid* = 2 for the corresponding transport block of all scheduled PDSCHs. If both transport blocks are enabled, transport block 1 and 2 are mapped to codeword 0 and 1 respectively. If only one transport block is enabled, then the enabled transport block is always mapped to the first codeword.

For the PDSCH assigned by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_0, 1\_1, 1\_2, 1\_3, 4\_0, 4\_1, or 4\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, TC-RNTI, CS-RNTI, G-RNTI, G-CS-RNTI, MCCH-RNTI, multicast-MCCH-RNTI or SI-RNTI, if Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used and *,* else if Table 5.1.3.1-4 is used and or a table other than Table 5.1.3.1-2 and Table 5.1.3.1-4 is usedand *,* the UE shall, except if the transport block is disabled in DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_3, first determine the TBS as specified below:

1) The UE shall first determine the number of REs (*NRE*) within the slot.

- A UE first determines the number of REs allocated for PDSCH within a PRB () by , where is the number of subcarriers in a physical resource block,  is the number of symbols of the PDSCH allocation within the slot,  is the number of REs for DM-RS per PRB in the scheduled duration including the overhead of the DM-RS CDM groups without data, as indicated by DCI format 1\_1, 1\_2 or 1\_3 or as described for format 1\_0 in Clause 5.1.6.2, and  is the overhead configured by higher layer parameter *xOverhead* in *PDSCH-ServingCellConfig*. If the *xOverhead* in *PDSCH-ServingCellconfig* is not configured (a value from 6, 12, or 18), the  is set to 0. If the PDSCH is scheduled by PDCCH with a CRC scrambled by SI-RNTI, RA-RNTI, MSGB-RNTI or P-RNTI, is assumed to be 0. If the PDSCH is scheduled by PDCCH with a CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast or G-CS-RNTI or PDSCH without PDCCH is activated by PDCCH with a CRC scrambled by G-CS-RNTI, is the overhead configured by higher layer parameter *xOverhead-Multicast* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*. If the *xOverhead-Multicast* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* is not configured, the is set to 0. If the PDSCH is scheduled by PDCCH with a CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for broadcast or MCCH-RNTI, is the overhead configured by higher layer parameter *xOverhead* in *pdsch-ConfigBroadcast*. If the *xOverhead* in *pdsch- ConfigBroadcast* is not configured, the is set to 0.

- A UE determines the total number of REs allocated for PDSCH () by , where *nPRB* is the total number of allocated PRBs for the UE.

2) Unquantized intermediate variable (*Ninfo*) is obtained by .

If 

Use step 3 as the next step of the TBS determination

else

Use step 4 as the next step of the TBS determination

end if

3) When , TBS is determined as follows

- quantized intermediate number of information bits , where .

- use Table 5.1.3.2-1 find the closest TBS that is not less than .

Table 5.1.3.2-1: TBS for 

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Index | TBS | Index | TBS | Index | TBS | Index | TBS |
| 1 | 24 | 31 | 336 | 61 | 1288 | 91 | 3624 |
| 2 | 32 | 32 | 352 | 62 | 1320 | 92 | 3752 |
| 3 | 40 | 33 | 368 | 63 | 1352 | 93 | 3824 |
| 4 | 48 | 34 | 384 | 64 | 1416 |  |  |
| 5 | 56 | 35 | 408 | 65 | 1480 |  |  |
| 6 | 64 | 36 | 432 | 66 | 1544 |  |  |
| 7 | 72 | 37 | 456 | 67 | 1608 |  |  |
| 8 | 80 | 38 | 480 | 68 | 1672 |  |  |
| 9 | 88 | 39 | 504 | 69 | 1736 |  |  |
| 10 | 96 | 40 | 528 | 70 | 1800 |  |  |
| 11 | 104 | 41 | 552 | 71 | 1864 |  |  |
| 12 | 112 | 42 | 576 | 72 | 1928 |  |  |
| 13 | 120 | 43 | 608 | 73 | 2024 |  |  |
| 14 | 128 | 44 | 640 | 74 | 2088 |  |  |
| 15 | 136 | 45 | 672 | 75 | 2152 |  |  |
| 16 | 144 | 46 | 704 | 76 | 2216 |  |  |
| 17 | 152 | 47 | 736 | 77 | 2280 |  |  |
| 18 | 160 | 48 | 768 | 78 | 2408 |  |  |
| 19 | 168 | 49 | 808 | 79 | 2472 |  |  |
| 20 | 176 | 50 | 848 | 80 | 2536 |  |  |
| 21 | 184 | 51 | 888 | 81 | 2600 |  |  |
| 22 | 192 | 52 | 928 | 82 | 2664 |  |  |
| 23 | 208 | 53 | 984 | 83 | 2728 |  |  |
| 24 | 224 | 54 | 1032 | 84 | 2792 |  |  |
| 25 | 240 | 55 | 1064 | 85 | 2856 |  |  |
| 26 | 256 | 56 | 1128 | 86 | 2976 |  |  |
| 27 | 272 | 57 | 1160 | 87 | 3104 |  |  |
| 28 | 288 | 58 | 1192 | 88 | 3240 |  |  |
| 29 | 304 | 59 | 1224 | 89 | 3368 |  |  |
| 30 | 320 | 60 | 1256 | 90 | 3496 |  |  |

4) When , TBS is determined as follows.

- quantized intermediate number of information bits , where and ties in the round function are broken towards the next largest integer.

- if 

, where 

else

if 

, where 

else



end if

end if

else if Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used and *,*

- the TBS is assumed to be as determined from the DCI transported in the latest PDCCH for the same transport block using . If there is no PDCCH for the same transport block using , and if the initial PDSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, the TBS shall be determined from the most recent semi-persistent scheduling assignment PDCCH.

else if Table 5.1.3.1-4 is used and *,*

- the TBS is assumed to be as determined from the DCI transported in the latest PDCCH for the same transport block using . If there is no PDCCH for the same transport block using , and if the initial PDSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, the TBS shall be determined from the most recent semi-persistent scheduling assignment PDCCH.

else

- the TBS is assumed to be as determined from the DCI transported in the latest PDCCH for the same transport block using . If there is no PDCCH for the same transport block using, and if the initial PDSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, the TBS shall be determined from the most recent semi-persistent scheduling assignment PDCCH.

The UE is not expected to receive a PDSCH assigned by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by SI-RNTI with a TBS exceeding 2976 bits.

For a UE configured with the higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to 'fdmSchemeB',and when the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication',* or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH, and the UE is indicated with DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)*', the TBS determination follows the steps 1-4 with the following modification in step 1: a UE determines the total number of REs allocated for PDSCH () by , where *nPRB* is the total number of allocated PRBs corresponding to the first TCI state, and the determined TBS of PDSCH transmission occasion associated with the first TCI state is also applied to the PDSCH transmission occasion associated with the second TCI state. For a UE configured with the higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to 'tdmSchemeA'and indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* for the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or for the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH and indicated with DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)*', the TBS determination follows the steps 1-4 with the following modification in step 1: a UE determines the number of REs allocated for PDSCH within a PRB () by , where  is the number of symbols of the PDSCH allocation within the slot corresponding to the first TCI state, and the determined TBS of PDSCH transmission occasion associated with the first TCI state is also applied to the PDSCH transmission occasion associated with the second TCI state.

For the PDSCH assigned by a PDCCH with DCI format 1\_0 with CRC scrambled by P-RNTI, or RA-RNTI, MsgB-RNTI, TBS determination follows the steps 1-4 with the following modification in step 2: a scaling  is applied in the calculation of *Ninfo*, where the scaling factor is determined based on the *TB scaling* field in the DCI as in Table 5.1.3.2-2.

Table 5.1.3.2-2: Scaling factor of *Ninfo* for P-RNTI, RA-RNTI and MSGB-RNTI

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| TB scaling field | Scaling factor S |
| 00 | 1 |
| 01 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 0.25 |
| 11 |  |

The NDI and HARQ process ID, as signalled on PDCCH, and the TBS, as determined above, shall be reported to higher layers.

### 5.1.4 PDSCH resource mapping

When receiving the PDSCH scheduled with SI-RNTI and the system information indicator in DCI is set to 0, the UE shall assume that no SS/PBCH block is transmitted in REs used by the UE for a reception of the PDSCH.

When receiving the PDSCH scheduled with SI-RNTI and the system information indicator in DCI is set to 1, RA-RNTI, MSGB-RNTI, P-RNTI or TC-RNTI, the UE assumes SS/PBCH block transmission according to *ssb-PositionsInBurst*, and if the PDSCH resource allocation overlaps with PRBs containing SS/PBCH block transmission resources the UE shall assume that the PRBs containing SS/PBCH block transmission resources are not available for PDSCH in the OFDM symbols where SS/PBCH block is transmitted.

A UE expects a configuration provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *ServingCellConfigCommon* to be same as a configuration provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *SIB1*.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, G-RNTI, G-CS-RNTI, MCCH-RNTI, multicast-MCCH-RNTI or PDSCHs with SPS, the REs corresponding to the configured or dynamically indicated resources in Clauses 5.1.4.1, 5.1.4.2 are not available for PDSCH. Furthermore, the UE assumes SS/PBCH block transmission according to *ssb-PositionsInBurst* if the PDSCH resource allocation overlaps with PRBs containing SS/PBCH block transmission resources, and the UE shall assume that the PRBs containing SS/PBCH block transmission resources are not available for PDSCH in the OFDM symbols where SS/PBCH block associated with the same PCI is transmitted.

A UE is not expected to handle the case where PDSCH DM-RS REs are overlapping, even partially, with any RE(s) not available for PDSCH*.*

For operation with shared spectrum channel access, SS/PBCH block transmission according to *ssb-PositionsInBurst* represents all of the candidate SS/PBCH blocks corresponding to SS/PBCH block indices provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* as described in Clause 4.1 of [6, TS 38.213].

#### 5.1.4.1 PDSCH resource mapping with RB symbol level granularity

The procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_2, by applying only the parameters of *rateMatchPatternGroup1DCI-1-2*, *rateMatchPatternGroup2DCI-1-2* instead of *rateMatchPatternGroup1* and *rateMatchPatternGroup2*. The procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_3. The procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_0 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 4\_0, by applying only the parameters of *rateMatchPatternToAddModList* configured in *pdsch-ConfigMCCH* or *pdsch-ConfigMTCH*.

The procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_0 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 4\_1, and the procedures for PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 4\_2 by applying only the parameters of *rateMatchPatternToAddModList, rateMatchPatternGroup1* and *rateMatchPatternGroup2* configured in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*.

A UE may be configured with any of the following higher layer parameters indicating REs declared as not available for PDSCH:

- *rateMatchPatternToAddModList* given by *PDSCH-Config*, by *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*, by *ServingCellConfig* or by *ServingCellConfigCommon*, or by *pdsch-ConfigMCCH* or *pdsch-ConfigMTCH* and configuring up to 4 *RateMatchPattern(s)* per BWP and up to 4 *RateMatchPattern(s)* per serving-cell. The *RateMatchPatterns* configured for MBS multicast are counted into the ones that are configured per BWP. The *RateMatchPattern(s)* configured for MBS broadcast or for MBS multicast in RRC\_INACTIVE\_state is counted into the ones that are configured per serving-cell. A *RateMatchPattern* may contain:

- within a BWP, when provided by *PDSCH-Config* or *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* or within a serving cell when provided by *ServingCellConfig* or *ServingCellConfigCommon*, or by *pdsch-ConfigMCCH* or *pdsch-ConfigMTCH,* a pair of reserved resources with numerology provided by higher layer parameter *subcarrierSpacing* given by *RateMatchPattern* when configured per serving cellor by numerology of associated BWP when configured per BWP. The pair of reserved resources are respectively indicated by an RB level bitmap (higher layer parameter *resourceBlocks* given by *RateMatchPattern*) with 1RB granularity and a symbol level bitmap spanning one or two slots (higher layer parameters *symbolsInResourceBlock* given by *RateMatchPattern*) for which the reserved RBs apply. A bit value equal to 1 in the RB and symbol level bitmaps indicates that the corresponding resource is not available for PDSCH. For each pair of RB and symbol level bitmaps, a UE may be configured with a time-domain pattern (higher layer parameter *periodicityAndPattern* given by *RateMatchPattern*), where each bit of *periodicityAndPattern* corresponds to a unit equal to a duration of the symbol level bitmap, and a bit value equal to 1 indicates that the pair is present in the unit. The *periodicityAndPattern* can be {1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 20 or 40} units long, but maximum of 40 msec. The first symbol of *periodicityAndPattern* every 40 msec/P periods is a first symbol in frame mod 4 = 0, where P is the duration of *periodicityAndPattern* in units of msec. When *periodicityAndPattern* is not configured for a pair, for a symbol level bitmap spanning two slots, the bits of the first and second slots correspond respectively to even and odd slots of a radio frame, and for a symbol level bitmap spanning one slot, the bits of the slot correspond to every slot of a radio frame. The pair can be included in one or two groups of resource sets (higher layer parameters *rateMatchPatternGroup1* and *rateMatchPatternGroup2*). The *rateMatchPatternToAddModList* given by *ServingCellConfig* or *ServingCellConfigCommon* configuration in numerology *µ* applies only to PDSCH of the same numerology *µ*.

- within a BWP, a frequency domain resource of a CORESET configured by *ControlResourceSet* with *controlResourceSetId* or *ControlResourceSetZero* and time domain resource determined by the higher layer parameters *monitoringSlotPeriodicityAndOffset,* *duration* and *monitoringSymbolsWithinSlot* of all search-space-sets configured by *SearchSpace* and time domain resource of search-space-set zero configured by *searchSpaceZero* associated with the CORESET as well as CORESET duration configured by *ControlResourceSet* with *controlResourceSetId* or *ControlResourceSetZero.* This resource not available for PDSCH can be included in one or two groups of resource sets (higher layer parameters *rateMatchPatternGroup1* and *rateMatchPatternGroup2*).

A configured group *rateMatchPatternGroup1* or *rateMatchPatternGroup2* contains alist of indices of *RateMatchPattern(s)* forming a union of resource-sets not available for a PDSCH dynamically if a corresponding bit of the '*Rate matching indicator*' field of the DCI format 1\_1 scheduling the PDSCH is equal to 1. The REs corresponding to the union of resource-sets configured by *RateMatchPattern(s)* that are not included in either of the two groups are not available for a PDSCH scheduled by a DCI format 1\_0, a PDSCH scheduled by a DCI format 1\_1, and PDSCHs with SPS. When receiving a PDSCH scheduled by a DCI format 1\_0 or PDSCHs with SPS activated by a DCI format 1\_0, the REs corresponding to configured resources in *rateMatchPatternGroup1* or *rateMatchPatternGroup2* are not available for the scheduled PDSCH or the activated PDSCHs with SPS. When receiving PDSCHs with SPS activated by a DCI format 1\_1, the REs corresponding to configured resources in *rateMatchPatternGroup1* or *rateMatchPatternGroup2* are not available for the PDSCHs with SPS if a corresponding bit of the Rate matching indicator field of the DCI format 1\_1 activating the PDSCHs with SPS is equal to 1.

For a bitmap pair included in one or two groups of resource sets, the dynamic indication of availability for PDSCH applies to a set of slot(s) where the *rateMatchPatternToAddModList* is present among the slots of scheduled PDSCH.

If a UE monitors PDCCH candidates of aggregation levels 8 and 16 with the same starting CCE index in non-interleaved CORESET spanning one OFDM symbol:

- and if a detected PDCCH scheduling the PDSCH has aggregation level 8, the resources corresponding to the aggregation level 16 PDCCH candidate are not available for the PDSCH;

- when at least one of the PDCCH candidates of aggregation levels 8 and 16 linked as indicated by higher layer parameter *searchSpaceLinkingId*, the PDCCH candidates of aggregation level 16 and any other PDCCH candidate(s) linked with any of the PDCCH candidates of aggregation level 8 and 16 are not available for the PDSCH reception at the UE, if a detected PDCCH scheduling the PDSCH is associated with the PDCCH candidates of aggregation level 8 or 16.

If a PDSCH scheduled by a PDCCH would overlap with resources in the CORESET containing the PDCCH, the resources corresponding to a union of the detected PDCCH that scheduled the PDSCH and associated PDCCH DM-RS are not available for the PDSCH. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], the resources corresponding to a union of the two PDCCH candidates scheduling the PDSCH and the associated PDCCH DM-RS are not available for the PDSCH. When *precoderGranularity* configured in a CORESET where the PDCCH was detected is set to 'allContiguousRBs*'*, the associated PDCCH DM-RS are DM-RS in all REGs of the CORESET. Otherwise, the associated DM-RS are the DM-RS in REGs of the PDCCH.

#### 5.1.4.2 PDSCH resource mapping with RE level granularity

The procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_2, by applying the parameters of *aperiodicZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModListDCI-1-2* instead of *aperiodic-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList*. The procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_3.

The procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_0 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 4\_1 and the procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 4\_2, by applying the parameters of *aperiodicZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList in pdsch-ConfigMulticast* instead of *aperiodic-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList in PDSCH-Config*.

A UE may be configured with any of the following higher layer parameters:

*-* REs indicated by the '*RateMatchPatternLTE-CRS*'in *lte-CRS-ToMatchAround* in *ServingCellConfig* or *ServingCellConfigCommon* configuring cell-specific RS, in 15 kHz subcarrier spacing applicable only to 15 kHz subcarrier spacing PDSCH, of one LTE carrier in a serving cell are declared as not available for PDSCH.

*-* REs indicated by *'RateMatchPatternLTE-CRS'* in *lte-CRS-PatternList1-r16* or *lte-CRS-PatternList3-r18* in *ServingCellConfig* configuring cell-specific RS, in 15 kHz subcarrier spacing applicable only to 15 kHz subcarrier spacing PDSCH, of one LTE carrier in a serving cell are declared as not available for PDSCH.

- For the UE for broadcast reception or multicast reception in RRC\_INACTIVE\_state, REs indicated by *'RateMatchPatternLTE-CRS'* in *pdsch-ConfigMCCH* or *pdsch-ConfigMTCH* configuring cell-specific RS, in 15 kHz subcarrier spacing applicable only to 15 kHz subcarrier spacing PDSCH, of one LTE carrier in a serving cell are declared as not available for broadcast PDSCH. The total number of *RateMatchPatternLTE-CRS* for broadcast reception or multicast reception in RRC\_INACTIVE\_state that a UE can be configured with is the same as for unicast in Rel-15.

- Each *RateMatchPatternLTE-CRS* configuration contains *v-Shift* consisting of LTE-CRS-vshift(s), *nrofCRS-Ports* consisting of LTE-CRS antenna ports 1, 2 or 4 ports, *carrierFreqDL* representing the offset in units of 15 kHz subcarriers from (reference) point A to the LTE carrier centre subcarrier location, *carrierBandwidthDL* representing the LTE carrier bandwidth, and may also configure *mbsfn-SubframeConfigList* representing MBSFN subframe configuration. A UE determines the CRS position within the slot according to Clause 6.10.1.2 in [15, TS 36.211], where slot corresponds to LTE subframe.

- If the UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* with two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet* and is also configured by the higher layer parameter *lte-CRS-PatternList1-r16* and *lte-CRS-PatternList2-r16* in *ServingCellConfig*, the following REs are declared as not available for PDSCH:

- if the UE is configured with *crs-RateMatch-PerCoresetPoolIndex*, REs indicated by the CRS pattern(s) in *lte-CRS-PatternList1-r16* if the PDSCH is associated with *coresetPoolIndex* set to '0', or the CRS pattern(s) in *lte-CRS-PatternList2-r16* if PDSCH is associated with *coresetPoolIndex* set to '1';

- otherwise, REs indicated by *lte-CRS-PatternList1-r16* and *lte-CRS-PatternList2-r16,* in *ServingCellConfig*.

- If the UE is not configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* with two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*, and if the UE is configured by higher layer parameter *lte-CRS-PatternList3-r18* and *lte-CRS-PatternList4-r18* in *ServingCellConfig*, REs indicated by *lte-CRS-PatternList3-r18* and *lte-CRS-PatternList4-r18* are declared as not available for PDSCH.

- If the UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* with two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet* and is also configured by the higher layer parameter *lte-CRS-PatternList3-r18* and *lte-CRS-PatternList4-r18* in *ServingCellConfig*, the following REs are declared as not available for PDSCH:

- if the UE is configured with *crs-RateMatch-PerCoresetPoolIndex*, REs indicated by the CRS pattern(s) in *lte-CRS-PatternList3-r18* if the PDSCH is associated with *coresetPoolIndex* set to '0', or the CRS pattern(s) in *lte-CRS-PatternList4-r18* if PDSCH is associated with *coresetPoolIndex* set to '1';

- otherwise, REs indicated by *lte-CRS-PatternList3-r18* and *lte-CRS-PatternList4-r18,* in *ServingCellConfig*.

- Within a BWP, the UE can be configured with one or more ZP CSI-RS resource set configuration(s) for aperiodic, semi-persistent and periodic time-domain behaviours (higher layer parameters *aperiodic-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList,*  *sp-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList* and *p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* respectively comprised in *PDSCH-Config*), with each ZP CSI-RS resource set consisting of at most 16 ZP CSI-RS resources (higher layer parameter *ZP-CSI-RS-Resource*) in numerology of the BWP. The REs indicated by *p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* are declared as not available for PDSCH. The REs indicated by *sp-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList* and aperiodic-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList are declared as not available for PDSCH when their triggering and activation are applied, respectively. The following parameters are configured via higher layer signaling for each ZP CSI-RS resource configuration:

- *zp-CSI-RS-ResourceId* in *ZP-CSI-RS-Resource* determines ZP CSI-RS resource configuration identity.

- *nrofPorts* in *CSI-RS-ResourceMapping* defines the number of CSI-RS ports, where the allowable values are given in Clause 7.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211].

- *cdm-Type* in *CSI-RS-ResourceMapping* defines CDM values and pattern, where the allowable values are given in Clause 7.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211].

- *resourceMapping* in *ZP-CSI-RS-Resource* defines the OFDM symbol and subcarrier occupancy of the ZP CSI-RS resource within a slot that are given in Clause 7.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211].

- *periodicityAndOffset* in*ZP-CSI-RS-Resource* defines the ZP-CSI-RS periodicity and slot offset for periodic/semi-persistent ZP CSI-RS.

- For the UE in RRC\_CONNECTED mode for multicast reception, *p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* can be configuredin *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* for GC-PDSCH rate matching, subject to UE capability. The REs indicated by *p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* are declared as not available for GC-PDSCH. The REs indicated by *p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured in *PDSCH-Config* for unicast do not apply for GC-PDSCH and the REs indicated by *p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* for multicast do not apply for unicast PDSCH. The total number of periodic *ZP-CSI-RS-Resources* that a UE can be configured with is the same as for unicast in Rel-16. If *p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured in both *PDSCH-Config* and *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*, it is subject to UE capability whether the *p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* can be different from the *p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured in *PDSCH-Config*.

- For the UE in RRC\_CONNECTED mode for multicast reception, s*p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* can be configuredin *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* for GC-PDSCH rate matching, subject to UE capability. The REs indicated by s*p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* are declared as not available for GC-PDSCH when their triggering and activation delivered by unicast PDSCH are applied. The REs indicated by s*p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured in *PDSCH-Config* for unicast do not apply for GC-PDSCH and the REs indicated by s*p-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* for multicast do not apply for unicast PDSCH. The total number of semi-persistent *ZP-CSI-RS-Resources* that a UE can be configured with is the same as for unicast.

The UE may be configured with a DCI field for triggering the aperiodic ZP CSI-RS. A list of *ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet(s)*, provided by higher layer parameter *aperiodic-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList* in*PDSCH-Config*, is configured for aperiodic triggering. The maximum number of aperiodic *ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet(s)* configured per BWP is 3. The bit-length of DCI field *ZP CSI-RS trigger* depends on the number of aperiodic *ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet(s)*configured (up to 2 bits). Each non-zero codepoint of '*ZP CSI-RS' trigger* in DCI format 1\_1 triggers one aperiodic 'ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet' in the list *aperiodic-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList* by indicating the aperiodic ZP CSI-RS resource set ID. The DCI codepoint '01' triggers the resource set with 'ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetId' set to '1', the DCI codepoint '10' triggers the resource set with 'ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetId' set to '2', and the DCI codepoint '11' triggers the resource set with 'ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetId' set to '3'. Codepoint '00' is reserved for not triggering aperiodic ZP CSI-RS. When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_0 or PDSCHs with SPS activated by DCI format 1\_0, the REs corresponding to configured resources in *aperiodic-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList* or in *aperiodicZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModListDCI-1-2* are available for PDSCH.

When the UE is configured with multi-slot and single-slot PDSCH scheduling or *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*, the triggered aperiodic ZP CSI-RS is applied to all the slot(s) of the PDSCH(s) scheduled or the PDSCHs with SPS activated by the PDCCH containing the trigger.

For a UE configured with a list of semi-persistent *ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet(s)* provided by higher layer parameter *sp-ZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSetsToAddModList*:

- when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the activation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.19 of [10, TS 38.321], for ZP CSI-RS resource(s), the corresponding action in [10, TS 38.321] and the UE assumption on the PDSCH RE mapping corresponding to the activated ZP CSI-RS resource(s) shall be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH and is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1, and is provided by *K-Mac* or if *K-Mac* is not provided.

- when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the deactivation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.19 of [10, TS 38.321], for activated ZP CSI-RS resource(s), the corresponding action in [10, TS 38.321] and the UE assumption on cessation of the PDSCH RE mapping corresponding to the de-activated ZP CSI-RS resource(s) shall be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH and is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1, and is provided by *K-Mac* or if *K-Mac* is not provided.

### 5.1.5 Antenna ports quasi co-location

The UE can be configured with a list of up to *M* *TCI-State* configurations within the higher layer parameter *PDSCH-Config* to decode PDSCH according to a detected PDCCH with DCI intended for the UE and the given serving cell, where M depends on the UE capability *maxNumberConfiguredTCIstatesPerCC*. Each *TCI-State* contains parameters for configuring a quasi co-location relationship between one or two downlink reference signals and the DM-RS ports of the PDSCH, the DM-RS port of PDCCH or the CSI-RS port(s) of a CSI-RS resource. The quasi co-location relationship is configured by the higher layer parameter *qcl-Type1* for the first DL RS, and *qcl-Type2* for the second DL RS(if configured). For the case of two DL RSs, the QCL types shall not be the same, regardless of whether the references are to the same DL RS or different DL RSs. The quasi co-location types corresponding to each DL RS are given by the higher layer parameter *qcl-Type* in *QCL-Info* and may take one of the following values:

- 'typeA': {Doppler shift, Doppler spread, average delay, delay spread}

- 'typeB': {Doppler shift, Doppler spread}

- 'typeC': {Doppler shift, average delay}

- 'typeD': {Spatial Rx parameter}

The UE can be configured with a list of up to *128* *TCI-State* configurations, within the higher layer parameter *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* in *PDSCH-Config* for providing a reference signal for the quasi co-location for DM-RS of PDSCH and DM-RS of PDCCH in a BWP/CC, for CSI-RS, and to provide a reference, if applicable, for determining UL TX spatial filter for dynamic-grant and configured-grant based PUSCH and PUCCH resource in a BWP/CC, and SRS.

If the *TCI-State* or *TCI-UL-State* configurations are absent in a BWP of the CC, the UE can apply the *TCI-State* or *TCI-UL-State* configurations from a reference BWP of a reference CC configured by *unifiedTCI-StateRef*. The UE is not expected to be configured with *tci-StatesToAddModList*, *SpatialRelationInfo* or *PUCCH-SpatialRelationInfo*, except *SpatialRelationInfoPos* in a CC in a band, if the UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *ul-TCI-StateList* in any CC in the same band. The UE can assume that when the UE is configured with *tci-StatesToAddModList* in any CC in the CC list configured by *simultaneousTCI-UpdateList1-r16, simultaneousTCI-UpdateList2-r16,* *simultaneousSpatial-UpdatedList1-r16, or simultaneousSpatial-UpdatedList2-r16,* the UE is not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *ul-TCI-StateList* in any CC within the same band in the CC list.

The UE receives an activation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.xx of [10, TS 38.321], 6.1.3.47 of [10, TS 38.321] or 6.1.4.xx of [10, TS 38.321], used to map up to 8 TCI states and/or pairs of TCI states, with one TCI state for DL channels/signals and/or one TCI state for UL channels/signals to the codepoints of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* for one or for a set of CCs/DL BWPs, [and/] or up to 8 sets of TCI states, where each set is comprised of up to two TCI state(s) for DL and UL signals/channels, or up to two TCI state(s) for DL channels/signals and up to two TCI state(s) for UL channels/signals to the codepoints of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* for one or for a set of CCs/DL BWPs, and if applicable, for one or for a set of CCs/UL BWPs. When a set of TCI state IDs are activated for a set of CCs/DL BWPs and if applicable, for a set of CCs/UL BWPs, where the applicable list of CCs is determined by the indicated CC in the activation command, the same set of TCI state IDs are applied for all DL and/or UL BWPs in the indicated CCs. If the activation command maps *TCI-State(s)* and/or *TCI-UL-State(s)* to only one TCI codepoint, the UE shall apply the indicated *TCI-State(s)* and/or *TCI-UL-State(s)* to one or to a set of CCs /DL BWPs, and if applicable, to one or to a set of CCs /UL BWPs once the indicated mapping for the one single TCI codepoint is applied as described in [11, TS 38.133].

When the *bwp-id* or *cell* for QCL-TypeA/D source RS in a QCL-Info of the TCI state is not configured, the UE assumes that QCL-TypeA/D source RS is configured in the CC/DL BWP where TCI state applies.

When *tci-PresentInDCI* is set as 'enabled' or *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* is configured for the CORESET, a UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* with activated *TCI-State* or *ul-TCI-StateList* with activated *TCI-UL-State* receives DCI format 1\_1/1\_2/1\_3 providing indicated *TCI-State(s)* and/or *TCI-UL-State(s)* for a CC or all CCs in the same CC list configured by *simultaneousU-TCI-UpdateList1-r17, simultaneousU-TCI-UpdateList2-r17, simultaneousU-TCI-UpdateList3-r17, simultaneousU-TCI-UpdateList4-r17*. The DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 can be with or without, if applicable, DL assignment. If the DCI format 1\_1/1\_2/ is without DL assignment, the UE can assume the following:

- CS-RNTI is used to scramble the CRC for the DCI

- The values of the following DCI fields are set as follows:

- RV = all '1's

- MCS = all '1's

- NDI = 0

- Set to all '0's for FDRA Type 0, or all '1's for FDRA Type 1, or all '0's for dynamicSwitch (same as in Table 10.2-4 of [6, TS 38.213]).

After a UE receives an initial higher layer configuration of *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* with more than one *TCI-State* and before application of an indicated TCI state from the configured TCI states:

- The UE assumes that DM-RS of PDSCH and DM-RS of PDCCH and the CSI-RS applying the indicated TCI state are quasi co-located with the SS/PBCH block the UE identified during the initial access procedure

After a UE receives an initial higher layer configuration of *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* with more than one *TCI-State* or *ul-TCI-StateList* with more than one *TCI-UL-State* and before application of an indicated TCI state from the configured TCI states:

- The UE assumes that the UL TX spatial filter, if applicable, for dynamic-grant and configured-grant based PUSCH and PUCCH, and for SRS applying the indicated TCI state, is the same as that for a PUSCH transmission scheduled by a RAR UL grant or a MsgA PUSCH transmission during the initial access procedure

After a UE receives a higher layer configuration of *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* with more than one *TCI-State* as part of a Reconfiguration with sync procedure as described in [12, TS 38.331]and before applying an indicated TCI state from the configured TCI states:

- The UE assumes that DM-RS of PDSCH and DM-RS of PDCCH, and the CSI-RS applying the indicated TCI state are quasi co-located with the SS/PBCH block or the CSI-RS resource the UE identified during the random access procedure initiated by the Reconfiguration with sync procedure as described in [12, TS 38.331].

After a UE receives a higher layer configuration of *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* with more than one *TCI-State* or more than one *TCI-UL-State* as part of a Reconfiguration with sync procedure as described in [12, TS 38.331] and before applying an indicated TCI state from the configured TCI states:

- The UE assumes that the UL TX spatial filter, if applicable, for dynamic-grant and configured-grant based PUSCH and PUCCH, and for SRS applying the indicated TCI state, is the same as that for a PUSCH transmission scheduled by a RAR UL grant or a MsgA PUSCH transmission during random access procedure initiated by the Reconfiguration with sync procedure as described in [12, TS 38.331].

If a UE receives a higher layer configuration of *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* with a single TCI-State, that can be used as an indicated TCI state, the UE obtains the QCL assumptions from the configured TCI state for DM-RS of PDSCH and DM-RS of PDCCH, and the CSI -RS applying the indicated TCI state.

If a UE receives a higher layer configuration of *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* with a single TCI-State or *ul-TCI-StateList* with a single *TCI-UL-State*, that can be used as an indicated TCI state, the UE determines an UL TX spatial filter, if applicable, from the configured TCI state for dynamic-grant and configured-grant based PUSCH and PUCCH, and SRS applying the indicated TCI state.

When a UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* would transmit a PUCCH with positive HARQ-ACK or a PUSCH with positive HARQ-ACK corresponding to the DCI carrying the TCI State indication and without DL assignment, or corresponding to the PDSCH scheduled by the DCI carrying the TCI State indication, and if the indicated TCI State(s) is/are different from the previously indicated one(s), the indicatedTCI-State(s) and/or *TCI-UL-State*(s)should be applied starting from the first slot that is at least symbols after the last symbol of the PUCCH or the PUSCH, and if the UE receives more than one indicated TCI state for a CC/BWP to be applied starting from the first slot that is at least symbols after the last symbol of the PUCCH or the PUSCH, the indicated TCI state carried in the latest DCI in time corresponding to positive HARQ-ACK value is applied. The first slot and the symbols are both determined on the active BWP with the smallest SCS among the BWP(s) from the CCs applying the indicated *TCI-State*(s) or *TCI-UL-State*(s) that are active at the end of the PUCCH or the PUSCH carrying the positive HARQ-ACK.

If a UE is configured with *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple *SLIV*s for PDSCH on a DL BWP of a serving cell, and the UE is receiving a DCI carrying the *TCI-State* indication and without DL assignment, the UE does not expect that the number of indicated *SLIV*s in the row of the *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH* by the DCI is more than one.

If the UE is configured with *SSB-MTC-AddtionalPCI* and with *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*, the UE receives an activation command for CORESET associated with each *coresetPoolIndex*, as described in clause 6.1.3.14 of [10, TS 38.321] or 6.1.3.xx of [10, TS 38.321], used to map up to 8 TCI states and/or pairs of TCI states, with one TCI state for DL channels/signals and/or one TCI state for UL channels/signals to the codepoints of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* in one CC/DL BWP. When a set of TCI state IDs are activated for a *coresetPoolIndex*, the activated TCI states corresponding to one *coresetPoolIndex* is associated with the serving cell physical cell ID and activated TCI states corresponding to another *coresetPoolIndex* can be associated with another physical cell ID.

When a UE supports two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field '*Transmission Configuration Indication'* the UE may receive an activation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.24 of [10, TS 38.321], the activation command is used to map up to 8 combinations of one or two TCI states to the codepoints of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'*. The UE is not expected to receive more than 8 TCI states in the activation command.

When the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* is present in DCI format 1\_2 and when the number of codepoints S in the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* of DCI format 1\_2 is smaller than the number of TCI codepoints that are activated by the activation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.14, 6.1.3.24 and 6.1.3.47 of [10, TS38.321], only the first S activated codepoints are applied for DCI format 1\_2.

When the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the activation command, the indicated mapping between TCI states and codepoints of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* should be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH and is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1, and is provided by *K-Mac* or if *K-Mac* is not provided. If *tci-PresentInDCI* is set to 'enabled' or *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* is configured for the CORESET scheduling the PDSCH, and the time offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH is equal to or greater than *timeDurationForQCL* if applicable, after a UE receives an initial higher layer configuration of TCI states and before reception of the activation command, the UE may assume that the DM-RS ports of PDSCH of a serving cell are quasi co-located with the SS/PBCH block determined in the initial access procedure with respect to *qcl-Type* set to 'typeA', and when applicable, also with respect to *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD'.

If a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *tci-PresentInDCI* that is set as 'enabled'for the CORESET scheduling a PDSCH, the UE assumes that the TCI field is present in the DCI format 1\_1 or format 1\_3 of the PDCCH transmitted on the CORESET. If a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* for the CORESET scheduling the PDSCH, the UE assumes that the TCI field with a DCI field size indicated by *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* is present in the DCI format 1\_2 of the PDCCH transmitted on the CORESET. If a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *tci-PresentInDCI* that is set as 'enabled'for the CORESET scheduling the multicast PDSCH, the UE assumes that the TCI field is present in the DCI format 4\_2 of the PDCCH transmitted on the CORESET. If the PDSCH is scheduled by a DCI format not having the TCI field present, and the time offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH of a serving cell is equal to or greater than a threshold *timeDurationForQCL* if applicable, where the threshold is based on reported UE capability [13, TS 38.306], for determining PDSCH antenna port quasi co-location, the UE assumes that the TCI state or the QCL assumption for the PDSCH is identical to the TCI state or QCL assumption whichever is applied for the CORESET used for the PDCCH transmission within the active BWP of the serving cell.

When a UE is configured with both *sfnSchemePDCCH* and *sfnSchemePDSCH* scheduled by DCI format 1\_0 or by DCI format 1\_1/1\_2, if the time offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH of a serving cell is equal to or greater than a threshold *timeDurationForQCL* if applicable:

- if the UE supports *sfn-DefaultDL-BeamSetup-r17* for DCI scheduling without TCI field, the UE assumes that the TCI state(s) or the QCL assumption(s) for the PDSCH is identical to the TCI state(s) or QCL assumption(s) whichever is applied for the CORESET used for the reception of the DL DCI within the active BWP of the serving cell regardless of the number of active TCI states of the CORESET. If the UE does not support *sfn-SchemeA-DynamicSwitching-r17* or *sfn-SchemeB-DynamicSwitching-r17*, the UE should be activated with the CORESET with two TCI states.

- else if the UE does not support *sfn-DefaultDL-BeamSetup-r17* for DCI scheduling without TCI field, the UE shall expect TCI field present when scheduled by DCI format 1\_1/1\_2.

When a UE is configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH* and *sfnSchemePDCCH* is not configured, when scheduled by DCI format 1\_1/1\_2, if the time offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH of a serving cell is equal to or greater than a threshold *timeDurationForQCL* if applicable, the UE shall expect TCI field present.

For PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_0, 1\_1, 1\_2, when a UE is configured with *sfnSchemePDCCH* set to 'sfnSchemeA' and *sfnSchemePDSCH* is not configured, and there is no TCI codepoint with two TCI states in the activation command, and if the time offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH is equal or larger than the threshold *timeDurationForQCL* if applicable and the CORESET which schedules the PDSCH is indicated with two TCI states, the UE assumes that the TCI state or the QCL assumption for the PDSCH is identical to the first TCI state or QCL assumption which is applied for the CORESET used for the PDCCH transmission within the active BWP of the serving cell.

If a PDSCH is scheduled by a DCI format having the TCI field present, the TCI field in DCI in the scheduling component carrier points to the activated TCI states in the scheduled component carrier or DL BWP, the UE shall use the *TCI-State* according to the value of the '*Transmission Configuration Indication*' field in the detected PDCCH with DCI for determining PDSCH antenna port quasi co-location. The UE may assume that the DM-RS ports of PDSCH of a serving cell are quasi co-located with the RS(s) in the TCI state with respect to the QCL type parameter(s) given by the indicated TCI state if the time offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH is equal to or greater than a threshold *timeDurationForQCL*, where the threshold is based on reported UE capability [13, TS 38.306]. For a single slot PDSCH, the indicated TCI state(s) should be based on the activated TCI states in the slot with the scheduled PDSCH. For a multi-slot PDSCH or the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *pdsch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPDSCH*, the indicated TCI state(s) should be based on the activated TCI states in the first slot with the scheduled PDSCH(s), and UE shall expect the activated TCI states are the same across the slots with the scheduled PDSCH(s). When the UE is configured with CORESET associated with a search space set for cross-carrier scheduling and the UE is not configured with *enableDefaultBeamForCCS*, the UE expects *tci-PresentInDCI* is set as 'enabled' or *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* is configured for the CORESET, and if one or more of the TCI states configured for the serving cell scheduled by the search space set contains *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD', the UE expects the time offset between the reception of the detected PDCCH in the search space set and a corresponding PDSCH is larger than or equal to the threshold *timeDurationForQCL.*

Independent of the configuration of *tci-PresentInDCI* and *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* in RRC connected mode, if the UE is not provided *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList-r17*, and if the offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH is less than the threshold *timeDurationForQCL* and at least one configured TCI state for the serving cell of scheduled PDSCH contains *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD',

- the UE may assume that the DM-RS ports of PDSCH(s) of a serving cell are quasi co-located with the RS(s) with respect to the QCL parameter(s) used for PDCCH quasi co-location indication of the CORESET associated with a monitored search space with the lowest *controlResourceSetId* in the latest slot in which one or more CORESETs within the active BWP of the serving cell are monitored by the UE. In this case, if the *qcl-Type* is set to 'typeD' of the PDSCH DM-RS is different from that of the PDCCH DM-RS with which they overlap in at least one symbol, the UE is expected to prioritize the reception of PDCCH associated with that CORESET. This also applies to the intra-band CA case (when PDSCH and the CORESET are in different component carriers).

- If a UE is configured with *enableDefaultTCI-StatePerCoresetPoolIndex* and the UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in different *ControlResourceSets,*

- the UE may assume that the DM-RS ports of PDSCH associated with a value of *coresetPoolIndex* of a serving cell are quasi co-located with the RS(s) with respect to the QCL parameter(s) used for PDCCH quasi co-location indication of the CORESET associated with a monitored search space with the lowest *controlResourceSetId* among CORESETs, which are configured with the same value of *coresetPoolIndex* as the PDCCH scheduling that PDSCH, in the latest slot in which one or more CORESETs associated with the same value of *coresetPoolIndex* as the PDCCH scheduling that PDSCH within the active BWP of the serving cell are monitored by the UE. In this case, if the 'QCL-TypeD' of the PDSCH DM-RS is different from that of the PDCCH DM-RS with which they overlap in at least one symbol and they are associated with same value of *coresetPoolIndex*, the UE is expected to prioritize the reception of PDCCH associated with that CORESET. This also applies to the intra-band CA case (when PDSCH and the CORESET are in different component carriers).

- If a UE is configured with *enableTwoDefaultTCI-States*, and at least one TCI codepoint indicates two TCI states, the UE may assume that the DM-RS ports of PDSCH or PDSCH transmission occasions of a serving cell are quasi co-located with the RS(s) with respect to the QCL parameter(s) associated with the TCI states corresponding to the lowest codepoint among the TCI codepoints containing two different TCI states. When the UE is configured by higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to 'tdmSchemeA' or is configured with higher layer parameter *repetitionNumber*, and the offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the first PDSCH transmission occasion is less than the threshold *timeDurationForQCL,* the mapping of the TCI states to PDSCH transmission occasions is determined according to clause 5.1.2.1 by replacing the indicated TCI states with the TCI states corresponding to the lowest codepoint among the TCI codepoints containing two different TCI states based on the activated TCI states in the slot with the first PDSCH transmission occasion. In this case, if the 'QCL-TypeD' in both of the TCI states corresponding to the lowest codepoint among the TCI codepoints containing two different TCI states is different from that of the PDCCH DM-RS with which they overlap in at least one symbol, the UE is expected to prioritize the reception of PDCCH associated with that CORESET. This also applies to the intra-band CA case (when PDSCH and the CORESET are in different component carriers)

- If a UE is not configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH*, and the UE is configured with *sfnSchemePDCCH* set to 'sfnSchemeA' and there is no TCI codepoint with two TCI states in the activation command and the CORESET with the lowest ID in the latest slot is indicated with two TCI states, the UE may assume that the DM-RS ports of PDSCH of a serving cell are quasi co-located with the RS(s) with respect to the QCL parameter(s) associated with the first TCI state of two TCI states indicated for the CORESET. In this case, if the *qcl-Type* is set to 'typeD' of the PDSCH DM-RS is different from that of the PDCCH DM-RS with which they overlap in at least one symbol, the UE is expected to prioritize the reception of PDCCH associated with that CORESET with single active TCI state. This also applies to the intra-band CA case (when PDSCH and the CORESET are in different component carriers).

- In all cases above, if none of configured TCI states for the serving cell of scheduled PDSCH is configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD', the UE shall obtain the other QCL assumptions from the indicated TCI state(s) for its scheduled PDSCH irrespective of the time offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH.

Independent of the configuration of *tci-PresentInDCI* and *tci-PresentDCI-1-2* in RRC connected mode, if the UE is provided *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList-r17*, and if the offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH is less than the threshold *timeDurationForQCL* and at least one configured TCI state for the serving cell of scheduled PDSCH contains *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD', regardless of configuration of *followUnifiedTCI-State*,

- if the indicated TCI state is associated with the PCI of the serving cell, the indicated TCI state is applied to PDSCH reception.

- if the indicated TCI state is associated with a PCI different from the serving cell, the UE may assume that the DM-RS ports of PDSCH(s) of a serving cell are quasi co-located with the RS(s) with respect to the QCL parameter(s) used for PDCCH quasi co-location indication of the CORESET associated with a monitored search space with the lowest *controlResourceSetId* in the latest slot in which one or more CORESETs within the active BWP of the serving cell are monitored by the UE. In the CA case, if the 'QCL-TypeD' of the PDSCH DM-RSs from respective CCs in a band are different in a slot, the QCL-TypeD assumption of the PDSCH DM-RS in the CC with lowest CC ID in the band is applied to all the PDSCH DM-RSs in the CCs in the band. In this case, if the *qcl-Type* is set to 'typeD' of the PDSCH DM-RS is different from that of the PDCCH DM-RS with which they overlap in at least one symbol, the UE is expected to prioritize the reception of PDCCH associated with that CORESET. This also applies to the intra-band CA case (when PDSCH and the CORESET are in different component carriers).

If the PDCCH carrying the scheduling DCI is received on one component carrier, and a PDSCH scheduled by that DCI is on another component carrier:

- The *timeDurationForQCL* is determined based on the subcarrier spacing of the scheduled PDSCH. If µPDCCH < µPDSCH an additional timing delay is added to the *timeDurationForQCL*, where *d* is defined in 5.2.1.5.1a-1, otherwise *d* is zero;

- When the UE is configured with *enableDefaultBeamForCCS*, if the offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH is less than the threshold *timeDurationForQCL,* or if the DL DCI does not have the TCI field present, the UE obtains its QCL assumption for the scheduled PDSCH from the activated TCI state with the lowest ID applicable to PDSCH in the active BWP of the scheduled cell.

A UE that has indicated a capability *beamCorrespondenceWithoutUL-BeamSweeping* set to 'supported', as described in [13, TS 38.306], can determine a spatial domain filter to be used while performing the applicable channel access procedures described in [16, TS 37.213] prior to a UL transmission on the channel as follows:

- if UE is indicated with an SRI corresponding to the UL transmission, the UE may use a spatial domain filter that is same as the spatial domain transmission filter associated with the indicated SRI,

- if UE is configured with *SRS-spatialRelationInfo* for the UL transmission, the UE may use a spatial domain filter that is same as the spatial domain filter associated with *referenceSignal* in the corresponding *SRS-spatialRelationInfo*,

- if UE is configured with *TCI-State* in *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *TCI-UL-State* in *ul-TCI-StateList*, the UE may use a spatial domain filter that is same as the spatial domain receive filter the UE may use to receive the DL reference signal associated with the indicated TCI state.

When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the time offset between the reception of the DL DCI and the corresponding PDSCH, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the configuration of *tci-PresentInDCI* or *tci-PresentDCI-1-2*, the UE expects the same configuration in the first and second CORESETs associated with the two PDCCH candidates; and if the PDSCH is scheduled by a DCI format not having the TCI field present and if the scheduling offset is equal to or larger than *timeDurationForQCL,* if applicable, PDSCH QCL assumption is based on the CORESET with lower ID among the first and second CORESETs associated with the two PDCCH candidates.

For a periodic CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, the UE shall expect that a TCI-State indicates one of the following quasi co-location type(s):

- 'typeC' with an SS/PBCH block and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same SS/PBCH block where SS/PBCH block may have a PCI different from the PCI of the serving cell. The UE can assume center frequency, SCS, SFN offset are the same for SS/PBCH block from the serving cell and SS/PBCH block having a PCI different from the serving cell, or

- 'typeC' with an SS/PBCH block and, when applicable,'typeD' with a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition,* where SS/PBCH block may have a PCI different from the PCI of the serving cell. The UE can assume center frequency, SCS, SFN offset are the same for SS/PBCH block from the serving cell and SS/PBCH block having a PCI different from the serving cell.

For periodic/semi-persistent CSI-RS, if the UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList,* the UE can assume that the indicated *TCI-State* is not applied.

For an aperiodic CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info,* the UE shall expect that a *TCI-State* indicates *qcl-Type* set to 'typeA' with a periodic CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' with the same periodic CSI-RS resource.

For a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured without higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and without the higher layer parameter *repetition*, the UE shall expect that a TCI-State indicates one of the following quasi co-location type(s):

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same CSI-RS resource, or

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with an SS/PBCH block, where SS/PBCH block may have a PCI different from the PCI of the serving cell. The UE can assume center frequency, SCS, SFN offset are the same for SS/PBCH block from the serving cell and SS/PBCH block having a PCI different from the serving cell, or

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*, or

- 'typeB' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* when 'typeD' is not applicable.

For a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition,* the UE shall expect that a TCI-State indicates one of the following quasi co-location type(s):

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same CSI-RS resource, or

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*, or

- 'typeC' with an SS/PBCH block and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same SS/PBCH block, the reference RS may additionally be an SS/PBCH block having a PCI different from the PCI of the serving cell. The UE can assume center frequency, SCS, SFN offset are the same for SS/PBCH block from the serving cell and SS/PBCH block having a PCI different from the serving cell.

For the DM-RS of PDCCH, if the UE is not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList,* the UE shall expect that a *TCI-State* indicates one of the following quasi co-location type(s):

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same CSI-RS resource, or

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*, or

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured without higher layer parameter trs-Info and without higher layer parameter *repetition* and,when applicable, 'typeD' with the same CSI-RS resource.

When a UE is configured with *sfnSchemePdcch* set to 'sfnSchemeA', and CORESET is activated with two TCI states, the UE shall assume that the DM-RS port(s)of the PDCCH in the CORESET is quasi co-located with the DL-RSs of the two TCI states. When a UE is configured with *sfnSchemePdcch* set to 'sfnSchemeB', and a CORESET is activated with two TCI states, the UE shall assume that the DM-RS port(s)of the PDCCH is quasi co-located with the DL-RSs of the two TCI states except for quasi co-location parameters {Doppler shift, Doppler spread} of the second indicated TCI state.

When a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *cjtSchemePDSCH* and *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and is indicated with two TCI-States applied for PDSCH reception and reports [support for two joint TCI states for PDSCH-CJT]:

- if the UE is configured with *cjtSchemeA*, the UE assumes that PDSCH DM-RS port(s) are QCLed with the DL RSs of both indicated TCI-States with respect to QCL-TypeA.

- if the UE is configured with *cjtSchemeB*, the UE assumes that PDSCH DM-RS port(s) are QCLed with the DL RSs of both indicated TCI-States with respect to QCL-TypeA except for QCL parameters {Doppler shift, Doppler spread} of the second indicated joint TCI state.

For the DM-RS of PDSCH, if the UE is not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList,* the UE shall expect that a *TCI-State* indicates one of the following quasi co-location type(s):

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same CSI-RS resource*,* or

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*,or

- typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured without higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and without higher layer parameter *repetition* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same CSI-RS resource.

For the DM-RS of PDCCH, if the UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList,* the UE shall expect that an indicated *TCI-State* indicates one of the following quasi co-location type(s):

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same CSI-RS resource, or

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition.*

For the DM-RS of PDSCH, if the UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList,* the UE shall expect that an indicated *TCI-State* indicates one of the following quasi co-location type(s):

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same CSI-RS resource*,* or

- 'typeA' with a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* and, when applicable, 'typeD' with a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition.*

When a UE is configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH* set to 'sfnSchemeA', and the UE is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field 'Transmission Configuration Indication' in a DCI scheduling a PDSCH, the UE shall assume that the DM-RS port(s)of the PDSCH is quasi co-located with the DL-RSs of the two TCI states. When a UE is configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH* set to 'sfnSchemeB', and the UE is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field 'Transmission Configuration Indication' in a DCI scheduling a PDSCH, the UE shall assume that the DM-RS port(s)of the PDSCH is quasi co-located with the DL-RSs of the two TCI states except for quasi co-location parameters {Doppler shift, Doppler spread} of the second indicated TCI state.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *TCI-UL-State* and is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of coresetPoolIndex in *ControlResourceSet*, an indicated TCI state is specific to a coresetPoolIndex value, when it is indicated by the DCI field 'Transmission Configuration Indication' in DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 associated with the coresetPoolIndex value.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and is having two indicated TCI-states, if the UE does not report its capability of *[two default beams for S-DCI based MTRP]* in frequency range 2 and when the offset between the reception of the scheduling/activation DCI format 1\_0/1\_1/1\_2 and the scheduled or activated PDSCH reception is less than *[timeDurationForQCL]* in frequency range 2, the UE shall apply the first indicated TCI-State to the scheduled or activated PDSCH reception.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*, if the UE does not report its capability of [default beam per *coresetPoolIndex* for M-DCI based MTRP] in frequency range 2

- when the offset between the reception of the scheduling/activation DCI format 1\_0/1\_1/1\_2 in a CORESET associated with *coresetPoolIndex* value 0 and the scheduled or activated PDSCH reception is less than *[timeDurationForQCL]* in frequency range 2, the UE shall apply the indicated joint/DL TCI state specific to *coresetPoolIndex* value 0 to the scheduled or activated PDSCH reception.

- the UE does not expect that the offset between reception of the scheduling/activation DCI format 1\_0/1\_1/1\_2 in a CORESET associated with *coresetPoolIndex* value 1 and scheduled or activated PDSCH reception is less than [timeDurationForQCL] in frequency range 2.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and is having two indicated TCI-states:

- Regardless of the offset between the reception of the scheduling DCI format 1\_0/1\_1/1\_2 and the scheduled/activated PDSCH reception, if the UE is in frequency range 1, or the UE reports its capability of *[two default beams for S-DCI based MTRP]* in frequency range 2, or

- If the UE does not report its capability of *[two default beams for S-DCI based MTRP]*in frequency range 2 and if the scheduling offset between the reception of the scheduling DCI format 1\_0/1\_1/1\_2 and the scheduled/activated PDSCH reception is equal to or larger than [*timeDurationForQCL]*

- The UE can be configured by higher layer parameter *applyIndicatedTCIState* to indicate whether the first, the second, or both of the indicated TCI-state(s) is/are applied to PDSCH reception scheduled or activated by DCI format 1\_0. The UE can be configured with *applyIndicatedTCIState* with value *both* only when the UE is configured with *cjtSchemePDSCH* and the UE reports [*support for two joint TCI states for PDSCH-CJT*] or the UE is configured with *sfnSchemePdsch*. In that case, the UE shall apply both indicated TCI-states to PDSCH reception scheduled or activated by DCI format 1\_0 on a search space other than Type0/0A/2 CSS on CORESET#0.

- If the UE is not configured with *applyIndicatedTCIState*, the first indicated TCI-state is applied to PDSCH reception scheduled or activated by DCI format 1\_0.

- When the UE is configured with *tciSelection-PresentInDCI* jointly for both DCI formats 1\_1 and 1\_2 in the same DL BWP,and when the UE receives a DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 that schedules or activates PDSCH reception, the UE shall determine the indicated joint/DL TCI state(s) for the PDSCH reception according to the following:

- If the DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 indicates codepoint "00" for the [TCI selection field], the UE shall apply the first one of two indicated joint/DL TCI states to all PDSCH DM-RS port(s) of corresponding PDSCH transmission occasion(s) scheduled or activated by the DCI format 1\_1/1\_2.

- If the DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 indicates codepoint "01" for the [TCI selection field], the UE shall apply the second one of two indicated joint/DL TCI states to all PDSCH DM-RS port(s) of corresponding PDSCH transmission occasion(s) scheduled or activated by the DCI format 1\_1/1\_2.

- If the DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 indicates codepoint "10" for the [TCI selection field], the UE shall apply both indicated joint/DL TCI states to the PDSCH reception scheduled or activated by the DCI format 1\_1/1\_2.

- If the UE is not configured with *tciSelection-PresentInDCI* and when the UE receives a DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 that schedules/activates PDSCH reception, the UE shall apply both indicated TCI-States to the scheduled or activated PDSCH reception

### 5.1.6 UE procedure for receiving reference signals

#### 5.1.6.1 CSI-RS reception procedure

The CSI-RS defined in Clause 7.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211], may be used for time/frequency tracking, CSI computation, L1-RSRP computation, L1-SINR computation, mobility, and tracking during fast SCell activation.

For a CSI-RS resource associated with a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on', the UE shall not expect to be configured with CSI-RS over the symbols during which the UE is also configured to monitor the CORESET, while for other *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configurations, if the UE is configured with a CSI-RS resource and a search space set associated with a CORESET in the same OFDM symbol(s), the UE may assume that the CSI-RS and a PDCCH DM-RS transmitted in all the search space sets associated with CORESET are quasi co-located with 'typeD', if 'typeD' is applicable. If the CORESET is activated with two TCI states, UE may assume that the first TCI state of the CORESET as the default QCL assumption for the CSI-RS. This also applies to the case when CSI-RS and the CORESET are in different intra-band component carriers, if 'typeD' is applicable. Furthermore, the UE shall not expect to be configured with the CSI-RS in PRBs that overlap those of the CORESET in the OFDM symbols occupied by the search space set(s).

The UE is not expected to receive CSI-RS and *SIB1* message in the overlapping PRBs in the OFDM symbols where *SIB1* is transmitted.

If the UE is configured with DRX,

- if the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 2\_6 and configured by higher layer parameter *ps-TransmitOtherPeriodicCSI* to report CSI with the higher layer parameter *reportConfigType* set to 'periodic' and *reportQuantity* set to quantities other than 'cri-RSRP' and 'ssb-Index-RSRP' when *drx-onDurationTimer* in *DRX-Config* is not started, the most recent CSI measurement occasion occurs in DRX active time or during the time duration indicated by *drx-onDurationTimer* in *DRX-Config* also outside DRX active time for CSI to be reported;

- if the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 2\_6 and configured by higher layer parameter *ps-TransmitPeriodicL1-RSRP* to report L1-RSRP with the higher layer parameter *reportConfigType* set to 'periodic' and *reportQuantity* set to cri-RSRP when *drx-onDurationTimer* in *DRX-Config* is not started, the most recent CSI measurement occasion occurs in DRX active time or during the time duration indicated by *drx-onDurationTimer* in *DRX-Config* also outside DRX active time for CSI to be reported;

- otherwise, the most recent CSI measurement occasion occurs in DRX active time for CSI to be reported.

During non-active periods of cell DTX, the UE configured with cell DTX is not expected to receive the periodic CSI-RS and semi-persistent CSI-RS configured in CSI report configuration in CSI-*ReportConfig* associated with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* comprising at least 'RI'. If the cell DTX is activated for a serving cell [10, TS 38.321], the most recent CSI measurement occasion of semi-persistent CSI-RS resource or periodic CSI-RS resource occurs in active periods of cell DTX for CSI report configured by *CSI-ReportConfig* associated with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* comprising at least 'RI'.

##### 5.1.6.1.1 CSI-RS for tracking

A UE in RRC connected mode is expected to receive the higher layer UE specific configuration of a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*.

For a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with the higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, the UE shall assume the antenna port with the same port index of the configured NZP CSI-RS resources in the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is the same.

- For frequency range 1, the UE may be configured with one or more NZP CSI-RS set(s), where a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* consists of four periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots with two periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in each slot. If no two consecutive slots are indicated as downlink slots by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigDedicated*, then the UE may be configured with one or more NZP CSI-RS set(s), where a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* consists of two periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in one slot.

- For frequency range 2 the UE may be configured with one or more NZP CSI-RS set(s), where a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* consists of two periodic CSI-RS resources in one slot or with a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* of four periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots with two periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in each slot.

A UE configured with *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet(s)* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* may have the CSI-RS resources configured as:

- Periodic, with the CSI-RS resources in the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with same periodicity, bandwidth and subcarrier location.

- Periodic CSI-RS resource in one set and aperiodic CSI-RS resources in a second set, with the aperiodic CSI-RS and periodic CSI-RS resource having the same bandwidth (with same RB location) and the aperiodic CSI-RS being configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeA' and 'typeD', where applicable, with the periodic CSI-RS resources. For frequency range 2, the UE does not expect that the scheduling offset between the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the triggering DCI and the first symbol of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources is smaller than *beamSwitchTiming* + *d* in CSI-RS symbols*,* where *beamSwitchTiming* is UE reported value defined in [13, TS 38.306], the reported value is one of the values of {14, 28, 48}, and the beam switching timing delay *d* is defined in Table 5.2.1.5.1a-1 if µPDCCH < µCSIRS , else *d* is zero. The UE shall expect that the periodic CSI-RS resource set and aperiodic CSI-RS resource set are configured with the same number of CSI-RS resources and with the same number of CSI-RS resources in a slot. For the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set if triggered, and if the associated periodic CSI-RS resource set is configured with four periodic CSI-RS resources with two consecutive slots with two periodic CSI-RS resources in each slot, the higher layer parameter *aperiodicTriggeringOffset* indicates the triggering offset for the first slot for the first two CSI-RS resources in the set.

A UE does not expect to be configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* that is linked to a *CSI-ResourceConfig* containing an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with *trs-Info* and with the *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForChannelMeasurements* set to 'configured'.

A UE does not expect to be configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to other than 'tdcp' or 'none' for aperiodic NZP CSI-RS resource set configured with *trs-Info.*

A UE does not expect to be configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* for periodic NZP CSI-RS resource set configured with *trs-Info*, except for *reportQuantity* set to 'tdcp'.

A UE does not expect to be configured with a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured both with *trs-Info* and *repetition*.

Each CSI-RS resource, defined in Clause 7.4.1.5.3 of [4, TS 38.211], is configured by the higher layer parameter *NZP-CSI-RS-Resource* with the following restrictions:

- the time-domain locations of the two CSI-RS resources in a slot, or of the four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots (which are the same across two consecutive slots), as defined by higher layer parameter *CSI-RS-resourceMapping*, is given by one of

- , , or for frequency range 1 and frequency range 2,

- , , , , ,  or  for frequency range 2.

- a single port CSI-RS resource with density  given by Table 7.4.1.5.3-1 from [4, TS 38.211] and higher layer parameter *density* configured by *CSI-RS-ResourceMapping.*

- if carrier , , and the carrier is configured in paired spectrum, the bandwidth of the CSI-RS resource, as given by the higher layer parameter *freqBand* configured by *CSI-RS-ResourceMapping*, is *X* resource blocks, where resource blocks if the UE indicates *trs-AddBW-Set1* for the *trs-AdditionalBandwidth* capability for CSI-RS for tracking or *addBW-Set1* for the *aperiodicCSI-RS*-*AdditionalBandwidth* capability for aperiodic CSI-RS for fast SCell activation and if the UE indicates *trs-AddBW-Set2* for the *AdditionalBandwidth* capability for CSI-RS for tracking or *addBW-Set2* for the *aperiodicCSI-RS*-*AdditionalBandwidth* capability for aperiodic CSI-RS for fast SCell activation; in these cases, if the UE is configured with CSI-RS comprising X<52 resource blocks, the UE does not expect that the total number of PRBs allocated for DL transmissions but not overlapped with the PRBs carrying CSI-RS for tracking is more than 4, where all CSI-RS resource configurations shall span the same set of resource blocks; otherwise, the bandwidth of the CSI-RS resource, as given by the higher layer parameter *freqBand* configured by *CSI-RS-ResourceMapping*, is the minimum of 52 and resource blocks, or is equal to resource blocks. For operation with shared spectrum channel access in FR1, *freqBand* configured by *CSI-RS-ResourceMapping*, is the minimum of 48 and resource blocks, or is equal to resource blocks.

- the UE is not expected to be configured with the periodicity of  slots if the bandwidth of CSI-RS resource is larger than 52 resource blocks.

- the periodicity and slot offset for periodic NZP CSI-RS resources, as given by the higher layer parameter *periodicityAndOffset* configured b*y NZP-CSI-RS-Resource*, is one of slots where 10, 20, 40, or 80 and where µ is defined in Clause 4.3 of [4, TS 38.211].

- same *powerControlOffset* and *powerControlOffsetSS* given by*NZP-CSI-RS-Resource* value across all resources.

A UE in RRC\_IDLE or RRC\_INACTIVE can receive a higher layer configuration of TRS occasions via a *trs-ResourceSetConfig*.

- For frequency range 1, the UE may be configured with one or more TRS resource set(s), where each TRS resource set configured by a *TRS-ResourceSet* consists of four periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots with two periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in each slot. If no two consecutive slots are indicated as downlink slots by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon*, then the UE may be configured with one or more TRS resource set(s), where a *TRS-ResourceSet* consists of two periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in one slot.

- For frequency range 2 the UE may be configured with one or more TRS resource set(s), where each TRS resource set configured by a *TRS-ResourceSet* consists of two periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in one slot or by a *TRS-ResourceSet* of four periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots with two periodic NZP CSI-RS resources in each slot.

Each NZP CSI-RS resource, defined in Clause 7.4.1.5.3 of [4, TS 38.211], is configured by the higher layer parameter *TRS-ResourceSet* with the following restrictions for a UE in RRC\_IDLE or RRC\_INACTIVE:

- the number of periodic NZP CSI-RS resources configured by a *TRS-ResourceSet* is given by *nrofResources*

- the time-domain locations of the two CSI-RS resources in a slot, or of the four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots (which are the same across two consecutive slots), is one of

- , , or for frequency range 1 and frequency range 2,

- , , , , ,  or  for frequency range 2.

- where the first symbol location in a slot is indicated by *firstOFDMSymbolInTimeDomain* in the *TRS-ResourceSet* and the second symbol location in a slot is *firstOFDMSymbolInTimeDomain +* 4

- a single port CSI-RS resource with density  given by Table 7.4.1.5.3-1 from [4, TS 38.211]*.*

- the bandwidth and the frequency location of the NZP CSI-RS resource, is given by the higher layer parameter *nrofRBs*, *startingRB* and *frequencyDomainAllocation* in a *TRS-ResourceSet* and applies to all resources in a *TRS-ResourceSet*. Bandwidth, *nrofRBs*, and the initial CRB index, *startingRB*, of the NZP CSI-RS resource configured by *TRS-ResourceSet* are not restricted by initial DL BWP.

- UE is not required to receive TRS occasions outside the initial DL BWP.

- the periodicity for periodic NZP CSI-RS resources, is given by the higher layer parameter *periodicityAndOffset* configured b*y* a *TRS-ResourceSet*, is one of slots where 10, 20, 40, or 80 and where µ is defined in Clause 4.3 of [4, TS 38.211], applies to all resources in a *TRS-ResourceSet*. The slot offset given by the higher layer parameter *periodicityAndOffset* configured b*y* a *TRS-ResourceSet* provides the location of the first slot containing the periodic NZP CSI-RS resources configured by b*y* a *TRS-ResourceSet.*

- the UE does not expect the *TRS-ResourceSet* to be configured with the periodicity of  slots if the bandwidth of NZP CSI-RS resource is larger than 52 resource blocks.

- the UE may assume the sub-carrier spacing of the NZP CSI-RS resources configured by *TRS-ResourceSet* to be same as the sub-carrier spacing of the initial DL BWP.

- *powerControlOffsetSS* given bya *TRS-ResourceSet* applies to all resources in a *TRS-ResourceSet*.

- the QCL information for periodic NZP CSI-RS resources, is given by the higher layer parameter *ssb-Index* configured by a *TRS-ResourceSet*, is a SS/PBCH block, applies to all resources in a *TRS-ResourceSet*.

- One or more scrambling IDs according to *scramblingID-Info* where if a single *scramblingIDforCommon* is configured, it applies to all NZP-CSI-RS resources in the resource set, otherwise, each NZP-CSI-RS resource is provided with a scrambling IDs according to *scramblingIDperResourceListWith2* or *scramblingIDperResourceListWith4*.

- the UE may assume the following quasi co-location type(s):

- 'typeC' with an SS/PBCH block and, when applicable, 'typeD' with the same SS/PBCH block.

For each *TRS-ResourceSet* the index of the associated bit in TRS availability indication field [5, TS 38.212], is given by the higher layer parameter *indBitID*.

5.1.6.1.1.1 Aperiodic CSI-RS for tracking for fast SCell activation

A UE can be configured with aperiodic CSI-RS resources for tracking for an SCell for fast SCell activation using *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet(s)* with the higher layer parameter *scellActivationRS-ConfigToAddModList*, with the QCL relation, provided by higher layer parameter *qcl-Info* given by *SCellActivationRS-Config* as with aperiodic CSI-RS for tracking in clause 5.1.6.1.1.

Each CSI-RS resource, defined in clause 7.4.1.5.3 of [4, TS 38.211], for fast SCell activation is configured by the higher layer parameter *NZP-CSI-RS-Resource* with the same restrictions as defined for CSI-RS for tracking in clause 5.1.6.1.1.

##### 5.1.6.1.2 CSI-RS for L1-RSRP and L1-SINR computation

If a UE is configured with a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on', the UE may assume that the CSI-RS resources, described in Clause 5.2.2.3.1, within the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* are transmitted with the same downlink spatial domain transmission filter, where the CSI-RS resources in the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* are transmitted in different OFDM symbols. If *repetition* is set to 'off', the UE shall not assume that the CSI-RS resources within the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* are transmitted with the same downlink spatial domain transmission filter.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RSRP', 'cri-SINR' or 'none' and if the *CSI-ResourceConfig* for channel measurement (higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*) contains a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* that is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* and without the higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, the UE can only be configured with the same number (1 or 2) of ports with the higher layer parameter *nrofPorts* for all CSI-RS resources within the set. If the UE is configured with the CSI-RS resource in the same OFDM symbol(s) as an SS/PBCH block, the UE may assume that the CSI-RS and the SS/PBCH block are quasi co-located with 'typeD' if 'typeD' is applicable. Furthermore, the UE shall not expect to be configured with the CSI-RS in PRBs that overlap with those of the SS/PBCH block, and the UE shall expect that the same subcarrier spacing is used for both the CSI-RS and the SS/PBCH block.

##### 5.1.6.1.3 CSI-RS for mobility

If a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility* and the higher layer parameter *associatedSSB* is not configured, the UE shall perform measurements based on *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility* and the UE may base the timing of the CSI-RS resource on the timing of the serving cell.

If a UE is configured with the higher layer parameters *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility* and *associatedSSB*, the UE may base the timing of the CSI-RS resource on the timing of the cell given by the *cellId* of the CSI-RS resource configuration. Additionally, for a given CSI-RS resource, if the associated SS/PBCH block is configured but not detected by the UE, the UE is not required to monitor the corresponding CSI-RS resource. The higher layer parameter *isQuasiColocated* indicates whether the associated SS/PBCH block given by the *associatedSSB* and the CSI-RS resource(s) are quasi co-located with respect to 'typeD', when applicable.

If a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility* and with periodicity greater than 10 msec in paired spectrum, the UE may assume the absolute value of the time difference between radio frame *i* between any two cells, listed in the configuration with the higher layer parameter *CSI-RS-CellMobility* and with same *refFreqCSI-RS*, is less than 153600 *Ts*.

If the UE is configured with DRX, the UE is not required to perform measurement of CSI-RS resources other than during the active time for measurements based on *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility*. When the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 2\_6, the UE is not required to perform measurements other than during the active time and during the timer duration indicated by *drx-onDurationTimer* in *DRX-Config* also outside active time based on *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility*.

If the UE is configured with DRX and DRX cycle in use is larger than 80 msec, the UE may not expect CSI-RS resources are available other than during the active time for measurements based on *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility*. If the UE is configured with DRX and configured to monitor DCI format 2\_6 and DRX cycle in use is larger than 80 msec, the UE may not expect that the CSI-RS resources are available other than during the active time and during the time duration indicated by *drx-onDurationTimer* in *DRX-Config* also outside active time for measurements based on *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility.* Otherwise, the UE may assume CSI-RS are available for measurements based on *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility*.

A UE configured with the higher layer parameters *CSI-RS-Resource-Mobility* may expect to be configured

- with no more than 96 CSI-RS resources per higher layer parameter *MeasObjectNR* for UEs not supporting [*increasedNumberofCSIRSPerMO-r16*] when all CSI-RS resources configured by the same higher layer parameter *MeasObjectNR* have been configured with *associatedSSB*, or,

- with no more than 192 CSI-RS resources per higher layer parameter *MeasObjectNR* for UEs supporting [*increasedNumberofCSIRSPerMO-r16*] when all CSI-RS resources configured by the same higher layer parameter *MeasObjectNR* have been configured with *associatedSSB*, or,

- with no more than 64 CSI-RS resources per higher layer parameter *MeasObjectNR* when all CSI-RS resources have been configured without *associatedSSB* or when only some of the CSI-RS resources have been configured with associatedSSB by the same higher layer parameter *MeasObjectNR*

- For frequency range 1 the *associatedSSB* is optionally present for each CSI-RS resource.

- For frequency range 2 the *associatedSSB* is either present for all configured CSI-RS resources or not present for any configured CSI-RS resource per higher layer parameter *MeasObjectNR*.

For any CSI-RS resource configuration, the UE shall assume that the value for parameter *cdm-Type* is 'noCDM', and there is only one antenna port.

#### 5.1.6.2 DM-RS reception procedure

The DM-RS reception procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_2, by applying the parameters of *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-1-2* and *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-1-2* instead of *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA* and *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB*. The DM-RS reception procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_3.

The DM-RS reception procedures for PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 1\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 4\_2, by applying the parameters of *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA* and *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast* instead of *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA* and *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB in PDSCH-Config*.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_0, 4\_0, or 4\_1, or receiving PDSCH before dedicated higher layer configuration of any of the parameters *dmrs-AdditionalPosition*, *maxLength* and *dmrs-Type,* the UE shall assume that the PDSCH is not present in any symbol carrying DM-RS except for PDSCH with allocation duration of 2 symbols with PDSCH mapping type B (described in clause 7.4.1.1.2 of [4, TS 38.211]), and a single symbol front-loaded DM-RS of configuration type 1 on DM-RS port 1000 is transmitted, and that all the remaining orthogonal antenna ports are not associated with transmission of PDSCH to another UE and in addition

- For PDSCH with mapping type A and type B, the UE shall assume *dmrs-AdditionalPosition*='pos2' and up to two additional single-symbol DM-RS present in a slot according to the PDSCH duration indicated in the DCI as defined in Clause 7.4.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211], and

- For PDSCH with allocation duration of 2 symbols with mapping type B, the UE shall assume that the PDSCH is present in the symbol carrying DM-RS.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_3 by PDCCH with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI or DCI format 4\_2 by PDCCH with CRC scrambled by G-RNTI for multicast or G-CS-RNTI,

- the UE may be configured with the higher layer parameter *dmrs-Type* and/or *enhanced-dmrs-Type\_r18*, and the configured DM-RS configuration type is used for receiving PDSCH in as defined in Clause 7.4.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211].

- the UE may be configured with the maximum number of front-loaded DM-RS symbols for PDSCH by higher layer parameter *maxLength* given by *DMRS-DownlinkConfig..*

- if *maxLength* is set to 'len1', single-symbol DM-RS can be scheduled for the UE by DCI, and the UE can be configured with a number of additional DM-RS for PDSCH by higher layer parameter *dmrs-AdditionalPosition,* which can be set to 'pos0', 'pos1', 'pos2' or 'pos3'.

- if *maxLength* is set to 'len2', both single-symbol DM-RS and double symbol DM-RS can be scheduled for the UE by DCI, and the UE can be configured with a number of additional DM-RS for PDSCH by higher layer parameter *dmrs-AdditionalPosition,* which can be set to 'pos0' or 'pos1'.

- and the UE shall assume to receive additional DM-RS as specified in Table 7.4.1.1.2-3 and Table 7.4.1.1.2-4 as described in Clause 7.4.1.1.2 of [4, TS 38.211].

For the UE-specific reference signals generation as defined in Clause 7.4.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211], a UE can be configured by higher layers with one or two scrambling identity(s), *i* = 0,1 which are the same for both PDSCH mapping Type A and Type B.

A UE may be scheduled with a number of DM-RS ports by the antenna port index in DCI format 1\_1 as described in Clause 7.3.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212].

For DM-RS configuration type 1,

- if a UE is scheduled with one codeword and assigned with the antenna port mapping with indices of {2, 9, 10, 11 or 30} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-1 and Table 7.3.1.2.2-2 of Clause 7.3.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212], or

- if a UE is scheduled with one codeword and assigned with the antenna port mapping with indices of {2, 9, 10, 11 or 12} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-1A and {2, 9, 10, 11, 30 or 31} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-2A of Clause 7.3.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212], or

- if a UE is scheduled with two codewords,

the UE may assume that all the remaining orthogonal antenna ports are not associated with transmission of PDSCH to another UE.

For DM-RS configuration type 2,

- if a UE is scheduled with one codeword and assigned with the antenna port mapping with indices of {2, 10 or 23} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-3 and Table 7.3.1.2.2-4 of Clause 7.3.1.2 of [5, TS38.212], or

- if a UE is scheduled with one codeword and assigned with the antenna port mapping with indices of {2, 10, 23 or 24} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-3A and {2, 10, 23 or 58} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-4A of Clause 7.3.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212], or

- if a UE is scheduled with two codewords,

the UE may assume that all the remaining orthogonal antenna ports are not associated with transmission of PDSCH to another UE.

For DM-RS configuration enhanced type 1,

- if a UE is scheduled with one codeword and assigned with the antenna port mapping with indices of {9, 10, 11 and 27 when applicable} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-7 and Table 7.3.1.2.2-7A of Clause 7.3.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212], or

- if a UE is scheduled with one codeword and assigned with the antenna port mapping with indices of {9, 10, 11, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45 and 66 when applicable} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-8 and Table 7.3.1.2.2-8A of Clause 7.3.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212],

the UE may assume that all the remaining orthogonal antenna ports of the CDM groups, from which the antenna ports are indicated to the UE, are not associated with transmission of PDSCH to another UE, or

- if a UE is scheduled with two codewords, the UE may assume that all the remaining orthogonal antenna ports are not associated with transmission of PDSCH to another UE.

For DM-RS configuration enhanced type 2,

- if a UE is scheduled with one codeword and assigned with the antenna port mapping with indices of {9, 10, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 54 when applicable} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-9 and Table 7.3.1.2.2-9A of Clause 7.3.1.2 of [5, TS38.212], or

- if a UE is scheduled with one codeword and assigned with the antenna port mapping with indices of {9, 10, 20, 21, 22, 23, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77 and 136 when applicable} in Table 7.3.1.2.2-10 and in Table 7.3.1.2.2-10A of Clause 7.3.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212],

The UE may assume that all the remaining orthogonal antenna ports of CDM groups, from which the antenna ports are indicated to the UE, are not associated with transmission of PDSCH to another UE, or

- if a UE is scheduled with two codewords, the UE may assume that all the remaining orthogonal antenna ports are not associated with transmission of PDSCH to another UE.

For DM-RS configuration enhanced type 1,

- if a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to *'fdmSchemeA'* or '*fdmSchemeB*', and is indicated with two TCI states to be applied to the PDSCH,

- if a UE is not indicating UE capability of [*noSchedulingRestrictionForFDMSchemes-r18*], the UE shall assume that the number of consecutively scheduled PRBs for PDSCH for each TCI-state is even, and the offset of each set of consecutively scheduled PRB from common resource block 0 for PDSCH for each TCI-state is even number.

- otherwise,

- if the UE is not indicating UE capability of [*noSchedulingRestriction-r18*], the UE shall assume the number of consecutively scheduled PRBs for PDSCH is even, and the offset of each set of consecutively scheduled PRB for PDSCH from common resource block 0 is even number.

If a UE receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_2 is configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-1-2* or *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-1-2* or a UE receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_0, 1\_1 or 1\_3 is configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA* or *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB*, the UE may assume that the following configurations are not occurring simultaneously for the received PDSCH:

- any DM-RS ports among

1004-1007 or 1006-1011 for DM-RS configurations type 1 and type 2, respectively or,

1004-1007 or 1012-1015 for DM-RS configuration enhanced type 1 or,

1006-1011 or 1018-1023 for DM-RS configuration enhanced type 2,

are scheduled for the UE and the other UE(s) sharing the DM-RS REs on the same CDM group(s), and

- PT-RS is transmitted to the UE.

The UE is not expected to simultaneously be configured with the maximum number of front-loaded DM-RS symbols for PDSCH by higher layer parameter *maxLength* being set equal to 'len2' and more than one additional DM-RS symbol as given by the higher layer parameter *dmrs-AdditionalPosition*.

The UE is not expected to assume co-scheduled UE(s) with different DM-RS configuration with respect to the actual number of front-loaded DM-RS symbol(s), the actual number of additional DM-RS, the DM-RS symbol locationas described in Clause 7.4.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211]. The UE configured with DM-RS configuration type 1 or enhanced type 1 is not expected to assume co-scheduled UE(s) with DM-RS configuration type 2 or enhanced type 2. The UE configured with DM-RS configuration type 2 or enhanced type 2 is not expected to assume co-scheduled UE(s) with DM-RS configuration type 1 or enhanced type 1.

The UE does not expect the precoding of the potential co-scheduled UE(s) in other DM-RS ports of the same CDM group to be different in the PRG-level grid configured to this UE with PRG =2 or 4.

When the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *enhanced-dmrs-Type\_r18* and indicated with at least one DM-RS ports 1008-1015 for enhanced Type 1 DM-RS or DM-RS ports 1012-1023 for enhanced Type 2 DM-RS, the UE does not expect that any co-scheduled UE(s) in the same CDM group is not configured with the higher layer- parameter *enhanced-dmrs-Type\_r18*. When the UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *enhanced-dmrs-Type\_18*, the UE does not expect that any co-scheduled UE(s) in the same CDM group(s) is configured with the higher layer parameter *enhanced-dmrs-Type\_r18* and indicated with at least one of DMRS ports 1008-1015 for enhanced Type 1 DMRS or DMRS ports 1012-1023 for enhanced Type 2 DMRS.

The UE does not expect the resource allocation of the potential co-scheduled UE(s) in other DM-RS ports of the same CDM group to be misaligned in the PRG-level grid to this UE with PRG=2 or 4.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_1, the UE shall assume that the CDM groups indicated in the configured index from Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1, 7.3.1.2.2-1A, 7.3.1.2.2-7, 7.3.1.2.2-7A, 7.3.1.2.2-2, 7.3.1.2.2-2A, 7.3.1.2.2-8, 7.3.1.2.2-8A, 7.3.1.2.2-3, 7.3.1.2.2-3A, 7.3.1.2.2-9, 7.3.1.2.2-9A, 7.3.1.2.2-4, 7.3.1.2.2-4A, 7.3.1.2.2-10, 7.3.1.2.2-10A of [5, TS. 38.212] contain potential co-scheduled downlink DM-RS and are not used for data transmission, where "1", "2" and "3" for the number of DM-RS CDM group(s) in Tables 7.3.1.2.2-1, 7.3.1.2.2-1A, 7.3.1.2.2-7, 7.3.1.2.2-7A, 7.3.1.2.2-2, 7.3.1.2.2-2A, 7.3.1.2.2-8, 7.3.1.2.2-8A, 7.3.1.2.2-3, 7.3.1.2.2-3A, 7.3.1.2.2-9, 7.3.1.2-9A, 7.3.1.2.2-4, 7.3.1.2.2-4A, 7.3.1.2.2-10, 7.3.1.2.2-10A of [5, TS. 38.212] correspond to CDM group 0, {0,1}, {0,1,2}, respectively.

When receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_0, 4\_0, or 4\_1, the UE shall assume the number of DM-RS CDM groups without data is 1 which corresponds to CDM group 0 for the case of PDSCH with allocation duration of 2 symbols, and the UE shall assume that the number of DM-RS CDM groups without data is 2 which corresponds to CDM group {0,1} for all other cases.

The UE is not expected to receive PDSCH scheduling DCI which indicates CDM group(s) with potential DM-RS ports which overlap with any configured CSI-RS resource(s) for that UE.

If the UE receives the DM-RS for PDSCH and an SS/PBCH block associated with the same PCI in the same OFDM symbol(s), then the UE may assume that the DM-RS and SS/PBCH block are quasi co-located with 'typeD', if 'typeD' is applicable. Furthermore, the UE shall not expect to receive DM-RS in resource elements that overlap with those of the SS/PBCH block associated with the same PCI as the DM-RS, and the UE can expect that the same or different subcarrier spacing is configured for the DM-RS and SS/PBCH block in a CC except for the case of 240 kHz where only different subcarrier spacing is supported. A DM-RS for PDSCH is said to be associated with an additional PCI if the indicated TCI state for the PDSCH is associated with the additional PCI, otherwise a DM-RS for PDSCH is associated with serving cell PCI.

If at least one TCI codepoint indicates two TCI states for a UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, or if the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is having two indicated TCI states and the UE receives the DM-RS for PDSCH and an SS/PBCH block in the same OFDM symbol(s), then the UE may assume that at least one DM-RS port for the PDSCH and SS/PBCH block are quasi co-located with 'QCL-TypeD', if 'QCL-TypeD' is applicable.

If the UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of CORESETPoolIndex in different ControlResourceSets, and the UE receives the DM-RS for PDSCH(s) and an SS/PBCH block in the same OFDM symbol(s), then the UE may assume that at least one DM-RS port for the PDSCH(s) and SS/PBCH block are quasi co-located with 'QCL-TypeD', if 'QCL-TypeD' is applicable.

If a UE is configured by the higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*, the UE may be scheduled with fully or partially overlapping PDSCHs in the time and frequency domain by multiple PDCCHs with the following restrictions,

- the UE is not expected to assume different DM-RS configuration with respect to the actual number of front-loaded DM-RS symbol(s), the actual number of additional DM-RS symbol(s), the actual DM-RS symbol location, and DM-RS configuration type.

- the UE is not expected to assume DM-RS ports in a CDM group indicated by two TCI states.

When a UE is not indicated with a DCI that DCI field '*Time domain resource assignment*' indicating an entry which contains *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation,* the UE is not configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH* and it is indicated with two TCI states to be applied to the PDSCH and indicated DM-RS port(s) within two CDM groups in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)',*

- the first TCI state corresponds to the CDM group of the first antenna port indicated by the antenna port indication table, and the second TCI state corresponds to the other CDM group.

If a UE is configured with higher layer parameter *dmrs-FD-OCC-DisabledForRank1-PDSCH* and the UE is scheduled with PDSCH with single DM-RS port, the UE may assume that set of orthogonal DM-RS antenna ports from the same CDM group using different set of *w*f(*k*') codes are not associated with the transmission of PDSCH to another UE. If a UE is configured with higher layer parameter *enhanced-dmrs-Type\_r18*, the UE does not expect to be configured with *dmrs-FD-OCC-DisabledForRank1-PDSCH*.

#### 5.1.6.3 PT-RS reception procedure

The procedures on PT-RS reception described in this clause apply to a UE receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_2 configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-1-2* or *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-1-2* and to a UE receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_0, 1\_1 or 1\_3 configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA* or *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB*. The procedures on PT-RS reception described in this clause apply to a UE receiving PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 4\_1 or 4\_2 configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA* or *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB* in *pdsch-ConfigMulticast*.

A UE shall report the preferred MCS and bandwidth thresholds based on the UE capability at a given carrier frequency, for each subcarrier spacing applicable to data channel at this carrier frequency, assuming the MCS table with the maximum Modulation Order as it reported to support.

If a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *DMRS-DownlinkConfig*,

- the higher layer parameters *timeDensity* and *frequencyDensity* in *PTRS-DownlinkConfig* indicate the threshold values *ptrs-MCSi*, *i*=1,2,3 and *NRB,i* , *i*=0,1, as shown in Table 5.1.6.3-1 and Table 5.1.6.3-2, respectively.

- if either or both of the additional higher layer parameters *timeDensity* and *frequencyDensity* are configured, and the RNTI equals MCS-C-RNTI, C-RNTI or CS-RNTI, the UE shall assume the PT-RS antenna port' presence and pattern is a function of the corresponding scheduled MCS of the corresponding codeword and scheduled bandwidth in corresponding bandwidth part as shown in Table 5.1.6.3-1 and Table 5.1.6.3-2,

- if the higher layer parameter *timeDensity* given by *PTRS-DownlinkConfig* is not configured, the UE shall assume *LPT-RS* = 1.

- if the higher layer parameter *frequencyDensity* given by *PTRS-DownlinkConfig* is not configured, the UE shall assume *KPT-RS* = 2.

- otherwise, if neither of the additional higher layer parameters *timeDensity* and *frequencyDensity* are configured and the RNTI equals MCS-C-RNTI, C-RNTI or CS-RNTI, the UE shall assume the PT-RS is present with *LPT-RS* = 1, *KPT-RS* = 2, and the UE shall assume PT-RS is not present when

- the scheduled MCS from Table 5.1.3.1-1 is smaller than 10, or

- the scheduled MCS from Table 5.1.3.1-2 is smaller than 5, or

- the scheduled MCS from Table 5.1.3.1-3 is smaller than 15, or

- the scheduled MCS from Table 5.1.3.1-4 is smaller than 3, or

- the number of scheduled RBs is smaller than 3, or

- otherwise, if the RNTI equals RA-RNTI, [MSGB-RNTI], SI-RNTI, or P-RNTI, the UE shall assume PT-RS is not present

Table 5.1.6.3-1: Time density of PT-RS as a function of scheduled MCS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Scheduled MCS | Time density () |
| IMCS < ptrs-MCS1 | PT-RS is not present |
| ptrs-MCS1  IMCS < ptrs-MCS2 | 4 |
| ptrs-MCS2  IMCS < ptrs-MCS3 | 2 |
| ptrs-MCS3  IMCS < ptrs-MCS4 | 1 |

Table 5.1.6.3-2: Frequency density of PT-RS as a function of scheduled bandwidth

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Scheduled bandwidth | Frequency density () |
| *NRB* < *NRB0* | PT-RS is not present |
| *NRB0*  *NRB* < *NRB1* | 2 |
| *NRB1*  *NRB* | 4 |

If a UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *DMRS-DownlinkConfig*, the UE assumes PT-RS is not present.

The higher layer parameter *PTRS-DownlinkConfig* provides the parameters *ptrs-MCSi*, *i*=1,2,3 and with values in range 0-29 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-1 or MCS Table 5.1.3.1-3 is used and 0-28 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used, and 0-27 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-4 is used, respectively. *ptrs-MCS4* is not explicitly configured by higher layers but assumed 29 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-1 or MCS Table 5.1.3.1-3 is used and 28 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used and 27 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-4 is used, respectively. The higher layer parameter *frequencyDensity* in *PTRS-DownlinkConfig* provides the parameters *NRBi**i*=0,1 with values in range 1-276.

If the higher layer parameter *PTRS-DownlinkConfig* indicates that the time density thresholds *ptrs-MCSi* = *ptrs-MCSi+1*, then the time density *LPT-RS* of the associated row where both these thresholds appear in Table 5.1.6.3-1 is disabled. If the higher layer parameter *PTRS-DownlinkConfig* indicates that the frequency density thresholds *NRBi* = *NRBi**+1*, then the frequency density *KPTRS* of the associated row where both these thresholds appear in Table 5.1.6.3-2 is disabled.

If either or both of the parameters PT-RS time density (*LPT-RS*) and PT-RS frequency density (*KPT-RS*), shown in Table 5.1.6.3-1 and Table 5.1.6.3-2, indicates that 'PT-RS not present', the UE shall assume that PT-RS is not present.

When the UE is receiving a PDSCH with allocation duration of 2 symbols as defined in Clause 7.4.1.1.2 of [4, TS 38.211] and if *LPT-RS* is set to 2 or 4, the UE shall assume PT-RS is not transmitted.

When the UE is receiving a PDSCH with allocation duration of 4 symbols and if *LPT-RS* is set to 4, the UE shall assume PT-RS is not transmitted.

When a UE is receiving PDSCH for retransmission, if the UE is scheduled with an MCS index greater than V, where V=28 for MCS Table 5.1.3.1-1 and Table 5.1.3.1-3, and V=27 for MCS Table 5.1.3.1-2, and V=26 for MCS Table 5.1.3.1-4 respectively, the MCS for the PT-RS time-density determination is obtained from the DCI received for the same transport block in the initial transmission, which is smaller than or equal to V.

The DL DM-RS port(s) associated with a PT-RS port are assumed to be quasi co-located with respect to 'typeA' and 'typeD'. If a UE is scheduled with one codeword, the PT-RS antenna port is associated with the lowest indexed DM-RS antenna port among the DM-RS antenna ports assigned for the PDSCH.

If a UE is scheduled with two codewords, the PT-RS antenna port is associated with the lowest indexed DM-RS antenna port among the DM-RS antenna ports assigned for the codeword with the higher MCS. If the MCS indices of the two codewords are the same, the PT-RS antenna port is associated with the lowest indexed DM-RS antenna port assigned for codeword 0.

When a UE is not indicated with a DCI that DCI field '*Time domain resource assignment*' indicating an entry which contains *repetitionNumber* in *PDSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocation*, and if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *maxNrofPorts* equal to *n2*, the UE is not configured with *sfnSchemePDSCH* and if the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is indicated with two TCI states by the codepoints of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH, and indicated DM-RS port(s) within two CDM groups in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)'*, the UE shall receive two PT-RS ports which are associated to the lowest indexed DM-RS port among the DM-RS ports corresponding to the first/second indicated TCI state, respectively.

When a UE configured by the higher layer parameter *repetitionScheme* set to 'fdmSchemeA*'* or 'fdmSchemeB*',* and the UE not configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* is indicated with two TCI states in a codepoint of the DCI field *'Transmission Configuration Indication'* or when the UE configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and having two indicated TCI States to be applied to PDSCH, and indicated DM-RS port(s) within one CDM group in the DCI field '*Antenna Port(s)*', the UE shall receive a single PT-RS port which is associated with the lowest indexed DM-RS antenna port among the DM-RS antenna ports assigned for the PDSCH, a PT-RS frequency density is determined by the number of PRBs associated to each TCI state, and a PT-RS resource element mapping is associated to the allocated PRBs for each TCI state.

#### 5.1.6.4 SRS reception procedure for CLI

The SRS resources defined in Clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211] may be configured for SRS-RSRP measurement for CLI, as defined in Clause 5.1.19 of [7, TS 38.215]. The UE is not expected to measure SRS-RSRP with a subcarrier spacing other than the one configured for the active BWP confining the SRS resource. The UE is not expected to measure SRS-RSRP using the SRS-RSRP measurement resource which is not fully confined within the DL active BWP. The UE is not expected to measure more than 32 SRS resources, and the UE is not expected to receive more than 8 SRS resources in a slot.

#### 5.1.6.5 PRS reception procedure

The UE can be configured with one or more DL PRS resource set configuration(s) as indicated by the higher layer parameters *NR-DL-PRS-ResourceSet* and *NR-DL-PRS-Resource* as defined by Clause 6.4.3 [17, TS 37.355]. Each DL PRS resource set consists of K≥1 DL PRS resource(s) where each has an associated spatial transmission filter. The UE can be configured with one or more DL PRS positioning frequency layer configuration(s) as indicated by the higher layer parameter *NR-DL-PRS-PositioningFrequencyLayer.* A DL PRS positioning frequency layer is defined as a collection of DL PRS resource sets which have common parameters configured by *NR-DL-PRS-PositioningFrequencyLayer*.

The UE assumes that the following parameters for each DL PRS resource(s) are configured via higher layer parameters *NR-DL-PRS-PositioningFrequencyLayer, NR-DL-PRS-ResourceSet* and *NR-DL-PRS-Resource*.

A DL PRS positioning frequency layer is configured by *NR-DL-PRS-PositioningFrequencyLayer,* consists of one or more DL PRS resource sets and it is defined by:

*- dl-PRS-SubcarrierSpacing* defines the subcarrier spacing for the DL PRS resource. All DL PRS resources and DL PRS resource sets in the same DL PRS positioning frequency layer have the same value of *dl-PRS-SubcarrierSpacing*. The supported values of *dl-PRS-SubcarrierSpacing* are given in Table 4.2-1 of [4, TS38.211], excluding the values of 240kHz, 480 kHz, and 960 kHz.

*- dl-PRS-CyclicPrefix* defines the cyclic prefix for the DL PRS resource. All DL PRS Resources and DL PRS Resource sets in the same DL PRS positioning frequency layer have the same value of *dl-PRS-CyclicPrefix.* The supported values of *dl-PRS-CyclicPrefix* are given in Table 4.2-1 of [4, TS38.211].

*- dl-PRS-PointA* defines the absolute frequency of the reference resource block. Its lowest subcarrier is also known as Point A. All DL PRS resources belonging to the same DL PRS resource set have common Point A and all DL PRS resources sets belonging to the same DL PRS positioning frequency layer have a common Point A.

The UE expects that it will be configured with *dl-PRS-ID* each of which is defined such that it is associated with multiple DL PRS resource sets. The UE expects that one of these *dl-PRS-ID* along with a *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceSetID* and a *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceID-r16* can be used to uniquely identify a DL PRS resource.

The UE may be configured by the network with *nr-PhysCellID*, *nr-CellGlobalID*, and *nr-ARFCN* [17, TS 37.355] associated with a *dl-PRS-ID*.

- If *nr-PhysCellID* or *nr-CellGlobalID* is provided, and if *nr-PhysCellID*, *nr-CellGlobalID* and *nr-ARFCN* associated with the *dl-PRS-ID*, if provided, are the same as the corresponding information of a serving cell, the UE may assume that the DL PRS is transmitted from the serving cell;

- Otherwise, the UE may assume that the DL PRS is not transmitted from a serving cell.

If the UE assumes that the DL PRS is transmitted from a serving cell, and if the serving cell is the same as the serving cell defined by the SS/PBCH block, the UE may assume that the DL PRS and the SS/PBCH block are transmitted from the same serving cell.

If the UE assumes that the DL PRS is not transmitted from a serving cell, and if *nr-PhysCellID* is provided, and is the same as physical cell ID of the SS/PBCH block from a non-serving cell of the same band as the DL PRS, the UE may assume that the DL PRS and the SS/PBCH block are transmitted from the same non-serving cell.

A DL PRS resource set is configured by *NR-DL-PRS-ResourceSet*, consists of one or more DL PRS resources and it is defined by:

*- nr-DL-PRS-ResourceSetID* defines the identity of the DL PRS resource set configuration.

*- dl-PRS-Periodicity-and-ResourceSetSlotOffset* defines the DL PRS resource periodicity and takes values slots, where for *dl-PRS-SubcarrierSpacing*=15, 30, 60 and 120 kHz respectively and the slot offset for DL PRS resource set with respect to SFN0 slot 0. All the DL PRS resources within one DL PRS resource set are configured with the same DL PRS resource periodicity. The UE does not expect that the product of DL PRS resource periodicity , the higher layer parameter *dl-prs-MutingBitRepetitionFactor* and the size of the bitmap of *dl-PRS-MutingOption1* exceeds , where for *dl-PRS-SubcarrierSpacing*=15, 30, 60 and 120 kHz respectively.

*- dl-PRS-ResourceRepetitionFactor* defines how many times each DL-PRS resource is repeated for a single instance of the DL-PRS resource set and takes values . All the DL PRS resources within one resource set have the same resource repetition factor.

*- dl-PRS-ResourceTimeGap* defines the offset in number of slots between two repeated instances of a DL PRS resource with the same *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceID* within a single instance of the DL PRS resource set. The UE only expects to be configured with *dl-PRS-ResourceTimeGap* if *dl-PRS-ResourceRepetitionFactor* is configured with value greater than 1. The time duration spanned by one instance of a *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceSet* is not expected to exceed the configured value of DL PRS periodicity. All the DL PRS resources within one resource set have the same value of *dl-PRS-ResourceTimeGap.*

*- dl-PRS-MutingOption1* and *dl-PRS-MutingOption2* define the time locations where the DL PRS resource is expected to not be transmitted for a DL PRS resource set. If *dl-PRS-MutingOption1* is configured, each bit in the bitmap of *dl-PRS-MutingOption1* corresponds to a configurable number provided by higher layer parameter *dl-prs-MutingBitRepetitionFactor* of consecutive instances of a DL PRS resource set where all the DL PRS resources within the set are muted for the instance that is indicated to be muted. The length of the bitmap can be {2, 4, 6, 8, 16, 32} bits. If *dl-PRS-MutingOption2* is configured each bit in the bitmap of *dl-PRS-MutingOption2* corresponds to a single repetition index for each of the DL PRS resources within each instance of a *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceSet* and the length of the bitmap is equal to the values of *dl-PRS-ResourceRepetitionFactor*. Both *dl-PRS-MutingOption1* and *dl-PRS-MutingOption2* may be configured at the same time in which case the logical AND operation is applied to the bit maps as described in Clause 7.4.1.7.4 of [4, TS 38.211].

*- NR-DL-PRS-SFN0-Offset* defines the time offset of the SFN0 slot 0 for the DL PRS resource set with respect to SFN0 slot 0 of reference provided by *nr-DL-PRS-ReferenceInfo*.

*- dl-PRS-ResourceList* determines the DL PRS resources that are contained within one DL PRS resource set.

*- dl-PRS-CombSizeN* defines the comb size of a DL PRS resource where the allowable values are given in Clause 7.4.1.7.3 of [TS38.211]. All DL PRS resource sets belonging to the same DL PRS positioning frequency layer have the same value of *dl-PRS-CombSizeN*.

*- dl-PRS-ResourceBandwidth* defines the number of resource blocks configured for DL PRS transmission. The parameter has a granularity of 4 PRBs with a minimum of 24 PRBs and a maximum of 272 PRBs. All DL PRS resources sets within a DL PRS positioning frequency layer have the same value of *dl-PRS-ResourceBandwidth*.

*- dl-PRS-StartPRB* defines the starting PRB index of the DL PRS resource with respect to reference Point A, where reference Point A is given by the higher-layer parameter *dl-PRS-PointA*. The starting PRB index has a granularity of one PRB with a minimum value of 0 and a maximum value of 2176 PRBs. All DL PRS resource sets belonging to the same DL PRS positioning frequency layer have the same value of *dl-PRS-StartPRB*.

*- dl-PRS-NumSymbols* defines the number of symbols of the DL PRS resource within a slot where the allowable values are given in Clause 7.4.1.7.3 of [4, TS38.211].

A DL PRS resource is defined by:

*- nr-DL-PRS-ResourceID* determines the DL PRS resource configuration identity. All DL PRS resource IDs are locally defined within a DL PRS resource set.

*- dl-PRS-SequenceID* is used to initialize cinit value used in pseudo random generator as described in Clause 7.4.1.7.2 of [4, TS 38.211] for generation of DL PRS sequence for a given DL PRS resource.

*- dl-PRS-CombSizeN-AndReOffset* defines the starting RE offset of the first symbol within a DL PRS resource in frequency. The relative RE offsets of the remaining symbols within a DL PRS resource are defined based on the initial offset and the rule described in Clause 7.4.1.7.3 of [4, TS 38.211].

*- dl-PRS-ResourceSlotOffset* determines the starting slot of the DL PRS resource with respect to corresponding DL PRS resource set slot offset.

*- dl-PRS-ResourceSymbolOffset* determines the starting symbol of a slot configured with the DL PRS resource.

*- dl-PRS-QCL-Info* defines any quasi co-location information of the DL PRS resource with other reference signals. The DL PRS may be configured with QCL 'typeD' with a DL PRS associated with the same *dl-PRS-ID*, or with *rs-Type* set to 'typeC', 'typeD', or 'typeC-plus-typeD' with a SS/PBCH Block from a serving or non-serving cell.

- *dl-PRS-ResourcePrioritySubset* defines a subset of DL-PRS resources for the DL PRS resource for the purpose of prioritization of measurement reporting as described in [17, TS 37.355].

The UE assumes constant EPRE is used for all REs of a given DL PRS resource.

The UE may be indicated by the network that DL PRS resource(s) can be used as the reference for the DL RSTD, DL PRS-RSRP, DL PRS-RSRPP, and UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements in a higher layer parameter *nr-DL-PRS-ReferenceInfo*. The reference indicated by the network to the UE can also be used by the UE to determine how to apply higher layer parameters *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD* and *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD-Uncertainty*. The UE expects the reference to be indicated whenever it is expected to receive the DL PRS. This reference provided by *nr-DL-PRS-ReferenceInfo* may include a *dl-PRS-ID*, a DL PRS resource set ID, and optionally a single DL PRS resource ID or a list of DL PRS resource IDs [17, TS 37.355]. The UE may use different DL PRS resources or a different DL PRS resource set to determine the reference for the RSTD measurement as long as the condition that the DL PRS resources used belong to a single DL PRS resource set is met. If the UE chooses to use a different reference than indicated by the network, then it is expected to report the *dl-PRS-ID*, the DL PRS resource ID(s) or the DL PRS resource set ID used to determine the reference.

The UE may be configured to report quality metrics *NR-TimingQuality* corresponding to the DL RSTD and UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements which include the following fields:

*- timingQualityValue* which provides the best estimate of the uncertainty of the measurement

*- timingQualityResolution* which specifies the resolution levels used in the *timingQualityValue* field.

The UE expects to be configured with higher layer parameter *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD*, which defines the time difference with respect to the received DL subframe timing the UE is expected to receive DL PRS, and *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD-Uncertainty*, which defines a search window around the *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD*.

For DL UE positioning measurement reporting in higher layer parameters *NR-DL-TDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* or *NR-Multi-RTT-SignalMeasurementInformation* the UE can be configured to report the DL PRS resource ID(s) or the DL PRS resource set ID(s) associated with the DL PRS resource(s) or the DL PRS resource set(s) which are used in determining the UE measurements DL RSTD, or UE Rx-Tx time difference, respectively.

For the DL RSTD, DL PRS-RSRP, DL PRS-RSRPP, and UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements the UE reports an associated higher layer parameter *nr-TimeStamp*. The *nr-TimeStamp* can include the *dl-PRS-ID*, the SFN and the slot number for a subcarrier spacing. These values correspond to the reference which is provided by *nr-DL-PRS-ReferenceInfo*.

The UE is expected to measure the DL PRS resource outside the active DL BWP or with a numerology different from the numerology of the active DL BWP if the measurement is made during a configured measurement gap. When the UE is expected to measure the DL PRS resource, the UE may request a measurement gap via higher layer parameter *NR-PRS-MeasurementInfoList* [12, TS 38.331] or as specified in clause 6.1.3.40 of [10, TS 38.321]. The UE may be preconfigured with one or more measurement gaps each associated with a *measPosPreConfigGapId*. When the UE requests activation or deactivation of a measurement gap as specified in clause 6.1.3.40 of [10, TS 38.321]it can request one of the preconfigured measurement gaps by referring to the *measPosPreConfigGapId*. The UE may have one of the preconfigured measurement gap(s) activated or deactivated as specified in clause 6.1.3.41 of [10, TS 38.321].

The UE assumes that the DL PRS from the serving cell is not mapped to any symbol that contains SS/PBCH block from the serving cell. If the time frequency location of the SS/PBCH block transmissions from non-serving cells are provided to the UE then the UE also assumes that the DL PRS from a non-serving cell is not mapped to any symbol that contains the SS/PBCH block of the same non-serving cell.

The UE may be configured to measure and report, subject to UE capability, up to 4 DL RSTD measurements per pair of *dl-PRS-ID* with each measurement between a different pair of DL PRS resources or DL PRS resource sets within the DL PRS configured for those *dl-PRS-ID*. If the UE is not configured to report with *multiMeasInSameReport-r17*, the up to 4 measurements being performed on the same pair of *dl-PRS-ID* and all DL RSTD measurements in the same report use a single reference timing. If the UE is configured to report with *multiMeasInSameReport-r17*, the up to 4 measurements being performed on the same pair of *dl-PRS-ID* and all DL RSTD measurements in the same measurement instance of the same report use a single reference timing.

The UE may be configured to measure and report, subject to UE capability, up to 24 DL PRS-RSRP measurements on DL PRS resources associated with the same *dl-PRS-ID*. When the UE reports DL PRS-RSRP measurements from one DL PRS resource set, the UE may indicate which DL PRS-RSRP measurements associated with the same higher layer parameter *nr-DL-PRS-RxBeamIndex* [17, TS 37.355] have been performed using the same spatial domain filter for reception if for each *nr-DL-PRS-RxBeamIndex* reported there are at least 2 DL PRS-RSRP measurements associated with it within the DL PRS resource set. When the UE reports DL PRS-RSRP measurements for a DL PRS resource, the reported multiple DL PRS-RSRP measurements associated with the same or different higher layer parameter *nr-DL-PRS-RxBeamIndex* may have the same or different timestamps.

The UE may be configured to measure and optionally report, subject to UE capability, up to 24 DL PRS-RSRPP for the first detected path on DL PRS resources associated with the same *dl-PRS-ID*. When the UE reports DL PRS-RSRPP measurements for a DL PRS resource, the reported multiple DL PRS-RSRPP measurements associated with the same or different higher layer parameter *nr-DL-PRS-RxBeamIndex* may have the same or different timestamps. When the UE reports DL PRS-RSRPP measurements from one DL PRS resource set, the UE may indicate which DL PRS-RSRPP measurements associated with the same higher layer parameter *nr-DL-PRS-RxBeamIndex* [17, TS 37.355] have been performed using the same spatial domain filter for reception if for each *nr-DL-PRS-RxBeamIndex* reported there are at least 2 DL PRS-RSRPP measurements associated with it within the DL PRS resource set.

The UE may be configured to optionally report a differential DL PRS-RSRPP for a DL PRS resource with reference to *nr-DL-PRS-FirstPathRSRP-Result* and/or a differential DL PRS RSRP with reference to *nr-DL-PRS-RSRP-Result* via higher layer parameter *NR-DL-AoD-AdditionalMeasurementElement*.

For each DL PRS resource, the UE may be configured, subject to UE capability, with *dl-PRS-ResourcePrioritySubset* that is associated with this DL PRS resource, where the subset of DL PRS resources associated with the DL PRS resource can be in the same or different DL PRS resource set than the DL PRS resource. The UE may include UE measurements for the subset of DL PRS resources in *NR-DL-AoD-AdditionalMeasurementElement* if the UE measurements of the associated PRS resource are reported, where the UE measurement can be DL PRS-RSRP and/or DL PRS-RSRPP. The UE may report DL PRS-RSRP and/or DL PRS-RSRPP measurements only for the subset of DL PRS resources. Subject to UE capability, the UE may be configured with boresight direction via higher layer parameter *DL-PRS-BeamInfoElement* for each DL PRS resource.

The UE may be provided with beam/antenna information via higher layer parameter *NR-TRP-BeamAntennaInfo*.

The UE may request to be provided with either expected DL-AoD/ZoD and uncertainty range(s) of expected DL-AoD/ZoD, or expected DL-AoA/ZoA and uncertainty range(s) of the expected DL-AoA/ZoA. The UE may be provided with expected DL-AoD/ZoD and uncertainty range(s) of the expected DL-AoD/ZoD. The UE may be provided with expected DL-AoA/ZoA and uncertainty range(s) of the expected DL-AoA/ZoA. The uncertainty range(s) of the expected DL-AoD/DL-AoA may be configured within [0, 60]. The uncertainty range(s) of expected DL-ZoD/DL-ZoA may be configured within [0, 30].

The UE may be configured to measure and report, subject to UE capability, up to 4 UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements corresponding to a single configured SRS resource or resource set for positioning. Each measurement corresponds to a single received DL PRS resource or resource set which can be in different DL PRS positioning frequency layers.

The UE may be configured to measure and report via higher layer parameter *additionalPaths* or *additionalPathsExt*, subject to UE capability, the timing and the quality metrics of up to 8 additional detected paths, that are associated with each RSTD or UE Rx – Tx time difference. The timing of each additional path is reported relative to the path timing used for determining *nr-RSTD* or *nr-UE-RxTxTimeDiff*. For UE positioning measurement reporting in higher layer parameters *NR-DL-TDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation* or *NR-Multi-RTT-SignalMeasurementInformation*, the UE may be configured to measure and report, subject to UE capability, the DL PRS-RSRPP of the first path and the up to 8 additional paths that are associated with each RSTD or UE Rx – Tx time difference.

The UE may be requested, subject to UE capability, to measure and report one or more of the DL RSTD, DL PRS-RSRP, DL PRS-RSRPP, or UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements with either or 4 samples, where = 1 or 2 is as defined in [11, TS 38.133], via higher layer parameter *reducedDL-PRS-ProcessingSamples* [17, TS 37.355] which applies for all DL PRS positioning frequency layers.

The UE may be requested, subject to UE capability, to report LoS/NLoS indicator(s) via higher layer parameter *nr-los-nlos-IndicatorRequest*. The UE can report LoS/NLoS indicator(s) via higher layer parameter *nr-los-nlos-Indicator* associated with each DL RSTD, DL PRS-RSRP, DL PRS-RSRPP, and UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements. The UE can report LoS/NLoS indicator(s) via higher layer parameter *nr-los-nlos-Indicator* associated with each *dl-PRS-ID* in a measurement report. For the LoS/NLoS indicator(s) associated with DL RSTD, the UE may report one indicator associated with the *dl-PRS-ID* indicated by higher layer parameter *dl-PRS-ReferenceInfo* and one indicator associated with the *dl-PRS-ID* of the DL RSTD measurement. A UE may be provided with LoS/NLoS indicator(s) via higher layer parameter *nr-los-nlos-Indicator*, and it may be associated with each DL PRS resource of each configured *dl-PRS-ID* or may be associated with each configured *dl-PRS-ID*. The values of the higher layer parameter *LOS-NLOS-Indicator* may be soft values (0, 0.1, …, 0.9, 1) or hard values (0, 1) with the values corresponding to the likelihood of LoS, with a value of 1 corresponding to LoS and a value of 0 corresponding to NLoS.

If the UE is configured with *DL-PRS-QCL-Info* and the QCL relation is between two DL PRS resources, then the UE assumes those DL PRS resources are associated with the same *dl-PRS-ID*. If *DL-PRS-QCL-Info* is configured to the UE with QCL set to 'type-D' with a source DL PRS resource then the *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceSetId* and the *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceId* of the source DL PRS resource are expected to be indicated to the UE.

The UE is expected to measure the DL PRS outside the measurement gap, subject to UE capability, if the DL PRS is inside the active DL BWP and has the same numerology as the active DL BWP and is within the DL PRS processing window indicated by higher layer parameter *DL-PPW-PreConfig*. The UE is not expected to measure the DL PRS outside the measurement gap if the expected received timing difference between the DL PRS from the non-serving cell and that from the serving cell, determined by the higher layer parameters *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD* and *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD-Uncertainty,* is larger than maximum Rx timing difference provided by UE capability*.* For receiving the DL PRS outside the measurement gap and within the DL PRS processing window, the priority between DL PRS and SSB is defined in [11, TS 38.133] and the UE determines the DL PRS priority as indicated by higher layer parameter *priority* subject to UE capability or as implied by UE capability, except for SSB:

- with value *'st1'* where the DL PRS is higher priority than all the DL signals and channels, or

- with value *'st2'* where the DL PRS is lower priority than PDCCH and the PDSCH scheduled by DCI formats 1\_1, 1\_2, 1\_3 or 4\_2 with the priority indicator field in the corresponding DCI format set to 1, and is higher priority than other DL signals and channels, or

- with value *'st3'* where the DL PRS is lower priority than all the DL signals and channels.

Inside one *DL-PPW-PreConfig* the UE is only expected to measure a single DL PRS positioning frequency layer.

When the UE is expected to measure the DL PRS outside the measurement gap in a configured DL PRS processing window with *type1A* and if the DL PRS is determined to be higher priority than the DL signals and channels inside the DL PRS processing window, those DL signals and channels are not expected to be measured by the UE. When the UE is expected to measure the DL PRS outside the measurement gap in a configured DL PRS processing window with *type1B* and if the DL PRS is determined to be higher priority than the DL signals and channels inside the DL PRS processing window, those DL signals and channels in the same band as the DL PRS are not expected to be measured by the UE. When the UE is expected to measure the DL PRS outside the measurement gap in a configured DL PRS processing window with *type2* if the DL PRS is determined to be higher priority than the DL signals and channels inside the DL PRS processing window, those DL signals and channels from the impacted serving cells are not expected to be measured by the UE on the overlapped symbols with the DL PRS, where impacted serving cells refer to the serving cell on which the *DL-PPW-PreConfig* is configured for a frequency range 1 band, and all the serving cells in the same band as the DL PRS for a frequency range 2 band. When the UE is expected to measure the DL PRS outside the measurement gap in a configured DL PRS processing window with *type1B* or *type2,* and if the DL PRS is determined to be higher priority than the DL signals and channels inside the DL PRS processing window, the UE behavior is described in [11, TS 38.133] for inter-band case for frequency range 2 for the DL signals/channels from a different frequency range 2 band than the frequency range 2 band of the DL PRS.

When the UE has an activated DL PRS processing window with *type1A* or *type1B* and the UE determines the presence of other DL signals and channels, except SSB, of higher priority than the DL PRS in the DL PRS processing window no later than *N2* symbols, defined in clause 6.4 for the subcarrier spacing of the DL PRS, before the first symbol of the DL PRS processing window, the UE is expected to receive the other DL signals and channels and drop all PRS within the DL PRS processing window. When the UE has an activated DL PRS processing window with *type2* and the UE determines the presence of other DL signals and channels, except SSB, of higher priority than the DL PRS on a symbol configured with the DL PRS no later than *N2* symbols, defined in clause 6.4 for the subcarrier spacing of the DL PRS, before the DL PRS symbol, the UE is expected to receive the other DL signals and channels and drop the DL PRS symbol.

When the UE has an activated DL PRS processing window with *type1A* or *type1B* and the UE determines the presence of other DL signals and channels, except SSB, of higher priority than the DL PRS in the DL PRS processing window later than *N2* symbols, defined in clause 6.4 for the subcarrier spacing of the DL PRS, before the first symbol of the DL PRS processing window, the UE is not required to receive the other DL signals and channels and may receive the DL PRS and consider the DL PRS as higher priority in the DL PRS processing window. When the UE has an activated DL PRS processing window with *type2* and the UE determines the presence of other DL signals and channels, except SSB, of higher priority than the DL PRS on a symbol configured with the DL PRS later than *N2* symbols, defined in clause 6.4 for the subcarrier spacing of the DL PRS, before the DL PRS symbols, the UE is not required to receive the other DL signals and channels and may receive the DL PRS symbol and consider the DL PRS as higher priority in that symbol.

Within a positioning frequency layer, the DL PRS resources are sorted in the decreasing order of priority for measurement to be performed by the UE, with the reference indicated by *nr-DL-PRS-ReferenceInfo* being the highest priority for measurement, and the following priority is assumed:

- Up to 64 *NR-SelectedDL-PRS-IndexPerTRP* of the DL PRS positioning frequency layer are sorted according to priority if *nr-SelectedDL-PRS-IndexListPerFreq* is provided, or up to 64 *NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceDataPerTRP* of the frequency layer are sorted according to priority otherwise; except when the UE is requested to perform aggregated measurement(s), in which case:

- A [*dl-PRS-ID* or *nr-SelectedTRP-Index]* associated with DL PRS bandwidth aggregation linkage has higher priority than a [*dl-PRS-ID* or *nr-SelectedTRP-Index]* not associated with DL PRS bandwidth aggregation linkage. If [multiple *dl-PRS-ID(s)* or *nr-SelectedTRP-Index(s)]* are associated with DL PRS bandwidth aggregation linkage, they are sorted according to priority.

- Up to 2 *DL-SelectedPRS-ResourceSetIndex* per *dl-PRS-ID* of the DL PRS positioning frequency layer are sorted according to priority if *dl-SelectedPRS-ResourceSetIndexList* is provided, or up to 2 *NR-DL-PRS-ResourceSet* per *dl-PRS-ID* of the DL PRS positioning frequency layer are sorted according to priority otherwise. Except when the UE is requested to perform aggregated measurement(s)], in which case:

- A DL PRS resource set linked for a DL PRS bandwidth aggregation has higher priority than a DL PRS resource set not linked for DL PRS bandwidth aggregation. If multiple DL PRS resource sets are linked for DL PRS bandwidth aggregation, then they are sorted according to priority.

The UE DL PRS processing capability is defined in [TS 37.355]. For the purpose of DL PRS processing capability, the duration *K* msec of DL PRS symbols within *P* msec window, is calculated by

*-* Type 1 duration calculation with UE symbol level buffering capability

*-* Type 2 duration calculation with UE slot level buffering capability

*- S* is the set of slots based on the numerology of the DL PRS of a serving cell within the *P* msec window in the positioning frequency layer that contains potential DL PRS resources considering the actual *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD*, *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD-Uncertainty* provided for each pair of DL PRS Resource Sets.

*-* For Type 1, is the smallest interval in msec within slot corresponding to an integer number of OFDM symbols based on the numerology of the DL PRS of a serving cell that covers the union of the potential DL PRS symbols and determines the DL PRS symbol occupancy within slot , where the interval considers the actual *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD*, *nr-DL-PRS-ExpectedRSTD-Uncertainty* provided for each pair of DL PRS resource sets (target and reference).

*-* For Type 2, is the numerology of the DL PRS, and is the cardinality of the set .

The UE may be configured to report one or more measurement instances, each with its own timestamp, on DL RSTD, DL PRS-RSRP, DL PRS-RSRPP, and/or UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements, in a single measurement report.

Timing Error Group(s) (TEG(s)) at UE side are defined:

*-* UE Rx TEG is associated with one or more DL measurements, which have the Rx timing error difference within a certain margin.

*-* UE RxTx TEG is associated with one or more UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements, which have the 'Rx timing errors+Tx timing errors' difference within a certain margin.

The UE may be configured to report, subject to UE capability, via high layer parameter *nr-UE-RxTEG-Request*, the association information of DL RSTD measurement(s) with UE Rx TEG(s) via higher layer parameter *nr-UE-Rx-TEG-ID* when the UE reports the DL RSTD measurement(s). The UE may report up to 4 RSTD measurements associated with different DL PRS resources per UE Rx TEG per *dl-PRS-ID*.

The UE may report a UE Rx TEG ID via higher layer parameter *nr-UE-Rx-TEG-ID* for a RSTD reference time *dl-PRS-ReferenceInfo* and a UE Rx TEG ID for each DL RSTD measurement, where the DL RSTD can be DL RSTD measurement in *NR-DL-TDOA-MeasElement* and/or *NR-DL-TDOA-AdditionalMeasurementElement*.

If the UE reports a UE Rx TEG ID with a DL RSTD measurement, the UE may report a UE Rx TEG timing error margin value, via high layer parameter *nr-UE-RxTEG-TimingErrorMargin*, for all the UE Rx TEGs within one *NR-DL-TDOASignalMeasurementInformation.*

The UE may be configured to measure and report, via high layer parameter *measureSameDL-PRS-ResourceWithDifferentRxTEGs* subject to UE capability, RSTD measurements on a DL PRS resource associated with a *dl-PRS-ID* using up to 8 different UE Rx TEGs with the same *dl-PRS-ReferenceInfo.* The higher layer parameter *measureSameDL-PRS-ResourceWithDifferentRxTEGs* applies to all DL PRS positioning frequency layers.

The UE may be provided with association information of DL PRS resource(s) with TRP Tx TEGs via higher layer parameter *dl-prs-trp-Tx-TEG-ID* for a *dl-PRS-ID*.

The UE may be configured to report, via high layer parameter *nr-UE-RxTxTEG-Request*, subject to UE capability, the association information of UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement(s) with UE RxTx TEG(s) via higher layer parameter *nr-UE-RxTx-TEG-ID*. The UE may report up to 4 UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements associated with different DL PRS resources per UE RxTx TEG per *dl-PRS-ID*.

If the UE reports a UE RxTx TEG ID with a UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement, the UE may report a UE RxTx TEG timing error margin value, via high layer parameter *nr-UE-RxTxTEG-TimingErrorMargin*, for all the UE RxTx TEGs within one *NR-Multi-RTT-SignalMeasurementInformation.*

The UE may be configured to report, via high layer parameter *nr-UE-RxTxTEG-Request*, subject to UE capability, the association information of UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement(s) with the UE Rx TEG(s) and UE Tx TEG(s) via the higher layer parameters of *nr-UE-Rx-TEG-ID*, and *nr-UE-Tx-TEG-Index*. The UE may report up to 4 UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements associated with different DL PRS resources per UE Rx TEG per *dl-PRS-ID*.

If the UE reports a UE Rx TEG ID with a UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement, the UE may report a UE Rx TEG timing error margin value, via high layer parameter *nr-UE-RxTEG-TimingErrorMargin*, for all the UE Rx TEGs within one *NR-Multi-RTT-SignalMeasurementInformation*.

The UE may be configured to measure and report, via high layer parameter *measureSameDL-PRS-ResourceWithDifferentRxTEGs* subject to UE capability, UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements on a PRS resource associated with a *dl-PRS-ID* using up to 8 different UE Rx TEGs. The high layer parameter *measureSameDL-PRS-ResourceWithDifferentRxTEGs* applies to all DL PRS positioning frequency layers.

The UE may be configured to measure and report, via high layer parameter *measureSameDL-PRS-ResourceWithDifferentRxTxTEGs* subject to UE capability, UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements with the same UE Tx TEG using up to 8 different UE RxTx TEGs*.* The high layer parameter *measureSameDL-PRS-ResourceWithDifferentRxTxTEGs* applies to all DL PRS positioning frequency layers.

The UE may be configured to measure and report, via higher layer parameter [undetermined NTN related parameter] subject to UE capability, UE Rx-Tx time difference measurements on a PRS resource associated with a *dl-PRS-ID,* and report the UE Rx-Tx time difference subframe offset and the DL timing drift as described in [7, TS 38.215].

The UE in RRC\_INACTIVE mode is expected to prioritize the reception of any other DL signals and DL channels than the reception of DL PRS.

The UE in RRC\_INACTIVE mode, subject to UE capability, is expected to process DL PRS outside or inside of the initial DL BWP. For DL PRS processing outside of the initial DL BWP, the UE may be configured with the same or different subcarrier spacing and CP for DL PRS resources than those of the initial DL BWP. For DL PRS processing inside of the initial DL BWP, the UE is configured with the same subcarrier spacing and CP for DL PRS resources as those of the initial DL BWP.

For a UE configured with preconfigured Measurement gap(s) for Positioning, when the UE receives an activation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.41 of [10, TS 38.321], for a preconfigured Measurement Gap for Positioning activation/deactivation, and when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot n corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the command, the corresponding actions in [10, TS 38.321] and the UE assumptions shall be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH.

For a UE configured with DL PRS Processing Window(s), when the UE receives an activation/deactivation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.42 of [10, TS 38.321], for a DL PRS processing window activation, and when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot n corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the command, the corresponding actions in [10, TS 38.321] and the UE assumptions shall be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH. The UE is not expected to be indicated with more than 4 activated DL PRS processing windows across all active DL BWPs and is not expected to be indicated with the activated DL PRS processing windows that overlap in time.

The UE, subject to UE capability, may be requested via [higher layer parameter] to perform DL RSCPD and/or DL RSCP measurements on indicated DL PRS resource sets occurring within one or more-two time window(s) indicated by [*nr-timeWindowConfig-DL-Measurements*]. Within each window indicated by [*nr-timeWindowConfig-DL-Measurements*], the UE expects that the indicated DL PRS resource sets across all *dl-PRS-IDs* are from one DL PRS positioning frequency layer, and that the number of indicated DL PRS resource sets associated with each *dl-PRS-ID* are the same.

The UE, subject to UE capability, may be requested to perform DL RSTD, UE Rx – Tx time difference, DL PRS-RSRP, and DL PRS-RSRPP measurement on the indicated DL PRS resource sets only within the window(s) indicated by [*nr-timeWindowConfig-DL-Measurements*].

##### 5.1.6.5.1 PRS receiver frequency hopping

The reduced capability UE may be configured to measure and report, subject to UE capability, via [*nr-Requested-DL-PRS-measurementBasedOnMultihopRx*] the DL RSTD, DL PRS-RSRP, DL PRS-RSRPP, or UE Rx-Tx time difference using receiver frequency hopping for a DL PRS resource, with a requested bandwidth of all hops that may be greater than the maximum reduced capability UE bandwidth. The reduced capability UE performing receiver frequency hopping may report via [*higher layer parameter*] one measurement associated with one received frequency hop or one measurement based on multiple hops of the DL PRS. The reduced capability UE may report whether the measurement is associated with one received frequency hop or multiple frequency hops of the DL PRS. In RRC\_CONNECTED mode, the reduced capability UE is expected to use a single instance of a configured measurement gap to receive all hops of the DL PRS using receiver frequency hopping.

##### 5.1.6.5.2 PRS for carrier phase positioning

For DL UE positioning measurement reporting in higher layer parameter *NR-DL-TDOA-SignalMeasurementInformation,* the UE may be configured to report the DL Reference Signal Carrier Phase Difference (RSCPD) [7, TS 38.215] measurement along with the DL RSTD. When the UE reports RSCPD measurements, the reference *nr-DL-PRS-ReferenceInfo* is the same as the one reported, for the RSTD measurements. For DL UE positioning measurement reporting in higher layer parameter *NR-Multi-RTT-SignalMeasurementInformation*, the UE may be configured to report the DL Reference Signal Carrier Phase (RSCP) measurement [7, TS 38,215] along with the UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement. When the UE reports DL RSCPD measurement(s) along with DL RSTD measurement(s) or DL RSCP measurement(s) along with UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement(s), the DL RSCPD and/or DL RSCP measurement(s) should be measured from a single DL PRS positioning frequency layer.

The UE is expected to obtain each DL RSCP or DL RSCPD measurement with as defined in [11, TS 38.133]. If the UE reports a DL RSTD measurement with = 2 or 4 samples as defined in [11, TS 38.133], up to DL RSCPD measurements can be reported associated with the DL RSTD measurement. If the UE reports a UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement with = 2 or 4 samples as defined in [11, TS 38.133], up to DL RSCP measurements can be reported associated with the UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement. Each DL RSCP or DL RSCPD measurement has its own timestamp.

When the UE reports a timestamp associated with a DL RSCP measurement or a DL RSCPD measurement, subject to UE capability, it may include a symbol index in the timestamp.

If the UE reports LoS/NLoS indicator(s) via higher layer parameter *nr-los-nlos-Indicator* along with a measurement report containing DL RSCP or DL RSCPD the LoS/NLoS indicator(s) are assumed to also apply to the DL RSCP or DL RSCPD measurements.

The UE may be provided with [*nr-PruInformation-Ue-based-DL-CPP* ] which contains DL RSCP/RSCPD measurements together with DL RSTD, DL PRS-RSRP, and/or DL PRS-RSRPP measurement(s) associated with the RSCP/RSCPD measurements performed by a positioning reference unit (PRU) [20, TS 38.305] the timestamps associated with the measurements, and the location information of the PRU.

The UE may be configured to report quality metrics [*nr-CarrierPhaseQualityInfo*] corresponding to the DL RSCP and RSCPD measurements which include the following fields [17, TS 37.355]:

*- [phase quality index]* which provides the uncertainty of the measurement

*- [phase quality resolution]* which specifies the resolution levels used in the [*phase quality index]* field.

The UE in RRC\_INACTIVE or RRC\_IDLE mode is expected to perform the DL carrier phase measurement from the bandwidth of a DL PRS resource including outside of the initial downlink bandwidth part.

##### 5.1.6.5.3 PRS bandwidth aggregation for positioning measurements

When the UE is expected to perform aggregated measurements for bandwidth aggregation across DL PRS positioning frequency layers, the UE expects to be configured with linkage information, via higher layer parameter [*nr-linked-DL-PRS-ResourceSetIDList-PrsAggregation*], between DL PRS resource sets across DL PRS positioning frequency layers. For the linked DL PRS resource sets, the UE is expected to be configured with the same values of QCL, *dl-PRS-Periodicity-and-ResourceSetSlotOffset, dl-PRS-NumSymbols*,*dl-PRS-ResourceTimeGap, dl-PRS-ResourceRepetitionFactor, dl-PRS-ResourceSymbolOffset,* *dl-prs-MutingBitRepetitionFactor,* *dl-PRS-CyclicPrefix*, comb size, power per subcarrier, *NR-MutingPattern*, and *NR-DL-PRS-SFN0-Offset,* and the UE is expected to be configured with DL PRS resources that maintain uniformly spaced DL PRS RE pattern within a symbol across aggregated DL PRS positioning frequency layers. The UE assumes that DL PRS resources across the linked DL PRS resource sets which satisfy the above conditions are linked for bandwidth aggregation, and the UE may assume phase continuity on the DL PRS resources on same symbol(s); otherwise, the UE does not assume that PRS resources from the linked DL PRS resource sets are linked for bandwidth aggregation.

The UE may be configured to measure and report, subject to UE capability, up to 4 aggregated DL RSTD measurement(s) per pair of *dl-PRS-ID,* from aggregated DL PRS resources across two or three DL PRS positioning frequency layers*.*

The UE may be configured to measure and report, subject to UE capability, up to 4 aggregated UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement(s) from aggregated DL PRS resources across two or three DL PRS positioning frequency layers.

The UE may be requested via higher layer parameter [*nr-linked-DL-FreqLayerIndexList-PrsAggregation*] to perform the aggregated DL RSTD measurement(s) or the aggregated UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement(s) across two or three DL PRS positioning frequency layers.

The UE may report via higher layer parameter [*nr-RSTD-BasedOnAggregatedResources*] or *nr-UE-RxTxTimeDiff-BasedOnAggregatedResources* in a measurement report whether the aggregated DL RSTD measurement(s) or the aggregated UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement(s) is performed. If any aggregated measurement is performed, the two or three DL PRS positioning frequency layers to be used may also be reported by reporting PRS resource set IDs.

If the UE reports a DL PRS-RSRP or a DL PRS-RSRPP with aggregated DL RSTD measurement(s) or aggregated UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement(s), the DL PRS-RSRP or the DL PRS-RSRPP correspond to the aggregated DL PRS resources across two or three DL PRS positioning frequency layers.

### 5.1.7 Code block group based PDSCH transmission

If a UE is configured to receive code block group (CBG) based transmissions by receiving the higher layer parameter *PDSCH-CodeBlockGroupTransmission* in *PDSCH-ServingCellConfig* on a serving cell in a PUCCH group, the UE does not expect to be configured with higher layer parameter *ScheduledCell-ListDCI-1-3* on any serving cell within the PUCCH group.

#### 5.1.7.1 UE procedure for grouping of code blocks to code block groups

If a UE is configured to receive code block group (CBG) based transmissions by receiving the higher layer parameter *PDSCH-CodeBlockGroupTransmission* for PDSCH, the UE shall determine the number of CBGs for a transport block reception as

,

where *N* is the maximum number of CBGs per transport block as configured by *maxCodeBlockGroupsPerTransportBlock* for PDSCH, and *C* is the number of code blocks in the transport block according to the procedure defined in Clause 7.2.3 of [5, TS 38.212].

Define , , and .

If , CBG *m*, , consists of code blocks with indices . CBG *m*, , consists of code blocks with indices .

#### 5.1.7.2 UE procedure for receiving code block group based transmissions

If a UE is configured to receive code block group-based transmissions by receiving the higher layer parameter *PDSCH-CodeBlockGroupTransmission* for PDSCH,

- The *'CBG transmission information'* (CBGTI) field of DCI format 1\_1 is of length bits, where is the value of the higher layer parameter *maxNrofCodeWordsScheduledByDCI*. If the CBGTI field bits are mapped such that the first set of bits starting from the MSB corresponds to the first TB while the second set of bits corresponds to a second TB, if scheduled. The first *M* bits of each set of bits in the CBGTI field have an in-order one-to-one mapping with the *M* CBGs of the TB, with the MSB mapped to CBG#0.

- For initial transmission of a TB as indicated by the '*New Data Indicator'* field of the scheduling DCI, the UE may assume that all the code block groups of the TB are present.

- For a retransmission of a TB as indicated by the '*New Data Indicator'* field of the scheduling DCI, the UE may assume that

- The '*CBGTI'* field of the scheduling DCI indicates which CBGs of the TB are present in the transmission. A bit value of '0' in the *CBGTI* field indicates that the corresponding CBG is not transmitted and '1' indicates that it is transmitted.

- If the *'CBG flushing out information'* *(CBGFI)* field of the scheduling DCI is present, '*CBGFI'* set to '0' indicates that the earlier received instances of the same CBGs being transmitted may be corrupted, and '*CBGFI'* set to '1' indicates that the CBGs being retransmitted are combinable with the earlier received instances of the same CBGs.

- A CBG contains the same CBs as in the initial transmission of the TB.

## 5.2 UE procedure for reporting channel state information (CSI)

### 5.2.1 Channel state information framework

The procedures on aperiodic CSI reporting described in this clause assume that the CSI reporting is triggered by DCI format 0\_1, but they equally apply to CSI reporting triggered by DCI format 0\_2, by applying the higher layer parameter *reportTriggerSizeDCI-0-2* instead of *reportTriggerSize*. The procedures on aperiodic CSI reporting described in this clause assume that the CSI reporting is triggered by DCI format 0\_1, but they equally apply to CSI reporting triggered by DCI format 0\_3.

The time and frequency resources that can be used by the UE to report CSI are controlled by the gNB. CSI may consist of Channel Quality Indicator (CQI), precoding matrix indicator (PMI), CSI-RS resource indicator (CRI), SS/PBCH Block Resource indicator (SSBRI), layer indicator (LI), rank indicator (RI), L1-RSRP, L1-SINR, CapabilityIndex or time-domain channel properties (TDCP).

For CQI, PMI, CRI, SSBRI, LI, RI, L1-RSRP, L1-SINR, CapabilityIndex, TDCP a UE is configured by higher layers with N≥1 *CSI-ReportConfig* Reporting Settings and/or [X≥1 *LTM-CSI-ReportConfig* Reporting Settings], M≥1 *CSI-ResourceConfig* Resource Settings and/or [Y≥1 *LTM-CSI-ResourceConfig* Resource Settings], and one or two list(s) of trigger states (given by the higher layer parameters *CSI-AperiodicTriggerStateList* and *CSI-SemiPersistentOnPUSCH-TriggerStateList*). Each trigger state in *CSI-AperiodicTriggerStateList* contains a list of associated *CSI-ReportConfigs* or *LTM-CSI-ReportConfigs* indicating the Resource Set IDs for channel and optionally for interference where a Resource Set for interference can only be present for a Report Setting given by a *CSI-ReportConfig* and a trigger state additionally contains one or more [*csi-ReportSubConfigID*] if the associated *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with a list of sub-configurations, as described in Clause 5.2.1.1. Each trigger state in *CSI-SemiPersistentOnPUSCH-TriggerStateList* contains one associated *CSI-ReportConfig* [or *LTM-CSI-ReportConfig*], and a trigger state additionally contain one or more [csi-ReportSubConfigID] if the associated CSI-ReportConfig is configured with a list of sub-configurations, as described in Clause 5.2.1.1.

#### 5.2.1.1 Reporting settings

Each Reporting Setting *CSI-ReportConfig* is associated with a single downlink BWP (indicated by higher layer parameter *BWP-Id*) given in the associated *CSI-ResourceConfig* for channel measurement and contains the parameter(s) for one CSI reporting band: codebook configuration including codebook subset restriction, time-domain behavior, frequency granularity for CQI and PMI, measurement restriction configurations, and the CSI-related quantities to be reported by the UE such as the layer indicator (LI), L1-RSRP, L1-SINR, CRI, SSBRI (SSB Resource Indicator), CapabilityIndex and TDCP.

Each Reporting Setting [*LTM-CSI-ReportConfig]* is associated with a [*LTM-CSI-ResourceConfig*] for channel measurement and contains the parameters(s) for time-domain behavior provided by [*ltm-ReportConfigType*], the number of cells and the number of reference signals per candidate cell provided by [*noOfReportedCells*]*,* and [*noOfReportedRS-PerCell*], respectively, comprising L1 measurement results associated with current SpCell if *spCellInclusion* is configured.

The time domain behavior of the *CSI-ReportConfig* is indicated by the higher layer parameter *reportConfigType* and can be set to 'aperiodic', 'semiPersistentOnPUCCH', 'semiPersistentOnPUSCH', or 'periodic'. For 'periodic' and 'semiPersistentOnPUCCH'/'semiPersistentOnPUSCH' CSI reporting, the configured periodicity and slot offset applies in the numerology of the UL BWP in which the CSI report is configured to be transmitted on. The higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* indicates the CSI-related, L1-RSRP-related, L1-SINR-related, CapabilityIndex-related or TDCP-related quantities to report. The *reportFreqConfiguration* indicates the reporting granularity in the frequency domain, including the CSI reporting band and if PMI/CQI reporting is wideband or sub-band. The *timeRestrictionForChannelMeasurements* parameter in *CSI-ReportConfig* can be configured to enable time domain restriction for channel measurements and *timeRestrictionForInterferenceMeasurements* can be configured to enable time domain restriction for interference measurements. The *CSI-ReportConfig* can also contain *CodebookConfig*, which contains configuration parameters for Type-I, Type II, Enhanced Type II CSI, Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection, Enhanced Type II for coherent joint transmission (CJT), Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for CJT, Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI, or Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for predicted PMI including codebook subset restriction when applicable, and configurations of group-based reporting. A UE is not expected to be configured with a CSI report setting associated with a dormant DL BWP if the *reportConfigType* is set to 'aperiodic'. A *CSI-ReportConfig* can contain a list of sub-configurations, provided by the higher layer parameter [*csi-ReportSubConfigList],* where each sub-configuration is identified by [*csi-ReportSubConfigID*] and corresponds to a list of one or more CSI-RS resources or corresponds to a CSI-RS antenna port subset, and/or corresponds to a power offset for PDSCH relative to CSI-RS additional to *powerControlOffset* of the CSI-RS resource(s). A UE is not expected to be configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a mix of sub-configuration(s) each corresponding to a list of one or more CSI-RS resources and some other sub-configuration(s) each corresponding to CSI-RS antenna port subset.

The time domain behavior of *[LTM-CSI-ReportConfig]* is indicated by the higher layer parameter [*ltm-ReportConfigType*] and can be set to 'aperiodic', 'semiPersistentOnPUCCH', 'semiPersistentOnPUSCH', or 'periodic'. For 'periodic' and 'semiPersistentOnPUCCH'/'semiPersistentOnPUSCH' CSI reporting, the configured periodicity and slot offset applies in the numerology of the UL BWP in which the CSI report is configured to be transmitted on.

#### 5.2.1.2 Resource settings

Each CSI Resource Setting *CSI-ResourceConfig* contains a configuration of a list of S≥1 CSI Resource Sets (given by higher layer parameter *csi-RS-ResourceSetList*), where the list is comprised of references to either or both of NZP CSI-RS resource set(s) and SS/PBCH block set(s) or the list is comprised of references to CSI-IM resource set(s). Each CSI Resource Setting is located in the DL BWP identified by the higher layer parameter *BWP-id*, and all CSI Resource Settings linked to a CSI Report Setting have the same DL BWP.

The time domain behavior of the CSI-RS resources within a CSI Resource Setting are indicated by the higher layer parameter *resourceType* and can be set to aperiodic, periodic, or semi-persistent. For periodic and semi-persistent CSI Resource Settings, when the UE is configured with *groupBasedBeamReporting-r17* or *groupBasedBeamReporting-v18*, the number of CSI Resource Sets configured is S=2, otherwise the number of CSI-RS Resource Sets configured is limited to S=1, except for periodic CSI Resource Settings, when the UE is configured with TDCP reporting, for which the number of CSI-RS Resource Sets in the CSI Resource Setting for channel measurement is and all the CSI-RS Resource Sets are configured with the higher layer parameter *trs-Info*. For periodic and semi-persistent CSI Resource Settings, the configured periodicity and slot offset is given in the numerology of its associated DL BWP, as given by *BWP-id.* When a UE is configured with multiple *CSI-ResourceConfigs* consisting the same NZP CSI-RS resource ID, the same time domain behavior shall be configured for the *CSI-ResourceConfigs*. When a UE is configured with multiple *CSI-ResourceConfigs* consisting the same CSI-IM resource ID, the same time-domain behavior shall be configured for the *CSI-ResourceConfigs*. All CSI Resource Settings linked to a CSI Report Setting shall have the same time domain behavior.

The following are configured via higher layer signaling for one or more CSI Resource Settings for channel and interference measurement:

- CSI-IM resource for interference measurement as described in Clause 5.2.2.4.

- NZP CSI-RS resource for interference measurement as described in Clause 5.2.2.3.1.

- NZP CSI-RS resource for channel measurement as described in Clause 5.2.2.3.1.

The UE may assume that the NZP CSI-RS resource(s) for channel measurement and the CSI-IM resource(s) for interference measurement configured for one CSI reporting are resource-wise QCLed with respect to 'typeD'. When NZP CSI-RS resource(s) is used for interference measurement, the UE may assume that the NZP CSI-RS resource for channel measurement and the CSI- IM resource or NZP CSI-RS resource(s) for interference measurement configured for one CSI reporting are QCLed with respect to 'typeD'.

For TDCP measurement, one periodic CSI Resource Setting is configured, and the Resource Setting is for channel measurement on CSI-RS for tracking.

For L1-SINR measurement:

- When one Resource Setting is configured, the Resource Setting (given by higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*) is for channel and interference measurement on NZP CSI-RS for L1-SINR computation. UE may assume that same 1 port NZP CSI-RS resource(s) with density 3 REs/RB is used for both channel and interference measurements.

- When two Resource Settings are configured, the first one Resource Setting (given by higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*) is for channel measurement on SSB or NZP CSI-RS and the second one (given by either higher layer parameter *csi-IM-ResourcesForInterference* or higher layer parameter *nzp-CSI-RS-ResourcesForInterference*) is for interference measurement performed on CSI-IM or on 1 port NZP CSI-RS with density 3 REs/RB, where each SSB or NZP CSI-RS resource for channel measurement is associated with one CSI-IM resource or one NZP CSI-RS resource for interference measurement by the ordering of the SSB or NZP CSI-RS resource for channel measurement and CSI-IM resource or NZP CSI-RS resource for interference measurement in the corresponding resource sets. The number of SSB(s) or CSI-RS resources for channel measurement equals to the number of CSI-IM resources or the number of NZP CSI-RS resource for interference measurement.

- UE may apply the SSB, or 'typeD' RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' to the NZP CSI-RS resource for channel measurement, as the reference RS for determining 'typeD' assumption for the corresponding CSI-IM resource or the corresponding NZP CSI-RS resource for interference measurement configured for one CSI reporting.

- UE may expect that the NZP CSI-RS resource set for channel measurement and the NZP-CSI-RS resource set for interference measurement, if any, are configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition*.

Each LTM CSI Resource Setting *[LTM-CSI-ResourceConfig]* contains configuration of a [*LTM-CSI-SSB-ResourceSet*] which comprises of a list of Z ≥ 1 SS/PBCH blocks indices (given by [*ltm-CSI-SSB-ResourceList*]) and a list of Z [*LTM-CandidateIds*] (given by [*ltm-CandidateIDList*]) referring to candidate cells associated with the SS/PBCH block indices. For each candidte cell, the UE determines the time domain behavior of a SS/PBCH block from *ssb-Periodicity* and *ssb-PositionsInBurst* and the frequency domain behavior of a SS/PBCH block is determined by the higher layer parameters *subCarrierSpacing*, *ssbFrequency*.

#### 5.2.1.3 (void)

#### 5.2.1.4 Reporting configurations

The UE shall calculate CSI parameters (if reported) assuming the following dependencies between CSI parameters (if reported)

- LI shall be calculated conditioned on the reported CQI, PMI, RI and CRI

- CQI shall be calculated conditioned on the reported PMI, RI and CRI

- PMI shall be calculated conditioned on the reported RI and CRI

- RI shall be calculated conditioned on the reported CRI.

The Reporting configuration for CSI can be aperiodic (using PUSCH), periodic (using PUCCH) or semi-persistent (using PUCCH, and DCI activated PUSCH). The CSI-RS Resources can be periodic, semi-persistent, or aperiodic. Table 5.2.1.4-1 shows the supported combinations of CSI Reporting configurations and CSI-RS Resource configurations and how the CSI Reporting is triggered for each CSI-RS Resource configuration. Periodic CSI-RS is configured by higher layers. Semi-persistent CSI-RS is activated and deactivated as described in Clause 5.2.1.5.2. Aperiodic CSI-RS is configured and triggered/activated as described in Clause 5.2.1.5.1.

Table 5.2.1.4-1: Triggering/Activation of CSI Reporting for the possible CSI-RS Configurations.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| CSI-RS Configuration | Periodic CSI Reporting | Semi-Persistent CSI Reporting | Aperiodic CSI Reporting |
| Periodic CSI-RS | No dynamic triggering/activation | For reporting on PUCCH, the UE receives an activation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.16 of [10, TS 38.321]; for reporting on PUSCH, the UE receives triggering on DCI | Triggered by DCI; additionally, subselection indication as described in clause 6.1.3.13 of [10, TS 38.321] possible as defined in Clause 5.2.1.5.1. |
| Semi-Persistent CSI-RS | Not Supported | For reporting on PUCCH, the UE receives an activation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.16 of [10, TS 38.321]; for reporting on PUSCH, the UE receives triggering on DCI | Triggered by DCI; additionally, subselection indication as described in clause 6.1.3.13 of [10, TS 38.321] possible as defined in Clause 5.2.1.5.1. |
| Aperiodic CSI-RS | Not Supported | Not Supported | Triggered by DCI; additionally, subselection indication as described in clause 6.1.3.13 of [10, TS 38.321] possible as defined in Clause 5.2.1.5.1. |

When the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* and when the higher layer parameter *repetition* is set to 'off', the UE shall determine a CRI from the supported set of CRI values as defined in Clause 6.3.1.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212] and report the number in each CRI report. When the higher layer parameter *repetition* for a CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement is set to 'on', CRI for the CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement is not reported. CRI reporting is not supported when the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to 'typeII', 'typeII-PortSelection', 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'.

For a periodic or semi-persistent CSI report on PUCCH, the periodicity (measured in slots) and the slot offset are configured by the higher layer parameter *reportSlotConfig*. Unless specified otherwise, the UE shall transmit the CSI report in frames with SFN and slot number within the frame satisfying

where is the SCS configuration of the UL BWP the CSI report is transmitted on.

For a semi-persistent CSI report on PUSCH, the periodicity (measured in slots) is configured by the higher layer parameter *reportSlotConfig.* Unless specified otherwise, the UE shall transmit the CSI report in frames with SFN and slot number within the frame satisfying

where and are the SFN and slot number within the frame respectively of the initial semi-persistent PUSCH transmission according to the activating DCI.

For a semi-persistent or aperiodic CSI report on PUSCH, the allowed slot offsets are configured by the following higher layer parameters:

- if triggered/activated by DCI format 0\_2 and the higher layer parameter reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-2 or *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-2-r17* is configured, the allowed slot offsets are configured by reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-2or *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-2-r17*, and

- if triggered/activated by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_3 and the higher layer parameter reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-1 or *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-1-r17* is configured, the allowed slot offsets are configured by reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-1or *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-1-r17,* and

- otherwise, the allowed slot offsets are configured by the higher layer parameter *reportSlotOffsetList* or *reportSlotOffsetList-r17.*

The offset is selected in the activating/triggering DCI.

For CSI reporting, a UE can be configured via higher layer signaling with one out of two possible subband sizes, where a subband is defined as  contiguous PRBs and depends on the total number of PRBs in the bandwidth part according to Table 5.2.1.4-2.

Table 5.2.1.4-2: Configurable subband sizes

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Bandwidth part (PRBs)** | **Subband size (PRBs)** |
| 24 – 72 | 4, 8 |
| 73 – 144 | 8, 16 |
| 145 – 275 | 16, 32 |

The *reportFreqConfiguration* contained in a *CSI-ReportConfig* indicates the frequency granularity of the CSI Report. A CSI Reporting Setting configuration defines a CSI reporting band as a subset of subbands of the bandwidth part, where the *reportFreqConfiguration* indicates:

- the *csi-ReportingBand* as a contiguous or non-contiguous subset of subbands in the bandwidth part for which CSI shall be reported.

- A UE is not expected to be configured with *csi-ReportingBand* which contains a subband where a CSI-RS resource linked to the CSI Report setting has the frequency density of each CSI-RS port per PRB in the subband less than the configured density of the CSI-RS resource.

- If a CSI-IM resource is linked to the CSI Report Setting, a UE is not expected to be configured with *csi-ReportingBand* which contains a subband where not all PRBs in the subband have the CSI-IM REs present.

- wideband CQI or subband CQI reporting, as configured by the higher layer parameter *cqi-FormatIndicator*. When wideband CQI reporting is configured, a wideband CQI is reported for each codeword for the entire CSI reporting band. When subband CQI reporting is configured, one CQI for each codeword is reported for each subband in the CSI reporting band.

- wideband PMI or subband PMI reporting as configured by the higher layer parameter *pmi-FormatIndicator*. When wideband PMI reporting is configured, a wideband PMI is reported for the entire CSI reporting band. When subband PMI reporting is configured, except with 2 antenna ports, a single wideband indication (*i1* in Clause 5.2.2.2) is reported for the entire CSI reporting band and one subband indication (*i2* in clause 5.2.2.2) is reported for each subband in the CSI reporting band. When subband PMIs are configured with 2 antenna ports, a PMI is reported for each subband in the CSI reporting band.

- a UE is not expected to be configured with *pmi-FormatIndicator* if *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'.

A CSI Reporting Setting is said to have a wideband frequency-granularity if

- *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', or 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI', *cqi-FormatIndicator* is set to 'widebandCQI' and *pmi-FormatIndicator* is set to 'widebandPMI', or

- *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18' with and *cqi-FormatIndicator* is set to 'widebandCQI', or

- *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RI-i1' or

- *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RI-CQI' or 'cri-RI-i1-CQI' and *cqi-FormatIndicator* is set to 'widebandCQI', or

- *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RSRP' or 'ssb-Index-RSRP' or 'cri-SINR', or 'ssb-Index-SINR' or 'cri-RSRP-Index' or 'ssb-Index-RSRP-Index' or 'cri-SINR-Index', or 'ssb-Index-SINR-Index', or

- *reportQuantity* is set to 'tdcp'

otherwise, the CSI Reporting Setting is said to have a subband frequency-granularity.

A CSI Reporting Setting with *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' and the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs, as described in clause 5.2.1.4.1, can be configured with wideband frequency-granularity only if *csi-ReportMode* is set to 'Mode1' and *numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1* is set to , as described in clause 5.2.1.4.2.

If the UE is configured with a CSI Reporting Setting for a bandwidth part with fewer than 24 PRBs, the CSI reporting setting is expected to have a wideband frequency-granularity, and, if applicable, the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to 'typeI-SinglePanel'.

The first subband size is given by  and the last subband size given by  if  and if 

If a UE is configured with semi-persistent CSI reporting, the UE shall report CSIwhen both CSI-IM and NZP CSI-RS resources are configured as periodic or semi-persistent. If a UE is configured with aperiodic CSI reporting, the UE shall report CSIwhen both CSI-IM and NZP CSI-RS resources are configured as periodic, semi-persistent or aperiodic.

A UE configured with DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3 does not expect to be triggered with multiple CSI reports with the same *CSI-ReportConfigId*.

##### 5.2.1.4.1 Resource Setting configuration

For aperiodic CSI, each trigger state configured using the higher layer parameter *CSI-AperiodicTriggerState* is associated with one or multiple *CSI-ReportConfig* where the *CSI-ReportConfig* not configured with *groupBasedBeamReporting-r17* or *groupBasedBeamReporting-v18* is linked to periodic, or semi-persistent, or aperiodic resource setting(s):

- When one Resource Setting is configured, the Resource Setting (given by higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*) is for channel measurement for L1-RSRP or for channel and interference measurement for L1-SINR computation.

- When two Resource Settings are configured, the first one Resource Setting (given by higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*) is for channel measurement and the second one (given by either higher layer parameter *csi-IM-ResourcesForInterference* or higher layer parameter *nzp-CSI-RS-ResourcesForInterference*) is for interference measurement performed on CSI-IM or on NZP CSI-RS.

- When three Resource Settings are configured, the first Resource Setting (higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*) is for channel measurement, the second one (given by higher layer parameter *csi-IM-ResourcesForInterference*) is for CSI-IM based interference measurement and the third one (given by higher layer parameter *nzp-CSI-RS-ResourcesForInterference*) is for NZP CSI-RS based interference measurement.

For aperiodic CSI, and for periodic and semi-persistent CSI resource settings, each trigger state configured using the higher layer parameter *CSI-AperiodicTriggerState* is associated with one or multiple *CSI-ReportConfig* where the *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with *groupBasedBeamReporting-r17* or *groupBasedBeamReporting-v18* is linked to periodic or semi-persistent, setting(s):

- When one Resource Setting is configured, the Resource setting is given by *resourcesForChannelMeasurement* for L1-RSRP measurement. In such a case, the number of configured CSI Resource Sets in the Resource Setting is S=2

For aperiodic CSI, and for aperiodic CSI resource settings, each trigger state configured using the higher layer parameter *CSI-AperiodicTriggerState* is associated with one or multiple *CSI-ReportConfig* where the *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with *groupBasedBeamReporting-r17* or *groupBasedBeamReporting-v18* is associated with *resourcesForChannel* and *resourcesForChannel2*, which correspond to first and second resource sets, respectively, for L1-RSRP measurement.

For semi-persistent or periodic CSI, each *CSI-ReportConfig* is linked to periodic or semi-persistent Resource Setting(s):

- When one Resource Setting (given by higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*) is configured, the Resource Setting is for channel measurement for L1-RSRP or for channel and interference measurement for L1-SINR computation.

- When two Resource Settings are configured, the first Resource Setting (given by higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*) is for channel measurement and the second Resource Setting (given by higher layer parameter *csi-IM-ResourcesForInterference*) is used for interference measurement performed on CSI-IM. For L1-SINR computation, the second Resource Setting (given by higher layer parameter *csi-IM-ResourcesForInterference* or higher layer parameter *nzp-CSI-RS-ResourceForInterference*) is used for interference measurement performed on CSI-IM or on NZP CSI-RS.

For aperiodic CSI, a UE configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'tdcp' is expected to be configured with one CSI Resource Setting (given by higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*). The CSI Resource Setting may be periodic, with CSI-RS Resource Sets configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*. The support of or 3 is subject to UE capability indication. For a periodic *CSI-ResourceConfig*, the UE can assume that all the CSI-RS resources in the CSI-RS Resource Sets share the same QCL-TypeA/C and, if applicable, TypeD. The UE expects that all the CSI-RS resources in the CSI-RS Resource Set(s) are configured with the same bandwidth and subcarrier locations. A UE configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'tdcp' is not expected to be configured with interference measurement on CSI-IM and/or NZP-CSI-RS.

For a UE configured with *[LTM*-*CSI-ReportConfig],* the aperiodic, semi-persistent or periodic CSI are associated with one Resource Setting given by [*ltm-ResourcesForChannelMeasurement]* for L1-RSRP measurement.

A UE is not expected to be configured with more than one CSI-RS resource in resource set for channel measurement for a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeII', 'typeII-PortSelection', 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', or 'typeII-PortSelection-r17'. A UE is not expected to be configured with more than 64 NZP CSI-RS resources and/or SS/PBCH block resources in resource setting for channel measurement for a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'none', 'cri-RI-CQI', 'cri-RSRP', 'ssb-Index-RSRP', 'cri-SINR' or 'ssb-Index-SINR', 'cri-RSRP- Index', 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index', 'cri-SINR- Index' or 'ssb-Index-SINR- Index'. If interference measurement is performed on CSI-IM, each CSI-RS resource for channel measurement is resource-wise associated with a CSI-IM resource by the ordering of the CSI-RS resource and CSI-IM resource in the corresponding resource sets. The number of CSI-RS resources for channel measurement equals to the number of CSI-IM resources.

A UE configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI' and *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-r18' or 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18' is expected to be configured with CSI-RS resources in a resource set for channel measurement. If interference measurement is performed on CSI-IM, only one resource is configured in the corresponding *csi-IM-ResourceSet*. If interference measurement is performed on NZP CSI-RS, only one resource is configured in the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for interference measurement.

A UE configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *N4* and *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', is expected to be configured with aperiodic CSI-RS resources or with a single periodic or semi-persistent CSI-RS resource in the resource set for channel measurement. For an aperiodic CSI-RS resource set for channel measurement, the CSI-RS resources are triggered by the same triggering instance and the separation between two consecutive CSI-RS resources is slots, which is configured by higher layer parameter in the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet*. The *K* aperiodic CSI-RS resources are transmitted following the order of the CSI-RS resource IDs configured in the CSI-RS resource set. The UE shall assume that the antenna port with the same port index of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources is the same. If interference measurement is performed on CSI-IM, only one resource is configured in the corresponding *csi-IM-ResourceSet*. If interference measurement is performed on NZP CSI-RS, only one resource is configured in the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for interference measurement.

An NZP CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement with resources can be configured with two Resource Groups, with resources in Group 1 and resources in Group 2, such that , and with Resource Pairs. Each Resource Pair consists of one resource from Group 1 and one resource from Group 2. The same resource can be associated with two Resource Pairs in frequency range 1 but not in frequency range 2.

A subset of resources, where a subset contains one or more resources, of a NZP CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement corresponds to a sub-configuration contained in a *CSI-ReportConfig* if each of the sub-configuration(s) contains a list of one or more NZP CSI-RS resources*,* or all the resources of a NZP CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement correspond to each of the sub-configuration(s) contained in a *CSI-ReportConfig* if each of the sub-configurations does not contain a list of NZP CSI-RS resources, as described in Clause 5.2.1.4.2.

Except for L1-SINR, *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18', or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18', if interference measurement is performed on NZP CSI-RS, a UE does not expect to be configured with more than one NZP CSI-RS resource in the associated resource set within the resource setting for channel measurement. Except for L1-SINR, the UE configured with the higher layer parameter *nzp-CSI-RS-ResourcesForInterference* may expect no more than 18 NZP CSI-RS ports configured in a NZP CSI-RS resource set.

For CSI measurement(s) other than L1-SINR, a UE assumes:

- each NZP CSI-RS port configured for interference measurement corresponds to an interference transmission layer.

- all interference transmission layers on NZP CSI-RS ports for interference measurement take into account the associated EPRE ratios configured in 5.2.2.3.1;

- other interference signal on REs of NZP CSI-RS resource for channel measurement, NZP CSI-RS resource for interference measurement, or CSI-IM resource for interference measurement.

For L1-SINR measurement with dedicated interference measurement resources, a UE assumes:

- the total received power on dedicated NZP CSI-RS resource for interference measurement or dedicated CSI-IM resource for interference measurement corresponds to interference and noise.

##### 5.2.1.4.2 Report quantity configurations

A UE may be configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to either 'none', 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI ', 'cri-RI-i1', 'cri-RI-i1-CQI', 'cri-RI-CQI', 'cri-RSRP', 'cri-SINR', 'ssb-Index-RSRP', 'ssb-Index-SINR', 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI', 'cri-RSRP- Index', 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index', 'cri-SINR- Index', 'ssb-Index-SINR- Index' or 'tdcp'.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'none', then the UE shall not report any quantity for the *CSI-ReportConfig*.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', or 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI', the UE shall report a preferred precoder matrix for the entire reporting band, or a preferred precoder matrix per subband, according to Clause 5.2.2.2.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-i1',

- the UE expects, for that *CSI-ReportConfig,* to be configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' and *pmi-FormatIndicator* set to 'widebandPMI'and,

- the UE shall report a PMI consisting of a single wideband indication ( in Clause 5.2.2.2.1) for the entire CSI reporting band.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-i1-CQI',

- the UE expects, for that *CSI-ReportConfig,* to be configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' and *pmi-FormatIndicator* set to 'widebandPMI'and,

- the UE shall report a PMI consisting of a single wideband indication ( in Clause 5.2.2.2.1) for the entire CSI reporting band. The CQI is calculated conditioned on the reported assuming PDSCH transmission with  precoders (corresponding to the same but different  in Clause 5.2.2.2.1), where the UE assumes that one precoder is randomly selected from the set of  precoders for each PRG on PDSCH, where the PRG size for CQI calculation is configured by the higher layer parameter *pdsch-BundleSizeForCSI*.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-CQI',

- if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *non-PMI-PortIndication* contained in a *CSI-ReportConfig,* *r* ports are indicated in the order of layer ordering for rank *r* and each CSI-RS resource in the CSI resource setting is linked to the *CSI-ReportConfig* based on the order of the associated *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceId* in the linked CSI resource setting for channel measurement given by higher layer parameter *resourcesForChannelMeasurement*. The configured higher layer parameter *non-PMI-PortIndication* contains a sequence  of port indices, where  are the CSI-RS port indices associated with rank ν and  where is the number of ports in the CSI-RS resource. The UE shall only report RI corresponding to the configured fields of *PortIndexFor8Ranks*. If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a list of sub-configurations with [*port-subsetIndicator*] configured in each sub-configuration, and the higher layer parameter *non-PMI-PortIndication* is separately provided for a sub-configuration, then *P* corresponds to the number of bits with value 1 in the bitmap [*port-subsetIndicator*] for the sub-configuration and the CSI-RS port indices are derived by mapping antenna ports corresponding to all bits with value of 1 in [*port-subsetIndicator*] as consecutive antenna ports starting at CSI-RS port index 0 in increasing order of the bit position in [*port-subsetIndicator*].

- if the UE is not configured with higher layer parameter *non-PMI-PortIndication,* the UE assumes, for each CSI-RS resource in the CSI resource setting linked to the *CSI-ReportConfig*, that the CSI-RS port indices  are associated with ranks  where  is the number of ports in the CSI-RS resource. If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a list of sub-configurations with [*port-subsetIndicator*] configured in each sub-configuration and the higher layer parameter *non-PMI-PortIndication* is not provided for a sub-configuration, then *P* corresponds to the number of bits with value 1 in the bitmap [*port-subsetIndicator*] for the sub-configuration and the CSI-RS port indices are derived by mapping antenna ports corresponding to all bits with value of 1 in [*port-subsetIndicator*] as consecutive antenna ports starting at CSI-RS port index 0 in increasing order of the bit position in [*port-subsetIndicator*].

- When calculating the CQI for a rank, the UE shall use the ports indicated for that rank for the selected CSI-RS resource. The precoder for the indicated ports shall be assumed to be the identity matrix scaled by .

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RSRP', 'ssb-Index-RSRP', 'cri-RSRP- Index' or 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index',

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting* set to 'disabled', the UE is not required to update measurements for more than 64 CSI-RS and/or SSB resources, and the UE shall report in a single report *nrofReportedRS* (higher layer configured) different CRI or SSBRI for each report setting.

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting* set to 'enabled', the UE is not required to update measurements for more than 64 CSI-RS and/or SSB resources, and the UE shall report in a single reporting instance two different CRI or SSBRI for each report setting, where CSI-RS and/or SSB resources can be received simultaneously by the UE either with a single spatial domain receive filter, or with multiple simultaneous spatial domain receive filters.

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting-r17*, the UE is not required to update measurements for more than 64 CSI-RS and/or SSB resources, and the UE shall report in a single reporting instance *nrofReportedGroups,* if configured, group(s) of two CRIs or SSBRIs selecting one CSI-RS or SSB from each of the two CSI Resource Sets for the report setting, where CSI-RS and/or SSB resources of each group can be received simultaneously by the UE.

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting-v18* set to *JointULandDL*, the UE is not required to update measurements for more than 64 CSI-RS and/or SSB resources, and the UE shall report in a single reporting instance *nrofReportedGroups-r18,* if configured, group(s) of two CRIs or SSBRIs selecting one CSI-RS or SSB from each of the two CSI Resource Sets for the report setting, where CSI-RS and/or SSB resources of each group can be received simultaneously and applied for simultaneous transmission with spatial filters by the UE subject to UE capability.

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting-v18* set to *ULOnly,* the UE is not required to update measurements for more than 64 CSI-RS and/or SSB resources, and the UE shall report in a single reporting instance *nrofReportedGroups-r18,* if configured, group(s) of two CRIs or SSBRIs selecting one CSI-RS or SSB from each of the two CSI Resource Sets for the report setting, where CSI-RS and/or SSB resources of each group can be applied for simultaneous transmission with spatial filters by the UE subject to UE capability.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-SINR', 'ssb-Index-SINR', 'cri-SINR- Index' or 'ssb-Index-SINR- Index',

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting* set to 'disabled', the UE shall report in a single report *nrofReportedRS* (higher layer configured) different CRI or SSBRI for each report setting.

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting* set to 'enabled', the UE shall report in a single reporting instance two different CRI or SSBRI for each report setting, where CSI-RS and/or SSB resources can be received simultaneously by the UE.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'tdcp'

- the value of is configured by higher layer parameter *Y*, and delay values, , are configured by higher layer parameter *D*, such that the UE is expected to report the amplitude of TDCP measurement, as defined in Clause 5.1 of [7, TS 38.215], for each of the configured delays. Values of can be configured subject to UE capability. The configurable delay values are , , where the value is restricted to subcarrier spacing configuration , the values other than are applicable to subcarrier spacing configurations , and where the values can be configured subject to UE capability, with .

- For , if the higher layer parameter *phase* is configured, the UE is expected to report the amplitude and phase of TDCP measurement for each of the configured delays, if supported by UE capability.

Except for a *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI' and *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18', or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18', if the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RSRP', 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI ', 'cri-RI-i1', 'cri-RI-i1-CQI', 'cri-RI-CQI', 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI', 'cri-SINR', or 'cri-SINR- Index ', and resources are configured in the corresponding resource set for channel measurement, then the UE shall derive the CSI parameters other than CRI conditioned on the reported CRI, where CRI *k* (*k* ≥ 0) corresponds to the configured (*k*+1)-th entry of associated *nzp-CSI-RS-Resources* in the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement, and (*k*+1)-th entry of associated *csi-IM-Resource* in the corresponding *csi-IM-ResourceSet* (if configured) or (*k*+1)-th entry of associated *nzp-CSI-RS-Resources* in the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* (if configured for *CSI-ReportConfig* with *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-SINR' or 'cri-SINR- Index ') for interference measurement. If CSI-RS resources are configured, each resource shall contain at most 16 CSI-RS ports. If CSI-RS resources are configured, each resource shall contain at most 8 CSI-RS ports.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-r18' or 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18' and the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement is configured with resources, each resource can contain, at most, 32 CSI-RS ports.

Subject to UE capability, a UE configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *N4* and *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI' is assumed to support UE-side CSI prediction. The reported PMI indicates predicted precoder matrices associated with consecutive slot intervals, each with duration of slots, where the value of is configured by higher layer parameter *N4*. If the UE is configured with an aperiodic CSI-RS resource set for channel measurement, the value, in number of slots, of the time unit is configured by higher layer parameter *d*, where is defined in Clause 5.2.1.4.1. If the UE is configured with a periodic or semi-persistent CSI-RS resource set for channel measurement, the value of is equal to the periodicity of the CSI-RS resource. The earliest of the slot intervals starts at slot , where is the uplink slot in which the CSI is reported and the slot offset is configured by higher layer parameter *delta,* where defined in Clause 5.2.2.5 and the value can be configured subject to UE capability.

- For , the UE is expected to report a predicted PMI for slot interval and the slot offset value can be configured only for . A UE can be configured with if the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18', or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'.

- The reported CQI is associated with slot and the reported PMI.

- For , the UE is expected to report a PMI which indicates predicted precoder matrices associated with slot intervals , for . A UE can be configured with if the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18'.

- The UE is configured by higher layer parameter *TDCQI* to report CQIs for each subband in the CSI reporting band, if *cqi-FormatIndicator* is set to 'subbandCQI', or CQIs for the entire CSI reporting band, if *cqi-FormatIndicator* is set to 'widebandCQI'. For , the second CQI includes a 4-bit wideband CQI index and, if subband CQI reporting is configured, a 2-bit subband CQI index, calculated independently from the first CQI, as described in Clause 5.2.2.1, and the two CQIs are reported in the same CSI report.

- If the higher layer parameter *TDCQI* is set to '1-1', and the CQI is associated with slot and the precoder matrices for slot interval .

- If the higher layer parameter *TDCQI* is set to '1-2', and the CQI is associated with slot and the precoder matrices for slot interval and with slot and the precoder matrices for slot interval .

- If the higher layer parameter *TDCQI* is set to '2', . The first CQI is associated with slot and the precoder matrices for slot interval . The second CQI is associated with slot and the precoder matrices for slot interval .

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', or 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI' and the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement is configured with resources, two Resource Groups with resources in Group 1, resources in Group 2, , and Resource Pairs:

- each resource can contain, subject to UE capability, at most 32 CSI-RS ports. For two Resource Groups with resources (i=1,2), if , the resource in NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet shall contain at most 32 CSI-RS ports; if , each resource in NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet shall contain at most 16 CSI-RS ports; if , each resource in NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet shall contain at most 8 CSI-RS ports.

- each of the Resource Pairs is associated to a CRI value.

- The *CSI-ReportConfig* may be configured with higher layer parameter *sharedCMR*. and are the numbers of resources associated to a CRI value, other than the *N* CRIs defined above, in Group 1 and Group 2, respectively, with , such that the total number of CRI values configured for the *CSI-ReportConfig* is .

- If the higher layer parameter *csi-ReportMode* is set to 'Mode1' and the higher layer parameter *numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1* is set to , ; otherwise,

- if the higher layer parameter *csi-ReportMode* is set to 'Mode1' and the higher layer parameter *numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1* is set to , or if *csi-ReportMode* is set to 'Mode2',

- if *sharedCMR* is configured: and ; otherwise

- if *sharedCMR* is not configured, only the resources in Group 1 and Group 2 that are not referred to in any Resource Pair are associated to *M* CRI values other than the *N* CRIs defined above.

- If interference measurement is performed on CSI-IM, resources are configured in the corresponding *csi-IM-ResourceSet*. The resources for channel measurement defined above are resource-wise associated with the first CSI-IM resources by the ordering of the CSI-RS resources and CSI-IM resources in the corresponding Resource Set. The Resource Pairs for channel measurement are associated to the last CSI-IM resources by the ordering of the CSI-RS Resource Pairs and CSI-IM resources in the CSI-IM Resource Set. The UE may assume that the two CSI-RS resources for channel measurement in a Resource Pair and the associated CSI-IM resource for interference measurement are resource-wise QCLed with respect to 'typeD'.

- The UE is not expected to be configured with NZP CSI-RS for interference measurement other than the NZP CSI-RS resources for channel measurement configured in the Resource Pairs.

- The UE expects, for that *CSI-ReportConfig,* to be configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel', and

- The UE shall derive the CSI parameters other than CRI(s) conditioned on the reported CRI(s), as follows:

- If the higher layer parameter *csi-ReportMode* is set to 'Mode1' and the higher layer parameter *numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1* is set to , CRI(s) are reported:

- one CRI corresponds to the configured -th entry of the associated Resource Pairs in the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement, and -th entry of the corresponding CSI-IM Resource Set, if configured. The UE shall report two RIs, two PMIs, two LIs (if configured), associated to the resource in Group 1 and the resource in Group 2, respectively, of the -th Resource Pair, and one CQI; and

- if , one CRI () corresponds to the configured -th entry of the associated resources in the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement, and -th entry of the corresponding CSI-IM Resource Set, if configured. The UE shall report one RI, one PMI, one LI (if configured) and one or two CQIs conditioned on CRI ; or

- if , one CRI corresponds to the configured -th entry of the associated resources in Group 1 of the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement, and -th entry of the associated resources in the corresponding CSI-IM Resource Set, if configured, and one CRI corresponds to the configured -th entry of the associated resources in Group 2 of the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement, and -th entry of the corresponding CSI-IM Resource Set, if configured. The UE shall report one RI, one PMI, one LI (if configured) and one or two CQIs conditioned on CRI and one RI, one PMI, one LI (if configured) and one or two CQIs conditioned on CRI .

- If the higher layer parameter *csi-ReportMode* is set to 'Mode2', one CRI is reported, which corresponds to the -th entry of the resources or Resource Pairs in the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement, and -th entry of the associated resources in the corresponding CSI-IM Resource Set, if configured. The first codepoints of the CRI correspond to resources associated to Group 1 and Group 2. The last codepoints of the CRI correspond to the configured Resource Pairs. The UE shall report one RI, one PMI, one LI, if configured, and one or two CQIs conditioned on CRI if ; or two RIs, two PMIs, two LIs, if configured, associated to the resource in Group 1 and the resource in Group 2, respectively, of the -th Resource Pair, and one CQI, otherwise.

- For a reported CRI corresponding to an entry of the Resource Pairs configured in the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement:

- the UE shall not report a total number of layers larger than four.

- the two RIs are reported with a joint RI index corresponding to one of the four rank combinations: .

- The *CodebookConfig* in *CSI-ReportConfig* can be configured with two RI restriction parameters *typeI-SinglePanel-ri-RestrictionSTRP* and *typeI-SinglePanel-ri-RestrictionSDM*. The parameter *typeI-SinglePanel-ri-RestrictionSTRP* applies to a reported RI when conditioned on a CRI corresponding to an entry of the CSI-RS resources defined above. The bitmap parameter *typeI-SinglePanel-ri-RestrictionSTRP* forms the bit sequence  where  is the LSB and  is the MSB. When  is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with  layers. The parameter *typeI-SinglePanel-ri-RestrictionSDM* applies to a reported joint RI index when conditioned on a CRI corresponding to an entry of the Resource Pairs and indicates one or more of the four rank combinations that are allowed to correspond to the reported PMIs and RIs. The bitmap parameter *typeI-SinglePanel-ri-RestrictionSDM* forms the bit sequence  where  is the LSB and  is the MSB. When  is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with the -th rank combination in the following order: {1,1}, {1,2}, {2,1},{2,2}.

- The *CodebookConfig* in *CSI-ReportConfig* can be configured with two Codebook Subset Restrictions. The first restriction applies to a reported PMI associated to a CSI-RS resource in Group 1. The second restriction applies to a reported PMI associated to a CSI-RS resource in Group 2.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a list of sub-configurations, provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigList]*:

- The UE expects to be configured with the higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' or 'typeI-MultiPanel'. If the UE indicates a capability for supporting mixed codebook combination in a slot with [ABC], each sub-configuration can be configured with the higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' or 'typeI-MultiPanel'.

- Each sub-configuration can be configured with an antenna port subset using the higher layer bitmap parameter [*port-subsetIndicator*] which contains the bit sequence , where is the MSB and is the LSB, bit corresponds to antenna port , and is the number of ports *nrofPorts* configured for the CSI-RS resources(s) within a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* contained in the *CSI-ResourceConfig* for channel measurement that corresponds to the *CSI-ReportConfig*. A bit value 0 in [*port-subsetIndicator*] indicates that the corresponding antenna port is disabled for the sub-configuration, whereas bit value 1 indicates that the antenna port is enabled and belongs to the antenna port subset for the sub-configuration. For the derivation of PMI, antenna ports corresponding to all bits with value of 1 in [*port-subsetIndicator*] are mapped to consecutive antenna ports starting at CSI-RS antenna port 3000 in increasing order of the bit position in [*port-subsetIndicator*].

- If a sub-configuration is configured with an antenna port subset, then the sub-configuration can be configured with a [RI restriction parameter] and, if the number of antenna ports of the subset greater than 2, with [*n1-n2* parameter] if the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' or with [*ng*-*n1-n2* parameter] if the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to 'typeI-MultiPanel', and, if the corresponding number of antenna ports of the subset is 2, with *twoTX-CodebookSubsetRestriction*, where the parameters [RI restriction], [*n1-n2],* [*ng*-*n1-n2],* *twoTX-CodebookSubsetRestriction* are as described in Clauses 5.2.2.2.1 and 5.2.2.2.2. If a sub-configuration is configured with an antenna port subset, and if higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RI-i1-CQI', and if the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to 'typeI-SinglePanel', then the sub-configuration can be configured with higher layer parameter *typeI*-*SinglePanel-codebookSubsetRestriction-i2*, where *typeI*-*SinglePanel-codebookSubsetRestriction-i2* is as described in Clause 5.2.2.2.1.

- If a sub-configuration is configured with an antenna port subset, and if the *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a mix of sub-configuration(s) each corresponding to 'typeI-SinglePanel' some other sub-configuration(s) each corresponding to 'typeI-MultiPanel', then the sub-configuration(s) can be configured with the higher layer parameter *codebookMode.*

- A sub-configuration can be configured with a power offset provided by [*powerOffse*t].

- A sub-configuration can be configured with a list of NZP CSI-RS resources, provided by [*nzp-CSI-RS-resourceList*], which indicates one or more NZP CSI-RS resources, within a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* contained in the *CSI-ResourceConfig* for channel measurement which corresponds to the *CSI-ReportConfig.* If there is no sub-configuration configured with a power offset provided by *[powerOffset],* the list of NZP CSI-RS resources has no intersection with a list of NZP CSI-RS resources configured for any other sub-configuration(s) within the *CSI-ReportConfig*.

- If a sub-configuration is configured with a list of NZP CSI-RS resources with more than one resource, the UE shall derive the CSI parameters other than CRI conditioned on the reported CRI, where the CRI *k* (*k* ≥ 0) for the sub-configuration corresponds to the configured (*k*+1)-th entry of associated *NZP-CSI-RS-Resource* in the list of NZP CSI-RS resources.

- If a sub-configurations is not configured with [*nzp-CSI-RS-resourceList*] then the sub-configuration shall be associated with all the NZP CSI-RS resources within a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* contained in the *CSI-ResourceConfig* for channel measurement which corresponds to the *CSI-ReportConfig.*

- the UE reports CSI(s) for one or more sub-configurations according to Clauses 5.2.1.5.1, 5.2.1.5.2, 5.2.3 and 5.2.4, and according to the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* configured for that *CSI-ReportConfig*.

- The UE does not expect the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* to be set to 'cri-RSRP', 'cri-SINR', 'cri-SINR- Index', 'cri-RSRP-Index', 'none', 'ssb-Index-RSRP', 'ssb-Index-SINR', 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index', 'ssb-Index-SINR- Index', or 'tdcp'.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'ssb-Index-RSRP' or 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index', the UE shall report SSBRI, where SSBRI *k* (*k* ≥ 0) corresponds to the configured (*k*+1)-th entry of the associated *csi-SSB-ResourceList* in the corresponding *CSI-SSB-ResourceSet.*

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'ssb-Index-SINR' or 'ssb-Index-SINR- Index', the UE shall derive L1-SINR conditioned on the reported SSBRI, where SSBRI *k* (*k* ≥ 0) corresponds to the configured (*k*+1)-th entry of the associated *csi-SSB-ResourceList* in the corresponding *CSI-SSB-ResourceSet* for channel measurement, and (*k*+1)-th entry of associated *csi-IM-Resource* in the corresponding *csi-IM-ResourceSet* (if configured) or (*k*+1)-th entry of associated *nzp-CSI-RS-Resources* in the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* (if configured) for interference measurement.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', ' cri-RI-i1', 'cri-RI-i1-CQI', 'cri-RI-CQI' or 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI', then the UE is not expected to be configured with more than 8 CSI-RS resources in a CSI-RS resource set contained within a resource setting that is linked to the *CSI-ReportConfig*, except when the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *N4*, *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI' and the corresponding CSI-RS resource set for channel measurement is aperiodic with resources.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI', UE does not expect the *CSI-ReportConfig* to be configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to '*typeII-r16*' or '*typeII-PortSelection-r16*', '*typeII-PortSelection-r17'*, 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RSRP', 'cri-SINR', 'none', 'cri-RSRP- Index' or 'cri-SINR- Index and the *CSI-ReportConfig* is linked to a resource setting configured with the higher layer parameter *resourceType* set to 'aperiodic', then the UE is not expected to be configured with more than 16 CSI-RS resources in a CSI-RS resource set contained within the resource setting.

The LI indicates which column of the precoder matrix of the reported PMI corresponds to the strongest layer of the codeword corresponding to the largest reported wideband CQI. If two wideband CQIs are reported and have equal value, the LI corresponds to strongest layer of the first codeword. If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI' and the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement is configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs, and the UE reports a CRI associated to a Resource Pair, and a rank combination , the first LI indicates which column of the precoder matrix of the first reported PMI corresponds to the strongest of the first layers of the codeword and the second LI indicates which column of the precoder matrix of the second reported PMI corresponds to the strongest of the last layers of the codeword.

For operation with shared spectrum channel access in FR1, or in FR2-2 when the UE is provided *ChannelAccessMode2-r17* = '*enabled*', if the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI ', 'cri-RI-i1', 'cri-RI-i1-CQI', 'cri-RI-CQI' or 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI', the UE shall derive:

- the CSI parameters without averaging two or more instances of any periodic or semi-persistent *nzp-CSI-RS-Resources* in the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement or for interference measurement located in different DL transmissions,

- the instances of the *nzp-CSI-RS-Resources* are not in the same channel occupancy duration indicated by DCI format 2\_0, if the UE is provided at least one of *SlotFormatIndicator* or co*-DurationList*; or

- the instances of the *nzp-CSI-RS-Resources* occur within a set of consecutive symbols which are not all occupied by PDSCH(s) and/or aperiodic CSI-RS(s) indicated by DCI formats, if any, and the corresponding PDCCH(s), if the UE is neither provided with *CO-DurationsPerCell* nor *SlotFormatIndicator*, but is provided with *csi-RS-ValidationWithDCI*

- the interference measurements for computing CSI value based on periodic/semi-persistent CSI-IM measured only in OFDM symbol(s) that fulfill the same conditions under which the UE is expected to receive periodic/semi-persistent CSI-RS as described in Clause 11.1 and Clause 11.1.1 of [6, TS 38.213].

If the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *SSB-MTC-AdditionalPCI*, the UE is allowed to report in a single reporting instance up to four SSBRIs for each report setting, where SSB resources are associated with PCI indices referring to the PCI of the serving cell and PCI(s) different from the PCI of the serving cell within the set of PCIs configured.

If a UE is configured with a [*LTM-CSI-ReportConfig*],

- if the UE is configured with [*spCellInclusion*], the UE shall report in a single reporting instance [*noOfReportedRS-PerCell different SSBRI]* for the current SpCell and each of the [*nOfReportedCells] -1* candidate cells.Otherwise, the UE shall report in a single reporting instance *[noOfReportedRS-PerCell]* different SSBRI for each of the *[noOfReportedCell]* candidate cells,

- where SSBRI *k* (*k* ≥ 0) corresponds to the configured (*k*+1)-th entry of the associated [*ltm-CSI-SSB-ResourceList*] in the corresponding[*LTM-CSI-SSB-ResourceSet*],

- if *spCellInclusion* is configured, SSB resources in [*ltm-CSI-SSB-ResourceList*] associated with the current SpCell are the entries where PCI [given by *ltm-CandidatePCI*] and frequency information [given by *SSB frequency/ ARFCN-ValueNR*] of the associated candidate cell (given in [*ltm-CandidateIdList*]) is equal to the PCI and frequency information [given by *SSB frequency/ ARFCN-ValueNR*] of the current SpCell.

If the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a list of sub-configurations provided by *csi-ReportSubConfigList*, the UE can only be configured with NZP CSI-RS for interference measurement if each sub-configuration is configured with [*powerOffse*t] and not configured with [*port-subsetIndicator*].

##### 5.2.1.4.3 L1-RSRP Reporting

For L1-RSRP computation

- the UE may be configured with CSI-RS resources, SS/PBCH Block resources or both CSI-RS and SS/PBCH block resources, when resource-wise quasi co-located with 'type C' and 'typeD' when applicable.

- the UE may be configured with CSI-RS resource setting up to 16 CSI-RS resource sets having up to 64 resources within each set. The total number of different CSI-RS resources over all resource sets is no more than 128.

For L1-RSRP reporting, if the higher layer parameter *nrofReportedRS* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is configured to be one, or if the higher layer parameters [*noOfReportedCells*] and [*noOfReportedRS-PerCell*] are both configured to be one, the reported L1-RSRP value is defined by a 7-bit value in the range [-140, -44] dBm with 1dB step size, if the higher layer parameter *nrofReportedRS* is configured to be larger than one, or if the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting* is configured as 'enabled', or if the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting-r17* is configured, or if any of the higher layer parameters [*noOfReportedCells*] and [*noOfReportedRS-PerCell*] is configured to be larger than one, the UE shall use differential L1-RSRP based reporting, where the largest measured value of L1-RSRP is quantized to a 7-bit value in the range [-140, -44] dBm with 1dB step size, and the differential L1-RSRP is quantized to a 4-bit value. The differential L1-RSRP value is computed with 2 dB step size with a reference to the largest measured L1-RSRP value which is part of the same L1-RSRP reporting instance. The mapping between the reported L1-RSRP value and the measured quantity is described in [11, TS 38.133].

When the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting-r17*in *CSI-ReportConfig* is configured, the UE shall indicate the CSI Resource Set associated with the largest measured value of L1-RSRP, and for each group, CRI or SSBRI of the indicated CSI Resource Set is present first.

If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForChannelMeasurements* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is set to "*notConfigured*", the UE shall derive the channel measurements for computing L1-RSRP value reported in uplink slot *n* based on only the SS/PBCH or NZP CSI-RS, no later than the CSI reference resource, (defined in TS 38.211[4]) associated with the CSI resource setting.

If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForChannelMeasurements* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is set to "*Configured*", the UE shall derive the channel measurements for computing L1-RSRP reported in uplink slot *n* based on only the most recent, no later than the CSI reference resource, occasion of SS/PBCH or NZP CSI-RS (defined in [4, TS 38.211]) associated with the CSI resource setting.

When the UE is configured with *SSB-MTC-AddtionalPCI*, a CSI-SSB-ResourceSet configured for L1-RSRP reporting includes one set of SSB indices and one set of PCI indices, where each SSB index is associated with a PCI index.

When the UE is configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to ' cri-RSRP- Index' or 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index' an index of UE capability value set, indicating the maximum supported number of SRS antenna ports, is reported along with the pair of SSBRI/CRI and L1-RSRP.

##### 5.2.1.4.4 L1-SINR Reporting

For L1-SINR computation, for channel measurement the UE may be configured with NZP CSI-RS resources and/or SS/PBCH Block resources, for interference measurement the UE may be configured with NZP CSI-RS or CSI-IM resources.

- for channel measurement, the UE may be configured with CSI-RS resource setting with up to 16 resource sets, with a total of up to 64 CSI-RS resources or up to 64 SS/PBCH Block resources.

For L1-SINR reporting, if the higher layer parameter *nrofReportedRS* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is configured to be one, the reported L1-SINR value is defined by a 7-bit value in the range [-23, 40] dB with 0.5 dB step size, and if the higher layer parameter *nrofReportedRS* is configured to be larger than one, or if the higher layer parameter *groupBasedBeamReporting* is configured as 'enabled', the UE shall use differential L1-SINR based reporting, where the largest measured value of L1-SINR is quantized to a 7-bit value in the range [-23, 40] dB with 0.5 dB step size, and the differential L1-SINR is quantized to a 4-bit value. The differential L1-SINR is computed with 1 dB step size with a reference to the largest measured L1-SINR value which is part of the same L1-SINR reporting instance. When NZP CSI-RS is configured for channel measurement and/or interference measurement, the reported L1-SINR values should not be compensated by the power offset(s) given by higher layer parameter *powerControOffsetSS* or *powerControlOffset*.

When one or two resource settings are configured for L1-SINR measurement

- If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForChannelMeasurements* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is set to *'notConfigured'*, the UE shall derive the channel measurements for computing L1-SINR reported in uplink slot n based on only the SSB or NZP CSI-RS, no later than the CSI reference resource, (defined in TS 38.211[4]) associated with the CSI resource setting.

- If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForChannelMeasurements* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is set to *'configured'*, the UE shall derive the channel measurements for computing L1-SINR reported in uplink slot n based on only the most recent, no later than the CSI reference resource, occasion of SSB or NZP CSI-RS (defined in [4, TS 38.211]) associated with the CSI resource setting.

- If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForInterferenceMeasurements* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is set to *'notConfigured'*, the UE shall derive the interference measurements for computing L1-SINR reported in uplink slot n based on only the CSI-IM or NZP CSI-RS for interference measurement (defined in [4, TS 38.211]) or NZP CSI-RS for channel and interference measurement no later than the CSI reference resource associated with the CSI resource setting.

- If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForInterferenceMeasurements* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is set to *'configured'*, the UE shall derive the interference measurements for computing the L1-SINR reported in uplink slot n based on the most recent, no later than the CSI reference resource, occasion of CSI-IM or NZP CSI-RS for interference measurement (defined in [4, TS 38.211]) or NZP CSI-RS for channel and interference measurement associated with the CSI resource setting.

When the UE is configured a *CSI-ReportConfig* with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to ' cri-SINR- Index' or 'ssb-Index-SINR- Index' an index of UE capability value, indicating the maximum supported number of SRS antenna ports, is reported along with the pair of SSBRI/CRI and L1-SINR.

##### 5.2.1.4.5 TDCP Reporting

For a *CSI-ReportConfig* with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'tdcp' and higher layer parameters and , the reported TDCP amplitude(s) corresponding to the configured delays are indicated by

and the corresponding amplitude values are obtained from: , for , where the mapping from to is given in Table 5.2.1.4.5-1.

Table 5.2.1.4.5-1: Mapping of elements of : to

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | |  |  | | | 0 |  | | 1 |  | | 2 |  | | 3 |  | | |  |  | | --- | --- | |  |  | | | 4 |  | | 5 |  | | 6 |  | | 7 |  | | |  |  | | --- | --- | |  |  | | | 8 |  | | 9 |  | | 10 |  | | 11 |  | | |  |  | | --- | --- | |  |  | | | 12 |  | | 13 |  | | 14 |  | | 15 |  | |

For , if the higher layer parameter *phase* is configured, the reported TDCP phases are indicated by

and the corresponding phase values are given by: .

#### 5.2.1.5 Triggering/activation of CSI Reports and CSI-RS

##### 5.2.1.5.1 Aperiodic CSI Reporting/Aperiodic CSI-RS when the triggering PDCCH and the CSI-RS have the same numerology

For CSI-RS resource sets associated with Resource Settings configured with the higher layer parameter *resourceType* set to 'aperiodic', 'periodic', or 'semi-persistent', trigger states for Reporting Setting(s) (configured with the higher layer parameter *reportConfigType* set to 'aperiodic') and/or Resource Setting for channel and/or interference measurement on one or more component carriers are configured using the higher layer parameter *CSI-AperiodicTriggerStateList*. For a reporting setting for which the *CSI-ReportConfig* contains a list of sub-configurations provided by the higher layer parameter [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*], one or more trigger states can be configured with each indicating one or more of the sub-configurations. For aperiodic CSI report triggering, a single set of CSI triggering states are higher layer configured, wherein the CSI triggering states can be associated with any candidate DL BWP. A UE is not expected to receive more than one DCI with non-zero *CSI request* field per slot per cell. A UE is not expected to receive DCI with non-zero *CSI request* field within a cell group in a slot overlapping with any slot receiving DCI with non-zero *CSI request* field in the same cell group. A UE is not expected to be configured with different *TCI-StateId*'s for the same aperiodic CSI-RS resource ID configured in multiple aperiodic CSI-RS resource sets with the same triggering offset in the same aperiodic trigger state. A UE is not expected to receive more than one aperiodic CSI report request for transmission in a given slot per cell. A UE is not expected to receive an aperiodic CSI report request for transmission in a slot overlapping with any slot having an aperiodic CSI report transmission in the same cell group. If a UE does not indicate its capability of *csi-TriggerStateNon-ActiveBWP* the UE is not expected to be triggered with a CSI report for a non-active DL BWP. Otherwise, when a UE is triggered with a CSI report for a DL BWP that is non-active when expecting to receive the most recent occasion, no later than the CSI reference resource, of the associated NZP CSI-RS, the UE is not expected to report the CSI for the non-active DL BWP and the CSI report associated with that BWP is omitted. When a UE is triggered with aperiodic NZP CSI-RS in a DL BWP that is non-active when expecting to receive the NZP CSI-RS, the UE is not expected to measure the aperiodic CSI-RS. In the carrier of the serving cell expecting to receive that associated NZP CSI-RS, if the active DL BWP when receiving the NZP CSI-RS is different from the active DL BWP when receiving the triggering DCI,

- the last symbol of the PDCCH span of the DCI carrying the BWP switching shall be no later than the last symbol of the PDCCH span of the DCI carrying the CSI trigger, irrespective of whether they are in the same carrier of a serving cell or not and irrespective of whether they are in the same SCS or not;

- the UE is not expected to have any other BWP switching in that carrier after the last symbol of the PDCCH span covering the DCI carrying the CSI trigger and before the first symbol of the triggered NZP CSI-RS or CSI-IM.

- when the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], the span that involves the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used.

A trigger state is initiated using the *CSI request* field in DCI.

- When all the bits of *CSI request* field in DCI are set to zero, no CSI is requested.

- When the number of configured CSI triggering states in *CSI-AperiodicTriggerStateList* is greater than , where  is the number of bits in the DCI *CSI request* field, the UE receives a subselection indication, as described in clause 6.1.3.13 of [10, TS 38.321], used to map up to  trigger states to the codepoints of the *CSI request* field in DCI.  is configured by the higher layer parameter *reportTriggerSize* where . When the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the subselection indication, the corresponding action in [10, TS 38.321] and UE assumption on the mapping of the selected CSI trigger state(s) to the codepoint(s) of DCI CSI request field shall be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH and is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1, and is provided by *K-Mac* or if *K-Mac* is not provided..

- When the number of CSI triggering states in *CSI-AperiodicTriggerStateList* is less than or equal to , the *CSI request* field in DCI directly indicates the triggering state.

- For each aperiodic CSI-RS resource in a CSI-RS resource set associated with each CSI triggering state, the UE is indicated the quasi co-location configuration of quasi co-location RS source(s) and quasi co-location type(s), as described in clause 5.1.5, through higher layer signaling of *qcl-info* which contains a list of references to *TCI-State's* for the aperiodic CSI-RS resources associated with the CSI triggering state. If a *State* referred toin the list is configured with a reference to an RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD', that RS may be an SS/PBCH block located in the same or different CC/DL BWP or a CSI-RS resource configured as periodic or semi-persistent located in the same or different CC/DL BWP.

- If the scheduling offset between the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the triggering DCI and the first symbol of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured without higher layer parameter *trs-Info* is smaller than the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming,* as defined in [13, TS 38.306], when the reported value is one of the values of {14, 28, 48} and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided, or is smaller than 48 when the UE provides *beamSwitchTiming-r16*, *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'off' or configured without the higher layer parameter *repetition,* or is smaller than the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming-r16,* when *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on'.

- If a UE is configured with *enableDefaultTCI-StatePerCoresetPoolIndex* and the UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*

- if there is any other DL signal with an indicated TCI state in the same symbols as the CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption of the other DL signal also when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS. The other DL signal refers to PDSCH scheduled by a PDCCH associated with the same *coresetPoolIndex* as the PDCCH triggering the aperiodic CSI-RS and scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the threshold *timeDurationForQCL,* as defined in [13, TS 38.306], aperiodic CSI-RS triggered by a PDCCH associated with the same *coresetPoolIndex* as the PDCCH triggering the aperiodic CSI-RS and scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming* when the reported value is one of the values {14,28,48} and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided, aperiodic CSI-RS triggered by a PDCCH associated with the same *coresetPoolIndex* as the PDCCH triggering the aperiodic CSI-RS and scheduled with offset larger than or equal to 48 when the reported value of *beamSwitchTiming-r16* is one of the values {224, 336} and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided, periodic CSI-RS, semi-persistent CSI-RS;

- else, the UE applies the QCL parameter(s) of the CORESET associated with a monitored search space with the lowest *controlResourceSetId* among CORESETs, which are configured with the same value of *coresetPoolIndex* as the PDCCH triggering that aperiodic CSI-RS, in the latest slot in which one or more CORESETs are associated with the same value of *coresetPoolIndex* as the PDCCH triggering that aperiodic CSI-RS

- else if a UE is configured with *enableTwoDefaultTCI-States* and at least one TCI codepoint is mapped to two TCI states

- if there is any other DL signal with an indicated TCI state in the same symbols as the CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption of the other DL signal also when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS. The other DL signal refers to PDSCH scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the threshold *timeDurationForQCL,* as defined in [13, TS 38.306], aperiodic CSI-RS scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming* when the reported value is one of the values {14,28,48} and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided, aperiodic CSI-RS scheduled with offset larger than or equal to 48 when the reported value of *beamSwitchTiming-r16* is one of the values {224, 336} and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided, periodic CSI-RS, semi-persistent CSI-RS. If there is a PDSCH indicated with two TCI states in the same symbols as the CSI-RS, the UE applies the first TCI state of the two TCI states when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS.

- else, the UE applies the first one of two TCI states corresponding to the lowest TCI codepoint among those mapped to two TCI states and applicable to the PDSCH within the active BWP of the cell in which the CSI-RS is to be received when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS.

- else if a UE is configured with *sfnSchemePdcch* set to *'*sfnSchemeA' or 'sfnSchemeB', it is not configured with *enableTwoDefaultTCI-States,* and the two TCI states are activated for the CORESET by the activation command as described in clause 6.1.3.44 of [10, TS 38.321]

- if there is any other DL signal with an indicated TCI state in the same symbols as the CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption of the other DL signal also when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS. The other DL signal refers to PDSCH scheduled with an offset larger than or equal to the threshold *timeDurationForQCL,* as defined in [13, TS 38.306], periodic CSI-RS, semi-persistent CSI-RS, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming* when the reported value is one of the values {14,28,48} and when *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided or the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *trs-Info* , aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configuredwith the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'off' or configured without the higher layer parameters *repetition* and *trs-Info* scheduled with offset larger than or equal to 48 when the UE provides *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configuredwith the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on' scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided;

- else, the UE applies the first one of TCI states indicated for the CORESET with the lowest CORESET ID in the latest slot within the active BWP of the cell in which the CSI-RS is to be received when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS, if two TCI states are activated for the CORESET. Otherwise, the UE applies the single activated TCI state of the CORESET with the lowest CORESET ID in the latest slot within the active BWP of the cell in which the CSI-RS is to be received, when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS

- else if there is any other DL signal with an indicated TCI state in the same symbols as the CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption of the other DL signal also when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS. The other DL signal refers to PDSCH scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the threshold *timeDurationForQCL,* as defined in [13, TS 38.306], periodic CSI-RS, semi-persistent CSI-RS, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming* when the reported value is one of the values {14,28,48} and when *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided or the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *trs-Info* , aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configuredwith the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'off' or configured without the higher layer parameters *repetition* and *trs-Info* scheduled with offset larger than or equal to 48 when the UE provides *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configuredwith the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on' scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided;

- else if the UE is not provided *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, and if at least one CORESET is configured for the BWP in which the aperiodic CSI-RS is received, when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption used for the CORESET associated with a monitored search space with the lowest *controlResourceSetId* in the latest slot in which one or more CORESETs within the active BWP of the serving cell are monitored;

- else if the UE is provided *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and if the indicated TCI state is associated with a PCI different from the serving cell, regardless of configuration of *followUnifiedTCI-State*, and if at least one CORESET is configured for the BWP in which the aperiodic CSI-RS is received, when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption used for the CORESET associated with a monitored search space with the lowest *controlResourceSetId* in the latest slot in which one or more CORESETs within the active BWP of the serving cell are monitored. In the CA case, if the 'QCL-TypeD' of the aperiodic CSI-RSs from respective CCs in a band are different in a slot, the QCL-TypeD assumption of the CSI-RS in the CC with lowest CC ID in the band is applied to all the aperiodic CSI-RSs in the CCs in the band;

- else if the UE is provided *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and the indicated TCI state is associated with the PCI of the serving cell, regardless of configuration of *followUnifiedTCI-State*, the indicated TCI state is applied to the aperiodic CSI-RS;

- else if the UE is configured with *enableDefaultBeamForCCS* and when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption of the lowest-ID activated TCI state applicable to the PDSCH within the active BWP of the cell in which the CSI-RS is to be received.

- If the scheduling offset between the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the triggering DCI and the first symbol of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is equal to or greater than the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming* when the reported value is one of the values of {14,28,48} and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is not configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, or is equal to or greater than the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming* when the reported value is one of the values of {14,28,48} and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, or is equal to or greater than 48 when the UE provides *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'off' or configured without the higher layer parameters *repetition* and *trs-Info*, or is equal to or greater than the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming-r16,* when *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on', the UE is expected to apply the QCL assumptions in the indicated TCI states for the aperiodic CSI-RS resources in the CSI triggering state indicated by the CSI trigger field in DCI.

- The UE is not expected to receive aperiodic CSI-RS and PDSCH/aperiodic CSI-RS associated with different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in overlapped symbol(s). The UE is not expected to receive aperiodic CSI-RS and semi-persistent/periodic CSI-RS with different 'QCL-type D' in overlapped symbol(s).

- If configured, the UE may assume that a CSI-RS resource in an aperiodic CSI-RS resource set configured without *trs-Info* is quasi co-located with the RS(s) in the indicated TCI state.

- A non-zero codepoint of the CSI request field in the DCI is mapped to a CSI triggering state according to the order of the associated positions of the up to trigger states in *CSI-AperiodicTriggerStateList* with codepoint '1' mapped to the triggering state in the first position.

For a UE configured with the higher layer parameter *CSI-AperiodicTriggerStateList*, if a Resource Setting linked to a *CSI-ReportConfig* has multiple aperiodic resource sets, only one of the aperiodic CSI-RS resource sets from the Resource Setting is associated with the trigger state, and the UE is higher layer configured per trigger state per Resource Setting to select the one CSI-IM/NZP CSI-RS resource set from the Resource Setting.

When aperiodic CSI-RS is used with aperiodic reporting, the CSI-RS offset is configured per resource set by the higher layer parameter *aperiodicTriggeringOffset* or *aperiodicTriggeringOffset-r16* or *aperiodicTriggeringOffset-r17*. The CSI-RS triggering offset has the values of {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, …, 15, 16, 24} slots for or {0, 4, 8, 12, …, 60, 64, 96} slots for and , where is the subcarrier spacing configurations for CSI-RS. If the UE is not configured with *minimumSchedulingOffsetK0* for any DL BWP and *minimumSchedulingOffsetK2* for any UL BWP and if all the associated trigger states do not have the higher layer parameter *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' in the corresponding TCI states, the CSI-RS triggering offset is fixed to zero. The aperiodic triggering offset of the CSI-IM follows offset of the associated NZP CSI-RS for channel measurement. The aperiodic CSI-RS is transmitted in a slot , , if UE is configured with ca-SlotOffset for at least one of the triggered and triggering cell, and in slot , otherwise, and where

*- n* is the slot containing the triggering DCI, *X* is the CSI-RS triggering offset according to the higher layer parameter *aperiodicTriggeringOffset* or *aperiodicTriggeringOffset-r16* or *aperiodicTriggeringOffset-r17*,

*-* and are the and the  which are determined by higher-layer configured *ca-SlotOffset* for the cell receiving the PDCCH, and are the and the  which are determined by higher-layer configured *ca-SlotOffset* for the cell transmitting the CSI-RS respectively, as defined in [4, TS 38.211] clause 4.5.

The UE does not expect that aperiodic CSI-RS is transmitted before the OFDM symbol(s) carrying its triggering DCI. When the minimum scheduling offset restriction is applied, UE is not expected to be triggered by CSI triggering state indicated by the CSI request field in DCI in which CSI-RS triggering offset is smaller than the currently applicable minimum scheduling offset restriction *K*0min.

If interference measurement is performed on aperiodic NZP CSI-RS, a UE is not expected to be configured with a different aperiodic triggering offset of the NZP CSI-RS for interference measurement from the associated NZP CSI-RS for channel measurement.

If the UE is configured with a single carrier for uplink, the UE is not expected to transmit more than one aperiodic CSI report triggered by different DCIs on overlapping OFDM symbols.

When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining scheduling offset between the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the triggering DCI and the first symbol of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used, and the UE does not expect that the aperiodic CSI-RS is transmitted before the first symbol of the PDCCH candidate that starts later in time.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and is having two indicated TCI states, a higher layer configuration can be provided to an aperiodic CSI-RS resource set or a CSI-RS resource in an aperiodic CSI-RS resource set to inform that the UE shall apply the first or the second indicated TCI-State to the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set or to the CSI-RS resource in the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set, if the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set for CSI or BM is configured with *followUnifiedTCI-State* and if the offset between the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the triggering DCI and the first symbol of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources in the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set is equal to or larger than a threshold.

-If the UE is configured by higher layer parameter PDCCH-Config that contains two different values of CORESETPoolIndex in different ControlResourceSets, the first and the second indicated TCI-States correspond to the indicated TCI-States specific to coresetPoolIndex value 0 and value 1, respectively.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* and is having two indicated TCI states and if the offset between the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the triggering DCI and the first symbol of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources in the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set is smaller than a threshold:

-If there is no DL signal in the same symbols as the aperiodic CSI-RS

-if the UE is in frequency range 1, or the UE reports its capability of [two default beams for S-DCI based MTRP] in frequency range 2, the UE shall apply the first or the second indicated joint/DL TCI state to the aperiodic CSI-RS according to the higher layer configuration(s) provided to the aperiodic CSI-RS resource or to the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set

-otherwise, the UE shall apply the first indicated joint/DL TCI state to the aperiodic CSI-RS

-else if there is any other DL signal with an indicated TCI state in the same symbols as the CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption of the other DL signal also when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS. The other DL signal refers to PDSCH scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the threshold *timeDurationForQCL*, as defined in [13, TS 38.306], periodic CSI-RS, semi-persistent CSI-RS, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming* when the reported value is one of the values {14,28,48}∙2max(0,μCSIRS-3) and when *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided or the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'off' or configured without the higher layer parameters *repetition* and *trs-Info* scheduled with offset larger than or equal to 48∙2max(0,μCSIRS-3) when the UE provides *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on' scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided. If there is a PDSCH applying two indicated joint/DL TCI states in the same symbols as the AP CSI-RS, the UE applies the first or the second indicated joint/DL TCI state to the AP CSI-RS according to the higher layer configuration(s) provided to the AP CSI-RS resource or to the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList*, is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in different *ControlResourceSets,* is having two indicated TCI states and if the offset between the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the triggering DCI and the first symbol of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources in the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set is smaller than a threshold:

-If there is no DL signal in the same symbols as the aperiodic CSI-RS

-if the UE is in frequency range 1, or the UE reports its capability of [default beam per *coresetPoolIndex* for M-DCI based MTRP] in frequency range 2, the UE shall apply the first or the second indicated joint/DL TCI state to the aperiodic CSI-RS according to the higher layer configuration(s) provided to the aperiodic CSI-RS resource or aperiodic CSI-RS resource set

-otherwise, the UE shall apply the indicated joint/DL TCI state specific to *coresetPoolIndex* value 0 to the aperiodic CSI-RS resource set

-else if there is any other DL signal with an indicated TCI state in the same symbols as the CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption of the other DL signal also when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS. The other DL signal refers to PDSCH scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the threshold *timeDurationForQCL*, as defined in [13, TS 38.306], periodic CSI-RS, semi-persistent CSI-RS, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming* when the reported value is one of the values {14,28,48}∙2max(0,μCSIRS-3) and when *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided or the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'off' or configured without the higher layer parameters repetition and *trs-Info* scheduled with offset larger than or equal to 48∙2max(0,μCSIRS-3) when the UE provides *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on' scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the UE reported threshold *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided.

##### 5.2.1.5.1a Aperiodic CSI Reporting/Aperiodic CSI-RS when the triggering PDCCH and the CSI-RS have different numerologies

When the triggering PDCCH and the triggered aperiodic CSI-RS are of different numerologies, the behavior defined in 5.2.1.5.1 for the case where the numerologies are the same applies with the following exceptions:

Beam switch timing:

- If the scheduling offset between the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the triggering DCI and the first symbol of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured without higher layer parameter *trs-Info* is smaller than *beamSwitchTiming* + *d*  in CSI-RS symbols*,* as defined in [13, TS 38.306], when the reported value is one of the values of {14, 28, 48} and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided, or is smaller than 48+ in CSI-RS symbolswhen the UE provides *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'off' or configured without the higher layer parameter *repetition,* or is smaller than *beamSwitchTiming-r16 +*  in CSI-RS symbols*,* when *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on', where if the µPDCCH < µCSIRS, the beam switching timing delay *d* is defined in Table 5.2.1.5.1a-1, else *d* is zero

- if one of the associated trigger states has the higher layer parameter *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD',

- if there is any other DL signal with an indicated TCI state in the same symbols as the CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption of the other DL signal also when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS. The other DL signal refers to PDSCH scheduled with offset larger than or equal to the threshold *timeDurationForQCL,* as defined in [13, TS 38.306], periodic CSI-RS, semi-persistent CSI-RS, aperiodic CSI-RS scheduled with offset larger than or equal to *beamSwitchTiming* + *d*  in CSI-RS symbols when the reported value is one of the values {14,28,48} and when *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided or the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configuredwith the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'off' or configured without the higher layer parameters *repetition* and *trs-Info* scheduled with offset larger than or equal to 48+ in CSI-RS symbols when the UE provides *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided, aperiodic CSI-RS in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configuredwith the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on' and scheduled with offset larger than or equal to *beamSwitchTiming-r16* + *d* in CSI-RS symbols when *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided;

- else,

- if at least one CORESET is configured for the BWP in which the aperiodic CSI-RS is to be received, when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption used for the CORESET associated with a monitored search space with the lowest *controlResourceSetId* in the latest slot in which one or more CORESETs within the active BWP of the serving cell are monitored.

- else if the UE is configured with *enableDefaultBeamForCCS*, when receiving the aperiodic CSI-RS, the UE applies the QCL assumption of the lowest-ID activated TCI state applicable to the PDSCH within the active BWP of the cell in which the CSI-RS is to be received.

- If the scheduling offset between the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the triggering DCI and the first symbol of the aperiodic CSI-RS resources in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is equal to or greater than *beamSwitchTiming* + *d*  in CSI-RS symbols, when the reported value is one of the values of {14,28,48} and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is not provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is not configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, or is equal to or greater than *beamSwitchTiming* + *d*  in CSI-RS symbols when the reported value is one of the values of {14,28,48} and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, or is equal to or greater than 48+ in CSI-RS symbols when the UE provides *beamSwitchTiming-r16* and *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'off' or configured without the higher layer parameters *repetition* and *trs-Info*, or is equal to or greater than *beamSwitchTiming-r16* + *d* in CSI-RS symbolswhen *enableBeamSwitchTiming* is provided and the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is configured with the higher layer parameter *repetition* set to 'on', where if the µPDCCH < µCSIRS, the beam switching timing delay *d* is defined in Table 5.2.1.5.1a-1, else *d* is zero, the UE is expected to apply the QCL assumptions in the indicated TCI states for the aperiodic CSI-RS resources in the CSI triggering state indicated by the CSI trigger field in DCI. For ***µPDCCH*** = 5, UE shall report one of values of {56, 112} for additional beam switching time delay *d*.

Table 5.2.1.5.1a-1: Additional beam switching timing delay *d*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***µPDCCH*** | ***d* [PDCCH symbols]** |
| 0 | 8 |
| 1 | 8 |
| 2 | 14 |
| 3 | 28 |
| 5 | {56, 112} |

Aperiodic CSI-RS timing:

- When the aperiodic CSI-RS is used with aperiodic CSI reporting, the CSI-RS triggering offset *X* is configured per resource set by the higher layer parameter *aperiodicTriggeringOffset* or *aperiodicTriggeringOffset-r16* or *aperiodicTriggeringOffset-r17,* including the case that the UE is not configured with *minimumSchedulingOffsetK0* for any DL BWP or *minimumSchedulingOffsetK2* for any UL BWP and all the associated trigger states do not have the higher layer parameter *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' in the corresponding TCI states. The CSI-RS triggering offset has the values of {0, 1, …, 31} slots for or {0, 4, 8, …, 124} slots for and when the µPDCCH < µCSIRS and {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, …, 15, 16, 24} for or {0, 4, 8, 12, …, 60, 64, 96} slots for and when the µPDCCH > µCSIRS.. The aperiodic CSI-RS is transmitted in a slot , if UE is configured with ca-SlotOffset for at least one of the triggered and triggering cell, and *Ks* = , otherwise, and where

*- n* is the slot containing the triggering DCI, *X* is the CSI-RS triggering offset in the numerology of CSI-RS according to the higher layer parameter *aperiodicTriggeringOffset* or *aperiodicTriggeringOffset-r16* or *aperiodicTriggeringOffset-r17*,

- and are the subcarrier spacing configurations for CSI-RS and PDCCH, respectively,

- and are the and the, respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell receiving the PDCCH respectively, and   are the and the, respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell transmitting the CSI-RS respectively, as defined in [4, TS 38.211] clause 4.5

- If the µPDCCH < µCSIRS, the UE is expected to be able to measure the aperiodic CSI RS, if the CSI-RS starts no earlier than the first symbol of the CSI-RS carrier's slot that starts at least *Ncsirs* PDCCH symbols after the end of the PDCCH triggering the aperiodic CSI-RS.

- If the µPDCCH > µCSIRS, the UE is expected to be able to measure the aperiodic CSI RS, if the CSI-RS starts no earlier than at least *Ncsirs* PDCCH symbols after the end of the PDCCH triggering the aperiodic CSI-RS.

When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining *Ncsirs*, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used.

Table 5.2.1.5.1a: *Ncsirs* as a function of the subcarrier spacing of the triggering PDCCH

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***µPDCCH*** | ***Ncsirs* [symbols]** |
| 0 | 4 |
| 1 | 5 |
| 2 | 10 |
| 3 | 14 |
| 5 | 56 |
| 6 | 112 |

When the triggering PDCCH and the triggered aperiodic CSI-RS are of different numerologies, the CSI request constraint and CSI reporting constraint defined in 5.2.1.5.1 for the case where the numerologies are the same applies with the following additions:

- CSI request constraints:

- A UE is not expected to receive more than one CSI request per reference slot length across all CCs in a cell group, where the SCS of the reference slot is the minimum of SCS of the PDCCH with which the DCI was transmitted, the SCS of the PUSCH with which the CSI report is to be transmitted, and the SCS of the minimum SCS of the CSI-RS associated to the CSI reports triggered by the DCI. The beginning of a slot length is defined according the PDCCH cell with which the DCI carrying the CSI request is transmitted.

- CSI reporting constraints:

- A UE is not expected to receive more than one CSI request for transmission in a given reference slot length across all CCs in a cell group, where the SCS of the reference slot is the minimum of SCS of the PDCCH with which the DCI was transmitted, the SCS of the PUSCH with which the CSI report is to be transmitted, and the SCS of the minimum SCS of the CSI-RS associated to the CSI reports triggered by the DCI. The beginning of a slot length is defined according the PUSCH cell with which the CSI report is transmitted.

##### 5.2.1.5.2 Semi-persistent CSI/Semi-persistent CSI-RS

For semi-persistent reporting on PUSCH, a set of trigger states are higher layer configured by *CSI-SemiPersistentOnPUSCH-TriggerStateList,* where the CSI request field in DCI scrambled with SP-CSI-RNTI activates one of the trigger states. For a reporting setting for which the *CSI-ReportConfig* contains a list of sub-configurations, provided by the higher layer parameter [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*], one or more trigger states can be configured with each indicating one or more of the sub-configurations. A UE is not expected to receive a DCI scrambled with SP-CSI-RNTI activating one semi-persistent CSI report with the same *CSI-ReportConfigId* as in a semi-persistent CSI report which is activated by a previously received DCI scrambled with SP-CSI-RNTI.

For semi-persistent reporting on PUCCH, the PUCCH resource used for transmitting the CSI report are configured by *reportConfigType*. Semi-persistent reporting on PUCCH is activated by an activation command as described in clause 6.1.3.16 of [10, TS 38.321], which selects one of the semi-persistent Reporting Settings for use by the UE on the PUCCH. For a selected reporting setting for which the *CSI-ReportConfig* contains a list of sub-configurations provided by the higher layer parameter [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*], [an/the] activation command can [also] select one or more sub-configurations to use by the UE as described in clause 6.1.3.X of [10, TS 38.321]. When the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the activation command, the indicated semi-persistent Reporting Setting should be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH.

For a UE configured with CSI resource setting(s) where the higher layer parameter *resourceType* set to 'semiPersistent'.

- when a UE receives an activation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.12 of [10, TS 38.321], for CSI-RS resource set(s) for channel measurement and CSI-IM/NZP CSI-RS resource set(s) for interference measurement associated with configured CSI resource setting(s), and when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the selection command, the corresponding actions in [10, TS 38.321] and the UE assumptions (including QCL assumptions provided by a list of reference to *TCI-State's,* one per activated resource) on CSI-RS/CSI-IM transmission corresponding to the configured CSI-RS/CSI-IM resource configuration(s) shall be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH and is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1, and is provided by *K-Mac* or if *K-Mac* is not provided. If a *TCI-State* referred to in the list is configured with a reference to an RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to '*typeD*', that RS can be an SS/PBCH block, periodic or semi-persistent CSI-RS located in same or different CC/DL BWP.

- when a UE receives a deactivation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.12 of [10, TS 38.321], for activated CSI-RS/CSI-IM resource set(s) associated with configured CSI resource setting(s), and when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the deactivation command, the corresponding actions in [10, TS 38.321] and UE assumption on cessation of CSI-RS/CSI-IM transmission corresponding to the deactivated CSI-RS/CSI-IM resource set(s) shall apply starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH and is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1, and is provided by *K-Mac* or if *K-Mac* is not provided.

A codepoint of the CSI request field in the DCI is mapped to a SP-CSI triggering state according to the order of the positions of the configured trigger states in *CSI-SemiPersistentOnPUSCH-TriggerStateList*, with codepoint '0' mapped to the triggering state in the first position. A UE validates, for semi-persistent CSI activation or release, a PDCCH on a DCI only if the following conditions are met:

- the CRC parity bits of the DCI format are scrambled with a SP-CSI-RNTI provided by higher layer parameter *sp-CSI-RNTI*

- Special fields for the DCI format are set according to Table 5.2.1.5.2-1 or Table 5.2.1.5.2-2.

If validation is achieved, the UE considers the information in the DCI format as a valid activation or valid release of semi-persistent CSI transmission on PUSCH, and the UE activates or deactivates a CSI Reporting Setting indicated by CSI request field in the DCI. If validation is not achieved, the UE considers the DCI format as having been detected with a non-matching CRC.

Table 5.2.1.5.2-1: Special fields for semi-persistent CSI activation PDCCH validation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | DCI format 0\_1/0\_2 |
| HARQ process number  (if present) | set to all '0's |
| Redundancy version  (if present) | set to all '0's |

Table 5.2.1.5.2-2: Special fields for semi-persistent CSI deactivation PDCCH validation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | DCI format 0\_1/0\_2 |
| HARQ process number  (if present) | set to all '0's |
| Modulation and coding scheme | set to all '1's |
| Resource block assignment | If higher layer configures RA type 0 only, set to all '0's;  If higher layer configures RA type 1 only, set to all '1's;  If higher layer configures dynamic switch between RA type 0 and 1, then if MSB is'0', set to all '0's; else, set to all '1's  For DCI 0\_1, if higher layer configures RA type 2, set to all '1's if *µ* = 0; set to all '0's if *µ* = 1 |
| Redundancy version  (if present) | set to all '0's |

If the UE has an active semi-persistent CSI-RS/CSI-IM resource configuration, or an active semi-persistent ZP CSI-RS resource set configuration, and has not received a deactivation command, the activated semi-persistent CSI-RS/CSI-IM resource set or the activated semi-persistent ZP CSI-RS resource set configurations are considered to be active when the corresponding DL BWP is active, otherwise they are considered suspended.

If the UE is configured with carrier deactivation, the following configurations in the carrier in activated state would also be deactivated and need re-activation configuration(s): semi-persistent CSI-RS/CSI- IM resource, semi-persistent CSI reporting on PUCCH, semi-persistent SRS, semi-persistent ZP CSI-RS resource set.

##### 5.2.1.5.3 Aperiodic CSI-RS for tracking for fast SCell activation

When the UE receives an *Enhanced Scell Activation/Deactivation* MAC-CE that triggers one or two CSI-RS bursts for fast SCell activation for a (set of) deactivated SCell(s),

- if the MAC-CE indicates that the first CSI-RS burst for SCell activation is present in an SCell, then the UE may assume that the first CSI-RS burst for SCell activation is present in that SCell. The first slot of the first CSI-RS burst starts at the *m1*th SCell slot after the last SCell slot coinciding with the reference slot *n+k*, as defined in clause 4.3 of [6, TS38.213].

- if the MAC-CE indicates that the second CSI-RS burst for SCell activation is present in an SCell, then the UE may assume that the second CSI-RS burst for SCell activation is present in that SCell. The first slot of the second CSI-RS burst starts at the *m2*thSCell slot after the end of the first CSI-RS burst. The CSI-RS of the second burst shall have the same antenna port index, OFDM symbol allocations in a slot, same PRB allocation location as the CSI-RS of the first burst.

- where the CSI-RS burst is defined as four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots in clause 5.1.6.1.1.1, and *m1* and *m2* are provided by *aperiodicTriggeringOffsetL2* in *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* and *gapBetweenBursts*, respectively, associated with the CSI-RS burst(s) triggered by the MAC-CE.

#### 5.2.1.6 CSI processing criteria

The UE indicates the number of supported simultaneous CSI calculations with parameter *simultaneousCSI-ReportsPerCC* in a component carrier, and *simultaneousCSI-ReportsAllCC* across all component carriers. If a UE supports simultaneous CSI calculations it is said to have CSI processing units for processing CSI reports. If *L* CPUs are occupied for calculation of CSI reports in a given OFDM symbol, the UE has unoccupied CPUs. If *N* CSI reports start occupying their respective CPUs on the same OFDM symbol on which CPUs are unoccupied, where each CSI report corresponds to , the UE is not required to update the requested CSI reports with lowest priority (according to Clause 5.2.5), where is the largest value such that holds.

A UE is not expected to be configured with an aperiodic CSI trigger state containing more than Reporting Settings. Processing of a CSI report occupies a number of CPUs for a number of symbols as follows:

- for a CSI report with CSI-ReportConfig with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'none' and *CSI-RS-ResourceSet* with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* configured

- for a CSI report with *LTM-CSI-ReportConfig* or a CSI report with *CSI-ReportConfig* with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RSRP', 'ssb-Index-RSRP', 'cri-SINR', 'ssb-Index-SINR', 'cri-RSRP- Index', 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index', 'cri-SINR- Index', 'ssb-Index-SINR- Index ' or 'none' (and *CSI-RS-ResourceSet* with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* not configured)

- , for a CSI report with *CSI-ReportConfig* with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'tdcp' and with number of delays configured by higher layer parameter *Y*, where the value of is reported by UE capability.

- for a CSI report with *CSI-ReportConfig* with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', 'cri-RI-i1', 'cri-RI-i1-CQI', 'cri-RI-CQI', or 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI',

- if max{ *µPDCCH*, *µCSI-RS, µUL*} ≤ 3, and if a CSI report is aperiodically triggered without transmitting a PUSCH with either transport block or HARQ-ACK or both when *L* = 0 CPUs are occupied, where the CSI corresponds to a single CSI with wideband frequency-granularity and to at most 4 CSI-RS ports in a single resource without CRI report and where *codebookType* is set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' or where *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RI-CQI', ,

- if a *CSI-ReportConfig* is configured with *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' and the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement is configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs, , where is the number of CPUs occupied by a pair of CMRs subject to *mTRP-CSI-numCPU-r17* and is defined in clause 5.2.1.4.2,

- if a *CSI-ReportConfig* contains a list of *L* sub-configurations provided by the higher layer parameter [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*],

- for periodic CSI reporting, where is the total number of CSI-RS resources corresponding to the *i*-th sub-configuration.

- for aperiodic and semi-persistent CSI reporting, where is the total number of CSI-RS resources corresponding to the *i*-th sub-configuration, and where the *i*-th sub-configuration is from *N* indicated sub-configurations out of *L* sub-configurations contained in a *CSI-ReportConfig*, where and .

- if a *CSI-ReportConfig* is configured with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-r18' or 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18' and the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement is configured with resources, , where is reported by UE capability indication,

- if a *CSI-ReportConfig* is configured with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI' and with *codebookType* set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18',

- if the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement is aperiodic and configured with CSI-RS resources, for and for , where is reported by UE capability indication,

- if the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement is periodic or semi-persistent and configured with a single CSI-RS resource, for and , for , where the value of is configured by the higher layer parameter *N4*, and is reported by UE capability indication,

- otherwise, , where is the number of CSI-RS resources in the CSI-RS resource set for channel measurement.

For a CSI report with *CSI-ReportConfig* with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* not set to 'none', the CPU(s) are occupied for a number of OFDM symbols as follows:

- A periodic or semi-persistent CSI report (excluding an initial semi-persistent CSI report on PUSCH after the PDCCH triggering the report and a semi-persistent CSI report on PUSCH configured with the higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18') occupies CPU(s) from the first symbol of the earliest one of each CSI-RS/CSI-IM/SSB resource, or each CSI-RS/CSI-IM resource associated with all configured sub-configurations for periodic CSI report corresponding to a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a list of sub-configurations provided by *csi-ReportSubConfigList*, or each CSI-RS/CSI-IM resource associated with all triggered sub-configurations for semi-persistent CSI report corresponding to a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a list of sub-configurations provided by *csi-ReportSubConfigList*, for channel or interference measurement, respective latest CSI-RS/CSI-IM/SSB occasion no later than the corresponding CSI reference resource, until the last symbol of the configured PUSCH/PUCCH carrying the report.

- An aperiodic CSI report occupies CPU(s) from the first symbol after the PDCCH triggering the CSI report until the last symbol of the scheduled PUSCH carrying the report. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the CPU occupation duration, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used.

- An initial semi-persistent CSI report on PUSCH after the PDCCH trigger occupies CPU(s) from the first symbol after the PDCCH until the last symbol of the scheduled PUSCH carrying the report. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the CPU occupation duration, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used.

- A semi-persistent CSI report on PUSCH configured with the higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18' occupies CPU(s) from the first symbol of *KP*-th latest consecutive periodic/semi-persistent CSI-RS occasions no later than CSI reference resource, until the last symbol of the PUSCH carrying the report, where the value of is indicated by UE capability.

For a CSI report with *CSI-ReportConfig* with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'none' and *CSI-RS-ResourceSet* with higher layer parameter *trs-Info* not configured, the CPU(s) are occupied for a number of OFDM symbols as follows:

- A semi-persistent CSI report (excluding an initial semi-persistent CSI report on PUSCH after the PDCCH triggering the report) occupies CPU(s) from the first symbol of the earliest one of each transmission occasion of periodic or semi-persistent CSI-RS/SSB resource for channel measurement for L1-RSRP computation, until symbols after the last symbol of the latest one of the CSI-RS/SSB resource for channel measurement for L1-RSRP computation in each transmission occasion.

- An aperiodic CSI report occupies CPU(s) from the first symbol after the PDCCH triggering the CSI report until the last symbol between symbols after the first symbol after the PDCCH triggering the CSI report and symbols after the last symbol of the latest one of each CSI-RS/SSB resource for channel measurement for L1-RSRP computation.

where are defined in the table 5.4-2.

In any slot, the UE is not expected to have more active CSI-RS ports or active CSI-RS resources in active BWPs than reported as capability. NZP CSI-RS resource is active in a duration of time defined as follows. For aperiodic CSI-RS, starting from the end of the PDCCH containing the request and ending at the end of the scheduled PUSCH containing the report associated with this aperiodic CSI-RS. When the PDCCH candidates are associated with a search space set configured with *searchSpaceLinkingId*, for the purpose of determining the NZP CSI-RS resource active duration, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time among the two linked PDCCH candidates is used. For semi-persistent CSI-RS, starting from the end of when the activation command is applied, and ending at the end of when the deactivation command is applied. For periodic CSI-RS, starting when the periodic CSI-RS is configured by higher layer signalling, and ending when the periodic CSI-RS configuration is released.

If a CSI-RS resource is referred *N* times by one or more CSI Reporting Settings not configured with higher layer parameter *csi-ReportSubConfigList*, the CSI-RS resource and the CSI-RS ports within the CSI-RS resource are counted *N* times.

For a CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs, if a CSI-RS resource is referred times by one of the CSI-RS resources, where is defined in clause 5.2.1.4.2, and/or one or two Resource Pairs, the CSI-RS resource and the CSI-RS ports within the CSI-RS resource are counted times.

For a *CSI-ReportConfig* containing a list of *L* sub-configuration(s) provided by higher layer parameter *csi-ReportSubConfigList,* if a CSI-RS resource is referred by *M* sub-configurations among *N* triggered sub-configurations for CSI reporting for aperiodic CSI-RS resource, or *L* configured sub-configurations for CSI reporting for periodic or semi-persistent CSI-RS resource, the CSI-RS resource is counted *M* times and the CSI-RS ports within the CSI-RS resource are counted , where *P* is the number of ports configured by *nrofPorts* and is the number of CSI-RS ports in sub-configuration *s* derived from the corresponding antenna port subset indicator [*port-subsetIndicator*] according to clause 5.2.1.4.2 if configured, otherwise .

For a periodic or semi-persistent CSI-RS resource in a CSI-RS resource set for channel measurement linked to a *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with the higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18', the CSI-RS resource and the CSI-RS ports within the CSI-RS resource are counted times, where the value of is indicated by UE capability.

### 5.2.2 Channel state information

#### 5.2.2.1 Channel quality indicator (CQI)

The CQI indices and their interpretations are given in Table 5.2.2.1-2 or Table 5.2.2.1-4 for reporting CQI based on QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM. The CQI indices and their interpretations are given in Table 5.2.2.1-3 for reporting CQI based on QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM and 256QAM. The CQI indices and their interpretations are given in Table 5.2.2.1-5 for reporting CQI based on QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM and 1024 QAM.

Based on an unrestricted observation interval in time unless specified otherwise in this Clause, and an unrestricted observation interval in frequency, the UE shall derive for each CQI value reported in uplink slot *n* the highest CQI index which satisfies the following condition:

- A single PDSCH transport block with a combination of modulation scheme, target code rate and transport block size corresponding to the CQI index, and occupying a group of downlink physical resource blocks termed the CSI reference resource, could be received with a transport block error probability not exceeding:

- 0.1, if the higher layer parameter *cqi-Table* in *CSI-ReportConfig* configures 'table1' (corresponding to Table 5.2.2.1-2), or 'table2' (corresponding to Table 5.2.2.1-3), or if the higher layer parameter *cqi-Table* in *CSI-ReportConfig* configures 'table4-r17' (corresponding to Table 5.2.2.1-5), or

- 0.00001, if the higher layer parameter *cqi-Table* in *CSI-ReportConfig* configures 'table3' (corresponding to Table 5.2.2.1-4).

If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForChannelMeasurements* is set to "*notConfigured*", the UE shall derive the channel measurements for computing CSI value reported in uplink slot *n* based on only the NZP CSI-RS, no later than the CSI reference resource, (defined in TS 38.211[4]) associated with the CSI resource setting.

If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForChannelMeasurements* in*CSI-ReportConfig* is set to "*Configured*", the UE shall derive the channel measurements for computing CSI reported in uplink slot *n* based on only the most recent, no later than the CSI reference resource, in cell DTX active time if cell DTX is activated, occasion of NZP CSI-RS (defined in [4, TS 38.211]) associated with the CSI resource setting.

If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForInterferenceMeasurements* is set to "*notConfigured*", the UE shall derive the interference measurements for computing CSI value reported in uplink slot *n* based on only the CSI-IM and/or NZP CSI-RS for interference measurement no later than the CSI reference resource associated with the CSI resource setting.

If the higher layer parameter *timeRestrictionForInterferenceMeasurements* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is set to "*Configured*", the UE shall derive the interference measurements for computing the CSI value reported in uplink slot *n* based on the most recent, no later than the CSI reference resource, in cell DTX active time if cell DTX is activated, occasion of CSI-IM and/or NZP CSI-RS for interference measurement (defined in [4, TS 38.211]) associated with the CSI resource setting.

If the higher layer parameter *cqi-BitsPerSubband* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is not configured, for each sub-band index *s,* a 2-bit sub-band differential CQI is defined as:

- Sub-band Offset level (*s*) = sub-band CQI index (*s*) - wideband CQI index.

The mapping from the 2-bit sub-band differential CQI values to the offset level is shown in Table 5.2.2.1-1

Table 5.2.2.1-1: Mapping sub-band differential CQI value to offset level

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Sub-band differential CQI value | Offset level |
| 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2 | ≥ 2 |
| 3 | ≤-1 |

If the higher layer parameter *cqi-BitsPerSubband* in *CSI-ReportConfig* is configured, for each sub-band index *s*, a 4-bit sub-band CQI is reported*.* The 4-bit sub-band CQI for each sub-band *s* is a CQI index in Table 5.2.2.1-2, Table 5.2.2.1-3, or Table 5.2.2.1-4 as configured by the higher layer parameter *cqi-Table* in *CSI-ReportConfig*.

A combination of modulation scheme and transport block size corresponds to a CQI index if:

- the combination could be signaled for transmission on the PDSCH in the CSI reference resource according to the Transport Block Size determination described in Clause 5.1.3.2, and

- the modulation scheme is indicated by the CQI index, and

- the combination of transport block size and modulation scheme when applied to the reference resource results in the effective channel code rate which is the closest possible to the code rate indicated by the CQI index. If more than one combination of transport block size and modulation scheme results in an effective channel code rate equally close to the code rate indicated by the CQI index, only the combination with the smallest of such transport block sizes is relevant.

Table 5.2.2.1-2: 4-bit CQI Table

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| CQI index | modulation | code rate x 1024 | efficiency |
| 0 | out of range | | |
| 1 | QPSK | 78 | 0.1523 |
| 2 | QPSK | 120 | 0.2344 |
| 3 | QPSK | 193 | 0.3770 |
| 4 | QPSK | 308 | 0.6016 |
| 5 | QPSK | 449 | 0.8770 |
| 6 | QPSK | 602 | 1.1758 |
| 7 | 16QAM | 378 | 1.4766 |
| 8 | 16QAM | 490 | 1.9141 |
| 9 | 16QAM | 616 | 2.4063 |
| 10 | 64QAM | 466 | 2.7305 |
| 11 | 64QAM | 567 | 3.3223 |
| 12 | 64QAM | 666 | 3.9023 |
| 13 | 64QAM | 772 | 4.5234 |
| 14 | 64QAM | 873 | 5.1152 |
| 15 | 64QAM | 948 | 5.5547 |

Table 5.2.2.1-3: 4-bit CQI Table 2

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| CQI index | modulation | code rate x 1024 | efficiency |
| 0 | out of range | | |
| 1 | QPSK | 78 | 0.1523 |
| 2 | QPSK | 193 | 0.3770 |
| 3 | QPSK | 449 | 0.8770 |
| 4 | 16QAM | 378 | 1.4766 |
| 5 | 16QAM | 490 | 1.9141 |
| 6 | 16QAM | 616 | 2.4063 |
| 7 | 64QAM | 466 | 2.7305 |
| 8 | 64QAM | 567 | 3.3223 |
| 9 | 64QAM | 666 | 3.9023 |
| 10 | 64QAM | 772 | 4.5234 |
| 11 | 64QAM | 873 | 5.1152 |
| 12 | 256QAM | 711 | 5.5547 |
| 13 | 256QAM | 797 | 6.2266 |
| 14 | 256QAM | 885 | 6.9141 |
| 15 | 256QAM | 948 | 7.4063 |

Table 5.2.2.1-4: 4-bit CQI Table 3

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| CQI index | modulation | code rate x 1024 | efficiency |
| 0 | out of range | | |
| 1 | QPSK | 30 | 0.0586 |
| 2 | QPSK | 50 | 0.0977 |
| 3 | QPSK | 78 | 0.1523 |
| 4 | QPSK | 120 | 0.2344 |
| 5 | QPSK | 193 | 0.3770 |
| 6 | QPSK | 308 | 0.6016 |
| 7 | QPSK | 449 | 0.8770 |
| 8 | QPSK | 602 | 1.1758 |
| 9 | 16QAM | 378 | 1.4766 |
| 10 | 16QAM | 490 | 1.9141 |
| 11 | 16QAM | 616 | 2.4063 |
| 12 | 64QAM | 466 | 2.7305 |
| 13 | 64QAM | 567 | 3.3223 |
| 14 | 64QAM | 666 | 3.9023 |
| 15 | 64QAM | 772 | 4.5234 |

Table 5.2.2.1-5: 4-bit CQI Table 4

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| CQI index | modulation | code rate x 1024 | efficiency |
| 0 | out of range | | |
| 1 | QPSK | 78 | 0.1523 |
| 2 | QPSK | 193 | 0.377 |
| 3 | QPSK | 449 | 0.877 |
| 4 | 16QAM | 378 | 1.4766 |
| 5 | 16QAM | 616 | 2.4063 |
| 6 | 64QAM | 567 | 3.3223 |
| 7 | 64QAM | 666 | 3.9023 |
| 8 | 64QAM | 772 | 4.5234 |
| 9 | 64QAM | 873 | 5.1152 |
| 10 | 256QAM | 711 | 5.5547 |
| 11 | 256QAM | 797 | 6.2266 |
| 12 | 256QAM | 885 | 6.9141 |
| 13 | 256QAM | 948 | 7.4063 |
| 14 | 1024QAM | 853 | 8.3301 |
| 15 | 1024QAM | 948 | 9.2578 |

##### 5.2.2.1.1 (void)

#### 5.2.2.2 Precoding matrix indicator (PMI)

##### 5.2.2.2.1 Type I Single-Panel Codebook

For 2 antenna ports {3000, 3001} and the UE configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' each PMI value corresponds to a codebook index given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-1. The UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *twoTX-CodebookSubsetRestriction*. The bitmap parameter *twoTX-CodebookSubsetRestriction* forms the bit sequence  where  is the LSB and  is the MSB and where a bit value of zero indicates that PMI reporting is not allowed to correspond to the precoder associated with the bit. Bits 0 to 3 are associated respectively with the codebook indices 0 to 3 for  layer, and bits 4 and 5 are associated respectively with the codebook indices 0 and 1 for  layers.

Table 5.2.2.2.1-1: Codebooks for 1-layer and 2-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 3001

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Codebook index | Number of layers | |
| 1 | 2 |
| 0 |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  | - |
| 3 |  | - |

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, 3002, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031}, and the UE configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel', except when the number of layers (where  is the associated RI value), each PMI value corresponds to three codebook indices ,,. When the number of layers , each PMI value corresponds to four codebook indices ,,,. The composite codebook index  is defined by



The codebooks for 1-8 layers are given respectively in Tables 5.2.2.2.1-5, 5.2.2.2.1-6, 5.2.2.2.1-7, 5.2.2.2.1-8, 5.2.2.2.1-9, 5.2.2.2.1-10, 5.2.2.2.1-11, and 5.2.2.2.1-12. The mapping from  to  and  for 2-layer reporting is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-3. The mapping from  to  and  for 3-layer and 4-layer reporting when **** is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-4. The quantities , , , , and  are given by



- The values of and  are configured with the higher layer parameter *n1-n2*, respectively. The supported configurations of  for a given number of CSI-RS ports and the corresponding values of  are given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-2. The number of CSI-RS ports, **, is.

- UE shall only use  and shall not report  if the value of *N2* is 1.

The bitmap parameter *n1-n2* forms the bit sequence  where  is the LSB and  is the MSB and where a bit value of zero indicates that PMI reporting is not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with the bit. The number of bits is given by . Except when the number of layers and the number of antenna ports is 16, 24, or 32, bit  is associated with all precoders based on the quantity , , . When the number of layers and the number of antenna ports is 16, 24, or 32,

- bits , , and  are each associated with all precoders based on the quantity , , ;

- if one or more of the associated bits is zero, then PMI reporting is not allowed to correspond to any precoder based on .

For UE configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel', the bitmap parameter *typeI-SinglePanel-ri‑Restriction* forms the bit sequence  where  is the LSB and  is the MSB. When  is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with  layers.

For UE configured with higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RI-i1-CQI', the bitmap parameter *typeI-SinglePanel-codebookSubsetRestriction-i2* forms the bit sequence , where is the LSB and is the MSB. The bit is associated with precoders corresponding to codebook index . When is zero, the randomly selected precoder for CQI calculation is not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with the bit .



Table 5.2.2.2.1-2: Supported configurations of and 

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Number of  CSI-RS antenna ports, |  |  |
|
| 4 | (2,1) | (4,1) |
| 8 | (2,2) | (4,4) |
| (4,1) | (4,1) |
| 12 | (3,2) | (4,4) |
| (6,1) | (4,1) |
| 16 | (4,2) | (4,4) |
| (8,1) | (4,1) |
| 24 | (4,3) | (4,4) |
| (6,2) | (4,4) |
| (12,1) | (4,1) |
| 32 | (4,4) | (4,4) |
| (8,2) | (4,4) |
| (16,1) | (4,1) |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-3: Mapping of  to  and  for 2-layer CSI reporting

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | |  | |  | |  | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| 2 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 3 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-4: Mapping of  to  and  for 3-layer and 4-layer CSI reporting when 

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | |  | |  | |  | |  | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| 1 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 2 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-5: Codebook for 1-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1 | | | |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 2, | | | | | |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode =* 2, | | | | | |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-6: Codebook for 2-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1 | | | |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| where .  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-3. | | | |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode =* 2, | | | |
|  |  |  | |
| 0 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | |
| 2 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | |
| 4 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | |
| 6 | 7 |
|  |  |  |  |
| where .  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-3. | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode =* 2, | | | | | |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | | | |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| where .  and the mapping from  to  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-3. | | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-7: Codebook for 3-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode =* 1-2, | | | |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| where .  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-4. | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1-2, | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-8: Codebook for 4-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode =* 1-2, | | | |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| where .  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-4. | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1-2, | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-9: Codebook for 5-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1-2 | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-10: Codebook for 6-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1-2 | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-11: Codebook for 7-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1-2 | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.1-12: Codebook for 8-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1-2 | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | |

##### 5.2.2.2.2 Type I Multi-Panel Codebook

For 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031}, and the UE configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeI-MultiPanel',

- The values of , and  are configured with the higher layer parameters *ng-n1-n2*. The supported configurations of  for a given number of CSI-RS ports and the corresponding values of  are given in Table 5.2.2.2.2-1. The number of CSI-RS ports, **, is .

- When , *codebookMode* shall be set to either '1' or '2'. When , *codebookMode* shall be set to '1'.

The bitmap parameter *ng-n1-n2* forms the bit sequence  where  is the LSB and  is the MSB and where a bit value of zero indicates that PMI reporting is not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with the bit. The number of bits is given by . Bit  is associated with all precoders based on the quantity , , , as defined below. The bitmap parameter *ri‑Restriction* forms the bit sequence  where  is the LSB and  is the MSB. When  is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with  layers.

Table 5.2.2.2.2-1: Supported configurations of  and 

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Number of  CSI-RS antenna ports, |  |  |
|
| 8 | (2,2,1) | (4,1) |
| 16 | (2,4,1) | (4,1) |
| (4,2,1) | (4,1) |
| (2,2,2) | (4,4) |
| 32 | (2,8,1) | (4,1) |
| (4,4,1) | (4,1) |
| (2,4,2) | (4,4) |
| (4,2,2) | (4,4) |

Each PMI value corresponds to the codebook indices  and , where  is the vector



and  is the associated RI value. When *codebookMode* is set to '1',  is

.

When *codebookMode* is set to '2',  and  are

.

The mapping from  to  and  for 2-layer reporting is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-3. The mapping from  to  and  for 3-layer and 4-layer reporting is given in Table 5.2.2.2.2-2.

- UE shall only use  and shall not report  if the value of *N2* is 1.

Table 5.2.2.2.2-2: Mapping of  to  and  for 3-layer and 4-layer CSI reporting

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | |  | |  | |  | |  | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| 1 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 2 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |

Several quantities are used to define the codebook elements. The quantities , , , , and  are given by



Furthermore, the quantities  and  () are given by



where

,

and the quantities  and  () are given by



where

.

The codebooks for 1-4 layers are given respectively in Tables 5.2.2.2.2-3, 5.2.2.2.2-4, 5.2.2.2.2-5, and 5.2.2.2.2-6.

Table 5.2.2.2.2-3: Codebook for 1-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1, | | | | |
|  |  | , |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 2, | | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| where . | | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.2-4: Codebook for 2-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1, | | | | |
|  |  | , |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-3. | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 2, | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-3. | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.2-5: Codebook for 3-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1, | | | | |
|  |  | , |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.2-2. | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 2, | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.2-2. | | | | |

Table 5.2.2.2.2-6: Codebook for 4-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI-RS

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 1, | | | | |
|  |  | , |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.2-2. | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *codebookMode* = 2, | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| where  and the mapping from  to  and  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.2-2. | | | | |

##### 5.2.2.2.3 Type II Codebook

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031}, and the UE configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeII'

- The values of and  are configured with the higher layer parameter *n1-n2-codebookSubsetRestriction*. The supported configurations of  for a given number of CSI-RS ports and the corresponding values of  are given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-2. The number of CSI-RS ports, **, is .

- The value of  is configured with the higher layer parameter *numberOfBeams*, where  when  and  when .

- The value of  is configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseAlphabetSize*, where .

- The UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *subbandAmplitude* set to 'true' or 'false'.

- The UE shall not report RI > 2.

When , where  is the associated RI value, each PMI value corresponds to the codebook indices  and  where

..

The  vectors combined by the codebook are identified by the indices  and , where



.

Let



and

 .

where the values of  are given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-1.

Then the elements of  and  are found from using the algorithm:



for 

Find the largest  in Table 5.2.2.2.3-1 such that 











When  and  are known,  is found using:

 where the indices  are assigned such that  increases as  increases

, where  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-1.

- If ,  and  for , and  is not reported.

- When ,  and , and  is not reported.

- When  and ,  and , and  is not reported.

- When  and ,  and, and  is not reported.

Table 5.2.2.2.3-1: Combinatorial coefficients 

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 1 |
| 5 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 5 |
| 6 | 6 | 15 | 20 | 15 |
| 7 | 7 | 21 | 35 | 35 |
| 8 | 8 | 28 | 56 | 70 |
| 9 | 9 | 36 | 84 | 126 |
| 10 | 10 | 45 | 120 | 210 |
| 11 | 11 | 55 | 165 | 330 |
| 12 | 12 | 66 | 220 | 495 |
| 13 | 13 | 78 | 286 | 715 |
| 14 | 14 | 91 | 364 | 1001 |
| 15 | 15 | 105 | 455 | 1365 |

The strongest coefficient on layer  is identified by .

The amplitude coefficient indicators  and  are



for . The mapping from  to the amplitude coefficient  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-2 and the mapping from  to the amplitude coefficient  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-3. The amplitude coefficients are represented by



for .

Table 5.2.2.2.3-2: Mapping of elements of :  to 

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |
|
| 0 |  |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |
| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |
| 6 |  |
| 7 |  |

Table 5.2.2.2.3-3: Mapping of elements of :  to 

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |
|
| 0 |  |
| 1 |  |

The phase coefficient indicators are



for .

The amplitude and phase coefficient indicators are reported as follows:

- The indicators , , and  (). , , and  are not reported for .

- The remaining  elements of  () are reported, where . Let  () be the number of elements of  that satisfy .

- The remaining  elements of  and  () are reported as follows:

- When *subbandAmplitude* is set to 'false',

-  for , and .  is not reported for .

- For , the elements of  corresponding to the coefficients that satisfy , , as determined by the reported elements of , are reported, where  and the remaining  elements of  are not reported and are set to .

- When *subbandAmplitude* is set to 'true',

- For , the elements of  and  corresponding to the  strongest coefficients (excluding the strongest coefficient indicated by), as determined by the corresponding reported elements of , are reported, where and . The values of  are given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-4. The remaining  elements of  are not reported and are set to . The elements of  corresponding to the  weakest non-zero coefficients are reported, where . The remaining  elements of  are not reported and are set to .

- When two elements,  and , of the reported elements of  are identical (), then element  is prioritized to be included in the set of the  strongest coefficients for  and  () reporting.

Table 5.2.2.2.3-4: Full resolution subband coefficients when *subbandAmplitude* is set to 'true'

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |
|
| 2 | 4 |
| 3 | 4 |
| 4 | 6 |

The codebooks for 1-2 layers are given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-5, where the indices  and  are given by



for , and the quantities , , and  are given by

.

Table 5.2.2.2.3-5: Codebook for 1-layer and 2-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI‑RS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Layers |  |
|
|  |  |
|  |  |
| where ,  and the mappings from  to , , , , , and  , and from to , ,  and  are as described above, including the ranges of the constituent indices of  and . | |

When the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeII', thebitmap parameter *typeII-RI‑Restriction* forms the bit sequence  where  is the LSB and  is the MSB. When  is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with  layers. The bitmap parameter *n1-n2‑codebookSubsetRestriction* forms the bit sequence where bit sequences , and are concatenated to form . To define  and , first define the  vector groups  as



for

.

The UE shall be configured with restrictions for 4 vector groups indicated by  for  and identified by the group indices



for , where the indices are assigned such that  increases as  increases. The remaining vector groups are not restricted.

- If ,  for , and  is empty.

- If ,  is the binary representation of the integer  where  is the MSB and  is the LSB. is found using:

,

where  is defined in Table 5.2.2.2.3-1. The group indices  and indicators  for  may be found from  using the algorithm:



for 

Find the largest  such that 











The bit sequence  is the concatenation of the bit sequences  for , corresponding to the group indices . The bit sequence  is defined as



Bits  indicate the maximum allowed amplitude coefficient  for the vector in group  indexed by , where the maximum amplitude coefficients are given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-6. A UE that does not report parameter *amplitudeSubsetRestriction* = 'supported' in its capability signaling is not expected to be configured with  = 01 or 10.

Table 5.2.2.2.3-6: Maximum allowed amplitude coefficients for restricted vectors

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Bits | Maximum Amplitude Coefficient |
|
| 00 |  |
| 01 |  |
| 10 |  |
| 11 |  |

##### 5.2.2.2.4 Type II Port Selection Codebook

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031}, and the UE configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeII-PortSelection'

- The number of CSI-RS ports is given by **as configured by higher layer parameter *nrofPorts*.

- The value of  is configured with the higher layer parameter *numberOfBeams* , where  when  and  when .

- The value of  is configured with the higher layer parameter *portSelectionSamplingSize*, where  and .

- The value of  is configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseAlphabetSize*, where .

- The UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *subbandAmplitude* set to 'true' or 'false'.

- The UE shall not report RI > 2.

The UE is also configured with the higher layer parameter *typeII-PortSelectionRI‑Restriction*. The bitmap parameter *typeII-PortSelectionRI‑Restriction* forms the bit sequence  where  is the LSB and  is the MSB. When  is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with  layers.

When , where  is the associated RI value, each PMI value corresponds to the codebook indices  and  where

.

The  antenna ports per polarization are selected by the index , where

.

The strongest coefficient on layer  is identified by .

The amplitude coefficient indicators  and  are



for . The mapping from  to the amplitude coefficient  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-2 and the mapping from  to the amplitude coefficient  is given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-3. The amplitude coefficients are represented by



for .

The phase coefficient indicators are



for .

The amplitude and phase coefficient indicators are reported as follows:

- The indicators , , and  (). , , and  are not reported for .

- The remaining  elements of  () are reported, where . Let  () be the number of elements of that satisfy .

- The remaining  elements of  and  () are reported as follows:

- When *subbandAmplitude* is set to 'false',

-  for , and .  is not reported for .

- For , the  elements of  corresponding to the coefficients that satisfy , , as determined by the reported elements of , are reported, where  and the remaining  elements of  are not reported and are set to .

- When *subbandAmplitude* is set to 'true',

- For , the elements of  and  corresponding to the  strongest coefficients (excluding the strongest coefficient indicated by), as determined by the corresponding reported elements of , are reported, where and . The values of  are given in Table 5.2.2.2.3-4. The remaining  elements of  are not reported and are set to . The elements of  corresponding to the  weakest non-zero coefficients are reported, where . The remaining  elements of  are not reported and are set to .

- When two elements,  and , of the reported elements of  are identical (), then element  is prioritized to be included in the set of the  strongest coefficients for  and  () reporting.

The codebooks for 1-2 layers are given in Table 5.2.2.2.4-1, where the quantity  is given by



and  is a -element column vector containing a value of 1 in element  and zeros elsewhere (where the first element is element 0).

Table 5.2.2.2.4-1: Codebook for 1-layer and 2-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI‑RS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Layers |  |
|
|  |  |
|  |  |
| where ,  and the mappings from  to , , and  and from to , , , and  are as described above, including the ranges of the constituent indices of  and . | |

##### 5.2.2.2.5 Enhanced Type II Codebook

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031}, and UE configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to ' typeII-r16'

- The values of and are configured with the higher layer parameter *n1-n2-codebookSubsetRestriction-r16*. The supported configurations of for a given number of CSI-RS ports and the corresponding values of are given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-2. The number of CSI-RS ports, , is .

- The values of , and are determined by the higher layer parameter *paramCombination-r16*, where the mapping is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-1.

- The UE is not expected to be configured with *paramCombination-r16* equal to

- 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 when ,

- 7 or 8 when

- 7 or 8 when higher layer parameter t*ypeII-RI-Restriction-r16* is configured with for any .

- 7 or 8 when .

- The parameter is configured with the higher-layer parameter *numberOfPMI-SubbandsPerCQI-Subband*. This parameter controls the total number of precoding matrices indicated by the PMI as a function of the number of configured subbands in *csi-ReportingBand*, the subband size configured by the higher-level parameter *subbandSize* and of the total number of PRBs in the bandwidth part according to Table 5.2.1.4-2, as follows:

- When :

- One precoding matrix is indicated by the PMI for each subband in *csi-ReportingBand*.

- When :

- For each subband in *csi-ReportingBand* that is not the first or last subband of a BWP, two precoding matrices are indicated by the PMI: the first precoding matrix corresponds to the first PRBs of the subband and the second precoding matrix corresponds to the last PRBs of the subband.

- For each subband in *csi-ReportingBand* that is the first or last subband of a BWP

- If , one precoding matrix is indicated by the PMI corresponding to the first subband. If , two precoding matrices are indicated by the PMI corresponding to the first subband: the first precoding matrix corresponds to the first PRBs of the first subband and the second precoding matrix corresponds to the last PRBs of the first subband.

- If , one precoding matrix is indicated by the PMI corresponding to the last subband. If , two precoding matrices are indicated by the PMI corresponding to the last subband: the first precoding matrix corresponds to the first PRBs of the last subband and the second precoding matrix corresponds to the last PRBs of the last subband.

Table 5.2.2.2.5-1: Codebook parameter configurations for and

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *paramCombination-r16* |  |  | |  |
|  |  |
| 1 | 2 | ¼ | 1/8 | ¼ |
| 2 | 2 | ¼ | 1/8 | ½ |
| 3 | 4 | ¼ | 1/8 | ¼ |
| 4 | 4 | ¼ | 1/8 | ½ |
| 5 | 4 | ¼ | ¼ | ¾ |
| 6 | 4 | ½ | ¼ | ½ |
| 7 | 6 | ¼ | - | ½ |
| 8 | 6 | ¼ | - | ¾ |

- The UE shall report the RI value according to the configured higher layer parameter *typeII-RI-Restriction-r16*. The UE shall not report .

The PMI value corresponds to the codebook indices of  and  where

The precoding matrices indicated by the PMI are determined from vectors.

vectors, , are identified by the indices , , indicated by , , obtained as in 5.2.2.2.3, where the values of are given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-4.

vectors, , , are identified by (for ) and where

which are indicated by means of the indices (for ) and , where

The amplitude coefficient indicators and are

for .

The phase coefficient indicator is

for

Let . The bitmap whose nonzero bits identify which coefficients in and are reported, is indicated by

for , such that is the number of nonzero coefficients for layer and is the total number of nonzero coefficients.

The indices of , and are associated to the codebook indices in .

The mapping from to the amplitude coefficient is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-2 and the mapping from to the amplitude coefficient is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-3. The amplitude coefficients are represented by

for.

Let  be the index of and be the index of which identify the strongest coefficient of layer , i.e., the element of , for . The codebook indices of are remapped with respect to as , such that , after remapping. The index is remapped with respect to as , such that the index of the strongest coefficient is (), after remapping. The indices of , and indicate amplitude coefficients, phase coefficients and bitmap after remapping.

The strongest coefficient of layer is identified by , which is obtained as follows

for .

Table 5.2.2.2.5-2: Mapping of elements of : to

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | |  |  | | | 0 | Reserved | | 1 |  | | 2 |  | | 3 |  | | |  |  | | --- | --- | |  |  | | | 4 |  | | 5 |  | | 6 |  | | 7 |  | | |  |  | | --- | --- | |  |  | | | 8 |  | | 9 |  | | 10 |  | | 11 |  | | |  |  | | --- | --- | |  |  | | | 12 |  | | 13 |  | | 14 |  | | 15 | 1 | |

The amplitude and phase coefficient indicators are reported as follows:

- , , and . The indicators , and are not reported for .

- The indicator is reported for .

- The indicators for which , are reported.

- The indicators for which , are reported.

- The remaining indicators are not reported.

- The remaining indicators are not reported.

Table 5.2.2.2.5-3: Mapping of elements of : to

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |
|
| 0 |  |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |
| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |
| 6 |  |
| 7 | 1 |

The elements of and are found from using the algorithm described in 5.2.2.2.3, where the values of are given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-4.

For , is identified by .

For all values of , for . If , the nonzero elements of , identified by are found from , for , and from and , for , using as defined in Table 5.2.2.2.5-4 and the algorithm:

for

Find the largest  in Table 5.2.2.2.5-4 such that

if

else

if

else

end if

end if

Table 5.2.2.2.5-4: Combinatorial coefficients

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** | **7** | **8** | **9** |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 6 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | 7 | 21 | 35 | 35 | 21 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | 8 | 28 | 56 | 70 | 56 | 28 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| 9 | 9 | 36 | 84 | 126 | 126 | 84 | 36 | 9 | 1 |
| 10 | 10 | 45 | 120 | 210 | 252 | 210 | 120 | 45 | 10 |
| 11 | 11 | 55 | 165 | 330 | 462 | 462 | 330 | 165 | 55 |
| 12 | 12 | 66 | 220 | 495 | 792 | 924 | 792 | 495 | 220 |
| 13 | 13 | 78 | 286 | 715 | 1287 | 1716 | 1716 | 1287 | 715 |
| 14 | 14 | 91 | 364 | 1001 | 2002 | 3003 | 3432 | 3003 | 2002 |
| 15 | 15 | 105 | 455 | 1365 | 3003 | 5005 | 6435 | 6435 | 5005 |
| 16 | 16 | 120 | 560 | 1820 | 4368 | 8008 | 11440 | 12870 | 11440 |
| 17 | 17 | 136 | 680 | 2380 | 6188 | 12376 | 19448 | 24310 | 24310 |
| 18 | 18 | 153 | 816 | 3060 | 8568 | 18564 | 31824 | 43758 | 48620 |

When and are known, and are found as follows:

- If , and is not reported. If , , for , and is not reported. If , , where is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-4 and where the indices are assigned such that increases as increases.

- If , is indicated by , which is reported and given by

Only the nonzero indices , where, are reported, where the indices  are assigned such that increases as increases. Let

then , where is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-4.

The codebooks for 1-4 layers are given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-5, where , , for are obtained as in clause 5.2.2.2.3, and the quantities and are given by

where , is the index associated with the precoding matrix, , and with

for.

Table 5.2.2.2.5-5: Codebook for 1-layer. 2-layer, 3-layer and 4-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI‑RS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Layers** |  |
|
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Where  and the mappings from to , , , , , , , , and from to , , , , , and , , and are as described above, including the ranges of the constituent indices of and . | |

For coefficients with , amplitude and phase are set to zero, i.e., and .

The bitmap parameter *typeII-RI‑Restriction-r16* forms the bit sequence where is the LSB and is the MSB. When is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with layers.

The bitmap parameter *n1-n2‑codebookSubsetRestriction-r16* forms the bit sequence and configures the vector group indices as in clause 5.2.2.2.3. Bits indicate the maximum allowed average amplitude, (), with , of the coefficients associated with the vector in group indexed by , where the maximum amplitudes are given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-6 and the average coefficient amplitude is restricted as follows

for , and . A UE that does not report the parameter *amplitudeSubsetRestriction-r16* = 'supported' in its capability signaling is not expected to be configured with or .

Table 5.2.2.2.5-6: Maximum allowed average coefficient amplitudes for restricted vectors

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Bit | Maximum  Average Coefficient Amplitude |
|
| 00 | 0 |
| 01 |  |
| 10 |  |
| 11 | 1 |

##### 5.2.2.2.6 Enhanced Type II Port Selection Codebook

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031}, and the UE configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to ' typeII-PortSelection-r16 '

- The number of CSI-RS ports is configured as in Clause 5.2.2.2.4

- The value of is configured with the higher layer parameter *portSelectionSamplingSize-r16*, where and .

- The values , and are configured as in Clause 5.2.2.2.5, where the supported configurations are given in Table 5.2.2.2.6-1.

Table 5.2.2.2.6-1: Codebook parameter configurations for , and

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *paramCombination-r16* |  |  | |  |
|  |  |
| 1 | 2 | ¼ | 1/8 | ¼ |
| 2 | 2 | ¼ | 1/8 | ½ |
| 3 | 4 | ¼ | 1/8 | ¼ |
| 4 | 4 | ¼ | 1/8 | ½ |
| 5 | 4 | ¼ | ¼ | ¾ |
| 6 | 4 | ½ | ¼ | ½ |

- The UE shall report the RI value according to the configured higher layer parameter *typeII-PortSelectionRI-Restriction-r16*. The UE shall not report .

- The value of is configured as in Clause 5.2.2.2.5.

The UE is also configured with the higher layer bitmap parameter *typeII-PortSelectionRI-Restriction-r16*, which forms the bit sequence , where is the LSB and is the MSB. When is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with layers.

The PMI value corresponds to the codebook indices and where

The antenna ports are selected by the index as in clause 5.2.2.2.4.

Parameters , (for ) and are defined as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

For layer , , the strongest coefficient the amplitude coefficient indicators and , the phase coefficient indicator and the bitmap indicator are defined and indicated as in clause 5.2.2.2.5, where the mapping from to the amplitude coefficient is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-2 and the mapping from to the amplitude coefficient is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-3.

The number of nonzero coefficients for layer , , and the total number of nonzero coefficients are defined as in Clause 5.2.2.2.5.

The amplitude coefficients and are represented as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

The amplitude and phase coefficient indicators are reported as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

Codebook indicators and are found as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

The codebooks for 1-4 layers are given in Table 5.2.2.2.6-2, where is a -element column vector containing a value of 1 in element and zeros elsewhere (where the first element is element 0), and the quantities and are defined as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

Table 5.2.2.2.6-2: Codebook for 1-layer. 2-layer, 3-layer and 4-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI‑RS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Layers** |  |
|
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Where ,  and the mappings from to, , , , , and from to , , , , , and , , , and are as described above, including the ranges of the constituent indices of and . | |

For coefficients with , amplitude and phase are set to zero, i.e., and .

##### 5.2.2.2.7 Further enhanced Type II port selection codebook

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031}, and the UE configured with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to ' typeII-PortSelection-r17 '

- The number of CSI-RS ports, , is configured as in clause 5.2.2.2.4.

- The values , and are determined by the higher layer parameter *paramCombination-r17*, where the mapping is given in Table 5.2.2.2.7-1.

- The UE is not expected to be configured with *paramCombination-r17* equal to

- 1 or 6 when ,

- 7 or 8 when ,

- 5 when and higher layer parameter t*ypeII-PortSelectionRI-Restriction-r17* is configured with for any .

Table 5.2.2.2.7-1: Codebook parameter configurations for , and

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *paramCombination-r17* |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | ¾ | ½ |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | ½ |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | ¾ |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | 2 | ½ | ½ |
| 6 | 2 | ¾ | ½ |
| 7 | 2 | 1 | ½ |
| 8 | 2 | 1 | ¾ |

- The parameter is configured with the higher-layer parameter *valueOfN*, when .

- The parameter is configured with the higher-layer parameter *numberOfPMI-SubbandsPerCQI-Subband-r17*, when , and when , where is defined as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

- The UE shall report the RI value according to the configured higher layer parameter *typeII-PortSelectionRI-Restriction-r17*. The UE shall not report . The bitmap parameter *typeII-PortSelectionRI-Restriction-r17* forms the bit sequence , where is the LSB and is the MSB. When is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with layers.

The PMI value corresponds to the codebook indices and where

The precoding matrices indicated by the PMI are determined from vectors, where and .

ports are selected from ports based on vectors, , which are identified by

which are indicated by the index , where

The elements of are found from using as defined in Tables 5.2.2.2.5-4 and 5.2.2.2.7-2 and the algorithm:

for

Find the largest in Table 5.2.2.2.5-4, if , or in Table 5.2.2.2.7-2, if , such that

When are known, is found using , where is given in Tables 5.2.2.2.5-4 and 5.2.2.2.7-2, and where the indices are assigned such that increases as increases.

- If , , , and is not reported.

Table 5.2.2.2.7-2: Combinatorial coefficients

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **10** | **11** | **12** |
| **0** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **1** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **2** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **3** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **4** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **5** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **6** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **7** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **8** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **9** | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **10** | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| **11** | 11 | 1 | 0 |
| **12** | 66 | 12 | 1 |
| **13** | 286 | 78 | 13 |
| **14** | 1001 | 364 | 91 |
| **15** | 3003 | 1365 | 455 |

vectors, , , are identified by , where is defined as in clause 5.2.2.2.5, and where

with the indices assigned such that increases with . is indicated by the index , when and , where

- If , or and , is not reported.

- If and , the nonzero offset between and is reported with assuming that (reference for the offset) is 0. The nonzero offset values are mapped to the index values of in increasing order with offset value 1 mapped to index value '0'.

The amplitude coefficient indicators and , for , are

The phase coefficient indicator , for , is

Let . The bitmap whose nonzero bits identify which coefficients in and are reported, is indicated by , for

such that is the number of nonzero coefficients for layer and is the total number of nonzero coefficients.

- If and , is not reported, for .

The indices of , and are associated to the codebook indices in .

The mapping from to the amplitude coefficient is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-2 and the mapping from to the amplitude coefficient is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-3. The amplitude coefficients are represented by

Let be the index of and be the index of which identify the strongest coefficient of layer , i.e., the element of , for . The strongest coefficient of layer is identified by the index

which is found from

The amplitude and phase coefficient indicators are reported as follows:

- , , and . The elements , and are not reported for .

- The element is reported for .

- The elements for which , are reported.

- The elements for which , are reported.

- The remaining elements are not reported.

- The remaining elements are not reported.

The codebooks for 1-4 layers are given in Table 5.2.2.2.7-3, where is a -element column vector containing a value of 1 in the element of index and zeros elsewhere (where the first element is the element of index 0), the quantities are given by

where , is the index associated with the precoding matrix and where

for , and the quantities are given by

Table 5.2.2.2.7-3: Codebook for 1-layer. 2-layer, 3-layer and 4-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI‑RS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Layers** |  |
|
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Where ,  and the mappings from to, , and from to , , , , , , , , , , are as described above, including the ranges of the constituent indices of and . | |

For coefficients with , amplitude and phase are set to zero, i.e., and .

##### 5.2.2.2.8 Enhanced Type II codebook for CJT

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031} per CSI-RS resource, and the UE configured with CSI-RS resources in a resource set for channel measurement and with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-r18'

- the values of , and , are the same for all CSI-RS resources and configured with the higher layer parameter. The supported configurations of for a given number of CSI-RS ports and the corresponding values of are given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-2. The number of CSI-RS ports, , is for each of the CSI-RS resources.

A set of combinations of values of is configured by the higher layer parameter *paramCombination-CJT-L-r18*, where the value of is configured by the higher layer parameter *numberOfSDCombinations* and the mapping is given in Table 5.2.2.2.8-1, with the value of corresponding to CSI-RS resource , for . A single value of and is configured by the higher layer parameter *paramCombination-CJT-r18*, where the mapping is given in Table 5.2.2.2.8-2. The configurable combinations of and are marked with 'x' in Table 5.2.2.2.8-3.

- The UE is not expected to be configured with *paramCombination-CJT-L-r18* equal to

- 2, 3 for 2, 3, 4 for ; 2, 3, 4, 5 for ; 2, 3 or 4 for ; when ,

- 3 for when ,

- 3 for when higher layer parameter *typeII-CJT-RI-Restriction-r18* is configured with for any .

- 3 for when .

- If , the UE is expected to select one of the configured combinations of and report the index of the selected combination, where the index value 0 corresponds to the first configured combination and the index value corresponds to the -th configured combination. If , a single combination of is configured and the selection is not reported.

Table 5.2.2.2.8-1: Codebook parameter configurations for

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | *paramCombination-CJT-L-r18* |  |
| 1 | 1 | {2} |
| 2 | {4} |
| 3 | {6} |
| 2 | 1 | {2,2} |
| 2 | {2,4} |
| 3 | {4,2} |
| 4 | {4,4} |
| 3 | 1 | {2,2,2} |
| 2 | {2,2,4} |
| 3 | {2,4,2} |
| 4 | {4,2,2} |
| 5 | {4,4,4} |
| 4 | 1 | {2,2,2,2} |
| 2 | {2,2,2,4} |
| 3 | {2,2,4,4} |
| 4 | {4,4,4,4} |

Table 5.2.2.2.8-2: Codebook parameter configurations for

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *paramCombination-CJT-r18* |  | |  |
|  |  |
| 1 | 1/8 | 1/16 | ¼ |
| 2 | 1/8 | 1/16 | ½ |
| 3 | ¼ | 1/8 | ¼ |
| 4 | ¼ | 1/8 | ½ |
| 5 | ¼ | ¼ | ¾ |
| 6 | ½ | ¼ | ½ |
| 7 | ½ | ½ | ½ |

Table 5.2.2.2.8-3: Configurable combinations of and

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | *paramCombination-CJT-L-r18* | *paramCombination-CJT-r18* | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 1 | 1 |  |  | x | x |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  | x | x | x | x |  |
| 3 |  |  |  | x | x |  |  |
| 2 | 1 | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  | x |  | x |  |  | x |
| 3 | 1 | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | x | x | x | x | x |  | x |
| 4 | 1 | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  | x | x |  |  |
| 4 |  | x |  | x | x |  |  |

- The value of is configured with the higher-layer parameter *numberOfPMI-SubbandsPerCQI-Subband-CJT-r18*, where and the corresponding value of are defined as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

- The UE shall report the RI value according to the configured higher layer parameter *typeII-CJT-RI-Restriction-r18*. The UE shall not report . The bitmap parameter *typeII-CJT-RI-Restriction-r18* forms the bit sequence where is the LSB and is the MSB. When is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with layers.

- The UE may be configured with higher layer parameter *restrictedCMR-Selection*. If *restrictedCMR-Selection* is configured, the number of selected CSI-RS resources is . Otherwise, the UE is expected to select CSI-RS resources, with , and the selection is reported with an -bit bitmap, , where the CSI-RS resources are mapped from bit to bit by their ordering in the resource set and the first of the selected CSI-RS resources corresponds to the nonzero bit with lowest index.

The PMI value for the selected CSI-RS resources corresponds to the codebook indices of and where

The precoding matrices indicated by the PMI are determined from vectors, where are the indices of the selected CSI-RS resources in increasing order, such that , and are the corresponding values from the selected combination of .

The vectors, , , corresponding to the -th selected CSI-RS resource, for , are indicated by , , where

and

Let

and

the index , for the -th selected CSI-RS resource, , is obtained from the indices + , , as described in Clause 5.2.2.2.3 for the indicator , obtained from the indices + , . Vector is then derived from the indices and , as described in Clause 5.2.2.2.3 for vector , derived from indices , .

The vectors, , , for layer are common for all the selected CSI-RS resources and are indicated by (for ) and , which are obtained as described in Clause 5.2.2.2.5, where is derived from the selected vectors identified by the indices , . The vectors' elements are given by

for , and .

If the higher layer parameter *codebookMode* is set to 'mode1', an offset is reported for the -th selected CSI-RS resource, with , relative to the first of the selected CSI-RS resources. The reported offsets are common for all layers and are indicated by , given by

where the value of is configured by higher layer parameter *numberOfO3*. The offsets are represented by

If *codebookMode* is set to 'mode2', the offset indicator, , is not reported and for .

The reference amplitude coefficient indicator , for layer , is given by

The reference amplitude coefficients for layer are represented by

and the mapping from , to is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-2.

The amplitude coefficient indicator , for layer , is given by

The amplitude coefficients for layer are represented by

and the mapping from to is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-3.

The phase coefficient indicator , for , is given by

The phase coefficients for layer are represented by

and the mapping from to is given by

Let . The bitmap whose nonzero bits identify which coefficients in and are reported for layer , is indicated by

Let be the number of nonzero coefficients for layer , the total number of nonzero coefficients is reported and given by .

The indices of , and are associated to the selected CSI-RS resources.

Let and be the indices which identify the strongest coefficient of layer , for , *i.e.*, the element of , where the indices , are such that . The codebook indices of are remapped with respect to as , such that , after remapping. The index is remapped with respect to as , such that the index of the strongest coefficient is , for each layer , after remapping. The indices of , and indicate amplitude coefficients, phase coefficients and bitmap after remapping.

The strongest coefficient of layer is identified by

and is obtained as follows, where, for , and index is such that

The amplitude and phase coefficient indicators are reported as follows:

- , , and , for . The reference amplitude, , amplitude coefficient, and phase coefficient,, are not reported for .

- The reference amplitude, , is reported for .

- The amplitude coefficients, , for which , , are reported.

- The phase coefficients, , for which , , are reported.

- The remaining amplitude coefficients, , are not reported.

- The remaining phase coefficients, , are not reported.

The codebooks for 1-4 layers are given in Table 5.2.2.2.8-4, where , is the index associated with the precoding matrix, is the layer index, and where, for coefficients with , amplitude and phase are set to zero, *i.e.*, and .

Table 5.2.2.2.8-4: Codebook for 1-layer. 2-layer, 3-layer and 4-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI‑RS of selected CSI-RS resources

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Layers** |  |
|
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Where  , ,  and the mappings from to , , , , , , , , , and from to , , , , , , , , , , , are as described above, including the ranges of the constituent indices of and . | |

The bitmap parameter *n1-n2-codebookSubsetRestriction-CJT-r18* is configured per CSI-RS resource and for at least one of the CSI-RS resources, and it is configured as described in Clause 5.2.2.2.5, where only the bit values '00' or '11' of Table 5.2.2.2.5-6 are configurable. If parameter *n1-n2-codebookSubsetRestriction-CJT-r18* is not configured for a CSI-RS resource, no restriction is applied to the selection of vectors corresponding to that resource.

##### 5.2.2.2.9 Further enhanced Type II port selection codebook for CJT

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031} per CSI-RS resource, the UE configured with CSI-RS resources in a resource set for channel measurement and with higher layer parameter *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18'

- the number of CSI-RS ports for each CSI-RS resource, , is configured as in clause 5.2.2.2.4.

A set of combinations of values of is configured by the higher layer parameter *paramCombination-CJT-PS-alpha-r18*, where the value of is configured by the higher layer parameter *numberOfSDCombinations-PS* and the mapping is given in Table 5.2.2.2.9-1, with the value of corresponding to CSI-RS resource , for . A single value of and is configured by the higher layer parameter *paramCombination-CJT-PS-r18*, where the mapping is given in Table 5.2.2.2.9-2. The configurable combinations of and are marked with 'x' in Table 5.2.2.2.9-3.

- The UE is not expected to be configured with *paramCombination-CJT-PS-alpha-r18* equal to

- 2 for 4 for 2, 3 or 4 for when ,

- 3 for 5 for 8 for 4 for when paramCombination-CJT-PS-r18 is configured to 4 or 5 and ,

- 1 for 1, 2, 3 for 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7 for 1, 2, 3 for when and higher layer parameter typeII-CJT-PS-RI-Restriction-r18 is configured with for any .

- If , the UE is expected to select one of the configured combinations of and report the index of the selected combination, where the index value 0 corresponds to the first configured combination and the index value corresponds to the -th configured combination. If , a single combination of is configured and the selection is not reported.

Table 5.2.2.2.9-1: Codebook parameter configurations for

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | *paramCombination-CJT-PS-alpha-r18* |  |
| 1 | 1 | {1/2} |
| 2 | {3/4} |
| 3 | {1} |
| 2 | 1 | {1/2,1/2} |
| 2 | {1/2,1} |
| 3 | {1,1/2} |
| 4 | {3/4,3/4} |
| 5 | {1,1} |
| 3 | 1 | {1/2,1/2,1/2} |
| 2 | {1/2,1/2,3/4} |
| 3 | {1/2,3/4,1/2} |
| 4 | {3/4,1/2,1/2} |
| 5 | {1/2,1/2,1} |
| 6 | {1/2,1,1/2} |
| 7 | {1,1/2,1/2} |
| 8 | {1,1,1} |
| 4 | 1 | {1/2,1/2,1/2,1/2} |
| 2 | {1/2,1/2,1/2,1} |
| 3 | {1/2,1/2,1,1} |
| 4 | {1,1,1,1} |

Table 5.2.2.2.9-2: Codebook parameter configurations for

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| *paramCombination-CJT-PS-r18* |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | ½ |
| 2 | 1 | ¾ |
| 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 2 | ½ |
| 5 | 2 | ¾ |

Table 5.2.2.2.9-3: Configurable combinations of and

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | *paramCombination-CJT-PS-alpha-r18* | *paramCombination-CJT-PS-r18* | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | 1 |  |  |  | x |  |
| 2 | x |  |  | x |  |
| 3 | x | x | x | x | x |
| 2 | 1 | x |  |  | x |  |
| 2 | x |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | x |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  | x |  |  |  |
| 5 |  | x |  | x |  |
| 3 | 1 | x |  |  | x |  |
| 2 | x |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | x |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | x |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  | x |  | x |  |
| 6 |  | x |  | x |  |
| 7 |  | x |  | x |  |
| 8 |  | x |  |  | x |
| 4 | 1 | x |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | x |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  | x | x | x |  |
| 4 |  |  | x |  |  |

- The value of is configured with the higher-layer parameter *valueOfN-CJT-r18*, when .

- The value of is configured with the higher-layer parameter *numberOfPMI-SubbandsPerCQI-Subband-CJT-PS-r18*, when , and when , where and the corresponding value of are defined as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

- The UE shall report the RI value according to the configured higher layer parameter *typeII-CJT-PS-RI-Restriction-r18*. The UE shall not report . The bitmap parameter *typeII-CJT-PS-RI-Restriction-r18* forms the bit sequence , where is the LSB and is the MSB. When is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with layers.

- The UE may be configured with higher layer parameter *restrictedCMR-Selection*. If *restrictedCMR-Selection* is configured, the number of selected CSI-RS resources is . Otherwise, the UE is expected to select CSI-RS resources, with , and the selection is reported with an -bit bitmap, , where the CSI-RS resources are mapped from bit to bit by their ordering in the resource set and the first of the selected CSI-RS resources corresponds to the nonzero bit with lowest index.

The PMI value for the selected CSI-RS resources corresponds to the codebook indices of and where

The precoding matrices indicated by the PMI are determined from vectors, where are the indices of the selected CSI-RS resources in increasing order, such that , and , , where are the corresponding values from the selected combination of .

ports are selected from the ports of the -th selected CSI-RS resource, for , based on vectors, , , which are indicated by , where

Let

the index , for the -th selected CSI-RS resource, , is obtained from the elements of , as described in Clause 5.2.2.2.7 for the indicator , obtained from the elements of . Vector is a -element column vector containing a value of 1 in the element of index and zeros elsewhere, and where the first element is the element of index 0.

- If for the -th selected CSI-RS resource, , for , and is not reported.

The vectors, , , are common for all the selected CSI-RS resources and are identified by , where

with the indices assigned such that increases with . is indicated by the index , when and , where

- If , or and , is not reported.

- If and , the nonzero offset between and is reported with assuming that (reference for the offset) is 0. The nonzero offset values are mapped to the index values of in increasing order with offset value 1 mapped to index value '0'.

The vectors' elements are given by

for , and .

If the higher layer parameter *codebookMode* is set to 'mode1', an offset is reported for the -th selected CSI-RS resource, with , relative to the first of the selected CSI-RS resources. The reported offsets are common for all layers and are indicated by , given by

where the value of is configured by higher layer parameter *numberOfO3*. The offsets are represented by

If *codebookMode* is set to 'mode2', the offset indicator, , is not reported and for .

The reference amplitude coefficient indicator , for layer , is given by

The reference amplitude coefficients for layer are represented by

and the mapping from to is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-2.

The amplitude coefficient indicator , for layer , is given by

The amplitude coefficients for layer are represented by

and the mapping from to is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-3.

The phase coefficient indicator , for , is given by

The phase coefficients for layer are represented by

and the mapping from to is given by

Let . The bitmap whose nonzero bits identify which coefficients in and are reported for layer , is indicated by

Let be the number of nonzero coefficients for layer , the total number of nonzero coefficients is reported and given by .

- If and , is not reported, for .

The indices of , and are associated to the selected CSI-RS resources.

Let and be the indices which identify the strongest coefficient of layer , for , *i.e.*, the element of , where the indices , are such that . The strongest coefficient of layer is identified by the index

which is found from

The amplitude and phase coefficient indicators are reported as follows:

- , , and , for . The reference amplitude, , amplitude coefficient, and phase coefficient,, are not reported for .

- The reference amplitude, , is reported for .

- The amplitude coefficients, , for which , , are reported.

- The phase coefficients, , for which , , are reported.

- The remaining amplitude coefficients, , are not reported.

- The remaining phase coefficients, , are not reported.

The codebooks for 1-4 layers are given in Table 5.2.2.2.9-4, where , is the index associated with the precoding matrix, is the layer index, and where, for coefficients with , amplitude and phase are set to zero, *i.e.*, and .

Table 5.2.2.2.9-4: Codebook for 1-layer. 2-layer, 3-layer and 4-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI‑RS of selected CSI-RS resources

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Layers** |  |
|
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Where  and the mappings from to, , and from to , , , , , , , , , , , are as described above, including the ranges of the constituent indices of and . | |

##### 5.2.2.2.10 Enhanced Type II codebook for predicted PMI

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031} per CSI-RS resource, the UE configured with aperiodic CSI-RS resources or with a single periodic or semi-persistent CSI-RS resource in the resource set for channel measurement and with *codebookType* set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18'

- The values of and are configured with the higher layer parameter *n1-n2‑codebookSubsetRestriction-Doppler-r18*. The supported configurations of for a given number of CSI-RS ports and the corresponding values of are given in Table 5.2.2.2.1-2. The number of CSI-RS ports, , is .

- The values of , and are determined by the higher layer parameter *paramCombination-Doppler-r18*, where the mapping is given in Table 5.2.2.2.10-1.

- The UE is not expected to be configured with *paramCombination-Doppler-r18* equal to

- 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9 when ,

- 8 or 9 when

- 8 or 9 when higher layer parameter t*ypeII-Doppler-RI-Restriction-r18* is configured with for any .

- 8 or 9 when .

Table 5.2.2.2.10-1: Codebook parameter configurations for and

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *paramCombination-Doppler-r18* |  |  | |  |
|  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 1/8 | 1/16 | ¼ |
| 2 | 2 | ¼ | 1/8 | ½ |
| 3 | 4 | ¼ | 1/8 | ¼ |
| 4 | 4 | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ |
| 5 | 4 | ¼ | ¼ | ½ |
| 6 | 4 | ¼ | ¼ | ¾ |
| 7 | 4 | ½ | ¼ | ½ |
| 8 | 6 | ¼ | - | ½ |
| 9 | 6 | ¼ | - | ¾ |

- The value of is configured with the higher-layer parameter *numberOfPMI-SubbandsPerCQI-Subband-Doppler-r18*, where and the corresponding value of are defined as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

- The UE shall report the RI value according to the configured higher layer parameter *typeII-Doppler-RI-Restriction-r18*. The UE shall not report . The bitmap parameter *typeII-Doppler-RI-Restriction-r18* forms the bit sequence where is the LSB and is the MSB. When is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with layers.

- The value of is configured by the higher layer parameter *N4*, such that the PMI indicates precoder matrices for each of the consecutive slot intervals of duration slots, as defined in Clause 5.2.1.4.2.

If , the PMI value corresponds to the codebook indices of and as described in Clause 5.2.2.2.5 and the precoder matrices for 1-4 layers are obtained from the PMI codebook as in Table 5.2.2.2.5-5.

If , the PMI value corresponds to the codebook indices of and , where

The precoding matrices indicated by the PMI are determined from vectors, where .

The vectors, , indicated by , and the vectors, , , for layer , indicated by (for ) and , are obtained as in Clause 5.2.2.2.5.

The vectors, , , for layer are identified by , where

with the indices assigned such that increases with . is indicated by the index , for layer , where

- If , , for layer are not reported.

- If, the nonzero offset between and is reported with assuming that (reference for the offset) is 0. The nonzero offset values are mapped to the index values of in increasing order with offset value 1 mapped to index value '0'.

The vectors' elements are given by

for , and .

The reference amplitude coefficient indicator , for layer , is given by

The reference amplitude coefficients for layer are represented by

and the mapping from to is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-2.

The amplitude coefficient indicator , for layer , is given by

The amplitude coefficients for layer are represented by

and the mapping from to is given in Table 5.2.2.2.5-3.

The phase coefficient indicator , for , is given by

The phase coefficients for layer are represented by

and the mapping from to is given by

Let . The bitmap whose nonzero bits identify which coefficients in and are reported for layer , is indicated by

Let be the number of nonzero coefficients for layer , the total number of nonzero coefficients is reported and given by .

The indices of , and are associated to the codebook indices in .

Let , and be the indices which identify the strongest coefficient of layer , for , *i.e.*, the element of . The codebook indices of are remapped with respect to as , such that , after remapping. The index is remapped with respect to as , such that the index of the strongest coefficient is (), after remapping. The indices of , and indicate amplitude coefficients, phase coefficients and bitmap after remapping.

The strongest coefficient of layer is identified by , which is obtained as follows, where, for , and index is such that

The amplitude and phase coefficient indicators are reported as follows:

- , , and , for . The reference amplitude, , amplitude coefficient, and phase coefficient,, are not reported for .

- The reference amplitude, , is reported for .

- The amplitude coefficients, , for which , , are reported.

- The phase coefficients, , for which , are reported.

- The remaining amplitude coefficients, , are not reported.

- The remaining phase coefficients, , are not reported.

The codebooks for 1-4 layers are given in Table 5.2.2.2.10-2, where , are the indices associated with the precoding matrix, is the layer index, and where, for coefficients with , amplitude and phase are set to zero, *i.e.*, and .

Table 5.2.2.2.10-2: Codebook for 1-layer. 2-layer, 3-layer and 4-layer CSI reporting using antenna ports 3000 to 2999+*P*CSI‑RS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Layers** |  |
|
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Where  and the mappings from to , , , , , , , , , , , and from to , , , , , , , , , , , are as described above, including the ranges of the constituent indices of and . | |

The bitmap parameter *n1-n2-codebookSubsetRestriction-Doppler-r18* is configured as described in Clause 5.2.2.2.5, where only the bit values '00' or '11' of Table 5.2.2.2.5-6 are configurable.

##### 5.2.2.2.11 Further enhanced Type II port selection codebook for predicted PMI

For 4 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3003}, 8 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3007}, 12 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3011}, 16 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3015}, 24 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3023}, and 32 antenna ports {3000, 3001, …, 3031} per CSI-RS resource, the UE configured with aperiodic CSI-RS resources or with a single periodic or semi-persistent CSI-RS resource in the resource set for channel measurement and with *codebookType* set to 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'

- the number of CSI-RS ports, , is configured as in clause 5.2.2.2.4.

- The values , and are determined by the higher layer parameter *paramCombination-Doppler-PS-r18*, where the mapping is given in Table 5.2.2.2.7-1 and the applicable configuration restrictions are described in Clause 5.2.2.2.7.

- The parameter is configured with the higher-layer parameter *valueOfN-Doppler-r18*, when .

- The parameter is configured with the higher-layer parameter *numberOfPMI-SubbandsPerCQI-Subband-Doppler-PS-r18*, when , and when , where and the corresponding value of parameter are defined as in clause 5.2.2.2.5.

- The UE shall report the RI value according to the configured higher layer parameter *typeII-Doppler-PS-RI-Restriction-r18*. The UE shall not report . The bitmap parameter *typeII-Doppler-RI-Restriction-r18* forms the bit sequence where is the LSB and is the MSB. When is zero, , PMI and RI reporting are not allowed to correspond to any precoder associated with layers.

- The value of is configured by the higher layer parameter *N4*, such that the PMI indicates precoder matrices for one slot interval of duration slots, as defined in Clause 5.2.1.4.2.

The PMI value corresponds to the codebook indices of and as described in Clause 5.2.2.2.7 and the precoder matrices for 1-4 layers are obtained from the PMI codebook as in Table 5.2.2.2.7-3.

#### 5.2.2.3 Reference signal (CSI-RS)

##### 5.2.2.3.1 NZP CSI-RS

The UE can be configured with one or more NZP CSI-RS resource set configuration(s) as indicated by the higher layer parameters *CSI-ResourceConfig,* and *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet.* Each NZP CSI-RS resource set consists of *K*≥1 NZP CSI-RS resource(s).

The following parameters for which the UE shall assume non-zero transmission power for CSI-RS resource are configured via the higher layer parameter *NZP-CSI-RS-Resource, CSI-ResourceConfig* and *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for each CSI-RS resource configuration:

- *nzp-CSI-RS-ResourceId* determines CSI-RS resource configuration identity.

- *periodicityAndOffset* defines the CSI-RS periodicity and slot offset for periodic/semi-persistent CSI-RS. All the CSI-RS resources within one set are configured with the same periodicity, while the slot offset can be same or different for different CSI-RS resources.

- *resourceMapping* defines the number of ports, CDM-type, and OFDM symbol and subcarrier occupancy of the CSI-RS resource within a slot that are given in Clause 7.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211].

- *nrofPorts* in *resourceMapping* defines the number of CSI-RS ports, where the allowable values are given in Clause 7.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211].

- *density* in *resourceMapping* defines CSI-RS frequency density of each CSI-RS port per PRB, and CSI-RS PRB offset in case of the density value of 1/2, where the allowable values are given in Clause 7.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211]. For density 1/2, the odd/even PRB allocation indicated in *density* is with respect to the common resource block grid.

- *cdm-Type* in *resourceMapping* defines CDM values and pattern, where the allowable values are given in Clause 7.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211].

*- powerControlOffset*: which is the assumed ratio of PDSCH EPRE to NZP CSI-RS EPRE when UE derives CSI feedback and takes values in the range of [-8, 15] dB with 1 dB step size. For CQI calculation based on a pair of NZP CSI-RS resources, *powerControlOffset* of each NZP CSI-RS resource in the pair of NZP CSI-RS resources for channel measurement is the assumed ratio of EPRE when UE derives CSI feedback and takes values in the range of [-8, 15] dB with 1 dB step size.

*- powerControlOffsetSS*: which is the assumed ratio of NZP CSI-RS EPRE to SS/PBCH block EPRE.

- *scramblingID* defines scrambling ID of CSI-RSwith length of 10 bits.

- *BWP-Id* in *CSI-ResourceConfig* defines which bandwidth part the configured CSI-RS is located in.

- *repetition* in *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is associated with a CSI-RS resource set and defines whether UE can assume the CSI-RS resources within the NZP CSI-RS Resource Set are transmitted with the same downlink spatial domain transmission filter or not as described in Clause 5.1.6.1.2. and can be configured only when the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* associated with all the reporting settings linked with the CSI-RS resource set is set to 'cri-RSRP', 'cri-SINR', 'cri-RSRP- Index', 'cri-SINR- Index' or 'none'.

- *qcl-InfoPeriodicCSI-RS* contains a reference to a *TCI-State* indicating QCL source RS(s) and QCL type(s). If the *TCI-State* is configured with a reference to an RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' association, that RS may be an SS/PBCH block located in the same or different CC/DL BWP or a CSI-RS resource configured as periodic located in the same or different CC/DL BWP. The reference RS may additionally be an SS/PBCH block associated with a PCI different from the PCI of the serving cell.

- *trs-Info* in *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is associated with a CSI-RS resource set and for which the UE can assume that the antenna port with the same port index of the configured NZP CSI-RS resources in the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* is the same as described in Clause 5.1.6.1.1 and can be configured when reporting setting is not configured or when the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* associated with all the reporting settings linked with the CSI-RS resource set is set to 'tdcp' or 'none'.

All CSI-RS resources within one set are configured with same *density* and same *nrofPorts*, except for the NZP CSI-RS resources used for interference measurement.

The UE expects that all the CSI-RS resources of a resource set are configured with the same starting RB and number of RBs and the same *cdm-type*.

For a CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs, the slot offsets of the two resources in a Resource Pair are configured within slots, without DL/UL switching in between the two resources, where implies that the two resources are configured in the same slot, and implies that the two resources are configured within two adjacent slots.

For a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement with resources and linked to a *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-r18' or 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', the slot offsets of the CSI-RS resources are configured within slots, without DL/UL switching in between the two resources, where implies that the resources are configured in the same slot, and implies that the resources are configured within two adjacent slots.

The bandwidth and initial common resource block (CRB) index of a CSI-RS resource within a BWP, as defined in Clause 7.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211], are determined based on the higher layer parameters *nrofRBs* and *startingRB*, respectively, within the CSI-FrequencyOccupation IE configured by the higher layer parameter *freqBand* within the *CSI-RS-ResourceMapping* IE. Both *nrofRBs* and *startingRB* are configured as integer multiples of 4 RBs, and the reference point for *startingRB* is CRB 0 on the common resource block grid. If the UE shall assume that the initial CRB index of the CSI-RS resource is , otherwise . If , the UE shall assume that the bandwidth of the CSI-RS resource is , otherwise . In all cases, the UE shall expect that .

#### 5.2.2.4 Channel State Information – Interference Measurement (CSI-IM)

The UE can be configured with one or more CSI-IM resource set configuration(s) as indicated by the higher layer parameter *CSI-IM-ResourceSet*. Each CSI-IM resource set consists of *K*≥1 CSI-IM resource(s).

The following parameters are configured via higher layer parameter *CSI-IM-Resource* for each CSI-IM resource configuration:

*- csi-IM-ResourceId* determines CSI-IM resource configuration identity

*- subcarrierLocation-p0* or *subcarrierLocation-p1* defines subcarrier occupancy of the CSI-IM resource within a slot for *csi-IM-ResourceElementPattern* set to 'pattern0' or 'pattern1', respectively.

*- symbolLocation-p0* or *symbolLocation-p1* defines OFDM symbol location of the CSI-IM resource within a slot for *csi-IM-ResourceElementPattern* set to 'pattern0' or 'pattern1', respectively.

*- periodicityAndOffset* defines the CSI-IM periodicity and slot offset for periodic/semi-persistent CSI-IM.

*-* f*reqBand* includes parameters to enable configuration of frequency-occupancy of CSI-IM

In each of the PRBs configured by f*reqBand,* the UE shall assume each CSI-IM resource is located in,

- resource elements , ,  and , if *csi-IM-ResourceElementPattern* is set to 'pattern0',

- resource elements , ,  and  if *csi-IM-ResourceElementPattern* is set to 'pattern1',

where and  are the configured frequency-domain location and time-domain location, respectively, given by the higher layer parameters in the above list.

#### 5.2.2.5 CSI reference resource definition

The CSI reference resource for a serving cell is defined as follows:

- In the frequency domain, the CSI reference resource is defined by the group of downlink physical resource blocks corresponding to the band to which the derived CSI relates.

- In the time domain, the CSI reference resource for a CSI reporting in uplink slot *n'* is defined by a single downlink slot *,* where is a parameter configured by higher layer as specified in clause 4.2 of [6 TS 38.213], and where is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1,

- where  and and  are the subcarrier spacing configurations for DL and UL, respectively, and and  are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cells transmitting the uplink and downlink, as defined in clause 4.5 of [4, TS 38.211]

- where for periodic and semi-persistent CSI reporting

- if a single CSI-RS/SSB resource is configured for channel measurement *nCSI\_ref* is the smallest value greater than or equal to , such that it corresponds to a valid downlink slot, or

- if multiple CSI-RS/SSB resources are configured for channel measurement *nCSI\_ref* is the smallest value greater than or equal to , such that it corresponds to a valid downlink slot.

- where for aperiodic CSI reporting, if the UE is indicated by the DCI to report CSI in the same slot as the CSI request, *nCSI\_ref* is such that the reference resource is in the same valid downlink slot as the corresponding CSI request, otherwise *nCSI\_ref* is the smallest value greater than or equal to , such that slot *n*- *nCSI\_ref* corresponds to a valid downlink slot, where *Z'* corresponds to the delay requirement as defined in Clause 5.4.

- when periodic or semi-persistent CSI-RS/CSI-IM or SSB is used for channel/interference measurements, the UE is not expected to measure channel/interference on the CSI-RS/CSI-IM/SSB whose last OFDM symbol is received up to *Z'* symbols before transmission time of the first OFDM symbol of the aperiodic CSI reporting.

A slot in a serving cell shall be considered to be a valid downlink slot if:

- it comprises at least one higher layer configured downlink or flexible symbol, and

- it does not fall within a configured measurement gap for that UE

If there is no valid downlink slot for the CSI reference resource corresponding to a CSI Report Setting in a serving cell, CSI reporting is omitted for the serving cell in uplink slot *n'*.

After the CSI report (re)configuration, serving cell activation, BWP change, or activation of SP-CSI, the UE reports a CSI report only after receiving at least one CSI-RS transmission occasion for channel measurement and CSI-RS and/or CSI-IM occasion for interference measurement no later than CSI reference resource and drops the report otherwise. For a CSI report configuration containing a list of sub-configurations provided by *csi-ReportSubConfigList*, after the CSI report (re)configuration, serving cell activation, BWP change, or activation of SP-CSI, the UE reports a CSI report including one or more sub-reports only after receiving at least one CSI-RS transmission occasion for channel measurement and CSI-RS and/or CSI-IM occasion for interference measurement, per sub-configuration, no later than CSI reference resource and drops the report otherwise, where the sub-configuration is the activated/triggered one for SP-CSI reporting.

For a CSI-ReportConfig configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs for channel measurement in the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set, as described in clause 5.2.1.4.1, after the CSI report (re)configuration, serving cell activation, BWP change, or activation of SP-CSI, the UE reports a CSI report only after receiving at least one CSI-RS transmission occasion for each of the CSI-RS resources in the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement no later than the CSI reference resource and within the same DRX Active Time when DRX is configured, and drops the report otherwise.

For a *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-r18' or 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', after the CSI report (re)configuration, serving cell activation, BWP change, or activation of SP-CSI, the UE reports a CSI report only after receiving at least one CSI-RS transmission occasion for each of the CSI-RS resources in the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement and one CSI-RS and/or CSI-IM resource transmission occasion for the CSI-RS and/or CSI-IM resource in the corresponding Resource Set for interference measurement no later than the CSI reference resource and within the same DRX Active Time, when DRX is configured, and drops the report otherwise.

For a *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with *codebookType* set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18', after the CSI report (re)configuration, serving cell activation, BWP change, or activation of SP-CSI, the UE reports a CSI report only if receiving at least one aperiodic or periodic or semipersistent consecutive CSI-RS transmission occasions for each CSI-RS resource in the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement and one CSI-RS and/or CSI-IM resource transmission occasion for the CSI-RS and/or CSI-IM resource in the corresponding Resource Set for interference measurement no later than the CSI reference resource and within the same DRX Active Time, when DRX is configured, and drops the report otherwise. The value of is indicated by UE capability, as defined in clause 5.2.1.6.

For a *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* set to 'tdcp', after the CSI report (re)configuration, serving cell activation, BWP change, the UE reports a CSI report only after receiving at least one CSI-RS transmission occasion for each CSI-RS resource in the CSI-RS Resource Sets of the CSI-RS Resource Setting for channel measurement no later than the CSI reference resource within the same DRX active time, when DRX is configured, and drop the report otherwise.

When DRX is configured, the UE reports a CSI report only if receiving at least one CSI-RS transmission occasion for channel measurement and CSI-RS and/or CSI-IM occasion for interference measurement in DRX Active Time no later than CSI reference resource and drops the report otherwise. When the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 2\_6 and if the UE configured by higher layer parameter *ps-TransmitOtherPeriodicCSI* to report CSI with the higher layer parameter *reportConfigType* set to 'periodic' and *reportQuantity* set to quantities other than 'cri-RSRP', 'ssb-Index-RSRP', 'cri-RSRP- Index', and 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index ' when *drx-onDurationTimer* is not started, the UE shall report CSI during the time duration indicated by *drx-onDurationTimer* in *DRX-Config* also outside active time according to the procedure described in Clause 5.2.1.4 if receiving at least one CSI-RS transmission occasion for channel measurement and CSI-RS and/or CSI-IM occasion for interference measurement during the time duration indicated by drx-onDurationTimer in *DRX-Config* outside DRX active time or in DRX Active Time no later than CSI reference resource and drops the report otherwise. When the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 2\_6 and if the UE configured by higher layer parameter *ps-TransmitPeriodicL1-RSRP* to report L1-RSRP with the higher layer parameter *reportConfigType* set to 'periodic' and *reportQuantity* set to 'cri-RSRP', 'ssb-Index-RSRP', 'cri-RSRP- Index', or 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index' when *drx-onDurationTimer* is not started, the UE shall report L1-RSRP during the time duration indicated by *drx-onDurationTimer* in *DRX-Config* also outside active time according to the procedure described in clause 5.2.1.4 and when reportQuantity set to 'cri-RSRP' or *'*cri-RSRP- *Index*' if receiving at least one CSI-RS transmission occasion for channel measurement during the time duration indicated by drx-onDurationTimer in *DRX-Config* outside DRX active time or in DRX Active Time no later than CSI reference resource and drops the report otherwise.

For the CSI report configuration in CSI-*ReportConfig* associated with the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* comprising at least 'RI' on a serving cell with cell DTX activated [10, TS 38.321], the UE reports a CSI report only if receiving at least one CSI-RS transmission occasion of each periodic CSI-RS resource or semi-persistent CSI-RS resource for channel measurement and/or interference measurement in active periods of cell DTX no later than CSI reference resource, and the UE drops the CSI report otherwise.

When deriving CSI feedback, the UE is not expected that a NZP CSI -RS resource for channel measurement overlaps with CSI-IM resource for interference measurement or NZP CSI -RS resource for interference measurement.

##### 5.2.2.5.1 UE assumptions for CQI/PMI/RI calculation

If configured to report CQI index, in the CSI reference resource, or in each of the slot(s) associated with a CQI in the predicted CSI, as defined in Clause 5.2.1.4.2, the UE shall assume the following for the purpose of deriving the CQI index, and if also configured, for deriving PMI and RI:

- The first 2 OFDM symbols are occupied by control signaling.

- The number of PDSCH and DM-RS symbols is equal to 12.

- The same bandwidth part subcarrier spacing configured as for the PDSCH reception

- The bandwidth as configured for the corresponding CQI report.

- The IAB-MT shall only assume the frequency resources as indicated by the DL TX power adjustment MAC CE, if indicated for the slot of the CSI reference resource by DL Tx Power Adjustment MAC CE as described in [10, TS 38.321].

- The reference resource uses the CP length and subcarrier spacing configured for PDSCH reception

- No resource elements used by primary or secondary synchronization signals or PBCH.

- Redundancy Version 0.

- The ratio of PDSCH EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE is as given in Clause 5.2.2.3.1.

- In addition, the IAB-MT shall apply the provided DL TX power adjustment, if indicated for the slot of the CSI reference resource by DL Tx Power Adjustment MAC CE as described in [10, TS 38.321].

- Assume no REs allocated for NZP CSI-RS and ZP CSI-RS.

- Assume the same number of front-loaded DM-RS symbols as the maximum front-loaded symbols configured by the higher layer parameter *maxLength* in *DMRS-DownlinkConfig.*

- Assume the same number of additional DM-RS symbols as the additional symbols configured by the higher layer parameter *dmrs-AdditionalPosition*.

- Assume the PDSCH symbols are not containing DM-RS.

- Assume PRB bundling size of 2 PRBs.

- The PDSCH transmission scheme where the UE may assume that PDSCH transmission would be performed with up to 8 transmission layers as defined in Clause 7.3.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. For CQI calculation, the UE should assume that PDSCH signals on antenna ports in the set [1000,…, 1000+ν-1] for ν layers would result in signals equivalent to corresponding symbols transmitted on antenna ports [3000,…, 3000+*P*-1], as given by

where  is a vector of PDSCH symbols from the layer mapping defined in Clause 7.3.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211],  is the number of CSI-RS ports. If only one CSI-RS port is configured, *W(i)* is 1. If the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* in *CSI-ReportConfig* for which the CQI is reported is set to either 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI' or 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI', *W(i)* is the precoding matrix corresponding to the reported PMI applicable to *x(i)*. If the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* in *CSI-ReportConfig* for which the CQI is reported is set to 'cri-RI-CQI', *W(i)* is the precoding matrix corresponding to the procedure described in Clause 5.2.1.4.2. If the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* in *CSI-ReportConfig* for which the CQI is reported is set to 'cri-RI-i1-CQI', *W(i)* is the precoding matrix corresponding to the reported i1 according to the procedure described in Clause 5.2.1.4.2. The corresponding PDSCH signals transmitted on antenna ports [3000,…,3000 + *P* - 1] would have a ratio of EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE equal to the ratio given in Clause 5.2.2.3.1.

- For a UE configured with a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a list of sub-configurations provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*],

- if a sub-configuration indicates a CSI-RS antenna port subset using the higher layer bitmap parameter [*port-subsetIndicator*], as described in clause 5.2.1.4.2, for CQI calculation, antenna ports corresponding to all bits with value of 1 in [*port-subsetIndicator*] are mapped to consecutive antenna ports starting at CSI-RS antenna port 3000 in increasing order of the bit position in [*port-subsetIndicator*]. The UE should assume that PDSCH signals on antenna ports in the set [1000,…, 1000+ν-1] for ν layers would result in signals equivalent to corresponding symbols transmitted on antenna ports [3000, …, 3000+P-1] *T*, as given by

where *P* corresponds to the number of bits with value 1 in the bitmap *[port-subsetIndicator]* and *T* , and are as previously described in this Clause, and the corresponding PDSCH EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE is as previously defined in this Clause if the sub-configuration does not indicate a power offset *[powerOffset]*.

- if a sub-configuration indicates a list of NZP CSI-RS resources, provided by [*nzp-CSI-RS-resourceList*] and does not indicate a power offset *[powerOffset]*, for CQI calculation for the sub-configuration the UE follows the procedure previously described in this Clause.

- if a sub-configuration indicates a power offset *[powerOffset]*,for CQI calculation, the UE shall assume the corresponding PDSCH signals transmitted on the antenna ports of a CSI-RS resource would have a ratio of EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE equal to the difference between *powerControlOffset* of the CSI-RS resource, given in Clause 5.2.2.3.1, and *[powerOffset]*, where the differenceis expected to take one of the values that can be configured for *powerControlOffset* of the CSI-RS resource, given in Clause 5.2.2.3.1, and is also expected to take a value that is no larger than the value of *powerControlOffset.*

##### 5.2.2.5.1a UE assumptions for CQI/PMI/RI calculation for NCJT

If the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* in *CSI-ReportConfig* for which the CQI is reported is set to either 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI' or 'cri-RI-LI-PMI-CQI', the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement is configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs, as described in clause 5.2.1.4.1, the reported CRI corresponds to an entry of the Resource Pairs, and the reported rank combination is , as described in clause 5.2.1.4.2, for CQI calculation, the UE should assume that

- PDSCH signals on antenna ports in the set for layers would result in signals equivalent to corresponding symbols transmitted on antenna ports of the Group 1 CSI-RS resource in the Resource Pair indicated by the CRI, and PDSCH signals on antenna ports in the set for layers would result in signals equivalent to corresponding symbols transmitted on antenna ports of the Group 2 CSI-RS resource in the Resource Pair indicated by the CRI, as given by

where , are the two precoding matrices corresponding to the two reported PMIs applicable to , as described in clause 5.2.1.4.2; and the indices are associated to the two Resource Groups configured in the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement; that the signals , , fully overlap in time and frequency, and that, for the calculation of RI, PMI and LI (if configured) of layers, , the interference from the other layers is derived from channel measurement and precoding matrix corresponding to the other layers.

- The UE shall assume that the corresponding PDSCH signals for layers transmitted on the antenna ports of the CSI-RS resource in Group would have a ratio of EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE equal to the *powerControlOffset* of the respective CSI-RS resource, for .

##### 5.2.2.5.1b UE assumptions for CQI/PMI/RI calculation for CJT

If the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* in *CSI-ReportConfig* for which the CQI is reported is set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-CJT-r18' or ' typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', and the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement is configured with CSI-RS resources, for CQI calculation

- a UE should assume PDSCH signals on antenna ports in the set for layers would result in signals equivalent to corresponding symbols transmitted on antenna ports of each of the selected CSI-RS resources, as given by

where is the precoding matrix corresponding to the procedure described in Clause 5.2.2.2.8 and 5.2.2.2.9 for *codebookType* set to 'typeII-CJT-r18' and ' typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', respectively, and are the indices of the selected CSI-RS resources in increasing order, such that . A UE should assume that the signals , , fully overlap in time and frequency.

- a UE can assume that the PDSCH signals for layers would have the same ratio of EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE for all CSI-RS resources , with , equal to the *powerControlOffset* of the respective CSI-RS resource.

##### 5.2.2.5.1c UE assumptions for CQI/PMI/RI calculation for predicted CSI

If the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* in *CSI-ReportConfig* for which the CQI is reported is set to 'cri-RI-PMI-CQI', the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or ' typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18', and the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement is aperiodic with CSI-RS resources, for CQI calculation, a UE can assume the same ratio of EPRE to CSI-RS EPRE for all configured CSI-RS resources.

### 5.2.3 CSI reporting using PUSCH

A UE shall perform aperiodic CSI reporting using PUSCH on serving cell c upon successful decoding of a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 which triggers an aperiodic CSI trigger state. A UE shall perform aperiodic CSI reporting using PUSCH on the serving cell with the smallest serving cell index scheduled by DCI format 0\_3 which triggers an aperiodic CSI trigger state.

When a DCI format 0\_1 schedules two PUSCH allocations, the aperiodic CSI report is carried on the second scheduled PUSCH. When a DCI format 0\_1 schedules more than two PUSCH allocations, the aperiodic CSI report is carried on the penultimate scheduled PUSCH.

An aperiodic CSI report carried on the PUSCH supports wideband, and sub-band frequency granularities. An aperiodic CSI report carried on the PUSCH supports Type I, Type II, Enhanced Type II, Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection CSI, Enhanced Type II for CJT, Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for CJT, Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI, Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for predicted PMI and TDCP reporting.

A UE shall perform semi-persistent CSI reporting on the PUSCH upon successful decoding of a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 which activates a semi-persistent CSI trigger state. DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 contains a CSI request field which indicates the semi-persistent CSI trigger state to activate or deactivate. Semi-persistent CSI reporting on the PUSCH supports Type I, Type II with wideband, and sub-band frequency granularities, Enhanced Type II, Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection CSI, Enhanced Type II for CJT, Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for CJT, Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI and Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for predicted PMI. The PUSCH resources and MCS shall be allocated semi-persistently by an uplink DCI.

CSI reporting on PUSCH can be multiplexed with uplink data on PUSCH except that semi-persistent CSI reporting on PUSCH activated by a DCI format is not expected to be multiplexed with uplink data on the PUSCH. CSI reporting on PUSCH can also be performed without any multiplexing with uplink data from the UE.

Type I CSI feedback is supported for CSI Reporting on PUSCH. Type I wideband and sub-band CSI is supported for CSI Reporting on the PUSCH. Type II CSI is supported for CSI Reporting on the PUSCH.

For Type I, Type II, Enhanced Type II, Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection CSI, Enhanced Type II for CJT, Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for CJT, Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI and Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for predicted PMI feedback on PUSCH, a CSI report comprises of two parts. Part 1 has a fixed payload size and is used to identify the number of information bits in Part 2. Part 1 shall be transmitted in its entirety before Part 2.

- For Type I CSI feedback, Part 1 contains RI (if reported), CRI (if reported), CQI for the first codeword (if reported). Part 2 contains PMI (if reported), LI (if reported) and contains the CQI for the second codeword (if reported) when RI is larger than 4. For a *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' and the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs, Part 1 contains RI(s), CRI(s), CQI(s) for the first codeword and is zero padded to a fixed payload size (if needed). Part 2 contains the CQI(s) for the second codeword (if reported) when RI is larger than 4, LIs (if reported) and PMI(s). For a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a list of sub-configurations provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*], for Type I CSI feedback for one or more of the sub-configurations, Part 1 for a sub-configuration contains corresponding RI (if reported), CRI (if reported), CQI for the first codeword (if reported) and is zero padded to a fixed payload size (if needed). Part 2 for a sub-configuration contains the corresponding CQI for the second codeword (if reported) when RI is larger than 4, LI (if reported) and PMI (if reported).

- For Type II CSI feedback, Part 1 contains RI (if reported), CQI, and an indication of the number of non-zero wideband amplitude coefficients per layer for the Type II CSI (see Clause 5.2.2.2.3). The fields of Part 1 – RI (if reported), CQI, and the indication of the number of non-zero wideband amplitude coefficients for each layer – are separately encoded. Part 2 contains the PMI and LI (if reported) of the Type II CSI. The elements of , (if reported) and (if reported) are reported in the increasing order of their indices, , where the element of the lowest index is mapped to the most significant bits and the element of the highest index is mapped to the least significant bits. Part 1 and 2 are separately encoded.

- For Enhanced Type II CSI feedback (see Clause 5.2.2.2.5), Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection CSI feedback (see Clause 5.2.2.2.7), Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI with (see Clause 5.2.2.2.10) and Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for predicted PMI (see Clause 5.2.2.2.11), Part 1 contains RI (if reported), CQI, and the total number of reported non-zero amplitude coefficients across layers. The fields of Part 1 – RI (if reported), CQI, and the total number of reported non-zero amplitude coefficients across layers – are separately encoded. Part 2 contains the PMI of the Enhanced Type II, Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection CSI, Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI with or Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for predicted PMI. Part 1 and 2 are separately encoded.

- For Enhanced Type II for CJT (see Clause 5.2.2.2.8) and Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for CJT (see Clause 5.2.2.2.9), Part 1 contains RI (if reported), CQI, the total number of reported non-zero amplitude coefficients across layers, the bitmap selecting CSI-RS resources (if reported) and the selected combination of or (if reported). The fields of Part 1 – RI (if reported), CQI, the total number of reported non-zero amplitude coefficients across layers, the bitmap selecting CSI-RS resources (if reported) and the selected combination of or (if reported) – are separately encoded. Part 2 contains the PMI of the Enhanced Type II for CJT or Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for CJT. Part 1 and 2 are separately encoded.

- For Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI with (see Clause 5.2.2.2.10), Part 1 contains RI (if reported), the CQI (if the higher layer parameter *TDCQI* is set to '1-1' or '1-2') or the first CQI (if the higher layer parameter *TDCQI* is set to '2') and the total number of reported non-zero amplitude coefficients across layers. The fields of Part 1 – RI (if reported), CQI, and the total number of reported non-zero amplitude coefficients across layers – are separately encoded. Part 2 contains the second CQI (if the higher layer parameter *TDCQI* is set to '2') and the PMI of the Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI with . Part 1 and 2 are separately encoded.

A Type II CSI report that is carried on the PUSCH shall be computed independently from any Type II CSI report that is carried on the PUCCH formats 3 or 4 (see Clause 5.2.4 and 5.2.2).

When the higher layer parameter *reportQuantity* is configured with one of the values 'cri-RSRP', 'ssb-Index-RSRP', 'cri-SINR' or 'ssb-Index-SINR', or 'cri-RSRP-Index', 'ssb-Index-RSRP-Index', 'cri-SINR-Index', 'ssb-Index-SINR-Index', 'tdcp', the CSI feedback consists of a single part.

For both Type I and Type II reports configured for PUCCH but transmitted on PUSCH, the determination of the payload for CSI part 1 and CSI part 2 follows that of PUCCH as described in Clause 5.2.4.

When CSI reporting on PUSCH comprises two parts, the UE may omit a portion of the Part 2 CSI. Omission of Part 2 CSI is according to the priority order shown in Table 5.2.3-1, where  is the number of CSI reports configured to be carried on the PUSCH. Priority 0 is the highest priority and priority  is the lowest priority and the CSI report *n* corresponds to the CSI report with the *n*th smallest Prii,CSI(*y,k,c,s*) value among the  CSI reports as defined in Clause 5.2.5. The subbands for a given CSI report *n* indicated by the higher layer parameter *csi-ReportingBand* with value '1' are numbered continuously in increasing order with the lowest subband of *csi-ReportingBand* with value set to '1' as subband 0. When omitting Part 2 CSI information for a particular priority level, the UE shall omit all of the information at that priority level, except when the corresponding CSI report contains one or more CSI sub-reports with Part 2 each corresponding to a sub-configuration from a list of sub-configurations provided by *csi-ReportSubConfigList* contained in the *CSI-ReportConfig* as described in Clause 5.2.1.1.

- For Enhanced Type II reports and Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI configured with higher layer parameter , for a given CSI report , each reported element of indices and , indexed by and , is associated with a priority value , with with , , and , and where is defined in Clause 5.2.2.2.5. The element with the highest priority has the lowest associated value . Omission of Part 2 CSI is according to the priority order shown in Table 5.2.3-1, where

- Group 0 includes indices (if reported), (if reported) and ().

- Group 1 includes indices (if reported), (if reported), the highest priority elements of , , the highest priority elements of and the highest priority elements of ().

- Group 2 includes the lowest priority elements of , the lowest priority elements of and the lowest priority elements of ().

- For Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection reports and Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for predicted PMI, for a given CSI report , each reported element of and , indexed by , and , is associated with a priority value , with , and . The element with the highest priority has the lowest associated value . Omission of Part 2 CSI is according to the priority order shown in Table 5.2.3-1, where:

- Group 0 includes (if reported), () and (if reported).

- Group 1 includes the highest priority elements of (if reported), , the highest priority elements of and the highest priority elements of ().

- Group 2 includes the lowest priority elements of (if reported), the lowest priority elements of and the lowest priority elements of ().

- For Enhanced Type II for CJT reports, for a given CSI report , each reported element of and , indexed by , and , is associated with a priority value , with , for , , and , and where and are defined in Clause 5.2.2.2.8. The element with the highest priority has the lowest associated value . Omission of Part 2 CSI is according to the priority order shown in Table 5.2.3-1, where

- Group 0 includes indices (if reported), (if reported) and ().

- Group 1 includes indices (if reported), (if reported), the highest priority elements of , , the highest priority elements of , the highest priority elements of () and (if reported).

- Group 2 includes the lowest priority elements of , the lowest priority elements of and the lowest priority elements of ().

- For Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection for CJT reports, for a given CSI report , each reported element of and , indexed by , , and , is associated with a priority value , for , , and , and where is defined in Clause 5.2.2.2.8. The element with the highest priority has the lowest associated value . Omission of Part 2 CSI is according to the priority order shown in Table 5.2.3-1, where:

- Group 0 includes (if reported), () and (if reported).

- Group 1 includes the highest priority elements of (if reported), , the highest priority elements of , the highest priority elements of () and (if reported).

- Group 2 includes the lowest priority elements of (if reported), the lowest priority elements of and the lowest priority elements of ().

- For Enhanced Type II for predicted PMI configured with , for a given CSI report , each reported element of and , indexed by , and , is associated with a priority value , for , , and . The element with the highest priority has the lowest associated value . Omission of Part 2 CSI is according to the priority order shown in Table 5.2.3-1, where

- Group 0 includes indices (if reported), (if reported), () and the second wideband CQI (if reported).

- Group 1 includes indices (if reported), (if reported), the highest priority elements of , , the highest priority elements of , the highest priority elements of (), (if reported) and the second subband CQI of even subbands (if reported).

- Group 2 includes the lowest priority elements of , the lowest priority elements of , the lowest priority elements of () and the second subband CQI of odd subbands (if reported).

- For a Reporting Setting for which the *CSI-ReportConfig* contains a list of sub-configurations provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*], for a corresponding CSI report which contains one or more CSI sub-reports, omission of Part 2 CSI is done at a sub-configuration level within the same priority level defined by Table 5.2.3-1 where a sub-configuration with an index, provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigID*], with lower value has higher priority.

Table 5.2.3-1: Priority reporting levels for Part 2 CSI

|  |
| --- |
| Priority 0:  For CSI reports 1 to , Group 0 CSI for CSI reports configured as 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'; Part 2 wideband CSI for CSI reports configured otherwise |
| Priority 1:  Group 1 CSI for CSI report 1, if configured as 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'; Part 2 subband CSI of even subbands for CSI report 1, if configured otherwise |
| Priority 2:  Group 2 CSI for CSI report 1, if configured as 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'; Part 2 subband CSI of odd subbands for CSI report 1, if configured otherwise |
| Priority 3:  Group 1 CSI for CSI report 2, if configured as 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'; Part 2 subband CSI of even subbands for CSI report 2, if configured otherwise |
| Priority 4:  Group 2 CSI for CSI report 2, if configured as 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'; Part 2 subband CSI of odd subbands for CSI report 2, if configured otherwise |
| ⁞ |
| Priority :  Group 1 CSI for CSI report , if configured as 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'; Part 2 subband CSI of even subbands for CSI report , if configured otherwise |
| Priority :  Group 2 CSI for CSI report , if configured as 'typeII-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r16', 'typeII-PortSelection-r17', 'typeII-CJT-r18', 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18', 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18'; Part 2 subband CSI of odd subbands for CSI report , if configured otherwise |

When the UE is scheduled to transmit a transport block on PUSCH not using repetition type B multiplexed with a CSI report(s) and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is not present in the resource allocation table, or if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is present in the resource allocation table and the value of *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is equal to 1, Part 2 CSI is omitted only when  is larger than or when the higher layer parameter [*nrof\_UTO\_UCI]* is configured, where parameters , , , , , , , , , and are defined in Clause 6.3.2.4 of [5, TS 38.212].

Part 2 CSI is omitted level by level, beginning with the lowest priority level until the lowest priority level is reached which causes the  to be less than or equal to or when the higher layer parameter [*nrof\_UTO\_UCI]* is configured.

When the UE is scheduled to transmit a transport block on PUSCH not using repetition type B multiplexed with a CSI report(s) and if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is present in the resource allocation table and the value of *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* in the row indicated by the Time domain resource assignment field in DCI is larger than 1, Part 2 CSI is omitted only when is larger than when the higher layer parameter is configured, where parameters , , , , , , , ,, , and are defined in Clause 6.3.2.4 of [5, TS 38.212].

Part 2 CSI is omitted level by level, beginning with the lowest priority level until the lowest priority level is reached which causes the to be less than or equal to or when the higher layer parameter is configured.

When the UE is scheduled to transmit a transport block on PUSCH using repetition type B multiplexed with a CSI report(s), Part 2 CSI is omitted only when

is larger than

,

or

,

when the higher layer parameter [*nrof\_UTO\_UCI]* is configured, where parameters , , , , , , , , , , , and are defined in Clause 6.3.2.4 of [5, TS 38.212].

Part 2 CSI is omitted level by level, beginning with the lowest priority level until the lowest priority level is reached which causes

to be less than or equal to

,

or

,

when the higher layer parameter [*nrof\_UTO\_UCI]* is configured.

When part 2 CSI is transmitted on PUSCH with no transport block, lower priority bits are omitted until Part 2 CSI code rate, which is given by where , , are given in clause 6.3.2.4 of [5, 38.212] before HARQ-ACK puncturing part 2 CSI if any, is below a threshold code rate lower than one, where



- is the CSI offset value from Table 9.3-2 of [6, TS 38.213]

- *R* is signaled code rate in DCI

If the UE is in an active semi-persistent CSI reporting configuration on PUSCH, the CSI reporting is deactivated when either the downlink BWP or the uplink BWP is changed. Another activation command is required to enable the semi-persistent CSI reporting.

### 5.2.4 CSI reporting using PUCCH

A UE is semi-statically configured by higher layers to perform periodic CSI Reporting on the PUCCH. A UE can be configured by higher layers for multiple periodic CSI Reports corresponding to multiple higher layer configured CSI Reporting Settings, where the associated CSI Resource Settings are higher layer configured. For a Reporting Setting for which the *CSI-ReportConfig* contains a list of sub-configurations provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*], CSI reporting is provided for all the sub-configurations in each corresponding reporting instance. Periodic CSI reporting on PUCCH formats 2, 3, 4 supports Type I CSI with wideband granularity.

A UE shall perform semi-persistent CSI reporting on the PUCCH applied starting from the first slot that is after slot when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the activation command described in clause 6.1.3.16 of [10, TS 38.321]where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH. The activation command will contain one or more Reporting Settings, with or without containing one or more sub-configurations for each Reporting Setting for which the *CSI-ReportConfig* contains a list of sub-configurations provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*], where the associated CSI Resource Settings are configured. Semi-persistent CSI reporting on the PUCCH supports Type I CSI. Semi-persistent CSI reporting on the PUCCH format 2 supports Type I CSI with wideband frequency granularity. Semi-persistent CSI reporting on PUCCH formats 3 or 4 supports Type I CSI with wideband and sub-band frequency granularities and Type II CSI Part 1.

When the PUCCH carry Type I CSI with wideband frequency granularity, the CSI payload carried by the PUCCH format 2 and PUCCH formats 3, or 4 are identical and the same irrespective of RI (if reported), CRI (if reported). A CSI-ReportConfig with *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' and the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs can be configured with wideband frequency granularity only with *csi-ReportMode* set to 'Mode1' and *numberOfSingleTRP-CSI-Mode1* set to . For type I CSI sub-band reporting on PUCCH formats 3, or 4, the payload is split into two parts. The first part contains RI (if reported), CRI (if reported), CQI for the first codeword. The second part contains PMI (if reported), LI (if reported) and contains the CQI for the second codeword (if reported) when RI > 4. For a *CSI-ReportConfig* configured with subband reporting, *codebookType* set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' and the corresponding CSI-RS Resource Set for channel measurement configured with two Resource Groups and Resource Pairs, Part 1 contains RI(s), CRI(s), CQI(s) for the first codeword and is zero padded to a fixed payload size (if needed). Part 2 contains the CQI(s) for the second codeword (if reported) when RI is larger than 4, LIs (if reported) and PMI(s). For a *CSI-ReportConfig* containing a list of sub-configurations provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*], and configured with subband reporting, for Type I CSI for one or more of the sub-configurations, Part 1 for a sub-configuration contains corresponding RI (if reported), CRI (if reported), CQI for the first codeword (if reported) and is zero padded to a fixed payload size (if needed). Part 2 for a sub-configuration contains the corresponding CQI for the second codeword (if reported) when RI is larger than 4, LI (if reported) and PMI (if reported).

A semi-persistent report carried on the PUCCH formats 3 or 4 supports Type II CSI feedback, but only Part 1 of Type II CSI feedback (See Clause 5.2.2 and 5.2.3). Supporting Type II CSI reporting on the PUCCH formats 3 or 4 is a UE capability *type2-SP-CSI-Feedback-LongPUCCH*. A Type II CSI report (Part 1 only) carried on PUCCH formats 3 or 4 shall be calculated independently of any Type II CSI reports carried on the PUSCH (see Clause 5.2.3).

When the UE is configured with CSI Reporting on PUCCH formats 2, 3 or 4, each PUCCH resource is configured for each candidate UL BWP.

If the UE is in an active semi-persistent CSI reporting configuration on PUCCH and has not received a deactivation command, the CSI reporting takes place when the BWP in which the reporting is configured to take place is the active BWP, otherwise the CSI reporting is suspended.

A UE is not expected to report CSI with a total number of UCI bits and CRC bits larger than 115 bits when configured with PUCCH format 4. For CSI reports transmitted on a PUCCH, if all CSI reports consist of one part, the UE may omit a portion of CSI reports. Omission of CSI is according to the priority order determined from the Prii,CSI(*y,k,c,s*) value as defined in Clause 5.2.5. CSI report is omitted beginning with the lowest priority level until the CSI report code rate is less or equal to the one configured by the higher layer parameter *maxCodeRate*.

If any of the CSI reports consist of two parts, the UE may omit a portion of Part 2 CSI. Omission of Part 2 CSI is according to the priority order shown in Table 5.2.3-1. For a Reporting Setting for which the *CSI-ReportConfig* contains a list of sub-configurations provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigList*], for a given CSI report which contains one or more CSI sub-reports, omission of Part 2 CSI is defined in Clause 5.2.3. Part 2 CSI is omitted beginning with the lowest priority level until the Part 2 CSI code rate is less or equal to the one configured by higher layer parameter *maxCodeRate*.

### 5.2.5 Priority rules for CSI reports

For two overlapping PUSCHs, the priority rules in this clause are applied for physical channels with same priority index according to clause 9 in [6, TS 38.213] if a UE is not configured with *enableSTx2PofmDCI* or a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet* and the UE is configured with *enableSTx2PofmDCI* and the two overlapping PUSCHs are associated with same value of *coresetPoolIndex*.

CSI reports are associated with a priority value where

-  for aperiodic CSI reports to be carried on PUSCH  for semi-persistent CSI reports to be carried on PUSCH,  for semi-persistent CSI reports to be carried on PUCCH and  for periodic CSI reports to be carried on PUCCH;

-  for CSI reports carrying L1-RSRP or L1-SINR and  for CSI reports not carrying L1-RSRP or L1-SINR;

- *c* is the serving cell index and is the value of the higher layer parameter *maxNrofServingCells*;

- *s* is the *reportConfigID* andis the value of the higher layer parameter *maxNrofCSI-ReportConfigurations.*

A first CSI report is said to have priority over second CSI report if the associated  value is lower for the first report than for the second report.

Two CSI reports are said to collide if the time occupancy of the physical channels scheduled to carry the CSI reports overlap in at least one OFDM symbol and are transmitted on the same carrier. When a UE is configured to transmit two colliding CSI reports,

- if *y* values are different between the two CSI reports, the following rules apply except for the case when one of the *y* value is 2 and the other *y* value is 3 (for CSI reports transmitted on PUSCH, as described in Clause 5.2.3; for CSI reports transmitted on PUCCH, as described in Clause 5.2.4):

- The CSI report with higher  value shall not be sent by the UE.

- otherwise, the two CSI reports are multiplexed or either is dropped based on the priority values, as described in Clause 9.2.5.2 in [6, TS 38.213].

A CSI report configured with *LTM-CSI-ReportConfig* has a higher priority in case of collision with CSI report(s) configured with *CSI-ReportConfig.*

If a semi-persistent CSI report to be carried on PUSCH overlaps in time with PUSCH data transmission in one or more symbols on the same carrier, and if the earliest symbol of these PUSCH channels starts no earlier than N2+d2,1 symbols after the last symbol of the DCI scheduling the PUSCH where d2,1 is the maximum of the d2,1 associated with the PUSCH carrying semi-persistent CSI report and the PUSCH with data transmission, the CSI report shall not be transmitted by the UE. Otherwise, if the timeline requirement is not satisfied this is an error case.

If a UE would transmit a first PUSCH that includes semi-persistent CSI reports and a second PUSCH that includes an UL-SCH on the same carrier, and the first PUSCH transmission would overlap in time with the second PUSCH transmission, the UE does not transmit the first PUSCH and transmits the second PUSCH. The UE expects that the first and second PUSCH transmissions satisfy the above timing conditions for PUSCH transmissions that overlap in time when at least one of the first or second PUSCH transmissions is in response to a DCI format detection by the UE.

## 5.3 UE PDSCH processing procedure time

If the first uplink symbol of the PUCCH which carries the HARQ-ACK information, as defined by the assigned HARQ-ACK timing *K1* and Koffset, if configured, and the PUCCH resource to be used and including the effect of the timing advance, starts no earlier than at symbol *L1*, where *L1* is defined as the next uplink symbol with its CP starting after  after the end of the last symbol of the PDSCH carrying the TB being acknowledged, then the UE shall provide a valid HARQ-ACK message.

*- N1* is based on *µ* of table 5.3-1 and table 5.3-2 for UE processing capability 1 and 2 respectively, where *µ* corresponds to the one of (*µPDCCH*, *µPDSCH*, *µUL*) resulting with the largest *Tproc,1*, where the *µPDCCH* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the PDCCH scheduling the PDSCH, the *µPDSCH* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the scheduled PDSCH, and *µUL* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the uplink channel with which the HARQ-ACK is assumed to be transmitted regardless of whether or not the PDSCH reception provides a transport block for a HARQ process with disabled HARQ-ACK information as indicated by HARQ-feedbackEnabling-disablingperHARQprocess, if provided, and κ is defined in clause 4.1 of [4, TS 38.211].

*-* For UE processing capability 2,

*-* if the UE is not indicating [*UE Capability name*], the UE is not expected to be simultaneously configured with higher layer parameter *processingType2Enabled* set to 'enable' and higher layer parameter *enhanced-dmrs-Type\_r18*, and the additional processing delay *d3* is 0.

- if the UE is indicating [*UE Capability name*],

*-* if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *enhanced-dmrs-Type\_r18,* the additional processing delay *d3* is indicated by [*UE Capability name*],

*-* otherwise *d3* =0.

*-* For operation with shared spectrum channel access in FR1, is calculated according to [4, TS 38.211], otherwise =0.

*-* If the PDSCH DM-RS position for the additional DM-RS in Table 7.4.1.1.2-3 in clause 7.4.1.1.2 of [4, TS 38.211] is then *N1,0=14* inTable 5.3-1*,* otherwise *N1,0=13.*

- If the UE is configured with multiple active component carriers, the first uplink symbol which carries the HARQ-ACK information further includes the effect of timing difference between the component carriers as given in [11, TS 38.133].

- For the PDSCH mapping type A as given in clause 7.4.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211]: if the last symbol of PDSCH is on the *i-*th symbol of the slot where *i* < 7, then *d1,1 = 7 - i*, otherwise *d1,1 = 0*

- If a PUCCH of a larger priority index would overlap with a PUCCH of a smaller priority index, or with a PUSCH of a smaller priority index and the PUCCH of a larger priority index and the PUSCH of a smaller priority index are not simultaneously transmitted and the UE is not provided *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* for theprimary PUCCH group or *uci-MuxWithDiffPrioSecondaryPUCCHgroup* for the secondary PUCCH group, *d2* for the PUCCH of a larger priority is set as reported by the UE; otherwise *d2 = 0.*

- For UE processing capability 1: If the PDSCH is mapping type B as given in clause 7.4.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211], and

- if the number of PDSCH symbols allocated is *L* ≥ 7, then *d1,1* = 0,

- if the number of PDSCH symbols allocated is *L* ≥ 4 and *L* ≤ 6, then *d1,1* = 7- *L.*

- if the number of PDSCH symbols allocated is *L* = *3* then *d1,1 = 3 +* min *(d,1)*, where *d* is the number of overlapping symbols of the scheduling PDCCH and the scheduled PDSCH.

- if the number of PDSCH symbols allocated is 2, then *d1,1* = 3*+d*, where *d* is the number of overlapping symbols of the scheduling PDCCH and the scheduled PDSCH.

- For UE processing capability 2: If the PDSCH is mapping type B as given in clause 7.4.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211],

- if the number of PDSCH symbols allocated is *L* ≥ 7, then *d1,1* = 0,

- if the number of PDSCH symbols allocated is *L* ≥ 3 and *L* ≤ 6, then *d1,1* is the number of overlapping symbols of the scheduling PDCCH and the scheduled PDSCH,

- if the number of PDSCH symbols allocated is 2,

- if the scheduling PDCCH was in a 3-symbol CORESET and the CORESET and the PDSCH had the same starting symbol, then *d1,1* = 3,

- otherwise *d1,1* is the number of overlapping symbols of the scheduling PDCCH and the scheduled PDSCH.

- For UE processing capability 2 with scheduling limitation when *µPDSCH* = 1, if the scheduled RB allocation exceeds 136 RBs, the UE defaults to capability 1 processing time. The UE may skip decoding a number of PDSCHs with last symbol within 10 symbols before the start of a PDSCH that is scheduled to follow Capability 2, if any of those PDSCHs are scheduled with more than 136 RBs with 30kHz SCS and following Capability 1 processing time.

- For a UE that supports capability 2 on a given cell, the processing time according to UE processing capability 2 is applied if the high layer parameter *processingType2Enabled* in *PDSCH-ServingCellConfig* is configured for the cell and set to 'enable'.

- PDSCH processing capability 2 is not applied to PDSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 4\_0, 4\_1, or 4\_2.

- If this PUCCH resource is overlapping with another PUCCH or PUSCH resource, then HARQ-ACK is multiplexed following the procedure in clause 9.2.5 of [6, TS 38.213], otherwise the HARQ-ACK message is transmitted on PUCCH.

- UE is not expected to be scheduled totransmit PUCCH carrying the HARQ-ACK information for PDSCH scheduled by a PDCCH if uplink switching gap is triggered for the PUCCH as defined in clause 6.1.6 and the first uplink symbol of the PUCCH starts earlier than the duration of { + } from the last symbol of the PDCCH, where equals to the switching gap duration.

Otherwise the UE may not provide a valid HARQ-ACK corresponding to the scheduled PDSCH. The value of *Tproc,1* is used both in the case of normal and extended cyclic prefix.

For a PDSCH that consists of two PDSCH transmission occasions in time domain in one slot, *d1,1* is calculated based on the first PDSCH transmission occasion in the slot, and as described above.

For PDSCH with mapping Type B, if PDSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH reception that includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], *d1,1* for PDSCH processing time is determined by considering the PDCCH candidate that results in larger d1,1 value.

Table 5.3-1: PDSCH processing time for PDSCH processing capability 1

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | PDSCH decoding time *N1* [symbols] | |
| *dmrs-AdditionalPosition* = 'pos0' in  *DMRS-DownlinkConfig* in *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA* and *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB* if either higher layer parameter is configured, and in *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-1-2* and *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-1-2* if either higher layer parameter is configured | *dmrs-AdditionalPosition* ≠ 'pos0' in  *DMRS-DownlinkConfig* in any of  *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA*, *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB, dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-1-2, dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-1-2,*  or if none of the higher layer parameters is configured |
| 0 | 8 | *N1,0* |
| 1 | 10 | 13 |
| 2 | 17 | 20 |
| 3 | 20 | 24 |
| 5 | 80 | 96 |
| 6 | 160 | 192 |

Table 5.3-2: PDSCH processing time for PDSCH processing capability 2

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | PDSCH decoding time *N1* [symbols] |
| *dmrs-AdditionalPosition* = 'pos0' in  *DMRS-DownlinkConfig* in  *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA* and *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB* if either higher layer parameter is configured, and in *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-1-2* and *dmrs-DownlinkForPDSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-1-2* if either higher layer parameter is configured |
| 0 | 3 |
| 1 | 4.5 |
| 2 | 9 for frequency range 1 |

### 5.3.1 Application delay of the minimum scheduling offset restriction

When the UE is scheduled with DCI format 0\_1, 0\_3, 1\_1 or 1\_3 with a '*Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator*'field in slot *n*, it shall determine the *K*0min and *K*2min values, if configured respectively, to be applied, while the previously applied *K*0min and/or *K*2min values are applied until the new values take effect. If the DCI in slot *n* also indicates an active DL (UL) BWP change for a serving cell, the indicated *K*0min (*K*2min) value in the new active DL (UL) BWP, if configured, is applied from the slot indicated by the slot offset value of the time domain resource assignment field in the DCI. Otherwise, change of applied minimum scheduling offset restriction indication carried by DCI in slot *n*, shall be applied in slot *n*+*X* of the scheduling cell. The UE does not expect to be scheduled with DCI format 0\_1, 0\_3, 1\_1 or 1\_3 with '*Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator*' field indicating another change to *K*0min or *K*2min for the same active BWP of the scheduled cell before slot *n+X* of the scheduling cell.

When the DCI format 0\_1, 0\_3, 1\_1 or 1\_3 with '*Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator*'field indicating a change to the applied *K*0min or *K*2min is contained within the first three symbols of slot *n*, the value of application delay *X* is determined by, where *K*0minOld is the currently applied *K*0min value of the active DL BWP in the scheduled cell and is zero, if *minimumSchedulingOffsetK0* is not configured for the active DL BWP in the scheduled cell, *Zµ* is determined by the subcarrier spacing of the active DL BWP in the scheduling cell in slot *n*, and given in Table 5.3.1-1, and *µ*PDCCH and *µ*PDSCH are the sub-carrier spacing configurations for PDCCH of the active DL BWP in the scheduling cell and PDSCH of the active DL BWP in the scheduled cell, respectively, in slot *n*. After indication of a change to the applied *K*0min or *K*2min of the scheduled cell in slot *n* of the scheduling cell, if there is an active DL BWP change in the scheduling cell before slot *n+X*, the new *K*0min and/or *K*2min values are applied from the first slot no earlier than the start of slot *n+X* based on the sub-carrier spacing configuration of the active DL BWP in the scheduling cell in slot *n*.

When the DCI format 0\_1, 0\_3, 1\_1 or 1\_3 with '*Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator*'field is received outside the first three symbols of the slot, value of *Zµ* from Table 5.3.1-1 is incremented by one before determining the application delay *X*. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining '*Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator*'field is received outside the first three symbols of the slot, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used.

Table 5.3.1-1: Definition of *Zµ*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *µ* | *Zµ* |
| 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 2 |
| 5 | 8 |
| 6 | 16 |

## 5.4 UE CSI computation time

When the *CSI request* field on a DCI triggers a CSI report(s) on PUSCH, the UE shall provide a valid CSI report for the *n*-th triggered report,

- if the first uplink symbol to carry the corresponding CSI report(s) including the effect of the timing advance, starts no earlier than at symbol *Zref*, and

- if the first uplink symbol to carry the *n*-th CSI report including the effect of the timing advance, starts no earlier than at symbol *Z'ref(n),*

where *Zref* is defined as the next uplink symbol with its CP starting  after the end of the last symbol of the PDCCH triggering the CSI report(s), and where *Z'ref(n),* is defined as the next uplink symbol with its CP starting after the end of the last symbol in time of the latest of: aperiodic CSI-RS resource for channel measurements, aperiodic CSI-IM used for interference measurements, and aperiodic NZP CSI-RS for interference measurement for a *CSI-ReportConfig,* or for all triggered sub-configurations if *CSI-ReportConfig* contains multiple sub-configurations, when aperiodic CSI-RS is used for channel measurement for the *n*-th triggered CSI report, and where *Tswitch* is defined in clause 6.4 and is applied only if of table 5.4-1 is applied.

If the PUSCH indicated by the DCI is overlapping with another PUCCH or PUSCH, then the CSI report(s) are multiplexed following the procedure in clause 9.2.5 of [6, TS 38.213] and clause 5.2.5 when applicable, otherwise the CSI report(s) are transmitted on the PUSCH indicated by the DCI.

When the *CSI request* field on a DCI triggers a CSI report(s) on PUSCH, if the first uplink symbol to carry the corresponding CSI report(s) including the effect of the timing advance, starts earlier than at symbol *Zref*,

- the UE may ignore the scheduling DCI if no HARQ-ACK or transport block is multiplexed on the PUSCH.

When the *CSI request* field on a DCI triggers a CSI report(s) on PUSCH, if the first uplink symbol to carry the *n*-th CSI report including the effect of the timing advance, starts earlier than at symbol *Z'ref(n),*

- the UE may ignore the scheduling DCI if the number of triggered reports is one and no HARQ-ACK or transport block is multiplexed on the PUSCH

- Otherwise, the UE is not required to update the CSI for the *n*-th triggered CSI report.

When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the last symbol of the PDCCH triggering the CSI report(s), the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used.

*Z,* *Z'* and *µ* are defined as:

and , where *M* is the number of updated CSI report(s) according to Clause 5.2.1.6, corresponds to the *m*-th updated CSI report and is defined as

- of the table 5.4-1 if max{ *µPDCCH*, *µCSI-RS, µUL*} ≤ 3 and if the CSI is triggered without a PUSCH with either transport block or HARQ-ACK or both when *L* = 0 CPUs are occupied (according to Clause 5.2.1.6) and the CSI to be transmitted is a single CSI and corresponds to wideband frequency-granularity where the CSI corresponds to at most 4 CSI-RS ports in a single resource without CRI report and where *CodebookType* is set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' or where *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RI-CQI', or

- of the table 5.4-2 if the CSI to be transmitted corresponds to wideband frequency-granularity where the CSI corresponds to at most 4 CSI-RS ports in a single resource without CRI report and where *CodebookType* is set to 'typeI-SinglePanel' or where *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RI-CQI', or

- of the table 5.4-2 if the CSI to be transmitted corresponds to wideband frequency-granularity where the *reportQuantity* is set to 'ssb-Index-SINR', 'cri-SINR', 'ssb-Index-SINR- Index ', or 'cri-SINR- Index ', or

- of the table 5.4-2 if *reportQuantity* is set to 'cri-RSRP', 'ssb-Index-RSRP', 'cri-RSRP- Index' or 'ssb-Index-RSRP- Index ', is according to UE reported capability *beamReportTiming* and *KBl* is according to UE reported capability *beamSwitchTiming* as defined in [13, TS 38.306], or

- or , according to UE reported capability, with of table 5.4-2, if *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-CJT-r18' or 'typeII-CJT-PortSelection-r18' and the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement is configured with resources, or

- , with of table 5.4-2, if the CSI report is configured with , *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18' and the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement is aperiodic with CSI-RS resources, or

- , with of table 5.4-2, if the CSI report is configured with , *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' or 'typeII-Doppler-PortSelection-r18' and the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement is periodic or semi-persistent with a single CSI-RS resource, or

- or , according to UE reported capability, with of table 5.4-2, if the CSI report is configured with , *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' and the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement is aperiodic with CSI-RS resources, or

- or , according to UE reported capability, with of table 5.4-2, if the CSI report is configured with , *codebookType* is set to 'typeII-Doppler-r18' and the corresponding *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* for channel measurement is periodic or semi-persistent with a single CSI-RS resource, or

- of table 5.4-2 otherwise.

*- µ* of table 5.4-1 and table 5.4-2 corresponds to the min (*µPDCCH*, *µCSI-RS, µUL*) where the *µPDCCH* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the PDCCH with which the DCI was transmitted and *µUL* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the PUSCH with which the CSI report is to be transmitted and *µCSI-RS* corresponds to the minimum subcarrier spacing of the aperiodic CSI-RS triggered by the DCI

Table 5.4-1: CSI computation delay requirement 1

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | *Z1* [symbols] | |
| *Z1* | *Z'1* |
| 0 | 10 | 8 |
| 1 | 13 | 11 |
| 2 | 25 | 21 |
| 3 | 43 | 36 |

Table 5.4-2: CSI computation delay requirement 2

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | *Z1* [symbols] | | *Z2* [symbols] | | *Z3* [symbols] | |
| *Z1* | *Z'1* | *Z2* | *Z'2* | *Z3* | *Z'3* |
| 0 | 22 | 16 | 40 | 37 | 22 | *X*0 |
| 1 | 33 | 30 | 72 | 69 | 33 | *X*1 |
| 2 | 44 | 42 | 141 | 140 | min(44,*X*2+ KB1) | *X*2 |
| 3 | 97 | 85 | 152 | 140 | min(97, *X*3+ KB2) | *X*3 |
| 5 | 388 | 340 | 608 | 560 | min(388, X5+ KB3) | *X5* |
| 6 | 776 | 680 | 1216 | 1120 | min(776, X6+ KB4) | *X6* |

For a CSI report corresponding to a *CSI-ReportConfig* that contains a list of sub-configurations, provided by [*csi-ReportSubConfigList]*, only of table 5.4-2 is applicable.

## 5.5 UE PDSCH reception preparation time with cross carrier scheduling with different subcarrier spacings for PDCCH and PDSCH

This clause applies only if the PDCCH carrying the scheduling DCI is received on one carrier with one OFDM subcarrier spacing (µPDCCH), and the PDSCH scheduled to be received by the DCI is on another carrier with another OFDM subcarrier spacing (µPDSCH).

If the µPDCCH < µPDSCH, the UE is expected to receive the scheduled PDSCH, if the first symbol in the PDSCH allocation, including the DM-RS, as defined by the slot offset *K0* and the start and length indicator *SLIV* of the scheduling DCI starts no earlier than the first symbol of the slot of the PDSCH reception starting at least *Npdsch* PDCCH symbols after the end of the PDCCH scheduling the PDSCH, not taking into account the effect of receive timing difference between the scheduling cell and the scheduled cell.

If the µPDCCH > µPDSCH, the UE is expected to receive the scheduled PDSCH, if the first symbol in the PDSCH allocation, including the DM-RS, as defined by the slot offset *K0* and the start and length indicator *SLIV* of the scheduling DCI starts no earlier than *Npdsch* PDCCH symbols after the end of the PDCCH scheduling the PDSCH, not taking into account the effect of receive timing difference between the scheduling cell and the scheduled cell.

When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining *Npdsch*, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used.

Table 5.5-1: *Npdsch* as a function of the subcarrier spacing of the scheduling PDCCH

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***µPDCCH*** | ***Npdsch* [symbols]** |
| 0 | 4 |
| 1 | 5 |
| 2 | 10 |
| 3 | 14 |
| 5 | 56 |
| 6 | 112 |

# 6 Physical uplink shared channel related procedure

## 6.1 UE procedure for transmitting the physical uplink shared channel

PUSCH transmission(s) can be dynamically scheduled by an UL grant in a DCI, or the transmission can correspond to a configured grant Type 1 or Type 2. The configured grant Type 1 PUSCH transmission is semi-statically configured to operate upon the reception of higher layer parameter of *configuredGrantConfig* including *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant* without the detection of an UL grant in a DCI. The configured grant Type 2 PUSCH transmission is semi-persistently scheduled by an UL grant in a valid activation DCI according to clause 10.2 of [6, TS 38.213] after the reception of higher layer parameter *configuredGrantConfig* not including *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant*. If *configuredGrantConfigToAddModList* is configured, more than one configured grant configuration of configured grant Type 1 and/or configured grant Type 2 may be active at the same time on an active BWP of a serving cell.

The UE can be configured with a list of up to 64 *TCI-UL-State* configurations within the higher layer parameter *BWP-UplinkDedicated.* Each *TCI-UL-State* configuration contains a parameter for configuring one reference signal, if applicable, for determining UL TX spatial filter for dynamic-grant and configured-grant based PUSCH and PUCCH resource in a CC, and SRS.

If a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains *ControlResourceSets* with two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* for the active BWP of a serving cell, or if a UE is configured with *SSB-MTC-AddtionalPCI* and with *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*, and if the UE is configured with [*twoTAGs*] and is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *TCI-UL-State* for a serving cell, each *TCI-State* or *TCI-UL-State* is associated with a [*TAG-ID*]for determining timing adjustment for a corresponding UL transmission as described in Clause 4.2 of [6, TS 38.213]. The UE does not expect that *TCI-states* or *TCI-UL-States* associated with one *coresetPoolIndex* to correspond to two TAGs.

For the PUSCH transmission corresponding to a Type 1 configured grant or a Type 2 configured grant activated by DCI format 0\_0 or 0\_1, the parameters applied for the transmission are provided by *configuredGrantConfig* except for *dataScramblingIdentityPUSCH*, *txConfig*, *codebookSubset*, *maxRank*, *scaling* of *UCI-OnPUSCH,* which are provided by *pusch-Config*. A configured grant PUSCH can be transmitted with at most 4 layers. For the PUSCH transmission corresponding to a Type 2 configured grant activated by DCI format 0\_2, the parameters applied for the transmission are provided by *configuredGrantConfig* except for *dataScramblingIdentityPUSCH*, *txConfig*, *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2*, *maxRankDCI-0-2*, *scaling* of *UCI-OnPUSCH*, *resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-0-2* provided by *pusch-Config*.If the UE is provided with *transformPrecoder* in *configuredGrantConfig*, the UE applies the higher layer parameter *tp-pi2BPSK*, if provided in *pusch-Config*, according to the procedure described in clause 6.1.4 for the PUSCH transmission corresponding to a configured grant.

When the UE is configured *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *ul-TCI-StateList*, the UE shall perform PUSCH transmission corresponding to a Type 1 configured grant or a Type 2 configured grant or a dynamic grant according to the spatial relation, if applicable, with a reference to the RS for determining UL Tx spatial filter. The RS is determined based on an RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' of the indicated *TCI-State* or an RS in the indicated *TCI-UL-State*. The reference RS in the indicated *TCI-State* can be a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*, or a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info.* The reference RS in the indicated *TCI-UL-State* can be a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*, a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, an SRS resource in an SRS resource set with the higher layer parameter *usage* set to 'beamManagement', or SS/PBCH block associated with the same or different PCI from the PCI of the serving cell. When *[nrofSlots\_InCGperiod]* is configured for Type 1 configured grant or Type 2 configured grant, HARQ process ID for the first configured PUSCH grant and each subsequent valid configured PUSCH grant within a *periodicity* of the configuration is determined as in clause 5.4.1 of [10, TS 38.321], where a valid configured PUSCH grant is the one not colliding with the DL symbol(s) indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, and is not colliding with a symbol(s) of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* as described in clause 11.1 of [6, TS 38.213].

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *TCI-UL-State* and is having two indicated TCI-States or TCI-UL-States,

- a UE having a PUSCH transmission scheduled or activated by DCI format 0\_0 should apply the first indicated TCI state to the PUSCH transmission,

- a UE configured with a PUSCH transmission corresponding to a Type 1 configured grant is expected to be configured with the higher layer parameter *applyIndicatedTCIState* indicating the *first*, the *second* or *both* of the indicated TCI states to be applied for the PUSCH transmission. If 'both' TCI states are indicated, the UE should apply the first indicated TCI state to the PUSCH transmission occasion(s) or the PUSCH antenna port(s) associated with the first SRS resource set for CB/NCB transmission, and the second indicated TCI state to the PUSCH transmission occasion(s) or the PUSCH antenna port(s) associated with the second SRS resource set for CB/NCB transmission; otherwise the UE should apply either the 'first' or 'second' indicated TCI state to all PUSCH transmission occasions.

- If the UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in different *ControlResourceSets*, the first and the second indicated TCI states correspond to the indicated TCI-States or TCI-UL-States specific to coresetPoolIndex value 0 and value 1, respectively, and *applyIndicatedTCIState* does not indicate *both* of the indicated TCI states to be applied for the PUSCH transmission

For the PUSCH retransmission scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI with NDI=1, the parameters in *pusch-Config* are applied for the PUSCH transmission except for *p0-NominalWithoutGrant, p0-PUSCH-Alpha, powerControlLoopToUse,* *pathlossReferenceIndex* described in clause 7.1 of [6, TS 38.213], *mcs-Table, mcs-TableTransformPrecoder* described in clause 6.1.4.1 and *transformPrecoder* described in clause 6.1.3.

For a UE configured with two uplinks in a serving cell, PUSCH retransmission for a TB on the serving cell is not expected to be on a different uplink than the uplink used for the PUSCH initial transmission of that TB.

A UE shall upon detection of a PDCCH with a configured DCI format 0\_0, 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3 transmit the corresponding PUSCH as indicated by that DCI unless the UE does not generate a transport block as described in [10, TS38.321]. Upon detection of a DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 with '*UL-SCH indicator*' set to '0' and with a non-zero '*CSI request*' where the associated *reportQuantity* in *CSI-ReportConfig* set to '*none*' for all CSI report(s) triggered by '*CSI request*' in this DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, the UE ignores all fields in this DCI except the '*CSI request*' and the UE shall not transmit the corresponding PUSCH as indicated by this DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2. Upon detection of a DCI format 0\_3 with '*UL-SCH indicator*' set to '0' and with a non-zero '*CSI request*' where the associated *reportQuantity* in *CSI-ReportConfig* set to '*none*' for all CSI report(s) triggered by '*CSI request*' in this DCI format 0\_3, the UE ignores all fields for the scheduled cell with the smallest serving cell index in this DCI except the '*CSI request*' and the UE shall not transmit the corresponding PUSCH on the serving cell with the smallest serving cell index as indicated by this DCI format 0\_3.

When the UE is scheduled with multiple PUSCHs on a serving cell by a DCI, HARQ process ID indicated by this DCI applies to the first PUSCH not overlapping with a DL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, or a symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*, HARQ process ID is then incremented by 1 for each subsequent PUSCH(s) in the scheduled order, with modulo operation of *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPUSCH* applied if *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPUSCH* is provided, or with modulo operation of *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPUSCH-r17* applied if *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPUSCH-r17* is provided, or with modulo operation of 16 applied, otherwise. HARQ process ID is not incremented for PUSCH(s) not transmitted if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot overlaps with a DL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, or a symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*. For any HARQ process ID(s) in a given scheduled cell, the UE is not expected to transmit a PUSCH that overlaps in time with another PUSCH. Except for the case when a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet* for the active BWP of a serving cell and PDCCHs that schedule two PUSCHs are associated to different *ControlResourceSets* having different values of *coresetPoolIndex,* for any two HARQ process IDs in a given scheduled cell, if the UE is scheduled to start a first PUSCH transmission starting in symbol *j* by a PDCCH ending in symbol *i* on a scheduling cell,, the UE is not expected to be scheduled to transmit a PUSCH starting earlier than the end of the first PUSCH by a PDCCH that ends later than symbol *i* of the scheduling cell. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the PDCCH ending in symbol *i*, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used. The UE is not expected to be scheduled to transmit another PUSCH by a DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, for a given HARQ process with the DCI received before the end of the expected transmission of the last PUSCH for that HARQ process if the latter is scheduled by a DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI or by an UL grant in RA Response. The UE is not expected to be scheduled to transmit another PUSCH by DCI format 0\_0, 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3 scrambled by C-RNTI, CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI for a given HARQ process with the DCI received before the end of the expected transmission of the last PUSCH for that HARQ process if the latter is scheduled by a DCI with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, CS-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI.

If a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet* for the active BWP of a serving cell and PDCCHs that schedule two PUSCHs are associated to different *ControlResourceSets* having different values of *coresetPoolIndex,* for any two HARQ process IDs in a given scheduled cell, if the UE is scheduled to start a first PUSCH transmission starting in symbol *j* by a PDCCH associated with a value of *coresetPoolIndex* ending in symbol *i*, the UE can be scheduled to transmit a PUSCH starting earlier than the end of the first PUSCH by a PDCCH associated with a different value of *coresetPoolIndex* that ends later than symbol *i*.

When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook' or 'nonCodebook' and higher layer parameter *enableSTx2PofmDCI* is configured and *PDCCH-Config* contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet* for the active BWP of a serving cell,

- two PUSCHs that are fully/partially overlapping in time domain and are fully/partially/non-overlapping in frequency domain can be dynamically scheduled by UL grant(s) in DCI(s) and/or scheduled by configured grant(s) Type 1 or Type 2,

- if dynamically scheduled by UL grant(s) in DCI(s) or activated by DCI(s) for configured grant Type 2, the DCI field *SRS Resource Set Indicator* is not present in each of PDCCH

- two PUSCHs are associated to different values of *coresetPoolIndex* where for configured grant Type 1, the association is based on higher layer parameter *srs-ResourceSetId* in *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant* that indicates either the first or the second SRS resource set with usage 'codebook' or 'nonCodeBook' in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList*

- the UE is not expected to be configured with different number of SRS resources in the two SRS resource sets

- the UE expects *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* to be configured as one if UL PT-RS is configured.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *TCI-UL-State* and two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook' or 'noncodebook', and the higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is set to 'SDMscheme' or 'SFNscheme', and the higher layer parameter *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant* does not contain *srs-ResourceIndicator2* or *precodingAndNumberOfLayers2*, the PUSCH transmission occasion(s) is associated with the first SRS resource set if the first indicated *TCI-States* or *TCI-UL-States* applies and is associated with the second SRS resource set if the second indicated *TCI-States* or *TCI-UL-States* applies.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *TCI-UL-State* is having two indicated TCI states, and only one SRS resource set is configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook' or 'noncodebook', the PUSCH transmission occasion(s) scheduled or activated by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 is associated with the first indicated *TCI-States* or *TCI-UL-States* if applies or is associated with the second indicated *TCI-States* or *TCI-UL-States* if applies, as indicated by the higher layer parameter *applyIndicatedTCIState-r18* configured by *PUSCH-Config.*

When a UE is configured with higher layer parameter *enableSTx2PofmDCI* and *PDCCH-Config* contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet* for the active BWP of a serving cell,

- the UE is expected to be configured with two SRS resource sets with usage 'codebook' or 'nonCodeBook' in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList*

- if the UE is configured to monitor DCI format 0\_2 and there is only one SRS resource set~~s~~ configured by *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* and associated with usage 'codebook' or 'nonCodeBook', the UE monitors only *coresetPoolIndex* configured with value 0*.*

A UE is not expected to be scheduled by a PDCCH ending in symbol to transmit a PUSCH on a given serving cell overlapping in time with a transmission occasion, where the UE is allowed to transmit a PUSCH with configured grant according to [10, TS38.321], starting in a symbol on the same serving cell if the end of symbol is not at least symbols before the beginning of symbol , if

- the UE is not provided *prioLowDG-HighCG* or *prioHighDG-LowCG*, or the UE is provided *prioLowDG-HighCG* or *prioHighDG-LowCG* and the two PUSCHs have the same priority index as described in Clause 9 of [6, TS 38.213] and

- the UE is not provided *enableSTx2PofmDCI,* or is provided *enableSTx2PofmDCI* and the two PUSCHs are associated with the same *coresetPoolIndex* value.

The value in symbols is determined according to the UE processing capability defined in Clause 6.4, and and the symbol duration are based on the minimum of the subcarrier spacing corresponding to the PUSCH with configured grant and the subcarrier spacing of the PDCCH scheduling the PUSCH.

If a UE receives an ACK for a given HARQ process in CG-DFI in a PDCCH ending in symbol *i* to terminate a transport block repetition in a PUSCH transmission with a configured grant on a given serving cell with the same HARQ process after symbol *i*, the UE is expected to terminate the repetition of the transport block in a PUSCH transmission starting from a symbol *j* if the gap between the end of PDCCH of symbol *i* and the start of the PUSCH transmission in symbol *j* is equal to or more than *N2* symbols. The value *N2* in symbols is determined according to the UE processing capability defined in Clause 6.4, and *N2* and the symbol duration are based on the minimum of the subcarrier spacing corresponding to the PUSCH and the subcarrier spacing of the PDCCH indicating CG-DFI. A UE is not expected to be scheduled by a PDCCH ending in symbol to transmit a PUSCH on a given serving cell for a given HARQ process, if there is a transmission occasion where the UE is allowed to transmit a PUSCH with configured grant according to [10, TS38.321] with the same HARQ process on the same serving cell starting in a symbol after symbol , and if the gap between the end of PDCCH and the beginning of symbol is less than symbols. The value in symbols is determined according to the UE processing capability defined in clause 6.4, and and the symbol duration are based on the minimum of the subcarrier spacing corresponding to the PUSCH with configured grant and the subcarrier spacing of the PDCCH scheduling the PUSCH.

For PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 on a cell, the UE shall transmit PUSCH according to the spatial relation, if applicable, corresponding to the dedicated PUCCH resource with the lowest ID within the active UL BWP of the cell, as described in Clause 9.2.1 of [6, TS 38.213]. If the dedicated PUCCH resource with the lowest ID within the active UL BWP of the cell corresponds to two spatial relations, the UE shall transmit the PUSCH according to the spatial relation with the lower ID.

For PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 on a cell and if the higher layer parameter *enableDefaultBeamPL-ForPUSCH0-0* is set 'enabled', the UE is not configured with PUCCH resources on the active UL BWP and the UE is in RRC connected mode, the UE shall transmit PUSCH according to the spatial relation, if applicable, with a reference to the RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' corresponding to the QCL assumption of the CORESET with the lowest ID on the active DL BWP of the cell. If the CORESET is indicated with two TCI states, *sfnSchemePdcch* is configured and the UE supports *sfn-DefaultUL-BeamSetup-r17*, the UE shall use the first TCI state as the QCL assumption.

For PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 on a cell and if the higher layer parameter *enableDefaultBeamPL-ForPUSCH0-0* is set 'enabled', the UE is configured with PUCCH resources on the active UL BWP where all the PUCCH resource(s) are not configured with any spatial relation and the UE is in RRC connected mode, the UE shall transmit PUSCH according to the spatial relation, if applicable, with a reference to the RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' corresponding to the QCL assumption of the CORESET with the lowest ID on the active DL BWP of the cell in case CORESET(s) are configured on the cell. If the CORESET is indicated with two TCI states, *sfnSchemePdcch* is configured and the UE supports *sfn-DefaultUL-BeamSetup-r17*, the UE shall use the first TCI state as the QCL assumption.

For uplink, 16 HARQ processes per cell are supported by the UE, or subject to UE capability, a maximum of 32 HARQ processes per cell as defined in [13, TS 38.306]. The number of processes the UE may assume will at most be used for the uplink is configured to the UE for each cell separately by higher layer parameter *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPUSCH*, or *nrofHARQ-ProcessesForPUSCH-r17,* and when no configuration is provided the UE may assume a default number of 16 processes.

### 6.1.1 Transmission schemes

Two transmission schemes are supported for PUSCH: codebook based transmission and non-codebook based transmission. The UE is configured with codebook based transmission when the higher layer parameter *txConfig* in *pusch-Config* is set to 'codebook', the UE is configured non-codebook based transmission when the higher layer parameter *txConfig* is set to 'nonCodebook'. If the higher layer parameter *txConfig* is not configured, the UE is not expected to be scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3. If PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_0, the PUSCH transmission is based on a single antenna port. Except if the higher layer parameter *enableDefaultBeamPL-ForPUSCH0-0* is set 'enabled', the UE shall not expect PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 in a BWP without configured PUCCH resource with *PUCCH-SpatialRelationInfo* in frequency range 2 in RRC connected mode.

#### 6.1.1.1 Codebook based UL transmission

For codebook based transmission, PUSCH can be scheduled by DCI format 0\_0, DCI format 0\_1, DCI format 0\_2, DCI format 0\_3 or semi-statically configured to operate according to Clause 6.1.2.3. If this PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, DCI format 0\_2, or semi-statically configured to operate according to Clause 6.1.2.3, the UE determines its PUSCH transmission precoder(s) based on SRI(s), TPMI(s) and the transmission rank, where the SRI(s), TPMI(s) and the transmission rank are given by DCI fields of one or two SRS resource indicators and one or two Precoding information and number of layers in clause 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_1 and 0\_2 or given by *srs-ResourceIndicator* and *precodingAndNumberOfLayers* according to clause 6.1.2.3 or given by *srs-ResourceIndicator, srs-ResourceIndicator2,* *precodingAndNumberOfLayers, and precodingAndNumberOfLayers2* according to clause 6.1.2.3. If this PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_3, the UE determines its PUSCH transmission precoder based on SRI, TPMI and the transmission rank, where the SRI, TPMI and the transmission rank are given by DCI fields of one SRS resource indicator and one Precoding information and number of layers in clause 7.3.1.1.4 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_3. The *SRS-ResourceSet(s)* applicable for PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 are defined by the entries of the higher layer parameter *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* and *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* in *SRS-config*, respectively. Only one or two SRS resource sets can be configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook', and only one or two SRS resource sets can be configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook'.

When only one SRS resource set is configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook', SRI and TPMI are given by the DCI fields of one SRS resource indicator and one Precoding information and number of layers in clauses 7.3.1.1.2, 7.3.1.1.3 and 7.3.1.1.4 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 and 0\_3 or given by *srs-ResourceIndicator* and *precodingAndNumberOfLayers* according to clause 6.1.2.3. When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook', SRI and TPMI are given by the DCI fields of one SRS resource indicator and one Precoding information and number of layers in clause 7.3.1.1.4 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_3 and the UE applies the indicated SRI and TPMI to one or more PUSCH repetitions according to the first SRS resource set. The TPMI is used to indicate the precoder to be applied over the layers {0…*ν*-1} and that corresponds to the SRS resource selected by the SRI when multiple SRS resources are configured, or if a single SRS resource is configured TPMI is used to indicate the precoder to be applied over the layers {0…*ν*-1} and that corresponds to the SRS resource. The transmission precoder is selected from the uplink codebook that has a number of antenna ports equal to higher layer parameter *nrofSRS-Ports* in SRS-Config, as defined in Clause 6.3.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211]. When the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *txConfig* set to 'codebook', the UE is configured with at least one SRS resource. The indicated SRI in slot *n* is associated with the most recent transmission of SRS resource identified by the SRI, where the SRS resource is prior to the PDCCH carrying the SRI.

When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook', one or two SRI(s), and one or two TPMI(s) are given by the DCI fields of two SRS resource indicator and two Precoding information and number of layers in clause 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_1 and 0\_2. The UE applies the indicated SRI(s) and TPMI(s) to one or more PUSCH repetitions according to the associated SRS resource set of a PUSCH repetition according to clause 6.1.2.1. Each TPMI, based on indicated codepoint of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator*, is used to indicate the precoder to be applied over the layers {0…*ν*-1} and that corresponds to the SRS resource selected by the corresponding SRI when multiple SRS resources are configured for the applicable SRS resource set, or if a single SRS resource is configured for the applicable SRS resource set TPMI is used to indicate the precoder to be applied over the layers {0…*ν*-1} and that corresponds to the SRS resource. For one or two TPMI(s), the transmission precoder is selected from the uplink codebook that has a number of antenna ports equal to the higher layer parameter *nrofSRS-Ports* in SRS-Config for the indicated SRI(s), as defined in Clause 6.3.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211]. When two SRIs are indicated, the UE shall expect the *nrofSRS-Ports* for the two indicated SRS resources to be the same. When the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *txConfig* set to 'codebook', the UE is configured with at least one SRS resource. Each of the indicated one or two SRI(s) in slot *n* is associated with the most recent transmission of SRS resource of associated SRS resource set identified by the SRI, where the SRS resource is prior to the PDCCH carrying the SRI. When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook', the UE is not expected to be configured with different number of SRS resources in the two SRS resource sets.

When the higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is set to 'SDMScheme' and two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook', two SRI(s), and two TPMI(s) are given by the DCI fields of two SRS resource indicator and two Precoding information and number of layers in clause 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_1 and 0\_2:

- When codepoint "10" of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator* is indicated*,* the first TPMI is used to indicate the precoder to be applied over layers {0…v1-1}, where v1 is the number of layers indicated by the first TPMI, that corresponds to the SRS resource selected by the corresponding SRI when multiple SRS resources are configured for the applicable SRS resource set or if single SRS resource is configured for the applicable SRS resource set, and the second TPMI is used to indicate the precoder to be applied over layers {v1…. v2+v1-1}, where v2 is the number of layers indicated by the second TPMI, that corresponds to the SRS resource selected by the corresponding SRI when multiple SRS resources are configured for the applicable SRS resource set or if single SRS resource is configured for the applicable SRS resource set, v1 ≤ *maxRankSdm* andv2 ≤ *maxRankSdm* or *maxRankSdmDCI-0-2* and *maxRankSdm* or *maxRankSdmDCI-0-2* are defining the maximum number of layers applied over the first and the second SRS resource sets, separately.

- When codepoint "00" or "01" of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator* is indicated*,* the second SRI and second TPMI are reserved, the first TPMI is used to indicate the precoder to be applied over layers {0…v-1}, where v ≤ *maxRank,* where *maxRank* is defining the maximum number of layers.

- Codepoint "11" of *SRS Resource Set indicator* is reserved.

- For one or two TPMI(s), the transmission precoder is selected from the uplink codebook that has a number of antenna ports equal to the higher layer parameter *nrofSRS-Ports* in *SRS-Config* for the indicated SRI(s), as defined in Clause 6.3.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211]. When two TPMIs are indicated, the UE shall expect that the precoder indicated by the first TPMI and the precoder indicated by the second TPMI are mapped to different PUSCH antenna ports.

- When two SRIs are indicated, the UE shall expect that the number of SRS antenna ports associated with two indicated SRIs would be the same. When the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *txConfig* set to 'codebook', the UE is configured with at least one SRS resource. Each of the indicated one or two SRI(s) in slot *n* is associated with the most recent transmission of SRS resource of associated SRS resource set identified by the SRI, where the SRS resource is prior to the PDCCH carrying the SRI. When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook', the UE is not expected to be configured with different number of SRS resources in the two SRS resource sets.

When higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* set to 'SFNscheme' and two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook', two SRI(s), and two TPMI(s) are given by the DCI fields of two SRS resource indicator and two Precoding information and number of layers in clause 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_1 and 0\_2.

- When codepoint "10" of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator* is indicated*,* the first TPMI is used to indicate precoder to be applied over layers {0…v-1} and the second TPMI is used to indicate the precoder to be applied over layers {0…v-1}, where v ≤ *maxRankSfn* or *maxRankSfnDCI-0-2* and *maxRankSfn* or *maxRankSfnDCI-0-2* defining the maximum number of layers applied over the first SRS resource set and over the second SRS resource set separately.

- When codepoint "00" or "01" of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator* is indicated*,* the second SRI and second TPMI are reserved, the first TPMI is used to indicate precoder to be applied over layers {0…v-1}, where v ≤ *maxRank* and where *maxRank* is defining the maximum number of layers applied over the first SRS resource set or the seoncd SRS resource.

- Codepoint "11" of *SRS Resource Set indicator* is reserved.

- For one or two TPMI(s), the transmission precoder is selected from the uplink codebook that has a number of antenna ports equal to *nrofSRS-Ports* in *SRS-Config* for the indicated SRI(s), as defined in Clause 6.3.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211]. When two TPMIs are indicated, the UE shall expect that the precoder indicated by the first TPMI and the precoder indicated by the second TPMI are mapped to different PUSCH antenna ports.

- When two TPMIs are indicated, the UE shall expect that the number of SRS antenna ports associated with two indicated SRIs to be the same. When the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *txConfig* set to 'codebook', the UE is configured with at least one SRS resource. Each of the indicated one or two SRI(s) in slot *n* is associated with the most recent transmission of SRS resource of associated SRS resource set identified by the SRI, where the SRS resource is prior to the PDCCH carrying the SRI. When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook', the UE is not expected to be configured with different number of SRS resources in the two SRS resource sets.

When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the most recent transmission of SRS resource identified by the SRI, the PDCCH candidate that starts earlier in time is used.

For codebook based transmission with two or four antenna ports, the UE determines its codebook subsets based on TPMI(s) and upon the reception of higher layer parameter *codebookSubset* in *pusch-Config* for PUSCH associated with DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_3 and *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* for PUSCH associated with DCI format 0\_2 which may be configured with *'*fullyAndPartialAndNonCoherent*'*, or *'*partialAndNonCoherent*'*, or 'nonCoherent' depending on the UE capability for two or four antenna ports.

For codebook based transmission with eight antenna ports, the UE determines its codebook based upon the reception of higher layer parameter[s] *CodebookType* and *ULcodebookFC-N1N2* if *CodebookType* is configured with Ng=1in *pusch-Config* for PUSCH associated with DCI format 0\_1 and 0\_2, depending on the UE capability. According to the configured *CodebookType*, coherent UL MIMO operation applies within antenna port groups as defined in Table 6.3.1.5-8 of [4, TS 38.211].

When higher layer parameter ul-FullPowerTransmission is set to 'fullpowerMode2'and the higher layer parameter codebookSubset or the higher layer parameter codebookSubsetDCI-0-2 is set to 'partialAndNonCoherent', and when the SRS-resourceSet with usage set to "codebook" includes at least one SRS resource with 4 ports and one SRS resource with 2 ports, the codebookSubset associated with the 2-port SRS resource is 'nonCoherent'.

When higher layer parameter *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is set to 'fullpowerMode2*'* and the higher layer parameter *codebookType* is set to *'*Codebook2' or *'*Codebook3', and the *SRS-resourceSet* with *usage* set to 'codebook' includes one SRS resource with 8 ports, and at least one SRS resource with 2 ports or 4 ports, subject to UE capability,

- when *codebookType* is set to *'*Codebook2', the *codebookSubset* associated with the 2-port SRS resource is 'nonCoherent'.

- when *codebookType* is set to *'*Codebook2', the *codebookSubset* associated with the 4-port SRS resource can be configured as 'partialAndNonCoherent' or 'nonCoherent', subject to UE capability.

- when *codebookType* is set to *'*Codebook3', the *codebookSubset* associated with 4 ports SRS resources is 'nonCoherent'.

The maximum transmission rank may be configured by the higher layer parameter *maxRank* in *pusch-Config* for PUSCH scheduled with DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_3 and *maxRankDCI-0-2* for PUSCH scheduled with DCI format 0\_2*.*

A UE reporting its UE capability of 'partialAndNonCoherent' transmission shall not expect to be configured by either *codebookSubset* or codebookSubsetDCI-0-2 with 'fullyAndPartialAndNonCoherent*'* for two or four antenna ports.

A UE reporting its UE capability of 'nonCoherent' transmission shall not expect to be configured by either *codebookSubset* or codebookSubsetDCI-0-2 with *'*fullyAndPartialAndNonCoherent*'* or with *'*partialAndNonCoherent' for two or four antenna ports.

A UE does not expect to be configured by *CodebookType* with a value of *CodebookType* that does not correspond to one of the values of *UL\_8TX\_Ng* reported in its capability. A UE can be configured by *ULcodebookFC-N1N2* subject to UE capability, when higher layer parameter *CodebookType* is set to 'Codebook1' corresponding to Ng=1, where Ng represents the number of antenna port-groups.

A UE shall not expect to be configured with the higher layer parameter *codebookSubset* or the higher layer parameter codebookSubsetDCI-0-2 set to *'*partialAndNonCoherent' when higher layer parameter *nrofSRS-Ports* in an *SRS-ResourceSet* with *usage* set to 'codebook' indicates that the maximum number of the configured SRS antenna ports in the *SRS-ResourceSet* is two.

For codebook based transmission, only one SRS resource can be indicated based on the SRI from within the SRS resource set. Except when higher layer parameter *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is set to 'fullpowerMode2', the maximum number of configured SRS resources for codebook based transmission is 2. If aperiodic SRS is configured for a UE, the SRS request field in DCI triggers the transmission of aperiodic SRS resources.

A UE shall not expect to be configured with higher layer parameter *ul-FullPowerTransmission* set to 'fullpowerMode1*'* and *codebookSubset* or *codebookSubsetDCI-0-2* set to *'*fullAndPartialAndNonCoherent*'* simultaneously.

A UE shall not expect to be configured with higher layer parameter *ul-FullPowerTransmission* set to 'fullpowerMode1' and *CodebookType* set to 'Codebook1' simultaneously.

The UE shall transmit PUSCH using the same antenna port(s) as the SRS port(s) in the SRS resource(s) indicated by the DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3 or by *configuredGrantConfig* according to clause 6.1.2.3.

The DM-RS antenna ports  in Clause 6.4.1.1.3 of [4, TS38.211] are determined according to the ordering of DM-RS port(s) given by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6 to 7.3.1.1.2-23 in Clause 7.3.1.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212].

Except when higher layer parameter *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is set to 'fullpowerMode2', when multiple SRS resources are configured by *SRS-ResourceSet* with *usage* set to 'codebook', the UE shall expect that higher layer parameters *nrofSRS-Ports* in *SRS-Resource* in *SRS-ResourceSet* shall be configured with the same value for all these SRS resources.

When higher layer parameter *ul-FullPowerTransmission* is set to 'fullpowerMode2',

- the UE can be configured with one SRS resource or multiple SRS resources with same or different number of SRS ports within an SRS resource set with *usage* set to 'codebook'.

- up to 2 different spatial relations can be configured for all SRS resources in the SRS resource set with *usage* set to 'codebook' when multiple SRS resources are configured in the SRS resource set.

- subject to UE capability, a maximum of 2 or 4 SRS resources are supported in an SRS resource set with *usage* set to 'codebook'.

#### 6.1.1.2 Non-Codebook based UL transmission

For non-codebook based transmission, PUSCH can be scheduled by DCI format 0\_0, DCI format 0\_1, DCI format 0\_2, DCI format 0\_3 or semi-statically configured to operate according to Clause 6.1.2.3. If this PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, DCI format 0\_2, DCI format 0\_3 or semi-statically configured to operate according to Clause 6.1.2.3, the UE can determine its PUSCH precoder(s) and transmission rank based on the SRI(s) when multiple SRS resources are configured, where the SRI(s) is given by one or two SRS resource indicator(s) in DCI according to clause 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, 38.212] for DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2, or the SRI is given by one SRS resource indicator in DCI according to clause 7.3.1.1.4 of [5, 38.212] for DCI format 0\_3, or the SRI is given by *srs-ResourceIndicator* according to clause 6.1.2.3, or SRIs given by *srs-ResourceIndicator* and *srs-ResourceIndicator2* according to clause 6.1.2.3.. The *SRS-ResourceSet(s)* applicable for PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 are defined by the entries of the higher layer parameter *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* and *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* in *SRS-config*, respectively. The UE shall use one or multiple SRS resources for SRS transmission, where, in a SRS resource set, the maximum number of SRS resources which can be configured to the UE for simultaneous transmission in the same symbol and the maximum number of SRS resources are UE capabilities. The SRS resources transmitted simultaneously occupy the same RBs. Only one SRS port for each SRS resource is configured. Only one or two SRS resource sets can be configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'nonCodebook', and only one or two SRS resource sets can be configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'nonCodebook'. When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'nonCodebook', SRIs are given by the DCI fields of two SRS resource indicators in clauses 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_1 and 0\_2 and the UE applies the indicated SRI(s) to one or more PUSCH repetitions according to the associated SRS resource set of a PUSCH repetition according to clause 6.1.2.1. When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'nonCodebook', SRI is given by the DCI field of one SRS resource indicator in clause 7.3.1.1.4 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_3 and the UE applies the indicated SRI to one or more PUSCH repetitions according to the first SRS resource set. The maximum number of SRS resources per SRS resource set that can be configured for non-codebook based uplink transmission is 1, 2, 4 or 8 depending on UE capability. Each of the indicated SRIs in slot *n* is associated with the most recent transmission of SRS resource(s) of associated SRS resource set identified by the SRI, where the SRS transmission is prior to the PDCCH carrying the SRI. When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'nonCodebook', the UE is not expected to be configured with different number of SRS resources in the two SRS resource sets.

When the higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is set to 'SDMScheme' and two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'nonCodebook', SRIs are given by the DCI fields of two SRS resource indicators in clause 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_1 and 0\_2.

- When codepoint "10" of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator* is indicated*,* the first SRI is used to indicate resource(s) to be associated with layer(s) {0…v1-1}}, where v1 being the number of layers indicated by the first SRI, and the second SRI is used to indicate resource(s) to be associated with layer(s) {v1…. v2+v1-1}, v1 ≤ *Lmax* andv2 ≤ *Lmax* where *Lmax* is defined is defined inclauses 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, TS 38.212]. The UE shall expect that SRS resource(s) indicated by the first SRI and SRS resource(s) indicated by the second SRI are corresponding to different PUSCH antenna ports.

- When codepoint "00" or "01" of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator* is indicated*,* the second SRI is reserved, the first SRI is used to indicate resource(s) to be associated with layers {0…v-1}, v ≤ *Lmax*.

When the higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is set to 'SFNscheme' and two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'nonCodebook', two SRI(s) are given by the DCI fields of two SRS resource indicator and two Precoding information and number of layers in clause 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, TS 38.212] for DCI format 0\_1 and 0\_2.

- When codepoint "10" of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator* is indicated*,* the first SRI is used to indicate resource(s) to be associated with layer(s) {0…v-1} and the second SRI is used to indicate resource(s) to be associated with layer(s) {0…v-1}, where v ≤ *Lmax* and where *Lmax* is defined in clauses 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [5, TS 38.212]. The UE shall expect that SRS resource(s) indicated by the first SRI and SRS resource(s) indicated by the second SRI are corresponding to different PUSCH antenna ports.

- When codepoint "00" or "01" of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator* is indicated*,* the second SRI is reserved, the first SRI is used to indicate resources(s) to be associated with layers {0…v-1}, where v ≤ *Lmax*. When two SRIs are indicated, the UE shall expect that the number of SRS antenna ports associated with two indicated SRIs to be the same.

- Codepoint "11" of *SRS Resource Set indicator* is reserved.

When the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *txConfig* set to 'Noncodebook', the UE is configured with at least one SRS resource. Each of the indicated one or two SRI(s) in slot *n* is associated with the most recent transmission of SRS resource of associated SRS resource set identified by the SRI, where the SRS resource is prior to the PDCCH carrying the SRI. When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'Noncodebook', the UE is not expected to be configured with different number of SRS resources in the two SRS resource sets.

When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the most recent transmission of SRS resource(s) identified by the SRI, the PDCCH candidate that starts earlier in time is used.

For non-codebook based transmission, the UE can calculate the precoder used for the transmission of SRS based on measurement of an associated NZP CSI-RS resource. A UE can be configured with only one NZP CSI-RS resource for each of the SRS resource set(s) with higher layer parameter usage in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'nonCodebook' if configured.

- If aperiodic SRS resource set is configured, the associated NZP-CSI-RS is indicated via SRS request field in DCI format 0\_1 and 1\_1, DCI format 0\_2 (if SRS request field is present) and DCI format 1\_2 (if SRS request field is present), as well as DCI format 0\_3 and 1\_3, where *AperiodicSRS-ResourceTrigger* and *AperiodicSRS-ResourceTriggerList* (indicating the association between aperiodic SRS triggering state(s) and SRS resource sets), triggered SRS resource(s) *srs-ResourceSetId*, *csi-RS* (indicating the associated *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceId*) are higher layer configured in *SRS-ResourceSet*. The *SRS-ResourceSet(s)* associated with the SRS request by DCI format 0\_1, 0\_3, 1\_1 and 1\_3 are defined by the entries of the higher layer parameter *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* and the *SRS-ResourceSet(s)* associated with the SRS request by DCI format 0\_2 and 1\_2 are defined by the entries of the higher layer parameter *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2*. A UE is not expected to update the SRS precoding information if the gap from the last symbol of the reception of the aperiodic NZP-CSI-RS resource and the first symbol of the aperiodic SRS transmission is less than 42 OFDM symbols, where the SCS configuration *μ* is the smallest SCS configuration between the NZP-CSI-RS resource and the SRS transmission.

- If the UE configured with aperiodic SRS associated with aperiodic NZP CSI-RS resource, the presence of the associated CSI-RS is indicated by the SRS request field if the value of the SRS request field is not '00' as in Table 7.3.1.1.2-24 of [5, TS 38.212] and if the scheduling DCI is not used for cross carrier or cross bandwidth part scheduling. If UE is configured with *minimumSchedulingOffsetK0* in the active DL BWP and the currently applicable minimum scheduling offset restriction *K0,min* is larger than 0, the UE does not expected to receive the scheduling DCI with the SRS request field value other than '00'. The CSI-RS is located in the same slot as the SRS request field. If the UE configured with aperiodic SRS associated with aperiodic NZP CSI-RS resource, any of the TCI states configured in the scheduled CC shall not be configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD'.

- If periodic or semi-persistent SRS resource set is configured, the *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceId* for measurement is indicated via higher layer parameter *associatedCSI-RS* in *SRS-ResourceSet*.

The UE shall perform one-to-one mapping from the indicated SRI(s) to the indicated DM-RS ports(s) and their corresponding PUSCH layers {0 … ν-1} given by DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3 or by *configuredGrantConfig* according to clause 6.1.2.3 in increasing order.

The UE shall transmit PUSCH using the same antenna ports as the SRS port(s) in the SRS resource(s) indicated by SRI(s) given by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 or by *configuredGrantConfig* according to clause 6.1.2.3, where the SRS port in (*i*+1)-th SRS resource in the SRS resource set is indexed as .

The DM-RS antenna ports  in Clause 6.4.1.1.3 of [4, TS 38.211] are determined according to the ordering of DM-RS port(s) given by Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6 to 7.3.1.1.2-23 in Clause 7.3.1.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212].

For non-codebook based transmission, the UE does not expect to be configured with both *spatialRelationInfo* for SRS resource and *associatedCSI-RS* in *SRS-ResourceSet* for SRS resource set.

For non-codebook based transmission, the UE can be scheduled with DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 when at least one SRS resource is configured in *SRS-ResourceSet* with *usage* set to 'nonCodebook'.

### 6.1.2 Resource allocation

#### 6.1.2.1 Resource allocation in time domain

When the UE is scheduled to transmit a transport block and no CSI report by a DCI or by a RAR UL grant or fallbackRAR UL grant, or the UE is scheduled to transmit a transport block and a CSI report(s) on PUSCH by a DCI, the '*Time domain resource assignment'* field value *m* for the scheduled PUSCH on the serving cell of the DCI or the *PUSCH time resource allocation* field value *m* of the RAR UL grant or of the fallbackRAR UL grant provides a row index *m* + 1to a resource allocation table. The determination of the used resource allocation table is defined in Clause 6.1.2.1.1. The indexed row defines the slot offset *K2*, the start and length indicator *SLIV*, or directly the start symbol *S* and the allocation length *L*, the PUSCH mapping type, the number of slots used for TBS determination (if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is present in the resource allocation table), and the number of repetitions (if *numberOfRepetitions* is present in the resource allocation table) to be applied in the PUSCH transmission.

When the UE is scheduled to transmit a PUSCH with no transport block and with a CSI report(s) by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, the '*Time domain resource assignment'* field value *m* of the DCI provides a row index *m* + 1to the allocated table as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1.1. The indexed row defines the start and length indicator SLIV, or directly the start symbol *S* and the allocation length *L*, and the PUSCH mapping type to be applied in the PUSCH transmission and the *K2* value is determined as , where  are the corresponding list entries of the higher layer parameter

- reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-2or *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-2-r17*, if PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_2 and reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-2 or *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-2-r17* is configured;

- *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-1* or *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-1-r17*, if PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_3 and *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-1* or *reportSlotOffsetListDCI-0-1-r17* is configured;

- *reportSlotOffsetList* or *reportSlotOffsetList-r17*, otherwise;

in *CSI-ReportConfig* for the  triggered CSI Reporting Settings and  is the *(m+1)*th entry of  including the omitted CSI Reporting Settings triggered for non-active DL BWPs, where the UE does not expect that *(m+1)* is larger than 16.

- The slot *Ks* where the UE shall transmit the PUSCH is determined by *K2* as *Ks* =, if UE is configured with ca-SlotOffset for at least one of the scheduled and scheduling cell, , otherwise, where is a parameter configured by higher layer as specified in clause 4.2 of [6 TS 38.213], and where is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1, *n* is the slot with the scheduling DCI, K*2* is based on the numerology of PUSCH,  and  are the subcarrier spacing configurations for PUSCH and PDCCH, respectively, and the scheduling DCI is other than DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI.

- and are the and the, respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffsetfor the cell receiving the PDCCH, and are the and the,respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell transmitting the PUSCH, as defined in clause 4.5 of [4, TS 38.211], and

- for PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, if *pusch-RepTypeIndicatorDCI-0-1* is set to 'pusch-RepTypeB', the UE applies PUSCH repetition Type B procedure when determining the time domain resource allocation. For PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_2, if *pusch-RepTypeIndicatorDCI-0-2* is set to 'pusch-RepTypeB', the UE applies PUSCH repetition Type B procedure when determining the time domain resource allocation. Otherwise, the UE applies PUSCH repetition Type A procedure when determining the time domain resource allocation for PUSCH scheduled by PDCCH, by RAR UL grant, or by fallbackRAR UL grant.

- for PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2, if *numberOfSlotsTBoMS* is present and larger than 1, the UE applies TB processing over multiple slots procedure when determining the time domain resource allocation.

- For PUSCH repetition Type A and TB processing over multiple slots, the starting symbol *S* relative to the start of the slot, and the number of consecutive symbols *L* counting from the symbol *S* allocated for the PUSCH are determined from the start and length indicator *SLIV* of the indexed row:

if  then



else



where, and

- For PUSCH repetition Type B, the starting symbol *S* relative to the start of the slot, and the number of consecutive symbols *L* counting from the symbol *S* allocated for the PUSCH are provided by *startSymbol* and *length* of the indexed row of the resource allocation table, respectively.

- For PUSCH repetition Type A and TB processing over multiple slots, the PUSCH mapping type is set to Type A or Type B as defined in Clause 6.4.1.1.3 of [4, TS 38.211] as given by the indexed row.

- For PUSCH repetition Type B, the PUSCH mapping type is set to Type B.

The UE shall consider the *S* and *L* combinations defined in table 6.1.2.1-1 as valid PUSCH allocations

Table 6.1.2.1-1: Valid *S* and *L* combinations

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| PUSCH mapping type | Normal cyclic prefix | | | Extended cyclic prefix | | |
| *S* | *L* | *S+L* | *S* | *L* | *S+L* |
| Type A (repetition Type A only) | 0 | {4,…,14} | {4,…,14} | 0 | {4,…,12} | {4,…,12} |
| Type B | {0,…,13} | {1,…,14} | {1,…,14} for repetition Type A, {1,…,27} for repetition Type B | {0,…, 11} | {1,…,12} | {1,…,12} for repetition Type A, {1,…,23} for repetition Type B |

For TB processing over multiple slots, when transmitting PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or CS-RNTI with NDI=1,

- the number of slots used for TBS determination *N* is indicated by *numberOfSlotsTBoMS.*

- the number of repetitions *K* of the number of slots *N* used for TBS determination is determined as

- if *numberOfRepetitions* is present in the resource allocation table, the number of repetitions *K* is equal to *numberOfRepetitions*;

- otherwise, *K=1*.

- when the UE supports repetition of TB processing over multiple slots, the UE does not expect that is larger than 32.

When configured with m= 5 or 6 the UE does not expect to be scheduled with more than one PUSCH in a slot, by a single DCI or multiple DCIs, where multiple DCIs are not associated with CORESETs having different *coresetpoolIndex*.

For PUSCH repetition Type A, when transmitting PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 in PDCCH with CRC scrambled CS-RNTI with NDI=1, the number of repetitions *K* is determined as

- if *numberOfRepetitions* is present in the resource allocation table, the number of repetitions K is equal to *numberOfRepetitions*;

- elseif the UE is configured with *pusch-AggregationFactor*, the number of repetitions *K* is equal to *pusch-AggregationFactor*;

- otherwise *K=1*.

- the number of slots used for TBS determination *N* is equal to 1.

For PUSCH repetition type A, when transmitting PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant, the 2 MSBs of the MCS information field of the RAR UL grant provide a codepoint to determine the number of repetitions *K* according to Table 6.1.2.1-1A, based on whether or not the higher layer parameter *numberOfMsg3-RepetitionsList* is configured. The number of slots used for TBS determination N is equal to 1.

For PUSCH repetition type A, when transmitting PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, the 2 MSBs of the MCS information field of the DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI provide a codepoint to determine the number of repetitions *K* according to Table 6.1.2.1-1A, based on whether or not the higher layer parameter *numberOfMsg3-RepetitionsList* is configured. The number of slots used for TBS determination N is equal to 1.

Table 6.1.2.1-1A: Number of repetition *K* as a function of 2 MSBs of MCS information field

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *numberOfMsg3-RepetitionsList is configured* | |  | *numberOfMsg3-RepetitionsList is not configured* | |
| *Codepoint* | *K* |  | Codepoint | *K* |
| 00 | First value of *numberOfMsg3-RepetitionsList* |  | 00 | 1 |
| 01 | Second value of *numberOfMsg3-RepetitionsList* |  | 01 | 2 |
| 10 | Third value of *numberOfMsg3-RepetitionsList* |  | 10 | 3 |
| 11 | Fourth value of *numberOfMsg3-RepetitionsList* |  | 11 | 4 |

If a UE is configured with higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH*, the UE does not expect to be configured with *pusch-AggregationFactor*.

If a UE is configured with *extendedK2* in *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple SLIVs for PUSCH on a UL BWP of a serving cell, the UE does not apply *pusch-AggregationFactor,* if configured, to DCI format 0\_1 on the UL BWP of the serving cell and the UE does not expect to be configured with *numberOfRepetitions* in *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH*.

If a UE is configured with *extendedK2* in *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple *SLIV*s for PUSCH on a UL BWP of a serving cell, when any two UL DCIs end in the same symbol and at least one of the DCIs scheduling multiple PUSCHs, the UE does not expect that the any scheduled multiple PUSCHs have overlapping spans, where the span associated with a DCI is defined from the beginning of the first scheduled PUSCH till the end of the last scheduled PUSCH.

For unpaired spectrum:

- When *AvailableSlotCounting* is enabled, and in case *K>1,* the UE determines slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, based on *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon*, *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* *and ssb-PositionsInBurst*, and the TDRA information field value in the DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2.

- A slot is not counted in the number of slots for PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot overlaps with a DL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, or a symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

- Otherwise, the UE determines consecutive slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, based on the TDRA information field value in the DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2.

- The UE determines slots for a PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, based on *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon*, *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* and *ssb-PositionsInBurst*, and the TDRA information field value in the DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2.

- A slot is not counted in the number of slots for a PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot overlaps with a DL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, or a symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

- The UE determines slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by RAR UL grant, based on *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* and *ssb-PositionsInBurst,* and the TDRA information field value in the RAR UL grant.

- A slot is not counted in the number of slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by RAR UL grant, if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot overlaps with a DL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* if provided, or a symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

- The UE determines slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, based on *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* and *ssb-PositionsInBurst* and the TDRA information field value in the DCI scheduling the PUSCH.

- A slot is not counted in the number of slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 scrambled by TC-RNTI, if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot overlaps with a DL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* if provided, or a symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

For paired spectrum and SUL band:

- The UE determines consecutive slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or 0\_3 for paired spectrum only, or for a PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, based on the TDRA information field value in the DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3.

- For the case of a reduced capability half-duplex UE, the UE determines slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 when *AvailableSlotCounting* is enabled and K>1, or for a PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, based on the TDRA information field value in the DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2. A slot is not counted in the number of slots if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot does not start or end at least or , respectively, from the last or first symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

- The UE determines consecutive slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by RAR UL grant, based on the TDRA information field value in the RAR UL grant.

- The UE determines consecutive slots for a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, based on the TDRA information field value in the DCI scheduling the PUSCH.

If a UE would transmit a PUSCH of PUSCH repetition Type A when *AvailableSlotCounting* is enabled and K>1 or a TB processing over multiple slots over slots, and the UE does not transmit the PUSCH of a TB processing over multiple slots or the PUSCH repetition Type A in a slot from the slots, according to Clause 9, Clause 11.1, Clause 11.2A, Clause 15 and Clause 17.2 of [6, TS 38.213], the UE counts the slots in the number of slots.

For PUSCH repetition Type A, in case *K>1*,

- If the PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2

- if *AvailableSlotCounting* is enabled, the same symbol allocation is applied across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission and the PUSCH is limited to a single transmission layer. The UE shall repeat the TB across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission, applying the same symbol allocation in each slot.

- Otherwise, the same symbol allocation is applied across the consecutive slots and the PUSCH is limited to a single transmission layer. The UE shall repeat the TB across the consecutive slots applying the same symbol allocation in each slot.

- Else if the PUSCH is scheduled by RAR UL grant or by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, the same symbol allocation is applied across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission and the PUSCH is limited to a single transmission layer. The UE shall repeat the TB across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission, applying the same symbol allocation in each slot.

For PUSCH repetition Type B:

- If *pusch-DMRS-Bundling* is enabled, the PUSCH is limited to a single transmission layer.

For TB processing over multiple slots:

- For unpaired spectrum, the same symbol allocation is applied across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission and the PUSCH is limited to a single transmission layer. The UE shall transmit the TB across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission, applying the same symbol allocation in each slot.

- For paired spectrum or supplementary uplink band, the same symbol allocation is applied across the consecutive slots and the PUSCH is limited to a single transmission layer. The UE shall transmit the TB across the consecutive slots applying the same symbol allocation in each slot.

- For the case of reduced capability half-duplex UE, the same symbol allocation is applied across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission and the PUSCH is limited to a single transmission layer. The UE shall transmit the TB across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission, applying the same symbol allocation in each slot.

For a PUSCH transmission scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3, or 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, the redundancy version to be applied on the *n*th transmission occasion of the TB, where n = 0, 1, …-1, is determined according to table 6.1.2.1-2.

For a PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by RAR UL grant, the redundancy version to be applied on the *n*th transmission occasion of the TB, where n = 0, 1, …-1, is determined according to the first row of Table 6.1.2.1-2.

Table 6.1.2.1-2: Redundancy version for PUSCH transmission

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *rvid* indicated by the DCI scheduling the PUSCH | *rvid* to be applied to *n*th transmission occasion (repetition Type A) or TB processing over multiple slots) or *n*th actual repetition (repetition Type B) | | | |
| *((n-(n mod N))/N)* mod 4 = 0 | *((n-(n mod N))/N)* mod 4 = 1 | *((n-(n mod N))/N)* mod 4 = 2 | *((n-(n mod N))/N)* mod 4 = 3 |
| 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 |

When transmitting MsgA PUSCH on a non-initial UL BWP, if the UE is configured with *startSymbolAndLengthMsgA-PO*, the UE shall determine the *S* and *L* from *startSymbolAndLengthMsgA-PO*.

When transmitting MsgA PUSCH, if the UE is not configured with *startSymbolAndLengthMsgA-PO*, and if the TDRA list *PUSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocationList* is provided in *PUSCH-ConfigCommon*, the UE shall use *msgA-PUSCH-TimeDomainAllocation* to indicate which values are used in the list. If *PUSCH-TimeDomainResourceAllocationList* is not provided in *PUSCH-ConfigCommon*, the UE shall use parameters *S* and *L* from table 6.1.2.1.1-2 or table 6.1.2.1.1-3 where *msgA-PUSCH-TimeDomainAllocation* indicates which values are used in the list. The time offset for PUSCH transmission is described in [6, TS 38.213].

For PUSCH repetition Type A and TB processing over multiple slots, a PUSCH transmission in a slot of a multi-slot PUSCH transmission is omitted according to the conditions in Clause 9, Clause 11.1, Clause 11.2A, Clause 15 and Clause 17.2 of [6, TS 38.213].

For PUSCH repetition Type B, except for PUSCH transmitting CSI report(s) with no transport block, the number of nominal repetitions is given by *numberOfRepetitions*. For the *n*-th nominal repetition, *n* = *0*, …, *numberOfRepetitions* - 1,

- The slot where the nominal repetition starts is given by , and the starting symbol relative to the start of the slot is given by .

- The slot where the nominal repetition ends is given by , and the ending symbol relative to the start of the slot is given by .

Here is the slot where the PUSCH transmission starts, and is the number of symbols per slot as defined in Clause 4.3.2 of [4, TS38.211].

For PUSCH repetition Type B, the UE determines invalid symbol(s) for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission as follows:

- A symbol that is indicated as downlink by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* is considered as an invalid symbol for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission.

- For operation in unpaired spectrum, symbols indicated by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in SIB1 or *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *ServingCellConfigCommon* for reception of SS/PBCH blocks are considered as invalid symbols for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission.

- For a reduced capability half-duplex UE in paired spectrum, symbols that do not start or end at least or , respectively, from the last or first symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index indicated by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in SIB1 or by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *ServingCellConfigCommon* or by *NonCellDefiningSSB*, or by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *SSB-MTC-AdditionalPCI* associated to physical cell ID with active TCI states for PDCCH or PDSCH, or for a set of symbols of a slot corresponding to SS/PBCH blocks configured for L1 beam measurement/reporting for reception of SS/PBCH blocks are considered as invalid symbols for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission.

- For operation in unpaired spectrum, symbol(s) indicated by *pdcch-ConfigSIB1* in *MIB* for a CORESET for Type0-PDCCH CSS set are considered as invalid symbol(s) for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission.

- For operation in unpaired spectrum, if *numberOfInvalidSymbolsForDL-UL-Switching* is configured, *numberOfInvalidSymbolsForDL-UL-Switching* symbol(s) after the last symbol that is indicated as downlink in each consecutive set of all symbols that are indicated as downlink by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* are considered as invalid symbol(s) for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission. The symbol(s) given by *numberOfInvalidSymbolsForDL-UL-Switching* are defined using the reference SCS configuration *referenceSubcarrierSpacing* provided in *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon*.

- For operation with shared spectrum channel access with semi-static channel occupancy, symbols in an idle duration associated with a periodic channel occupancy as described in Clause 4.3.1.1 of [16, 37.213], or in an idle duration in a period associated with an initiated channel occupancy as described in Clause 4.3.2. of [16, TS 37.213] are considered as invalid symbol(s) for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission.

- The UE may be configured with the higher layer parameter *invalidSymbolPattern*, which provides a symbol level bitmap spanning one or two slots (higher layer parameter *symbols* given by *invalidSymbolPattern*). A bit value equal to 1 in the symbol level bitmap *symbols* indicates that the corresponding symbol is an invalid symbol for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission. The UE may be additionally configured with a time-domain pattern (higher layer parameter *periodicityAndPattern* given by *invalidSymbolPattern*), where each bit of *periodicityAndPattern* corresponds to a unit equal to a duration of the symbol level bitmap *symbols*, and a bit value equal to 1 indicates that the symbol level bitmap *symbols* is present in the unit. The *periodicityAndPattern* can be {1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 20 or 40} units long, but maximum of 40 msec. The first symbol of *periodicityAndPattern* every 40 msec/P periods is a first symbol in frame 𝑛𝑓 mod 4 = 0, where P is the duration of *periodicityAndPattern-r16* in units of msec. When *periodicityAndPattern* is not configured, for a symbol level bitmap spanning two slots, the bits of the first and second slots correspond respectively to even and odd slots of a radio frame, and for a symbol level bitmap spanning one slot, the bits of the slot correspond to every slot of a radio frame. If *invalidSymbolPattern* is configured, when the UE applies the invalid symbol pattern is determined as follows:

- if the PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, or corresponds to a Type 2 configured grant activated by DCI format 0\_1, and if *invalidSymbolPatternIndicatorDCI-0-1* is configured,

- if invalid symbol pattern indicator field is set 1, the UE applies the invalid symbol pattern;

- otherwise, the UE does not apply the invalid symbol pattern;

- if the PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_2, or corresponds to a Type 2 configured grant activated by DCI format 0\_2, and if *invalidSymbolPatternIndicatorDCI-0-2* is configured,

- if invalid symbol pattern indicator field is set 1, the UE applies the invalid symbol pattern;

- otherwise, the UE does not apply the invalid symbol pattern;

- otherwise, the UE applies the invalid symbol pattern.

- If the UE

- is configured with multiple serving cells within a cell group and is provided with *directionalCollisionHandling-r16* = 'enabled' for a set of serving cell(s) among the multiple serving cells, and

- indicates support of *half-DuplexTDD-CA-SameSCS-r16* capability, and

- is not configured to monitor PDCCH for detection of DCI format 2-0 on any of the multiple serving cells,

- a symbol indicated to the UE for reception of SS/PBCH blocks in a first cell of the multiple serving cells by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *SIB1,* or by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *ServingCellConfigCommon,* or by *NonCellDefiningSSB*, or by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *SSB-MTC-AdditionalPCI* associated to physical cell ID with active TCI states for PDCCH or PDSCH, or for a set of symbols of a slot corresponding to SS/PBCH blocks configured for L1 beam measurement/reporting is considered as an invalid symbol for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission in

- any of the multiple serving cells if the UE is not capable of simultaneous transmission and reception as indicated by *simultaneousRxTxInterBandCA* among the multiple serving cells, and

- any one of the cells corresponding to the same band as the first cell, irrespective of any capability indicated by *simultaneousRxTxInterBandCA*

and

- a symbol is considered as an invalid symbol in another cell among the set of serving cell(s) provided with *directionalCollisionHandling-r16* for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission with Type 1 or Type 2 configured grant except for the first Type 2 PUSCH transmission (including all repetitions) after activation if the symbol is indicated as downlink by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* on the reference cell as defined in Clause 11.1 of [6, TS 38.213], or the UE is configured by higher layers to receive PDCCH, PDSCH, or CSI-RS on the reference cell in the symbol.

For PUSCH repetition Type B, after determining the invalid symbol(s) for PUSCH repetition type B transmission for each of the *K* nominal repetitions, the remaining symbols are considered as potentially valid symbols for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission. If the number of potentially valid symbols for PUSCH repetition type B transmission is greater than zero for a nominal repetition, the nominal repetition consists of one or more actual repetitions, where each actual repetition consists of a consecutive set of all potentially valid symbols that can be used for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission within a slot. An actual repetition with a single symbol is omitted except for the case of *L*=1. An actual repetition is omitted according to the conditions in Clause 9, Clause 11.1, Clause 11.2A, Clause 15 and Clause 17.2 of [6, TS 38.213]. The UE shall repeat the TB across actual repetitions. The redundancy version to be applied on the *n*th actual repetition (with the counting including the actual repetitions that are omitted) is determined according to table 6.1.2.1-2, where *N*=1.

For PUSCH repetition Type B, when a UE receives a DCI that schedules aperiodic CSI report(s) or activates semi-persistent CSI report(s) on PUSCH with no transport block by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, the number of nominal repetitions is always assumed to be 1, regardless of the value of *numberOfRepetitions*. When the UE is scheduled to transmit a PUSCH repetition Type B with no transport block and with aperiodic or semi-persistent CSI report(s) by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, the first nominal repetition is expected to be the same as the first actual repetition. For PUSCH repetition Type B carrying semi-persistent CSI report(s) without a corresponding PDCCH after being activated on PUSCH by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, if the first nominal repetition is not the same as the first actual repetition, the first nominal repetition is omitted; otherwise, the first nominal repetition is omitted according to the conditions in Clause 9, Clause 11.1, Clause 11.2A, Clause 15 and Clause 17.2 of [6, TS 38.213].

For PUSCH repetition Type B, when a UE is scheduled to transmit a transport block and aperiodic CSI report(s) on PUSCH by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, the CSI report(s) is multiplexed only on the first actual repetition. The UE does not expect that the first actual repetition has a single symbol duration.

For *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* in *pusch-Config*, if a row indicates resource allocation for two to eight contiguous PUSCHs and *extendedK2* is not configured, *K2* given by *k2-r16* indicates the slot where UE shall transmit the first PUSCH of the multiple PUSCHs. Each PUSCH has a separate SLIV and mapping type. The number of scheduled PUSCHs is signalled by the number of indicated valid SLIVs in the row of the *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* signalled in DCI format 0\_1.

For *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* in *pusch-Config,* if a row indicates resource allocation of more than one PUSCH and *extendedK2* is configured, each PUSCH has a separate SLIV, mapping type and *K2* given by *extendedK2*. If a row indicates resource allocation of a single PUSCH, the PUSCH has a single SLIV, mapping type, and *K2*, where *K2* is given by *extendedK2*, if configured, otherwise *K2* is given by *k2-r16*. The number of scheduled PUSCHs is signalled by the number of indicated SLIVs in the row of the *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* signalled in DCI format 0\_1.

If a UE is configured with *extendedK2* in *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple *SLIV*s for PUSCH on a UL BWP of a serving cell, and the UE is indicated re-transmission of PUSCH by DCI format 0\_1, where the PUSCH is correspond to a configured grant Type 1 or Type 2, the UE does not expect that the number of indicated *SLIV*s in the row of the *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* by the DCI is more than one.

If a UE is configured with *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* in which one or more rows contain multiple *SLIV*s for PUSCH on a UL BWP of a serving cell, the UE does not expect to be scheduled with one or multiple PUSCH transmissions by a single DCI format 0\_1, where each PUSCH transmission overlaps with a DL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, or a symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

When the UE is configured with *minimumSchedulingOffsetK2* in an active UL BWP it applies a minimum scheduling offset restriction indicated by the '*Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator*' field in DCI format 0\_1, 0\_3, 1\_1 or 1\_3 if the same field is available. When the UE is configured with *minimumSchedulingOffsetK2* in an active UL BWP and it has not received '*Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator*' field in DCI format 0\_1, 0\_3, 1\_1 or 1\_3, the UE shall apply a minimum scheduling offset restriction indicated based on '*Minimum applicable scheduling offset indicator*' value '0'. When the minimum scheduling offset restriction is applied the UE is not expected to be scheduled with a DCI in slot *n* to transmit a PUSCH scheduled with C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI with *K*2 smaller than, where *K*2min and are the applied minimum scheduling offset restriction and the numerology of the active UL BWP of the scheduled cell when receiving the DCI in slot *n*, respectively, and is the numerology of the new active UL BWP in case of active UL BWP change in the scheduled cell and is equal to , otherwise. The minimum scheduling offset restriction is not applied when PUSCH transmission is scheduled by RAR UL grant or fallbackRAR UL grant for RACH procedure, or when PUSCH is scheduled with TC-RNTI. The application delay of the change of the minimum scheduling offset restriction is determined in Clause 5.3.1.

When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook' or 'noncodebook', for PUSCH repetition Type A, in case *K>1,* the same symbol allocation is applied across the *K* consecutive slots and the PUSCH is limited to a single transmission layer. The UE shall repeat the TB across the *K* consecutive slots applying the same symbol allocation in each slot, and the association of the first and second SRS resource set in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* toeach slot is determined as follows:

- if a DCI format 0\_3 schedules the PUSCH, the first SRS resource set is associated with all K consecutive slots,

- if a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 indicates codepoint "00" for the *SRS resource set indicator*, the first SRS resource set is associated with all K consecutive slots,

- if a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 indicates codepoint "01" for the *SRS resource set indicator*, the second SRS resource set is associated with all K consecutive slots,

- if a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 indicates codepoint "10" for the *SRS resource set indicator*, the first and second SRS resource set association to K consecutive slots is determined as follows:

- When K = 2, the first and second SRS resource sets are applied to the first and second slot of 2 consecutive slots, respectively.

- When K > 2 and *cyclicMapping* in *PUSCH-Config* is enabled, the first and second SRS resource sets are applied to the first and second slot of K consecutive slots, respectively, and the same SRS resource set mapping pattern continues to the remaining slots of K consecutive slots.

- When K > 2 and *sequentialMapping* in *PUSCH-Config* is enabled, first SRS resource set is applied to the first and second slots of K consecutive slots, and the second SRS resource set is applied to the third and fourth slot of K consecutive slots, and the same SRS resource set mapping pattern continues to the remaining slots of K consecutive slots.

- Otherwise, a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 indicates codepoint "11" for the *SRS resource set indicator*, and the first and second SRS resource set association to K consecutive slots is determined as follows,

- When K = 2, the second and first SRS resource set are applied to the first and second slot of 2 consecutive slots, respectively.

- When K > 2 and *cyclicMapping* in *PUSCH-Config* is enabled, the second and first SRS resource sets are applied to the first and second slot of K consecutive slots, respectively, and the same SRS resource set mapping pattern continues to the remaining slots of the K consecutive slots.

- When K > 2 and *sequentialMapping* in *PUSCH-Config* is enabled, the second SRS resource set is applied to the first and second slot of K consecutive slots, and the first SRS resource set is applied to the third and fourth slot of K consecutive slots, and the same SRS resource set mapping pattern continues to the remaining slots of the K consecutive slots.

For PUSCH repetition Type B, when two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook' or 'noncodebook', the SRS resource set association to nominal PUSCH repetitions follows the same method as SRS resource set association to slots in PUSCH Type A repetition by considering nominal repetitions instead of slots.

When a UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *TCI-UL-State* and is having two indicated TCI-States or TCI-UL-States, and two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook' or 'noncodebook', for PUSCH repetition Type A or Type B as described above, or for PUSCH transmission when the higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is set to 'SDMscheme' or 'SFNscheme', the association of the first and second indicated joint/UL TCI states to PUSCH transmission occasions or to corresponding PUSCH antenna ports is determined as follows:

- if a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 indicates codepoint “00” or “01” for the *SRS resource set indicator*, the first or second indicated joint/UL TCI state is applied to all PUSCH transmission occasions, respectively.

- if a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 indicates codepoint “10” or “11” for the *SRS resource set indicator*, and the *multipanelScheme* is not configured,

- the first indicated joint/UL TCI state is applied to the PUSCH transmission occasion(s) associated with the first SRS resource set and the second indicated joint/UL TCI state is applied to the PUSCH transmission occasion(s) associated with the second SRS resource set, where the association of PUSCH transmission occasions to SRS resource sets is determined for K = 2 and K > 2, and depending on whether *cyclicMapping* or *sequentialMapping* in *PUSCH-Config* is enabled, based on the above description in this Clause.

- if a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 indicates codepoint “10” for the *SRS resource set indicator* and the higher layer parameters *multipanelScheme* is configured and set to 'SDMscheme' or 'SFNscheme',

- the first indicated TCI state is applied to the PUSCH antenna port(s), of corresponding PUSCH transmission occasion, associated with the first SRS resource set, and the second indicated TCI state is applied to the PUSCH antenna port(s), of corresponding PUSCH transmission occasion, associated with the second SRS resource set, where the association of PUSCH antenna ports to SRS resource sets is determined according to Clauses 6.1.1.1 and 6.1.1.2.

For both PUSCH repetition Type A and PUSCH repetition Type B, when a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 indicates codepoint "10" or "11" for the *SRS resource set indicator*, the redundancy version to be applied on the *n*th transmission occasion (for PUSCH repetition Type A) of the TB, where n = 0, 1, … *K*-1, or *n*th actual repetition (for PUSCH repetition Type B, with the counting including the actual repetitions that are omitted) is determined according to Table 6.1.2.1-2 and Table 6.1.2.1-3. For all PUSCH repetitions associated with the SRS resource set of the first transmission occasion or actual repetition, the redundancy version to be applied is derived according to Table 6.1.2.1-2, where n is counted only considering PUSCH transmission occasions or actual repetitions associated with the same SRS resource set as the first transmission occasion or actual repetition. The redundancy version for PUSCH transmission occasions or actual repetitions that are associated with an SRS resource set other than the SRS resource set of the first transmission occasion or actual repetition is derived according to Table 6.1.2.1-3, where additional shifting operation for each redundancy version is configured by higher layer parameter *sequenceOffsetforRV* in *PUSCH-Config* and is counted only considering PUSCH transmission occasions or actual repetitions that are not associated with the SRS resource set of the first transmission occasion or actual repetition.

Table 6.1.2.1-3: Applied redundancy version for the other SRS resource set (SRS resource set not associated with the first transmission occasion or actual repetition) when *sequenceOffsetforRV* is present

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *rvid* indicated by the DCI scheduling the PUSCH | *rvid* to be applied to *n*th transmission occasion (repetition Type A) or *n*th actual repetition (repetition Type B) | | | |
| *n* mod 4 = 0 | *n* mod 4 = 1 | *n* mod 4 = 2 | *n* mod 4 = 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

For PUSCH repetition Type A, when higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is not provided and a DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 indicate codepoint "10" or "11" for the *SRS resource set indicator* and schedule aperiodic CSI report(s) on PUSCH with transport block by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, the CSI report(s) multiplexing is determined as follows

- if higher layer parameter *ap-CSI-MultiplexingMode* in *CSI-AperiodicTriggerState* is enabled and UCI other than CSI report(s) are not multiplexed on PUSCH, the CSI report(s) is transmitted separately only on the first transmission occasion associated with the first SRS resource set and the first transmission occasion associated with the second SRS resource set.

- otherwise, the CSI report(s) is transmitted only on the first transmission occasion.

For PUSCH transmissions of TB processing over multiple slots, when a DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 schedule aperiodic CSI report(s) on PUSCH with transport block by a 'CSI request' field on a DCI, the CSI report(s) is transmitted only on the first slot of the 𝑁 ∙ 𝐾 slots determined for the PUSCH transmission.

For PUSCH repetition Type B, when higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is not provided and a DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 indicate codepoint "10" or "11" for the *SRS resource set indicator* and schedule aperiodic CSI report(s) on PUSCH with transport block by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, CSI report(s) multiplexing is determined as follows

- if higher layer parameter *ap-CSI-MultiplexingMode* in *CSI-AperiodicTriggerState* is enabled and the first actual repetition associated with the first SRS resource set and the first actual repetition associated with the second SRS resource set have the same number of symbols and UCI other than CSI report(s) are not multiplexed on PUSCH, the CSI report(s) is multiplexed separately only on the first actual repetition associated with the first SRS resource set and first actual repetition associated with the second SRS resource set.

- otherwise, the CSI report(s) is multiplexed only on the first actual repetition.

The UE does not expect a different number of actual PT-RS ports for the two actual repetitions when the CSI report(s) is transmitted separately on two actual repetitions.

For PUSCH repetition Type A, when higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is not provided and a DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 indicate codepoint "10" or "11" for the *SRS resource set indicator* and schedule aperiodic CSI report(s) on PUSCH with no transport block by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, the number of repetitions is assumed to be 2 regardless of the value of *numberOfRepetitions* or *pusch-AggregationFactor* (if *numberOfRepetitions* is not present in the time domain resource allocation table), and transmission of CSI report(s) is determined as follows

- if higher layer parameter *ap-CSI-MultiplexingMode* in *CSI-AperiodicTriggerState* is enabled and UCI other than CSI report(s) are not multiplexed on PUSCH, the CSI report(s) is transmitted separately on the first transmission occasion and the second transmission occasion

- otherwise, the CSI report(s) is transmitted only on the first transmission occasion.

For PUSCH repetition Type B, when higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is not provided and a DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 indicate codepoint "10" or "11" for the *SRS resource set indicator* and schedule aperiodic CSI report(s) or activates semi-persistent CSI report(s) on PUSCH with no transport block by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, the number of nominal repetitions is always assumed to be 2 regardless of the value of *numberOfRepetitions*, and the first and second nominal repetitions are expected to be the same as the first and second actual repetitions, and transmission of CSI report(s) is determined as follows:

- if higher layer parameter *ap-CSI-MultiplexingMode* in *CSI-AperiodicTriggerState* is enabled for aperiodic CSI report(s) or higher layer paremeter *SP-CSI-MultiplexingMode* in *CSI-SemiPersistentOnPUSCH-TriggerState* is enabled for semi-persistent CSI report(s) and UCI other than CSI report(s) are not multiplexed on PUSCH, the CSI report(s) is transmitted separately on the first actual repetition and the second actual repetition

- otherwise, the CSI report(s) is transmitted only on the first actual repetition.

The UE does not expect a different number of actual PT-RS ports for the two actual repetitions when the CSI report(s) is transmitted separately on two actual repetitions.

For PUSCH repetition Type A, when higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is not provided and a DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 indicate codepoint "10" or "11" for the *SRS resource set indicator* and activate semi-persistent CSI report(s) on PUSCH with no transport block by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, or indicate the PUSCH repetition Type A carrying semi-persistent CSI report(s) without a corresponding PDCCH after being activated on PUSCH by a 'CSI request' field on a DCI, the number of repetitions is always assumed to be 2 regardless of the value of *numberOfRepetitions* or *pusch-AggregationFactor* (if *numberOfRepetitions* is not present in the time domain resource allocation table), and transmission of CSI report(s) is determined as follows

- if higher layer parameter *SP-CSI-MultiplexingMode* in *CSI-SemiPersistentOnPUSCH-TriggerState* is enabled and UCI other than CSI report(s) are not multiplexed on PUSCH, the CSI report(s) is transmitted separately on the first transmission occasion and the second transmission occasion

- otherwise, the CSI report(s) is transmitted only on the first transmission occasion.

For PUSCH repetition Type B, when higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is not provided and a DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 indicate codepoint "10" or "11" for the *SRS resource set indicator* and the PUSCH repetition Type B carrying semi-persistent CSI report(s) without a corresponding PDCCH after being activated on PUSCH by a '*CSI request'* field on a DCI, the number of nominal repetitions is always assumed to be 2 regardless of the value of *numberOfRepetitions*, and transmission of CSI report(s) is determined as follows

- if higher layer parameter *SP-CSI-MultiplexingMode* in *CSI-SemiPersistentOnPUSCH-TriggerState* is enabled and one of the first or second nominal repetition is the same as corresponding first or second actual repetition, the nominal repetition that is not having same actual repetition is omitted and the CSI report(s) is transmitted on the actual repetition that is not omitted.

- if higher layer parameter *SP-CSI-MultiplexingMode* in *CSI-SemiPersistentOnPUSCH-TriggerState* is enabled and the first and second nominal repetitions are the same as the first and second actual repetitions and the UCI other than CSI report(s) are not multiplexed on PUSCH, the CSI report(s) is transmitted separately on the first actual repetition and the second actual repetition

- otherwise, the CSI report(s) is transmitted only on the first actual repetition.

##### 6.1.2.1.1 Determination of the resource allocation table to be used for PUSCH

Table 6.1.2.1.1-1, Table 6.1.2.1.1-1A, Table 6.1.2.1.1-1B and Table 6.1.2.1.1-1C define which PUSCH time domain resource allocation configuration to apply.

Table 6.1.2.1.1-4 defines the subcarrier spacing specific values *j*. *j* is used in determination of *K2* in conjunction to table 6.1.2.1.1-2, for normal CP or table 6.1.2.1.1.-3 for extended CP, where is the subcarrier spacing configurations for PUSCH.

Table 6.1.2.1.1-5 defines the additional subcarrier spacing specific slot delay value for the first transmission of PUSCH scheduled by the RAR or by the fallbackRAR. When the UE transmits a PUSCH scheduled by RAR or by the fallbackRAR, the *Δ* value specific to the PUSCH subcarrier spacing *µPUSCH* is applied in addition to the *K2* value.

Table 6.1.2.1.1-1: Applicable PUSCH time domain resource allocation for common search space and DCI format 0\_0 in UE specific search space

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| RNTI | PDCCH search space | *pusch-ConfigCommon* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* | *pusch-Config* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* | PUSCH time domain resource allocation to apply |
| PUSCH scheduled by MAC RAR as described in clause 8.2 of [6, TS 38.213] or MAC fallbackRAR as described in clause 8.2A of [6, 38.213] or for MsgA PUSCH transmission | | No | - | Default A |
| Yes |  | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-ConfigCommon* |
| C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, TC-RNTI, CS-RNTI | Any common search space associated with CORESET 0 | No | - | Default A |
| Yes |  | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-ConfigCommon* |
| C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, TC-RNTI, CS-RNTI | Any common search space not associated with CORESET 0,  DCI format 0\_0 in  UE specific search space | No | No | Default A |
| Yes | No | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-ConfigCommon* |
| No/Yes | Yes | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-Config* |

Table 6.1.2.1.1-1A: Applicable PUSCH time domain resource allocation for DCI format 0\_1 in UE specific search space scrambled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, CS-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *pusch-ConfigCommon* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* | *pusch-Config* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* | *pusch-Config* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-1* | *pusch-Config* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* | PUSCH time domain resource allocation to apply |
| No | No | No | No | Default A |
| Yes | No | No | No | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-ConfigCommon* |
| No/Yes | Yes | No | No | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-Config* |
| No/Yes | No | Yes | - | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-1* provided in *pusch-Config* |
| No/Yes | No | - | Yes | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* provided in *pusch-Config* |

Table 6.1.2.1.1-1B: Applicable PUSCH time domain resource allocation for DCI format 0\_2 in UE specific search space scrambled with C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, CS-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *pusch-ConfigCommon* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* | *pusch-Config* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* | *pusch-Config* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-2* | PUSCH time domain resource allocation to apply |
| No | No | No | Default A |
| Yes | No | No | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-ConfigCommon* |
| No/Yes | Yes | No | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-Config* |
| No/Yes | No | Yes | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-2* provided in *pusch-Config* |

Table 6.1.2.1.1-1C: Applicable PUSCH time domain resource allocation for DCI format 0\_3 in UE specific search space scrambled with C-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***pusch-ConfigCommon* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList*** | ***pusch-Config* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList*** | ***pusch-Config* includes *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-1*** | **PUSCH time domain resource allocation to apply** |
| No | No | No | Default A |
| Yes | No | No | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-ConfigCommon* |
| No/Yes | Yes | No | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationList* provided in *pusch-Config* |
| No/Yes | No | Yes | *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-1* provided in *pusch-Config* |

Table 6.1.2.1.1-2: Default PUSCH time domain resource allocation A for normal CP

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Row index | PUSCH mapping type | *K2* | *S* | *L* |
| 1 | Type A | *j* | 0 | 14 |
| 2 | Type A | *j* | 0 | 12 |
| 3 | Type A | *j* | 0 | 10 |
| 4 | Type B | *j* | 2 | 10 |
| 5 | Type B | *j* | 4 | 10 |
| 6 | Type B | *j* | 4 | 8 |
| 7 | Type B | *j* | 4 | 6 |
| 8 | Type A | *j*+1 | 0 | 14 |
| 9 | Type A | *j*+1 | 0 | 12 |
| 10 | Type A | *j*+1 | 0 | 10 |
| 11 | Type A | *j*+2 | 0 | 14 |
| 12 | Type A | *j*+2 | 0 | 12 |
| 13 | Type A | *j*+2 | 0 | 10 |
| 14 | Type B | *j* | 8 | 6 |
| 15 | Type A | *j*+3 | 0 | 14 |
| 16 | Type A | *j*+3 | 0 | 10 |

Table 6.1.2.1.1-3: Default PUSCH time domain resource allocation A for extended CP

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Row index | PUSCH mapping type | *K2* | *S* | *L* |
| 1 | Type A | *j* | 0 | 8 |
| 2 | Type A | *j* | 0 | 12 |
| 3 | Type A | *j* | 0 | 10 |
| 4 | Type B | *j* | 2 | 10 |
| 5 | Type B | *j* | 4 | 4 |
| 6 | Type B | *j* | 4 | 8 |
| 7 | Type B | *j* | 4 | 6 |
| 8 | Type A | *j*+1 | 0 | 8 |
| 9 | Type A | *j*+1 | 0 | 12 |
| 10 | Type A | *j*+1 | 0 | 10 |
| 11 | Type A | *j*+2 | 0 | 6 |
| 12 | Type A | *j*+2 | 0 | 12 |
| 13 | Type A | *j*+2 | 0 | 10 |
| 14 | Type B | *j* | 8 | 4 |
| 15 | Type A | *j*+3 | 0 | 8 |
| 16 | Type A | *j*+3 | 0 | 10 |

Table 6.1.2.1.1-4: Definition of value *j*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *µPUSCH* | *j* |
| 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 11 |
| 6 | 21 |

Table 6.1.2.1.1-5: Definition of value *Δ*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *µPUSCH* | *Δ* |
| 0 | 2 |
| 1 | 3 |
| 2 | 4 |
| 3 | 6 |
| 5 | 24 |
| 6 | 48 |

#### 6.1.2.2 Resource allocation in frequency domain

The UE shall determine the resource block assignment in frequency domain using the resource allocation field in the detected PDCCH DCI except for a PUSCH transmission scheduled by a RAR UL grant or fallbackRAR UL grant, in which case the frequency domain resource allocation is determined according to clause 8.3 of [6, 38.213] or a MsgA PUSCH transmission with frequency domain resource allocation determined according to clause 8.1A of [6, 38.213]. Three uplink resource allocation schemes type 0, type 1 and type 2 are supported. Uplink resource allocation scheme type 0 is supported for PUSCH only when transform precoding is disabled. Uplink resource allocation scheme type 1 and type 2 are supported for PUSCH for both cases when transform precoding is enabled or disabled.

If the scheduling DCI is configured to indicate the uplink resource allocation type as part of the '*Frequency domain resource'* assignment field by setting a higher layer parameter r*esourceAllocation* in *pusch-Config* to 'dynamicSwitch', for DCI format 0\_1 or setting a higher layer parameter *resourceAllocationDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* to 'dynamicSwitch' for DCI format 0\_2 or setting a higher layer parameter *resourceAllocationDCI-0-3* in *pusch-Config* to 'dynamicSwitch' for DCI format 0\_3, the UE shall use uplink resource allocation type 0 or type 1 as defined by this DCI field. Otherwise the UE shall use the uplink frequency resource allocation type as defined by the higher layer parameter *resourceAllocation* for DCI format 0\_1 or the higher layer parameter *resourceAllocationDCI-0-2* for DCI format 0\_2. The UE shall assume that when the scheduling PDCCH is received with DCI format 0\_1 and *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkDedicated* is configured, uplink type 2 resource allocation is used.

The UE shall assume that when the scheduling PDCCH is received with DCI format 0\_0, then uplink resource allocation type 1 is used, except when any of the higher layer parameters *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkCommon* and *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkDedicated* is configured in which case uplink resource allocation type 2 is used.

The UE expects that either none or both of *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkCommon* and *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkDedicated* is configured.

If a bandwidth part indicator field is not configured in the scheduling DCI or the UE does not support active bandwidth part change via DCI, the RB indexing for uplink type 0, type 1 and type 2 resource allocation is determined within the UE's active bandwidth part. If a bandwidth part indicator field is configured in the scheduling DCI and the UE supports active bandwidh part change via DCI, the RB indexing for uplink type 0, type 1, type 2 resource allocation is determined within the UE's bandwidth part indicated by bandwidth part indicator field value in the DCI. The UE shall upon detection of PDCCH intended for the UE determine first the uplink bandwidth part and then the resource allocation within the bandwidth part. RB numbering starts from the lowest RB in the determined uplink bandwidth part.

##### 6.1.2.2.1 Uplink resource allocation type 0

In uplink resource allocation of type 0, the resource block assignment information includes a bitmap indicating the Resource Block Groups (RBGs) that are allocated to the scheduled UE where a RBG is a set of consecutive virtual resource blocks defined by higher layer parameter *rbg-Size* for DCI format 0\_1/0\_2 or *rbg-SizeDCI-0-3* for DCI format 0\_3 configured in *pusch-Config* and the size of the bandwidth part as defined in Table 6.1.2.2.1-1.

Table 6.1.2.2.1-1: Nominal RBG size *P*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Bandwidth Part Size | Configuration 1 | Configuration 2 | Configuration 3 |
| 1 – 36 | *2* | 4 | 8 |
| 37 – 72 | 4 | 8 | 16 |
| 73 – 144 | 8 | 16 | 32 |
| 145 – 275 | 16 | 16 | 32 |

The total number of RBGs () for a uplink bandwidth part *i* of sizePRBs is given by  where

- the size of the first RBG is ,

- the size of the last RBG is if and *P* otherwise.

- the size of all other RBG is *P*.

The bitmap is of size bits with one bitmap bit per RBG such that each RBG is addressable. The RBGs shall be indexed in the order of increasing frequency of the bandwidth part and starting at the lowest frequency. The order of RBG bitmap is such that RBG 0 to RBG are mapped from MSB to LSB of the bitmap. The RBG is allocated to the UE if the corresponding bit value in the bitmap is 1, the RBG is not allocated to the UE otherwise.

In frequency range 1, only 'almost contiguous allocation' defined in [8, TS 38.101-1] is allowed as non-contiguous allocation per component carrier for UL RB allocation for CP-OFDM.

In frequency range 2, non-contiguous allocation per component carrier for UL RB allocation for CP-OFDM is not supported.

##### 6.1.2.2.2 Uplink resource allocation type 1

In uplink resource allocation of type 1, the resource block assignment information indicates to a scheduled UE a set of contiguously allocated non-interleaved virtual resource blocks within the active bandwidth part of size  PRBs except for the case when DCI format 0\_0 is decoded in any common search space in which case the size of the initial UL bandwidth part  shall be used.

An uplink type 1 resource allocation field consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*) corresponding to a starting virtual resource block () and a length in terms of contiguously allocated resource blocks. The resource indication value is defined by

if  then



else



where≥ 1 and shall not exceed.

When the DCI size for DCI format 0\_0 in USS is derived from the initial UL BWP with size  but applied to another active BWP with size of , an uplink type 1 resource block assignment field consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*) corresponding to a starting resource block and a length in terms of virtually contiguously allocated resource blocks .

The resource indication value is defined by

if  then



else



where, and where shall not exceed .

If , *K* is the maximum value from set {1, 2, 4, 8} which satisfies ; otherwise *K* = 1.

When the scheduling grant is received with DCI format 0\_2 or 0\_3, an uplink type 1 resource allocation field consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*) corresponding to a starting resource block group *RBGstart*=0, 1, …, *NRBG*-1 and a length in terms of virtually contiguously allocated resource block groups *LRBGs*=1, …, *NRBG*, where the resource block groups are defined as in 6.1.2.2.1 with *P* defined by *resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-0-2* for DCI format 0\_2 and by *resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-0-3* for DCI format 0\_3 if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-0-2* or *resourceAllocationType1GranularityDCI-0-3*, and *P*=1 otherwise*.* The resource indication value is defined by

if  then



else



where≥ 1 and shall not exceed .

##### 6.1.2.2.3 Uplink resource allocation type 2

In uplink resource allocation of type 2, the resource block assignment information defined in [5, TS 38.212] indicates to a UE a set of up to *M* interlace indices, and for DCI format 0\_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space and DCI formats 0\_1 and 0\_3 a set of up to contiguous RB sets, where *M* and interlace indexing are defined in Clause 4.4.4.6 in [4, TS 38.211]. Within the active UL BWP, the assigned physical resource block is mapped to virtual resource block For DCI format 0\_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space and DCI formats 0\_1 and 0\_3, the UE shall determine the resource allocation in frequency domain as an intersection of the resource blocks of the indicated interlaces and the union of the indicated set of RB sets and intra-cell guard bands defined in Clause 7 between the indicated RB sets, if any. For DCI format 0\_0 monitored in a common search space, the UE shall determine the resource allocation in frequency domain as an intersection of the resource blocks of the indicated interlaces and a single uplink RB set of the active UL BWP. For DCI format 0\_0 monitored in a CSS with CRC scrambled by an RNTI other than TC-RNTI, the uplink RB set is the lowest indexed one amongst uplink RB set(s) that intersects the lowest-indexed CCE of the PDCCH in which the UE detects the DCI format 0\_0 in the active downlink BWP. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the uplink RB set of a PUSCH when scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 monitored in a CSS with CRC scrambled by an RNTI other than TC-RNTI, the CORESET with lower ID among two CORESETs associated with two PDCCH candidates is used. If there is no intersection, the uplink RB set is RB set 0 in the active uplink BWP. For DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, the uplink RB set is the same one in which the UE transmits the PRACH associated with the RAR UL grant, in which case the UE assumes that the uplink RB set is defined as when the UE is not configured with *intraCellGuardBandsUL-List* (see Clause 7).

For µ=0, the X=6 MSBs of the resource block assignment information indicates to a UE a set of allocated interlace indices , where the indication consists of a resource indication value (*RIV*). For , the resource indication value corresponds to the starting interlace index *m0* and the number of contiguous interlace indices (). The resource indication value is defined by:

if then

else

For , the resource indication value corresponds to the starting interlace index *m0* and the set of values  according to Table 6.1.2.2.3-1.

Table 6.1.2.2.3-1: *m0* and  for .

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | *m0* |  |
| 0 | 0 | {0, 5} |
| 1 | 0 | {0, 1, 5, 6} |
| 2 | 1 | {0, 5} |
| 3 | 1 | {0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8} |
| 4 | 2 | {0, 5} |
| 5 | 2 | {0, 1, 2, 5, 6, 7} |
| 6 | 3 | {0, 5} |
| 7 | 4 | {0, 5} |

For µ=1, the X=5 MSBs of the resource block assignment information comprise a bitmap indicating the interlaces that are allocated to the scheduled UE. The bitmap is of size *M* bits with one bitmap bit per interlace such that each interlace is addressable, where *M* and interlace indexing is defined in Clause 4.4.4.6 in [4, TS 38.211]. The order of interlace bitmap is such that interlace 0 to interlace are mapped from MSB to LSB of the bitmap. An interlace is allocated to the UE if the corresponding bit value in the bitmap is 1; otherwise the interlace is not allocated to the UE.

For DCI format 0\_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space and DCI formats 0\_1 and 0\_3 for both µ=0 and µ=1, the the resource block assignment information indicate to a UE a set of contiguously allocated RB sets for PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 monitored in a UE-specific search space, DCI formats 0\_1 and 0\_3 and Type 1 and Type 2 configured grant. The resource allocation field consists of a resource indication value (). For , the resource indication value corresponds to the starting RB set index and the number of contiguous RB sets . The resource indication value is defined by;

if then

else

where , and shall not exceed

If transform precoding is enabled according to the procedure in Clause 6.1.3, then the UE transmits PUSCH on the lowest-indexed PRBs amongst the PRBs indicated by the frequency domain resource assignment information. is the largest integer not greater than the number of RBs indicated by the frequency domain resource assignment information that fulfils the conditions in Clause 6.3.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211].

#### 6.1.2.3 Resource allocation for uplink transmission with configured grant

When PUSCH resource allocation is semi-statically configured by higher layer parameter *configuredGrantConfig* in *BWP-UplinkDedicated* information element, and the PUSCH transmission corresponding to a configured grant, the following higher layer parameters are applied in the transmission:

- For Type 1 PUSCH transmissions with a configured grant, the following parameters are given in *configuredGrantConfig* unless mentioned otherwise:

- For the determination of the PUSCH repetition type, if the higher layer parameter *pusch-RepTypeIndicator* in *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant* is configured and set to 'pusch-RepTypeB', PUSCH repetition type B is applied; otherwise, PUSCH repetition type A is applied;

- For PUSCH repetition type A, the selection of the time domain resource allocation table follows the rules for DCI format 0\_0 on UE specific search space, as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1.1.

- For PUSCH repetition type B, the selection of the time domain resource allocation table is as follows:

- If *pusch-RepTypeIndicatorDCI-0-1* in *pusch-Config* is configured and set to *'*pusch-RepTypeB*'*, *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-1* in *pusch-Config* is used;

- Otherwise, *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* is used.

- It is not expected that *pusch-RepTypeIndicator* in *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant* is configured with *'*pusch-RepTypeB*'* when none of *pusch-RepTypeIndicatorDCI-0-1* and *pusch-RepTypeIndicatorDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* is set to *'*pusch-RepTypeB*'*.

- The higher layer parameter *timeDomainAllocation* value *m* provides a row index *m*+1 pointing to the determined time domain resource allocation table, where the start symbol and length are determined following the procedure defined in Clause 6.1.2.1;

- Frequency domain resource allocation is determined by the *N* LSB bits in the higher layer parameter *frequencyDomainAllocation*, forming a bit sequence , where is the LSB, according to the procedure in Clause 6.1.2.2 and *N* is determined as the size of frequency domain resource assignment field in DCI format 0\_1 for a given resource allocation type indicated by *resourceAllocation,* except if *useInterlacePUCCH-PUSCH* in *BWP-UplinkDedicated* is configured, in which case uplink type 2 resource allocation is used wherein the UE interprets the LSB bits in the higher layer parameter *frequencyDomainAllocation* as for the frequency domain resource assignment field of DCI 0\_1 according to the procedure in Clause 6.1.2.2.3*;*

- The *IMCS* is provided by higher layer parameter *mcsAndTBS;*

- Number of DM-RS CDM groups, DM-RS ports, SRS resource indication and DM-RS sequence initialization are determined as in Clause 7.3.1.1.2 of [5, TS 38.212], and the antenna port value, the bit value for DM-RS sequence initialization, precoding information and number of layers, SRS resource indicator are provided by *antennaPort, dmrs-SeqInitialization, precodingAndNumberOfLayers*, and *srs-ResourceIndicator* respectively; When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2,* precoding information and number of layers (applicable when higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook') associated with the first and second SRS resource set is provided by *precodingAndNumberOfLayers and precodingAndNumberOfLayers2,* respectively, and SRS resource indicators associated with the first and second SRS resource sets are provided by *srs-ResourceIndicator* and *srs-ResourceIndicator2,* respectively. When both *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* and *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* are configured with two SRS resource sets, the two SRS resource sets configured by *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* is used to determine the SRS resource indications by *srs-ResourceIndicator* and *srs-ResourceIndicator2.*

- If two SRS resource sets with usage set to 'codebook' or 'noncodebook' are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList*, the two SRS resource sets are used to determine the SRS resource indications by *srs-ResourceIndicator* and *srs-ResourceIndicator2*.

- otherwise, the two SRS resource sets with usage set to 'codebook' or 'noncodebook' configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* are used to determine the SRS resource indications by *srs-ResourceIndicator* and *srs-ResourceIndicator2*.

- When frequency hopping is enabled, the frequency offset between two frequency hops can be configured by higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffset.*

- For Type 2 PUSCH transmissions with a configured grant: the resource allocation follows the higher layer configuration according to [10, TS 38.321], and UL grant received on the DCI.

- The PUSCH repetition type and the time domain resource allocation table are determined by the PUSCH repetition type and the time domain resource allocation table associated with the UL grant received on the DCI, respectively, as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1. The value of Koffset, if configured, is applied when determining the first transmission opportunity.

For PUSCH transmissions with a Type 1 or Type 2 configured grant, the number of (nominal) repetitions *K* to be applied to the transmitted transport block is provided by the indexed row in the time domain resource allocation table if *numberOfRepetitions* is present in the table; otherwise *K* is provided by the higher layer configured parameters *repK.* For a *configuredGrantConfig*, if a UE is configured with higher layer parameter [*nrofSlots\_InCGperiod*], the UE does not support repetition nor the TB processing over multiple slots for the *configuredGrantConfig*.

For PUSCH transmissions with a Type 2 configured grant, when two SRS resource sets are configured in srs-*ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2*, the SRS resource set association to (nominal) repetitions follows *MappingPattern* in *ConfiguredGrantConfig* as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 for PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 and 0\_2. For PUSCH transmissions with a Type 1 configured grant, when two SRS resource sets with usage set to 'codebook' or 'noncodebook' are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2*, if *p0-PUSCH-Alpha2* is provided, the SRS resource set association to (nominal) repetitions is determined as follows. When K = 2, the first and second SRS resource sets are applied to the first and second (nominal) repetitions, respectively.

- When K > 2 and *cyclicMapping* in *ConfiguredGrantConfig* is enabled, the first and second SRS resource sets are applied to the first and second (nominal) repetitions, respectively, and the same SRS resource set mapping pattern continues to the remaining (nominal) repetitions.

- When K > 2 and *sequentialMapping* in *ConfiguredGrantConfig* is enabled, first SRS resource set is applied to the first and second (nominal) repetitions, and the second SRS resource set is applied to the third and fourth (nominal) repetitions, and the same SRS resource set mapping pattern continues to the remaining (nominal) repetitions.

For PUSCH transmissions with a Type 1 configured grant, when two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2*, if configuredGrantConfig contains only one *pathlossReferenceIndex, p0-PUSCH-Alpha, powerControlLoopToUse,* *srs-ResourceIndicator* and *precodingAndNumberOfLayers* (applicable when higher layer parameter usage in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook'), PUSCH repetitions are associated only with the first SRS resource set.

If the UE is provided two SRS resource sets in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with *usage* set to 'codebook' or 'nonCodebook', and the UE is not provided *p0-PUSCH-Alpha2* and *powerControlLoopToUse2*, for a retransmission of a configured grant Type 1 PUSCH, or for activation or retransmission of a configured grant Type 2 PUSCH, scheduled by a DCI format that includes an SRS resource set indicator field, the UE expects the value of the SRS resource set indicator field to be set to '00', and PUSCH repetitions are associated only with the first SRS resource set.

The UE shall not transmit anything on the resources configured by *configuredGrantConfig* if the higher layers did not deliver a transport block to transmit on the resources allocated for uplink transmission without grant.

A set of allowed periodicities *P* are defined in [12, TS 38.331]. The higher layer parameter *cg-nrofSlots*, provides the number of consecutive slots allocated within a configured grant period. The higher layer parameter *cg-nrofPUSCH-InSlot* provides the number of consecutive PUSCH allocations within a slot, where the first PUSCH allocation follows the higher layer parameter *timeDomainAllocation* for Type 1 PUSCH transmission or the higher layer configuration according to [10, TS 38.321], and UL grant received on the DCI for Type 2 PUSCH transmissions, and the remaining PUSCH allocations have the same length and PUSCH mapping type, and are appended following the previous allocations without any gaps. The higher layer parameter *[nrofSlots\_InCGperiod]* provides the number of consecutive slots allocated within a configured grant period. The same combination of start symbol and length and PUSCH mapping type repeats over the consecutively allocated slots if *cg-nrofSlots* or [*nrofSlots\_InCGperiod*] is configured. If [*nrofSlots\_InCGperiod*] is configured, the PUSCH allocation in each consecutive slot follows the higher layer parameter *timeDomainAllocation* for Type 1 PUSCH transmission or the higher layer configuration according to [10, TS 38.321], and UL grant received in the DCI for Type 2 PUSCH transmissions. If a UE is configured with higher layer parameter [*nrofSlots\_InCGperiod*] in a *configuredGrantConfig*, the UE does not expect to be configured with *cg-nrofSlots* and *cg-nrofPUSCH-InSlot* in the *configuredGrantConfig*.

For operation with shared spectrum channel access, and when the higher layer parameter *semiStaticChannelAccessConfigUE* is not configured, where a UE is performing uplink transmission with configured grants in contiguous OFDM symbols on all resource blocks of an RB set, for the first such UL transmission the UE determines a duration of a cyclic prefix extension *Text* to be applied for transmission according to [4, TS 38.211] where the index for [4, TS 38.211] is chosen randomly from a set of values configured by higher layers according to the following rule:

- If the first such UL transmission is within a channel occupancy initiated by the gNB (defined in Clause 4 of [16, TS 37.213]), the set of values is determined by *cg-StartingFullBW-InsideCOT*;

- otherwise, the set of values is determined by *cg-StartingFullBW-OutsideCOT*.

For operation with shared spectrum channel access, and when the higher layer parameter *semiStaticChannelAccessConfigUE* is not configured, where a UE is performing uplink transmission with configured grants in contiguous OFDM symbols on fewer than all resource blocks of an RB set, for the first such UL transmission the UE determines a duration of a cyclic prefix extension *Text* to be applied for transmission according to [4, TS 38.211] according to the following rule:

- If the first such UL transmission is within a channel occupancy initiated by the gNB (defined in Clause 4 of [16, TS 37.213]), the index for [4, TS 38.211] is equal to *cg-StartingPartialBW-InsideCOT*;

- otherwise, the index for [4, TS 38.211] is equal to *cg-StartingPartialBW-OutsideCOT.*

##### 6.1.2.3.1 Transport Block repetition for uplink transmissions of PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant

The procedures described in this clause apply to PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition Type A with a Type 1 or Type 2 configured grant.

The higher layer parameter *repK-RV* defines the redundancy version pattern to be applied to the repetitions. If *cg-RetransmissionTimer* is provided, the redundancy version for uplink transmission with a configured grant is determined by the UE. If the parameter *repK-RV* is not provided in the *configuredGrantConfig* and *cg-RetransmissionTimer* is not provided, the redundancy version for uplink transmissions with a configured grant shall be set to 0. If the parameter *repK-RV* is provided in the *configuredGrantConfig* and *cg-RetransmissionTimer* is not provided, for the *n*th transmission occasion among *K* repetitions, *n*=1, 2, …, *K*, it is associated with *(mod(((n-mod(n, N))/N)-1,4)+1)th* value in the configured RV sequence, where *N*=1. If a configured grant configuration is configured with *startingFromRV0* set to *'off'*, the initial transmission of a transport block may only start at the first transmission occasion of the *K* repetitions. Otherwise, the initial transmission of a transport block may start at

- the first transmission occasion of the *K* repetitions if the configured RV sequence is {0,2,3,1},

- any of the transmission occasions of the *K* repetitions that are associated with RV=0 if the configured RV sequence is {0,3,0,3},

- any of the transmission occasions of the *K* repetitions if the configured RV sequence is {0,0,0,0}, except the last transmission occasion when *K≥8*.

When the transmission occasions are associated with the first and second SRS resource sets, if the parameter *repK-RV* is provided in the *configuredGrantConfig*, for the *n*th transmission occasion among alltransmission occasions that are associated with the SRS resource set of the first transmission occasion, it is associated with *(mod(n-1,4)+1)th* value in the configured RV sequence, and for the *n*th transmission occasion among alltransmission occasions that are not associated with the SRS resource set of the first transmission occasion, it is associated with *(mod(n-1,4)+1)th* value in the adjusted RV sequence and the adjustment is based on additional shifting operation on the configured RV sequence, where the shifting operation is defined as where is the *ith* RV value (*i*=1, 2, 3, 4) in the configured RV sequence and is configured by the higher layer parameter *sequenceOffsetforRV* in *configuredGrantConfig*. When the transmission occasions are associated with the first and second SRS resource sets, if a configured grant configuration is configured with *startingFromRV0* set to *'off'*, the initial transmission of a transport block may only start at the first transmission occasion of the *K* repetitions. Otherwise, the initial transmission of a transport block may start at

- the first transmission occasion associated with RV = 0 corresponding to the first or second SRS resource set of the *K* repetitions if the configured RV sequence is {0,2,3,1},

- any of the transmission occasions of the *K* repetitions that are associated with RV=0 if the configured RV sequence is {0,3,0,3},

- any of the transmission occasions of the *K* repetitions if the configured RV sequence is {0,0,0,0}, except the last transmission occasion when *K≥8*.

After the initial transmission of a transport block, later transmission occasions among the *K* repetitions associated with any RV value and associated to any of the first or second SRS resource set can be used for transmitting the transport block.

For any RV sequence, the repetitions shall be terminated after transmitting *K* repetitions, or at the last transmission occasion among the *K* repetitions within the period *P*, or from the starting symbol of the repetition that overlaps with a PUSCH with the same HARQ process scheduled by DCI format 0\_0, 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3, whichever is reached first. In addition, the UE shall terminate the repetition of a transport block in a PUSCH transmission if the UE receives a DCI format 0\_1 with DFI flag provided and set to '1', and if in this DCI the UE detects ACK for the HARQ process corresponding to that transport block.

The UE is not expected to be configured with the time duration for the transmission of *K* repetitions larger than the time duration derived by the periodicity *P*. If the UE determines that, for a transmission occasion, the number of symbols available for the PUSCH transmission in a slot is smaller than transmission duration *L*, the UE does not transmit the PUSCH in the transmission occasion.

For both Type 1 and Type 2 PUSCH transmissions with a configured grant, when *K >* 1*,*

- For unpaired spectrum:

- If *AvailableSlotCounting* is enabled, the UE shall repeat the TB across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission applying the same symbol allocation in each slot.

- A slot is not counted in the number of slots if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot overlaps with a DL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, or a symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

- Otherwise, the UE shall repeat the TB across the consecutive slots applying the same symbol allocation in each slot, except if the UE is provided with higher layer parameters *cg-nrofSlots* and *cg-nrofPUSCH-InSlot*, in which case the UE repeats the TB in the *repK* earliest consecutive transmission occasion candidates within the same configuration.

- For paired spectrum and SUL band:

- The UE shall repeat the TB across the consecutive slots applying the same symbol allocation in each slot, except if the UE is provided with higher layer parameters *cg-nrofSlots* and *cg-nrofPUSCH-InSlot*, in which case the UE repeats the TB in the *repK* earliest consecutive transmission occasion candidates within the same configuration.

- If *AvailableSlotCounting* is enabled, and in case of reduced capability half-duplex UE, the UE shall repeat the TB across the slots applying the same symbol allocation in each slot. A slot is not counted in the number of slots if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot does not start or end at least or , respectively, from the last or first symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

A Type 1 or Type 2 PUSCH transmission with a configured grant in a slot is omitted according to the conditions in Clause 9, Clause 11.1, Clause 11.2A, Clause 15 and Clause 17.2 of [6, TS 38.213].

##### 6.1.2.3.2 Transport Block repetition for uplink transmissions of PUSCH repetition Type B with a configured grant

The procedures described in this Clause apply to PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition type B with a Type 1 or Type 2 configured grant.

For PUSCH transmissions with a Type 1 or Type 2 configured grant, the nominal repetitions and the actual repetitions are determined according to the procedures for PUSCH repetition Type B defined in Clause 6.1.2.1. The higher layer configured parameters *repK-RV* defines the redundancy version pattern to be applied to the repetitions. If the parameter *repK-RV* is not provided in the *configuredGrantConfig*, the redundancy version for each actual repetition with a configured grant shall be set to 0. Otherwise, for the *n*th transmission occasion among all the actual repetitions (including the actual repetitions that are omitted) of the *K* nominal repetitions, it is associated with *(mod(((n-mod(n, N))/N)-1,4)+1)th* value in the configured RV sequence, where *N* = 1. If a configured grant configuration is configured with *startingFromRV0* set to 'off', the initial transmission of a transport block may only start at the first transmission occasion of the actual repetitions. Otherwise, the initial transmission of a transport block may start at

- the first transmission occasion of the actual repetitions if the configured RV sequence is {0,2,3,1},

- any of the transmission occasions of the actual repetitions that are associated with RV=0 if the configured RV sequence is {0,3,0,3},

- any of the transmission occasions of the actual repetitions if the configured RV sequence is {0,0,0,0}, except the actual repetitions within the last nominal repetition when *K≥8*.

When the transmission occasions are associated with the first and second SRS resource sets, if the parameter *repK-RV* is provided in the *configuredGrantConfig*, for the *n*th transmission occasion among allactual repetitions (including the actual repetitions that are omitted) that are associated with the SRS resource set of the first transmission occasion, it is associated with *(mod(n-1,4)+1)th* value in the configured RV sequence, and for the *n*th transmission occasion among all actual repetitions that are not associated with the SRS resource set of the first transmission occasion, it is associated with *(mod(n-1,4)+1)th* value in the adjusted RV sequence and the adjustment is based on additional shifting operation on the configured RV sequence, where the shifting operation is defined as where is the *ith* RV value (*i*=1, 2, 3, 4) in the configured RV sequence and is configured by the higher layer parameter *sequenceOffsetforRV* in *configuredGrantConfig*. When the transmission occasions are associated with the first and second SRS resource sets, if a configured grant configuration is configured with *startingFromRV0* set to *'off'*, the initial transmission of a transport block may only start at the first transmission occasion of the *K* repetitions. Otherwise, the initial transmission of a transport block may start at

- the first transmission occasion associated with RV = 0 corresponding to the first or second SRS resource set of the *K* repetitions if the configured RV sequence is {0,2,3,1},

- any of the transmission occasions of the *K* repetitions that are associated with RV=0 if the configured RV sequence is {0,3,0,3},

- any of the transmission occasions of the *K* repetitions if the configured RV sequence is {0,0,0,0}, except the last transmission occasion when *K≥8*.

After the initial transmission of a transport block, later transmission occasions among the *K* repetitions associated with any RV value and associated to any of the first or second SRS resource set can be used for transmitting the transport block.

For any RV sequence, the repetitions shall be terminated after transmitting K nominal repetitions, or at the last transmission occasion among the *K* nominal repetitions within the period *P*, or from the starting symbol of an actual repetition that overlaps with a PUSCH with the same HARQ process scheduled by DCI format 0\_0, 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3, whichever is reached first. The UE is not expected to be configured with the time duration for the transmission of *K* nominal repetitions larger than the time duration derived by the periodicity *P*.

##### 6.1.2.3.3 Transport Block repetition for uplink transmissions of TB processing over multiple slots with a configured grant

The procedures described in this clause apply to PUSCH transmissions of TB processing over multiple slots with a Type 2 configured grant.

The higher layer parameter *repK-RV* defines the redundancy version pattern to be applied to the repetitions. If the parameter *repK-RV* is not provided in the *configuredGrantConfig*, the redundancy version for uplink transmissions with a configured grant shall be set to 0. If the parameter *repK-RV* is provided in the *configuredGrantConfig*, the *n*th transmission occasion among transmissions occasions, *n*=0,1, …,  *-1*, is associated with *(mod((n-mod(n, N))/N,4)+1)th* value in the configured RV sequence. When *K*=1, or when *K*>1 and the configured grant configuration is configured with startingFromRV0 set to 'off', the initial transmission of the transport block may only start at the first transmission occasion of the transmission occasions. Otherwise, the initial transmission of the transport block may start at

- The first transmission occasion of the transmission occasions if the configured RV sequence is {0,2,3,1}.

- Any transmission occasion n associated with RV=0, and for which n mod N =0, if the configured RV sequence is {0,3,0,3} or {0,0,0,0}.

The UE is not expected to be configured with the time duration for transmissions larger than the time duration derived by the periodicity *P*. If the UE determines that, for a transmission occasion, the number of symbols available in a slot for the PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots is smaller than transmission duration *L*, the UE does not transmit the PUSCH in the transmission occasion.

For unpaired spectrum:

- The UE determines slots for a PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots with a Type 2 configured grant activated by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, based on *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon*, *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* and *ssb-PositionsInBurst*, and the TDRA information field value in the DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2.

- A slot is not counted in the number of slots for a PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots with a Type 2 configured grant activated by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot overlaps with a DL symbol indicated by *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* or *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* if provided, or a symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

For paired spectrum and SUL band:

- The UE determines consecutive slots for a PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots with a Type 2 configured grant activated by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, based on the TDRA information field value in the DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2.

- For the case of a reduced capability half-duplex UE, the UE determines slots for a PUSCH transmission of TB processing over multiple slots with a Type 2 configured grant activated by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, based on the TDRA information field value in the DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2. A slot is not counted in the number of slots if at least one of the symbols indicated by the indexed row of the used resource allocation table in the slot does not start or end at least or , respectively, from the last or first symbol of an SS/PBCH block with index provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst*.

For Type 2 PUSCH transmission with a configured grant of TB processing over multiple slots*,* the UE shall transmit the TB across the slots determined for the PUSCH transmission applying the same symbol allocation in each slot. A Type 2 PUSCH transmission with a configured grant of TB processing over multiple slots is omitted in a slot according to the conditions in Clause 9, Clause 11.1, Clause 11.2A, Clause 15 and Clause 17.2 of [6, TS 38.213].

### 6.1.3 UE procedure for applying transform precoding on PUSCH

For a PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant, or for a PUSCH scheduled by fallbackRAR UL grant, or for a PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, the UE shall consider the transform precoding either 'enabled' or 'disabled' according to the higher layer configured parameter *msg3-transformPrecoder.*

For a MsgA PUSCH, the UE shall consider the transform precoding either 'enabled' or 'disabled' according to the higher layer configured parameter *msgA-TransformPrecoder.* If higher layer parameter *msgA-TransformPrecoder* is not configured, the UE shall consider the transform precoding either 'enabled' or 'disabled' according to the higher layer configured parameter *msg3-transformPrecoder.*

For PUSCH transmission scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI with NDI=1, C-RNTI, or MCS-C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI:

- If the DCI with the scheduling grant was received with DCI format 0\_0, the UE shall, for this PUSCH transmission, consider the transform precoding either enabled or disabled according to the higher layer configured parameter *msg3-transformPrecoder*.

- If the DCI with the scheduling grant was not received with DCI format 0\_0

- If the DCI with the scheduling grant was received with DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-RNTI, or CS-RNTI with NDI=1 and if the UE is configured with a higher layer parameter [*dynamicTransformPrecoderIndicationDCI-0-1]* in *pusch-Config* for DCI format 0\_1 or [*dynamicTransformPrecoderIndicationDCI-0-2]* in *pusch-Config* for DCI format 0\_2 and the higher layer parameter is set to 'enabled',

- the UE shall, for this PUSCH transmission, consider the transform precoding either enabled or disabled according to the Transform precoder indicator field in the DCI with the scheduling grant.

- For *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* in *pusch-Config,* the UE shall, for all PUSCH transmissions, consider the transform precoding either enabled or disabled according to Transform precoder indicator field in the DCI format 0\_1 with the scheduling grant.

- If r*esourceAllocation* in *pusch-Config* for DCI format 0\_1 or *resourceAllocationDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* for DCI format 0\_2 is set to *resourceAllocationType0*, or if the resource allocation is set to resource allocation type 0 according to the DCI configuration as described in clauses 7.3.1.1.2 and 7.3.1.1.3 of [6, TS 38.212], or if *dmrs-Type* in *DMRS-UplinkConfig* is set to ‘type 2’ for this PUSCH transmission, the UE does not expect that the Transform precoder indicator field in the DCI with the scheduling grant indicates that transform precoding is enabled.

- If the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *enhanced-dmrs-Type-r18* in *DMRS-UplinkConfig*, and if the scheduling grant indicates that transform precoding is enabled for the scheduled PUSCH transmission, the UE ignores the higher layer parameters *enhanced-dmrs-Type-r18* in *DMRS-UplinkConfig*, if configured, for the DM-RS transmission of the scheduled PUSCH transmission.

- Otherwise,

- If the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *transformPrecoder* in *pusch-Config*, the UE shall, for this PUSCH transmission, consider the transform precoding either enabled or disabled according to this parameter.

- If the UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *transformPrecoder* in *pusch-Config*, the UE shall, for this PUSCH transmission, consider the transform precoding either enabled or disabled according to the higher layer configured parameter *msg3-transformPrecoder*.

For PUSCH transmission with a configured grant

- If the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *transformPrecoder* in *configuredGrantConfig*, the UE shall, for this PUSCH transmission, consider the transform precoding either enabled or disabled according to this parameter.

- If the UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *transformPrecoder* in *configuredGrantConfig*, the UE shall, for this PUSCH transmission, consider the transform precoding either enabled or disabled according to the higher layer configured parameter *msg3-transformPrecoder*.

### 6.1.4 Modulation order, redundancy version and transport block size determination

To determine the modulation order, target code rate, redundancy version and transport block size for the physical uplink shared channel, the UE shall first

- read the 5-bit modulation and coding scheme field in the DCI scheduling PUSCH or provided in a DCI activating a configured grant Type 2 PUSCH, or as provided by *mcsAndTBS* as described in Clause 6.1.2.3 for a configured grant Type 1 PUSCH to determine the modulation order  and target code rate (*R*) based on the procedure defined in Clause 6.1.4.1

- read redundancy version field (*rv*) in the DCI to determine the redundancy version for PUSCH scheduled by DCI, or determine the redundancy version according to Clause 6.1.2.3.1 for configured grant Type 1 and Type 2 PUSCH,

and second

- use the number of layers , the total number of allocated PRBs  to determine the transport block size based on the procedure defined in Clause 6.1.4.2.

When the UE is scheduled with multiple PUSCHs on a serving cell by a DCI, as described in clause 6.1.2.1, the bits of *rv* field and NDI field, respectively, in the DCI are one to one mapped to the scheduled PUSCH(s) indicated by the TDRA information field with the corresponding transport block(s) in the scheduled order where the LSB bits of the *rv* field and NDI field, respectively, correspond to the last scheduled PUSCH indicated by the TDRA information field.

Within a cell group, a UE is not required to handle PUSCH(s) transmissions in slot *sj* in serving cell-*j*, and for *j* = 0,1,2.. *J-1*, slot *sj* overlapping with any given point in time, if the following condition is not satisfied at that point in time:

,

where

*- J* is the number of configured serving cells belong to a frequency range

- for the *j-th* serving cell,

*- M* is the number of TB(s) transmitted in slot-*sj*. For PUSCH repetition Type B, each actual repetition is counted separately.

*- Tslotμ(j)* =10-3/2*μ(j*), where *μ(j)* is the numerology for PUSCH(s) in slot *sj* of the *j*-th serving cell.

- for the *m*-th TB,

*- A* is the number of bits in the transport block as defined in Clause 6.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

*- C* is the total number of code blocks for the transport block defined in Clause 5.2.2 [5, TS 38.212].

- is the number of scheduled code blocks for the transport block as defined in Clause 5.4.2.1 [5,38.212]

- [Mbps] is computed as the maximum data rate summed over all the carriers in the frequency range for any signaled band combination and feature set consistent with the configured servings cells, where the data rate value is given by the formula in Clause 4.1.2 in [13, TS 38.306], including the scaling factor *f(i).*

For a *j*-th serving cell, if higher layer parameter *processingType2Enabled* of *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* is configured for the serving cell and set to 'enable'*,* or if at least one *IMCS > W* for a PUSCH, where *W* = 28 for MCS tables 5.1.3.1-1 and 5.1.3.1-3, and *W* = 27 for MCS tables 5.1.3.1-2, 6.1.4.1-1, and 6.1.4.1-2, or if it is an actual repetition for PUSCH repetition Type B, the UE is not required to handle PUSCH transmissions, if the following condition is not satisfied:

where

- is the number of symbols assigned to the PUSCH

- *M* is the number of TB in the PUSCH

- where μ is the numerology of the PUSCH

- for the *m*-th TB,

- *A* is the number of bits in the transport block as defined in Clause 6.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

- *C* is the total number of code blocks for the transport block defined in Clause 5.2.2 [5, TS 38.212]

- is the number of scheduled code blocks for the transport block as defined in Clause 5.4.2.1 [5, TS 38.212]

- [Mbps] is computed as the maximum data rate for a carrier in the frequency band of the serving cell for any signaled band combination and feature set consistent with the serving cell, where the data rate value is given by the formula in Clause 4.1.2 in [13, TS 38.306], including the scaling factor *f(i)*

- each actual repetition for PUSCH repetition type B is treated as one PUSCH*.*

#### 6.1.4.1 Modulation order and target code rate determination

For a PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant or

for a PUSCH scheduled by a fallbackRAR UL grant or

for a MsgA PUSCH transmission, or

for a PUSCH scheduled by a DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, TC-RNTI, CS-RNTI, or

for a PUSCH scheduled by a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, SP-CSI-RNTI, or

for a PUSCH scheduled by a DCI format 0\_3 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or

for a PUSCH with configured grant using CS-RNTI, and

if transform precoding is disabled for this PUSCH transmission according to Clause 6.1.3

- if *mcs-TableDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* is set to 'qam256', and PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 0\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel;

- elseif the UE is not configured with MCS-C-RNTI, *mcs-TableDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* is set to 'qam64LowSE', and the PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH by a PDCCH with DCI format 0\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif *mcs-Table* in *pusch-Config* is set to 'qam256', and PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_3with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif the UE is not configured with MCS-C-RNTI, *mcs-Table* in *pusch-Config* is set to 'qam64LowSE', and the PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with a DCI format other than DCI format 0\_2 in a UE-specific search space with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif the UE is configured with MCS-C-RNTI, and the PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by MCS-C-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif *mcs-Table* in *configuredGrantConfig* is set to 'qam256',

- if PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI or

- if PUSCH is transmitted with configured grant

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif *mcs-Table* in *configuredGrantConfig* is set to 'qam64LowSE',

- if PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI or

- if PUSCH is transmitted with configured grant,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-3 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif for a MsgA PUSCH transmission,

- the UE shall use higher layer parameter *msgA-MCS* for *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-1 to determine the Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif the UE requests repetition of PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant [10, TS 38.321], when transmitting PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant,

- the 2 LSBs of the MCS information field of the RAR UL grant provide a codepoint to determine the MCS index *IMCS* according to Table 6.1.4.1-3, based on whether or not the higher layer parameter *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* is configured. The UE shall use the determined *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-1 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif the UE requests repetition of PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant [10, TS 38.321], when transmitting PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by the TC-RNTI,

- the 3 LSBs of the MCS information field of the DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by the TC-RNTI provide a codepoint to determine the MCS index *IMCS* according to Table 6.1.4.1-4, based on whether or not the higher layer parameter *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* is configured. The UE shall use the determined *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-1 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- else

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-1 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

else

- if *mcs-TableTransformPrecoderDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* is set to 'qam256', and PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 0\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1.-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif the UE is not configured with MCS-C-RNTI, *mcs-TableTransformPrecoderDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* is set to 'qam64LowSE', and the PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 0\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 6.1.4.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif *mcs-TableTransformPrecoder* in *pusch-Config* is set to 'qam256', and PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_3 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1.-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif the UE is not configured with MCS-C-RNTI, *mcs-TableTransformPrecoder* in *pusch-Config* is set to 'qam64LowSE', and the PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with a DCI format other than DCI format 0\_2 in a UE-specific search space with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI or SP-CSI-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 6.1.4.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif the UE is configured with MCS-C-RNTI, and the PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by MCS-C-RNTI,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 6.1.4.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif *mcs-TableTransformPrecoder* in *configuredGrantConfig* is set to 'qam256',

- if PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI or

- if PUSCH is transmitted with configured grant,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 5.1.3.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif *mcs-TableTransformPrecoder* in *configuredGrantConfig* is set to 'qam64LowSE',

- if PUSCH is scheduled by a PDCCH with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI or

- if PUSCH is transmitted with configured grant,

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 6.1.4.1-2 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif for a MsgA PUSCH transmission,

- the UE shall use higher layer parameter *MsgA-MCS* for *IMCS* and Table 6.1.4.1-1 to determine the Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- the UE shall use *q=2* for determining modulation order *Qm* in Table 6.1.4.1-1.

- elseif the UE requests repetition of PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant [10, TS 38.321], when transmitting PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant,

- the 2 LSBs of the MCS information field of the RAR UL grant provide a codepoint to determine the MCS index *IMCS* according to Table 6.1.4.1-3, based on whether or not the higher layer parameter *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* is configured. The UE shall use the determined *IMCS* and Table 6.1.4.1-1 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- elseif the UE requests repetition of PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant [10, TS 38.321], when transmitting PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by the TC-RNTI,

- the 3 LSBs of the MCS information field of the DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by the TC-RNTI provide a codepoint to determine the MCS index *IMCS* according to Table 6.1.4.1-4, based on whether or not the higher layer parameter *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* is configured. The UE shall use the determined *IMCS* and Table 6.1.4.1-1 to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

- else

- the UE shall use *IMCS* and Table 6.1.4.1-1to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical uplink shared channel.

end

For Table 6.1.4.1-1 and Table 6.1.4.1-2, if higher layer parameter *tp-pi2BPSK* is configured, *q* = 1 otherwise *q*=2.

Table 6.1.4.1-1: MCS index table for PUSCH with transform precoding and 64QAM

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MCS Index *IMCS* | Modulation Order  *Qm* | Target code Rate R x 1024 | Spectral  efficiency |
| **0** | q | 240/ q | 0.2344 |
| **1** | q | 314/ q | 0.3066 |
| **2** | 2 | 193 | 0.3770 |
| **3** | 2 | 251 | 0.4902 |
| **4** | 2 | 308 | 0.6016 |
| **5** | 2 | 379 | 0.7402 |
| **6** | 2 | 449 | 0.8770 |
| **7** | 2 | 526 | 1.0273 |
| **8** | 2 | 602 | 1.1758 |
| **9** | 2 | 679 | 1.3262 |
| **10** | ~~4~~ | 340 | 1.3281 |
| **11** | 4 | 378 | 1.4766 |
| **12** | 4 | 434 | 1.6953 |
| **13** | 4 | 490 | 1.9141 |
| **14** | 4 | 553 | 2.1602 |
| **15** | 4 | 616 | 2.4063 |
| **16** | 4 | 658 | 2.5703 |
| **17** | 6 | 466 | 2.7305 |
| **18** | 6 | 517 | 3.0293 |
| **19** | 6 | 567 | 3.3223 |
| **20** | 6 | 616 | 3.6094 |
| **21** | 6 | 666 | 3.9023 |
| **22** | 6 | 719 | 4.2129 |
| **23** | 6 | 772 | 4.5234 |
| **24** | 6 | 822 | 4.8164 |
| **25** | 6 | 873 | 5.1152 |
| **26** | 6 | 910 | 5.3320 |
| **27** | 6 | 948 | 5.5547 |
| **28** | q | reserved | |
| **29** | 2 | reserved | |
| **30** | 4 | reserved | |
| **31** | 6 | reserved | |

Table 6.1.4.1-2: MCS index table 2 for PUSCH with transform precoding and 64QAM

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| MCS Index *IMCS* | Modulation Order  *Qm* | Target code Rate R x 1024 | Spectral  efficiency |
| **0** | *q* | 60/*q* | 0.0586 |
| **1** | *q* | 80/*q* | 0.0781 |
| **2** | *q* | 100/*q* | 0.0977 |
| **3** | *q* | 128/*q* | 0.1250 |
| **4** | *q* | 156/*q* | 0.1523 |
| **5** | *q* | 198/*q* | 0.1934 |
| **6** | 2 | 120 | 0.2344 |
| **7** | 2 | 157 | 0.3066 |
| **8** | 2 | 193 | 0.3770 |
| **9** | 2 | 251 | 0.4902 |
| **10** | 2 | 308 | 0.6016 |
| **11** | 2 | 379 | 0.7402 |
| **12** | 2 | 449 | 0.8770 |
| **13** | 2 | 526 | 1.0273 |
| **14** | 2 | 602 | 1.1758 |
| **15** | 2 | 679 | 1.3262 |
| **16** | 4 | 378 | 1.4766 |
| **17** | 4 | 434 | 1.6953 |
| **18** | 4 | 490 | 1.9141 |
| **19** | 4 | 553 | 2.1602 |
| **20** | 4 | 616 | 2.4063 |
| **21** | 4 | 658 | 2.5703 |
| **22** | 4 | 699 | 2.7305 |
| **23** | 4 | 772 | 3.0156 |
| **24** | 6 | 567 | 3.3223 |
| **25** | 6 | 616 | 3.6094 |
| **26** | 6 | 666 | 3.9023 |
| **27** | 6 | 772 | 4.5234 |
| **28** | q | reserved | |
| **29** | 2 | reserved | |
| **30** | 4 | reserved | |
| **31** | 6 | reserved | |

Table 6.1.4.1-3: MCS index *IMCS* as a function of 2 LSBs of MCS information field in RAR UL grant

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions is configured* | |  | *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions is not configured* | |
| *Codepoint* | *IMCS* |  | Codepoint | *IMCS* |
| 00 | First value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 00 | 0 |
| 01 | Second value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 01 | 1 |
| 10 | Third value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 10 | 2 |
| 11 | Fourth value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 11 | 3 |

Table 6.1.4.1-4: MCS index *IMCS* as a function of 3 LSBs of MCS information field in DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by the TC-RNTI

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions is configured* | |  | *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions is not configured* | |
| *Codepoint* | *IMCS* |  | Codepoint | *IMCS* |
| 000 | First value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 000 | 0 |
| 001 | Second value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 001 | 1 |
| 010 | Third value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 010 | 2 |
| 011 | Fourth value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 011 | 3 |
| 100 | Fifth value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 100 | 4 |
| 101 | Sixth value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 101 | 5 |
| 110 | Seventh value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 110 | 6 |
| 111 | Eighth value of *mcs-Msg3-Repetitions* |  | 111 | 7 |

#### 6.1.4.2 Transport block size determination

For eight antenna ports PUSCH transmission, when the number of PUSCH transmission layers is greater than 4, two codewords are transmitted.

If the higher layer parameter *maxRank* or *maxMIMO-Layers* in *PUSCH-config* is greater than 4, then one of the two transport blocks is disabled by DCI format 0\_1 if *IMCS* = 26 and if *rvid* = 1 for the corresponding transport block. If both transport blocks are enabled, transport block 1 and 2 are mapped to codeword 0 and 1 respectively. If only one transport block is enabled, then the enabled transport block is always mapped to the first codeword.

For a PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant or

for a PUSCH scheduled by fallbackRAR UL grant or

for a PUSCH scheduled by a DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, TC-RNTI, CS-RNTI, or

for a PUSCH scheduled by a DCI format 0\_1 or DCI format 0\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, or

for a PUSCH scheduled by a DCI format 0\_3 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, MCS-C-RNTI, or

for a PUSCH transmission with configured grant, or

for a MsgA PUSCH transmission,

if

- and transform precoding is disabled and Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used, or

-  and transform precoding is disabled and a table other than Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used, or

-  and transform precoding is enabled, the UE shall first determine the TBS as specified below:

The UE shall first determine the number of REs (*NRE*) within the slot:

- A UE first determines the number of REs allocated for PUSCH within a PRB  by

- , where is the number of subcarriers in the frequency domain in a physical resource block,  is the number of symbols *L* of the PUSCH allocation according to Clause 6.1.2.1 for scheduled PUSCH or Clause 6.1.2.3 for configured PUSCH,  is the number of REs for DM-RS per PRB in the allocated duration including the overhead of the DM-RS CDM groups without data, as described for PUSCH with a configured grant in Clause 6.1.2.3 or as indicated by DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3 or as described for DCI format 0\_0 in Clause 6.2.2, and  is the overhead configured by higher layer parameter *xOverhead* in*PUSCH-ServingCellConfig*. If the  is not configured (a value from 6, 12, or 18), the  is assumed to be 0. For Msg3 or MsgA PUSCH transmission the  is always set to 0. In case of PUSCH repetition Type B,  is determined assuming a nominal repetition with the duration of *L* symbols without segmentation.

- A UE determines the total number of REs allocated for PUSCH  as follows

- For TB processing over multiple slots, where  is the total number of allocated PRBs for the UE and *N* is the number of slots used for TBS determination indicated by *numberOfSlotsTBoMS*.

- Otherwise, .

- Next, proceed with steps 2-4 as defined in Clause 5.1.3.2

- For a PUSCH scheduled by fallbackRAR UL grant, UE assumes the TB size determined by the UL grant in the fallbackRAR shall be the same as the TB size used in the corresponding MsgA PUSCH transmission.

else if

-  and transform precoding is disabled and Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used, or

-  and transform precoding is enabled,

- the TBS is assumed to be as determined from the DCI transported in the latest PDCCH for the same transport block using . If there is no PDCCH for the same transport block using , and if the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is scheduled by a RAR UL grant, the TBS shall be determined from the RAR UL grant. If there is no PDCCH for the same transport block using , and if the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is transmitted with configured grant,

- the TBS shall be determined from *configuredGrantConfig* for a configured grant Type 1 PUSCH.

- the TBS shall be determined from the most recent PDCCH scheduling a configured grant Type 2 PUSCH.

else

- the TBS is assumed to be as determined from the DCI transported in the latest PDCCH for the same transport block using . If there is no PDCCH for the same transport block using , and if the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is scheduled by a RAR UL grant, the TBS shall be determined from the RAR UL grant. If there is no PDCCH for the same transport block using , and if the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is transmitted with configured grant,

- the TBS shall be determined from *configuredGrantConfig* for a configured grant Type 1 PUSCH.

- the TBS shall be determined from the most recent PDCCH scheduling a configured grant Type 2 PUSCH.

### 6.1.5 Code block group based PUSCH transmission

If a UE is configured to transmit code block group (CBG) based transmissions by receiving the higher layer parameter *codeBlockGroupTransmission* in *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* on a serving cell in a PUCCH group, the UE does not expect to be configured with higher layer parameter *ScheduledCell-ListDCI-0-3* on any serving cell within the PUCCH group.

#### 6.1.5.1 UE procedure for grouping of code blocks to code block groups

If a UE is configured to transmit code block group (CBG) based transmissions by receiving the higher layer parameter *codeBlockGroupTransmission* in *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig*, the UE shall determine the number of CBGs for a transport block transmission as

,

where *N* is the maximum number of CBGs per transport block as configured by *maxCodeBlockGroupsPerTransportBlock* in *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig*, and *C* is the number of code blocks in the transport block according to the procedure defined in Clause 6.2.3 of [5, TS 38.212].

Define , , and .

If , CBG *m*, , consists of code blocks with indices . CBG *m*, , consists of code blocks with indices .

#### 6.1.5.2 UE procedure for transmitting code block group based transmissions

If a UE is configured to transmit code block group-based transmissions by receiving the higher layer parameter *codeBlockGroupTransmission* in *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig*,

- For an initial transmission of a TB as indicated by the '*New Data Indicator'* field of the scheduling DCI, the UE may expect that the *CBGTI* field indicates all the CBGs of the TB are to be transmitted, and the UE shall include all the code block groups of the TB.

- For a retransmission of a TB as indicated by the '*New Data Indicator'* field of the scheduling DCI, the UE shall include only the CBGs indicated by the *CBGTI* field of the scheduling DCI.

A bit value of '0' in the *CBGTI* field indicates that the corresponding CBG is not to be transmitted and '1' indicates that it is to be transmitted. The order of *CBGTI* field bits is such that the CBGs are mapped in order from CBG#0 onwards starting from the MSB.

### 6.1.6 Uplink switching

The UE may omit uplink transmission during the uplink switching gap if the conditions defined in this clause are met and the UE is configured with *uplinkTxSwitching*. The switching gap is indicated by UE capability *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriod2T2T* if *uplinkTxSwitching-2T-Mode* is configured, and *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriod* otherwise in clauses 6.1.6.1, 6.1.6.2.0, 6.1.6.3, and is determined based on UE capability *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriodForBandPair* in clause 6.1.6.2.2 for uplink switching with 3 or 4 uplink bands:

- If a UE indicated a capability for uplink switching with *BandCombination-UplinkTxSwitch* for a band combination, and if it is for that band combination

- Configured with a MCG using E-UTRA radio access and with a SCG using NR radio access (EN-DC), or

- Configured with uplink carrier aggregation, or

- Configured in a serving cell with two uplink carriers with higher layer parameter *supplementaryUplink*.

The conditions under which the switching gap may be present are defined for each of the cases in clauses 6.1.6.1, 6.1.6.2, and 6.1.6.3 respectively.

If an uplink switching is triggered for an uplink transmission starting at *T0*, after *T0-Toffset*, the UE is not expected to cancel the uplink switching, or to trigger any other new uplink switching occurring before *T0* for any other uplink transmission that is scheduled after *T0-Toffset*, where *Toffset* is the UE processing procedure time defined for the uplink transmission triggering the switch given in clause 5.3, clause 5.4, clause 6.2.1, clause 6.4 and in clause 9 of [6, TS 38.213].

The UE does not expect to perform more than one uplink switching in a slot with *µUL* = max(*µUL, 1, µUL, 2*), where the *µUL, 1* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the active UL BWP of one uplink carrier before the switching gap and the *µUL, 2* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the active UL BWP of the other uplink carrier after the switching gap.

For uplink switching configured with 3 or 4 uplink bands

- If two contiguous intra-band uplink carriers are configured to a UE, the UE may assume that the active UL BWPs of the two carriers are configured with the same subcarrier spacing.

- The UE does not expect to perform more than one uplink switching in a reference slot with *µUL*, where the *µUL* corresponds to the maximum subcarrier spacing of the active UL BWPs of all the configured uplink carriers.

- If 500 µs is determined by the UE capability *uplinkTxSwitchingMinimumSeparationTime*, when within any two consecutive reference slots corresponding to numerology *µUL*,

- the UE first performs one uplink switch and later performs another uplink switch and

- at least three bands are involved in the transmissions before the first switch, between the first switch and the second switch, and after the second switch,

the separation time between the start of all transmission(s) after the first switch and the start of all transmission(s) after the second switch is not expected to be less than 500 µs. If other than 500 µs is determined by the UE capability *uplinkTxSwitchingMinimumSeparationTime*, no additional restrictions apply.

- If an uplink switching is triggered for uplink transmission(s) with a gap between the start of the first uplink transmission(s) and the end of the last preceding uplink transmission(s) that is smaller than the determined switching gap , the UE determines the band of the switching period location, defined in [8, TS 38.101-1] based on the priority of the bands configured by *uplinkTxSwitchingBandList*. Among the bands either in switch-from or switch-to bands but not both, the switch is located on either,

- the switch-from band(s) if the highest priority band is a switch-to band, or

- the switch-to band(s) if the highest priority band is a switch-from band.

#### 6.1.6.1 Uplink switching for EN-DC

For a UE indicating a capability for uplink switching with *BandCombination-UplinkTxSwitch* for a band combination, and if it is for that band combination configured with a MCG using E-UTRA radio access and with a SCG using NR radio access (EN-DC), if the UE is configured with uplink switching with parameter *uplinkTxSwitching*,

- for the UE configured with *switchedUL* by the parameter *uplinkTxSwitchingOption*, when the UE is to transmit in the uplink based on DCI(s) received before or based on a higher layer configuration(s):

- when the UE is to transmit an NR uplink that takes place after an E-UTRA uplink on another uplink carrier then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the two carriers.

- when the UE is to transmit an E-UTRA uplink that takes place after an NR uplink on another uplink carrier then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the two carriers.

- the UE is not expected to transmit simultaneously on the NR uplink and the E-UTRA uplink. If the UE is scheduled or configured to transmit any NR uplink transmission overlapping with an E-UTRA uplink transmission, the NR uplink transmission is dropped,

- for the UE configured with *uplinkTxSwitchingOption* set to 'dualUL'*,* when the UE is to transmit in the uplink based on DCI(s) received before or based on a higher layer configuration(s):

- when the UE is to transmit an NR two-port uplink that takes place after an E-UTRA uplink on another uplink carrier then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the two carriers.

- when the UE is to transmit an E-UTRA uplink that takes place after an NR two-port uplink on another uplink carrier then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the two carriers.

- the UE is not expected to transmit simultaneously a two- port transmission on the NR uplink and the E-UTRA uplink.

- in all other cases the UE is expected to transmit normally all uplink transmissions without interruptions.

- when the UE is configured with *tdm-PatternConfig* or by *tdm-PatternConfig2*

- for the E-UTRA subframes designated as uplink by the configuration, the UE assumes the operation state in which one-port E-UTRA uplink can be transmitted.

- for the E-UTRA subframes other than the ones designated as uplink by the configuration, the UE assumes the operation state in which two-port NR uplink can be transmitted.

#### 6.1.6.2 Uplink switching for carrier aggregation

##### 6.1.6.2.0 Uplink switching with two uplink bands

For a UE indicating a capability for uplink switching with *BandCombination-UplinkTxSwitch* or *uplinkTxSwitchingPeriod2T2T* for a band combination, and if it is for that band combination configured with uplink carrier aggregation:

- If the UE is configured with uplink switching with parameter *uplinkTxSwitching*, when the UE is to transmit in the uplink based on DCI(s) received before or based on a higher layer configuration(s):

- When the UE is to transmit a 2-port transmission on one uplink carrier on one band and if the preceding uplink transmission is a 1-port transmission on another uplink carrier on another band, then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the carriers.

- When the UE is to transmit a 1-port transmission on one uplink carrier on one band and if the preceding uplink transmission is a 2-port transmission on another uplink carrier on another band, then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the carriers.

- For the UE configured with *uplinkTxSwitchingOption* set to 'switchedUL', when the UE is to transmit a 1-port transmission on one uplink carrier on one band and if the preceding uplink transmission was a 1-port transmission on another uplink carrier on another band, then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the carriers.

- For the UE configured with *uplinkTxSwitchingOption* set to 'dualUL', when the UE is to transmit a 2-port transmission on one uplink carrier on one band and if the preceding uplink transmission was a 1-port transmission on a carrier on the same band and the UE is under the operation state in which 2-port transmission cannot be supported in the same band, then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the carriers.

- For the UE configured with *uplinkTxSwitchingOption* set to 'dualUL', when the UE is to transmit a 1-port transmission on one uplink carrier on one band and if the preceding uplink transmission was a 1-port transmission on another uplink carrier on another band and the UE is under the operation state in which 2-port transmission can be supported in the same band, then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the carriers.

- For the UE configured with *uplinkTxSwitchingOption* set to 'dualUL', if the UE is configured with *uplinkTxSwitching-DualUL-TxState* set to 'oneT', when the UE is under the operation state in which 2-port transmission can be supported on one carrier on one band followed by no transmission on any carrier on the same band and 1-port transmission on the other carrier on another band the UE shall consider this as if 1-port transmission was transmitted on both uplinks, otherwise the UE shall consider this as if 2-port transmission took place on the transmitting carrier.

- If *uplinkTxSwitching-2T-Mode* is configured, when the UE is to transmit a 2-port transmission on one uplink carrier on one band and if the preceding uplink transmission is a 2-port transmission on another uplink carrier on another band, then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of on any of the carriers.

- The UE is not expected to be scheduled or configured with uplink transmissions that result in simultaneous transmission on two antenna ports on one uplink carrier on one band, and any transmission on another uplink carrier on another band.

- In all other cases the UE is expected to transmit normally all uplink transmissions without interruptions.

##### 6.1.6.2.1 void

##### 6.1.6.2.2 Uplink switching with 3 or 4 uplink bands

For a UE indicating a capability for uplink switching with *BandCombination-UplinkTxSwitch* for a band combination, and if it is for that band combination configured with uplink carrier aggregation with 3 or 4 bands, the behaviour in subclause 6.1.6.2.0 applies when the two bands involved in the uplink switching belong to different uplink serving cells, and the behavior in subclause 6.1.6.3 applies when the two bands involved in the uplink switching belong to one uplink serving cell, with the following exceptions:

- If more than two bands are involved in the determination of one uplink switching and if on any two of the bands the UE is configured with *switchingOptionConfigForBandPair* set to 'dualUL',

- When the UE is to transmit a 2-port transmission on one uplink carrier on the 1st band and if the preceding uplink transmission was a 1-port transmission on a carrier on the 2nd and/or 3rd band and the UE is under the operation state in which 1-port transmission can be supported in the 2nd and 3rd band, then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of *N*Tx1-Tx2 on any of the carriers, where *N*Tx1-Tx2 is the switching gap defined in [8, TS 38.101-1].

- When the UE is to transmit a 1-port transmission on one uplink carrier on the 1st band and the 2nd band, and if the preceding uplink transmission was a 1-port or 2-port transmission on a carrier on the 3rd band and the UE is under the operation state in which 2-port transmission can be supported on the 3rd band, then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of *N*Tx1-Tx2 on any of the carriers, where *N*Tx1-Tx2 is the switching gap defined in [8, TS3 8.101-1].

- When the UE is to transmit a 1-port transmission on one uplink carrier on the 1st band and the 2nd band, and if the preceding uplink transmission was a 1-port transmission on a carrier on the 1st band and/or the 3rd band and the UE is under the operation state in which 1-port transmission can be supported in the 1st and 3rd band, if UE indicates *maintainedUL-Trans* for the 1st band for band pair{the 2nd band, the 3rd band} then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of *N*Tx1-Tx2 on any of the carriers on the 2nd band and the 3rd band, otherwise then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of *N*Tx1-Tx2 on any of the carriers , where *N*Tx1-Tx2 is the switching gap defined in [8, TS 38.101-1].

- When the UE is to transmit a 1-port transmission on one uplink carrier on the 1st band and the 2nd band, and if the preceding uplink transmission was a 1-port transmission on a carrier on the 3rd band and/or the 4th band and the UE is under the operation state in which 1-port transmission can be supported in the 3rd and 4th band, then the UE is not expected to transmit for the duration of *N*Tx1-Tx2 on any of the carriers, where *N*Tx1-Tx2 is theswitching gap defined in [8, TS 38.101-1].

- The UE is not expected to be scheduled or configured to transmit on more than two uplink bands at any given time.

- If the UE indicated a *uplinkTxSwitchingOptionForBandPair* set to ‘DualUL’, or ‘Both’ for a band pair in the band combination, the UE can be configured with *switchingOptionConfigForBandPair* set to 'dualUL' for that band pair.

- If the UE indicated a *uplinkTxSwitchingOptionForBandPair* set to ‘SwitchedUL’, or ‘Both’ for a band pair in the band combination, the UE can be configured with *switchingOptionConfigForBandPair* set to 'switchedUL' for that band pair.

- If the UE is configured with *uplinkTxSwitching-DualUL-TxState* set to 'oneT', when the UE is under the operation state in which 1-port transmission can be supported on one carrier on the 1st band and the 2nd band followed by no transmission on any carrier on these two bands and 1-port transmission on the other carrier on the 3rd band the UE shall consider this as if 1-port transmission was transmitted on the 3rd band and the band associated with the 3rd band as configured by *associatedBand*, otherwise the UE shall consider this as if 2-port transmission took place on the transmitting carrier. Even if all cells in a band are deactivated, that does not invalidate the associated band configuration that is indicating the band as associated band for the other band(s) for the definition in clause 6.1.6.

- If the UE is configured with *uplinkTxSwitching-DualUL-TxState* set to 'oneT', if a band in the band combination is not configured as dualUL for any band pair it belongs to, when the UE is to transmit a 1-port transmission on a carrier on the band the UE shall consider this as if 2-port transmission took place on the transmitting carrier.

#### 6.1.6.3 Uplink switching with two uplink bands for supplementary uplink

For a UE indicating a capability for uplink switching with *BandCombination-UplinkTxSwitch* for a band combination, and if it is for that band combination configured in a serving cell with two uplink carriers with higher layer parameter *supplementaryUplink*:

- If the UE is configured with uplink switching with parameter *uplinkTxSwitching*,

- If the UE is to transmit any uplink channel or signal on a different uplink on a different band from the preceding transmission occasion based on DCI(s) received before or based on a higher layer configuration(s), then the UE assumes that an uplink switching is triggered in a duration of switching gap , where is the start time of the first symbol of the transmission occasion of the uplink channel or signal and is the preparation procedure time of the transmission occasion of the uplink channel or signal given in clause 5.3, clause 5.4, clause 6.2.1, clause 6.4 and in clause 9 of [6, TS 38.213], respectively. During the switching gap , the UE is not expected to transmit on any of the two uplinks.

- In all other cases the UE is expected to transmit normally all uplink transmissions without interruptions.

### 6.1.7 UE procedure for determining time domain windows for bundling DM-RS

For PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, PUSCH repetition Type B and TB processing over multiple slots, when *pusch-DMRS-Bundling* is enabled, and for PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, when *PUCCH-DMRS-Bundling* is enabled, the UE determines one or multiple nominal TDWs, as follows:

- For PUSCH transmissions of repetition Type A, PUSCH repetition Type B and TB processing over multiple slots, the duration of each nominal TDW except the last nominal TDW, in number of consecutive slots, is:

- Given by *pusch-TimeDomainWindowLength*, if configured.

- Computed as min (*maxDurationDMRS-Bundling*, M), if *pusch-TimeDomainWindowLength* is not configured, where *maxDurationDMRS-Bundling* is maximum duration for a nominal TDW subject to UE capability [13, TS 38.306], M is the time duration in consecutive slots of PUSCH transmissions, and where:

- For PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition Type A, N=1 and K is the number of repetitions, as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 or in Clause 6.1.2.3.

- For PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition Type B, N=1 and K is the number of nominal repetitions, as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 or in Clause 6.1.2.3.

- For PUSCH transmissions of TB processing over multiple slots, N is the number of slots used for TBS determination and K is the number of repetitions of the number of slots N used for TBS determination, as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 or in Clause 6.1.2.3.

- For PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, the duration of each nominal TDW except the last nominal TDW, in number of consecutive slots, is:

- Given by *pucch-TimeDomainWindowLength*, if configured.

- Computed as min (*maxDurationDMRS-Bundling*, M), if *pucch-TimeDomainWindowLength* is not configured, where *maxDurationDMRS-Bundling* is maximum duration for a nominal TDW subject to UE capability [13, TS 38.306], M is the time duration in consecutive slots from the first slot determined for PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition to the last slot determined for PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition according to clause 9.2.6 of [6, TS 38.213].

- For PUSCH transmission of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 and PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, when *AvailableSlotCounting* is enabled, and for TB processing over multiple slots:

- The start of the first nominal TDW is the first slot determined for the first PUSCH transmission.

- The end of the last nominal TDW is the last slot determined for the last PUSCH transmission.

- The start of any other nominal TDWs is the first slot determined for PUSCH transmission after the last slot determined for PUSCH transmission of a previous nominal TDW.

- For PUSCH transmissions of a PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2 and PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, when the UE is not configured with *AvailableSlotCounting* or when *AvailableSlotCounting* is disabled, and for PUSCH repetition type B:

- The start of the first nominal TDW is the first slot for the first PUSCH transmission.

- The end of the last nominal TDW is the last slot for the last PUSCH transmission.

- The start of any other nominal TDWs is the first slot after the last slot of a previous nominal TDW.

- For PUCCH transmissions of a PUCCH repetition:

- The start of the first nominal TDW is the first slot determined for the first PUCCH transmission.

- The end of the last nominal TDW is the last slot determined for the last PUCCH transmission.

- The start of any other nominal TDWs is the first slot determined for PUCCH transmission after the last slot determined for PUCCH transmission of a previous nominal TDW.

For PUSCH transmissions of a PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, PUSCH repetition Type B and TB processing over multiple slots, a nominal TDW consists of one or multiple actual TDWs. The UE determines the actual TDWs as follows:

- The start of the first actual TDW is the first symbol of the first PUSCH transmission in a slot for PUSCH transmission of PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots within the nominal TDW.

- The end of an actual TDW is

- The last symbol of the last PUSCH transmission in a slot for PUSCH transmission of PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots within the nominal TDW, if the actual TDW reaches the end of the last PUSCH transmission within the nominal TDW.

- The last symbol of a PUSCH transmission before the event, if an event occurs which causes power consistency and phase continuity not to be maintained across PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots within the nominal TDW, and the PUSCH transmission is in a slot for PUSCH transmission of PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots.

- When *pusch-WindowRestart* is enabled, the start of a new actual TDW is the first symbol of the PUSCH transmission after the event which causes power consistency and phase continuity not to be maintained across PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots within the nominal TDW, and the PUSCH transmission is in a slot for PUSCH transmission of PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots.

For PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, a nominal TDW consists of one or multiple actual TDWs. The UE determines the actual TDWs as follows:

- The start of the first actual TDW is the first symbol of the first PUCCH transmission in a slot determined for PUCCH transmission within the nominal TDW.

- The end of an actual TDW is

- The last symbol of the last PUCCH transmission in a slot determined for transmission of the PUCCH within the nominal TDW, if the actual TDW reaches the end of the last PUCCH transmission within the nominal TDW.

- The last symbol of a PUCCH transmission before the event, if an event occurs which causes power consistency and phase continuity not be maintained across PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition within the nominal TDW, and the PUCCH transmission is in a slot determined for transmission of the PUCCH.

- When *pucch-WindowRestart* is enabled, the start of a new actual TDW is the first symbol of the PUCCH transmission after the event which causes power consistency and phase continuity not to be maintained across PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition within the nominal TDW, and the PUCCH transmission is in a slot determined for transmission of the PUCCH.

Events which cause power consistency and phase continuity not to be maintained across PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots, or PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, within the nominal TDW, are:

- A downlink slot or downlink reception or downlink monitoring based on *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* and *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationDedicated* for unpaired spectrum.

- The gap between any two consecutive PUSCH transmissions, or the gap between any two consecutive PUCCH transmissions, exceeds 13 symbols for normal cyclic prefix or exceeds 11 symbols for extended cyclic prefix.

- The gap between any two consecutive PUSCH transmissions, or the gap between any two consecutive PUCCH transmissions, does not exceed 13 symbols but other uplink transmissions are scheduled between the two consecutive PUSCH transmissions or the two consecutive PUCCH transmissions.

- For PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition type A, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots, a dropping or cancellation of a PUSCH transmission according to clause 9, clause 11.1 and clause 11.2A of [6, TS 38.213].

- For PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, a dropping or cancellation of a PUCCH transmission according to clause 9, clause 9.2.6 and clause 11.1 of [6, TS 38.213].

- For any two consecutive PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition type A, or PUSCH repetition type B, and when two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook' or 'noncodebook', a different SRS resource set association is used for the two PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition type A, or PUSCH repetition type B, according to Clause 6.1.2.1.

- For any two consecutive PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, and when a PUCCH resource used for repetitions of a PUCCH transmission by a UE includes first and second spatial relations or first and second sets of power control parameters, as described in [10, TS 38.321] and in clause 7.2.1 of [6, TS 38.213], different spatial relations or different power control parameters are used for the two PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, according to Clause 9.2.6 of [6, TS 38.213].

- Uplink timing adjustment in response to a timing advance command according to clause 4.2 of [6, TS 38.213].

- Frequency hopping.

- For reduced capability half-duplex UEs,

- a dropping or cancellation of a PUSCH or PUCCH transmission according to clause 17.2 of [6, TS 38.213] or

- an overlapping of the gap between two consecutive PUSCH or two consecutive PUCCH transmissions and any symbol of downlink reception or downlink monitoring

The UE shall maintain power consistency and phase continuity within an actual TDW, across PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots, or across PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, in case the actual TDW is created in response to frequency hopping, or in response to the use of a different SRS resource set association for the two PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition type A, or PUSCH repetition type B, or in response to the use of different spatial relations or different power control parameters for the two PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, or in response to any event not triggered by DCI or MAC-CE. The UE maintains power consistency and phase continuity within an actual TDW, across PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or 0\_2, or PUSCH repetition Type A with a configured grant, or PUSCH repetition type B or TB processing over multiple slots, or across PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, in case the actual TDW is created in response to an event triggered by DCI other than frequency hopping or the use of a different SRS resource set association for the two PUSCH transmissions of PUSCH repetition type A, or PUSCH repetition type B, or the use of different spatial relations or different power control parameters for the two PUCCH transmissions of PUCCH repetition, or in response to an event triggered by MAC-CE, subject to UE capability. of *dmrs-BundlingRestart* [13, TS 38.306] and when *pusch-WindowRestart* or *pucch-WindowRestart* is enabled.

## 6.2 UE reference signal (RS) procedure

### 6.2.1 UE sounding procedure

The UE may be configured with one or more Sounding Reference Signal (SRS) resource sets as configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-ResourceSet* or *SRS-PosResourceSet*. For each SRS resource set configured by *SRS-ResourceSet*, a UE may be configured with SRS resources (higher layer parameter *SRS-Resource*), where the maximum value of K is indicated by UE capability[13, 38.306]. When SRS resource set is configured with the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResourceSet,* a UE may be configured with *K* ≥1 SRS resources (higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource*), where the maximum value of K is 16. The SRS resource set applicability is configured by the higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet.* When the higher layer parameter *usage* is set to 'beamManagement'*,* only one SRS resource in each of multiple SRS resource sets may be transmitted at a given time instant, but the SRS resources in different SRS resource sets with the same time domain behaviour in the same BWP may be transmitted simultaneously.

During non-active periods of cell DRX, the UE configured with cell DRX is not expected to transmit the periodic SRS, or semi-persistent SRS for channel acquisition. SRS for positioning is not impacted by cell DRX operation.

For the SRS resource set(s) configured *in srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* set to '*antennaSwitching*' or '*beamManagement*', the UE expects the same SRS resource set(s) with the same *usage* being configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList.*

When the UE is configured *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *ul-TCI-StateList,* the UE can assume that SRS resource(s) in any SRS resource set, except SRS resource set for positioning and an SRS resource set configured with *followUnifiedTCI-StateSRS*, can be configured with *TCI-State* or *TCI-UL-State* or updated as described in clause 6.1.3.59 or 6.1.3.60 of [10, TS 38.321]. The reference RS in the *TCI-State* can be a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*, or a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*. The reference RS in the *TCI-UL-State*(s) can be a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*, a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info*, an SRS resource with the higher layer parameter *usage* set to 'beamManagement', or SS/PBCH block associated with the same or different PCI from the PCI of the serving cell.

If an SRS resource set, except an SRS resource set for positioning, is configured with *followUnifiedTCI-StateSRS*, the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource(s) within the SRS resource set according to the spatial relation, if applicable, with a reference to the RS used for determining UL TX spatial filter. The RS is determined based on an RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' in *QCL-Info* of the indicated *TCI-State* or an RS in the indicated *TCI-UL-State*. The reference RS in the indicated *TCI-State* can be a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*, or a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info.* The reference RS in the indicated *TCI-UL-State* can be a CSI-RS resource in a *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *repetition*, a CSI-RS resource in an *NZP-CSI-RS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *trs-Info,* an SRS resource with the higher layer parameter *usage* set to 'beamManagement', or SS/PBCH block associated with the same or different PCI from the PCI of the serving cell.

When the UE is configured *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *TCI-UL-State* and is having two indicated TCI-States or TCI-UL-States, and if the UE is configured with [[*followUnifiedTCI-StateSRS]]* to*,* a periodic, semi-persistent or aperiodic SRS resource set with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to '*codebook*', '*nonCodebook*' or '*antennaSwitching*' or to an aperiodic SRS resource set with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to '*beamManagement*'

- The UE may be configured by higher layer parameter *applyIndicatedTCIState* to the SRS resource set to indicate whether the UE shall apply the first or the second indicated *TCI-State* or *TCI-UL-State* to the SRS resource set.

- When a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*, the first and second indicated *TCI-States* or *TCI-UL-States* correspond to the indicated *TCI-States* or *TCI-UL-States* specific to *coresetPoolIndex* value 0 and value 1, respectively.

- When a UE is configured by higher layer parameter *PDCCH-Config* that contains two different values of *coresetPoolIndex* in *ControlResourceSet*, and the aperiodic SRS resource set which is not configured with higher layer parameter *applyIndicatedTCIState* and the aperiodic SRS resource set is triggered by PDCCH on a CORESET associated with a *coresetPoolIndex* value, the UE shall apply the indicated *TCI-State* or *TCI-UL-State* specific to the *coresetPoolIndex* value to the aperiodic SRS resource set.

- When two SRS resource sets with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook' or 'nonCodebook' are configured, the UE does not expectthat the first indicated *TCI-State* or *TCI-UL-State* is applied to the second SRS resource set and that the second indicated *TCI-State* or *TCI-UL-State* is applied to the first SRS resource set.

For aperiodic SRS at least one state of the DCI field is used to select at least one out of the configured SRS resource set(s).

The following SRS parameters are semi-statically configurable by higher layer parameter *SRS-Resource* or *SRS-PosResource*.

- *srs-ResourceId* or *SRS-PosResourceId* determines SRS resource configuration identity.

- Number of SRS ports, as defined by the higher layer parameter *nrofSRS-Ports* and described in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. If not configured, *nrofSRS-Ports* is 1.

*-* Time domain behaviour of SRS resource configuration as indicated by the higher layer parameter *resourceType*, which may be periodic, semi-persistent, aperiodic SRS transmission as defined in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211].

- Slot level periodicity and slot level offset as defined by the higher layer parameters *periodicityAndOffset-p* or *periodicityAndOffset-sp* for an SRS resource of type periodic or semi-persistent. The UE is not expected to be configured with SRS resources in the same SRS resource set *SRS-ResourceSet* or *SRS-PosResourceSet* with different slot level periodicities. For an *SRS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *resourceType* set to 'aperiodic', a slot level offset is defined by the higher layer parameter *slotOffset.* For an *SRS-ResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter *resourceType* set to 'aperiodic', a list of up to four different available slot offset values from the reference slot *n* + *k* to the slot where the aperiodic SRS resource set is transmitted where *n* is the slot with triggering DCI and *k* is *slotOffset,* can be configured by the higher layer parameter *availableSlotOffsetList.* The parameter *availableSlotOffsetList* can be configured up to 4 different values*.* For an *SRS-PosResourceSet* configured with higher layer parameter r*esourceType* set to 'aperiodic', the slot level offset is defined by the higher layer parameter *slotOffset* for each SRS resource.

- Support of time division mapping subsets of ports of the SRS resource into *S* symbols (*S=2)*, as defined by the higher layer parameter [*tdm*], where the SRS ports are evenly distributed in two consecutive symbols over the symbols in a slot for the SRS resource according to clause 6.4.1.4.2 in [4, TS 38.211]. This applies when the SRS resource set is configured with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to '*codebook*', or '*antennaSwitching*', and *nrofSRS-Ports* is set to '*n8*'.

- Comb offset hopping pattern with repetition, as defined by the higher layer parameter [*combOffsetHoppingWithRepetition*], where the parameter can be set to either '[per-symbol]' or '[per-R-repetition]' subject to UE capability. When the parameter is set to '[per-symbol]', the comb offset hopping pattern is determined by the symbol index, and the comb offset hopping pattern is determined by the symbol index of the first symbol of the repetition when the parameter is set to '[per-R-repetition]' according to clause 6.4.1.4.3 in [4, TS 38.211].

- Number of OFDM symbols in the SRS resource, starting OFDM symbol of the SRS resource within a slot including repetition factor R as defined by the higher layer parameter *resourceMapping* and described in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. If *R* is not configured for positioning SRS, then *R* is equal to the number of OFDM symbols in the SRS resource.

- SRS bandwidth and , as defined by the higher layer parameter *freqHopping* and described in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. If not configured, then= 0.

- Frequency hopping bandwidth , as defined by the higher layer parameter *freqHopping* and described in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. If not configured, then = 0.

- Defining partial frequency sounding factor and start RB index for partial frequency sounding as defined by the higher layer parameters *FreqScalingFactor* PF and *StartRBIndex k*F, respectively, and described in Clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. If not configured, then *P*F = 1 and *k*F,= 0.

- Defining start RB index hopping for partial frequency sounding in different SRS frequency hopping periods for aperiodic/periodic/semi-persistent SRS based on the hopping pattern *k*hop as described in clause 6.4.1.4.3 in [4, TS 38.211. If not configured, then start RB hopping is not enabled and *k*hop is fixed to be 0 for all SRS symbols.

- Defining frequency domain position and configurable shift, as defined by the higher layer parameters *freqDomainPosition* and *freqDomainShift*, respectively, and described in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. If *freqDomainPosition* is not configured, *freqDomainPosition* is zero.

- Cyclic shift, as defined by the higher layer parameter *cyclicShift-n2*, *cyclicShift-n4, or cyclicShift-n8* for transmission comb value 2, 4 or 8, and described in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. When cyclic shift hopping is configured by the higher layer parameter [*cyclicShiftHopping*] for an SRS resource in an SRS resource set with the usage configured as '*antennaSwitching*' or 'codebook', subject to UE capabilities, cyclic shift is updated at every symbol as described in [clause 6,4,1,4 of [4, TS 38.211]]. For the cyclic shift hopping, a UE can be configured with a subset of cyclic shifts by the higher layer parameter [*cyclicShiftHoppingSubset*], where the cyclic shift hopping is performed only across the cyclic shifts configured in the subset. For the cyclic shift hopping, a UE can be configured with finer hopping granularity by the higher layer parameter [*hoppingFinerGranularity*]*.* The UE is not expecting that [*hoppingFinerGranularity*] and [*cyclicShiftHoppingSubset*] are configured simultaneously for an SRS resource. The UE is not expecting that the cyclic shift hopping and the higher layer parameter [*tdm*] are configured simultaneously for an SRS resource.

- Transmission comb value, as defined by the higher layer parameter *transmissionComb* described in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211].

- Transmission comb offset, as defined by the higher layer parameter *combOffset-n2*, *combOffset-n4,* and *combOffset-n8* for transmission comb value 2, 4, or 8, and described in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. When comb offset hopping is configured by the higher layer parameter [*combOffsetHopping*] for an SRS resource in an SRS resource set with the usage configured as '*antennaSwitching*' or 'codebook', subject to UE capabilities, transmission comb offset(s) are updated as described in [clause 6,4,1,4 of [4, TS 38.211]]. For the comb offset hopping, a UE can be configured with a subset of comb offsets by the higher layer parameter [c*ombOffsetHoppingSubset*], where the comb offset hopping is performed only across the comb offsets configured in the subset. The UE is not expecting that the comb offset hopping and the higher layer parameter [*tdm*] are configured simultaneously.

- SRS sequence ID, as defined by the higher layer parameter *sequenceId* in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211].

- SRS cyclic shift and/or comb offset hopping ID, as defined by the higher layer parameter [*hoppingID*]

- The configuration of the spatial relation between a reference RS and the target SRS, where the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo* or *spatialRelationInfoPos*, if configured, contains the ID of the reference RS. The reference RS may be an SS/PBCH block, CSI-RS configured on serving cell indicated by higher layer parameter *servingCellId* if present, same serving cell as the target SRS otherwise, or an SRS configured on uplink BWP indicated by the higher layer parameter *uplinkBWP*, and serving cell indicated by the higher layer parameter *servingCellId* if present, same serving cell as the target SRS otherwise. When the target SRS is configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResourceSet*, the reference RS may also be a DL PRS configured on a serving cell or a non-serving cell indicated by the higher layer parameter *dl-PRS*, or an SS/PBCH block of a non-serving cell indicated by the higher layer parameter *ssb-Ncell*. If the UE is configured with *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *ul-TCI-StateList*, the reference RS may additionally be an SS/PBCH block associated with a PCI different from the PCI of the serving cell.

The UE may be configured by the higher layer parameter *resourceMapping* in *SRS-Resource* with an SRS resource occupying  adjacent OFDM symbols within the last 6 symbols of the slot, or at any symbol location within the slot if *resourceMapping-r16* is provided subject to UE capability, where all antenna ports of the SRS resources are mapped to each symbol of the resource. When the SRS is configured with the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResourceSet* the higher layer parameter *resourceMapping-r16* in *SRS-PosResource* indicates an SRS resource occupying adjacent symbols anywhere within the slot. When the SRS is configured with the higher layer parameter *SRS-ResourceSet,* the higher layer parameter *resourceMapping-r17* in *SRS-Resource* indicates an SRS resource occupying adjacent symbols anywhere within the slot. is divisible by, where *S = 2* when [tdm] is configured and *S = 1* otherwise, and *R* is the repetition factor.

If a PUSCH with a priority index 0 and SRS configured by *SRS-Resource* are transmitted in the same slot on a serving cell, the UE may only be configured to transmit SRS after the transmission of the PUSCH and the corresponding DM-RS.

If a PUSCH transmission with a priority index 1 or a PUCCH transmission with a priority index 1 would overlap in time with an SRS transmission on a serving cell, the UE does not transmit the SRS in the overlapping symbol(s).

For a UE configured with one or more SRS resource configuration(s), and when the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-Resource* or *SRS-PosResource* is set to 'periodic':

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo, spatialRelationInfo-PDC* or *spatialRelationInfoPos* containing the ID of a reference'ssb-Index', 'ssb-IndexServing', or 'ssb-IndexNcell', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference SS/PBCH block, if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo, spatialRelationInfo-PDC* or *spatialRelationInfoPos* contains the ID of a reference 'csi-RS-Index' or 'csi-RS-IndexServing', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference periodic CSI-RS or of the reference semi-persistent CSI-RS, if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo, spatialRelationInfo-PDC* or *spatialRelationInfoPos* containing the ID of a reference 'srs' or 'srs-spatialRelation', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the transmission of the reference periodic SRS. When the SRS is configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* and if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfoPos* contains the ID of a reference 'dl-PRS', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference DL PRS. When the SRS is configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-Resource* and if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo-PDC* contains the ID of a reference 'dl-PRS-PDC', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference DL PRS for RTT-based propagation delay compensation according to clause 9.

For a UE configured with one or more SRS resource configuration(s), and when the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-Resource* or *SRS-PosResource* is set to 'semi-persistent':

- when a UE receives an activation command, as described in clause 6.1.3.17 or 6.1.3.36 of [10, TS 38.321], for an SRS resource, and when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the activation command, the corresponding actions in [10, TS 38.321] and the UE assumptions on SRS transmission corresponding to the configured SRS resource set shall be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH. The activation command also contains spatial relation assumptions provided by a list of references to reference signal IDs, one per element of the activated SRS resource set. When the SRS is configured with the higher layer parameter *SRS-ResourceSet*, each ID in the list refers to a reference SS/PBCH block, NZP CSI-RS resource configured on serving cell indicated by *Resource Serving Cell ID* field in the activation command if present, same serving cell as the SRS resource set otherwise, or SRS resource configured on serving cell and uplink bandwidth part indicated by Resource *Serving Cell ID* field and *Resource BWP ID* field in the activation command if present, same serving cell and bandwidth part as the SRS resource set otherwise. When the SRS is configured with the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResourceSet*, each ID in the list of reference signal IDs may refer to a reference SS/PBCH block on a serving or non-serving cell indicated by *PCI* field in the activation command, NZP CSI-RS resource configured on serving cell indicated by *Resource Serving Cell ID* field in the activation command if present, same serving cell as the SRS resource set otherwise, SRS resource configured on serving cell and uplink bandwidth part indicated by Resource *Serving Cell ID* field and *Resource BWP ID* field in the activation command if present, same serving cell and bandwidth part as the SRS resource set otherwise, or DL PRS resource of a serving or non-serving cell associated with a *dl-PRS-ID* indicated by *DL-PRS ID* field in the activation command.

- if an SRS resource in the activated resource set is configured with the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo* or *spatialRelationInfoPos*, the UE shall assume that the ID of the reference signal in the activation command overrides the one configured in *spatialRelationInfo* or *spatialRelationInfoPos.*

- when a UE receives a deactivation command [10, TS 38.321] for an activated SRS resource set, and when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the deactivation command, the corresponding actions in [10, TS 38.321] and UE assumption on cessation of SRS transmission corresponding to the deactivated SRS resource set shall apply starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH.

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo* or *spatialRelationInfoPos* containing the ID of a reference 'ssb-Index', 'ssb-IndexServing', or 'ssb-IndexNcell' the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference SS/PBCH block, if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo* or *spatialRelationInfoPos* contains the ID of a reference 'csi-RS-Index' or 'csi-RS-IndexServing', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference periodic CSI-RS or of the reference semi-persistent CSI-RS, if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo* or *spatialRelationInfoPos* contains the ID of a reference 'srs' or 'srs-SpatialRelation', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the transmission of the reference periodic SRS or of the reference semi-persistent SRS. When the SRS is configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResourceSet* and if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfoPos* contains the ID of a reference 'dl-PRS', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference DL PRS.

If the UE has an active semi-persistent SRS resource configuration and has not received a deactivation command, the semi-persistent SRS configuration is considered to be active in the UL BWP which is active, otherwise it is considered suspended.

For a UE configured with one or more SRS resource configuration(s), and when the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-Resource* or *SRS-PosResource* is set to 'aperiodic':

- the UE receives a configuration of SRS resource sets,

- the UE receives a downlink DCI, a group common DCI, or an uplink DCI based command where a codepoint of the DCI may trigger one or more SRS resource set(s). For SRS in a resource set with usage set to 'codebook' or 'antennaSwitching', the minimal time interval between the last symbol of the PDCCH triggering the aperiodic SRS transmission and the first symbol of SRS resource is *N2*  symbols and an additional time duration *Tswitch*. Otherwise, the minimal time interval between the last symbol of the PDCCH triggering the aperiodic SRS transmission and the first symbol of SRS resource is *N2* +14 symbols and an additional time duration *Tswitch*. The minimal time interval unit of OFDM symbol is counted based on the minimum subcarrier spacing given by min(*µPDCCH, µUL*) where *µUL* is given by min(*µUL,carrier1, µUL,carrier2, µSRS*) when the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *uplinkTxSwitchingOption* set to 'dualUL' for uplink carrier aggregation, and by *µSRS*otherwise. *µSRS* and *µPDCCH*are the subcarrier spacing configurations for triggered SRS and PDCCH carrying the triggering command respectively.

- *Tswitch*, *µUL,carrier1* and *µUL,carrier2* are defined in clause 6.4.

- A UE reporting its UE capability 'srs-TriggeringDCI' can be indicated with DCI 0\_1 and 0\_2 to trigger aperiodic SRS without data and without CSI as described in clause 7.3.1.1 of [5, TS 38.212]. Otherwise, except for DCI format 0\_1/0\_2 with CRC scrambled by SP-CSI-RNTI, a UE is not expected to receive a DCI format 0\_1/0\_2 with UL-SCH indicator of "0" and CSI request of all zero(s) as described in clause 7.3.1.1 of [5, TS 38.212].

- If the UE receives the DCI triggering aperiodic SRS in slot *n* and at least one resource set is configured with parameter *availableSlotOffset* across all configured BWPs in a component carrier except when SRS is configured with the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource*,

- If ca-*SlotOffset* is configured, the UE transmits aperiodic SRS in each of the triggered SRS resource set(s) in the (*t* + 1)-th available slot counting from slot ,

- otherwise the UE transmits aperiodic SRS in each of the triggered SRS resource set(s) in the (t + 1)-th available slot counting from slot , where

*- k* is configured via higher layer parameter *slotOffset* for each triggered SRS resources set and is based on the subcarrier spacing of the triggered SRS transmission, *µSRS* and *µPDCCH* are the subcarrier spacing configurations for triggered SRS and PDCCH carrying the triggering command, respectively;

*-*  and are the  and the, respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell receiving the PDCCH,  and  are the  and the, respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell transmitting the SRS, as defined in [4, TS 38.211] clause 4.5.

- An available slot is a slot satisfying there are UL or flexible symbol(s) for the time-domain location(s) for all the SRS resources in the resource set and it satisfies UE capability on the minimum timing requirement between triggering PDCCH and all the SRS resources in the resource set. From the first symbol carrying the SRS request DCI to the last symbol of the triggered SRS resource set, UE does not expect to receive SFI indication, UL cancellation indication or dynamic scheduling of DL channel/signal(s) on flexible symbol(s) that may change the determination of available slot.

*- t* is configured via higher layer parameter *availableSlotOffsetList* with up to four different valuesof *AvailableSlotOffset* for each triggered SRS resources set and it is based on the subcarrier spacing of the triggered SRS transmission. When one or more SRS resource sets across all configured BWPs in a component carrier are configured, and at least one resource set is configured with *availableSlotOffsetList* parameter of more than one values, the indicated value of *t* is indicated by SOI field in DCI scheduling PUSCH/PDSCH and DCI 0\_1/0\_2 without data and without CSI request described in [5, TS 38.212]. The UE shall apply indicated value *t* specificallyfor those sets with configured *availableSlotOffsetList* parameter. When one or more SRS resource sets across all configured BWPs in a component carrier are configured and at least one resource set is configured with *availableSlotOffsetList* parameter, and the *availableSlotOffsetList* parameter for each SRS resource set has only one value, the UE shall apply the configured value specificallyfor those sets with configured *availableSlotOffsetList* parameter. For SRS resource set configured with *availableSlotOffsetList* parameter, each of resource set is configured with *K* values of *AvailableSlotOffset*. For SRS resource set configured without *availableSlotOffsetList* parameter, *t* = 0 is applied for the resource set.

- If the UE receives the DCI triggering aperiodic SRS in slot *n* and none of the resource sets is configured with parameter *availableSlotOffsetList* across all configured BWPs in a component carrier except when SRS is configured with the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource*

- if the UE is configured with *ca-SlotOffset* for at least one of the triggered and triggering cell, the UE transmits aperiodic SRS in each of the triggered SRS resource set(s) in slot *,*

- otherwise, the UE transmits aperiodic SRS in each of the triggered resource set(s) in slot , where is a parameter configured by higher layer as specified in clause 4.2 of [6 TS 38.213], and where

*- k* is configured via higher layer parameter *slotOffset* for each triggered SRS resources set and is based on the subcarrier spacing of the triggered SRS transmission, *µSRS* and *µPDCCH* are the subcarrier spacing configurations for triggered SRS and PDCCH carrying the triggering command respectively;

*-* is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1.

- and are the and the, respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell receiving the PDCCH, and are the  and the , respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell transmitting the SRS, as defined in [4, TS 38.211] clause 4.5.

- If the UE receives the DCI triggering aperiodic SRS in slot *n* and when SRS is configured with the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource*, the UE transmits every aperiodic SRS resource in each of the triggered SRS resource set(s) in slot , if UE is configured with ca-SlotOffset for at least one of the triggered and triggering cell, , otherwise, where is a parameter configured by higher layer as specified in clause 4.2 of [6 TS 38.213], and where

*- k* is configured via higher layer parameter *slotOffset* for each aperiodic SRS resource in each triggered SRS resources set and is based on the subcarrier spacing of the triggered SRS transmission, *µSRS* and *µPDCCH* are the subcarrier spacing configurations for triggered SRS and PDCCH carrying the triggering command respectively;

*-*  is the subcarrier spacing configuration for with a value of 0 for frequency range 1.

- and are the and the, respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell receiving the PDCCH, and are the  and the , respectively, which are determined by higher-layer configured ca-SlotOffset for the cell transmitting the SRS, as defined in [4, TS 38.211] clause 4.5.

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo* or *spatialRelationInfoPos* containing the ID of a reference 'ssb-Index', 'ssb-IndexServing' or 'ssb-IndexNcell', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference SS/PBCH block, if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo* or *spatialRelationInfoPos* contains the ID of a reference 'csi-RS-Index' or 'csi-RS-IndexServing', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference periodic CSI-RS or of the reference semi-persistent CSI-RS, or of the latest reference aperiodic CSI-RS. If the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo* or *spatialRelationInfoPos* contains the ID of a reference 'srs' or 'srs-SpatialRelation', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the transmission of the reference periodic SRS or of the reference semi-persistent SRS or of the reference aperiodic SRS. When the SRS is configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResourceSet* and if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfoPos* contains the ID of a reference 'dl-PRS', the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource with the same spatial domain transmission filter used for the reception of the reference DL PRS.

- when a UE receives an spatial relation update command, as described in clause 6.1.3.26 of [10, TS 38.321], for an SRS resource configured with the higher layer parameter *SRS-Resource*, and when the HARQ-ACK corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the update command is transmitted in slot *n*, the corresponding actions in [10, TS 38.321] and the UE assumptions on updating spatial relation for the SRS resource shall be applied for SRS transmission starting from the first slot that is after slot where ** is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH. The update command contains spatial relation assumptions provided by a list of references to reference signal IDs, one per element of the updated SRS resource set. Each ID in the list refers to a reference SS/PBCH block, NZP CSI-RS resource configured on serving cell indicated by *Resource Serving Cell ID* field in the update command if present, same serving cell as the SRS resource set otherwise, or SRS resource configured on serving cell and uplink bandwidth part indicated by *Resource* *Serving Cell ID* field and *Resource BWP ID* field in the update command if present, same serving cell and bandwidth part as the SRS resource set otherwise. When the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'antennaSwitching', the UE shall not expect to be configured with different spatial relations for SRS resources in the same SRS resource set.

The UE is not expected to be configured with different time domain behavior for SRS resources in the same SRS resource set. The UE is also not expected to be configured with different time domain behavior between SRS resource and associated SRS resources set.

For operation in the same carrier, the UE is not expected to be configured on overlapping symbols with a SRS resource configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* and a SRS resource configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-Resource* with *resourceType* of both SRS resources as 'periodic'.

For operation in the same carrier, the UE is not expected to be activated or triggered to transmit SRS on overlapping symbols with a SRS resource configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* and a SRS resource configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-Resource* with *resourceType* of both SRS resources as 'semi-persistent' or 'aperiodic'.

For operations in the same carrier, the UE is not expected to be configured on overlapping symbols with more than one SRS resources configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* with *resourceType* of the SRS resources as 'periodic'.

For operations in the same carrier, the UE is not expected to be activated or triggered to transmit SRS on overlapping symbols with more than one SRS resources configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* with *resourceType* of the SRS resources as 'semi-persistent' or 'aperiodic'.

For intra-band and inter-band CA operations, a UE can simultaneously transmit more than one SRS resource configured by *SRS-PosResource* on different CCs, subject to UE's capability

For intra-band and inter-band CA operations, a UE can simultaneously transmit more than one SRS resource configured by *SRS-PosResource* and *SRS-Resource* on different CCs, subject to UE's capability.

The SRS request field [5, TS38.212] in DCI format 0\_1, 1\_1, 0\_2 (if SRS request field is present), 1\_2 (if SRS request field is present), 0\_3, 1\_3 indicates the triggered SRS resource set given in Table 7.3.1.1.2-24 of [5, TS 38.212]. The 2-bit SRS request field in DCI format 2\_3 indicates the triggered SRS resource set given in clause 7.3 of [5, TS 38.212] and defined by the entries of the higher layer parameter *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-TPC-PDCCH-Group* set to 'typeB', or indicates the SRS transmission on a set of serving cells configured by higher layers if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-TPC-PDCCH-Group* set to 'typeA'.

For PUCCH and SRS on the same carrier, a UE shall not transmit SRS when semi-persistent or periodic SRS is configured in the same symbol(s) with PUCCH carrying only CSI report(s), or only L1-RSRP report(s), or only L1-SINR report(s). A UE shall not transmit SRS when semi-persistent or periodic SRS is configured or aperiodic SRS is triggered to be transmitted in the same symbol(s) with PUCCH carrying HARQ-ACK, link recovery request (as defined in clause 9.2.4 of [6, 38.213]) and/or SR. In the case that SRS is not transmitted due to overlap with PUCCH, only the SRS symbol(s) that overlap with PUCCH symbol(s) are dropped. PUCCH shall not be transmitted when aperiodic SRS is triggered to be transmitted to overlap in the same symbol with PUCCH carrying semi-persistent/periodic CSI report(s) or semi-persistent/periodic L1-RSRP report(s) only, or only L1-SINR report(s).

In case of intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, or in inter-band or intra-band non-contiguous CA band combination if simultaneous SRS and PUCCH/PUSCH transmissions are not supported by UE, the UE is not expected to be indicated with a SRS transmission from a carrier and to be configured or scheduled with a PUSCH/UL DM-RS/UL PT-RS/PUCCH transmission from a different carrier in the same symbol.

In case of intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, or in inter-band CA band combination if simultaneous SRS and PRACH transmissions are not supported by UE, or in case of intra-band non-contiguous CA band combination if the UE is not configured with higher layer parameter *intraBandNC-PRACH-simulTx-r17,* the UE shall not transmit simultaneously SRS resource(s) from a carrier and PRACH from a different carrier.

In case of intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, or in inter-band CA band combination if simultaneous SRS and MsgA transmissions are not supported by UE, the UE shall not transmit simultaneously SRS resource(s) from a carrier and MsgA from a different carrier.

In case a SRS resource with *resourceType* set as 'aperiodic' is triggered on the OFDM symbol(s) configured with periodic/semi-persistent SRS transmission, the UE shall transmit the aperiodic SRS resource and only the periodic/semi-persistent SRS symbol(s) overlapping within the symbol(s) are dropped, while the periodic/semi-persistent SRS symbol(s) that are not overlapped with the aperiodic SRS resource are transmitted. In case a SRS resource with *resourceType* set as 'semi-persistent' is triggered on the OFDM symbol(s) configured with periodic SRS transmission, the UE shall transmit the semi-persistent SRS resource and only the periodic SRS symbol(s) overlapping within the symbol(s) are dropped, while the periodic SRS symbol(s) that are not overlapped with the semi-persistent SRS resource are transmitted.

When the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'antennaSwitching', and a guard period of Y symbols is configured according to Clause 6.2.1.2, the UE shall use the same priority rules as defined above during the guard period as if SRS was configured.

When a *spatialRelationInfo* is activated/updated for a semi-persistent or aperiodic SRS resource configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-Resource* by a MAC CE for a set of CCs/BWPs, where the applicable list of CCs provided by higher layer parameter *simultaneousSpatial-UpdatedList1* or *simultaneousSpatial-UpdatedList2* is determined by the indicated CC in the MAC CE, the *spatialRelationInfo* is applied for the semi-persistent or aperiodic SRS resource(s) with the same SRS resource ID for all the BWPs in the determined CCs.

When the higher layer parameter *enableDefaultBeamPL-ForSRS* is set 'enabled', and if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfo* for the SRS resource, except for the SRS resource with the higher layer parameter *usage* in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'beamManagement' or for the SRS resource with the higher layer parameter *usage* in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'nonCodebook' with configuration of *associatedCSI-RS* or for the SRS resource configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResourceSet*, or *dl-OrJointTCI-StateList* or *ul-TCI-StateList* is not configured in frequency range 2 and if the UE is not configured with higher layer parameter(s) *pathlossReferenceRS*, and if the UE is not configured with different values of coresetPoolIndex in ControlResourceSets, and is not provided at least one TCI codepoint mapped with two TCI states, the UE shall transmit the target SRS resource in an active UL BWP of a CC,

- according to the spatial relation, if applicable, with a reference to the RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' corresponding to the QCL assumption of the CORESET with the lowest *controlResourceSetId* in the active DL BWP in the CC. If the CORESET is activated with two TCI states, *sfnSchemePdcch* is configured and the UE supports *sfn-DefaultUL-BeamSetup-r17*, UE shall use the first TCI state as the QCL assumption.

- according to the spatial relation, if applicable, with a reference to the RS configured with *qcl-Type* set to 'typeD' in the activated TCI state with the lowest ID applicable to PDSCH in the active DL BWP of the CC if the UE is not configured with any CORESET in the active DL BWP of the CC.

For a SRS resource, if the higher layer parameters [*tdm*] or [combOffsetHopping] are configured, the corresponding UE SRS frequency hopping procedure is specified in clause 6.4.1.4.3 of [4, TS 38.211]. If for a SRS resource the higher layer parameters [*tdm*] and [combOffsetHopping] are not configured, the UE SRS frequency hopping procedure is specified in clause 6.4.1.4.3 of [4, TS 38.211] and in clause 6.2.1.1.

#### 6.2.1.1 UE SRS frequency hopping procedure

For a given SRS resource, the UE is configured with repetition factor R∈{1,2,4} or R∈{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,10,12,14} by higher layer parameter *resourceMapping* in *SRS-Resource* where *R*≤*Ns*. When frequency hopping within an SRS resource in each slot is not configured (*R=Ns*), each of the antenna ports of the SRS resource in each slot is mapped in all the  symbols to the same set of subcarriers in the same set of PRBs. When frequency hopping within an SRS resource in each slot is configured without repetition (*R=1*), according to the SRS hopping parameters , and defined in clause 6.4.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211], each of the antenna ports of the SRS resource in each slot is mapped to different sets of subcarriers in each OFDM symbol, where the same transmission comb value is assumed for different sets of subcarriers. When both frequency hopping and repetition within an SRS resource in each slot are configured (*Ns*≥ *4, R* ≥ *2*), each of the antenna ports of the SRS resource in each slot is mapped to the same set of subcarriers within each set of R adjacent OFDM symbols, and frequency hopping across the sets is according to the SRS hopping parameters , and , where should be divisible by .

For operation with shared spectrum channel access in FR1, the UE does not expect that multiple hops of an SRS resource transmission are in different RB sets.

A UE may be configured adjacent symbol aperiodic SRS resource with intra-slot frequency hopping within a bandwidth part, where the full hopping bandwidth is sounded with an equal-size subband across  symbols when frequency hopping is configured with *R=1*. A UE may be configured *Ns*≥ *4* adjacent symbols aperiodic SRS resource with intra-slot frequency hopping within a bandwidth part, where the full hopping bandwidth is sounded with an equal-size subband across sets of *R* adjacent OFDM symbols, when frequency hopping is configured with *R* ≥ *2, Ns*≥ *R* and *Ns*should be divisible by *R*. Each of the antenna ports of the SRS resource is mapped to the same set of subcarriers within each set of R adjacent OFDM symbols of the resource.

A UE may be configured symbol periodic or semi-persistent SRS resource with inter-slot hopping within a bandwidth part, where the SRS resource occupies the same symbol location in each slot. A UE may be configured symbol periodic or semi-persistent SRS resource with intra-slot and inter-slot hopping within a bandwidth part, where the SRS resource occupies the same symbol location(s) in each slot. For *Ns*≥ *4*, when frequency hopping is configured with *R* ≥ *2*, intra-slot and inter-slot hopping is supported with each of the antenna ports of the SRS resource mapped to different sets of subcarriers across sets of *R* adjacent OFDM symbol(s) of the resource in each slot, where should be divisible by *R*. Each of the antenna ports of the SRS resource is mapped to the same set of subcarriers within each set of *R* adjacent OFDM symbols of the resource in each slot. For *Ns= R*, when frequency hopping is configured, inter-slot frequency hopping is supported with each of the antenna ports of the SRS resource mapped to the same set of subcarriers in *R* adjacent OFDM symbol(s) of the resource in each slot.

#### 6.2.1.2 UE sounding procedure for DL CSI acquisition

When the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set as 'antennaSwitching', the UE may be configured with only one of the following configurations depending on the indicated UE capability *supportedSRS-TxPortSwitch* ('t1r2' for 1T2R, 't1r1-t1r2' for 1T=1R/1T2R, 't2r4' for 2T4R, 't1r4' for 1T4R, 't1r1-t1r2-t1r4' for 1T=1R/1T2R/1T4R, 't1r4-t2r4' for 1T4R/2T4R, 't1r1-t1r2-t2r2-t2r4' for 1T=1R/1T2R/2T=2R/2T4R, 't1r1-t1r2-t2r2-t1r4-t2r4' for 1T=1R/1T2R/2T=2R/1T4R/2T4R, 't1r1' for 1T=1R, 't2r2' for 2T=2R, 't1r1-t2r2' for 1T=1R/2T=2R, 't4r4' for 4T=4R, or 't1r1-t2r2-t4r4' for 1T=1R/2T=2R/4T=4R) or the UE may be configured with only one of the following configurations depending on the indicated UE capability *supportedSRS-TxPortSwitchBeyond4Rx* ('t1r1' for 1T=1R, 't2r2' for 2T=2R, 't1r2' for 1T2R, 't4r4' for 4T=4R, 't2r4' for 2T4R, 't1r4' for 1T4R, 't2r6' for 2T6R, 't1r6' for 1T6R, 't4r8' for 4T8R, 't2r8' for 2T8R, 't1r8' for 1T8R) or the UE may be configured with the following configurations depending on the indicated UE capability [*newUECapabilitySupporting8T8R*]:

- For 1T2R, if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic* and/or *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS*:

- when the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic* only, then up to two SRS resource sets with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'semi-persistent' and up to one SRS resource set with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' can be configured, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with a different value for the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* can be configured, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time, each SRS resource set has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of the second resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port than the SRS port of the first resource in the same set.

- when the UE is indicating *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS* only, then up to two SRS resource sets with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' and up to one SRS resource set with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' or 'semi-persistent' can be configured, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with a different value for the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* can be configured. In the case of two resource sets with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic', a total of two SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port and the two sets are each configured with one SRS resource. In the case of the one resource set with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' is configured, a total of two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols of one slot and where the SRS port of the second resource in the given set is associated with a different UE antenna port than the SRS port of the first resource in the same set. Each SRS resource set with 'resourceType' in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' or 'semi-persistent' has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of the second resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port than the SRS port of the first resource in the same set.

- zero or one or two SRS resource sets configured with different value of *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' or 'semi-persistent' if the UE is not indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with resourceType in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'semi-persistent' and up to one SRS resource set configured with resourceType in SRS-ResourceSet set to 'periodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time. An SRS resource set has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of the second resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port than the SRS port of the first resource in the same set, and

- zero or one SRS resource set with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' if the UE is not indicating *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS*, where in the case of one resource set, a total of two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols of one slot and where the SRS port of the second resource in the given set is associated with a different UE antenna port than the SRS port of the first resource in the same set. In the case of two resource sets, a total of two SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port. The two sets are each configured with one SRS resource, or

- otherwise, for 1T2R, up to two SRS resource sets configured with a different value for the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set, where each set has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of the second resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port than the SRS port of the first resource in the same set, or

- For 2T4R, if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic* and/or *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS*:

- when the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic* only, then up to two SRS resource sets with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'semi-persistent' and up to one SRS resource set with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' can be configured, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with a different value for the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* can be configured, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time, each SRS resource set has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the second resource is associated with a different UE antenna port pair than the SRS port pair of the first resource.

- when the UE is indicating *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS* only, then up to two SRS resource sets with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' and up to one SRS resource set with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' or 'semi-persistent' can be configured, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with a different value for the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* can be configured. In the case of two resource sets with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic', a total of two SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, the SRS port pair of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port pair and the two sets are each configured with one SRS resource. In the case of one resource set with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' is configured, a total of two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols in the same slot, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the second resource is associated with a different UE antenna port pair than the SRS port pair of the first resource. Each SRS resource set with 'resourceType' in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' or 'semi-persistent' has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the second resource is associated with a different UE antenna port pair than the SRS port pair of the first resource.

- zero or one or two SRS resource sets configured with a different value for the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' or 'semi-persistent' if the UE is not indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'semi-persistent' and up to one SRS resource set configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time. Each SRS resource set has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the second resource is associated with a different UE antenna port pair than the SRS port pair of the first resource, and,

- zero or one SRS resource set configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' if the UE is not indicating *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS*, where in the case of one resource set, a total of two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols in the same slot, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the second resource is associated with a different UE antenna port pair than the SRS port pair of the first resource. In the case of two resource sets, a total of two SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, the SRS port pair of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port pair. The two sets are each configured with one SRS resource, or

- otherwise, for 2T4R, up to two SRS resource sets configured with a different value for the higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet*, where each SRS resource set has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the second resource is associated with a different UE antenna port pair than the SRS port pair of the first resource, or

- For 1T4R, if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic* and/or *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS* and/or *srs-OneAP-SRS*,

- zero or one SRS resource set configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' or 'semi-persistent' if the UE is not indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to '*semi-persistent*' and up to one SRS resource set configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to '*periodic*' if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time. Each SRS resource set has four SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of each resource is associated with a different UE antenna port, and

- zero or two SRS resource sets each configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic', if the UE is not indicating *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS* or *srs-OneAP-SRS*, or zero or one or two or four SRS resource sets each configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS* and *srs-OneAP-SRS*, or zero or two or four SRS resource sets each configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-ExtensionAperiodicSRS* only, or zero or one or two SRS resource sets each configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-OneAP-SRS* only. In the case of one resource set, a total of four SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols in the same slot, and the SRS port of each resource in the given set is associated with a different UE antenna port. In the case of two resource sets, a total of four SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, and the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port. The two sets are each configured with two SRS resources, or one set is configured with one SRS resource and the other set is configured with three SRS resources. In the case of four resource sets, a total of four SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of four different slots, and the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given four sets is associated with a different UE antenna port. The four sets are each configured with one SRS resource. The UE shall expect that the value of the higher layer parameter *aperiodicSRS-ResourceTrigger* or the value of an entry in *AperiodicSRS-ResourceTriggerList* in each *SRS-ResourceSet* is the same, and the value of the higher layer parameter *slotOffset* in each *SRS-ResourceSet* is different when none of the SRS resource sets is configured with parameter availableSlotOffsetList across all configured BWPs in a component carrier. Or,

- otherwise, for 1T4R,

- zero or one SRS resource set configured with higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' or 'semi-persistent' with four SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of each resource is associated with a different UE antenna port, and

- zero or two SRS resource sets each configured with higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic' and with a total of four SRS resources transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, and where the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port. The two sets are each configured with two SRS resources, or one set is configured with one SRS resource and the other set is configured with three SRS resources. The UE shall expect that the value of the higher layer parameter *aperiodicSRS-ResourceTrigger* or the value of an entry in *AperiodicSRS-ResourceTriggerList* in each *SRS-ResourceSet* is the same, and the value of the higher layer parameter *slotOffset* in each *SRS-ResourceSet* is different when none of the SRS resource sets is configured with parameter availableSlotOffsetList across all configured BWPs in a component carrier. Or,

- For 1T=1R, 2T=2R, 4T=4R or 8T=8R, up to two SRS resource sets each with one SRS resource can be configured, where the number of SRS ports for each resource is equal to 1, 2, 4 or 8 if the UE is not indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*. Up to two SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to '*semi-persistent*' and one SRS resource set configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to '*periodic*' can be configured and the two SRS resource sets configured with '*semi-persistent*' are not activated at the same time, or up to two SRS resource sets can be configured, if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic* or *[srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic8T8R]*, where each SRS resource set has one SRS resource, the number of SRS ports for each resource is equal to 1, 2, 4, or 8 or

- For 1T6R, zero or one SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic', where in the case of one resource set has six SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port, and

- For 1T6R, zero or one SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'semi-persistent' if the UE is not indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'semi-persistent' if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time. Each SRS resource set has six SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port, and

- For 1T6R, zero or one or two or three SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic', where in the case of one resource set a total of six SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of each resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port. In the case of two resource sets a total of six SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, and the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port. In the case of three resource sets, a total of six SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of three different slots, and the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given three sets is associated with a different UE antenna port, or

- For 1T8R, zero or one SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic', where in the case of one resource set has eight SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port, and

- For 1T8R, zero or one SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'semi-persistent' if the UE is not indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'semi-persistent' if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time. Each SRS resource set has eight SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a single SRS port, and the SRS port of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port, and

- For 1T8R, zero or two or three or four SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic', where in the case of two resource sets a total of eight SRS resources transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, and where the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port. In the case of three resource sets a total of eight SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of three different slots, and the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given three sets is associated with a different UE antenna port. In the case of four resource sets a total of eight SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of four different slots, and the SRS port of each SRS resource in the given four sets is associated with a different UE antenna port, or

- For 2T6R, zero or one SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic', where in the case of one resource set has three SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port pair, and

- For 2T6R, zero or one SRS resource sets configured *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'semi-persistent' if the UE is not indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' and up to one SRS resource set configured with 'periodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time. Each SRS resource set has three SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port pair, and

- For 2T6R, zero or one or two or three SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic, where in the case of one resource set has three SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port pair. In the case of two resource sets a total of three SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, and the SRS port pair of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port pair. One set is configured with two SRS resources and another set with one resource. In the case of three resource sets a total of three SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of three different slots, and the SRS port pair of each SRS resource in the given three sets is associated with a different UE antenna port pair, or

- For 2T8R, zero or one SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic', where in the case of one resource set has four SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port pair, and

- For 2T8R, zero or one SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'semi-persistent' if the UE is not indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' and up to one SRS resource set configured with 'periodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time. Each SRS resource set has four SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port pair, and

- For 2T8R, zero or one or two or three or four SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic', where in the case of one resource set has four SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a two SRS ports, and the SRS port pair of the resource in the set is associated with a different UE antenna port pair. In the case of two resource sets a total of four SRS resources transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, and where the SRS port pair of each SRS resource in the given two sets is associated with a different UE antenna port pair. In the case of three resource sets a total of four SRS resources transmitted in different symbols of three different slots, and where the SRS port pair of each SRS resource in the given three sets is associated with a different UE antenna port pair. Two sets are configured with one SRS resource in each set and one resource set is configured with two resources. In the case of four resource sets a total of four SRS resources transmitted in different symbols of four different slots, and where the SRS port pair of each SRS resource in the given four sets is associated with a different UE antenna port pair. Four sets are configured with one SRS resource in each set, or

- For 4T8R, zero or one or two SRS resource sets configured with a different value of *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'periodic' or 'semi-persistent' if the UE is not indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, or up to two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' and up to one SRS resource set configured with 'periodic' if the UE is indicating *srs-AntennaSwitching2SP-1Periodic*, where the two SRS resource sets configured with 'semi-persistent' are not activated at the same time. Each SRS resource set has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a four SRS ports, and the SRS ports of the resource in the set are associated with a different UE antenna ports, or

- For 4T8R, zero or one or two SRS resource sets configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic', where in the case of one resource set has two SRS resources transmitted in different symbols, each SRS resource in a given set consisting of a four SRS ports, and the SRS ports of the resource in the set are associated with a different UE antenna ports. In the case of two resource sets a total of two SRS resources are transmitted in different symbols of two different slots, and where the SRS ports of each SRS resource in the given two sets are associated with a different UE antenna ports.

The UE is configured with a guard period of *Y* symbols, in which the UE does not transmit any other signal, in the case the SRS resources of a set are transmitted in the same slot. The guard period is in-between the SRS resources of the set. For two SRS resource sets of an antenna switching located in two consecutive slots, if UE is capable of transmitting SRS in all symbols in one slot, a guard period of *Y* symbols exists between the last OFDM symbol occupied by the SRS resource set in the first slot and the first OFDM symbol occupied by the SRS resource set in the second slot.

For the inter-set guard period, the UE does not transmit any other signal on any symbols of the interval if the interval between SRS resource sets is *Y* symbols.

- When both the SRS resource on all of the corresponding symbols prior to the gap and the SRS resource on all of the corresponding symbols after the gap are dropped due to collision handling, the gap period is also dropped with same priority and can be used for UL transmission.

The UE shall expect to be configured with the same number of SRS ports for all SRS resources in the SRS resource set(s) with higher layer parameter *usage* set as '*antennaSwitching*'.

In the case that more than one SRS resource set configured with *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic', the UE shall expect that the more than one set are configured with the same values of the higher layer parameters *alpha*, *p0*, *pathlossReferenceRS*, and *srs-PowerControlAdjustmentStates* in *SRS-ResourceSet*.

For 1T2R, 1T4R, 2T4R, 1T6R, 1T8R, 2T6R, 2T8R, or 4T8R, the UE shall not expect to be configured or triggered with more than one SRS resource set with higher layer parameter *usage* set as '*antennaSwitching*' in the same slot. For 1T=1R, 2T=2R, 4T=4R, or 8T=8R, the UE shall not expect to be configured or triggered with more than one SRS resource set with higher layer parameter *usage* set as '*antennaSwitching*' in the same symbol.

The value of *Y* is defined by Table 6.2.1.2-1.

Table 6.2.1.2-1: The minimum guard period between two SRS resources of an SRS resource set for antenna switching

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | *Y* [symbol] |
| 0 | 15 | 1 |
| 1 | 30 | 1 |
| 2 | 60 | 1 |
| 3 | 120 | 2 |
| 5 | 480 | 7 |
| 6 | 960 | 14 |

#### 6.2.1.3 UE sounding procedure between component carriers

For a carrier of a serving cell *c1* with slot formats comprised of DL and UL symbols, not configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission, denote as the corresponding carrier of a serving cell whose UL transmissions are temporarily suspended as signalled by higher layer parameter *srs-SwitchFromServCellIndex* and *srs-SwitchFromCarrier*. Define the set as the set of carriers of serving cells that each carrier meets one of the following conditions:

- is in the same band and same TAG as;

- is a carrier of inter-band CA with and is indicated through the capability signalling *srs-SwitchingAffectedBandsListNR-r17* to be affected by the SRS switch from to ;

where .

A UE can be configured with SRS resource(s) on a carrier *c1* with slot formats comprised of DL and UL symbols and not configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission. For carrier *c1*, the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-SwitchFromServCellIndex* and *srs-SwitchFromCarrier* the switching from carrier *c2* which is configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission. During SRS transmission on carrier *c1* (including any interruption due to uplink or downlink RF retuning time [11, TS 38.133] as defined by higher layer parameters *switchingTimeUL* and *switchingTimeDL* of *SRS-SwitchingTimeNR*), the UE temporarily suspends the uplink transmission on carriers in the set *S(c2)*.

For an SRS transmission starting in symbol of carrier and a conflicting transmission in any carrier starting in symbol, the UE shall apply the prioritization / dropping rules in the remainder of this clause taking into account:

- DCI(s) for which the time interval between the last symbol of PDCCH and is at leastsymbols and an additional time duration , and the time interval between the last symbol of PDCCH and is at least symbols*;* and

- semi-persistent CSI reports or SRS considered active at least symbols and an additional time duration before , and considered active at least symbols before .

where , and the time interval unit of OFDM symbol is counted based on the smaller subcarrier spacing across any carrier within the set , and their corresponding scheduling cells.

The following prioritization rules shall be applied in case of collision between a transmission of SRS over carrier and transmission of a physical signal/channel over a carrier of a serving cell in set

- the UE shall not transmit SRS whenever SRS transmission (including any interruption due to uplink or downlink RF retuning time [11, TS 38.133] as defined by higher layer parameters *switchingTimeUL* and *switchingTimeDL* of *SRS-SwitchingTimeNR)* on the carrier of the serving cell and PUSCH/PUCCH transmission carrying HARQ-ACK/positive SR/RI/CRI/SSBRI and/or PRACH on a carrier of a serving cell in set happen to overlap in the same symbol

- the UE shall not transmit a periodic/semi-persistent SRS whenever periodic/semi-persistent SRS transmission (including any interruption due to uplink or downlink RF retuning time [11, TS 38.133] as defined by higher layer parameters *switchingTimeUL* and *switchingTimeDL* of *SRS-SwitchingTimeNR)* on the carrier of the serving cell and PUSCH transmission carrying aperiodic CSI on a carrier of a serving cell in set happen to overlap in the same symbol

- the UE shall drop PUCCH/PUSCH transmission carrying periodic/semi-persistent CSI comprising only CQI/PMI/L1-RSRP/L1-SINR, and/or SRS transmission on a carrier of a serving cell in set configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission whenever the transmission and SRS transmission (including any interruption due to uplink or downlink RF retuning time [11, TS 38.133] as defined by higher layer parameters *switchingTimeUL* and *switchingTimeDL* of *SRS-SwitchingTimeNR)* on the carrier of the serving cell happen to overlap in the same symbol

- the UE shall drop PUSCH transmission carrying aperiodic CSI comprising only CQI/PMI/L1-RSRP/L1-SINR on a carrier of a serving cell in set whenever the transmission and aperiodic SRS transmission (including any interruption due to uplink or downlink RF retuning time [11, TS 38.133]) as defined by higher layer parameters *switchingTimeUL* and *switchingTimeDL* of *SRS-SwitchingTimeNR)* on the carrier of the serving cell happen to overlap in the same symbol.

For an aperiodic SRS triggered in DCI format 2\_3 and if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-TPC-PDCCH-Group* set to 'typeA', and given by *SRS-CarrierSwitching,* without PUSCH/PUCCH transmission, the UE in each serving cell transmits the configured one or two SRS resource set(s) from *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* with higher layer parameter *usage* set to 'antennaSwitching' and higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic'.

For an aperiodic SRS triggered in DCI format 2\_3 and if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *srs-TPC-PDCCH-Group* set to 'typeB' without PUSCH/PUCCH transmission, the UE in each serving cell transmits the configured one or two SRS resource set(s) from *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* with higher layer parameter *usage* set to 'antennaSwitching' and higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic'.

For an aperiodic SRS triggered in DCI format 1\_1 or 1\_2, if the UE is configured by *SRS-CarrierSwitching*, it transmits SRS on one serving cell not configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission scheduled by the DCI and the UE in the serving cell transmits the configured one or two SRS resource set(s) with higher layer parameter usage set to 'antennaSwitching' and higher layer parameter *resourceType* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'aperiodic'.

If the UE is not configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission on carrier *c1* with slot formats comprised of DL and UL symbols, and if the UE is not capable of simultaneous reception and transmission on carrier *c1*and serving cell *c2*, the UE is not expected to be configured or indicated with SRS resource(s) such that SRS transmission on carrier *c1* (including any interruption due to uplink or downlink RF retuning time [11, TS 38.133] as defined by higher layer parameters *switchingTimeUL* and *switchingTimeDL* of *SRS-SwitchingTimeNR*) would collide with the REs corresponding to the SS/PBCH blocks configured for the UE or the slots belonging to a control resource set indicated by *MIB* or *SIB1* on serving cell *c2*.

For *n*-th (*n ≥* 1) aperiodic SRS transmission on a cell *c*, upon detection of a positive SRS request on a grant, the UE shall commence this SRS transmission on the configured symbol and slot provided

- it is no earlier than the summation of

- the maximum time duration between the two durations spanned by N OFDM symbols of the numerology of cell *c* and the cell carrying the grant respectively, and

- the UL or DL RF retuning time [11, TS 38.133] as defined by higher layer parameters *switchingTimeUL* and *switchingTimeDL* of *SRS-SwitchingTimeNR,*

- it does not collide with any previous SRS transmissions, or interruption due to UL or DL RF retuning time, except if the previous SRS transmission is in the same cell *c* and the UE reports *SRS-StayInTargetCC* for the corresponding band combination.

otherwise, *n*-th SRS transmission is dropped, where N is the reported capability as the minimum time interval in unit of symbols, between the DCI triggering and aperiodic SRS transmission.

In case of inter-band carrier aggregation, a UE can simultaneously transmit SRS and PUCCH/PUSCH across component carriers in different bands subject to the UE's capability.

In case of inter-band carrier aggregation, a UE can simultaneously transmit PRACH and SRS across component carriers in different bands subject to UE's capability.

If the UE is not configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission for at least one serving cell configured with slot formats comprised of DL and UL symbols, and if the UE is not capable of simultaneous reception and transmission on serving cell *c1*and serving cells(*c2*), and if a UE

- is configured with multiple serving cells and is provided with *directionalCollisionHandling-r16* = 'enabled' for a set of serving cell(s) among the configured multiple serving cells including serving cell *c1*and s(*c2*), and

- indicates support of *half-DuplexTDD-CA-SameSCS-r16* capability, and

- is not configured to monitor PDCCH for detection of DCI format 2\_0 on any of the multiple serving cells,

the UE shall apply first the prioritization/dropping rules described above for sounding procedure between component carriers and then apply the procedures for directional collision handling in clause 11.1 of [6, TS 38.213].

#### 6.2.1.4 UE sounding procedure for positioning purposes

When the SRS is configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* and if the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfoPos* is configured*,* it contains the ID of the configuration fields of a reference RS according to Clause 6.3.2 of [TS 38.331]. The reference RS can be an SRS configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-Resource* or *SRS-PosResource*, CSI-RS, SS/PBCH block, or a DL PRS configured on a serving cell or a SS/PBCH block or a DL PRS configured on a non-serving cell. If the UE is configured for transmission of *SRS-PosResource* in RRC\_INACTIVE mode, the configured *spatialRelationInfoPos* is also applicable.

The UE is not expected to transmit multiple SRS resources with different spatial relations in the same OFDM symbol.

If the UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *spatialRelationInfoPos* the UE may use a fixed spatial domain transmission filter for transmissions of the SRS configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* across multiple SRS resources or it may use a different spatial domain transmission filter across multiple SRS resources.

In RRC\_CONNECTED mode, the UE is only expected to transmit an SRS configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* within the active UL BWP of the UE.

When the configuration of SRS is done by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource*, the UE can only be provided with a single RS source in *spatialRelationInfoPos* per SRS resource for positioning.

For operation on the same carrier, if an SRS configured by the higher parameter *SRS-PosResource* collides with a scheduled PUSCH, the SRS is dropped in the symbols where the collision occurs.

Unless specified otherwise, the UE does not expect to be configured with *SRS-PosResource* on a carrier of a serving cell with slot formats comprised of DL and UL symbols, not configured for PUSCH/PUCCH transmission.

Timing Error Group (TEG) at UE side is defined:

- UE Tx TEG is associated with the transmissions of one or more UL SRS resources for the positioning purpose, which have the Tx timing error difference within a certain margin.

The UE may be configured to report, via high layer parameter *nr-UE-RxTxTEG-Request* or *ue-TxTEG-RequestUL-TDOA-Config*, subject to UE capability, association information of the already transmitted SRS resource(s) configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* with UE Tx TEG(s) via higher layer parameter *nr-SRS-TxTEG-Set* or *ue-TxTEG-AssociationList*.

The UE may report, via high layer parameter *ue-TxTEG-TimingErrorMarginValue*, the UE Tx TEG timing error margin value of all the UE Tx TEGs within one *UEPositioningAssistanceInfo*.

If the UE reports a UE Tx TEG ID with a UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement, as defined in clause 5.1.6.5, the UE shall report the association information of the already transmitted SRS resources configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* with the UE Tx TEG ID.

If the UE is configured with SRS resources configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* in multiple CCs, the UE should report the *carrierFreq or servCellId* of the SRS resources when it reports the UE Tx TEG associations.

If the UE reports a UE RxTx TEG ID with a UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement, the UE may report a UE Tx TEG ID.

If the UE reports a UE Tx TEG ID with a UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement, the UE may report a UE Tx TEG timing error margin value, via high layer parameter *nr-UE-TxTEG-TimingErrorMargin*, for all the UE Tx TEGs within one *NR-Multi-RTT-SignalMeasurementInformation*.

Subject to UE capability, the UE may be configured with an SRS resource for positioning associated with the initial UL BWP, and the SRS resource is transmitted inside the initial UL BWP during RRC\_INACTIVE mode with the same CP and subcarrier spacing as configured for the initial UL BWP. Subject to UE capability, the UE may be configured with an SRS resource for positioning outside the initial BWP including frequency location and bandwidth, subcarrier spacing, and CP length for transmission of the SRS in RRC\_INACTIVE mode. If the transmission of SRS for positioning outside the initial BWP in RRC\_INACTIVE mode along with the switching time, indicated in higher layer parameter *switchingTimeSRS-TX-OtherTX*, in unpaired spectrum, subject to UE capability, collides in time domain with other DL signals or channels or UL signals or channels, the SRS for positioning transmission is dropped in the symbol(s) where the collision occurs. If a SRS symbol for positioning outside the initial BWP in RRC\_INACTIVE mode including the switching time, indicated in higher layer parameter *switchingTimeSRS-TX-OtherTX*, in paired spectrum or SUL band, subject to UE capability, collides in time domain with UL signals or channels on the same carrier, the colliding SRS symbol for positioning is dropped. The SRS resource for positioning outside the initial BWP in RRC\_INACTIVE mode is configured in the same band and CC as the initial UL BWP.

If the UE in RRC\_INACTIVE mode is not provided [*SRS-PosRRC-InactiveConfig-ValidityArea*] and determines that the UE is not able to accurately measure the configured DL RS in *SRS-SpatialRelationInfoPos* for a SRS resource for positioning where the DL RS is semi-persistent or periodic, the UE stops transmission of the SRS resource for positioning.

The UE is not expected to simultaneously transmit SRS resources configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource* on NUL and SUL band in RRC\_INACTIVE mode.

The UE may be configured with SRS, via [*SRS-PosRRC-InactiveConfig-ValidityArea*], subject to UE capability, valid in multiple cells within a validity area for RRC\_INACTIVE mode. For the configured SRS via [*SRS-PosRRC-InactiveConfig-ValidityArea*], if the UE in RRC\_INACTIVE mode determines that the UE is not able to accurately measure the configured DL RS in [*SRS-SpatialRelationInfoPos]* for a SRS resource for positioning where the DL RS is semi-persistent or periodic, the UE would not perform SRS transmission of the SRS resource for positioning. If the UE determines that the configured DL RS in [*SRS-SpatialRelationInfoPos]* for a SRS resource for positioning is being accurately measured, the UE is expected to perform the SRS transmission.

##### 6.2.1.4.1 SRS frequency hopping for positioning

The reduced capability UE may be configured via [*higher layer parameter*], subject to UE capability, to perform transmit frequency hopping separate from the UL BWP configuration and outside of the UL BWP, where the UE may be configured with subcarrier spacing, CP and bandwidth that are different from the UL active BWP. The reduced capability UE transmit frequency hopping is configured within one SRS resource for positioning, that may be configured with a bandwidth larger than the maximum bandwidth of the reduced capability UE, in RRC\_CONNECTED or RRC\_INACTIVE mode. The reduced capability UE transmit frequency hopping, may be configured with overlapping or non-overlapping frequency hops in the frequency domain. When the reduced capability UE is configured to perform transmit frequency hopping:

- it expects to be configured with the following parameters:

- starting PRB of the first hop in time domain in [higher layer parameter]

- starting slot offset and starting symbol for each hop in [higher layer parameter]

- number of symbols in each hop in [higher layer parameter]

- hop bandwidth in [higher layer parameter]

- number of overlapping resource block(s) between hops, if present, in [higher layer parameter]

- number of hops in [higher layer parameter].

- it does not expect to be configured withthe sum of [*StartingSymbol*] and [*Length*] for a hop that exceeds a slot duration.

- it expects to be configured with the same periodicity of each hop of an SRS resource with the transmit frequency hopping.

The reduced capability UE may be configured, via [*uplinkTimeWindow-Config*], subject to UE capability, with an UL time window where the UE is not expected to transmit other signals/channels and is only expected to transmit the SRS for positioning using frequency hopping. The UE is not expected to be configured with one [cycle] of the transmit frequency hopping, including the switching time from/to active BWP required ahead of the first hop and after the last hop, that is partially overlapped with the time window.

The reduced capability UE is expected to switch back to the active BWP if the time between two consecutive hops exceeds twice the switching time from/to the active BWP.

For a transmission of a hop for an SRS resource for positioning with frequency hopping starting in symbol and a colliding PUSCH or PUCCH transmissionstarting in symbol , the UE shall apply the dropping rules taking into account:

- DCI(s) for which the time interval between the last symbol of PDCCH and the SRS symbol is at least symbols and additional time duration , where is the switching time to/from the active BWP.

- DCI(s) for which the time interval between the last symbol of PDCCH and the colliding PUSCH/PUCCH symbol is at least  symbols, where calculation of is based on the smallest SCS between the SCS configured for positioning SRS with the frequency hopping, the SCS of the PUSCH, and the SCS of the PDCCH.

If the SRS symbol(s), including the switching time to and from the active bandwidth part, of the transmit frequency hopping collides with PUSCH or PUCCH, and if the UE determines the SRS to be dropped, the colliding SRS symbol(s) are dropped.

For operation in the same carrier, the reduced capability UE is not expected to be configured on overlapping symbols with an SRS resource of the transmit frequency hopping configured by the higher layer parameter [*to\_be\_defined*] including the switching time to or from the active bandwidth part and an SRS resource with *resourceType* of both SRS resources as 'periodic'.

For operation in the same carrier, the reduced capability UE is not expected to be activated or triggered to transmit SRS on overlapping symbols with a SRS resource of the transmit frequency hopping configured by the higher layer parameter [*XX*] including the switching time to or from the active bandwidth part and a SRS resource with *resourceType* of both SRS resources as 'semi-persistent' or 'aperiodic'.

##### 6.2.1.4.2 SRS bandwidth aggregation for positioning measurements

The UE is expected to be configured with linkage information [*linked-SRSPosResourceSetIdList-SrsAggregation*] on SRS resource sets for positioning across two or three CCs which are linked for bandwidth aggregation. For the linked SRS resource sets, the UE is expected to be configured with the same values of *startPosition, nrofSymbols,* *periodicityAndOffset, slotOffset, alpha, p0,* subcarrier spacing, CP, and comb size, and the UE is expected to maintain phase continuity for the SRS transmission. The UE assumes that SRS resources across the linked SRS resource sets which satisfy the above conditions are linked for bandwidth aggregation, otherwise, the UE does not assume that SRS resources of the linked SRS resource sets are linked for bandwidth aggregation. For the linked SRS resource sets for bandwidth aggregation across CCs, if an SRS configured by the higher layer parameter *SRS-PosResource,* along with the [switching period] when applicable*,* collides with other signals or channels on a symbol and if the SRS in that symbol is dropped, SRS transmission of the linked SRS resource sets across all CCs is dropped on that symbol.

If the UE is configured with [*srs-PosBWAggregationDCITriggering*], and if the UE receives a DCI 0\_1, 0\_2, 1\_1, or 1\_2 triggering an aperiodic SRS resource set for positioning linked for bandwidth aggregation in a CC, subject to UE capability, UE transmits SRS of the linked SRS resource sets across all CCs.

A UE in RRC\_INACTIVE mode is expected to be configured with [frequency information] on additional component carrier(s) with respective SRS configuration(s) for bandwidth aggregation.

When an SRS resource configured in a CC without PUSCH or PUCCH is linked for bandwidth aggregation with an SRS resource configured in an active UL BWP of another [UL data transmission] CC, there is a [guard period] during which the UE is not expected to transmit or receive other signals or channels.

If the UE receives an activation or deactivation command of semi-persistent SRS resource set(s) for positioning in up to three aggregated carriers or SRS resource set(s) for positioning in up to two aggregated carriers as specified in [10, TS 38.321] and when the UE would transmit a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in slot *n* corresponding to the PDSCH carrying the activation or deactivation command, the corresponding actions in [10, TS 38.321] and the UE assumptions on SRS transmission or cessation corresponding to the SRS resource set(s) shall be applied starting from the first slot that is after slot where µ is the SCS configuration for the PUCCH.

### 6.2.2 UE DM-RS transmission procedure

The DM-RS transmission procedures for PUSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 0\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PUSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 0\_2, by applying the parameters of *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-0-2* and *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-0-2* instead of *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA* and *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB*. The DM-RS transmission procedures for PUSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 0\_1 described in this clause equally apply to PUSCH scheduled by PDCCH with DCI format 0\_3.

When transmitted PUSCH is neither scheduled by DCI format 0\_1/0\_2 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, SP-CSI-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI, nor corresponding to a configured grant, nor being a PUSCH for Type-2 random access procedure, the UE shall use single symbol front-loaded DM-RS of configuration type 1 on DM-RS port 0 and the remaining REs not used for DM-RS in the symbols are not used for any PUSCH transmission except for PUSCH with allocation duration of 2 or less OFDM symbols with transform precoding disabled, additional DM-RS can be transmitted according to the scheduling type and the PUSCH duration as specified in Table 6.4.1.1.3-3 of [4, TS38.211] for frequency hopping disabled and as specified in Table 6.4.1.1.3-6 of [4, TS38.211] for frequency hopping enabled, and

If frequency hopping is disabled:

- The UE shall assume *dmrs-AdditionalPosition* equals to 'pos2' and up to two additional DM-RS can be transmitted according to PUSCH duration, or

If frequency hopping is enabled:

- The UE shall assume *dmrs-AdditionalPosition* equals to 'pos1' and up to one additional DM-RS can be transmitted according to PUSCH duration.

When transmitted PUSCH is scheduled by activation DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI, the UE shall use single symbol front-loaded DM-RS of configuration type provided by higher layer parameter *dmrs-Type* in *DMRS-UplinkConfig* on DM-RS port 0 and the remaining REs not used for DM-RS in the symbols are not used for any PUSCH transmission except for PUSCH with allocation duration of 2 or less OFDM symbols with transform precoding disabled, and additional DM-RS with *dmrs-AdditionalPosition* from C*onfiguredGrantConfig* can be transmitted according to the scheduling type and the PUSCH duration as specified in Table 6.4.1.1.3-3 of [4, TS38.211] for frequency hopping disabled and as specified in Table 6.4.1.1.3-6 of [4, TS38.211] for frequency hopping enabled.

For the UE-specific reference signals generation as defined in Clause 6.4.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211], a UE can be configured by higher layers with one or two scrambling identity(s), *i* = 0,1 which are the same for both PUSCH mapping Type A and Type B.

When transmitted PUSCH is scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 with CRC scrambled by C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, SP-CSI-RNTI or MCS-C-RNTI, or corresponding to a configured grant, or being a PUSCH for Type-2 random access procedure,

- for a configured-grant based PUSCH transmission in RRC\_INACTIVE state, the UE is provided with a set of DM-RS port(s) by *sdt-DMRS-Ports*. The DM-RS port for the PUSCH is determined by the mapping between SS/PBCH block(s) and a PUSCH occasion and the associated DM-RS resource as described in Clause 19.1 of [6, TS 38.213].

- the UE may be configured with higher layer parameter *dmrs-Type* in *DMRS-UplinkConfig*, and the configured DM-RS configuration type is used for transmitting PUSCH in as defined in Clause 6.4.1.1 of [4, TS 38.211].

- the UE may be configured with the maximum number of front-loaded DM-RS symbols for PUSCH by higher layer parameter *maxLength* in *DMRS-UplinkConfig,* or by higher layer parameter *msgA-MaxLength* in *msgA-DMRS-Config*,

- if *maxLength* is not configured, single-symbol DM-RS can be scheduled for the UE by DCI or configured by the configured grant configuration, and the UE can be configured with a number of additional DM-RS for PUSCH by higher layer parameter *dmrs-AdditionalPosition,* which can be 'pos0', 'pos1', 'pos2', 'pos3'.

- if *maxLength* is configured, either single-symbol DM-RS or double symbol DM-RS can be scheduled for the UE by DCI or configured by the configured grant configuration, and the UE can be configured with a number of additional DM-RS for PUSCH by higher layer parameter *dmrs-AdditionalPosition,* which can be 'pos0' or 'pos1'.

- for MsgA PUSCH for Type-2 random access procedure the UE can be configured with a number of additional DM-RS for PUSCH by higher layer parameter *msgA-DMRS-AdditionalPosition,* which can be 'pos0', 'pos1', 'pos2', 'pos3' for single-symbol DM-RS or 'pos0', 'pos1' for double-symbol DM-RS.

- and, the UE shall transmit a number of additional DM-RS as specified in Table 6.4.1.1.3-3 and Table 6.4.1.1.3-4 in -Clause 6.4.1.1.3 of [4, TS 38.211].

If a UE transmitting PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_2 is configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-0-2* or *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-0-2*, or a UE transmitting PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0, 0\_1 or 0\_3 is configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA* or *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB*, the UE may assume that the following configurations are not occurring simultaneously for the transmitted PUSCH

- any DM-RS ports among

4-7 or 6-11 for DM-RS configurations type 1 and type 2, respectively, or

4-7 or 12-15 for DM-RS configuration enhanced type 1, or

6-11 or 18-23 for DM-RS configuration enhanced type 2,

are scheduled for the UE and PT-RS is transmitted from the UE.

For PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, by activation DCI format 0\_1 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI, or configured by configured grant Type 1 configuration, the UE shall assume the DM-RS CDM groups indicated in Tables 7.3.1.1.2-6 to 7.3.1.1.2-23D and Tables 7.3.1.1.2-38 to 7.3.1.1.2-69 of Clause 7.3.1.1 of [5, TS38.212] are not used for data transmission, where "1", "2" and "3" for the number of DM-RS CDM group(s) correspond to CDM group 0, {0,1}, {0,1,2}, respectively.

For PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 or by activation DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by CS-RNTI, the UE shall assume the number of DM-RS CDM groups without data is 1 which corresponds to CDM group 0 for the case of PUSCH with allocation duration of 2 or less OFDM symbols with transform precoding disabled, the UE shall assume that the number of DM-RS CDM groups without data is 3 which corresponds to CDM group {0,1,2} for the case of PUSCH scheduled by activation DCI format 0\_0 and the *dmrs-Type* in *DMRS-UplinkConfig* equal to 'type2' and the PUSCH allocation duration being more than 2 OFDM symbols, and the UE shall assume that the number of DM-RS CDM groups without data is 2 which corresponds to CDM group {0,1} for all other cases.

For MsgA PUSCH transmission, if the UE is not configured with *msgA-PUSCH-DMRS-CDM-group,* the UEshall assume that 2 DM-RS CDM groups are configured. Otherwise, *msgA-PUSCH-DMRS-CDM-group* indicates which DM-RS CDM group to use from the set of {0,1}.

For MsgA PUSCH transmission, if the UE is not configured with *msgA-PUSCH-NrofPorts,* the UEshall assume that 4 ports are configured per DM-RS CDM group for double-symbol DM-RS. Otherwise, *msgA-PUSCH-NrofPorts* with value of 0 indicates the first port per DM-RS CDM group, while a value of 1 indicates the first two ports per DM-RS CDM group.

For uplink DM-RS with PUSCH, the UE may assume the ratio of PUSCH EPRE to DM-RS EPRE ( [dB]) is given by Table 6.2.2-1 according to the number of DM-RS CDM groups without data. The DM-RS scaling factor  specified in clause 6.4.1.1.3 of [4, TS 38.211] is given by .

Table 6.2.2-1: The ratio of PUSCH EPRE to DM-RS EPRE

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Number of DM-RS CDM groups without data | DM-RS configuration type 1 and enhanced type 1 | DM-RS configuration type 2 and enhanced type 2 |
| 1 | 0 dB | 0 dB |
| 2 | -3 dB | -3 dB |
| 3 | - | -4.77 dB |

For PUSCH repetition Type B, the DM-RS transmission procedure is applied for each actual repetition separately based on the allocation duration of the actual repetition. A UE is not expected to be indicated with an antenna port configuration that is invalid for the allocated duration of any actual repetition.

### 6.2.3 UE PT-RS transmission procedure

The procedures on PT-RS transmission described in this clause as well as clauses 6.2.3.1 and 6.2.3.2 apply to a UE PUSCH transmission scheduled by DCI format 0\_2 if the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA-DCI-0-2* or *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB-DCI-0-2* is configured, to PUSCH transmissions scheduled by DCI format 0\_0, 0\_1 or 0\_3 if the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeA* or *dmrs-UplinkForPUSCH-MappingTypeB* is configured and PUSCH transmissions corresponding to a configured grant if the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *cg-DMRS-Configuration* is configured. If a UE is not configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in the respective *DMRS-UplinkConfig*, the UE shall not transmit PT-RS. ThePT-RS is only present on PUSCH scheduled by PDCCH with CRC scrambled by MCS-C-RNTI, C-RNTI, CS-RNTI, SP-CSI-RNTI and on PUSCH corresponding to a configured grant. For PUSCH repetition Type B, the PT-RS transmission procedure is applied for each actual repetition separately based on the allocation duration of the actual repetition.

#### 6.2.3.1 UE PT-RS transmission procedure when transform precoding is not enabled

When transform precoding is not enabled and if a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS* in *DMRS-UplinkConfig,*

- the higher layer parameters *timeDensity* and *frequencyDensity* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* indicate the threshold values *ptrs-MCSi*, *i*=1,2,3 and *NRB,i* , *i*=0,1, as shown in Table 6.2.3.1-1 and Table 6.2.3.1-2, respectively.

- if either or both higher layer parameters *timeDensity* and/or *frequencyDensity* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* are configured, the UE shall assume the PT-RS antenna ports' presence and pattern are a function of the corresponding scheduled MCS of the codeword associated with the PT-RS and scheduled bandwidth in a corresponding bandwidth part as shown in Table 6.2.3.1-1 and Table 6.2.3.1-2, respectively,

- if the higher layer parameter *timeDensity* is not configured, the UE shall assume *LPT-RS* = 1.

- if the higher layer parameter *frequencyDensity* is not configured, the UE shall assume *KPT-RS* = 2.

- if none of the higher layer parameters *timeDensity* and *frequencyDensity* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* are configured, the UE shall assume *LPT-RS* = 1 and *KPT-RS* = 2.

Table 6.2.3.1-1: Time density of PT-RS as a function of scheduled MCS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Scheduled MCS | Time density() |
| IMCS < ptrs-MCS1 | PT-RS is not present |
| ptrs-MCS1  IMCS < ptrs-MCS2 | 4 |
| ptrs-MCS2  IMCS < ptrs-MCS3 | 2 |
| ptrs-MCS3  IMCS < ptrs-MCS4 | 1 |

Table 6.2.3.1-2: Frequency density of PT-RS as a function of scheduled bandwidth

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Scheduled bandwidth | Frequency density () |
| NRB < NRB0 | PT-RS is not present |
| NRB0  NRB < NRB1 | 2 |
| NRB1  NRB | 4 |

The higher layer parameter *PTRS-UplinkConfig* provides the parameters *ptrs-MCSi*, *i*=1,2,3 andwith values in 0-29 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-1 or Table 5.1.3.1-3 is used and 0-28 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used, respectively. *ptrs-MCS4* is not explicitly configured by higher layers but assumed 29 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-1 or Table 5.1.3.1-3 is used and 28 when MCS Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used. The higher layer parameter *PTRS-UplinkConfig* provides the parameters *NRBi**i*=0,1with values in range 1-276.

If the higher layer parameter *PTRS-UplinkConfig* indicates that the time density thresholds *ptrs-MCSi* = *ptrs-MCSi+1*, then the time density *LPTRS* of the associated row where both these thresholds appear in Table 6.2.3.1-1 is disabled. If the higher layer parameter *frequencyDensity* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* indicates that the frequency density thresholds *NRB,i* = *NRB,i+1*, then the frequency density *KPTRS* of the associated row where both these thresholds appear in Table 6.2.3.1-2 is disabled.

If either or both of the parameters PT-RS time density (*LPT-RS*) and PT-RS frequency density (*KPT-RS*), shown in Table 6.2.3.1-1 and Table 6.2.3.1-2, indicates that are configured as 'PT-RS not present', the UE shall assume that PT-RS is not present.

When a UE is scheduled to transmit PUSCH with allocation duration of 2 symbols or less, and if *LPT-RS* is set to 2 or 4, the UE shall not transmit PT-RS. When a UE is scheduled to transmit PUSCH with allocation duration of 4 symbols or less, and if *LPT-RS* is set to 4, the UE shall not transmit PT-RS.

When a UE is scheduled to transmit PUSCH for retransmission, if the UE is scheduled with *IMCS* > *V*, where *V* = 28 for MCS Table 5.1.3.1-1 and MCS Table 5.1.3.1-3 and *V* = 27 for MCS Table 5.1.3.1-2, respectively, the MCS for PT-RS time-density determination is obtained from the DCI for the same transport block in the initial transmission, which is smaller than or equal to V.

If a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* set to 'n2' and scheduled with two codewords, the PT-RS time-density for both PT-RS ports is determined based on the higher MCSs of two codewords associated with the initial transmission.

The maximum number of configured PT-RS ports is given by the higher layer parameter *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig.* The UE is not expected to be configured with a larger number of UL PT-RS ports than it has reported need for.

If a UE has reported the capability of supporting full-coherent UL transmission, the UE shall expect *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* to be configured as one if ULPT-RS is configured. If a UE has reported the capability of supporting full-coherent UL transmission and when the higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is set to 'sdmscheme', subject to UE capability, the UE can be configured with *maxNrofPortsforSDM* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* set to n2, where at most one PT-RS port is associated with each SRS resource set with higher layer parameter *usage* set to 'codebook'/'nonCodebook'.

For codebook or non-codebook based UL transmission, the association between UL PT-RS port(s) and DM-RS port(s) is signalled by *PTRS-DMRS association* field(s) in DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 and 0\_3. For a PUSCH corresponding to a configured grant Type 1 transmission, the UE may assume the association between UL PT-RS port(s) and DM-RS port(s) defined by value 0 in Table 7.3.1.1.2-25, or value "00" in Table 7.3.1.1.1.2-26 or value "00" in Table 7.3.1.1.1.2-25a described in Clause 7.3.1 of [5, TS38.212].

For PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0 or by activation DCI format 0\_0, the UL PT-RS port is associated to DM-RS port 0.

For non-codebook based UL transmission, the actual number of UL PT-RS port(s) to transmit is determined based on SRI(s) in DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3 or higher layer parameter *sri-ResourceIndicator* in *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant*. When two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'noncodebook', the actual number of UL PT-RS port(s) to transmit corresponding to each SRS resource set is determined based on SRI(s) corresponding to the associated SRS resource set or higher layer parameter *sri-ResourceIndicator or sri-ResourceIndicator2* corresponding to the associated SRS resource set in *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant*. A UE is configured with the PT-RS port index for each configured SRS resource by the higher layer parameter *ptrs-PortIndex* configured by *SRS-Config* if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *phaseTrackingRS in DMRS-UplinkConfig*. If the PT-RS port index associated with different SRIs are the same, the corresponding UL DM-RS ports are associated to the one UL PT-RS port.

When the higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is set to 'sdmscheme' and two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook'/'nonCodebook' and higher layer parameter *maxNrofPortsforSDM* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* set to n2, the actual number of UL PT-RS port(s) to transmit corresponding to SRS resource sets is *2*.

When the higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is set to 'SFNscheme' and two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook'/'nonCodebook' and the higher layer parameter *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* is set to *n2*, the actual number of UL PT-RS port(s) to transmit corresponding to each SRS resource set is determined based on 1st TPMI codepoint field for 'codebook' or 1st SRI(s) codepoint field for 'nonCodebook'.

For partial-coherent and non-coherent codebook-based UL transmission, the actual number of UL PT-RS port(s) is determined based on TPMI(s) and/or number of layers which are indicated by '*Precoding information and number of layers'* field(s) in DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3 or configured by higher layer parameter *precodingAndNumberOfLayers*:

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* set to 'n2', the actual UL PT-RS port(s) and the associated transmission layer(s) are derived from indicated TPMI(s) as:

- for PUSCH transmission with 2 or 4 ports, PUSCH antenna port 1000 and 1002 in indicated TPMI(s) share PT-RS port 0, and PUSCH antenna port 1001 and 1003 in indicated TPMI(s) share PT-RS port 1.

- UL PT-RS port 0 is associated with the UL layer 'x' of layers which are transmitted with PUSCH antenna port 1000 and PUSCH antenna port 1002 in indicated TPMI(s), and UL PT-RS port 1 is associated with the UL layer 'y' of layers which are transmitted with PUSCH antenna port 1001 and PUSCH antenna port 1003 in indicated TPMI(s), where 'x' and/or 'y' are given by DCI parameter '*PTRS-DMRS association'* as shown in DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 and 0\_3 described in Clause 7.3.1 of [5, TS38.212].

- for PUSCH transmission with 8 ports, PUSCH antenna port 1000, 1001, 1004 and 1005 in indicated TPMI(s) share PT-RS port 0, and PUSCH antenna port 1002, 1003, 1006 and 1007 in indicated TPMI(s) share PT-RS port 1.

- UL PT-RS port 0 is associated with the UL layer 'x' of layers which are transmitted with one or more of PUSCH antenna port 1000, 1001, 1004 and 1005 in indicated TPMI(s), and UL PT-RS port 1 is associated with the UL layer 'y' of layers which are transmitted with one or more of PUSCH antenna port 1002, 1003, 1006 and 1007 in indicated TPMI(s), where 'x' and/or 'y' are given by DCI parameter '*PTRS-DMRS association*' as shown in DCI format 0\_1 and DCI format 0\_2 described in Clause 7.3.1 of [5, TS38.212].

If a UE is scheduled with two codewords,

- if the UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *maxNrofPorts* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* set to 'n1', the PT-RS port is associated with the one of DM-RS ports indicated by DCI field *PTRS-DMRS association* for the codeword with the higher MCS. If the MCS indices of the two codewords are the same, the PT-RS antenna port is associated with codeword 0. When a codeword is scheduled to transmit PUSCH for retransmission, the MCS for determining PT-RS association to codeword is obtained from the DCI for the same transport block in the initial transmission.

When the UE is scheduled with *Qp*={1,2} PT-RS port(s) in uplink and the number of scheduled layers is ,

- If the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *ptrs-Power*, the PUSCH to PT-RS power ratio per layer per RE  is given by , where  is shown in the Table 6.2.3.1-3, Table 6.2.3.1-3A and Table 6.2.3.1-3B according to the higher layer parameter *ptrs-Power*, the PT-RS scaling factor  specified in clause 6.4.1.2.2.1 of [4, TS 38.211] is given by and also on the '*Precoding Information and Number of Layers'* field in DCI.

- The UE shall assume *ptrs-Power* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* is set to state "00" in Table 6.2.3.1-3, Table 6.2.3.1-3A, and Table 6.2.3.1-3B if not configured or in case of non-codebook based PUSCH.

- For partial coherent codebook-based 8TX PUSCH transmission, *Lx* is the number of PUSCH layers in the antenna group which are precoded coherently with the PUSCH layer/DM-RS port that PT-RS port x is associated with, and *Qp* is the number of PT-RS ports scheduled to the UE.

- When the higher layer parameter *multipanelScheme* is set to ‘sdmscheme’ and two SRS resource sets are configured in *srs-ResourceSetToAddModList* or *srs-ResourceSetToAddModListDCI-0-2* with higher layer parameter *usage* in *SRS-ResourceSet* set to 'codebook'/’nonCodebook’, and codepoint "10" of *SRS Resource Set* *indicator* is indicated, for each PT-RS port is based on Table 6.2.3.1-3B, where *Qp* is the total number of PT-RS ports for the PUSCH.

Table 6.2.3.1-3: Factor related to PUSCH to PT-RS power ratio per layer per RE  other than 8TX PUSCH transmission and other than SDM PUSCH

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *UL-PTRS-power /* |  | The number of PUSCH layers ( ) | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | |
| All cases | Full coherent | Partial and non- coherent and non-codebook based | Full coherent | Partial and non- coherent and non-codebook based | Full coherent | Partial coherent | Non-coherent and non-codebook based |
| 00 | 0 | 3 | 3*Qp*-3 | 4.77 | 3*Qp*-3 | 6 | 3*Qp* | 3*Qp*-3 |
| 01 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 4.77 | 4.77 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 10 | Reserved | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Reserved | | | | | | | |

Table 6.2.3.1-3A: Factor related to PUSCH to PT-RS power ratio per layer per RE  for 8TX PUSCH transmission

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***UL-PTRS-power /*** | **The number of PUSCH layers ()** | | |
| **1-8** | | |
| Full coherent | Partial coherent | Non-coherent and non-codebook based |
| 00 |  |  |  |
| 01 |  |  |  |
| 10 | Reserved | | |
| 11 | Reserved | | |

Table 6.2.3.1-3B: Factor related to PUSCH to PT-RS power ratio per layer per RE for SDM PUSCH

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***UL-PTRS-power /*** | **The number of PUSCH layers associated with the same SRS resource set as the PT-RS port** | | |
| **1** | **2** | |
| All cases | Full coherent | Partial and non- coherent and non-codebook based |
| 00 | 3*Qp*-3 | 3*Qp* | 3*Qp*-3 |
| 01 | 3*Qp*-3 | 3*Qp* | 3*Qp* |
| 10 | Reserved | | |
| 11 | Reserved | | |

#### 6.2.3.2 UE PT-RS transmission procedure when transform precoding is enabled

When transform precoding is enabled and if a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *transformPrecoderEnabled* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig,*

- the UE shall be configured with the higher layer parameters *sampleDensity* and the UE shall assume the PT-RS antenna ports' presence and PT-RS group pattern are a function of the corresponding scheduled bandwidth in a corresponding bandwidth part, as shown in Table 6.2.3.2-1. The UE shall assume no PT-RS is present when the number of scheduled RBs is less than NRB0 if NRB0 > 1 or if the RNTI equals TC-RNTI.

- and the UE may be configured PT-RS time density *LPT-RS* = 2 with the higher layer parameter *timeDensityTransformPrecoding.* Otherwise, the UE shall assume *LPT-RS* = 1.

- if the higher layer parameter *sampleDensity* indicates that the sample density thresholds *NRB,i* = *NRB,i+1*, then the associated row where both these thresholds appear in Table 6.2.3.2-1 is disabled.

Table 6.2.3.2-1: PT-RS group pattern as a function of scheduled bandwidth

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Scheduled bandwidth | Number of PT-RS groups | Number of samples  per PT-RS group |
| *NRB0* *NRB* < *NRB1* | 2 | 2 |
| *NRB1*  *NRB* < *NRB2* | 2 | 4 |
| *NRB2*  *NRB* < *NRB3* | 4 | 2 |
| *NRB3*  *NRB* < *NRB4* | 4 | 4 |
| *NRB4*  *NRB* | 8 | 4 |

When transform precoding is enabled and if a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *transformPrecoderEnabled* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig,* the PT-RS scaling factor *β*' specified in Clause 6.4.1.2.2.2 of [4, TS 38.211] is determined by the scheduled modulation order as shown in table 6.2.3.2-2.

Table 6.2.3.2-2: PT-RS scaling factor (*β*') when transform precoding enabled.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Scheduled modulation | PT-RS scaling factor (*β*') |
| π/2-BPSK | 1 |
| QPSK | 1 |
| 16QAM |  |
| 64QAM |  |
| 256QAM |  |

## 6.3 UE PUSCH frequency hopping procedure

### 6.3.1 Frequency hopping for PUSCH repetition Type A and for TB processing over multiple slots

For PUSCH repetition Type A other than the PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant or fallbackRAR UL grant or by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI and for TB processing over multiple slots (as determined according to procedures defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 for scheduled PUSCH, or Clause 6.1.2.3 for configured PUSCH), a UE is configured for frequency hopping by the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* for PUSCH transmission scheduled by DCI format 0\_2, and by *frequencyHopping* provided in *pusch-Config* for PUSCH transmission scheduled by a DCI format other than 0\_2*,* and by *frequencyHopping* provided in *configuredGrantConfig* for configured PUSCH transmission. For PUSCH repetition Type A scheduled by RAR UL grant or by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, a UE is configured for frequency hopping by the frequency hopping flag information field of the RAR UL grant, and by the frequency hopping flag information field of DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, respectively. One of two frequency hopping modes can be configured:

- Intra-slot frequency hopping, applicable to single slot and multi-slot configured PUSCH transmission, multi-slot PUSCH transmission scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, 0\_2 or 0\_3, each of multiple PUSCH transmissions on a serving cell scheduled by a DCI if the higher layer parameter *pusch-TimeDomainAllocationListForMultiPUSCH* is configured and each of multiple configured grant PUSCH transmissions in a configuration where the higher layer parameters *cg-nrofSlots* and *cg-nrofPUSCH-InSlot* are provided.

- Inter-slot frequency hopping, applicable to multi-slot PUSCH transmission.

For operation with shared spectrum channel access in FR1, the UE does not expect that two hops of a PUSCH transmission are in different RB sets.

In case of resource allocation type 2, the UE transmits PUSCH without frequency hopping.

In case of resource allocation type 1, whether or not transform precoding is enabled for PUSCH transmission, the UE may perform PUSCH frequency hopping, if the frequency hopping field in a corresponding detected DCI format or in a random access response UL grant is set to 1, or if for a Type 1 PUSCH transmission with a configured grant the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffset* is provided, otherwise no PUSCH frequency hopping is performed. When frequency hopping is enabled for PUSCH, the RE mapping is defined in clause 6.3.1.6 of [4, TS 38.211].

For a PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant, fallbackRAR UL grant, or by DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, frequency offsets are obtained as described in clause 8.3 of [6, TS 38.213]. Otherwise, for a PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_0/0\_1/0\_3 or a PUSCH based on a Type2 configured UL grant activated by DCI format 0\_0/0\_1 and for resource allocation type 1, frequency offsets are configured by higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetLists* in *pusch-Config*. For a PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_2 or a PUSCH based on a Type2 configured UL grant activated by DCI format 0\_2 and for resource allocation type 1, frequency offsets are configured by higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetListsDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config*.

- When the size of the active BWP is less than 50 PRBs, one of two higher layer configured offsets is indicated in the UL grant.

- When the size of the active BWP is equal to or greater than 50 PRBs, one of four higher layer configured offsets is indicated in the UL grant.

For PUSCH based on a Type1 configured UL grant the frequency offset is provided by the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffset* in *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant*.

For a MsgA PUSCH the frequency offset is provided by the higher layer parameter as described in [6, TS 38.213].

In case of intra-slot frequency hopping, the starting RB in each hop is given by:

,

where *i*=0 and *i*=1 are the first hop and the second hop respectively, and  is the starting RB within the UL BWP, as calculated from the resource block assignment information of resource allocation type 1 (described in Clause 6.1.2.2.2) or as calculated from the resource assignment for MsgA PUSCH (described in [6, TS 38.213]) and is the frequency offset in RBs between the two frequency hops. The number of symbols in the first hop is given by , the number of symbols in the second hop is given by , where is the length of the PUSCH transmission in OFDM symbols in one slot.

In case of inter-slot frequency hopping and when *pusch-DMRS-Bundling* is not enabled, or for inter-slot frequency hopping for a PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant or DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, the starting RB during slot  is given by:

,

where  is the current slot number within a system radio frame, where a multi-slot PUSCH transmission can take place,  is the starting RB within the UL BWP, as calculated from the resource block assignment information of resource allocation type 1 (described in Clause 6.1.2.2.2) and is the frequency offset in RBs between the two frequency hops.

In case of inter-slot frequency hopping and when *pusch-DMRS-Bundling* is enabled, and when a PUSCH is not scheduled by RAR UL grant or DCI format 0\_0 with CRC scrambled by TC-RNTI, the starting RB during slot  is given by:

where is the current slot number within a system radio frame, is the value of the higher layer parameter *pusch-FrequencyHopping-Interval*,  is the starting RB within the UL BWP, as calculated from the resource block assignment information of resource allocation type 1 (described in Clause 6.1.2.2.2) andis the frequency offset in RBs between the two frequency hops.

### 6.3.2 Frequency hopping for PUSCH repetition Type B

For PUSCH repetition Type B (as determined according to procedures defined in Clause 6.1.2.1 for scheduled PUSCH, or Clause 6.1.2.3 for configured PUSCH), a UE is configured for frequency hopping by the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config* for PUSCH transmission scheduled by DCI format 0\_2, by *frequencyHoppingDCI-0-1* provided in *pusch-Config* for PUSCH transmission scheduled by DCI format 0\_1, and by *frequencyHoppingPUSCH-RepTypeB* provided in *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant* for Type 1 configured PUSCH transmission. The frequency hopping mode for Type 2 configured PUSCH transmission follows the configuration of the activating DCI format. One of two frequency hopping modes can be configured:

- Inter-repetition frequency hopping

- Inter-slot frequency hopping

For operation with shared spectrum channel access in FR1, the UE does not expect that two hops of a PUSCH transmission are in different RB sets.

In case of resource allocation type 1, whether or not transform precoding is enabled for PUSCH transmission, the UE may perform PUSCH frequency hopping, if the frequency hopping field in a corresponding detected DCI format is set to 1, or if for a Type 1 PUSCH transmission with a configured grant the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingPUSCH-RepTypeB* is provided, otherwise no PUSCH frequency hopping is performed. When frequency hopping is enabled for PUSCH, the RE mapping is defined in clause 6.3.1.6 of [4, TS 38.211].

For a PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_1 or a PUSCH based on a Type 2 configured UL grant activated by DCI format 0\_1 and for resource allocation type 1, frequency offsets are configured by higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetLists* in *pusch-Config*. For a PUSCH scheduled by DCI format 0\_2 or a PUSCH based on a Type 2 configured UL grant activated by DCI format 0\_2 and for resource allocation type 1, frequency offsets are configured by higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffsetListsDCI-0-2* in *pusch-Config*.

- When the size of the active BWP is less than 50 PRBs, one of two higher layer configured offsets is indicated in the UL grant.

- When the size of the active BWP is equal to or greater than 50 PRBs, one of four higher layer configured offsets is indicated in the UL grant.

For PUSCH based on a Type1 configured UL grant the frequency offset is provided by the higher layer parameter *frequencyHoppingOffset* in *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant*.

In case of inter-repetition frequency hopping, the starting RB for an actual repetition within the n-th nominal repetition (as defined in Clause 6.1.2.1) is given by:

,

where RBstart is the starting RB within the UL BWP, as calculated from the resource block assignment information of resource allocation type 1 (described in Clause 6.1.2.2.2) and RBoffset is the frequency offset in RBs between the two frequency hops.

In case of inter-slot frequency hopping, the starting RB during slot  follows that of inter-slot frequency hopping for PUSCH Repetition Type A in Clause 6.3.1.

## 6.4 UE PUSCH preparation procedure time

If the first uplink symbol in the PUSCH allocation for a transport block, including the DM-RS, as defined by the slot offset *K2* and Koffset, if configured, and the start *S* and length *L* of the PUSCH allocation indicated by '*Time domain resource assignment*' of the scheduling DCI and including the effect of the timing advance, is no earlier than at symbol *L2*, where *L2* is defined as the next uplink symbol with its CP starting  after the end of the reception of the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the DCI scheduling the PUSCH, then the UE shall transmit the transport block. When the PDCCH reception includes two PDCCH candidates from two respective search space sets, as described in clause 10.1 of [6, TS 38.213], for the purpose of determining the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the DCI scheduling the PUSCH, the PDCCH candidate that ends later in time is used.

*- N2* is based on *µ* of Table 6.4-1 and Table 6.4-2 for UE processing capability 1 and 2 respectively, where *µ* corresponds to the one of (*µDL*, *µUL*) resulting with the largest *Tproc,2*, where the *µDL* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the downlink with which the PDCCH carrying the DCI scheduling the PUSCH was transmitted and *µUL* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the uplink channel with which the PUSCH is to be transmitted, and *κ* is defined in clause 4.1 of [4, TS 38.211].

*-* For operation with shared spectrum channel access in FR1, is calculated according to [4, TS 38.211], otherwise =0.

- If the first symbol of the PUSCH allocation consists of DM-RS only, then *d2,1* = 0*,* otherwise *d2,1* = 1.

- If the UE is configured with multiple active component carriers, the first uplink symbol in the PUSCH allocation further includes the effect of timing difference between component carriers as given in [11, TS 38.133].

- If the scheduling DCI triggered a switch of BWP, *d2,2* equals to the switching time as defined in [11, TS 38.133], otherwise *d2,2*=0.

- If a PUSCH of a larger priority index would overlap with a PUCCH of a smaller priority index and the PUCCH and PUSCH are not simultaneously transmitted, and the UE is not provided *uci-MuxWithDiffPrio* for theprimary PUCCH group or *uci-MuxWithDiffPrioSecondaryPUCCHgroup* for the secondary PUCCH group, *d2* for the PUSCH of a larger priority is set as reported by the UE; otherwise *d2 = 0.*

- For a UE that supports capability 2 on a given cell, the processing time according to UE processing capability 2 is applied if the high layer parameter *processingType2Enabled* in *PUSCH-ServingCellConfig* is configured for the cell and set to 'enable',

- If the PUSCH indicated by the DCI is overlapping with one or more PUCCH channels, then the transport block is multiplexed following the procedure in clause 9.2.5 of [6, TS 38.213], otherwise the transport block is transmitted on the PUSCH indicated by the DCI.

- If uplink switching gap is triggered as defined in clause 6.1.6, ** equals to the switching gap duration and for the UE configured with higher layer parameter *uplinkTxSwitchingOption* set to 'dualUL' for uplink carrier aggregation *µUL*=min(*µUL,carrier1, µUL,carrier2*), otherwise **.

Otherwise the UE may ignore the scheduling DCI.

The value of  is used both in the case of normal and extended cyclic prefix.

Table 6.4-1: PUSCH preparation time for PUSCH timing capability 1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | PUSCH preparation time *N2* [symbols] |
| 0 | 10 |
| 1 | 12 |
| 2 | 23 |
| 3 | 36 |
| 5 | 144 |
| 6 | 288 |

Table 6.4-2: PUSCH preparation time for PUSCH timing capability 2

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | PUSCH preparation time *N2* [symbols] |
| 0 | 5 |
| 1 | 5.5 |
| 2 | 11 for frequency range 1 |

# 7 UE procedures for transmitting and receiving on a carrier with intra-cell guard bands

For operation with shared spectrum channel access for FR1, when the UE is configured with any of *IntraCellGuardBandsPerSCS* for UL carrier and for DL carrier and *intraCellGuardBandsSL-List* for SL carrier with SCS configuration , the UE is provided with intra-cell guard bands on a carrier with , each defined by start CRB and size in number of CRBs, and , provided by higher layer parameters *startCRB* and *nrofCRBs*, respectively, where . The subscript *x* is set to DL, UL, or SL for the downlink, uplink, or sidelink, respectively. Where there is no risk of confusion, the subscript *x* can be dropped. The intra-cell guard bands separate RB sets, each defined by start and end CRB, and , respectively. The UE does not expect that *nrofCRBs* is configured with non-zero value smaller than the applicable intra-cell guard bands as specified in [8, TS 38.101-1] corresponding to and carrier size . The UE determines the start and end CRB indices for as

and

The RB set with index consists of resource blocks where . When the UE is not configured with *IntraCellGuardBandsPerSCS* for UL carrier and for DL carrier with SCS configuration , or is not configured with *intraCellGuardBandsSL-List* for SL carrier with SCS configuration , the UE determines the CRB indices for the intra-cell guard band(s), if any, and corresponding RB set(s) according to the nominal intra-cell guard band and RB set pattern as specified in [8, TS 38.101-1] corresponding to and carrier size . For any one or more of DL, UL, SL, if the nominal intra-cell guard band and RB set pattern as specified in [8, TS 38.101-1] contains no intra-cell guard bands, the number of RB sets for the carrier is .

For a carrier with , the UE expects and where for a BWP *i* configured by *initialDownlinkBWP* or *BWP-Downlink* for the DL BWP, or *initialUplinkBWP* or *BWP-Uplink* for the UL BWP, or configured by *SL-BWP-Config* for the SL BWP. Within the BWP *i*, RB sets are numbered in increasing order from 0 to where is the number of RB sets contained in the BWP *i* and RB set 0 within the BWP *i* corresponds to RB set in the carrier and RB set within the BWP *i* corresponds to RB set in the carrier.

When a UE is provided with *nrofCRBs =* 0 for all intra-cell guard band(s) on a carrier with , the UE is indicated that no intra-cell guard-bands are configured for the carrier and expects . For , the UE expects the number of RBs within a RB set is between 100 and 110. For , the UE expects the number of RBs within a RB set is between 50 and 55 except for at most one RB set which may contain 56 RBs.

# 8 Physical sidelink shared channel related procedures

A UE can be configured by higher layers with one or more sidelink resource pools. A sidelink resource pool can be for transmission of PSSCH, as described in Clause 8.1, and/or SL PRS, as described in Clause 8.2.4, or for reception of PSSCH, as described in Clause 8.3, and/or SL PRS, as described in Clause 8.4.4, and can be associated with either sidelink resource allocation mode 1 or sidelink resource allocation mode 2.

A sidelink resource pool which can be used for transmission of both SL PRS and PSSCH will be referred to as shared SL PRS resource pool.

A sidelink resource pool which can be used for transmission of SL PRS and cannot be used for transmission of PSSCH will be referred to as dedicated SL PRS resource pool.

In the frequency domain,

- If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is not provided, or it is set to 'contiguousRB', a sidelink resource pool consists of *sl-NumSubchannel* contiguous sub-channels. A sub-channel consists of *sl-SubchannelSize* contiguous PRBs, where *sl-NumSubchannel* and *sl-SubchannelSize* are higher layer parameters.

- If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', in the frequency domain, a sidelink resource pool consists of sl-NumSubchannel sub-channels, where each sub-channel consists of *numInterlacePerSubchannel* interlaces having contiguous interlace indices.

For operation with shared spectrum channel access for frequency range 1, a sidelink resource pool can be (pre-)configured to include integer number of RB sets, and the lowest RB of the sidelink resource pool is aligned with the lowest RB of lowest RB set in the resource pool, and the highest RB of the sidelink resource pool is aligned with the highest RB of highest RB set in the resource pool. A UE can be configured with intra-cell guard bands according to the higher layer parameter *intraCellGuardBandsSL-List*. The configured intra-cell guard band PRBs between any two adjacent RB sets can be used only for PSSCH transmission, if and only if, the UE has successfully performed channel access procedure in both adjacent RB sets, and the UE uses both of these RB sets for PSSCH transmission. If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to ‘contiguousRB', and if more than 1 sub-channel is used for PSSCH transmission, when the highest sub-channel of PSSCH overlaps with a single RB set and intra-cell guard band PRBs, the UE can transmit PSSCH on the PRBs belonging to the allocated sub-channel(s) except for the intra-cell guard band PRBs within the highest sub-channel. The set of slots that may belong to a sidelink resource pool is denoted by where

-

- the slot index is relative to slot#0 of the radio frame corresponding to SFN 0 of the serving cell or DFN 0,

- the set includes all the slots except the following slots,

- slots in which S-SS/PSBCH block (S-SSB) or additional transmission occasion for S-SSB is configured,

- slots in each of which at least one of *Y-th*, *(Y+1)-th*, …, *(Y+X-1)-th* OFDM symbols are not semi-statically configured as UL as per the higher layer parameter *tdd-UL-DL-ConfigurationCommon* of the serving cell if providedor *sl-TDD-Configuration* if provided or *sl-TDD-Config* of the received PSBCH if provided, where *Y* and *X* are set by the higher layer parameters *sl-StartSymbol* and *sl-LengthSymbols*, respectively.

- The reserved slots which are determined by the following steps.

1) the remaining slots excluding slots and slots from the set of all the slots are denoted by arranged in increasing order of slot index.

2) a slot belongs to the reserved slots if , here and where denotes the length of bitmap configured by higher layers.

- The slots in the set are arranged in increasing order of slot index.

The UE determines the set of logical slots assigned to a sidelink resource pool as follows:

- a bitmap associated with the resource pool is used where the length of the bitmap is configured by higher layers.

- a slot belongs to the set if where .

- The slots in the set are re-indexed such that the subscripts *i* of the remaining slots are successive {0, 1, …, where is the number of the slots remaining in the set.

The UE determines the set of resource blocks assigned to a sidelink resource pool as follows:

- The resource block pool consists of PRBs.

- If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is not provided, or is set to 'contiguousRB', the sub-channel *m* for consists of a set of contiguous resource blocks with the physical resource block number for , where , and *numSubchannel* are given by higher layer parameters *sl-StartRB-Subchannel*, *sl-SubchannelSize* and *sl-NumSubchannel*, respectively.

- If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', the sub-channel *m* for consists of a set of *numInterlacePerSubchannel* contiguous interlaces, where each interlace consists of at least 10 resource blocks as defined in clause 4.4.4.6 of [4, TS 38.211]. The sub-channel *m* is indexed per RB set and is periodically indexed across multiple RB sets within the resource pool. The sub-channel with the same index is mapped to the set of *numInterlacePerSubchannel* interlace(s) with the same index(s) in different RB sets. The sub-channel#0 is mapped to interlaces 0 to *numInterlacePerSubchannel-1,* the subchannel #1 is mapped to interlaces *numInterlacePerSubchannel* to *numInterlacePerSubchannel\*2-1*, and so on.

A UE is not expected to use the last PRBs in the resource pool, except when the resource pool is a dedicated SL PRS resource pool.

In case of dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink, for NR sidelink transmissions in 30kHz SCS, the UE expects that the start of the first symbol of the earlier overlapping NR SL slot is aligned with the start of the first symbol of the overlapping LTE SL subframe.

## 8.1 UE procedure for transmitting the physical sidelink shared channel

Each PSSCH transmission is associated with an PSCCH transmission.

That PSCCH transmission carries the 1st stage of the SCI associated with the PSSCH transmission; the 2nd stage of the associated SCI is carried within the resource of the PSSCH.

If the UE transmits SCI format 1-A on PSCCH according to a PSCCH resource configuration in slot *n* and PSCCH resource *m*, then for the associated PSSCH transmission in the same slot

- one transport block is transmitted with up to two layers;

- The number of layers (ʋ) is determined according to the '*Number of DMRS port'* field in the SCI;

- The set of consecutive symbols within the slot for transmission of the PSSCH is determined according to clause 8.1.2.1;

- The set of contiguous or interlaced resource blocks for transmission of the PSSCH is determined according to clause 8.1.2.2;

Transform precoding is not supported for PSSCH transmission.

Only wideband precoding is supported for PSSCH transmission.

The DM-RS antenna ports cid:image011.png@01D5F222.20AEBCB0 in Clause 8.4.1.1.2 of [4, TS38.211] are determined according to the ordering of DM-RS port(s) given by Tables 8.3.1.1-3 in Clause 8.3.1.1 of [5, TS 38.212].

The UE shall set the contents of the SCI format 2-A as follows:

- the UE shall set value of the *'HARQ process number'* field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*NDI*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Redundancy version*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Source ID*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Destination ID*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*HARQ feedback enabled/disabled indicator*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Cast type indicator*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*CSI request*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*CAPC*' field, if present, as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*COT sharing cast type*' field, if present, as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*COT sharing Additional ID'* field, if present, as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Remaining COT duration'* field, if present, as indicated by higher layers.

The UE shall set the contents of the SCI formats 2-B as follows:

- the UE shall set value of the '*HARQ process number*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*NDI*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Redundancy version*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Source ID*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Destination ID*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*HARQ feedback enabled/disabled indicator*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Zone ID*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set the '*Communication range requirement*' field as indicated by higher layers.

The UE shall set the contents of the SCI format 2-C as follows:

- the UE shall set value of the *'HARQ process number'* field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*NDI*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Redundancy version*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Source ID*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Destination ID*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*HARQ feedback enabled/disabled indicator*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*CSI request*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of '*Providing/Requesting indicator*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- if '*Providing/Requesting indicator*' indicates SCI format 2-C is used to convey an explicit request for inter-UE coordination information:

- the UE shall set value of the '*Priority*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Number of subchannels*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Resource reservation period*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Resource selection window location*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Resource set type*' field as indicated by higher layers if higher layer parameter *sl-DetermineResourceType* is configured to 'UE-B's request'; otherwise this field is omitted.

- if '*Providing/Requesting indicator*' indicates SCI format 2-C is used to convey inter-UE coordination information:

- the UE shall set value of the '*Resource set type*' field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the '*Resource combination(s)*' field (clause 8.1.5A) as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the *'Lowest subchannel indices'* as indicated by higher layers

- the UE shall set value of the '*First resource location*' as indicated by higher layers

- the UE shall set value of the '*Reference slot location*' as indicated by higher layers

The UE shall set the contents of the SCI format 2-D as follows:

- the UE shall set value of the *'[SL PRS resource ID]'* field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the *'[SL PRS request]'* field as indicated by higher layers.

- the UE shall set value of the *'[Embedded SCI format]'* field as indicated by higher layers.

- if *'Embedded SCI format'* indicates that SCI format 2-A is embedded within this SCI format 2-D then the UE shall include in the *'[Embedded SCI format payload]'* field the fields of SCI format 2-A, set as specified above.

- if *'Embedded SCI format'* indicates that SCI format 2-B is embedded within this SCI format 2-D then the UE shall include in the *'[Embedded SCI format payload]'* field the fields of SCI format 2-B, set as specified above.

### 8.1.1 Transmission schemes

Only one transmission scheme is defined for the PSSCH and is used for all PSSCH transmissions.

PSSCH transmission is performed with up to two antenna ports, with antenna ports 1000-1001 as defined in clause 8.2.4 of [4, TS 38.211].

### 8.1.2 Resource allocation

In sidelink resource allocation mode 1:

- for PSSCH and PSCCH transmission, dynamic grant, configured grant type 1 and configured grant type 2 are supported. The configured grant Type 2 sidelink transmission is semi-persistently scheduled by a SL grant in a valid activation DCI according to Clause 10.2A of [6, TS 38.213].

#### 8.1.2.1 Resource allocation in time domain

The UE shall transmit the PSSCH in the same slot as the associated PSCCH.

The minimum resource allocation unit in the time domain is a slot.

The UE shall transmit the PSSCH in consecutive symbols within the slot, subject to the following restrictions:

- The UE shall not transmit PSSCH in symbols which are not configured for sidelink. A symbol is configured for sidelink, according to higher layer parameters *sl-StartSymbol* and *sl-LengthSymbols*, where *sl-StartSymbol* is the symbol index of the first symbol of *sl-LengthSymbols* consecutive symbols configured for sidelink.

- Within the slot, PSSCH resource allocation starts at symbol *sl-StartSymbol+1,* except when *startingSymbolFirst* and *startingSymbolSecond* are provided for a SL-BWP*.* If *startingSymbolFirst* and *startingSymbolSecond* are provided for the SL-BWP, there are 2 candidate starting symbols, given by *startingSymbolFirst* and *startingSymbolSecond* respectively, for PSSCH transmission for slots without PSFCH symbols; and there is one starting symbol, given by *startingSymbolFirst,* for PSSCH transmission for slots with PSFCH symbols. PSSCH resource allocation starts at the next symbol after each candidate starting symbol. In a slot, the UE may use the second candidate starting symbol, provided by *startingSymbolSecond*, only if it fails to access the channel prior to the first candidate starting symbol provided by *startingSymbolFirst.*

- The UE shall not transmit PSSCH in symbols which are configured for use by PSFCH, if PSFCH is configured in this slot.

- The UE shall not transmit PSSCH in the last symbol configured for sidelink.

- The UE shall not transmit PSSCH in the symbol immediately preceding the symbols which are configured for use by PSFCH, if PSFCH is configured in this slot.

- For operation with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, for the first SL transmission with PSSCH/PSCCH by a UE to initiate a channel occupancy for a slot, if no resource reservation is transmitted or detected for the slot and any one of the RB set(s) of the intended PSCCH/PSSCH transmission, and if UE is configured with multiple CPE starting positions provided by *CPEStartingPositionsPSCCH-PSSCH-InitiateCOT,* the UE determines a duration of a cyclic prefix extension *Text* to be applied according to [4, TS 38.211] where the index for [4, TS 38.211] is chosen randomly from a set of values configured per priority of the PSCCH/PSSCH by the higher layer parameter *CPEStartingPositionsPSCCH-PSSCH-InitiateCOT*. Otherwise, the UE uses a configured default cyclic prefix extension *Text* indicated by *DefaultCPEStartingPositionsPSCCH-PSSCH-InitiateCOT*.

- For operation with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, for the first SL transmission with PSSCH/PSCCH by a UE within a channel occupancy*,* the UE transmitting in the channel occupancy determines the duration of a cyclic prefix extension *Text* according to higher layer parameter *DefaultCPEStartingPositionsPSCCH-PSSCH-SharedCOT*, unless the UE is configured with multiple CPE starting positions for transmitting within a shared channel occupancy by *CPEStartingPositionsPSCCH-PSSCH-SharedCOT,* in which case the UE determines the duration of a cyclic prefix extension *Text* to be applied according to [4, TS 38.211] where the index for [4, TS 38.211] is chosen randomly from a set of values configured per priority of the PSCCH/PSSCH by the higher layer parameter *CPEStartingPositionsPSCCH-PSSCH-SharedCOT,* if no resource reservation is transmitted or detected for the slot and the RB set(s) of the intended PSCCH/PSSCH transmission, otherwise, the UE uses the configured default cyclic prefix extension *Text* indicated by *DefaultCPEStartingPositionsPSCCH-PSSCH-SharedCOT.*

- For operation with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1, for a PSSCH/PSCCH transmission by a UE that follows another SL transmission by the same UE in a channel occupancy, the UE determines the duration of a cyclic prefix extension *Text* as follows:

- When gap between the PSSCH/PSCCH transmission and the previous SL transmission is 1 symbol, the index for is set to '1'.

- When gap between the PSSCH/PSCCH transmission and the previous SL transmission is 2 symbols, the index for is set to '3' for µ=1 and to 2 for µ=2.

In sidelink resource allocation mode 1:

- For sidelink dynamic grant, the PSSCH transmission is scheduled by a DCI format 3\_0.

- For sidelink configured grant type 2, the configured grant is activated by a DCI format 3\_0.

- For sidelink dynamic grant and sidelink configured grant type 2:

- The "Time gap" field value *m* of the DCI format 3\_0 provides an index *m* + 1 into a slot offset table. That table is given by higher layer parameter *sl-DCI-ToSL-Trans* and the table value at index *m* + 1 will be referred to as slot offset .

- The slot of the first sidelink transmission scheduled by the DCI is the first SL slot of the corresponding resource pool that starts not earlier than , where is the starting time of the downlink slot carrying the corresponding DCI, is the timing advance value corresponding to the TAG of the serving cell on which the DCI is received and is the slot offset between the slot of the DCI and the first sidelink transmission scheduled by DCI and is the SL slot duration.

- The "Configuration index" field of the DCI format 3\_0, if provided and not reserved, indicates the index of the sidelink configured type 2.

- For sidelink configured grant type 1:

- The slot of the first sidelink transmissions follows the higher layer configuration according to [10, TS 38.321].

For operation with shared spectrum channel access for frequency range 1, if the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to ‘interlaceRB:,

- the lowest index of the RB set allocation to the initial PSSCH transmission is indicated via the field "Lowest index of the RB set allocation to the initial transmission" of the DCI format 3\_0.

- the starting RB set index of the initial PSSCH transmission of the sidelink configured grant Type 1 is indicated via the higher layer parameter *sl-StartRBsetCG-Type1*.

#### 8.1.2.2 Resource allocation in frequency domain

The resource allocation unit in the frequency domain is the sub-channel.

The sub-channel assignment for sidelink transmission is determined using the "Frequency resource assignment" field in the associated SCI.

The lowest sub-channel for sidelink transmission is the sub-channel on which the lowest PRB of the associated PSCCH is transmitted.

If a PSSCH scheduled by a PSCCH would overlap with resources containing the PSCCH, the resources corresponding to a union of the PSCCH that scheduled the PSSCH and associated PSCCH DM-RS are not available for the PSSCH.

When PSSCH is transmitted on multiple RB sets, the corresponding PSCCH is located on the sub-channel with smallest index of the lowest RB set.

### 8.1.3 Modulation order, target code rate, redundancy version and transport block size determination

The redundancy version is given by the "Redundancy version" field in SCI format 2-A, 2-B, 2-C or 2-D.

#### 8.1.3.1 Modulation order and target code rate determination

*IMCS* is given by the '*Modulation and coding scheme*' field in SCI format 1-A.

The MCS table is determined as follows: Table 5.1.3.1-1 is used if no additional MCS table is configured by higher layer parameter *sl-Additional-MCS-Table*;otherwise an MCS table is determined according to Table 8.1.3.1-1 or Table 8.1.3.1-2 and '*Additional* *MCS table indicator*' field in SCI format 1-A.

Table 8.1.3.1-1: Mapping of one bit of MCS table indicator to MCS table

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| MCS table indicator | MCS table |
| '0' | Table 5.1.3.1-1 |
| '1' | 1st table provided by higher layer parameter *sl-Additional-MCS-Table* |

Table 8.1.3.1-2: Mapping of two bits of MCS table indicator to MCS table

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| MCS table indicator | MCS table |
| '00' | Table 5.1.3.1-1 |
| '01' | 1st table provided by higher layer parameter *sl-Additional-MCS-Table* |
| '10' | 2nd table provided by higher layer parameter *sl-Additional-MCS-Table* |
| '11' | reserved |

The UE shall use *IMCS* and the MCS table determined according to the previous step to determine the modulation order (*Qm*) and Target code rate (*R*) used in the physical sidelink shared channel.

#### 8.1.3.2 Transport block size determination

For the PSSCH assigned by SCI, if Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used and *,* or a table other than Table 5.1.3.1-2 is usedand *,* the UE shall first determine the TBS as specified below:

The UE shall first determine the number of REs (*NRE*) within the slot.

- A UE first determines the number of REs allocated for PSSCH within a PRB () by , where

- is the number of subcarriers in a physical resource block,

- = *sl-LengthSymbols* -2, where *sl-LengthSymbols* is the number of sidelink symbols within the slot provided by higher layers. If *startingSymbolFirst* and *startingSymbolSecond* are provided for the SL-BWP, the number of sidelink symbols assumed in transport block size determination is determined by a reference number of symbols, *numRefSymbolLength*, provided by higher layers, such that *numRefSymbolLength* replaces *sl-LengthSymbols* in calculation of .

- = 3 if '*PSFCH overhead indication'* field of SCI format 1-A indicates "1", and = 0 otherwise, if higher layer parameter *sl-PSFCH-Period* is 2 or 4. If higher layer parameter *sl-PSFCH-Period* is 0, . If higher layer parameter *sl-PSFCH-Period* is 1, .

- is the number of OFDM symbols used for SL PRS in the slot as indicated by the ‘*SL PRS resource ID*’ in SCI format 2-D if the 2nd-stage SCI is SCI format 2-D, and , otherwise.,

- is the overhead given by higher layer parameter *sl-X-Overhead*,

- is given by Table 8.1.3.2-1 according to higher layer parameter *sl-PSSCH-DMRS-TimePatternList.*

Table 8.1.3.2-1: according to higher layer parameter *sl-PSSCH-DMRS-TimePatternList*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *sl-PSSCH-DMRS-TimePatternList* |  |
| {2} | 12 |
| {3} | 18 |
| {4} | 24 |
| {2,3} | 15 |
| {2,4} | 18 |
| {3,4} | 21 |
| {2,3,4} | 18 |

- A UE determines the total number of REs allocated for PSSCH () by , where

- *nPRB* is the total number of allocated PRBs for the PSSCH. If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', a reference number of PRBs (*nref*) per interlace within 1 RB set, *numRefPRBOfInterlace*, is provided by higher layers for determination of total number of PRBs for PSSCH, that is *nPRB = nref \* ninter,subCH \* nsubCH \* nRB-set,* where *ninter,subCH* is given by the higher layer parameter *numInterlacePerSubchannel, nsubCH* is the number of occupied sub-channels within one RB set for the PSSCH, and *nRB-set* is the number of occupied RB sets for the PSSCH. If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to ‘contiguousRB’, *nPRB =*  *\* nsubCH ,* where is provided by higher layer parameter *sl-SubchannelSize*, and *nsubCH* is the number of occupied sub-channels for the PSSCH.

- is the total number of REs occupied by the PSCCH and PSCCH DM-RS.

- is the number of coded modulation symbols generated for 2nd-stage SCI transmission (prior to duplication for the 2nd layer, if present) according to Clause 8.4.4 of [5, TS 38.212], with the assumption of .

The UE determines TBS according to Steps 2), 3), and 4) in clause 5.1.3.2.

A UE is not expected to receive an SCI indicating if Table 5.1.3.1-2 is used, or otherwise.

### 8.1.4 UE procedure for determining the subset of resources to be reported to higher layers in PSSCH resource selection in sidelink resource allocation mode 2

In resource allocation mode 2, the higher layer can request the UE to determine a subset of resources from which the higher layer will select resources for PSSCH/PSCCH transmission for a carrier. To trigger this procedure, in slot *n* for this carrier*,* the higher layer provides the following parameters for this PSSCH/PSCCH transmission:

- the resource pool from which the resources are to be reported;

- L1 priority, ;

- the remaining packet delay budget;

- number of sub-channels, : If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is not provided, the number of sub-channels to be used for the PSSCH/PSCCH transmission in a slot is . If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'contiguousRB', corresponds to the number of sub-channels within all used RB sets to be used for the PSCCH/PSSCH transmission in a slot. If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', corresponds to the number of sub-channels to be used for the PSSCH/PSCCH transmission in a slot in each RB set,

- If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', the number of used RB sets for one PSCCH/PSSCH transmission, LRBset.

- optionally, the number of consecutive slots for Multi-consecutive slots transmission, .

- optionally, the resource reservation interval, , in units of msec.

- if the higher layer requests the UE to determine a subset of resources from which the higher layer will select resources for PSSCH/PSCCH transmission as part of re-evaluation or pre-emption procedure, the higher layer provides a set of resources which may be subject to re-evaluation and a set of resources which may be subject to pre-emption.

- it is up to UE implementation to determine the subset of resources as requested by higher layers before or after the slot - , where is the slot with the smallest slot index among and , and is equal to , whereis defined in slots in Table 8.1.4-2 whereis the SCS configuration of the SL BWP.

- Each of the resource(s) in and/or corresponds to consecutive slots if is provided with a value larger than 1.

- Optionally, the indication of resource selection mechanism.

- Optionally, *rbSetsWithConsecutiveLBTFailure*, which indicates the RB sets where consistent LBT failure has been indicated.

The following higher layer parameters affect this procedure:

*- sl-SelectionWindowList*:internal parameter is set to the corresponding value from higher layer parameter *sl-SelectionWindowList* for the given value of .

*- sl-Thres-RSRP-List*: this higher layer parameter provides an RSRP threshold for each combination , where is the value of the priority field in a received SCI format 1-A and is the priority of the transmission of the UE selecting resources; for a given invocation of this procedure, .

*- sl-RS-ForSensing* selects if the UE uses the PSSCH-RSRP or PSCCH-RSRP measurement, as defined in clause 8.4.2.1.

*- sl-ResourceReservePeriodList*

*- sl-SensingWindow*: internal parameter is defined as the number of slots corresponding to *sl-SensingWindow* msec

*- sl-TxPercentageList*: internal parameter for a given is defined as *sl-TxPercentageList ()* converted from percentage to ratio

- *sl-PreemptionEnable*: if *sl-PreemptionEnable* is provided, and if it is not equal to 'enabled', internal parameter is set to the higher layer provided parameter *sl-PreemptionEnable.*

- Optionally, minimum number of *Y* slots as (*sl*-*MinNumCandidateSlotsPeriodic*), which indicates the minimum number of *Y* slots that are included in the candidate resources corresponding to periodic-based partial sensing and contiguous partial sensing for resource (re)selection triggered by periodic transmission ().

- Optionally, minimum number of slots as (*sl*-*MinNumCandidateSlotsAperiodic*), which indicates the minimum number of slots that are included in the candidate resources corresponding to periodic-based partial sensing and/or contiguous partial sensing results (if available) for resource (re)selection triggered by aperiodic transmission ().

- Optionally, sensing occasion as *sl-PBPS-OccasionReservePeriodList,* which indicates the subset of periodicity values from *sl-ResourceReservePeriodList* used to determine periodic sensing occasions in periodic-based partial sensing. If not configured, all periodicity values from *sl-ResourceReservePeriodList* are used to determine periodic sensing occasions in periodic-based partial sensing.

- Optionally, additional sensing occasions as *sl-Additional-PBPS-Occasion*, which indicates that UE additionally monitors periodic sensing occasions that correspond to a set of values. The possible values of the set at least includes the most recent sensing occasion before the first slot of the candidate slots subject to processing time restriction as specified below for a given reservation periodicity and the last periodic sensing occasion prior to the most recent one for the given reservation periodicity. If not (pre-)configured, the UE monitors the most recent sensing occasion before the first slot of the candidate slots subject to processing time restriction as specified below for the given periodicity used to determine periodic sensing occasions in periodic-based partial sensing.

- Optionally, indication of the size in logical slots of contiguous partial sensing window for periodic transmissions as defined by the parameter *sl-CPS-WindowPeriodic*.

Optionally, indication of the size in logical slots of contiguous partial sensing window for aperiodic transmissions as defined by the parameter *sl-CPS-WindowAperiodic.*

- Optionally, indication of whether UE is required to perform SL reception of PSCCH and RSRP measurement for partial sensing on slots in SL DRX inactive time as *sl-PartialSensingInactiveTime.*

In case of dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink, that is coexistence over time and frequency resources that are shared between NR sidelink and LTE sidelink:

- *sl-NRPSSCH-EUTRA-ThresRSRP-List*: this higher layer parameter provides an RSRP threshold for each combination , where is the value of the priority field in a received LTE SCI format 1, and is the priority of the transmission of the UE selecting resources; for a given invocation of this procedure, .

- *sl-NRPSFCH-EUTRA-ThresRSRP-List*: this higher layer parameter, if provided, provides an RSRP threshold for each combination , where is the value of the priority field in a received LTE SCI format 1, and is the priority of the transmission of the UE selecting resources; for a given invocation of this procedure, .

The resource reservation interval, , if provided, is converted from units of msec to units of logical slots, resulting in according to clause 8.1.7.

When the resource pool is (pre-)configured with *sl-AllowedResourceSelectionConfig* including full sensing, and full sensing is configured in the UE by higher layers, the UE performs full sensing.

When periodic reservation for another TB (sl-MultiReserveResource) is enabled for the resource pool, the resource pool is (pre-)configured with *sl-AllowedResourceSelectionConfig* including partial sensing, and partial sensing is configured by higher layer, the UE performs periodic-based partial sensing, unless other conditions state otherwise in the specification.

When a UE is triggered by higher layer to report resources for resource (re-)selection in a mode 2 Tx pool, the resource pool is (pre-)configured with *sl-AllowedResourceSelectionConfig* including partial sensing, and partial sensing is configured by higher layer, the UE performs contiguous partial sensing, unless stated otherwise in the specification.

Notation:

denotes the set of slots which belongs to the sidelink resource pool and is defined in Clause 8.

For dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink, denotes the set of subframes that may belong to an LTE sidelink resource pool as defined in clause 14.1.5 of [19, TS36.213].

The following steps are used:

1) If a number of consecutive slots is provided with a value larger than 1, the candidate multi-slot resource definition is applied. Otherwise, the candidate single-slot resource definition is applied.

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'contiguousRB', a candidate multi-slot resource is defined as a set of contiguous sub-channels starting from sub-channel in consecutive slots starting from slot , when the set of slots that are consecutive in physical slots.

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', a candidate multi-slot resourceis defined as a set of contiguous sub-channels starting from sub-channel in consecutive slots starting from slot in contiguous RB sets starting from RB set z, when the set of slots that are consecutive in physical slots. A candidate single-slot resource is defined as a set of contiguous sub-channels starting from sub-channel in slot in contiguous RB sets starting from RB set z.

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is not provided or if the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to ‘contiguousRB’, a candidate single-slot resource for transmission is defined as a set of contiguous sub-channels with sub-channel *x+j* in slot where . The UE shall assume that any set of contiguous sub-channels or contiguous sub-channels in contiguous RB sets included in the corresponding resource pool within the time interval correspond to one candidate single-slot resource or the UE shall assume that any set of contiguous sub-channels or contiguous sub-channels in contiguous RB sets in consecutive slots included in the corresponding resource pool within the time interval correspond to one candidate multi-slot resource for UE performing full sensing. The UE shall assume that any set of contiguous sub-channels included in the corresponding resource pool in a set of *Y* candidate slots within the time interval correspond to one candidate single-slot resource or one candidate multi-slot resource for UE performing periodic-based partial sensing together with contiguous partial sensing and resource (re)selection triggered by periodic transmission (), or in a set of *Y'* candidate slots within the time interval correspond to one candidate single-slot resource or one candidate multi-slot resource for UE performing at least contiguous partial sensing and resource (re)selection triggered by aperiodic transmission (), where

- selection of is up to UE implementation under , where is defined in slots in Table 8.1.4-2 where is the SCS configuration of the SL BWP;

- if is shorter than the remaining packet delay budget (in slots) then is up to UE implementation subject to remaining packet delay budget (in slots); otherwise is set to the remaining packet delay budget (in slots).

- is selected by UE where .

- is selected by UE where . When the UE performs at least contiguous partial sensing and if , the UE selects a set of candidate slots with corresponding PBPS and/or CPS results (if available). If the number of candidate slots is smaller than , it is up to UE implementation to include other candidate slots.

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'contiguousRB', the UE shall exclude candidate single-slot or candidate multi-slot resources with the sub-channel with the smallest index including resource blocks of the intra-cell guardband PRBs, configured by higher layer parameter, *intraCellGuardBandsSL-List*, or determined according to the nominal intra-cell guard band and RB set pattern as specified in [8, TS 38.101-1] when higher layer parameter, *intraCellGuardBandsSL-List*, is not configured.

If *rbSetsWithConsecutiveLBTFailure* is provided, the UE shall exclude candidate single-slot resources or candidate multi-slot resources, whose associated one or more RB set(s) is included in the *rbSetsWithConsecutiveLBTFailure* parameter.

The total number of remaining candidate single-slot resources or candidate multi-slot resources is denoted by .

2) The sensing window is defined by the range of slots [), when the UE performs full sensing, where is defined above and is defined in slots in Table 8.1.4-1 where is the SCS configuration of the SL BWP. The UE shall monitor slots which belongs to a sidelink resource pool within the sensing window except for those in which its own transmissions occur. The UE shall perform the behaviour in the following steps based on PSCCH decoded and RSRP measured in these slots.

When the UE performs periodic-based partial sensing, the UE shall monitor slots at , where is a slot of the selected candidate slots and is converted to units of logical slot according to clause 8.1.7. The UE shall perform the behaviour in the following steps based on PSCCH decoded and RSRP measured in these slots.

The value of corresponds to *sl-PBPS-OccasionReservePeriodList* if (pre-)configured, otherwise, the values correspond to all periodicity from *sl-ResourceReservePeriodList.*

The UE monitors sensing occasion(s) determined by *sl-Additional-PBPS-Occasion*, as previously described, and not earlier than . For a given periodicity , the values of *k* correspond to the most recent sensing occasion earlier than if *sl-Additional-PBPS-Occasion* is not (pre-)configured, and additionally includes the value of *k* corresponding to the last periodic sensing occasion prior to the most recent one if *sl-Additional-PBPS-Occasion* is (pre-)configured. is the first slot of the selected *Y* candidate slots of PBPS.

When the UE performs periodic-based partial sensing and contiguous partial sensing with periodic reservation for another TB (*sl-MultiReserveResource*) enabled and , the contiguous partial sensing window is defined by the range of slots . *n*+*T*A is *M* consecutive logical slots earlier than slot , and *n*+*T*B is slots earlier than , where is the first slot of the selected *Y* candidate slots of PBPS, and , are in units of physical time/slots. The value of *M* is (pre-)configured with the *sl-CPS-WindowPeriodic*. The UE shall perform the behaviour in the following steps based on PSCCH decoded and RSRP measured in these slots. If *sl-CPS-WindowPeriodic* is not (pre-)configured, *M* equals to 31.

When the UE performs at least contiguous partial sensing and if , the contiguous partial sensing window is defined by the range of slots . and are both selected such that the UE has sensing results starting at least *M* consecutive logical slots before and ending at slots earlier than , where is the first slot of the selected candidate slots. The value of *M* is (pre-)configured with the *sl-CPS-WindowAperiodic*. The UE shall perform the behaviour in the following steps based on PSCCH decoded and RSRP measured in these slots. If *sl-CPS-WindowAperiodic* is not (pre-)configured, *M* equals to 31. When the minimum *M* slots for CPS cannot be guaranteed and when , it is up to UE implementation to either continue with step 3) or perform random selection.

Whether the UE is required to performs SL reception of PSCCH and RSRP measurement for partial sensing on slots in SL DRX inactive time is enabled/disabled by higher layer parameter *sl-PartialSensingInactiveTime.* When it is enabled, if UE performs periodic-based partial sensing on the slots in SL DRX inactive time for a given periodicity corresponding to , UE monitors only the default periodic sensing occasions (most recent sensing occasion) from the slots; if UE performs contiguous partial sensing on the slots in SL DRX inactive time, UE monitors a minimum of *M* slots from the slots.

2LTE1) In case of dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink: The UE uses information determined by the E-UTRA radio access within the range of LTE subframes [], where is an LTE subframe no later than LTE subframe is the LTE subframe , is the LTE subframe which overlaps slot *n*, is 1100 msec and is up to UE implementation under ; is 4+T msec, where T ≤ 4 msec. The UE shall perform the procedures in 5LTE1, 5LTE3 and 6LTE based on the information for these LTE subframes which is known to the NR radio access at the latest *T* msec prior to slot *n*.

2LTE2) In case of dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink: The UE shall perform the procedures in 5LTE2 based on the information determined by the E-UTRA radio access, which is known by the NR radio access at the latest *T* msec prior to slot *n*.

3) The internal parameter is set to the corresponding value of RSRP threshold indicated by the *i*-th field in *sl-Thres-RSRP-List*, where .

3LTE) In case of dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink:

- The internal parameter is set to the corresponding value of RSRP threshold indicated by the *i*-th field in *sl-NRPSSCH-EUTRA-ThresRSRP-List*, where .

- The internal parameter is set to the corresponding value of RSRP threshold indicated by the *i*-th field in *sl-NRPSFCH-EUTRA-ThresRSRP-List*, if provided, where . If *sl-NRPSFCH-EUTRA-ThresRSRP-List* is not provided then each element of is set to minus Infinity dBm.

4) The set is initialized to the set of all the remaining candidate single-slot resources or candidate multi-slot resources identified in step 1.

5) The UE shall exclude any candidate single-slot resource or , or candidate multi-slot resource or from the set if it meets all the following conditions:

- the UE has not monitored slot in Step 2.

- for any periodicity value allowed by the higher layer parameter *sl-ResourceReservePeriodList* and a hypothetical SCI format 1-A received in slot with '*Resource reservation period*' field set to that periodicity value and indicating all subchannels of the resource pool in this slot, condition c in step 6 would be met.

5LTE1) In case of dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink: The UE shall exclude any candidate single-slot resource from the set if all the following conditions are met:

- the resource pool overlaps with an LTE sidelink resource pool;

- the UE has not monitored LTE subframe .

- for any periodicity value allowed by the LTE higher layer parameter *restrictResourceReservationPeriod* and a hypothetical LTE SCI format 1 received in LTE subframe with '*Resource reservation'* field set to that periodicity value and indicating all subchannels of the LTE sidelink resource pool in this LTE subframe, condition c in step 6LTE would be met.

5LTE2) In case of dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink: The UE shall exclude any candidate single-slot resource from the set if all the following conditions are met:

- the UE has a selected sidelink grant for LTE V2X sidelink according to [19, TS 36.321] .

- the selected sidelink grant for LTE V2X sidelink determines the set of LTE resource blocks and LTE subframes which overlaps in time with for *j=*0, 1, …, ;

- the priority value associated with the selected sidelink grant for LTE V2X sidelink is lower than ; It is up to UE implementation whether or not to apply this exclusion step if the priority value associated with selected sidelink grant for LTE V2X sidelink is higher than or equal to .

5LTE3) In case of dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink: The UE shall exclude any candidate single-slot resource from the set if all the following conditions are met:

a) the resource pool is configured with PSFCH resources;

b) an LTE SCI format 1 is received in LTE subframe , and the '*Resource reservation'* field and '*Priority*' field in the received LTE SCI format 1 indicate the values and , respectively according to Clause 14.2.1 in [19, TS 36.213], where LTE subframes are indexed according to Clause 14.1.5 in [19, TS 36.213];

c) the LTE PSSCH-RSRP measurement according to the received LTE SCI format 1 is higher than

d) the SCI format received in LTE subframe or the same SCI format which is assumed to be received in LTE subframe(s) determines according to clause 14.1.1.4C or clause 14.2.4 in [19, TS 36.213] the set of LTE subframes which overlaps with PSFCH slots associated with for *q*=1, 2, …, *Q* and *j=*0, 1, …, where the PSFCH association is according to [6, TS 38.213]. and *Q* are determined as in condition c) of step 6LTE.

5a) If the number of candidate single-slot resources or , or the number of candidate multi-slot resource or remaining in the set is smaller than , the set is initialized to the set of all the candidate single-slot resources or candidate multi-slot resources as in step 4.

6) The UE shall exclude any candidate single-slot resource or , or candidate multi-slot resource or from the set if it meets all the following conditions:

a) the UE receives an SCI format 1-A in slot , and '*Resource reservation period'* field, if present, and '*Priority*' field in the received SCI format 1-A indicate the values and , respectively according to Clause 16.4 in [6, TS 38.213];

b) the RSRP measurement performed, according to clause 8.4.2.1 for the received SCI format 1-A, is higher than

c) the SCI format received in slot or the same SCI format which, if and only if the '*Resource reservation period*' field is present in the received SCI format 1-A, is assumed to be received in slot(s) determines according to clause 8.1.5 the set of resource blocks and slots which overlaps with or for *q*=1, 2, …, *Q* and *j=*0, 1, …, . Here, is converted to units of logical slots according to clause 8.1.7, if and , where if the UE is configured with full sensing by its higher layer, if slot *n* belongs to the set , otherwise slot is the first slot after slot *n* belonging to the set ; If UE is configured with partial sensing by its higher layer, if slot belongs to the set , otherwise, slot is the first slot after slot belonging to the set . Otherwise . If the UE is configured with full sensing by its higher layer, is set to selection window size *T2* converted to units of msec. If UE is configured with partial sensing by its higher layer, shall be converted to milliseconds, where slot is the last slot of the or candidate slots. The slot is the first slot of the selected/remaining set of or candidate slots.

6LTE) In case of dynamic co-channel coexistence of LTE sidelink and NR sidelink: The UE shall exclude any candidate single-slot resource from the set if all the following conditions are met:

a) an LTE SCI format 1 is received in LTE subframe , and the '*Resource reservation'* field and '*Priority*' field in the received LTE SCI format 1 indicate the values and , respectively according to Clause 14.2.1 in [19, TS 36.213], where LTE subframes are indexed according to Clause 14.1.5 in [19, TS 36.213];

b) the LTE PSSCH-RSRP measurement according to the received LTE SCI format 1 is higher than

c) the SCI format received in LTE subframe or the same SCI format which is assumed to be received in LTE subframe(s) determines according to clause 14.1.1.4C or clause 14.2.4 in [19, TS 36.213] the set of LTE resource blocks and LTE subframes which overlaps with for *q*=1, 2, …, *Q* and *j=*0, 1, …, . Here, is with determined according to Table 14.1.1-1 in [19, TS 36.213], if and , where if subframe belongs to the set , otherwise subframe is the first subframe after subframe belonging to the set ; Otherwise . is set to selection window size *T2* converted to units of msec.

6a) This step is executed only if the procedure in clause 8.1.4A is triggered.

6b) This step is executed only if the procedure in clause 8.1.4C is triggered.

7) If the number of candidate single-slot resources or candidate multi-slot resources remaining in the set is smaller than , then and , if set, is increased by 3 dB for each priority value and the procedure continues with step 4.

7a) If sidelink DRX active time of RX UE is provided by the higher layer and there is no candidate single-slot or multi-slot resource remained within the sidelink DRX active time in the set , the UE based on its implementation additionally selects and includes at least one candidate single-slot resource or at least one candidate multi-slot resource within the sidelink DRX active time in the set .

The UE shall report set to higher layers.

If a resource from the set is not a member of , then the UE shall report re-evaluation of the resource to higher layers.

If a resource from the set meets the conditions below then the UE shall report pre-emption of the resource to higher layers.

- is not a member of , and

- meets the conditions for exclusion in step 6, with set to the final threshold after executing steps 1)-7), i.e. including all necessary increments for reaching , or for exclusion in step 6LTE, with set to the final threshold after executing steps 1-7, i.e. including all necessary increments for reaching , or for exclusion in step 5LTE3, and

- the associated priority satisfies one of the following conditions:

- *sl-PreemptionEnable* is provided and is equal to 'enabled' and

- *sl-PreemptionEnable* is provided and is not equal to 'enabled', and and

Table 8.1.4-1: depending on sub-carrier spacing

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **[slots]** |
| 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 4 |

Table 8.1.4-2: depending on sub-carrier spacing

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **[slots]** |
| 0 | 3 |
| 1 | 5 |
| 2 | 9 |
| 3 | 17 |

When the UE performs periodic-based partial sensing and contiguous partial sensing, and when the UE is triggered to perform re-evaluation and/or pre-emption checking, and if ,

- During the *q*th reservation period (*q*=0,1,2,…, *Cresel*-1), candidate resource set (*SA*) is initialized to the remaining *Y* candidate slots starting from slot and ending at the last slot of the *Y* candidate slots, where the slot indices of the remaining *Y* candidate slots are equal to , where is a slot index of *Y* candidate slots used in the initial resource (re)selection.

- is the first candidate slot starting from slot *n+T3*.

- The UE performs PBPS for the remaining *Y* candidate slots according to except for those in which its own transmissions occur, whereis a slot belonging to the remaining *Y* candidate slots, and *k* and *Preserve* are the same as resource (re)selection, where the values of *k* correspond to the most recent sensing occasion earlier than if *sl-Additional-PBPS-Occasion* is not (pre-)configured, and additionally includes the value of *k* corresponding to the last periodic sensing occasion prior to the most recent one if *sl-Additional-PBPS-Occasion* is (pre-)configured.

- The UE performs CPS starting from *M* logical slots earlier than to slots earlier than except for those in which its own transmissions occur.

- By default, *M* is 31 unless (pre-)configured with another value by *sl-CPS-WindowPeriodic*.

When the UE is triggered to perform re-evaluation and/or pre-emption checking, performs at least contiguous partial sensing, and if ,

- Candidate resource set (*SA*) is initialized to the remaining *Y'* candidate slots starting from slot and ending at the last slot of the *Y'* candidate slots, where is the first candidate slot starting from slot *n+T3*.

- It is up to UE implementation that UE may perform PBPS for periodic sensing occasions after the resource (re)selection when higher layer parameter *sl-MultiReserveResource* is enabled.

- UE performs CPS starting from at least *M* consecutive logical slots earlier than to slots earlier than except for those in which its own transmissions occur.

- For minimum size *M* of the contiguous partial sensing window , by default, *M* is 31 unless (pre-)configured with another value, by *sl-CPS-WindowAperiodic*.

When the minimum *M* slots for CPS cannot be guaranteed, UE senses in all available slots starting from the resource (re)selection trigger slot of the same TB to slots earlier than . The UE re-evaluation and pre-emption checking is based on all available sensing results after .

### 8.1.4A UE procedure for determining a set of preferred or non-preferred resources for another UE's transmission

When this procedure is triggered, the following parameters are provided by the higher layer:

- the resource pool from which the preferred or non-preferred resources are to be determined;

- the resource selection window within which the preferred or non-preferred resources are to be determined;

- the resource set type (either preferred or non-preferred resource set);

- if the resource set type indicates preferred set, then the higher layer additionally provides the following parameters:

- L1 priority, ;

- the number of sub-channels to be used for the PSSCH/PSCCH transmission in a slot, ;

- the resource reservation period, , if present.

The value of is determined by the UE according to clause 8.1.5.

When this procedure is triggered by another UE's explicit request, the fields in the request are interpreted as follows:

- The field 'Resource selection window location' is the concatenation of the starting time location and the ending time location of the resource selection window. The starting and ending time locations of the resource selection window are each encoded in the same way as the reference slot as described in clause 8.1.5A.

- The field 'Resource reservation period' is encoded in the same way as the field of the same name in SCI format 1-A.

When determining a preferred resource set, the UE applies the procedure described in clause 8.1.4 with the above parameters and the following modifications:

- Step 6a) The UE excludes candidate single-slot resource(s) belonging to slot(s) where the UE does not expect to perform SL reception of a TB due to half-duplex operation, if all the following conditions are met:

- the UE is a destination UE of the TB for whose transmission the preferred resource set is being determined;

- the higher layer parameter *sl-Condition1-A-2* is not set to 'Disabled'.

When determining a non-preferred resource set, the UE considers any resource(s) within the resource selection window, if indicated by a received explicit request, and satisfying at least one of the following conditions as non-preferred resource(s):

- resource(s) indicated by a received [SCI format 1-A], satisfying at least one of the following criteria:

- the RSRP measurement performed, according to clause 8.4.2.1, for the received [SCI format 1-A], is higher than where is the value of the priority field in the received [SCI format 1-A]. The internal parameter is set to the corresponding value of RSRP threshold indicated by the *k*-th field in *sl-ThresholdRSRP-Condition1-B-1-Option1List*, where .

- the UE is a destination UE of a TB associated with the received [SCI format 1-A] and the RSRP measurement performed, according to clause 8.4.2.1 for the received [SCI format 1-A], is lower than where is the value of the priority field in the received [SCI format 1-A]. The internal parameter is set to the corresponding value of RSRP threshold indicated by the *k*-th field in *sl-ThresholdRSRP-Condition1-B-1-Option2List*, where .

- resources(s) in slot(s) in which the UE does not expect to perform SL reception due to half duplex operation, if the UE is a destination UE of a TB for whose transmission the non-preferred resource set is being determined.

### 8.1.4B Void

### 8.1.4C UE procedure for using a received non-preferred resource set

A UE configured with the higher layer parameter *sl-InterUE-CoordinationScheme1* uses a received non-preferred resource set as follows when performing resource (re-)selection:

- the UE excludes in Step 6b) of clause 8.1.4 resource(s) overlapping with the non-preferred resource set.

If it is not possible to meet the requirement that the number of candidate single-slot resources remaining in the set be at least after excluding resource(s) overlapping with the received non-preferred resource set, it is up to UE implementation whether or not to take into account the received non-preferred resource set to meet such requirement.

The UE is not required to use any resource from the non-preferred resource set in its resource (re-)selection if that resource is earlier than (++) after the resource of inter-UE coordination information transmission, where is equal to (+) when only MAC CE is used for inter-UE coordination information transmission, or is equal to when MAC CE and SCI format 2-C are both used for inter-UE coordination information transmission.

The case when is equal to is assuming that SCI format 2-C is received.

### 8.1.5 UE procedure for determining slots and resource blocks for PSSCH transmission associated with an SCI format 1-A

The set of slots and resource blocks for PSSCH transmission is determined by the resource used for the PSCCH transmission containing the associated SCI format 1-A, and fields '*Frequency resource assignment*', '*Time resource assignment*' of the associated SCI format 1-A as described below.

'*Time resource assignment*' carries logical slot offset indication of N = 1 or 2 actual resources when *sl-MaxNumPerReserve* is 2, and N = 1 or 2 or 3 actual resources when *sl-MaxNumPerReserve* is 3, in a form of time RIV (TRIV) field which is determined as follows:

if

elseif

else

if

else

end if

end if

where the first resource is in the slot where SCI format 1-A was received, and denotes i-th resource time offset in logical slots of a resource pool with respect to the first resource where for N = 2, ; and for N = 3, , .

The starting sub-channel of the first resource is determined according to clause 8.1.2.2. The number of contiguously allocated sub-channels for each of the N resources and the starting sub-channel indexes of resources indicated by the received SCI format 1-A, except the resource in the slot where SCI format 1-A was received, are determined from "Frequency resource assignment" which is equal to a frequency RIV (FRIV) where.

If *sl-MaxNumPerReserve* is 2 then

If *sl-MaxNumPerReserve* is3 then

where

- denotes the starting sub-channel index for the second resource

- denotes the starting sub-channel index for the third resource

- is the number of sub-channels in a resource pool, or if the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', the number of sub-channels in each RB set, provided according to the higher layer parameter *sl-NumSubchannel*

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', the applied interlace index(s) in different RB sets are the same.

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', the starting RB set of the first resource is determined according to the clause 8.1.2.2. The number of contiguously allocated RB sets for each of the N resources LRBset≥1 and the starting RB set indexes of resources indicated by the received SCI format 1-A, except the resource in the slot where SCI format 1-A was received, are determined from "Frequency resource assignment" which is equal to a frequency RIV (FRIV) where.

If sl-MaxNumPerReserve is 2 then

If sl-MaxNumPerReserve is 3 then

where

- denotes the starting RB set index for the second resource,

- denotes the starting RB set index for the third resource,

- is the number of RB sets in a resource pool,

- is the number of RB sets for each of the indicated resources,

- for FRIV indication, within the resource pool, RB sets are numbered in increasing order from 0 to from lowest frequency location to highest frequency location.

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to 'interlaceRB', the resource is determined by an intersection of the interlaces corresponding to the indicated sub-channel(s) and the union of the indicated set of RB sets and intra-cell guard bands between the indicated RB sets, if any.

If TRIV indicates *N* < *sl-MaxNumPerReserve*, the starting sub-channel indexes corresponding to *sl-MaxNumPerReserve* minus N last resources are not used.

The number of slots in one set of the time and frequency resources for transmission opportunities of PSSCH is given by where = 10\*SL\_RESOURCE\_RESELECTION\_COUNTER [10, TS 38.321] if configured else is set to 1.

If a set of sub-channels in slot is determined as the time and frequency resource for PSSCH transmission corresponding to the selected sidelink grant (described in [10, TS 38.321]), the same set of sub-channels in slots are also determined for PSSCH transmissions corresponding to the same sidelink grant where *j=*1, 2,*…,* , , if provided, is converted from units of msec to units of logical slots, resulting in according to clause 8.1.7, and is determined by Clause 8. Here, is the resource reservation interval indicated by higher layers.

### 8.1.5A UE procedure for determining slots and resource blocks indicated by a preferred or non-preferred resource set

The set of slots and resource blocks indicated by a set of preferred or non-preferred resource(s) is determined as described below.

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is not provided, or it is set to ‘contiguousRB', the set of preferred or non-preferred resources , is indicated by a reference slot and tuples , indicated by the 'resource combination' field, where for each tuple is indicated by the 9 MSBs, followed by and (if present).

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to ‘interlaceRB', the set of preferred or non-preferred resources , is indicated by a reference slot and tuples , indicated by the 'resource combination' field, where for each tuple is indicated by the 9 MSBs, followed by , and (if present).

The reference slot is indicated by the 'Reference slot location' field as a combination of DFN index and slot index [5, TS 38.212], with the 10 MSBs indicating the DFN index. , and if any are interpreted according to clause 8.1.5, with the following modifications:

- the value of *sl-MaxNumPerReserve* is fixed to 3.

- "slot where SCI format 1-A was received" is replaced by slot indicated as the first resource location of a .

- the first resource location of each for is indicated by a slot offset in logical slots with respect to the reference slot ; the slot offset is indicated by the 'first resource location' field; the first resource location of is at slot offset 0 with respect to the reference slot.

- "the received SCI format 1-A, except the resource in the slot where SCI format 1-A was received" is replaced by "each tuple".

- the starting sub-channel of the first resource of each tuple is separately indicated.

- if the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to ‘interlaceRB', the starting RB set of the first resource of each tuple is separately indicated.

The starting sub-channel of the first resource of each tuple is indicated by the 'Lowest subChannel indices' field. The starting RB set of the first resource of each tuple, if any, is indicated by the 'Lowest RB set indices' field. The resource reservation period is encoded as in SCI format 1-A.

If the set is indicated by an SCI format 2-C, the number of tuples is .

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is not provided, or it is set to ‘contiguousRB', a UE forms the union of the subsets indicated by each tuple to obtain the set .

If the higher layer parameter *transmissionStructureForPSCCHandPSSCH* is set to ‘interlaceRB', a UE forms the union of the subsets indicated by each tuple to obtain the set .

### 8.1.6 Sidelink congestion control in sidelink resource allocation mode 2

If a UE is configured with higher layer parameter *sl-CR-Limit* and transmits PSSCH in slot *n*, the UE shall ensure the following limits for any priority value k;

where is the CR evaluated in slot *n*-*N* for the PSSCH transmissions with '*Priority*' field in the SCI set to *i*, and corresponds to the high layer parameter *sl-CR-Limit* that is associated with the priority value *k* and the CBR range which includes the CBR measured in slot *n*-*N*, where *N* is the congestion control processing time.

The congestion control processing time *N* is based on µ of Table 8.1.6-1 and Table 8.1.6-2 for UE processing capability 1 and 2 respectively, where µ corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the sidelink channel with which the PSSCH is to be transmitted. A UE shall only apply a single processing time capability in sidelink congestion control.

Table 8.1.6-1: Congestion control processing time for processing timing capability 1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **µ** | Congestion control processing time N [slots] |
| 0 | 2 |
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 4 |
| 3 | 8 |

Table 8.1.6-2: Congestion control processing time for processing timing capability 2

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **µ** | Congestion control processing time N [slots] |
| 0 | 2 |
| 1 | 4 |
| 2 | 8 |
| 3 | 16 |

It is up to UE implementation how to meet the above limits, including dropping the transmissions in slot *n*.

### 8.1.7 UE procedure for determining the number of logical slots for a reservation period

A given resource reservation period in milliseconds is converted to a period in logical slots as:

where is the number of slots that belong to a resource pool as defined in Clause 8.



## 8.2 UE procedure for transmitting sidelink reference signals

### 8.2.1 CSI-RS transmission procedure

A UE transmits sidelink CSI-RS within a unicast PSSCH transmission if the following conditions hold:

- CSI reporting is enabled by higher layer parameter *sl-CSI-Acquisition*; and

- the '*CSI request*' field in the corresponding SCI format 2-A, 2-C or 2-D is set to 1.

The following parameters for CSI-RS transmission are configured for each CSI-RS configuration:

- *sl-CSI-RS-FirstSymbol* indicates the first OFDM symbol in a PRB used for SL CSI-RS

- *sl-CSI-RS-FreqAllocation* indicates the number of antenna ports and the frequency domain allocation for SL CSI-RS.

When the UE is configured with *Qp*={1,2} CSI-RS port(s) in sidelink and the number of scheduled layers is ,

- The CSI-RS scaling factor specified in clause 8.4.1.5.3 of [4, TS 38.211] is given by where is the scaling factor for the corresponding PSSCH specified in clause 8.3.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211].

### 8.2.2 PSSCH DM-RS transmission procedure

The UE selects the DM-RS time domain pattern out of the patterns configured using the higher layer parameter *sl-PSSCH-DMRS-TimePatternList* for the resource pool on which the PSSCH is to be transmitted. If more than one DM-RS time domain pattern is configured, the selected pattern is indicated by the '*DMRS pattern*' field in the SCI format 1-A associated with the PSSCH transmission.

If PSSCH DM-RS and PSCCH are mapped to the same OFDM symbol, then this mapping within a single sub-channel is only supported if higher layer parameter *sl-SubchannelSize* >= 20, i.e. the sub-channel size is at least 20 PRBs.

When a sub-channel size is less than 20 PRBs and the size of PSCCH is less than the sub-channel size, a UE is not expected to choose a PSSCH DM-RS pattern to be transmitted in the same OFDM symbol with PSCCH.

### 8.2.3 PT-RS transmission procedure

Transmission of PT-RS is only supported in frequency range 2.

The UE PT-RS transmission procedure specified in clause 6.2.3.1 applies for derivation of the PT-RS parameters *LPT-RS* and*, KPT-RS* and for determination of PT-RS presence, with the following changes:

- *timeDensity* and *frequencyDensity* in *PTRS-UplinkConfig* are replaced by *sl-PTRS-TimeDensity* and *sl-PTRS-FreqDensity* in *SL-PTRS-Config* respectively, and *SL-PTRS-Config* is (pre)configured per resource pool;

- the number of antenna ports is the same as the number of PSSCH DM-RS antenna ports and the association between a PT-RS antenna port and a PSSCH DM-RS antenna port is fixed.

- In a shared SL PRS resource pool, transmission of PT-RS is cancelled in OFDM symbols with SL PRS.

### 8.2.4 SL PRS transmission procedure

The following parameters for SL PRS transmission are associated with each SL PRS resource:

- [*SL PRS resource ID*] indicates an identity of a SL PRS resource. The SL PRS resource is identified by the SL PRS resource ID that is unique within a slot of a dedicated SL PRS resource pool. For a shared SL PRS resource pool, a SL PRS resource is uniquely identified by a combination of the SL PRS resource ID, SL PRS frequency domain allocation within a slot indicated by “frequency resource assignment” field in the associated SCI format 1-A, and a starting symbol within the slot as determined by clause 8.2.4.1.1.

- [*SL PRS comb offset and comb size*] indicates a comb offset and a comb size of the SL PRS resource

- [*Starting symbol and the number of SL PRS symbols*] indicates the starting symbol index and the number of symbols of the SL PRS resource within a slot in a dedicated SL PRS resource pool. [*number of SL PRS symbols*] indicates the number of symbols of the SL PRS resource within a slot in a shared SL PRS resource pool.

For a dedicated SL PRS resource pool, SL PRS resources for a same combination of number of SL PRS symbols and comb size can be mapped to a set of consecutive symbols in a slot. SL PRS resources for different combinations shall be mapped to non-overlapping sets of consecutive symbols in a slot. Up to four non-overlapping sets of consecutive symbols within a slot can be used to map SL PRS resources for same or different combinations, where the case of four non-overlapping sets of consecutive symbols only applies when for all the combinations.

Each SL PRS transmission is associated with an PSCCH transmission in the same slot.

In the case of dedicated SL PRS resource pool, that PSCCH carries the SCI format 1-B associated with the SL PRS transmission.

The UE may report the association information between the already transmitted SL PRSs of SL PRS resources and UE Tx ARP ID. The association information includes ARP ID(s), SL PRS transmission timestamp(s) [*sl-prs-time-stamp*], and optional SL PRS resource ID(s).

#### 8.2.4.1 Resource allocation

In sidelink resource allocation mode 1:

- for SL PRS transmission, dynamic grant, configured grant type 1, and configured grant type 2 are supported.

- for a dedicated SL PRS resource pool, the UE shall perform the procedure described in clause 8.6 (excluding the case of PSSCH for retransmission of a transport block), with the following modifications:

- "PSSCH for a transport block" is replaced by "SL PRS"

- "PSSCH" is replaced by "SL PRS".

The total number of SL configured grants including type 1 and type 2 across all resource pools is not greater than 8.

##### 8.2.4.1.1 Resource allocation in time domain

The UE shall transmit the SL PRS in the same slot as the associated PSCCH.

For a dedicated SL PRS resource pool, the minimum resource allocation unit in the time domain is a SL PRS resource in a slot.

The UE shall transmit the SL PRS in consecutive symbols within the slot.

A UE does not transmit multiple SL PRS resources in the same slot.

For a shared SL PRS resource pool, the UE transmits the SL PRS in PSSCH symbols according to clause 8.1.2.1, with the following restrictions:

- the number of contiguous symbols for SL PRS transmission, , shall correspond to one of the SL PRS resources in parameter *sl-PrsResources-Shared-SL-PRS-RP*.

- the UE shall not transmit SL PRS in symbols where associated PSCCH is transmitted.

- the UE shall not transmit SL PRS and PSSCH DMRS in the same symbol.

- the UE shall not transmit SL PRS and SL CSI-RS in the same symbol.

- the UE shall transmit SL PRS on contiguous symbols either in between or after symbols where PSSCH DMRS is transmitted.

- the UE shall transmit SL PRS only after the last symbol with second stage SCI.

- For a given value of , SL PRS resource is mapped to the last consecutive SL symbols in the slot that meet all the other restrictions

For a dedicated SL PRS resource pool, the UE transmits SL PRS subject to the following restrictions:

- the UE shall not transmit SL PRS and associated PSCCH in the same symbol;

- the number of contiguous symbols and the starting symbol for SL PRS transmission shall correspond to one of the SL PRS resources in parameter [].

In sidelink resource allocation mode 1 for a shared SL PRS resource pool, the time domain behaviour for sidelink dynamic grants and sidelink configured grants for SL PRS follows the behaviour in clause 8.1.2.1.

In sidelink resource allocation mode 1 for a dedicated SL PRS resource pool, the time domain behaviour for sidelink dynamic grants and sidelink configured grants for SL PRS follows the behaviour in clause 8.1.2.1, with the following modifications:

- "DCI format 3\_0" is replaced by "DCI format 3\_2".

- "PSSCH" is replaced by "SL PRS".

##### 8.2.4.1.2 Resource allocation in frequency domain

For a shared SL PRS resource pool, the frequency domain resource assignment of a SL PRS resource is the same as PSSCH in the same slot.

For a dedicated SL PRS resource pool, the frequency domain resource assignment of a SL PRS resource is same as frequency resources of a resource pool provided by the higher layer parameter *sl-RB-Number*.

#### 8.2.4.2 UE procedure for determining the subset of resources to be reported to higher layers in SL PRS resource selection in a dedicated SL PRS resource pool in sidelink resource allocation mode 2

In resource allocation mode 2 in a dedicated SL PRS resource pool, the higher layer can request the UE to determine a subset of resources from which the higher layer will select resources for SL PRS/PSCCH transmission. To trigger this procedure, in slot *n,* the higher layer provides the following parameters for this SL PRS/PSCCH transmission:

- the resource pool from which the resources are to be reported;

- L1 priority, ;

- the remaining [delay budget];

- Set of SL-PRS resource ID(s);

- optionally, the resource reservation interval, , in units of msec.

- if the higher layer requests the UE to determine a subset of resources from which the higher layer will select resources for SL PRS[/PSCCH] transmission as part of re-evaluation or pre-emption procedure, the higher layer provides a set of resources which may be subject to re-evaluation and a set of resources which may be subject to pre-emption.

- it is up to UE implementation to determine the subset of resources as requested by higher layers before or after the slot - , where is the slot with the smallest slot index among and , and is equal to , whereis defined in slots in Table 8.1.4-2 whereis the SCS configuration of the SL BWP.

The following higher layer parameters affect this procedure:

*- [sl-SelectionWindowList*:internal parameter is set to the corresponding value from higher layer parameter *sl-SelectionWindowList* for the given value of .]

*- [sl-Thres-RSRP-List]*: this higher layer parameter provides an RSRP threshold for each combination , where is the value of the priority field in a received SCI format 1-B and is the priority of the transmission of the UE selecting resources; for a given invocation of this procedure, .

*- [reservationPeriodAllowed-Dedicated-SL-PRS-RP]*

*- [sl-SensingWindow]*: internal parameter is defined as the number of slots corresponding to *sl-SensingWindow* msec

*- [sl-TxPercentageLis]*: internal parameter for a given is defined as *sl-TxPercentageList ()* converted from percentage to ratio

- [*sl-PreemptionEnable]*: if *sl-PreemptionEnable* is provided, and if it is not equal to 'enabled', internal parameter is set to the higher layer provided parameter *sl-PreemptionEnable.*

The UE shall perform this procedure according to clause 8.1.4, with the following modifications:

- "packet delay budget" is replaced by "SL PRS delay budget",

- partial sensing is not applicable in a dedicated SL PRS resource pool,

- "candidate single-slot resource" is replaced by "candidate SL PRS resource",

- a candidate single-slot resource for transmission is defined as the SL PRS resource with index within the Set of SL-PRS resource ID(s) provided by the higher layer and in slot ,

- "SCI format 1-A" is replaced by "SCI format 1-B",

- in step 5, the second condition is modified as follows: for any periodicity value allowed by the higher layer parameter *reservationPeriodAllowed-Dedicated-SL-PRS-RP* and any SL PRS resource ID in the set of SL PRS resource ID(s) provided by the higher layer, and a hypothetical SCI format 1-B received in slot with '*Resource reservation period*' field set to that periodicity value and indicating that SL-PRS resource ID, condition c in step 6 would be met,

- In condition b of step 6, the RSRP measurement is the PSCCH-RSRP over the DM-RS resource elements of the PSSCH;

- In condition c of step 6 "determines according to clause 8.1.5 the set of resource blocks and slots" is replaced by "determines according to clause 8.2.4.2A the set of SL PRS resources and slots ".

#### 8.2.4.2A UE procedure for determining slots and SL PRS resource(s) associated with an SCI format 1-B in a dedicated SL PRS resource pool

The set of slots and SL PRS resources for SL PRS transmission is determined by the PSCCH containing the associated SCI format 1-B, and fields '[*SL-PRS resource ID (s))*', '[*Time resource assignment]*' of the associated SCI format 1-B as described below.

The set of slots is determined as in clause 8.1.5, with the following modifications:

- "SCI format 1-A" is replaced by "SCI format 1-B",

- [potential parameter name changes].

The first SL PRS resource is determined according to the sub-channel used for the PSCCH transmission containing the associated SCI format 1-B, where the index of the sub-channel in the resource pool is identical to the index of the SL PRS resource provided by [higher layer parameter].

The second SL-PRS and third SL PRS resource, if reserved by SCI format 1-B, are determined from " Resource ID indication" which is equal to a PRS Resource ID value (PRIV) where,

If [*sl-MaxNumPerReserve*] is 2 then

If [sl-MaxNumPerReserve] is 3 then

Where

- denotes the SL PRS resource ID for the second resource

- denotes the SL PRS resource ID for the third resource

- is the number of SL-PRS resources (pre-)configured in a slot of a resource pool.

If TRIV determined according to clause 8.1.5 indicates *N* < *sl-MaxNumPerReserve*, the SL PRS resource indices corresponding to *sl-MaxNumPerReserve* minus N last resources are not used.

The number of slots in one set of the time and frequency resources for transmission opportunities of SL PRS is given by where = 10\*SL\_RESOURCE\_RESELECTION\_COUNTER [10, TS 38.321] if configured else is set to 1.

If a SL PRS resource in slot is determined as the time and frequency resource for SL PRS transmission corresponding to the selected sidelink grant (described in [10, TS 38.321]), the same SL PRS resource in slots is also determined for SL PRS transmissions corresponding to the same sidelink grant where *j=*1, 2,*…,* , , if provided, is converted from units of msec to units of logical slots, resulting in according to clause 8.1.7, and is determined by Clause 8. Here, is the resource reservation interval indicated by higher layers.

#### 8.2.4.3 Sidelink congestion control in a dedicated SL PRS resource pool in sidelink resource allocation mode 2

When transmitting SL-PRS in a dedicated SL PRS resource pool the UE shall perform sidelink congestion control as specified in clause 8.1.6, with the following modification(s):

- "PSSCH" is replaced by "SL PRS"

- [potential parameter name changes]

- [potential changes to processing times]

## 8.3 UE procedure for receiving the physical sidelink shared channel

For sidelink resource allocation mode 1, a UE upon detection of SCI format 1-A on PSCCH can decode PSSCH according to the detected SCI formats 2-A, 2-B, 2-C and 2-D, and associated PSSCH resource configuration configured by higher layers. The UE is not required to decode more than one PSCCH at each PSCCH resource candidate.

For sidelink resource allocation mode 2, a UE upon detection of SCI format 1-A on PSCCH can decode PSSCH according to the detected SCI formats 2-A, 2-B, 2-C and 2-D, and associated PSSCH resource configuration configured by higher layers. The UE is not required to decode more than one PSCCH at each PSCCH resource candidate.

A UE is required to decode neither the corresponding SCI formats 2-A, 2-B, 2-C nor the PSSCH associated with an SCI format 1-A if the SCI format 1-A indicates an MCS table that the UE does not support.

## 8.4 UE procedure for receiving reference signals

### 8.4.1 CSI-RS reception procedure

The CSI-RS defined in Clause 8.4.1.5 of [4, TS 38.211] may be used for CSI computation.

### 8.4.2 DM-RS reception procedure for RSRP computation

8.4.2.1 RSRP for resource selection in sidelink resource allocation mode 2

In sidelink resource allocation mode 2, the UE measures RSRP for resource selection as follows:

- PSSCH-RSRP over the DM-RS resource elements for the PSSCH according to the received SCI format 1-A if higher layer parameter *sl-RS-ForSensing* is set to 'pssch', and

- PSCCH-RSRP over the DM-RS resource elements for the PSCCH carrying the received SCI format 1-A if higher layer parameter *sl-RS-ForSensing* is set to 'pscch*'*.

### 8.4.3 PT-RS reception procedure

Reception of PT-RS is only supported in frequency range 2.

The UE PT-RS reception procedure specified in clause 5.1.6.3 applies for derivation of the PT-RS parameters *LPT-RS* and*KPT-RS* and for determination of PT-RS presence, with the following changes:

- *timeDensity* and f*requencyDensity* in *PTRS-DownlinkConfig* are replaced by *sl-PTRS-TimeDensity* and *sl-PTRS-FreqDensity* in *SL-PTRS-Config* respectively, and *SL-PTRS-Config* is (pre)configured per resource pool;

- the number of antenna ports is the same as the number of PSSCH DM-RS antenna ports and the association between a PT-RS antenna port and a PSSCH DM-RS antenna port is fixed.

### 8.4.4 SL PRS reception procedure

The UE may be configured, via [*higher layer parameter(s)*], to measure and report one or more of the SL RSTD, SL Rx-Tx time difference, SL RTOA, SL PRS-RSRPP, for the first detected path and up to 8 additional detected paths, and SL PRS-RSRP measurements. The UE may be configured, via [*higher layer parameter(s)*], to measure and report one or more of the SL AoA, SL PRS-RSRPP for the first path and up to 2 additional detected paths, and SL PRS-RSRP measurement.

The UE may report an ARP ID associated with the reported measurements. The UE may provide the ARP location information via [*higher layer parameter(s)*].

The UE uses the same ARP for both the transmission and reception of sidelink positioning reference signals while performing an SL Rx-Tx time difference measurement.

The UE may include SL PRS resource ID(s) when it reports one or more of the SL RSTD, SL Rx-Tx time difference, SL RTOA, SL AoA, SL PRS-RSRP, and SL PRS-RSRPP measurements.

For the SL RSTD, SL Rx-Tx time difference, SL RTOA, SL AoA, SL PRS-RSRP, and SL PRS-RSRPP measurements, the UE reports an associated SL PRS reception timestamp via higher layer parameter [*slTimestamps*]. For SL Rx-Tx time difference, the UE may report an associated SL PRS transmission timestamp via higher layer parameter [*tx-Time-Info*] and the UE may be configured to report a SL PRS transmission timestamp via [higher\_layer\_parameter]. The timestamp includes the SFN, slot number, and optionally *nr-PhysCellID*, *nr-ARFCN*, *nr-CellGlobalID*, or the timestamp includes DFN and slot number. The timestamp of DFN and slot number may include synchronization source indication of DFN.

The UE may be configured to report up to N Rx-Tx time difference measurements for the same SL PRS transmission associated with N different SL PRS receptions for the same pair of UE(s). The UE may be configured to report up to N Rx-Tx time difference measurements for the same SL PRS reception associated with N different SL PRS transmissions for the same pair of UE(s).

The UE may report, LoS/NLoS indicator(s) via [*nr-los-nlos-Indicator*] associated with each SL RSTD, SL Rx-Tx time difference, SL RTOA, SL AoA, SL PRS-RSRP, and SL PRS-RSRPP measurements.

The UE may report synchronization source type via [*sync-Info-for-SL-TDOA-TOA*] and/or relative time difference with the associated quality metric, via [*higher layer parameter(s)*]. For the SL RSTD measurement, the UE may report a reference UE information.

For SL RTOA measurement, SFN or DFN initialization time may be provided to the UE by a UE or the network.

The UE may be provided with the location information of other UEs via [higher layer parameter]. The UE may report the location information of the UE to the network.

The UE may be provided with expected SL AoA and uncertainty range of the expected SL AoA via [higher layer parameter].

The UE may report quality metric [*time quality*] corresponding to the SL RSTD, SL RTOA or SL Rx-Tx time difference measurements. The UE may report quality metric [*angle quality*] corresponding to the SL AoA measurement.

If the *'[SL PRS request]'* field in the SCI associated with the received SL PRS is set to 1 then this request for SL PRS transmission is reported to higher layers.

## 8.5 UE procedure for reporting channel state information (CSI)

### 8.5.1 Channel state information framework

CSI consists of Channel Quality Indicator (CQI) and Rank Indicator (RI). The CQI and RI are always reported together.

#### 8.5.1.1 Reporting configurations

The UE shall calculate CSI parameters (if reported) assuming the following dependencies between CSI parameters (if reported)

- CQI shall be calculated conditioned on the reported RI

The CSI reporting can be aperiodic (using [10, TS 38.321]). Table 8.5.1.1-1 shows the supported combinations of CSI reporting configurations and CSI-RS configurations and how the CSI reporting is triggered for CSI-RS configuration. Aperiodic CSI-RS is configured and triggered/activated as described in Clause 8.5.1.2.

Table 8.5.1.1-1 Triggering/Activation of CSI reporting for the possible CSI-RS Configurations.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CSI-RS Configuration** | **Aperiodic CSI Reporting** |
| Aperiodic CSI-RS | Triggered by SCI. |

For CSI reporting, wideband CQI reporting is supported. A wideband CQI is reported for a single codeword for the entire CSI reporting band.

#### 8.5.1.2 Triggering of sidelink CSI reports

The CSI-triggering UE is not allowed to trigger another aperiodic CSI report for the same UE before the last slot of the expected reception or completion of the ongoing aperiodic CSI report associated with the SCI format 2-A, 2-C or 2-D with the '*CSI request*' field set to 1, where the last slot of the expected reception of the ongoing aperiodic CSI report is given by [10, TS38.321].

An aperiodic CSI report is triggered by an SCI format 2-A, 2-C or 2-D with the '*CSI request*' field set to 1.

A UE is not expected to transmit a sidelink CSI-RS and a sidelink PT-RS which overlap.

### 8.5.2 Channel state information

#### 8.5.2.1 CSI reporting quantities

##### 8.5.2.1.1 Channel quality indicator (CQI)

The UE shall derive CQI as specified in clause 5.2.2.1, with the following changes

- PDSCH replaced by PSSCH

- uplink slot replaced by sidelink slot

- downlink physical resource blocks replaced by sidelink physical resource blocks

- Transport Block Size determination according to Clause 8.1.3.2

- CSI reference resource according to the Clause 8.5.2.3

- interference measurements are not supported

- sub-band CQI is not supported

- cqi-Table is determined as follows

- cqi-Table = 'table1' if Table 5.1.3.1-1 is determined as the MCS table according to Clause 8.1.3.1 of [6, 38.214],

- cqi-Table = 'table2' if Table 5.1.3.1-2 is determined as the MCS table according to Clause 8.1.3.1 of [6, 38.214],

- cqi-Table = 'table3' if Table 5.1.3.1-3 is determined as the MCS table according to Clause 8.1.3.1 of [6, 38.214]

#### 8.5.2.2 Reference signal (CSI-RS)

The UE can be configured with one CSI-RS pattern as indicated by the higher layer parameters *sl-CSI-RS-FreqAllocation, sl-CSI-RS-FirstSymbol* in *SL-CSI-RS-Config*.

Parameters for which the UE shall assume non-zero transmission power for CSI-RS are configured according to clause 8.2.1.

A UE is not expected to be configured such that a CSI-RS and the corresponding PSCCH can be mapped to the same resource element. A UE is not expected to receive sidelink CSI-RS and PSSCH DM-RS, nor CSI-RS and 2nd-stage SCI, on the same symbol.

Sidelink CSI-RS shall be transmitted according to [4, TS 38.211] in the resource blocks used for the PSSCH associated with the SCI format 2-A, 2-C or 2-D triggering a report.

#### 8.5.2.3 CSI reference resource definition

The CSI reference resource in sidelink is defined as follows:

- In the frequency domain, the CSI reference resource is defined by the group of sidelink physical resource blocks containing the sidelink CSI-RS to which the derived CSI relates.

- In the time domain, the CSI reference resource for a CSI reporting in sidelink slot *n* is defined by a single sidelink slot *nCSI\_ref* where *nCSI\_ref* is the same sidelink slot as the corresponding CSI request.

If configured to report CQI index and RI index, in the CSI reference resource, the UE shall assume the following for the purpose of deriving the CQI index and RI index:

- The reference resource uses the CP length and subcarrier spacing configured for the SL BWP.

- Redundancy Version 0.

- PSCCH occupies 2 OFDM symbols.

- The number of PSSCH and DM-RS symbols is equal to *sl-LengthSymbols*‒2.

- Assume no REs allocated for sidelink CSI-RS.

- Assume no REs allocated for SCI format 2-A, SCI format 2-B, SCI format 2-C or SCI format 2-D.

- Assume the same number of DM-RS symbols as the smallest one configured by the higher layer parameter *sl-PSSCH-DMRS-TimePatternList.*

- Assume no REs allocated for sidelink PT-RS.

- Assume sidelink CSI-RS RE power is the same as PSSCH RE power.

- The PSSCH transmission scheme where the UE may assume that PSSCH transmission would be performed with up to 2 transmission layers as defined in Clause 8.3.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211]. For CQI calculation, the UE should assume that PSSCH signals on antenna ports in the set [1000,…, 1000+ν-1] for ν layers would result in signals equivalent to corresponding symbols transmitted on antenna ports [3000,…, 3000+*P*-1], as given by

where  is a vector of PSSCH symbols from the layer mapping defined in Clause 8.3.1.4 of [4, TS 38.211], is the number of CSI-RS ports. If only one CSI-RS port is configured, *W(i)* is 1. Otherwise, *W(i)* is the identity matrix*.*

### 8.5.3 CSI reporting

The UE can be configured with one CSI reporting latency bound as indicated by the higher layer parameter *sl-LatencyBoundCSI-Report*. CSI reporting is aperiodic and is described in [10, TS 38.321].

## 8.6 UE PSSCH preparation procedure time

For sidelink dynamic grant and for SL configured grant type 2 activation, if the first sidelink symbol in the sidelink allocation for a PSSCH for a transport block and the associated PSCCH, including the DM-RS and the duplicated symbol, as defined by the slot offset of the scheduling DCI for dynamic grant or the activating DCI for SL configured grant type 2, is no earlier than at symbol *L*, where *L* is defined as the next sidelink symbol with its CP starting after the end of the reception of the last symbol of the PDCCH carrying the DCI scheduling the sidelink transmissions for dynamic grant or activating the SL configured grant type 2, then the UE shall transmit the PSSCH and the associated PSCCH.

*- N2* is based on *µ* of Table 8.6-1, where *µ* corresponds to the one of (*µDL*, *µSL*) resulting with the largest *Tproc*, where the *µDL* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the downlink with which the PDCCH carrying the DCI scheduling the PSSCH for dynamic grant or activating the SL configured grant type 2 was transmitted and *µSL* corresponds to the subcarrier spacing of the sidelink channel with which the PSSCH and the associated PSCCH are to be transmitted, and *κ* is defined in Clause 4.1 of [4, TS 38.211].

- *d2,1* = 1.

Otherwise the UE may ignore the scheduling DCI for dynamic grant or the activating DCI for SL configured grant type 2.

The value of is used both in the case of normal and extended cyclic prefix.

Table 8.6-1: PSSCH preparation time

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | PSSCH preparation time *N2* [symbols] |
| 0 | 10 |
| 1 | 12 |
| 2 | 23 |
| 3 | 36 |

For sidelink resource allocation mode 1, the UE does not expect that the first sidelink symbol in the sidelink allocation for a PSSCH for retransmission of a transport block and the associated PSCCH, including the DM-RS and the duplicated symbol as defined by the "Time resource assignment" field of the corresponding DCI for dynamic grant or for SL configured grant type 2, or by *sl-TimeResourceCG-Type1* for configured grant type 1 starts earlier than at symbol where is defined as the next sidelink symbol with its CP starting after the end of the last symbol of the PSFCH occasion corresponding to the most recent transmission of PSSCH for the same transport block, where is defined in Clause 16.5 of [6, TS 38.213] and . Otherwise the UE may skip the retransmission of the PSSCH and the transmission of the corresponding PSCCH.

# 9 UE procedures for transmitting and receiving for RTT-based propagation delay compensation

For operation with RTT-based propagation delay compensation, the UE may be configured with either:

- one CSI-RS for tracking with higher layer parameter *pdc-Info* for Rx – Tx time difference estimation at UE side and one SRS resource set with *usage-PDC*, or

- one PRS configuration of higher layer parameter *nr-DL-PRS-PDC-ResourceSet* [12, TS 38.331] for Rx – Tx time difference estimation at UE side and one SRS resource set with *usage-PDC*.

The related UE procedures for transmitting uplink reference signals and receiving downlink reference signals for RTT-based propagation delay compensation are defined as follows:

- for reception of CSI-RS for tracking with higher layer parameter *pdc-Info*, the UE follows the procedures for reception of CSI-RS for tracking defined in Clause 5.1.6.1.1.

- for reception of the one PRS configuration provided by RRC [12, TS 38.331] for RTT-based propagation delay compensation, the UE follows the procedure for PRS reception for RTT-based propagation delay compensation defined in Clause 9.1*.*

- for transmission of an SRS resource set configured with *usage-PDC*, the UE follows the procedures for SRS transmission defined in Clause 6.2.1.

## 9.1 PRS reception procedure for RTT-based propagation delay compensation

The DL PRS resource set for RTT-based propagation delay compensation consists of K≥1 DL PRS resource(s) where each has an associated spatial transmission filter. Each DL PRS resource is configured via higher layer parameters *NR-DL-PRS-Resource* and is uniquely defined by *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceID*. The subcarrier spacing and the cyclic prefix of the DL PRS resources are defined by the subcarrier spacing and the cyclic prefix of the DL active bandwidth part of the serving cell.

The DL PRS resource set for RTT-based propagation delay compensation is configured by *nr-DL-PRS-PDC-ResourceSet*, consists of one or more DL PRS resource(s) and it is defined by:

*- periodicityAndOffset* defines the DL PRS resource periodicity and takes values slots, where for 15, 30, 60 and 120 kHz subcarrier spacing respectively and the slot offset for DL PRS resource set with respect to SFN0 slot 0. All the DL PRS resources are configured with the same DL PRS resource periodicity.

*- repetitionFactor* defines how many times each DL-PRS resource is repeated for a single instance of the DL-PRS resource set and takes values . All the DL PRS resources within the resource set have the same resource repetition factor.

*- timeGap* defines the offset in number of slots between two repeated instances of a DL PRS resource with the same *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceID* within a single instance of the DL PRS resource set. The UE only expects to be configured with *timeGap* if *repetitionFactor* is configured with value greater than 1. The time duration spanned by one instance of a *nr-DL-PRS-ResourceSet* is not expected to exceed the configured value of DL PRS periodicity. All the DL PRS resources within the resource set have the same value of *timeGap.*

*- resourceList* determines the DL PRS resources that are contained within the DL PRS resource set.

*- dl-PRS-ResourceBandwidth* defines the number of resource blocks configured for DL PRS transmission. The parameter has a granularity of 4 PRBs with a minimum of 24 PRBs and a maximum of 272 PRBs. All the DL PRS resources within the resource set have the same value of *dl-PRS-ResourceBandwidth.*

*- dl-PRS-StartPRB* defines the starting PRB index of the DL PRS resource with respect to subcarrier 0 in common resource block 0. The starting PRB index has a granularity of one PRB with a minimum value of 0 and a maximum value of 2176 PRBs. All the DL PRS resources within the resource set have the same value of *dl-PRS-StartPRB.*

*- numSymbols* defines the number of symbols of the DL PRS resource within a slot where the allowable values are given in Clause 7.4.1.7.3 of [4, TS38.211]. All the DL PRS resources within the resource set have the same value of *numSymbols.*

A DL PRS resource is defined by:

*- nr-DL-PRS-ResourceID* determines the DL PRS resource configuration identity. All DL PRS resource IDs are locally defined within the DL PRS resource set.

*- dl-PRS-SequenceID* is used to initialize cinit value used in pseudo random generator as described in Clause 7.4.1.7.2 of [4, TS 38.211] for generation of DL PRS sequence for a given DL PRS resource.

*- dl-PRS-CombSizeN-AndReOffset* defines the comb size of a DL PRS resource, where the allowable values are given in Clause 7.4.1.7.3 of [TS38.211], and the starting RE offset of the first symbol within a DL PRS resource in frequency. The UE may expect the same comb size to be configured for all DL PRS resources of the PRS resource set. The relative RE offsets of the remaining symbols within a DL PRS resource are defined based on the initial offset and the rule described in Clause 7.4.1.7.3 of [4, TS 38.211].

*- dl-PRS-ResourceSlotOffset* determines the starting slot of the DL PRS resource with respect to corresponding DL PRS resource set slot offset.

*- dl-PRS-ResourceSymbolOffset* determines the starting symbol of a slot configured with the DL PRS resource.

*- dl-PRS-QCL-Info* defines any quasi co-location information of the DL PRS resource with other reference signals. The DL PRS may be configured with QCL 'typeD' with a DL PRS in the same PRS resource set, or with *rs-Type* set to 'typeC', 'typeD', or 'typeC-plus-typeD' with a SS/PBCH Block from the serving cell.

The UE assumes constant EPRE is used for all REs of a given DL PRS resource.

The UE assumes that the DL PRS from the serving cell is not mapped to any symbol that contains SS/PBCH block from the serving cell.

The UE does not expect to be scheduled or configured for reception of any downlink channel or any other downlink signal(s) in the OFDM symbol(s) and PRBs of the DL PRS resource for RTT-based propagation delay compensation to be received.

The UE is expected to receive the DL PRS for RTT-based propagation delay compensation only in RRC\_CONNECTED state and within the DL active bandwidth part of the serving cell.

Annex <A> (informative):  
Change history

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Change history | | | | | | | |
| **Date** | **Meeting** | **TDoc** | **CR** | **Rev** | **Cat** | **Subject/Comment** | **New version** |
| 2017-05 | RAN1#89 | R1-1708892 | - | - | - | Draft skeleton | 0.0.0 |
| 2017-07 | AH\_1706 | R1-1712016 |  |  |  | Inclusion of agreements up to and including RAN1#AH2 | 0.0.1 |
| 2017-08 | AH\_1706 | R1-1714234 |  |  |  | Inclusion of agreements up to and including RAN1#AH2 | 0.0.2 |
| 2017-08 | RAN1#90 | R1-1714596 |  |  |  | Updated editor's version | 0.0.3 |
| 2017-08 | RAN1#90 | R1-1714626 |  |  |  | Updated editor's version | 0.0.4 |
| 2017-08 | RAN1#90 | R1-1715077 |  |  |  | Endorsed version by RAN1#90 | 0.1.0 |
| 2017-08 | RAN1#90 | R1-1715324 |  |  |  | Inclusion of agreements up to and including RAN1#90 | 0.1.1 |
| 2017-08 | RAN1#90 | R1-1715331 |  |  |  | Updated editor's version | 0.1.2 |
| 2017-09 | RAN#77 | RP-172001 |  |  |  | For information to plenary | 1.0.0 |
| 2017-09 | AH\_1709 | R1-1716930 |  |  |  | Inclusion of agreements up to and including RAN1#AH3 | 1.0.1 |
| 2017-10 | RAN1#90bis | R1-1718808 |  |  |  | Updated editor's version | 1.0.2 |
| 2017-10 | RAN1#90bis | R1-1718819 |  |  |  | Endorsed version by RAN1#90bis | 1.1.0 |
| 2017-10 | RAN1#90bis | R1-1719227 |  |  |  | Inclusion of agreements up to and including RAN1#90bis | 1.1.1 |
| 2017-11 | RAN1#90bis | R1-1720113 |  |  |  | Inclusion of agreements up to and including RAN1#90bis | 1.1.2 |
| 2017-11 | RAN1#90bis | R1-1720114 |  |  |  | Inclusion of agreements up to and including RAN1#90bis | 1.1.3 |
| 2017-11 | RAN1#90bis | R1-1721051 |  |  |  | Endorsed version | 1.2.0 |
| 2017-12 | RAN1#91 | R1-1721344 |  |  |  | Inclusion of agreements up to and including RAN1#91 | 1.3.0 |
| 2017-12 | RAN#78 | RP-172416 |  |  |  | Endorsed version for approval by plenary | 2.0.0 |
| 2017-12 | RAN#78 |  |  |  |  | Approved by plenary – Rel-15 spec under change control | 15.0.0 |
| 2018-03 | RAN#79 | RP-180200 | 0001 |  | F | CR capturing the Jan18 ad-hoc and RAN1#92 meeting agreements | 15.1.0 |
| 2018-06 | RAN#80 | RP-181172 | 0002 | 1 | F | CR to 38.214 capturing the RAN1#92bis and RAN1#93 meeting agreements | 15.2.0 |
| 2018-06 | RAN#80 | RP-181257 | 0003 | - | B | CR to 38.214 capturing the RAN1#92bis and RAN1#93 meeting agreements related to URLLC | 15.2.0 |
| 2018-06 | RAN#80 | RP-181172 | 0004 | - | F | CR to 38.214: maintenance according to agreed Rel 15 features | 15.2.0 |
| 2018-09 | RAN#81 | RP-181789 | 0005 | - | F | CR to 38.214 capturing the RAN1#94 meeting agreements | 15.3.0 |
| 2018-12 | RAN#82 | RP-182523 | 0006 | 2 | F | Combined CR of all essential corrections to 38.214 from RAN1#94bis and RAN1#95 | 15.4.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190632 | 0007 | 3 | F | Correction to aperiodic CSI-RS triggering with different numerology between PDCCH and CSI-RS | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0009 | - | F | Correction on CSI-RS configuration in 38.214 | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0010 | - | F | Correction on uplink resource allocation type 1 | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0011 | - | F | Correction on determination of the resource allocation table for PUSCH with SP CSI | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0012 | - | F | Correction on PUSCH resource allocation | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0013 | - | F | Change Request for alignment of frequency domain resource allocation with 38.213 for a PUSCH transmission scheduled by a RAR UL grant | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0014 | - | F | CR on sequential PDSCH and PUSCH scheduling | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0015 | - | F | CR on out of HARQ order with multiple PDSCHs within one slot | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0016 | - | F | Correction to LBRM restriction | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0017 | - | F | CR on PDSCH beam indication | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0018 | - | F | Correction on TCI indication for multi-slot PDSCH | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0019 | - | F | Clarifications on CSI reporting on PUSCH | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0020 | - | F | QCL properties of Msg4 in CONNECTED Mode | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0022 | 1 | F | CR on dynamic grant overriding configured grant | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0023 | - | F | Correction on PUSCH with configured grant | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190450 | 0024 | - | F | Corrections to 38.214 | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | RP-190425 | 0025 | 1 | F | CR on QCL assumption for receiving PDSCH for RAR | 15.5.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191552 | 0035 | - | F | Removal of "Correction to aperiodic CSI-RS triggering with different numerology between PDCCH and CSI-RS" | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191284 | 0026 | - | F | Corrections on non-codebook based UL transmission to TS 38.214 | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191284 | 0027 | - | F | CR on UE procedure for PDSCH and PUSCH | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191284 | 0028 | - | F | Correction on configured scheduling PUSCH repetition with dynamic SFI | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191284 | 0029 | - | F | CR on rate matching for PDSCH scheduled by DCI format 1\_0 | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191284 | 0030 | - | F | Clarification on CG transmission opportunities | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191284 | 0031 | 5 | F | Corrections to 38.214 including alignment of terminology across specifications | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191284 | 0032 | - | F | CR to 38.214 clarifying calculation of DataRate and DataRateCC | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191284 | 0033 | - | F | Correction on PUSCH retransmission for a serving cell configured with two uplinks | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | RP-191284 | 0034 | - | F | Corrections to 38.214 regarding the MAC CE activation/deactivation timing in mixed numerology scenario | 15.6.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | RP-191943 | 0037 | - | F | Correction on UE receiving PDSCH procedure in FR2 | 15.7.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | RP-191943 | 0038 | - | F | Correction on slot aggregation | 15.7.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | RP-191943 | 0039 | - | F | CR on grant-based PDSCH overlapping with SPS PDSCH | 15.7.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | RP-191943 | 0040 | - | F | Correction on the resource mapping of PDSCH in TS 38.214 | 15.7.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | RP-191943 | 0041 | 1 | F | Corrections to 38.214 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98 | 15.7.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | RP-191943 | 0042 | - | F | Clarification of PUSCH with SP-CSI overlapping with PUSCH with data | 15.7.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192627 | 0045 | - | F | Correction on resource allocation for uplink transmission with configured grant Type 1 | 15.8.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192627 | 0046 | - | F | Clarification to the dynamically scheduled PDSCH collision with SPS-PDSCH | 15.8.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192627 | 0047 | - | F | Correction on rate-matching for LTE-CRS-toMatchAround | 15.8.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192627 | 0048 | - | F | Correction on timing for MAC CE applicability in 38.214 | 15.8.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192627 | 0049 | - | F | Corrections to 38.214 including alignment of terminology across specifications in RAN1#98bis and RAN1#99 | 15.8.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192634 | 0043 | 1 | B | Introduction of UE behaviour for SRS measurements for CLI | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192635 | 0050 | - | B | Introduction of two-step RACH | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192636 | 0051 | - | B | Introduction of NR - U | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192637 | 0052 | - | B | Introduction of integrated access and backhaul for NR | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192638 | 0053 | - | B | Introduction of NR V2X | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192639 | 0054 | - | B | Introduction of NR URLLC support | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192641 | 0055 | - | B | Introduction of NR enhanced MIMO | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192642 | 0056 | - | B | Introduction of cross-slot scheduling restriction | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192643 | 0057 | - | B | Introduction of NR positioning support | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192645 | 0058 | - | B | Introduction of Cross-carrier Scheduling with Different Numerologies | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192646 | 0059 | - | B | Introduction of multiple LTE CRS rate matching patterns | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192646 | 0060 | - | B | Aperiodic CSI-RS Triggering for UE reporting beamSwitchTiming values of 224 and 336 | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192646 | 0061 | - | B | Behaviour for triggered with a CSI report for non-active BWP | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192646 | 0062 | - | B | Introduction of downgraded configurations for SRS antenna switching | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192646 | 0063 | - | B | Introduction of one-slot periodic TRS configuration for FR1 under a certain condition | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | RP-192640 | 0064 | - | B | Introduction of Industrial IoT | 16.0.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200185 | 0068 | - | F | Corrections on NR - U | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200187 | 0069 | - | F | Corrections on NR V2X | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200483 | 0070 | 1 | F | Corrections on Cross-carrier Scheduling with Different Numerologies | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200188 | 0071 | - | F | Corrections on NR URLLC support | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200190 | 0072 | - | F | Corrections on NR enhanced MIMO | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200189 | 0073 | - | F | Corrections on Industrial IoT | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200191 | 0074 | - | F | Corrections of cross-slot scheduling restriction and CSI/L1-RSRP measurement outside active time | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200184 | 0075 | - | F | Corrections on two-step RACH after RAN1#100-e | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200192 | 0076 | - | F | Corrections of NR positioning support | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87-e | RP-200448 | 0078 | - | A | CR on UL PTRS density selection | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200683 | 0080 | - | A | CR on CSI reporting for BWP size < 24 PRBs | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200683 | 0082 | - | A | CR on 38.214 PDSCH resource mapping | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200683 | 0084 | - | A | CR to 38.214 clarification on resource and port occupation of duplicate CSI-RS resources | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200693 | 0085 | 1 | F | Corrections of cross-slot scheduling restriction | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200686 | 0086 | 1 | F | Correction of two-step RACH | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200690 | 0087 | 1 | F | Corrections on NR URLLC support | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200691 | 0088 | 1 | F | Corrections on Industrial IoT | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200694 | 0089 | 1 | F | Corrections of NR positioning support | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200687 | 0090 | 1 | F | Corrections on NR - U | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200689 | 0091 | 1 | F | Corrections on NR V2X | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200696 | 0092 | 1 | F | Corrections on Cross-carrier Scheduling with Different Numerologies | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200692 | 0093 | 1 | F | Corrections on NR enhanced MIMO | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200685 | 0094 | - | F | Correction on SRS-RSRP reception procedure for CLI | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200683 | 0097 | - | A | CR on SRS for 38.214 | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200683 | 0099 | - | A | CR on 38.214 rate-matching for PDSCH with SPS | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200683 | 0101 | - | A | Correction for SP-CSI reporting on PUSCH | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200683 | 0103 | - | A | CR on port and CSI-RS resource counting | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200705 | 0106 | - | B | Introduction of switched uplink operation | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200697 | 0107 | - | F | Correction on aperiodic CSI-RS triggering with beam switching timing of 224 and 336 and on CSI reporting | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200697 | 0108 | - | F | Correction to TBS determination when 3824<Ninfo<3825 | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88-e | RP-200697 | 0109 | - | D | Editorial corrections | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201803 | 0111 | - | A | CR on Measurement Restriction for L1-RSRP | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201803 | 0113 | - | A | Correction on sounding procedure between component carriers | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201803 | 0115 | - | A | Clarification on which UE capability component indicates the number of supported simultaneous CSI calculations | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201814 | 0116 | - | F | Corrections to PDSCH PRB bundling notation (Rel-15 origin) | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201804 | 0117 | - | F | CR on 2-step RACH for 38.214 | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201813 | 0118 | - | F | Corrections on Cross-carrier Scheduling with Different Numerologies | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201809 | 0120 | - | F | Correction on SRS carrier switching | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201814 | 0121 | - | F | Correction on aperiodic CSI-RS triggering with beam switching timing of 224 and 336 | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201814 | 0122 | - | B | Introduction of flexible TRS bandwidth for BWP of 52 RBs | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201814 | 0123 | - | F | Correction on 38.214 for PUSCH with UL skipping (Note: CR was not implementable because "not based on the latest version of the specification") | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201810 | 0124 | - | F | RRM measurements when drx-onDurationTimer does not start | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201820 | 0125 | - | F | Correction on uplink Tx switching | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201807 | 0126 | 1 | F | Corrections on 5G V2X sidelink features | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201809 | 0127 | - | F | Corrections to MIMO enhancements | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201811 | 0128 | - | F | Corrections to NR positioning support | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201805 | 0129 | - | F | Corrections to NR-based access to unlicensed spectrum | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89-e | RP-201808 | 0130 | - | F | Corrections on NR URLLC support | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202385 | 0131 | - | F | Corrections for default TCI state of AP CSI-RS in multi-TRP | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202390 | 0132 | - | F | Correction on beam switch timing for aperiodic TRS | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202401 | 0133 | - | F | Correction on increased number of CSI-RS for mobility per MO | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202390 | 0134 | - | F | 38.214 CR (Rel-16, F, Rel-15 originating) to fix configurable xOverhead values for TBS determination | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202385 | 0135 | - | F | Corrections for the issue of PDCCH and PDSCH colliding in multi-TRP | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202385 | 0136 | - | F | Correction on TCI state codepoint mapping for DCI format 1\_2 | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202384 | 0137 | - | F | Correction on data rate restriction in a slot for PUSCH repetition Type B | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202390 | 0138 | - | F | Correction to beam switch timing | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202385 | 0139 | - | F | CR on Interference Measurement Resource for L1-SINR | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202383 | 0140 | - | F | Corrections related to the sidelink slot index | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202383 | 0141 | - | F | Correction on sidelink resource pool determination based on PSBCH | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202383 | 0142 | - | F | Introduction of the preparation time for SL retransmissions in Mode 1 | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202386 | 0143 | - | F | Correction on L1-RSRP and Minimum scheduling offset | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202383 | 0145 | - | F | Correction on redundancy version for PSSCH | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202385 | 0146 | - | F | CR on Measurement Restriction for L1-SINR | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202387 | 0147 | - | F | Correction to DL PRS duration calculation for DL PRS processing | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202387 | 0148 | - | F | CR on DL PRS resource prioritization for UE measurements | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202387 | 0149 | - | F | CR on the configuration of spatial relation for the SRS for positioning | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202387 | 0150 | - | F | CR for replacement of cell terminology in PRS reception procedure | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202387 | 0152 | - | F | CR for parameter name alignment and reference corrections in PRS reception procedure | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202389 | 0153 | - | F | Corrections for A-CSI triggering with unaligned CA | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-12 | RAN#90-e | RP-202398 | 0154 | - | F | Alignment of RRC parameter names for 38.214 | 16.4.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210047 | 0156 | - | A | Correction on MCS values for PT-RS time density determination in TS 38.214 | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210048 | 0157 | - | F | CR on DMRS configuration for MsgA in 38.214 | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210049 | 0158 | - | F | Correction on joint configuration of semi-static repetitions and multi-pusch scheduling | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210055 | 0159 | - | F | Correction on UE sounding procedure | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210052 | 0160 | - | F | CR on Default TCI state of Scheme 3 and Scheme 4 | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210052 | 0161 | - | F | CR on multi-TRP | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210052 | 0162 | - | F | CR on PDSCH QCL | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210052 | 0163 | - | F | CR on L1-SINR based beam measurement | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210050 | 0164 | - | F | Corrections related to the sidelink resource reservation period | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210050 | 0165 | - | F | Correction to pre-emption condition for Mode-2 resource allocation | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210051 | 0166 | - | F | Correction on Part 2 CSI dropping for UCI multiplexing on PUSCH repetition Type B | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210058 | 0167 | - | F | Correction on uplink Tx switching | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210053 | 0168 | 1 | F | CR for the configuration of semi-persistent SRS | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210053 | 0169 | 1 | F | CR for the configuration of DL-PRS as the spatial relation of periodic and semi-persistent positioning SRS | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210053 | 0170 | 1 | F | CR for the configuration of SRS for positioning in SRS carrier switching | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210053 | 0171 | 1 | F | CR on DL PRS resource indication in activation command for semi-persistent SRS for positioning and amount of DL PRS resource sets per TRP | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210053 | 0172 | 1 | F | CR on timestamp reference in NR positioning measurement report | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210053 | 0173 | 1 | F | CR on measurement gap configuration for NR positioning | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210054 | 0175 | - | F | Additional timing delay for applying QCL relation on the PDSCH with cross-carrier scheduling with different SCS. | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210051 | 0176 | - | F | Correction on PDSCH resource mapping with RE symbol level granularity | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210051 | 0177 | - | F | Active time duration of NZP CSI-RS resource | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210059 | 0178 | - | F | Editorial corrections for 38.214 | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-03 | RAN#91-e | RP-210309 | 0123 | 2 | F | Correction on 38.214 for PUSCH with UL skipping in Rel-16 | 16.5.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211237 | 0179 | - | F | Correction on out-of-order HARQ operation in 38.214 | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211239 | 0180 | - | F | 38.214 CR on CSI request constraint per slot | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211240 | 0181 | - | F | Timelines for SRS carrier switching | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211238 | 0182 | 1 | F | Correction to the DL PRS reception procedure for PRS cell determination | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211235 | 0183 | 1 | F | Correction to sidelink resource identification procedure avoiding infinite loop issue | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211234 | 0184 | - | F | Correction on averaging CSI-RS for measuring CSI across DL bursts | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211233 | 0186 | 1 | A | Rel-15 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 (mirrored to Rel-16) | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211243 | 0187 | 1 | F | Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211236 | 0188 | - | F | Correction on DMRS reception and transmission procedure in TS 38.214 | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211237 | 0189 | - | F | Correction on simultaneous multi-CC spatial relation update for SRS | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211237 | 0190 | - | F | Correction on enabling configuration of time restriction over L1-SINR measurement | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211237 | 0191 | - | F | Corrections on RRC names and interpretation for Multi-TRP | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211251 | 0192 | - | F | Correction of UE Power Saving | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211233 | 0194 | - | A | Correction on enabling configuration of time restriction over L1-RSRP and CSI measurement | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211233 | 0196 | - | A | Clarification on back-to-back PUSCHs scheduling restriction | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211235 | 0197 | - | F | Corrections for transmitting sidelink reference signals in TS 38.214 | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211238 | 0198 | - | F | CR on DL PRS periodicity and muting repetition factor | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211238 | 0199 | - | F | CR on measurement gap request inside of the active DL BWP for DL PRS measurements | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211239 | 0200 | - | F | 38.214 CR on unaligned frame boundary CA with A-CSI-RS transmission and CSI reference resource definition | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211238 | 0201 | 1 | F | CR on SCS values for DL PRS | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211238 | 0202 | 1 | F | CR on correction to DL PRS processing priority order | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-06 | RAN#92-e | RP-211236 | 0203 | - | F | Correction on SRS resource set configuration in TS 38.214 | 16.6.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211847 | 0204 | - | F | Correction to PDSCH rate matching for SPS | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211844 | 0205 | - | F | CR on sum data rate for tdmSchemeA and fdmSchemeB | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211842 | 0206 | 1 | F | Correction on procedure for transmitting the physical sidelink shared channel | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211843 | 0207 | - | F | Correction on invalid symbol determination for PUSCH repetition Type B | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211846 | 0208 | - | F | Correction on cross-carrier scheduling and cross-carrier CSI-RS triggering | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211845 | 0209 | - | F | CR on terminology correction to cell for positioning | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211845 | 0210 | - | F | CR on alignment with RAN4 on DL PRS processing | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211841 | 0212 | - | A | CR to 38.214 clarification on coefficients packing order for Type II CSI | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211841 | 0214 | - | A | Clarification on back-to-back PUSCHs scheduling restriction | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-09 | RAN#93-e | RP-211850 | 0215 | - | F | Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 | 16.7.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212958 | 0218 | - | A | Correction on semi-persistent CSI reporting on PUSCH | 16.8.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212960 | 0219 | - | F | Corrections on UE PDSCH processing time for DCI format 1\_2 | 16.8.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212961 | 0220 | - | F | Correction on frequency hopping for PUSCH and SRS | 16.8.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212958 | 0222 | - | A | Rel-15 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 | 16.8.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212964 | 0223 | - | F | Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 | 16.8.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212981 | 0224 | - | B | Introduction of NR further Multi-RAT Dual-Connectivity enhancements | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212973 | 0225 | - | B | Introduction of NR coverage enhancements | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212982 | 0226 | - | B | Introduction of DL 1024QAM for NR FR1 | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212967 | 0227 | - | B | Introduction of NR Extending current NR operation to 71GHz | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212966 | 0228 | - | B | Introduction of further enhancements on MIMO for NR | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212968 | 0229 | - | B | Introduction of enhanced Industrial Internet of Things (IoT) and ultra-reliable and low latency communication (URLLC) support for NR | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212979 | 0230 | - | B | Introduction of NR Multicast and Broadcast Services | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212969 | 0231 | - | B | Introduction of solutions for NR to support non-terrestrial networks (NTN) | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212970 | 0232 | - | B | Introduction of NR Positioning Enhancements | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212971 | 0233 | - | B | Introduction of NR reduced capability NR devices | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212983 | 0234 | - | B | Introduction of UL Tx Switching enhancements | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212978 | 0235 | - | B | Introduction of NR Sidelink enhancements | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-212972 | 0236 | - | B | Introduction of NR UE Power Saving Enhancements | 17.0.0 |
| 2021-12 | RAN#94-e | RP-213524 | 0237 | - | B | Introduction of NR small data transmissions in INACTIVE state | 17.0.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220246 | 0239 | - | A | Correction on determination of SRS resource set triggered by DCI format 2\_3 | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220244 | 0242 | - | A | Corrections on mapping between the Time domain resource allocation field value of the RAR UL grant and a row index of an allocated table | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220246 | 0244 | - | A | Corrections on time domain resource allocation procedure for a PUSCH scheduled by RAR UL grant or by fallbackRAR UL grant | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220247 | 0246 | - | A | Correction on frequency hopping for PUSCH with a configured grant | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220269 | 0248 | - | A | CR on correction of indicated TCI states for single-DCI based MTRP schemes | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220269 | 0250 | - | A | CR on PMI indexing correction in Type II and eType II CSI | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220269 | 0252 | - | A | Correction of NZC partitioning in eType II CSI | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220257 | 0253 | - | F | Corrections on NR coverage enhancements | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220251 | 0254 | - | F | Corrections on NR extensions of current NR operation to 71GHz | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220252 | 0255 | - | F | Corrections on enhanced Industrial Internet of Things (IoT) and ultra-reliable and low latency communication (URLLC) support for NR | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220263 | 0256 | - | F | Corrections on NR Multicast and Broadcast Services | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220949 | 0257 | 1 | B | Corrections on NR Sidelink enhancements | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220256 | 0258 | - | F | Corrections on NR UE Power Saving Enhancements | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220265 | 0259 | - | F | Corrections on further Multi-RAT Dual-Connectivity enhancements | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220266 | 0260 | - | F | Corrections on DL 1024QAM for NR FR1 | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220264 | 0261 | - | F | Corrections on NR Dynamic Spectrum Sharing enhancements | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220250 | 0262 | - | F | Correction on further enhancements on MIMO for NR | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220253 | 0263 | - | F | Corrections on solutions for NR to support non-terrestrial networks (NTN) | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220254 | 0264 | - | F | Correction on NR Positioning Enhancements | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220255 | 0265 | - | F | Corrections on NR reduced capability NR devices | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220267 | 0266 | - | F | Corrections on UL Tx Switching enhancements | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220270 | 0267 | - | F | Corrections on UL Tx Switching enhancements | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-03 | RAN#95-e | RP-220249 | 0269 | - | A | Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 (mirrored to Rel-17) | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221620 | 0273 | - | A | Clarification of PUSCH with SP-CSI overlapping with PUSCH with data | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221598 | 0275 | - | A | Correction on SRS resource set with 'antennaSwitching' and 'beamManagement' | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221620 | 0277 | - | A | Correction for parallel transmission of SRS and PUSCH/PUCCH | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221616 | 0278 | - | F | Corrections on SRS carrier switching | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221616 | 0279 | - | F | Simultaneous transmission of SRS and other channels for intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221607 | 0280 | - | F | Corrections on NR coverage enhancements | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221601 | 0281 | - | F | Corrections on NR extensions of current NR operation to 71GHz | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221602 | 0282 | - | F | Corrections on enhanced Industrial Internet of Things (IoT) and ultra-reliable and low latency communication (URLLC) support for NR | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221612 | 0283 | - | F | Corrections on NR Multicast and Broadcast Services | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221611 | 0284 | - | F | Corrections on NR Sidelink enhancements | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221614 | 0285 | - | F | Corrections on further Multi-RAT Dual-Connectivity enhancements | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221610 | 0286 | - | F | Corrections on eIAB | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221600 | 0287 | - | F | Correction on further enhancements on MIMO for NR | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221604 | 0288 | - | F | Correction on NR Positioning Enhancements | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221615 | 0289 | - | F | Corrections on UL Tx Switching enhancements | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-06 | RAN#96 | RP-221599 | 0291 | - | A | Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 (mirrored to Rel-17) | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0292 | 1 | F | Correction on PRS reception procedure | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0293 | 1 | F | Correction on UE sounding procedure for positioning purpose | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0294 | - | F | CR on DL-AOD positioning measurement for 38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0295 | - | F | CR on PRS RSRPP reporting for 38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222398 | 0297 | - | A | Correction for PUSCH TDRA Tables | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222401 | 0298 | - | F | Corrections on timeline of CSI request for 480kHz and 960kHz SCS in TS38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222401 | 0299 | - | F | Correction on UE PDSCH processing procedure time for operation with shared spectrum channel access in FR2-2 in TS 38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222401 | 0300 | - | F | Correction for aperiodic CSI triggering offset for FR2-2 in TS 38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0301 | - | F | CR on priority states within the PRS processing window | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0302 | - | F | CR on PRS processing sample for 38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0303 | - | F | Corrections on M-sample measurement | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0304 | - | F | CR on the positioning frequency layer within a PPW and UE capability for the PPW | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0305 | - | F | CR on PRS reception and SRS transmission outside initial BWP | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222403 | 0307 | 1 | F | Corrections on HARQ for NR-NTN for 38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222410 | 0308 | - | F | Correction on CQI derivation accounting for provided DL Tx power adjustment for IAB-MT | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222410 | 0309 | - | F | CR on eIAB CSI | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0310 | 1 | F | CR on inter-cell multi-TRP operation | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0311 | 1 | F | CR on inter-cell mTRP with PUSCH repetition TypeB | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222415 | 0312 | - | F | Correction on uplink suspension for CA-based SRS carrier switching | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0313 | - | F | CR for CSI-RS power for inter-cell mTRP | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0314 | - | F | CR on default QCL for unified TCI state for PDSCH and A-CSI-RS | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0315 | - | F | CR on unified TCI in TS38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0316 | - | F | CR on BAT for CA case | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222419 | 0317 | - | A | Correction on parallel transmission of MsgA and other channels in TS 38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0318 | - | F | Correction on the number of CPUs for Multi-TRP CSI | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0319 | - | F | Correction on CSI-RS port restriction for mTRP CSI | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0320 | - | F | Correction on slot offsets of CSI-RS resource pairs for MTRP | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222414 | 0321 | - | F | Correction on aperiodic CSI-RS for tracking for fast SCell activation | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222402 | 0322 | - | F | CR on UE procedure for overlapping CG PUSCH and DG PUSCH | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0323 | - | F | CR on the application of the configuration of group-based beam reporting | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0324 | - | F | CR on completing the PPW processing timeline | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222404 | 0326 | - | F | Correction on PRS reception procedure | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222415 | 0327 | - | F | CR on SRS carrier switching | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222400 | 0328 | - | F | Correction on Rel-17 aperiodic SRS configuration for 1T4R | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222398 | 0330 | - | A | Corrections on presence of redundancy version field and HARQ process number field of DCI format 0\_2 for semi-persistent CSI activation or deactivation PDCCH validation | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222417 | 0332 | - | A | Clarification of LI reporting for Enhanced Type II CSI feedback | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222412 | 0337 | - | F | Corrections on NR Multicast and Broadcast Services | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222411 | 0340 | - | F | Corrections on NR Sidelink enhancements | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222422 | 0341 | - | F | Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222399 | 0343 | - | A | Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 (mirrored to Rel-17) | 17.3.0 |
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| 2022-09 | RAN#97-e | RP-222609 | 0345 | 1 | F | CR on PUSCH frequency hopping with DMRS bundling | 17.3.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222852 | 0346 | - | F | Correction on LI reporting for Further Enhanced Type II Port Selection CSI feedback | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222853 | 0347 | - | F | Correction on spatial domain filter for sensing for SRS transmission in FR2-2 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222863 | 0348 | - | F | Correction on the description for the minimum number of Y and Y' candidate slots in sidelink partial sensing | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222863 | 0349 | - | F | Correction on the selection of Y and Y' candidate slots in sidelink partial sensing | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222856 | 0350 | - | F | Correction on SRS for positioning switching time | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222853 | 0351 | - | F | Correction on frequency resource for CSI-RS for tracking in TS 38.214 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222853 | 0352 | - | F | Correction on UE PUSCH preparation procedure time for operation with shared spectrum channel access in FR2-2 in TS 38.214 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222856 | 0353 | - | F | Correction on DL PRS subcarrier spacings for FR2-2 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222853 | 0354 | - | F | Correction on ZP CSI-RS rate-matching for multi-PDSCH scheduling | 17.4.0 |
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| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222857 | 0356 | - | F | Correction on invalid symbol determination for PUSCH repetition type B for HD-FDD | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222857 | 0357 | - | F | Corrections on available slot determination for PUSCH repetition type A and TBoMS for HD-UE | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222856 | 0358 | - | F | Correction adding DL PRS-RSRPP to the applicable measurements | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222856 | 0359 | - | F | Correction to the Rx beam reporting condition for DL-AoD | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222864 | 0360 | - | F | CR on the max data rate for FDMed MBS and unicast to TS 38.214 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222867 | 0362 | - | A | CR on aperiodic CSI report with dormant BWP | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222853 | 0363 | - | F | Correction on a minimum guard period between two SRS resources for antenna switching | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222863 | 0364 | - | F | Corrections on CPS operation in sidelink partial sensing | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222852 | 0365 | - | F | Correction on Type 1 configured grant PUSCH transmission associated with two SRS resource sets | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222856 | 0366 | - | F | CR on collision in Type 1B and Type 2 PPW for FR2 inter-band case | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222853 | 0367 | - | F | Correction on DL PDSCH validity for multi-PDSCH scheduling via single DCI mTRP in FR2-2 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222864 | 0368 | - | F | CR on the MBS reception type combinations to TS 38.214 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222851 | 0371 | - | A | Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 (mirrored to Rel-17) | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222868 | 0372 | 1 | F | Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222856 | 0373 | - | F | CR on UE TEG margin value report | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222856 | 0374 | - | F | Correction on configuration of UE Tx TEG association information reporting | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222853 | 0375 | - | F | CR on frequency hopping for PUSCH and SRS in FR2-2 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222852 | 0376 | - | F | CR on beam application time for unified TCI in TS 38.214 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222852 | 0377 | - | F | Correction on SRI for mTRP PUSCH repetition | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222859 | 0378 | - | F | Correction of RV of CG PUSCH repetitions | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222856 | 0379 | - | F | Correction on DL PRS priority states in PPW | 17.4.0 |
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| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222850 | 0385 | - | A | Correction on Priority rules for CSI reports in TS 38.214 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222859 | 0386 | - | F | Correction on events for restarting of DMRS bundling | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222859 | 0387 | - | F | Correction on DMRS bundling for reduced capability HD-UE | 17.4.0 |
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| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222864 | 0389 | - | F | CR on rate-matching pattern for MBS broadcast reception | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222863 | 0390 | - | F | Correction on duplicated part on UE procedure for determining a resource conflict between TS 38.213 and TS 38.214 | 17.4.0 |
| 2022-12 | RAN#98-e | RP-222863 | 0391 | - | F | Correction on the re-evaluation and pre-emption checking for periodic and aperiodic transmissions | 17.4.0 |
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| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230443 | 0394 | - | F | Correction on timeline requirements when configured with uci-MuxWithDiffPrio | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230441 | 0395 | - | F | CR on power control parameters for multiple aperiodic SRS resource sets | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230442 | 0396 | - | F | Corrections to aperiodic CSI-RS timing for mixed numerologies configuration in TS38.214 | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230441 | 0397 | - | F | CR on slot offset parameters for multiple aperiodic SRS resource sets | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230451 | 0398 | - | F | CR on SPS and dynamic scheduling PDSCH(s) collision for MBS | 17.5.0 |
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| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230442 | 0400 | - | F | Correction on channel measurement and interference measurement in FR2-2 in TS 38.214 | 17.5.0 |
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| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230450 | 0402 | - | F | Correction on the resource selection mechanism indicated by higher layer | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230454 | 0404 | - | A | Correction on PUSCH TDRA Tables in Rel-17 | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230450 | 0405 | - | F | Correction on reservation periodicity for re-evaluation and pre-emption checking | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230450 | 0406 | - | F | Correction on periodic-based partial sensing occasion index | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230450 | 0407 | - | F | Correction on resource selection based on decoded PSCCH and measured RSRP | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230450 | 0408 | - | F | Correction on the parameter description for Y' candidate slots | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230441 | 0409 | - | F | CR on HARQ-ACK for beam indication in unified TCI | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230451 | 0410 | - | F | CR on FDMed unicast PDSCH and group-common PDSCH | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230451 | 0411 | - | F | CR on rate matching pattern number for MBS broadcast reception | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230446 | 0412 | - | F | Corrections on invalid symbol determination for PUSCH repetition Type B transmission for RedCap UE | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230440 | 0414 | - | A | Rel-16 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 (mirrored to Rel-17) | 17.5.0 |
| 2023-03 | RAN#99 | RP-230453 | 0415 | - | F | Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 | 17.5.0 |
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| 2023-06 | RAN#100 | RP-231229 | 0419 | - | A | Clarification to the switching gap location of the UL Tx Switching | 17.6.0 |
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| 2023-06 | RAN#100 | RP-231219 | 0424 | - | F | Correction on default beam and configuration for HST-SFN | 17.6.0 |
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| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232447 | 0429 | - | F | Correction on timeline requirements for simultaneous PUCCH and PUSCH transmission of different priorities | 17.7.0 |
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| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232456 | 0433 | - | F | Correction on the calculation of the number of coded modulation symbols for UCI multiplexing on TBoMS | 17.7.0 |
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| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232458 | 0437 | - | B | Introduction of specification support for MIMO enhancements on CSI | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232458 | 0438 | - | B | Introduction of specification support for MIMO enhancements on uTCI\_STxMP\_DMRS\_SRS\_8Tx\_2TA | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232473 | 0439 | - | B | Introduction of specification support for mobility enhancements | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232480 | 0440 | - | B | Introduction of specification support for Expanded and Improved NR Positioning | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232469 | 0441 | - | B | Introduction of specification enhancements for NR sidelink evolution | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232471 | 0442 | - | B | Introduction of multi-cell PDSCH / PUSCH scheduling | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232470 | 0443 | - | B | Introduction of dynamic spectrum sharing enhancements | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232483 | 0444 | - | B | Introduction of specification support for BandWidth Part operation without restriction in NR | 18.0.0 |
| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232472 | 0445 | - | B | Introduction of further NR coverage enhancements | 18.0.0 |
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| 2023-09 | RAN#101 | RP-232478 | 0449 | - | B | Introduction of enhanced reduced capability NR devices | 18.0.0 |
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| 2023-12 | RAN#102 | RP-233736 | 0479 | 1 | A | Correction of PUSCH repetition for RedCap UE with NCD-SSB in TDD | 18.1.0 |
| 2023-12 | RAN#102 | RP-233728 | 0481 | - | A | Rel-17 editorial corrections for TS 38.214 (mirrored to Rel-18) | 18.1.0 |
| 2023-12 | RAN#102 | RP-233720 | 0482 | - | F | Correction of specification support for network energy saving | 18.1.0 |
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| 2023-12 | RAN#102 | RP-233705 | 0484 | - | F | Correction of specification support for MIMO enhancements on uTCI\_STxMP\_DMRS\_SRS\_8Tx\_2TA | 18.1.0 |
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