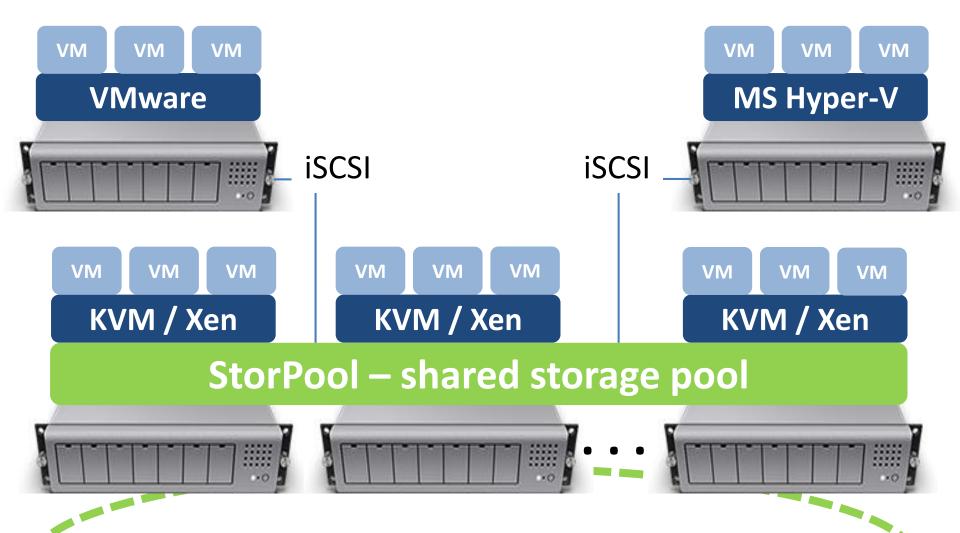


The Fastest And Most Efficient Block Storage Software

StorPool: Product Summary

- 1. Advanced Block-level Software Defined Storage, SDS (SDS 2.0)
 - ✓ Fully distributed, scale-out, online changes of everything, etc.
- 2. Runs on a number of standard servers (both converged or stand alone)
- 3. Focus on high-performance primary storage:
 - ✓ Replaces traditional SAN, All-Flash Arrays (AFA)
- 4. Reengineered the storage stack from the ground up
- 5. The result: exceptional performance, efficiency, flexibility:
 - ✓ Smallest 3 server system starts at 500,000 IOSP @ 0.2ms latency!
- 6. Mature SDS technology: running in production for 5+ years; 1PB+ scale systems; 14 major releases, global list of customers
- 7. A CLOUD BUILD WITH STORPOOL HAS THE LOWEST TOTAL COST

Where StorPool is in the IT stack



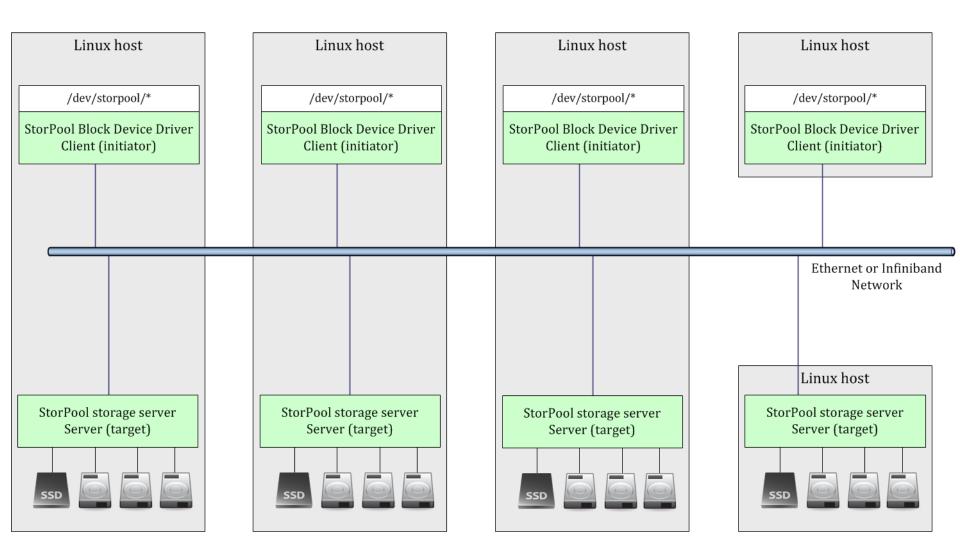
StorPool aggregates <u>all</u> the capacity <u>and</u> performance of the local drives in one logical pool

Functionality

- Access through StorPool initiator (Linux driver) or iSCSI (HA & scale-out version)
- Delivers 150,000+ IOPS and 1,500+ MB/s per storage node on SATA drives with just 3
 CPU cores and 16 GB RAM; 0.15-0.3 ms latency. Supports SAS, NVMe & RDMA.
- Scale-out. 10 servers will have about 1.5 mln. IOPS and 15 GB/s in total at 0.15-0.3 ms.
- Quorum-based, consistent cluster of 3+ storage nodes. Flat structure, no dedicated metadata nodes, no dedicated monitor nodes, no dedicated access nodes.
- Own copy-on-write on-disk format designed for a distributed system from scratch.
- Can run converged/hyper-converged, thanks to our low CPU and memory usage (50x efficiency of competing solutions like Ceph).
- Redundancy guaranteed by copies (1, 2, 3 /recommended/) in different servers or racks.
- Integrated/supports almost everything in the Linux stack KVM, LVM, OpenStack,
 CloudStack, OnApp, OpenNebula, LXC, Docker, Proxmox, etc, etc.
- Enterprise level feature set (full list of features at the end of the slides)

Logical Diagram – Using Native StorPool Driver, HCI

StorPool – Logical diagram



Competitors: storage hardware

Traditional SAN

Dell / EMC NetApp IBM HPE, etc.

- (-) EXPEN\$IVE
- (-) hard to scale
- (-) inflexible
- (-) vendor lock-in
- (-) complex
- (-) limited in performance
- (-) single point of failure

All-flash or hybrid arrays

SolidFire
Nimble storage
Pure Storage
Tintri, etc.

- (-) expensive
- (-) limited scalability
- (-) storage only device
- (-) vendor lock-in
- (-) single point of failure



Distributed Storage software (SDS 2.0)

- (+) affordable, pay-as-you-go
- (+) linear scale-out
- (+) storage & Compute (HCI)
- (+) no vendor lock-in
- (+) simple to setup & run
- (+) performance: starts at 500,000 IOPS and 0.2 ms!
- (+) reliable: fully distributed, end-to-end data integrity

Competitors: storage software

Not all storage software is created equal: looking similar, totally different capabilities





Nexenta, ZFS, Ceph, etc. (SDS 1.0)

- (-) limited performance and/or
- (-) not-scale-out and/or
- (-) resource hungry
- (-) rigid, inflexible

StorPool (SDS 2.0)

- (+) all-flash speeds
- (+) scale-out
- (+) extremely efficient
- (+) unmatched flexibility

Why StorPool?

- 1. Unmatched performance: 200,000+ random read IOPS and 1.5 GB/s sequential reads per server; 0.2 ms latency of the entire cluster/system
- **2. Extreme efficiency:** uses 2 cores of server's CPU and 16 GB RAM, while delivering 200,000+ IOPS. Can deliver 400k+ IOPS per node with more cores
- 3. Beats competition: in terms of price/performance and price/functionality
- **4. Cost reduction:** up to 90% (10x).
- **5. Scalability:** can scale with just one drive or server at a time. Linear scaleout: 10 servers do 10x the performance of 1 server; 20 servers 20x more
- **6. Simplicity & flexibility:** easy to manage. A junior system administrator can manage StorPool. Online reconfiguration, in-service updates with no downtime. Deploy converged, on separate storage nodes or mixed
- 7. Real, cash-flow positive business, global spread of customers

Markets & Customers

Target market: Public or Private clouds - service providers, IT companies & Enterprises.

Use cases: workloads requiring block device – VM disks, databases, VDI, etc. Most common use case is primary storage for VMs.









































StorPool Pricing

- 1. Monthly recurring (pay-as-you-go), 1 and 3 year prepay packages
- 2. Driver: price per TB on SSDs and TB on HDD
- 3. License includes all you need to get a system up and running: software license, hardware test, installation, tuning, 24/7 support, updates, new versions, active monitoring and preventive alerts, etc.

There are 3 storage tiers:

HDD-only system

"hybrid storage" performance, 3x replication

"SSD-Hybrid" system

All-SSD/Flash level of performance, full copy of data on SSD, spare copies on HDD

All-SSD system

Entirely All-SSD/Flash system, 2/3x replication on SSDs

Features List

- Distributed, scale-out storage cluster
- Own copy-on-write on-disk format and networking protocol
- End-to-end data integrity (in the client)
- Thin provisioning
- Data Tiering
- Self-healing
- Automatic data balancing
- Data locality
- Instantaneous copy-on-write Snapshots & Clones
- Storage QoS (Quality of Service) IOPS & MB/s limits, per volume
- On-line reconfiguration
- Non-disruptive, in-service software upgrades
- Advanced Volume management online resize (expand, shrink) of volumes
- RESTful JSON API with API failover
- Space saving features TRIM/discard, Zeroes detection
- Integrated Backups & DR (Disaster Recovery)
- Multi-attach
- iSCSI support
- Most up-to-date list <u>here</u>

Resources & Contacts

- 1. Concept video
- 2. Technical demo video
- 3. Storage Newsletter: Fastest Growing Storage Company in 2016
- 4. Review: Gestalt IT
- 5. Review: Storage Switzerland
- 6. Customer references
- 7. Performance tests & other resources:
 - ✓ https://storpool.com/blog/storpool-performance-test-12-ssds-468000-iops
 - ✓ <u>storpool.com/downloads</u>

