



Recent Algorithmic Developments in NetworKit

Alexander van der Grinten

Department of Computer Science, Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Germany

NetworKit Day 2020

The background of this slide features a dark blue gradient with a faint, semi-transparent network graph overlay. The graph consists of numerous small, light-colored circular nodes connected by thin, light-colored lines representing edges, creating a sense of a complex system or data structure.

Agenda

Since last NETWORKKIT Day:

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In this talk: new **algorithms and features**
since ND'17

(Brief tour through various modules ...)

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Use cases:

- Null-model for network analytics (e.g., modularity)
- Benchmarking graph algorithms

Randomization: Curveball algorithm

[SNBFS14], [CHMPTW18], code contributed by Manuel Penschuck

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In NetworkKit: Curveball and GlobalCurveball (pick many trades at a time)



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- **Top-k (harmonic) closeness** [BBCMM16]

Computes k vertices with highest closeness w/o computing all scores

Network Centrality: KADABRA

Let $G = (V, E)$ be a graph. $s, t \in V$.

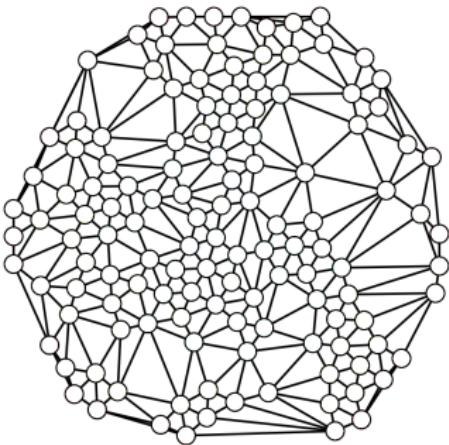


Image by Claudio Rocchini (CC-BY). Taken from [wikipedia.org/wiki/Betweenness_centrality](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Betweenness_centrality).

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Let $G = (V, E)$ be a graph. $s, t \in V$.

σ_{st} : number of shortest $s-t$ paths

$\sigma_{st}(x)$: number of shortest $s-t$ paths over vertex $x \in V$

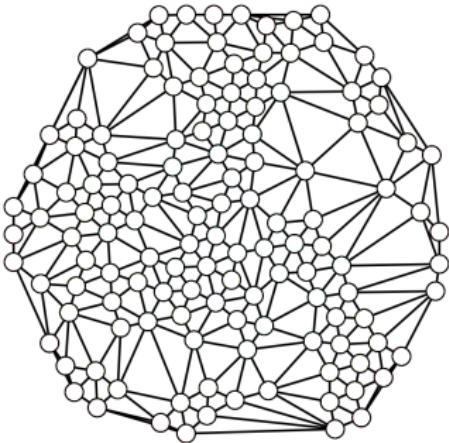


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of a vertex $x \in V$:

$$\text{BC}(x) = \sum_{s,t \in V \setminus \{x\}} \frac{\sigma_{st}(x)}{\sigma_{st}}$$

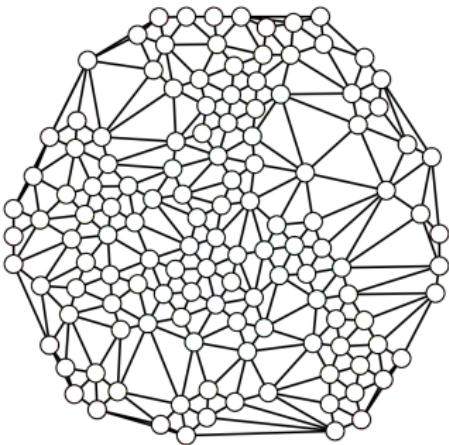


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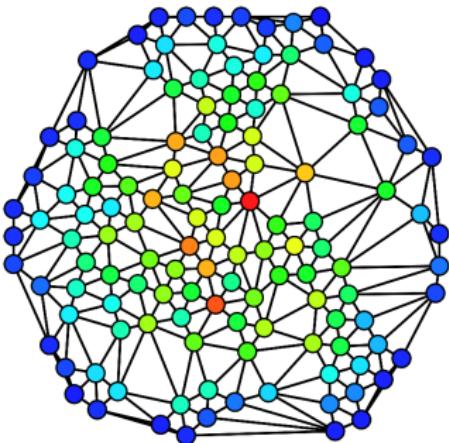


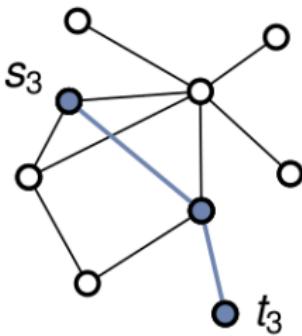
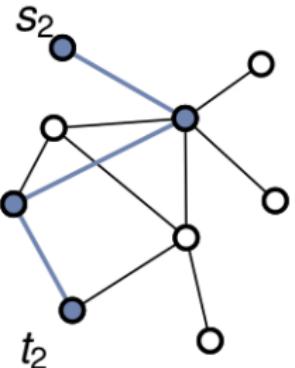
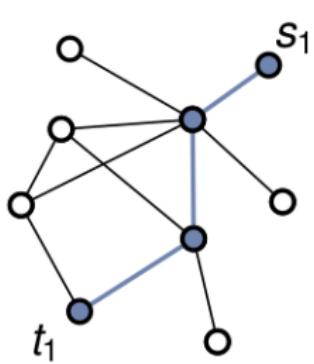
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KADABRA: Sampling-based approximation for betweenness

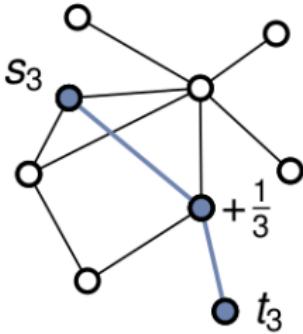
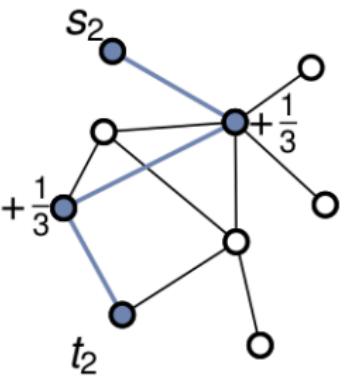
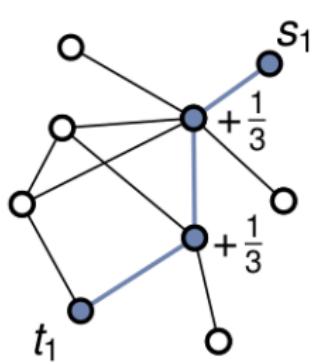
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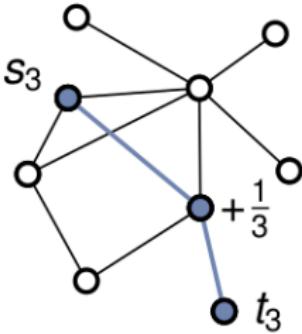
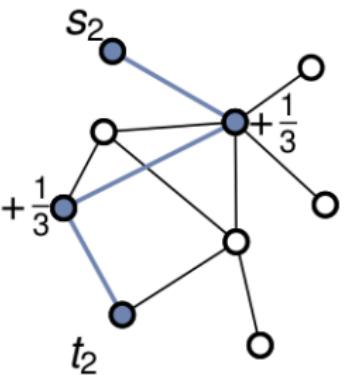
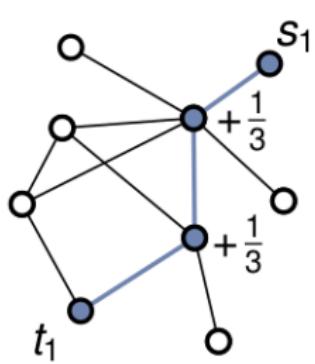


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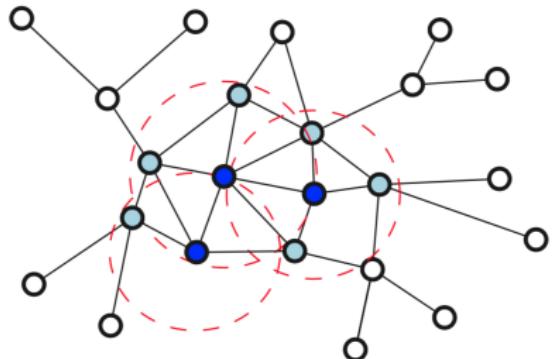
In **NETWORKIT**: fastest available betweenness approximation

Group Centrality Module

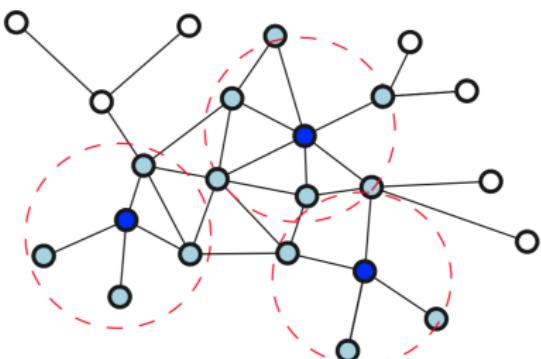
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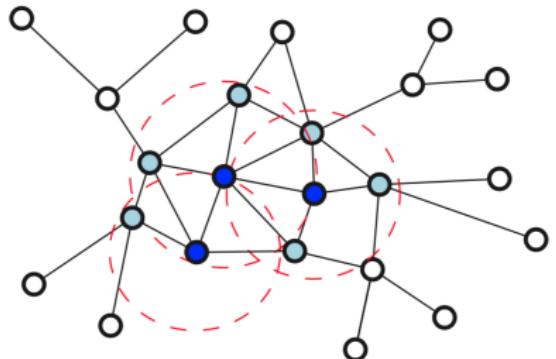
Top- k centrality



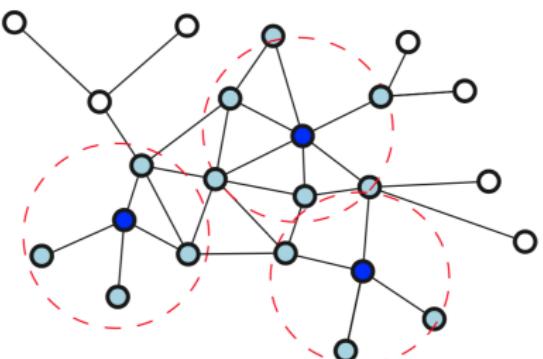
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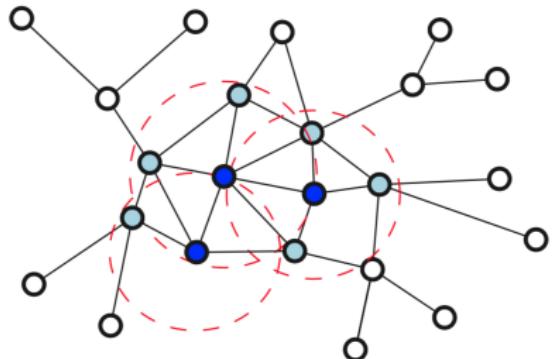
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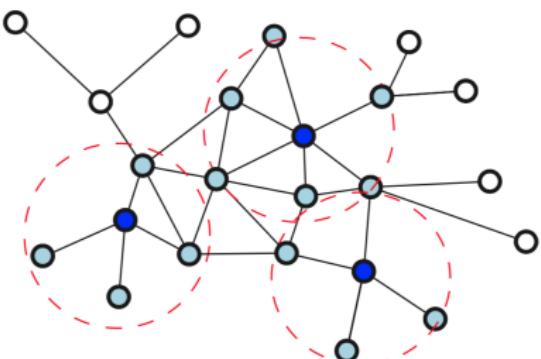
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Top- k centrality



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Support for group centralities recently added to NETWORKKIT.

- Computation of group centrality scores
- Finding groups with maximal centrality (usually a hard problem)

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- **Upcoming:** Group closeness [AvdGM19]

Fast local-search algorithm

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- Varint encoding: bit-length of IDs adapted to # nodes of the graph
- Goal: represent all data available in NETWORKKIT(weights, IDs, ...) in a compact format

Upcoming: Graph Embeddings

a.k.a. Representation Learning

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Other embedding algorithms in the future?

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Classical graph problem; useful building block for other algorithms
- Graph generator by F.-B. Mocnik [M18]
Models spacial graphs

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Available from: <https://github.com/hu-macsy/simexpal>



Thank You!