



Pune District Education Association's
College Of Engineering

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Assignment No:- 11

QsBDAL

* Aim:- write a code in java for a single simple word count the number of occurrence of each word in given input set using the hadoop, map reduce framework on local stand alone setup

* Theory :- map reduce word count is a framework which splits the chunk of data, slots the map reduce tasks. A file-system stores the o/p & i/p of jobs. Re-execution of failed task of the framework and monitoring them is the task of the framework.

* Map function - create and process the input data taken in data converts it into a set of other data where the breakdown of individuals element into these tuples is done.

No API contract requiring a certain number of outputs.

* Reduce function:-

Mapper's output is posted into the reducer processes the data into something usable every single mapper is passed into the reduced function.

The new old values are saved in HDFS. A concept called streaming is used in writing a code for word count.

In python using mapreduce, let's look at the reducer code and how to execute that using a streaming jar file.

* How MapReduce Works?

The mapreduce algorithm contains two important tasks, namely map and reduce.

The map task takes a set of data & converts it into another set of data, where individual elements are broken down into tuples (key - value pairs).

mapreduce task takes the output from the map as an input and combines those data tuples into a smaller set of tuples.

The reduce task is always performed after the map job.

1) Input phase -

Here we have a record reader that translates each record that is on input file and sends that parsed data to the mapper in the form of key-value pairs.

* map -



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map is a user defined function, which takes a series of key value pairs and processes each of them to generate zero or more key value-pairs.

* Intermediate keys-

They key-value pairs generated by the mapper are known as 'intermediate keys'.

* combiner:-

A combiner is a type of local reducer that groups similar data from the map phase into identifiable sets.

shuffle and sort - The reducer task starts with the shuffle and sort step.

* reducer-

The Reducer takes the grouped key-value paired data as input and runs a reducer function on each of them.

* Conclusion:- Hence we studied about mapreduce.

Q.1) Explain Apache Hadoop :-

→ - Apache Hadoop project develops open-

Source slw for reliable, scalable & distributed computing.

- Apache Hadoop slw library is a framework.

- It allows distributed processing of large data sets across clusters of computers using simple programming models.

* modules in Apache Hadoop:-

① mapReduce -

- This is a system for parallel processing of large sets.

2) Hadoop YARN -

This is a framework for job scheduling and clusters resource management.

3) HDFS - (Hadoop Distributed file system).

- HDFS is a unique design that provides storage for extremely large files with streaming data.

4) Hadoop common:-

- These are common utilities that support the other Hadoop modules.

Q.2) Explain mapReduce.

→ mapReduce is a programming model for processing large datasets using parallel, distributed and clustered compute nodes.