

## **CODING CHALLENGE**

### **SCHEMA**

-- DATABASE CREATION

CREATE DATABASE Ecommerce;

USE Ecommerce;

-- CREATING TABLES

-- CUSTOMER TABLE

CREATE TABLE Customers(customer\_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, name  
VARCHAR(200), email VARCHAR(200), password VARCHAR(200));

-- PRODUCTS TABLE

CREATE TABLE Products(product\_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, name  
VARCHAR(200), price DECIMAL(10,2), description TEXT, stockQuantity  
INT );

-- CARTT TABLE

CREATE TABLE Cart (cart\_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, customer\_ID INT,  
product\_ID INT, quantity INT, FOREIGN KEY (customer\_ID) REFERENCES  
Customers (customer\_ID), FOREIGN KEY (product\_ID) REFERENCES  
Products(product\_ID) );

-- ORDER TABLE

```
CREATE TABLE Orders(order_ID int PRIMARY KEY , customer_ID INT,  
order_date DATE, total_price DECIMAL(10,2), shipping_address TEXT,  
FOREIGN KEY(customer_ID) REFERENCES Customers(customer_ID) );
```

-- Order items

```
CREATE TABLE Order_items(orderItem_ID int PRIMARY KEY, order_ID  
INT, product_ID INT, quantity INT,itemAmount DECIMAL(10,2), FOREIGN  
KEY(order_ID) REFERENCES Orders(order_ID), FOREIGN  
KEY(product_ID) REFERENCES Products(product_ID));
```

-- DATA INSERTION

-- product table

```
INSERT INTO Products (product_ID, name, description, price,  
stockQuantity) VALUES
```

```
(1, 'Laptop', 'High-performance laptop', 800.00, 10),
```

```
(2, 'Smartphone', 'Latest smartphone', 600.00, 15),
```

```
(3, 'Tablet', 'Portable tablet', 300.00, 20),
```

```
(4, 'Headphones', 'Noise-canceling', 150.00, 30),
```

```
(5, 'TV', '4K Smart TV', 900.00, 5),
```

```
(6, 'Coffee Maker', 'Automatic coffee maker', 50.00, 25),
```

```
(7, 'Refrigerator', 'Energy-efficient', 700.00, 10),  
(8, 'Microwave Oven', 'Countertop microwave', 80.00, 15),  
(9, 'Blender', 'High-speed blender', 70.00, 20),  
(10, 'Vacuum Cleaner', 'Bagless vacuum cleaner', 120.00, 10);
```

-- CUSTOMER TABLE

```
ALTER TABLE Customers ADD address TEXT;
```

```
INSERT INTO Customers (customer_ID, name, email, password) VALUES
```

```
(1, 'John Doe', 'johndoe@example.com', 'password1'),  
(2, 'Jane Smith', 'janesmith@example.com', 'password2'),  
(3, 'Robert Johnson', 'robert@example.com', 'password3'),  
(4, 'Sarah Brown', 'sarah@example.com', 'password4'),  
(5, 'David Lee', 'david@example.com', 'password5'),  
(6, 'Laura Hall', 'laura@example.com', 'password6'),  
(7, 'Michael Davis', 'michael@example.com', 'password7'),  
(8, 'Emma Wilson', 'emma@example.com', 'password8'),  
(9, 'William Taylor', 'william@example.com', 'password9'),  
(10, 'Olivia Adams', 'olivia@example.com', 'password10');
```

```
UPDATE Customers
```

```
SET address = '123 Main St, City'
```

WHERE customer\_ID = 1;

UPDATE Customers

SET address = '456 Elm St, Town'

WHERE customer\_ID = 2;

UPDATE Customers

SET address = '789 Oak St, Village'

WHERE customer\_ID= 3;

UPDATE Customers

SET address = '101 Pine St, Suburb'

WHERE customer\_ID = 4;

UPDATE Customers

SET address = '234 Cedar St, District'

WHERE customer\_ID = 5;

UPDATE Customers

SET address = '567 Birch St, County'

WHERE customer\_ID = 6;

```
UPDATE Customers
SET address = '890 Maple St, State'
WHERE customer_ID = 7;
```

```
UPDATE Customers
SET address = '321 Redwood St, Country'
WHERE customer_ID = 8;
```

```
UPDATE Customers
SET address = '432 Spruce St, Province'
WHERE customer_ID = 9;
```

```
UPDATE Customers
SET address = '765 Fir St, Territory'
WHERE customer_ID = 10;
```

```
select * from Customers;
```

```
-- ORDER TABLE
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders (order_id, customer_id, order_date, total_price)
VALUES
```

```
(1, 1, '2023-01-05', 1200.00),
(2, 2, '2023-02-10', 900.00),
(3, 3, '2023-03-15', 300.00),
(4, 4, '2023-04-20', 150.00),
(5, 5, '2023-05-25', 1800.00),
(6, 6, '2023-06-30', 400.00),
(7, 7, '2023-07-05', 700.00),
(8, 8, '2023-08-10', 160.00),
(9, 9, '2023-09-15', 140.00),
(10, 10, '2023-10-20', 1400.00);
```

```
-- ORDER ITEM TABLE
```

```
INSERT INTO Order_items (orderItem_id, order_id, product_id,
quantity, itemAmount) VALUES
```

```
(1, 1, 1, 2, 1600.00),
(2, 1, 3, 1, 300.00),
(3, 2, 2, 3, 1800.00),
(4, 3, 5, 2, 1800.00),
(5, 4, 4, 4, 600.00),
(6, 4, 6, 1, 50.00),
```

```
(7, 5, 1, 1, 800.00),  
(8, 5, 2, 2, 1200.00),  
(9, 6, 10, 2, 240.00),  
(10, 6, 9, 3, 210.00);
```

-- CART TABLE

```
INSERT INTO Cart (cart_ID, customer_ID, product_ID, quantity) VALUES
```

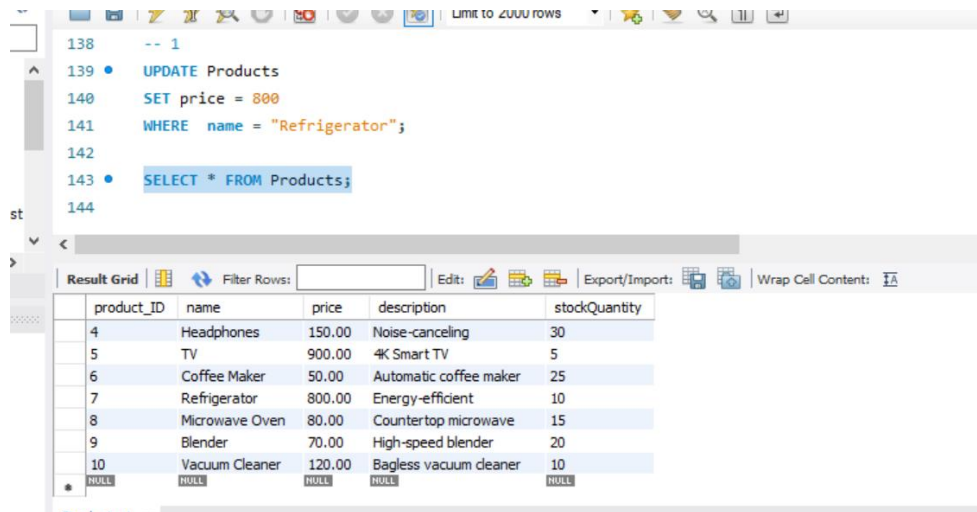
```
(1, 1, 1, 2),  
(2, 1, 3, 1),  
(3, 2, 2, 3),  
(4, 3, 4, 4),  
(5, 3, 5, 2),  
(6, 4, 6, 1),  
(7, 5, 1, 1),  
(8, 6, 10, 2),  
(9, 6, 9, 3),  
(10, 7, 7, 2);
```

**1. Update refrigerator product price to 800.**

```
UPDATE Products
```

SET price = 800

WHERE name = "Refrigerator";



The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL editor contains the following code:

```
-- 1
139 • UPDATE Products
140   SET price = 800
141   WHERE name = "Refrigerator";
142
143 • SELECT * FROM Products;
144
```

The Result Grid below the editor displays the following data:

product_ID	name	price	description	stockQuantity
4	Headphones	150.00	Noise-canceling	30
5	TV	900.00	4K Smart TV	5
6	Coffee Maker	50.00	Automatic coffee maker	25
7	Refrigerator	800.00	Energy-efficient	10
8	Microwave Oven	80.00	Countertop microwave	15
9	Blender	70.00	High-speed blender	20
10	Vacuum Cleaner	120.00	Bagless vacuum cleaner	10
HULL	HULL	HULL	HULL	HULL

## 2. Remove all cart items for a specific customer.

DELETE FROM Cart

WHERE customer\_ID = 8;

MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80 x

File Edit View Query Database Server Tools Scripting Help

Navigator

SCHEMAS

Other objects

car\_rental\_system

college

Tables

Views

Stored Procedures

Functions

collegesample

coopermanagementst

economicsample

Administration Schemas

SQL File 2

Link to 2000 rows

143 SELECT \* FROM Products;

144

145 -- 2

146 DELETE FROM Cart

147 WHERE customer\_ID = 8;

148

149 SELECT \* FROM Cart;

150

151

Result Grid

Other Rows

Info

Export/Import

View Col Contents

No object selected

cart_ID	customer_ID	product_ID	quantity
1	1	1	2
2	1	3	1
3	2	2	3
4	3	4	4
5	3	5	2
6	4	6	1
7	5	1	1
8	6	10	2
9	6	9	3
10	7	7	2

Cart 1 x

Action Output

Object Info

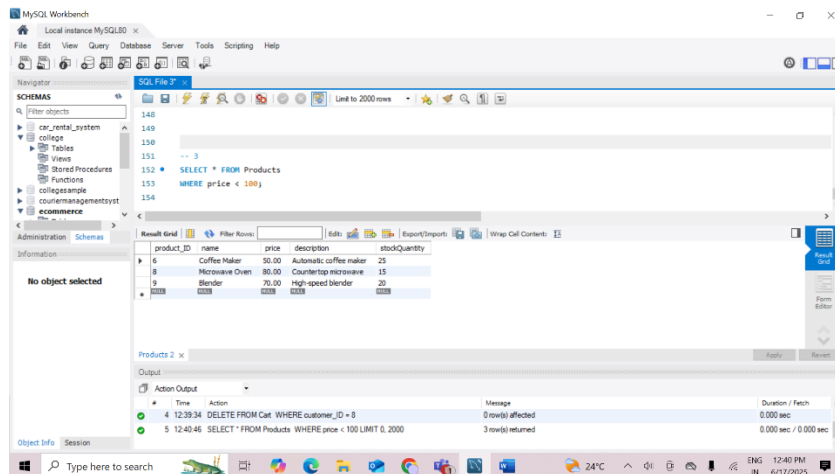
Session

Type duration

12:41 PM

601/603

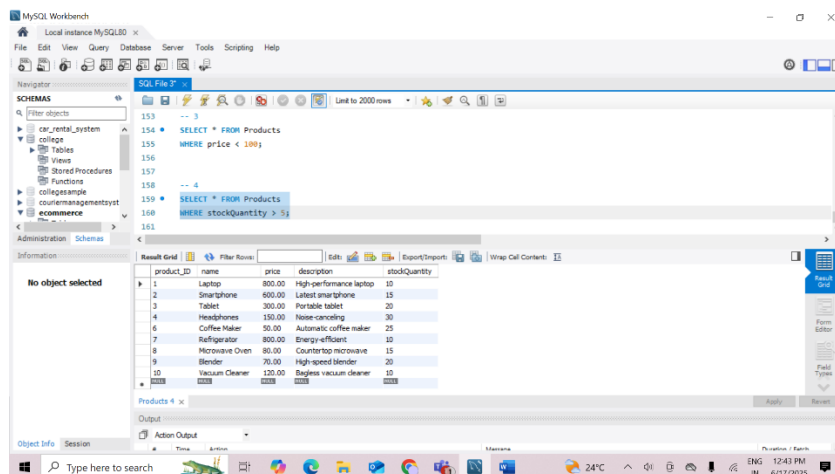




#### 4. Find Products with Stock Quantity Greater Than 5.

**SELECT \* FROM Products**

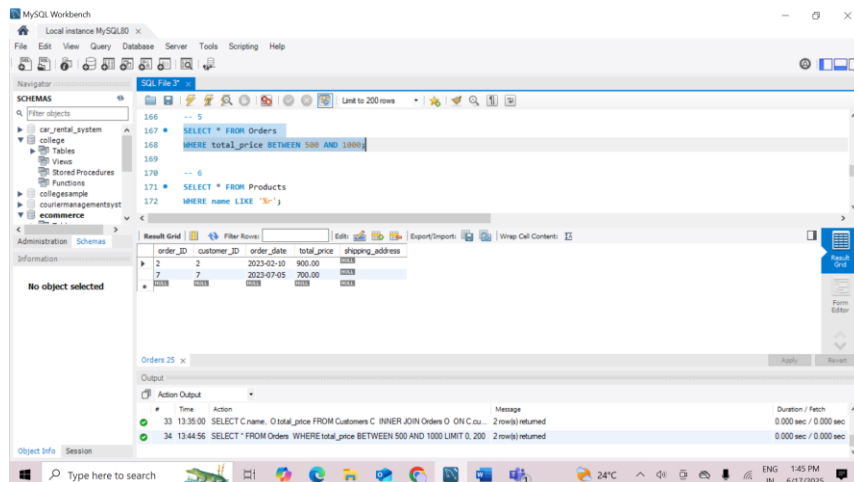
**WHERE stockQuantity > 5;**



#### 5. Retrieve Orders with Total Amount Between \$500 and \$1000.

**SELECT \* FROM Orders**

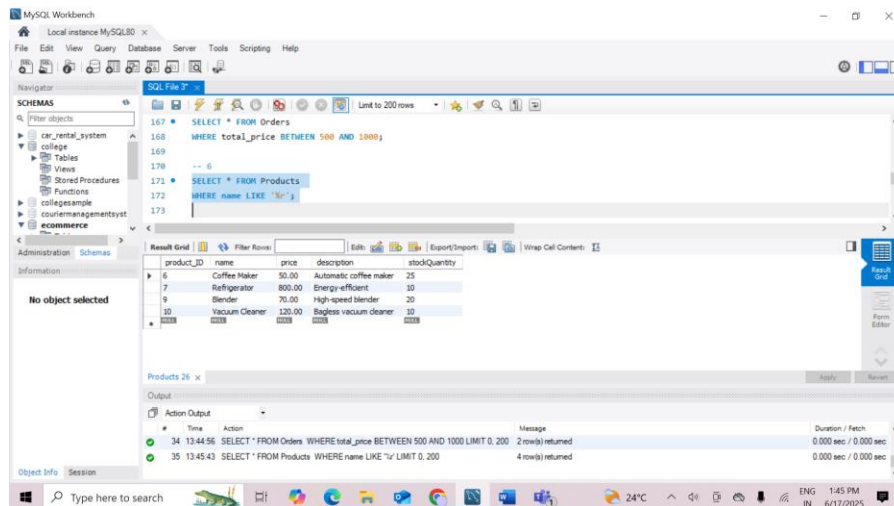
**WHERE total\_price BETWEEN 500 AND 1000;**



**6. Find Products which name end with letter 'r'.**

**SELECT \* FROM Products**

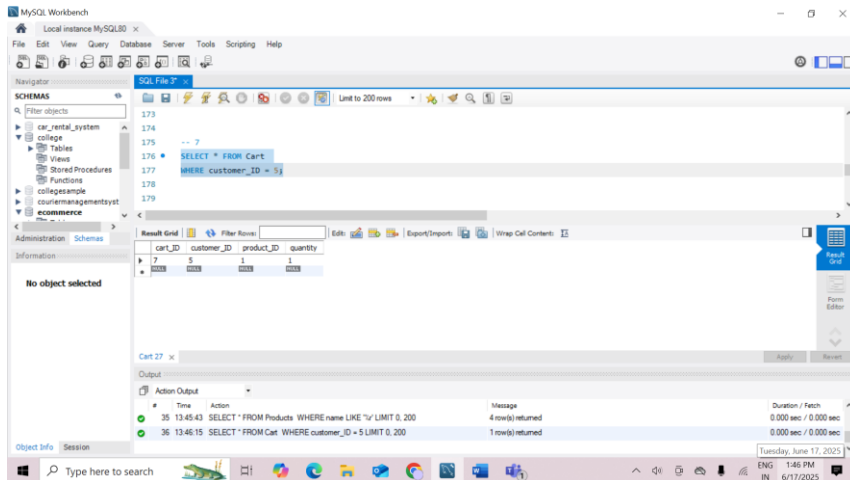
**WHERE name LIKE '%r';**



**7. Retrieve Cart Items for Customer 5.**

**SELECT \* FROM Cart**

**WHERE customer\_ID = 5;**



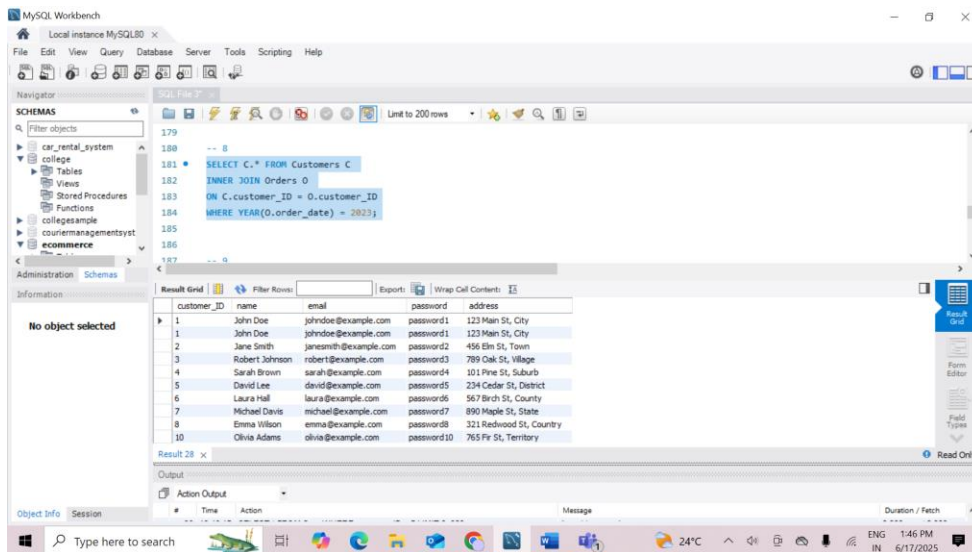
## 8. Find Customers Who Placed Orders in 2023.

**SELECT C.\* FROM Customers C**

**INNER JOIN Orders O**

**ON C.customer\_ID = O.customer\_ID**

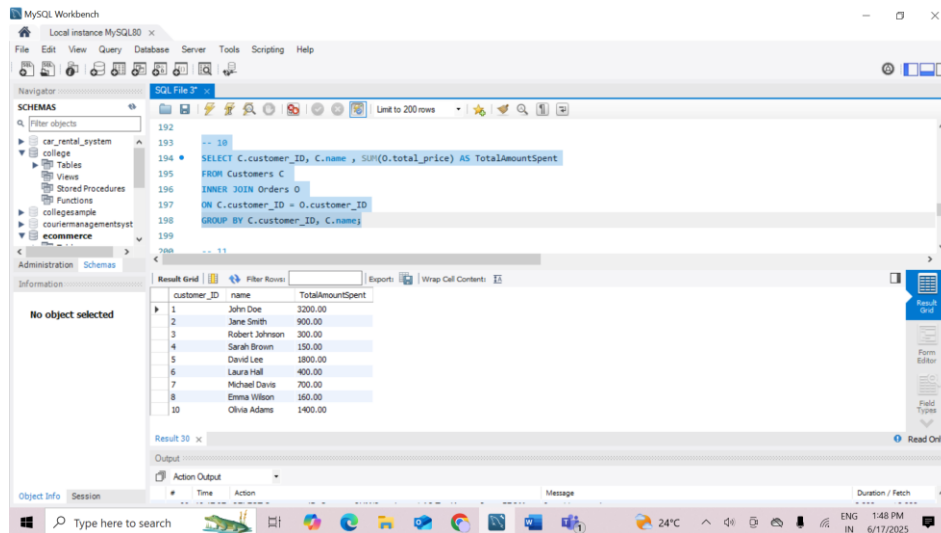
**WHERE YEAR(O.order\_date) = 2023;**



## 9. Determine the Minimum Stock Quantity for Each Product Category.

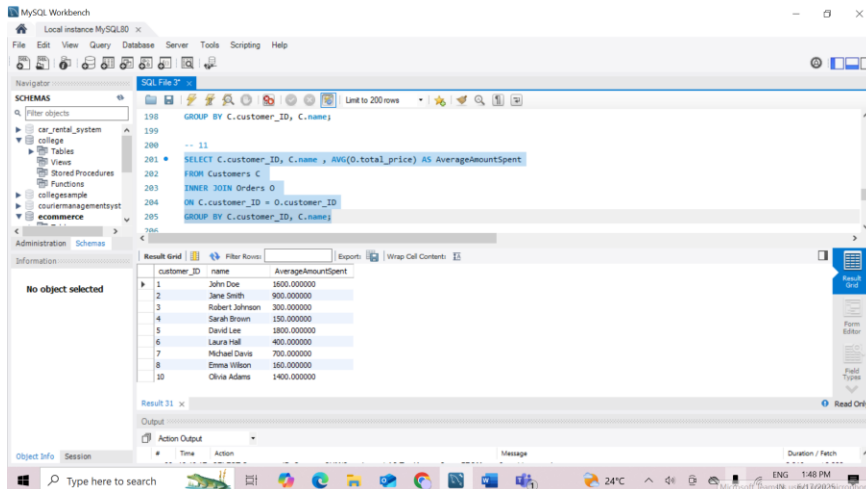
## 10. Calculate the Total Amount Spent by Each Customer.

```
SELECT C.customer_ID, C.name , SUM(O.total_price) AS TotalAmountSpent
FROM Customers C
INNER JOIN Orders O
ON C.customer_ID = O.customer_ID
GROUP BY C.customer_ID, C.name;
```



**11. Find the Average Order Amount for Each Customer.**

```
SELECT C.customer_ID, C.name , AVG(O.total_price) AS AverageAmountSpent
FROM Customers C
INNER JOIN Orders O
ON C.customer_ID = O.customer_ID
GROUP BY C.customer_ID, C.name;
```



## 12. Count the Number of Orders Placed by Each Customer.

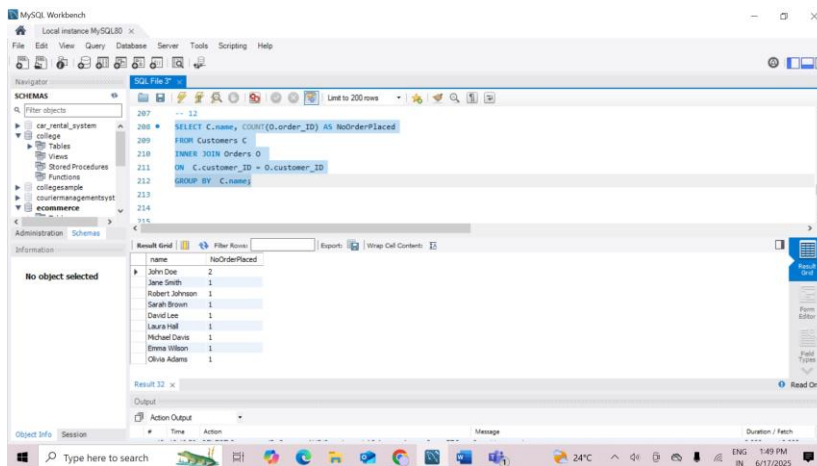
**SELECT C.name, COUNT(O.order\_ID) AS NoOrderPlaced**

**FROM Customers C**

**INNER JOIN Orders O**

**ON C.customer\_ID = O.customer\_ID**

**GROUP BY C.name;**



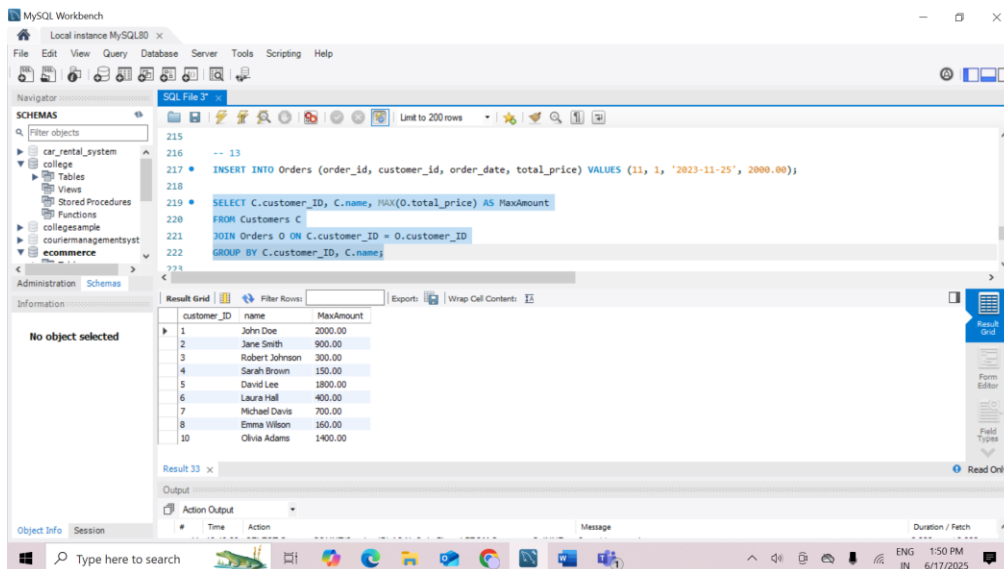
## 13. Find the Maximum Order Amount for Each Customer.

**INSERT INTO Orders (order\_id, customer\_id, order\_date, total\_price) VALUES (11, 1, '2023-11-25', 2000.00);**

```

SELECT C.customer_ID, C.name, MAX(O.total_price) AS MaxAmount
FROM Customers C
JOIN Orders O ON C.customer_ID = O.customer_ID
GROUP BY C.customer_ID, C.name;

```

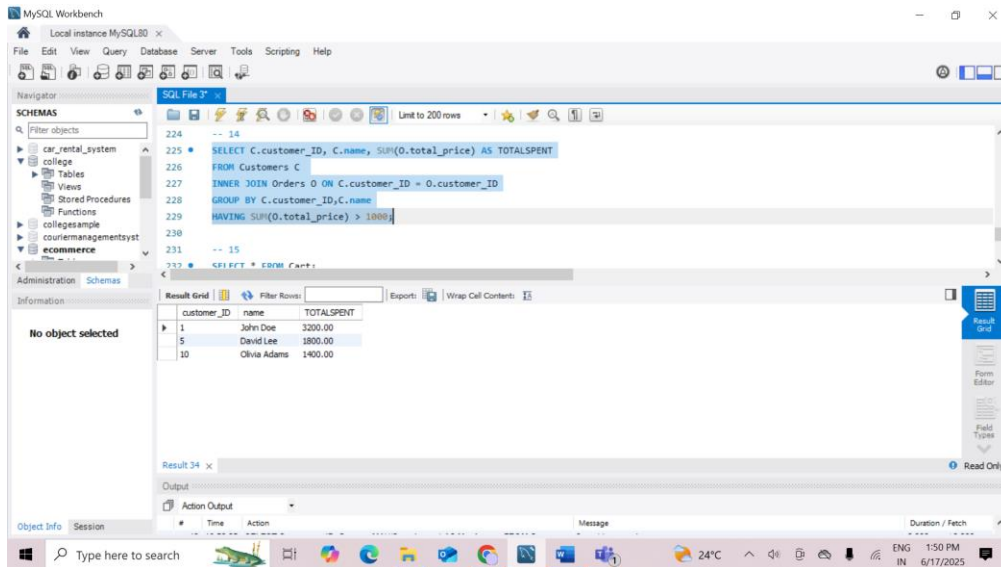


#### 14. Get Customers Who Placed Orders Totaling Over \$1000.

```

SELECT C.customer_ID, C.name, SUM(O.total_price) AS TOTALSPENT
FROM Customers C
INNER JOIN Orders O ON C.customer_ID = O.customer_ID
GROUP BY C.customer_ID, C.name
HAVING SUM(O.total_price) > 1000;

```

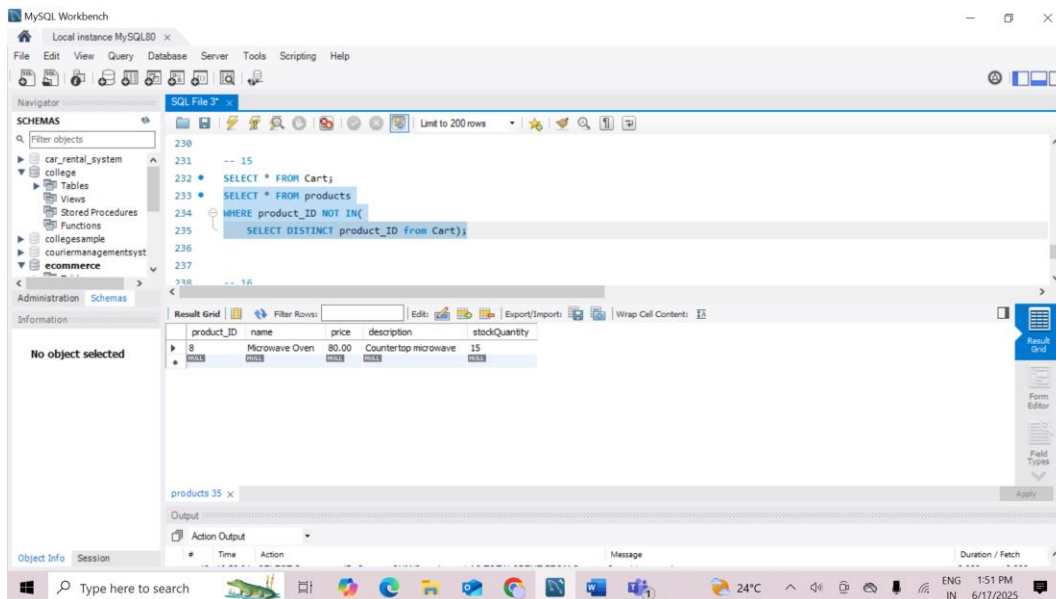


## 15. Subquery to Find Products Not in the Cart.

**SELECT \* FROM products**

**WHERE product\_ID NOT IN(**

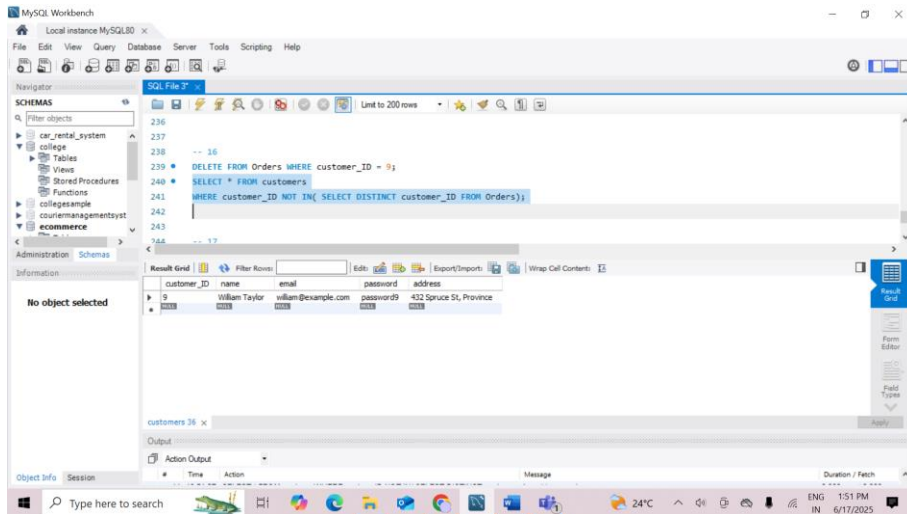
**SELECT DISTINCT product\_ID from Cart);**



## 16. Subquery to Find Customers Who Haven't Placed Orders.

**SELECT \* FROM customers**

**WHERE customer\_ID NOT IN( SELECT DISTINCT customer\_ID FROM Orders);**



## 17. Subquery to Calculate the Percentage of Total Revenue for a Product.

**SELECT P.name,**

**SUM( ) \* 100 / (SELECT SUM( ) FROM) AS RevenuePercentage**

**FROM Products P**

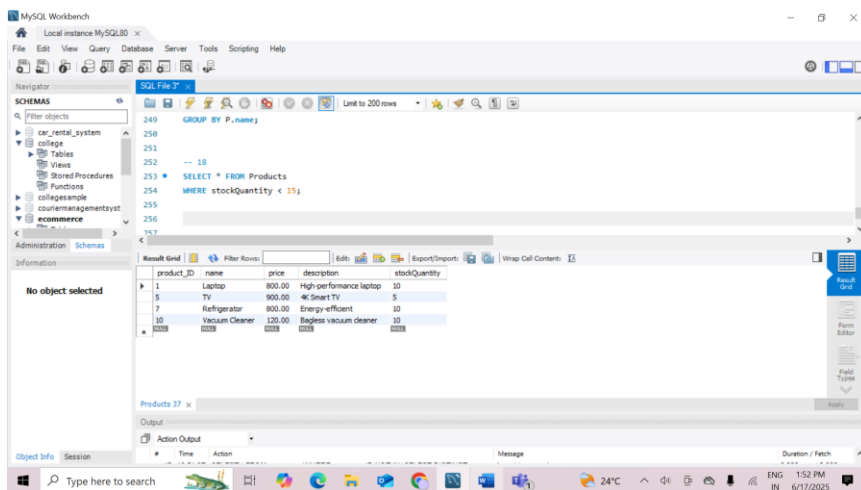
**INNER JOIN**

**GROUP BY P.name;**

## 18. Subquery to Find Products with Low Stock.

**SELECT \* FROM Products**

**WHERE stockQuantity < 15;**





## 19. Subquery to Find Customers Who Placed High-Value Orders.

**SELECT C.name, O.total\_price**

**FROM Customers C**

**INNER JOIN Orders O**

**ON C.customer\_ID = O.customer\_ID**

**WHERE O.total\_price > 1500;**

