

# CATEGORY: WinRM

Windows Remote Management (WinRM) is foundational for remote administration, PowerShell remoting, automation frameworks, and secure remote execution. These SOPs ensure every WinRM-related action performed through RDAM Script Wizard is **controlled**, **auditable**, and aligned with **enterprise operational and security standards**.

## SOP 1 – Get WinRM Configuration

**Script Name:** Get WinRM Configuration **Category:** WinRM **Version:** 1.0 **Approved By:** IT Operations / Security

### 1. Purpose

This script retrieves the current WinRM configuration, supporting troubleshooting, compliance validation, and remote-management readiness checks.

### 2. Scope

- Windows servers and workstations
- Local or remote systems (if supported)

### 3. Definitions

- **WinRM Listener:** Endpoint that accepts remote connections.
- **TrustedHosts:** List of allowed remote hosts for non-domain scenarios.

### 4. Preconditions

- Operator must have permission to query WinRM settings.
- WinRM service must be installed.

### 5. Required Inputs

- None

## **6. Procedure Steps**

1. Retrieve Service Status
  - Check if WinRM service is running.
2. Retrieve Listener Configuration
  - Extract HTTP/HTTPS listeners.
  - Retrieve certificate bindings (if HTTPS).
3. Retrieve WinRM Settings
  - Authentication settings
  - TrustedHosts
  - Max concurrent operations
  - Max memory per shell
4. Output Formatting
  - Present structured WinRM configuration summary.
5. Logging
  - Log operator and timestamp.

## **7. Expected Output**

- Consolidated WinRM configuration.

## **8. Post-Execution Validation**

- Operator may verify via `winrm get winrm/config`.

## **9. Error Handling**

- Access denied
- WinRM not installed
- Listener query failure

## **10. Security Considerations**

- WinRM configuration may reveal sensitive remote-access settings.

## **11. Audit Logging Requirements**

- Operator ID

- Timestamp

## 12. Organizational Benefit Statement

This script provides a consistent, auditable method for retrieving WinRM configuration, supporting troubleshooting and compliance.

# SOP 2 – Enable WinRM

**Script Name:** Enable WinRM **Category:** WinRM

## 1. Purpose

This script enables WinRM on a system, supporting remote administration, automation, and PowerShell remoting.

## 2. Scope

- Windows servers and workstations
- Domain-joined and standalone systems

## 3. Definitions

- **Enable WinRM:** Configure listeners, firewall rules, and service startup.

## 4. Preconditions

- Operator must have administrative rights.
- Action must be authorized.

## 5. Required Inputs

- Optional: Enable HTTPS listener
- Optional: Certificate thumbprint

## 6. Procedure Steps

1. Input Collection
  - Wizard prompts for HTTPS and certificate options.
2. Service Configuration
  - Start WinRM service.
  - Set startup type to Automatic.
3. Listener Configuration

- Create HTTP listener.
- If HTTPS selected, bind certificate.

#### 4. Firewall Configuration

- Enable WinRM firewall rules.

#### 5. Post-Enable Verification

- Confirm listeners active.
- Confirm service running.

#### 6. Logging

- Log listener type, operator, timestamp.

## 7. Expected Output

- Confirmation that WinRM is enabled.

## 8. Post-Execution Validation

- Operator may verify via Test-WsMan.

## 9. Error Handling

- Certificate not found
- Access denied
- Listener creation failure

## 10. Security Considerations

- HTTPS listener recommended for secure environments.
- TrustedHosts should not be broadly configured.

## 11. Audit Logging Requirements

- Operator ID
- Listener type
- Timestamp

## 12. Organizational Benefit Statement

This script ensures WinRM enablement is performed safely and consistently, supporting remote administration and automation.

# SOP 3 – Disable WinRM

**Script Name:** Disable WinRM **Category:** WinRM

## 1. Purpose

This script disables WinRM, supporting security hardening, incident response, and configuration rollback.

## 2. Scope

- Windows servers and workstations
- Domain-joined and standalone systems

## 3. Definitions

- **Disable WinRM:** Remove listeners and stop service.

## 4. Preconditions

- Operator must have administrative rights.
- Action must be authorized.

## 5. Required Inputs

- None

## 6. Procedure Steps

1. Listener Removal
  - Remove HTTP/HTTPS listeners.
2. Service Shutdown
  - Stop WinRM service.
  - Set startup type to Disabled.
3. Firewall Configuration
  - Disable WinRM firewall rules.
4. Post-Disable Verification
  - Confirm listeners removed.
  - Confirm service stopped.
5. Logging

- Log operator and timestamp.

## 7. Expected Output

- Confirmation that WinRM is disabled.

## 8. Post-Execution Validation

- Operator may verify via `winrm enumerate winrm/config/listener`.

## 9. Error Handling

- Access denied
- Listener removal failure

## 10. Security Considerations

- Disabling WinRM may break remote-management workflows.

## 11. Audit Logging Requirements

- Operator ID
- Timestamp

## 12. Organizational Benefit Statement

This script ensures WinRM disablement is performed safely and with full accountability, supporting security hardening and incident response.

# SOP 4 – Test WinRM Connectivity

**Script Name:** Test WinRM Connectivity **Category:** WinRM

## 1. Purpose

This script tests WinRM connectivity to a remote system, supporting troubleshooting, validation, and remote-management readiness.

## 2. Scope

- Windows servers and workstations
- Domain-joined and standalone systems

## 3. Definitions

- **Connectivity Test:** Validates listener, firewall, and authentication.

## **4. Preconditions**

- Operator must have permission to test remote connectivity.
- Remote system must be reachable.

## **5. Required Inputs**

- Remote computer name or IP

## **6. Procedure Steps**

### 1. Input Collection

- Wizard prompts for remote host.

### 2. Connectivity Test

- Attempt WinRM connection.
- Capture:
  - Listener response
  - Authentication result
  - Error details

### 3. Output Formatting

- Present structured connectivity results.

### 4. Logging

- Log remote host, operator, timestamp.

## **7. Expected Output**

- Connectivity status and diagnostic details.

## **8. Post-Execution Validation**

- Operator may verify via Test-WsMan.

## **9. Error Handling**

- Host unreachable
- Authentication failure
- Listener not configured

## 10. Security Considerations

- Testing connectivity may reveal network topology.

## 11. Audit Logging Requirements

- Operator ID
- Remote host
- Timestamp

## 12. Organizational Benefit Statement

This script provides a controlled, auditable method for validating WinRM connectivity, supporting troubleshooting and remote-management readiness.

# SOP 5 – Set WinRM TrustedHosts

**Script Name:** Set WinRM TrustedHosts **Category:** WinRM

### 1. Purpose

This script updates the WinRM TrustedHosts list, supporting remote management in non-domain or cross-domain environments.

### 2. Scope

- Windows servers and workstations
- WinRM client configuration

### 3. Definitions

- **TrustedHosts:** Hosts allowed for unencrypted or non-Kerberos connections.

### 4. Preconditions

- Operator must have administrative rights.
- Action must be authorized.
- TrustedHosts must be restricted to approved systems.

### 5. Required Inputs

- Hostname(s) or wildcard pattern

## **6. Procedure Steps**

1. Input Collection
  - Wizard prompts for host list.
2. Validation
  - Confirm hostnames are valid.
  - Warn if wildcard is broad.
3. Update Operation
  - Apply TrustedHosts configuration.
4. Post-Update Verification
  - Confirm new TrustedHosts list.
5. Logging
  - Log host list, operator, timestamp.

## **7. Expected Output**

- Confirmation of TrustedHosts update.

## **8. Post-Execution Validation**

- Operator may verify via `winrm get winrm/config/client`.

## **9. Error Handling**

- Access denied
- Invalid host format

## **10. Security Considerations**

- Broad TrustedHosts entries increase security risk.
- Should be used only when Kerberos is not available.

## **11. Audit Logging Requirements**

- Operator ID
- Host list
- Timestamp

## **12. Organizational Benefit Statement**

This script ensures TrustedHosts changes are performed safely and with full accountability, supporting remote-management workflows in complex environments.