



EXPLAINED:

MELTDOWN & SPECTRE





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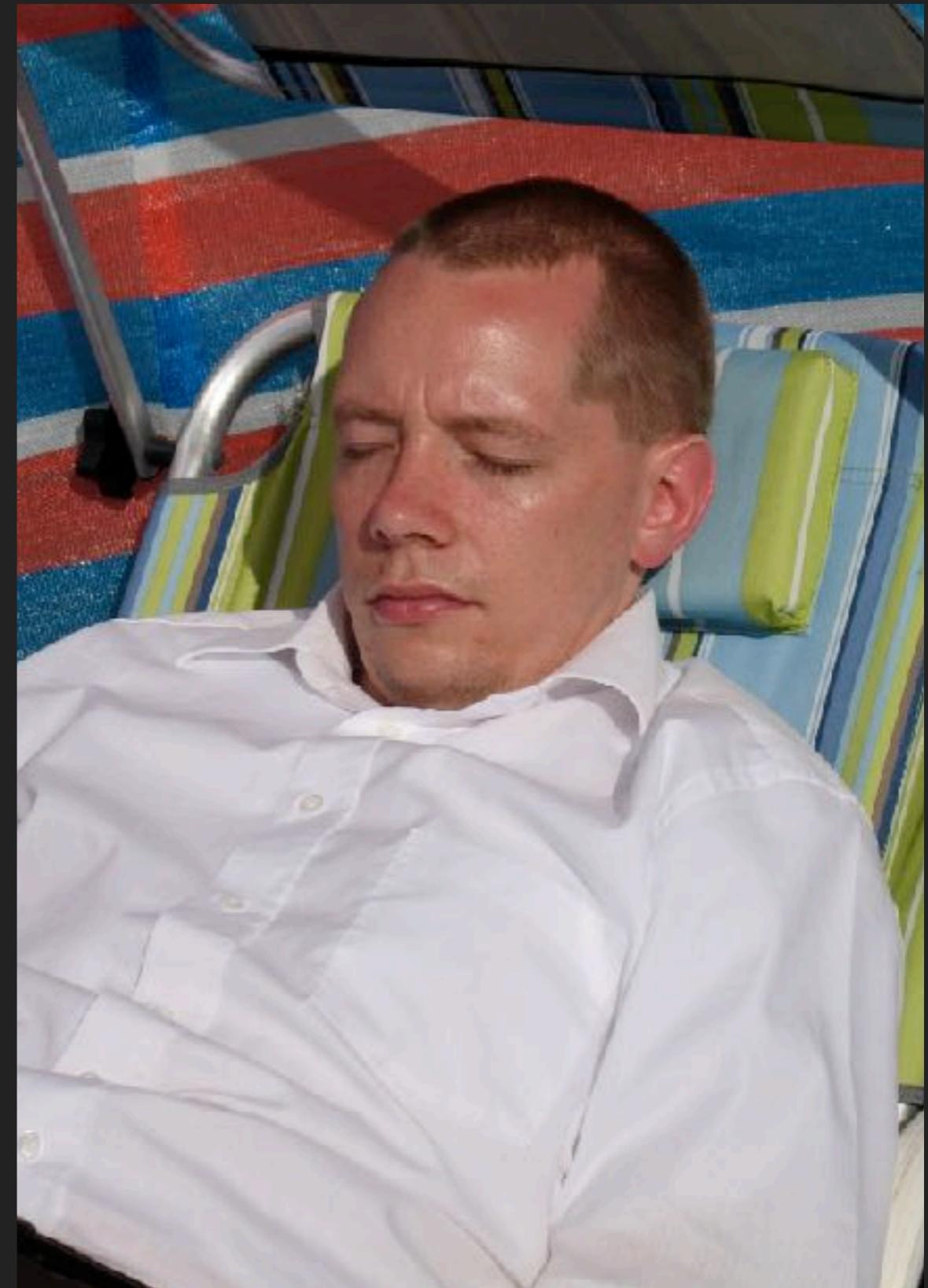
for people



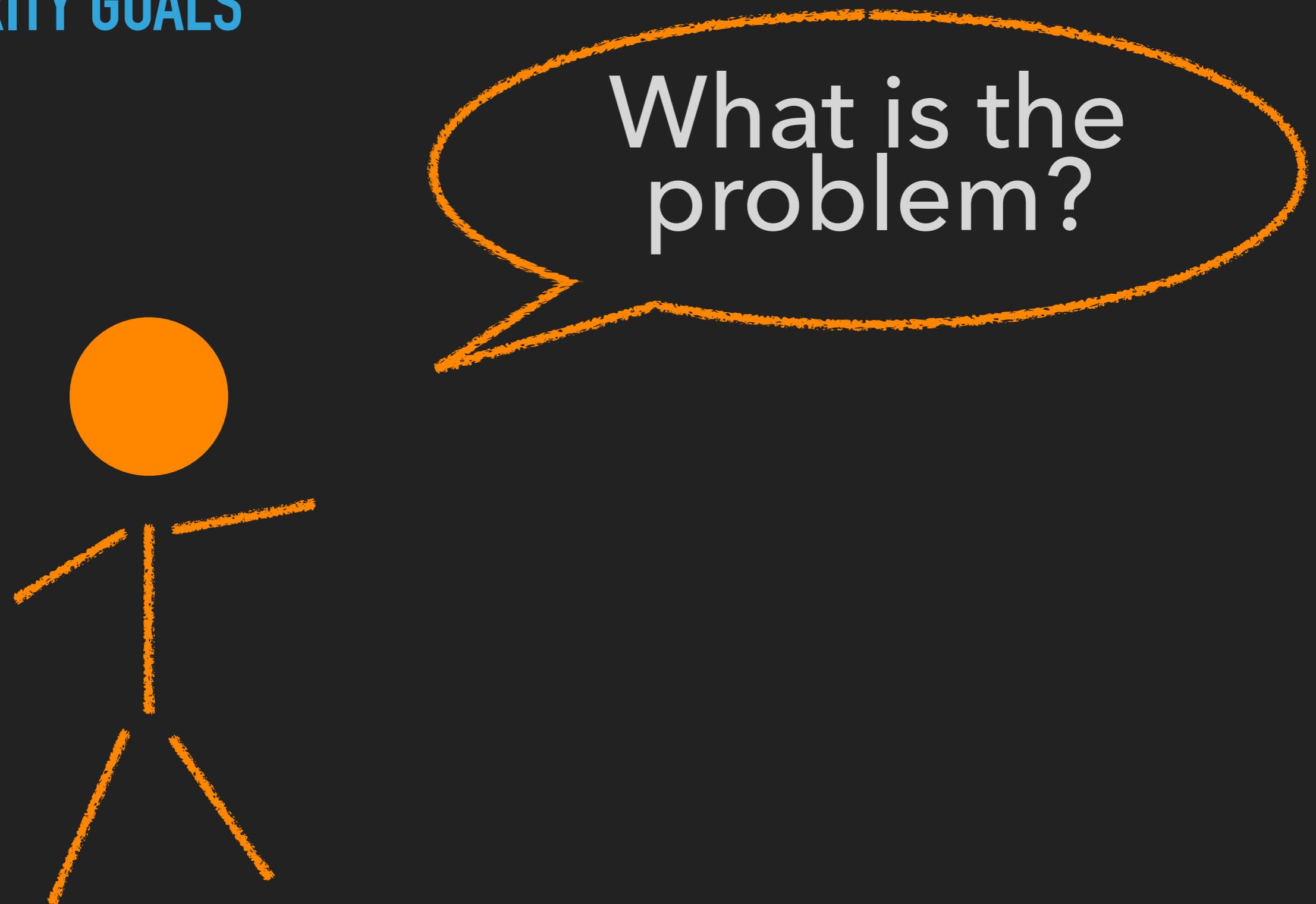
people
Jens Neuhalfen

WHO AM I?

- ▶ Jens Neuhalfen
- ▶ Age: Forty something
- ▶ IT since: ever
- ▶ Skills: Bridge between IT and business, IT-Security Management, writing software
- ▶ <https://github.com/neuhalje>



SECURITY GOALS



SECURITY GOALS: APP ISOLATION

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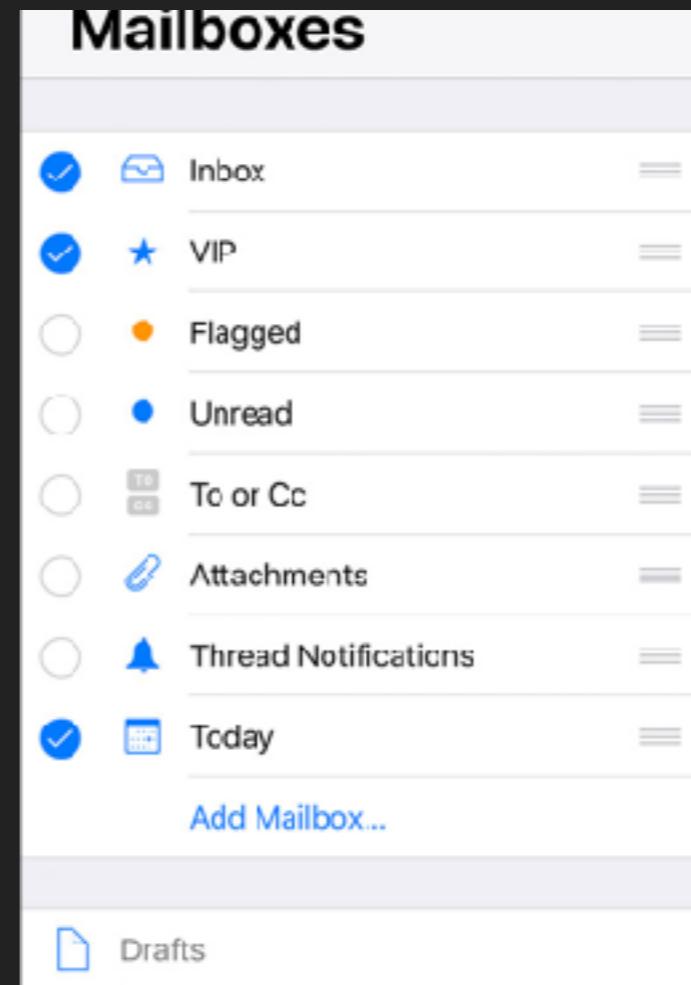


You don't want
this

SECURITY GOALS: APP ISOLATION



You don't want
this



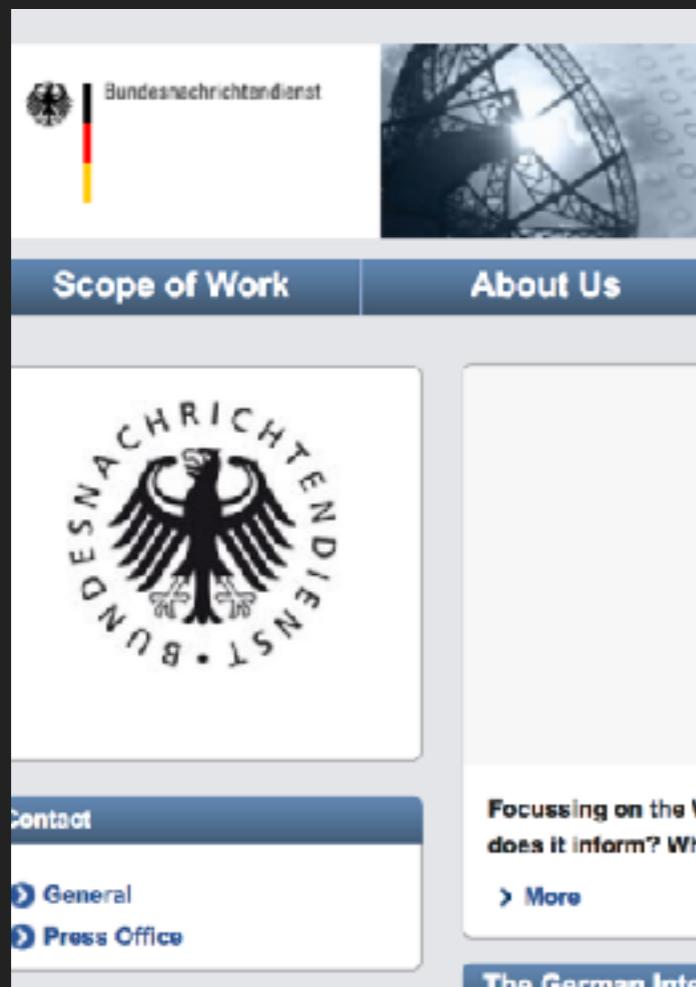
To read
that

SECURITY GOALS: BROWSER TAB ISOLATION

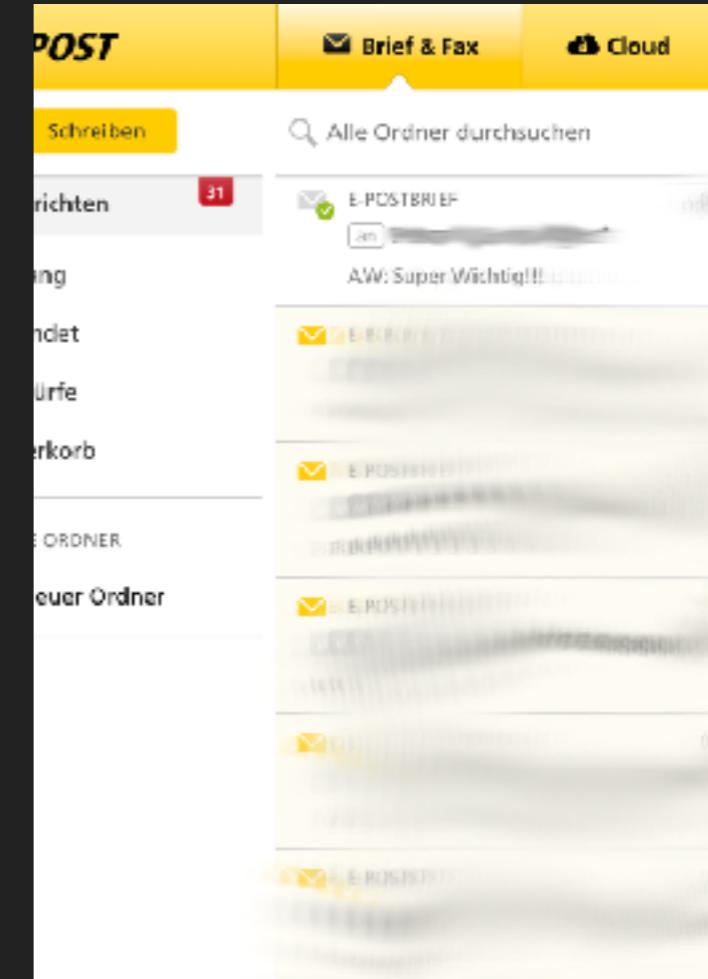


You don't want
this

SECURITY GOALS: BROWSER TAB ISOLATION



You don't want
this



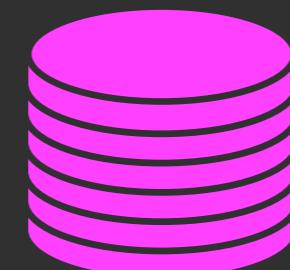
To read
that

SECURITY GOALS: CLOUD ISOLATION



You don't want
this

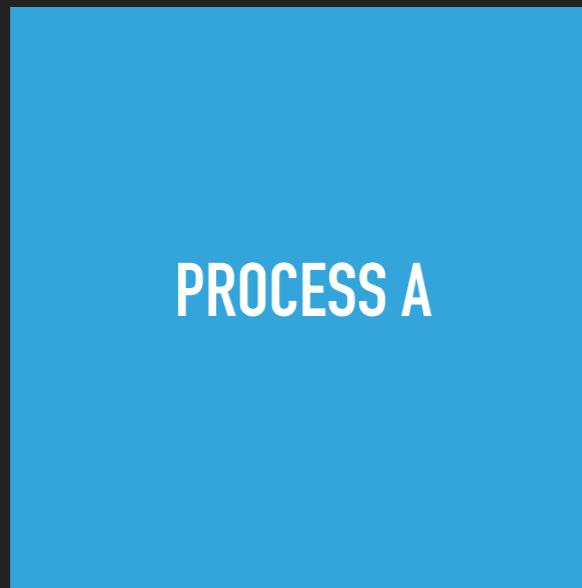
SECURITY GOALS: CLOUD ISOLATION



You don't want
this

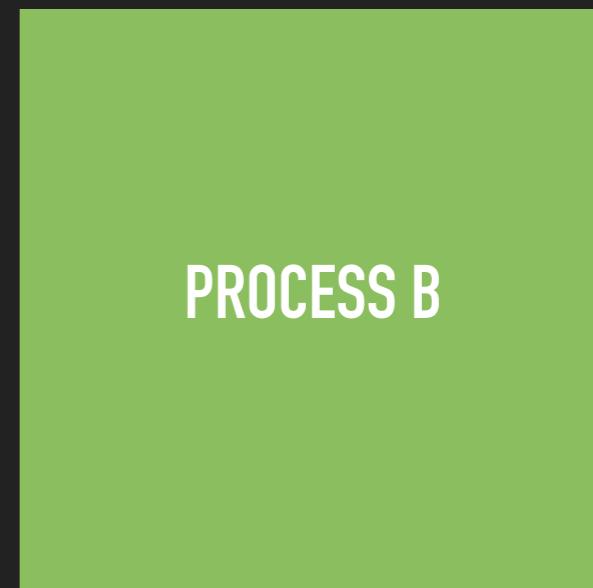
To read
that

SECURITY GOALS: MEMORY ISOLATION



You don't want
this

SECURITY GOALS: MEMORY ISOLATION



You don't want
this

To read
that

A PROCESS MUST BE
ISOLATED (PROTECTED) FROM
OTHER PROCESSES!

You

MELTDOWN



- ▶ **Result:** Programs can read memory it should not
- ▶ **Affects:** All modern CPU/OS
- ▶ **Break out of VM:** No
- ▶ **Vector:** Uses *speculative execution* to read forbidden memory and *cache timing* as side channel to exfiltrate data
- ▶ **How bad:** Very bad
- ▶ **Fixes:** Mainly OS patches. Negligible performance impact on modern CPU. High impact on older CPU

SPECTRE



- ▶ **Result:** Programs can read all memory
- ▶ **Affects:** All modern CPU/OS
- ▶ **Break out of VM:** No
- ▶ **Vector:** Uses *speculative execution* to read forbidden memory and *cache timing* to exfiltrate data
- ▶ **How bad:** Very bad
- ▶ **Fixes:** Mainly OS patches. Negligible performance impact on modern CPU. High impact on older CPU

SPECTRE



~~Result~~ Programs can
read all memory

- ▶ **Affects:** All modern CPU/OS

Break out of VM: No

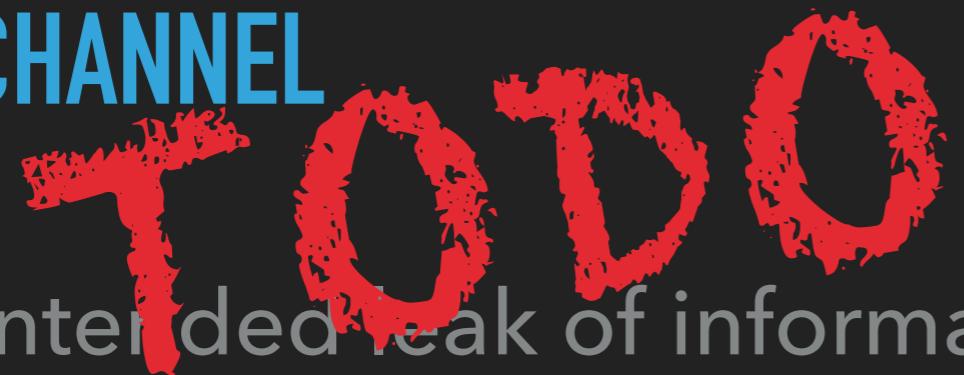
- ▶ **Vector:** Uses *speculative execution* to read forbidden memory and *cache timing* to exfiltrate data

- ▶ **How bad:** Very bad
- ▶ **Fixes:** Mainly OS patches. Negligible performance impact on modern CPU. High impact on older CPU

SIDE CHANNEL

- ▶ Unintended leak of information
- ▶ Light on → Someone at home
- ▶ Power consumption high → CPU busy
- ▶ Memory read fast → Data is in cache

SIDE CHANNEL



- ▶ Unintended leak of information
- ▶ Light on -> Someone at home
- ▶ Power consumption high -> CPU busy
- ▶ Memory read fast -> Data is in cache

OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION

▶ ...

OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION

TO DO



...

SPECULATIVE EXECUTION

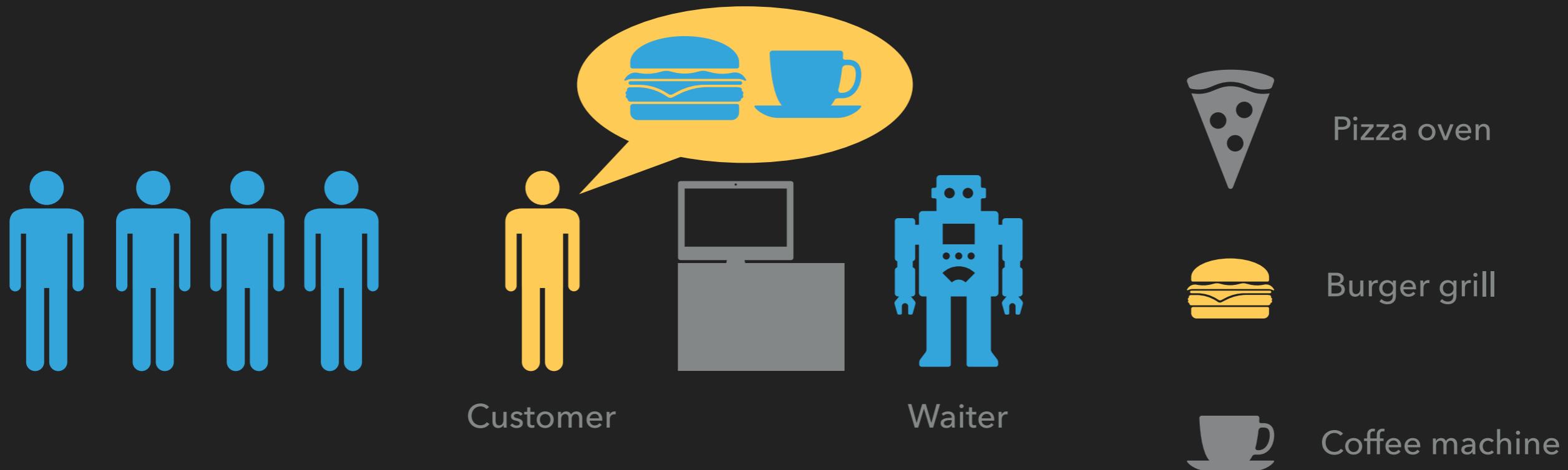
▶ ...

SPECULATIVE EXECUTION TO DO

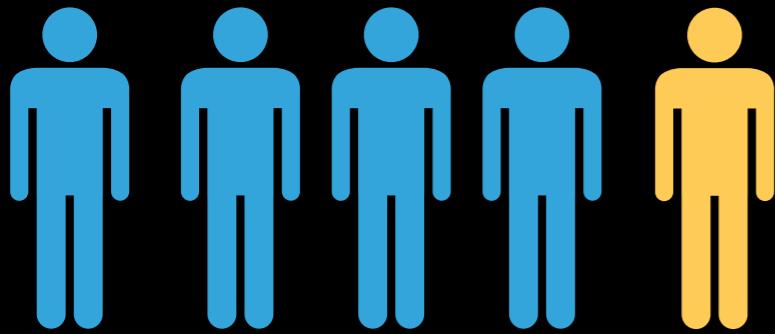


CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC.

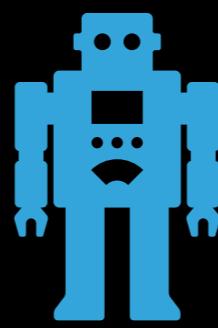
Confidential Burgers inc. sells burgers, pizza, and coffee.



CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven

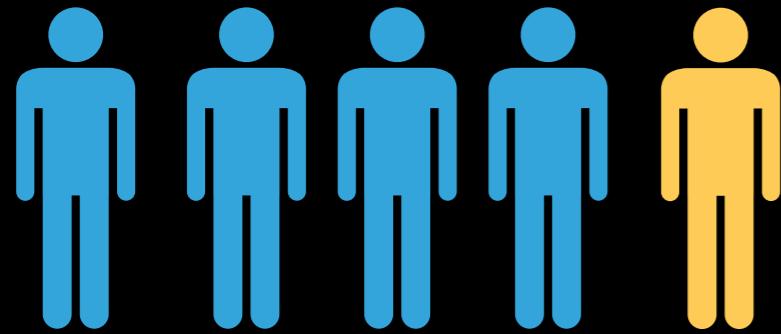


Burger grill

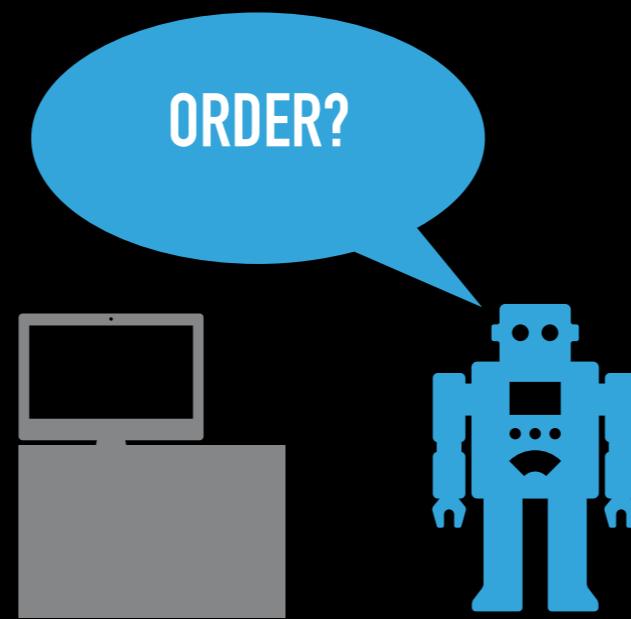


Coffee machine

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven

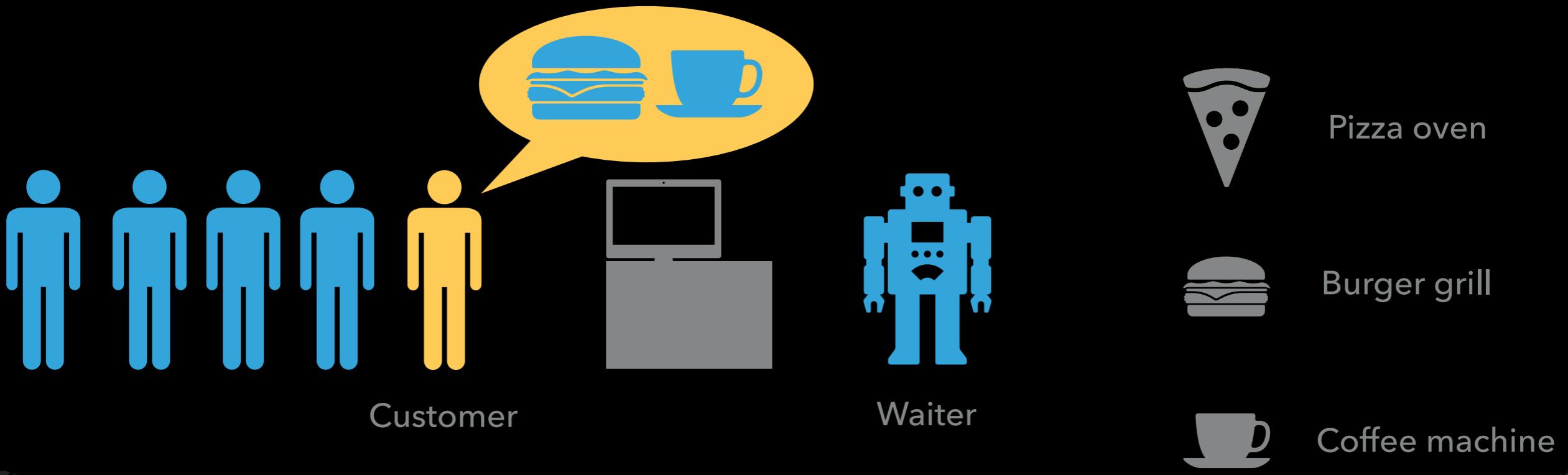


Burger grill



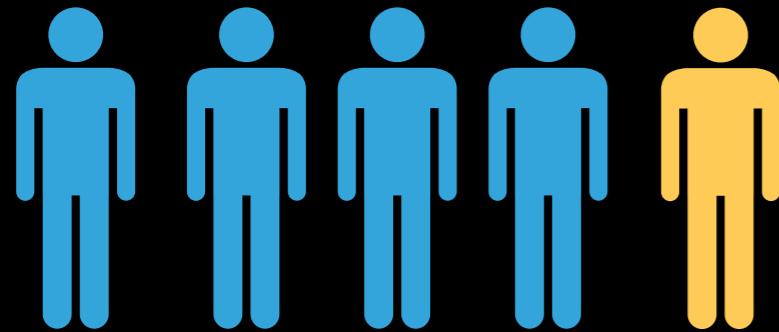
Coffee machine

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION

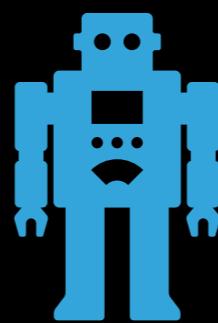


- ▶ Decode instruction into μ OPs

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven



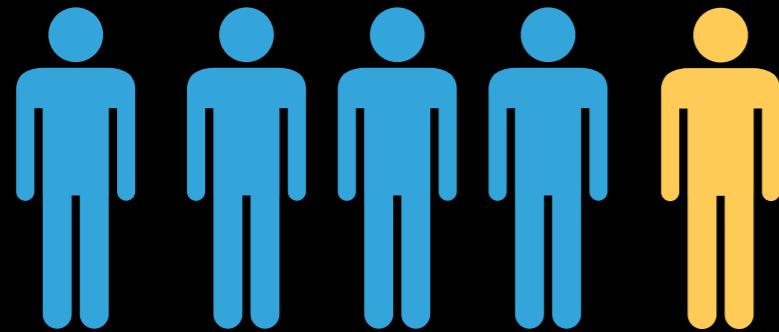
Burger grill



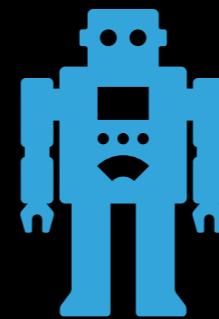
Coffee machine

- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs
- ▶ Schedule µOPs

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven



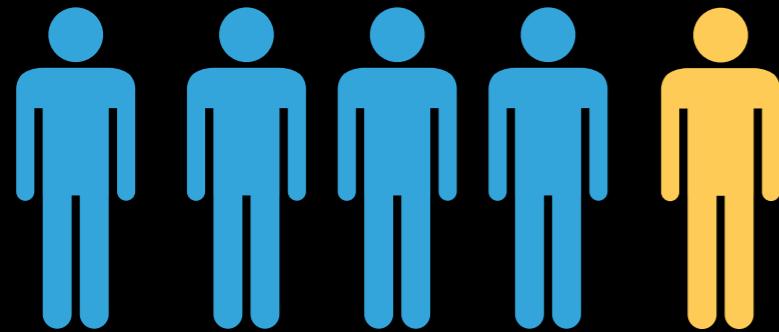
Burger grill



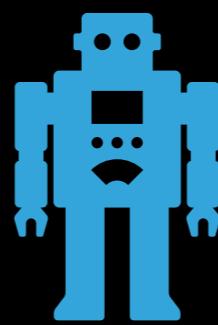
Coffee machine

- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs
- ▶ Schedule µOPs
- ▶ run 1st µOP

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven



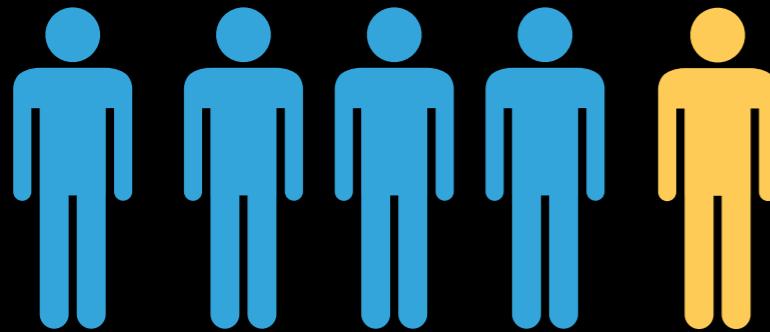
Burger grill



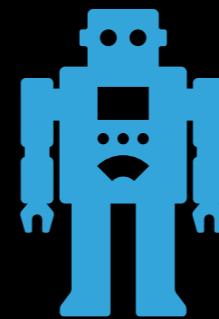
Coffee machine

- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs
- ▶ Schedule µOPs
- ▶ run 1st µOP

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven



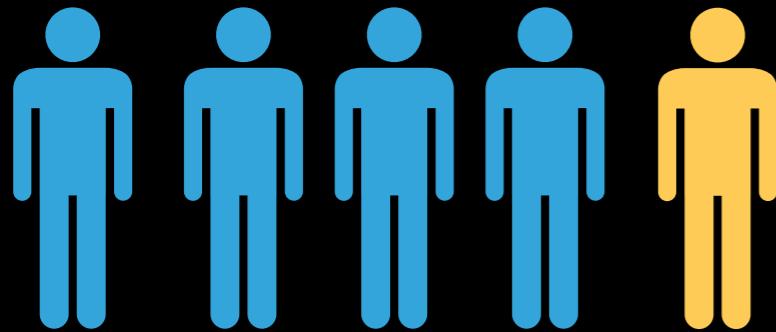
Burger grill



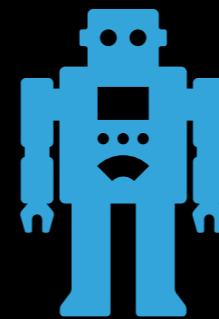
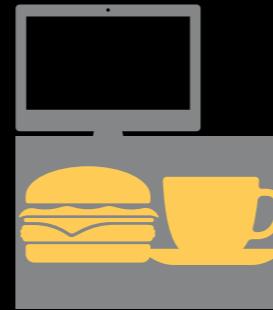
Coffee machine

- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs
- ▶ Schedule µOPs
- ▶ run 1st µOP
- ▶ run 2nd µOP (serial execution)

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven



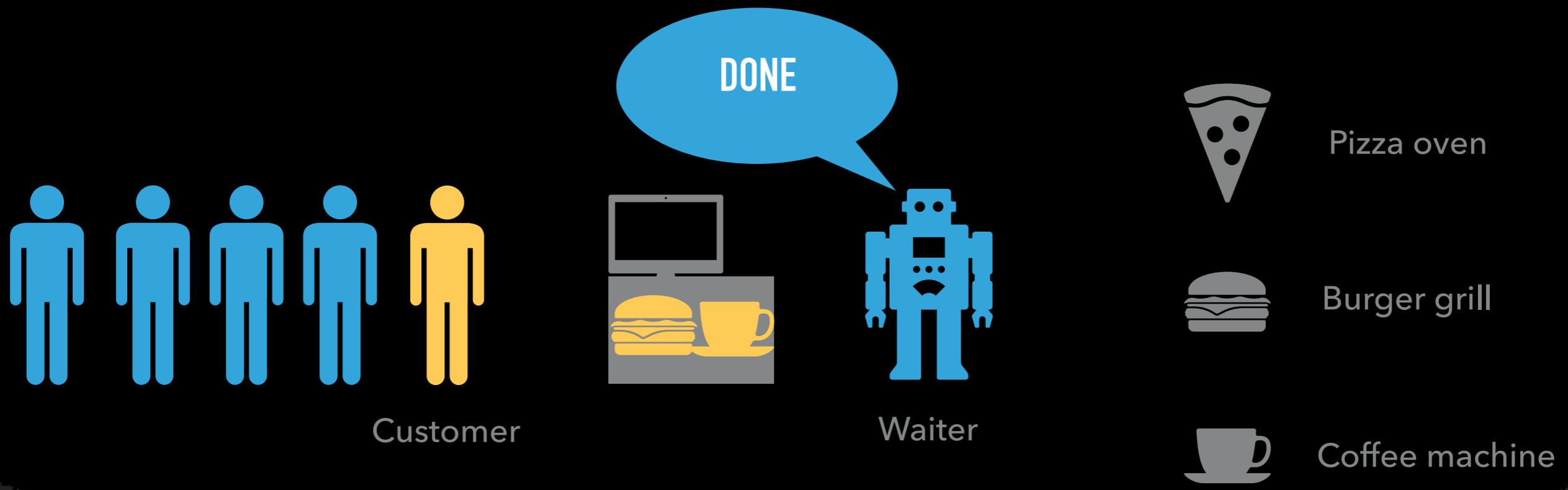
Burger grill



Coffee machine

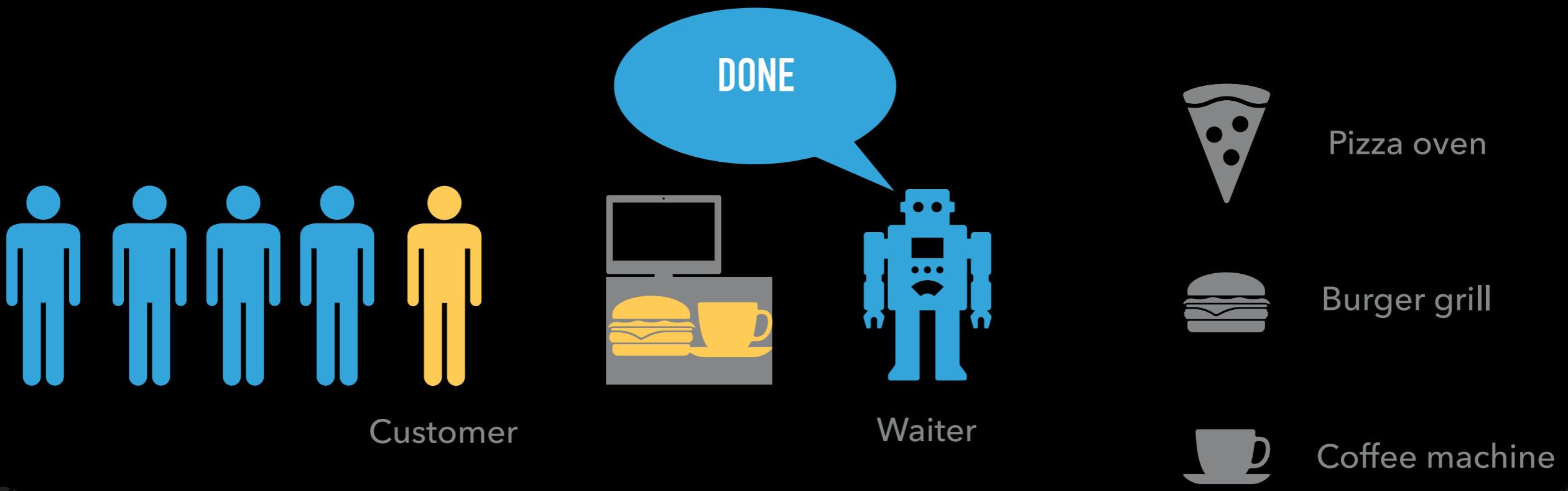
- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs
- ▶ Schedule µOPs
- ▶ run 1st µOP
- ▶ run 2nd µOP (serial execution)

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs
- ▶ Schedule µOPs
- ▶ run 1st µOP
- ▶ run 2nd µOP (serial execution)
- ▶ retire instruction (customer)

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : SERIAL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



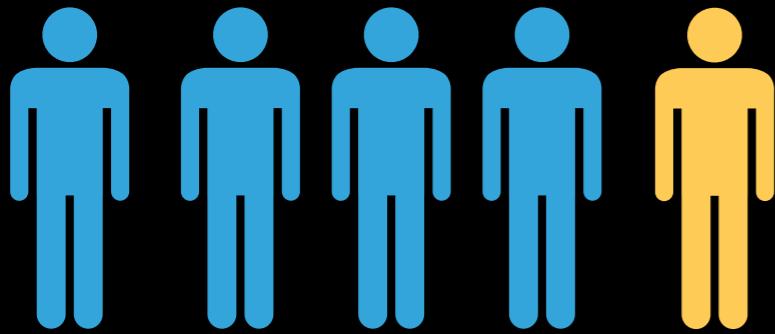
- ▶ One customer¹ after another (in order)
- ▶ Each part of the order ² executed serially

i.e. first the burger, then the coffee

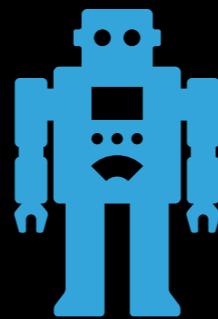
- ▶ PRO: Easy to implement and understand
- ▶ CON: Slow because resources³ not utilised fully

¹ customer == CPU instruction ² part == µOP - micro operation ³ oven, grill, coffee machine

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven

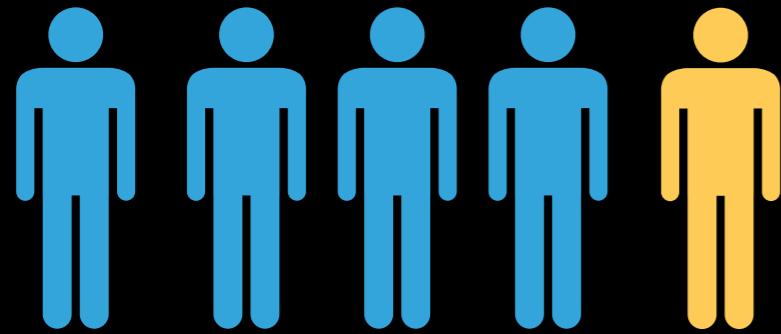


Burger grill

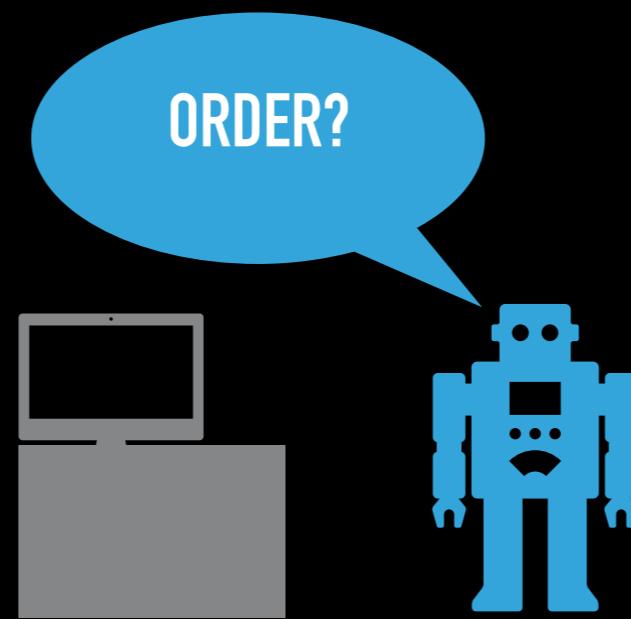


Coffee machine

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven

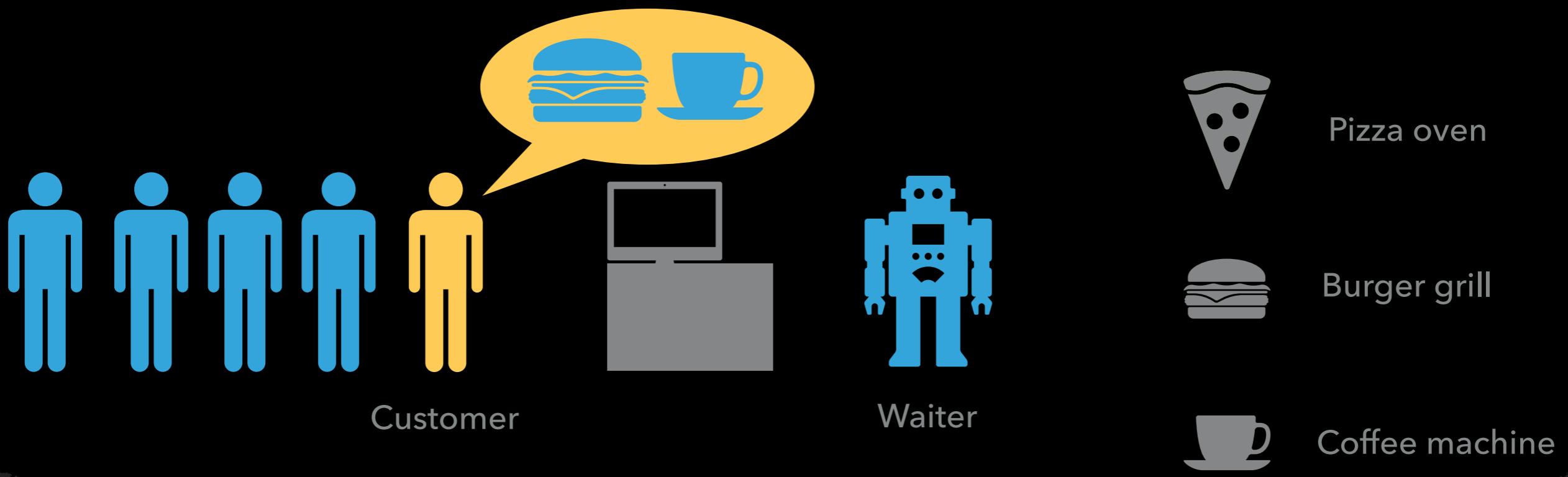


Burger grill



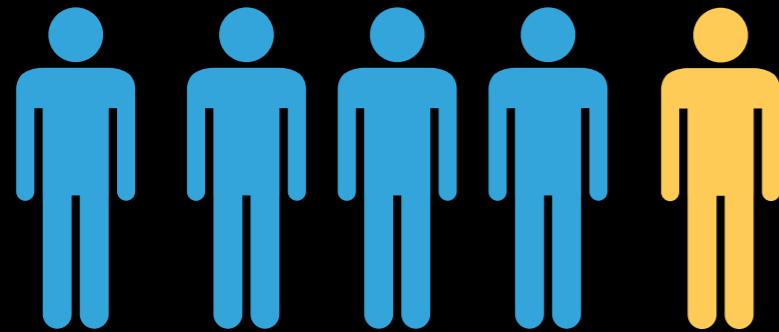
Coffee machine

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, IN ORDER EXECUTION

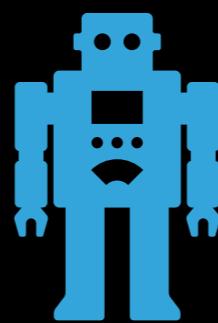


- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven



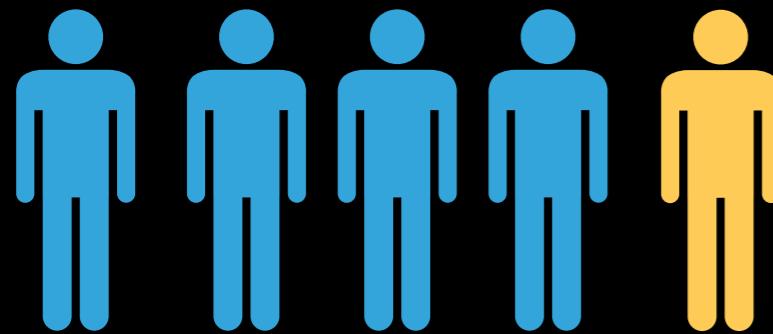
Burger grill



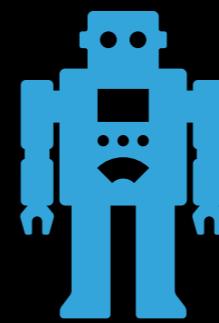
Coffee machine

- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs
- ▶ Schedule µOPs

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven



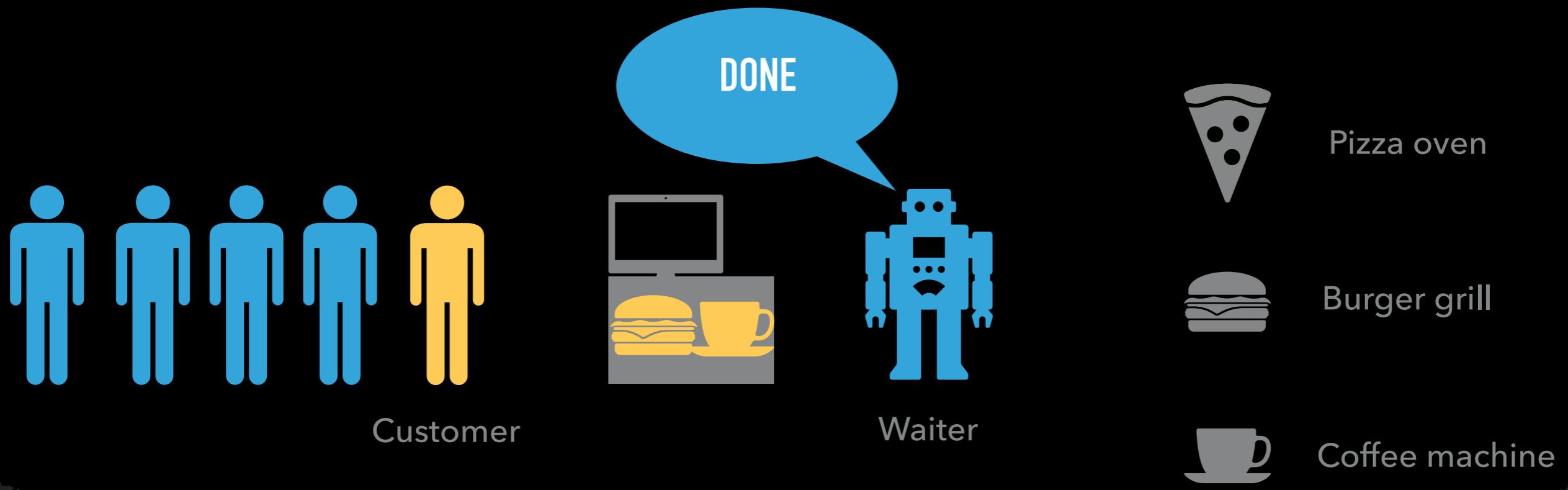
Burger grill



Coffee machine

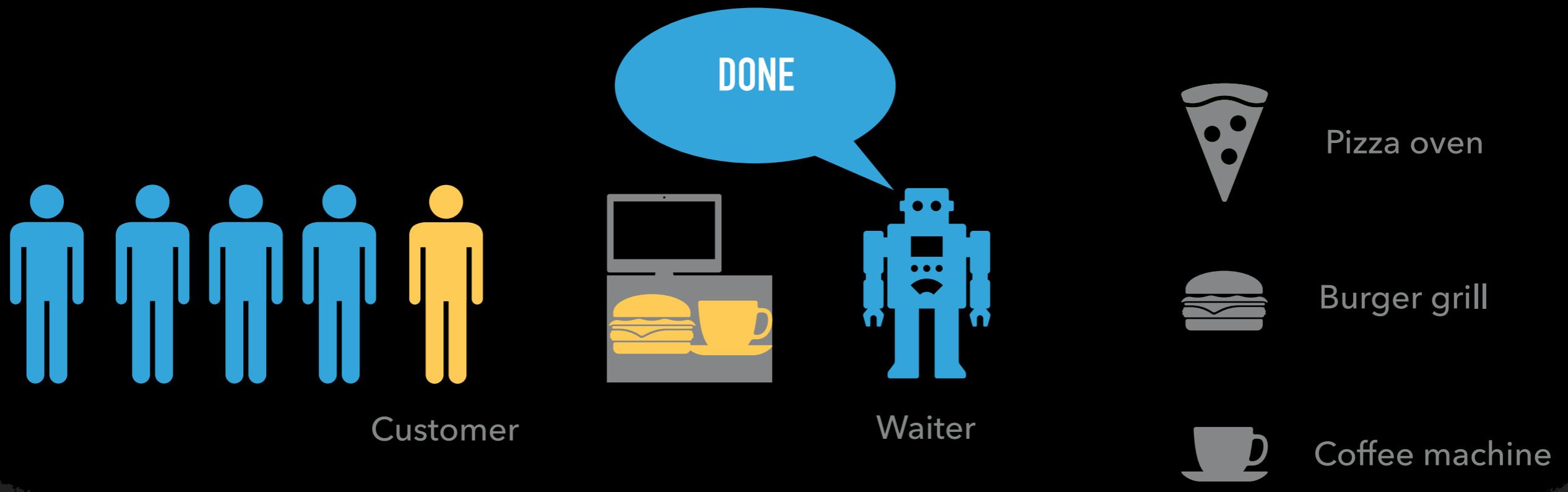
- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs
- ▶ Schedule µOPs
- ▶ run 1st µOP and 2nd µOP (parallel execution)

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, IN ORDER EXECUTION



- ▶ Decode instruction into µOPs
- ▶ Schedule µOPs
- ▶ run 1st µOP and 2nd µOP (parallel execution)
- ▶ retire instruction (customer)

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, IN ORDER EXECUTION

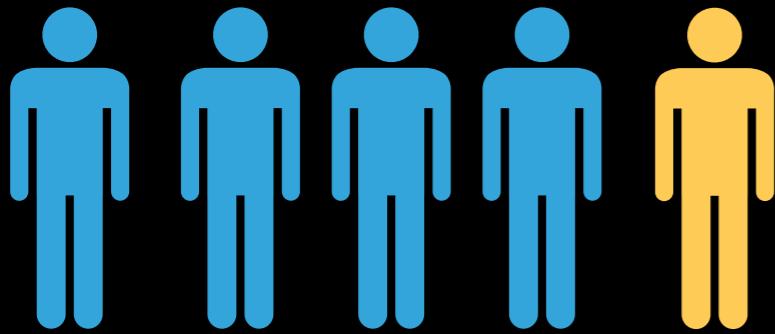


- ▶ One customer¹ after another (in order)
- ▶ Each part of the order ² executed in parallel

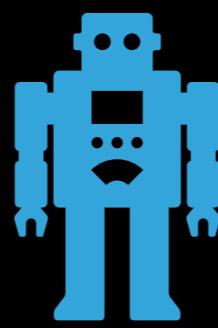
i.e. burger and coffee prepared at the same time

- ▶ PRO: **Faster bc. of better resource utilisation.**
- ▶ CON: Still not perfect, more complex

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven

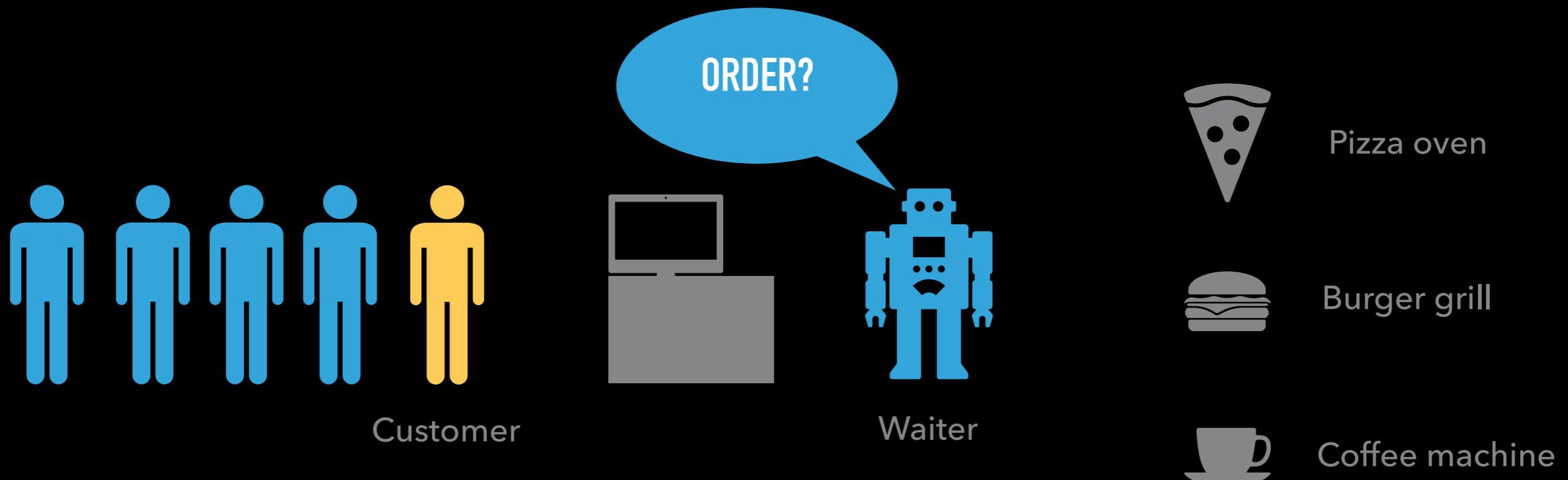


Burger grill

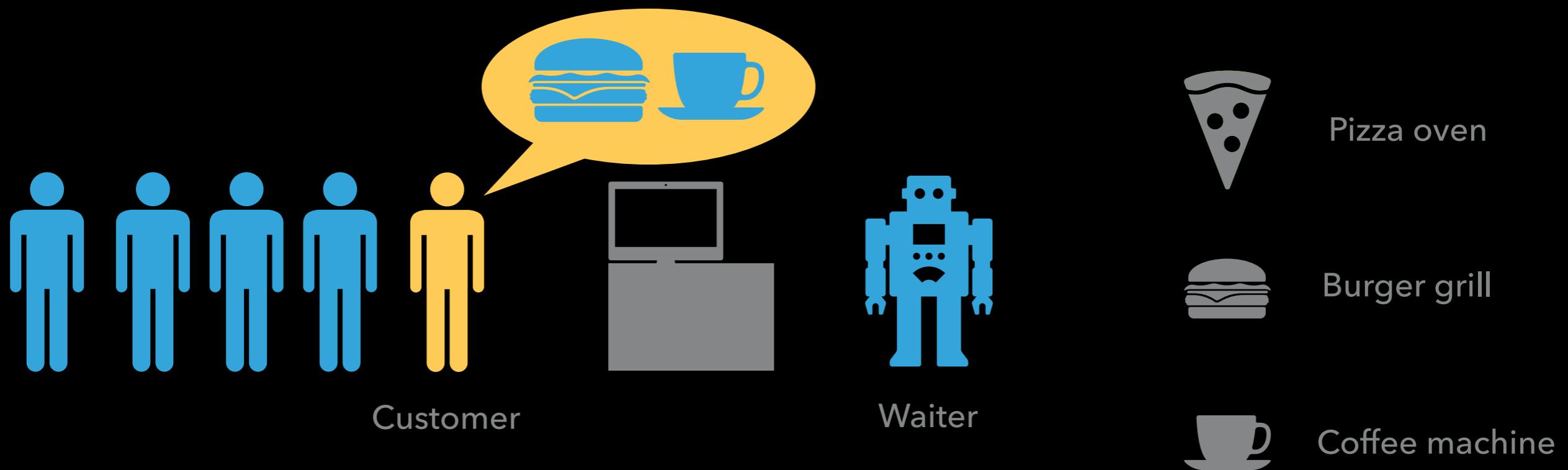


Coffee machine

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION



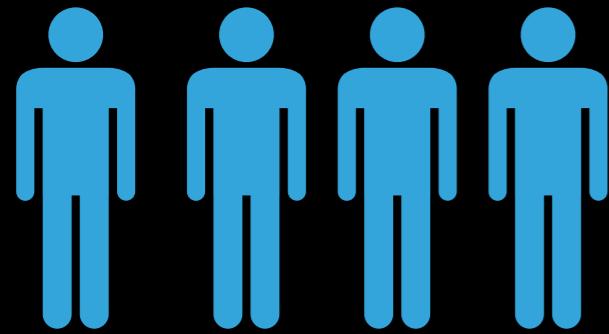
CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION



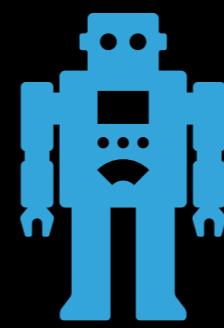
CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION



CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven



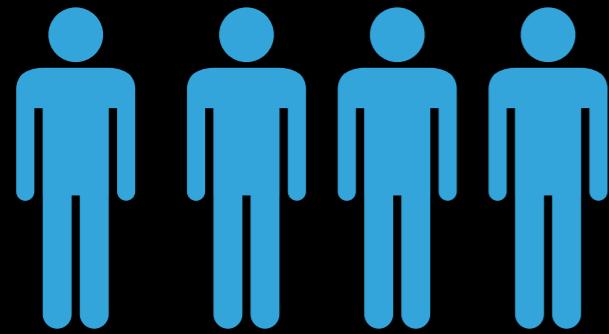
Burger grill



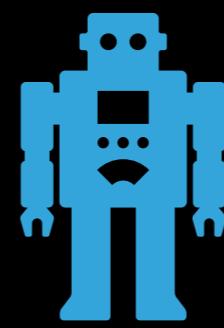
Coffee machine



CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION



Customer



Waiter



Pizza oven



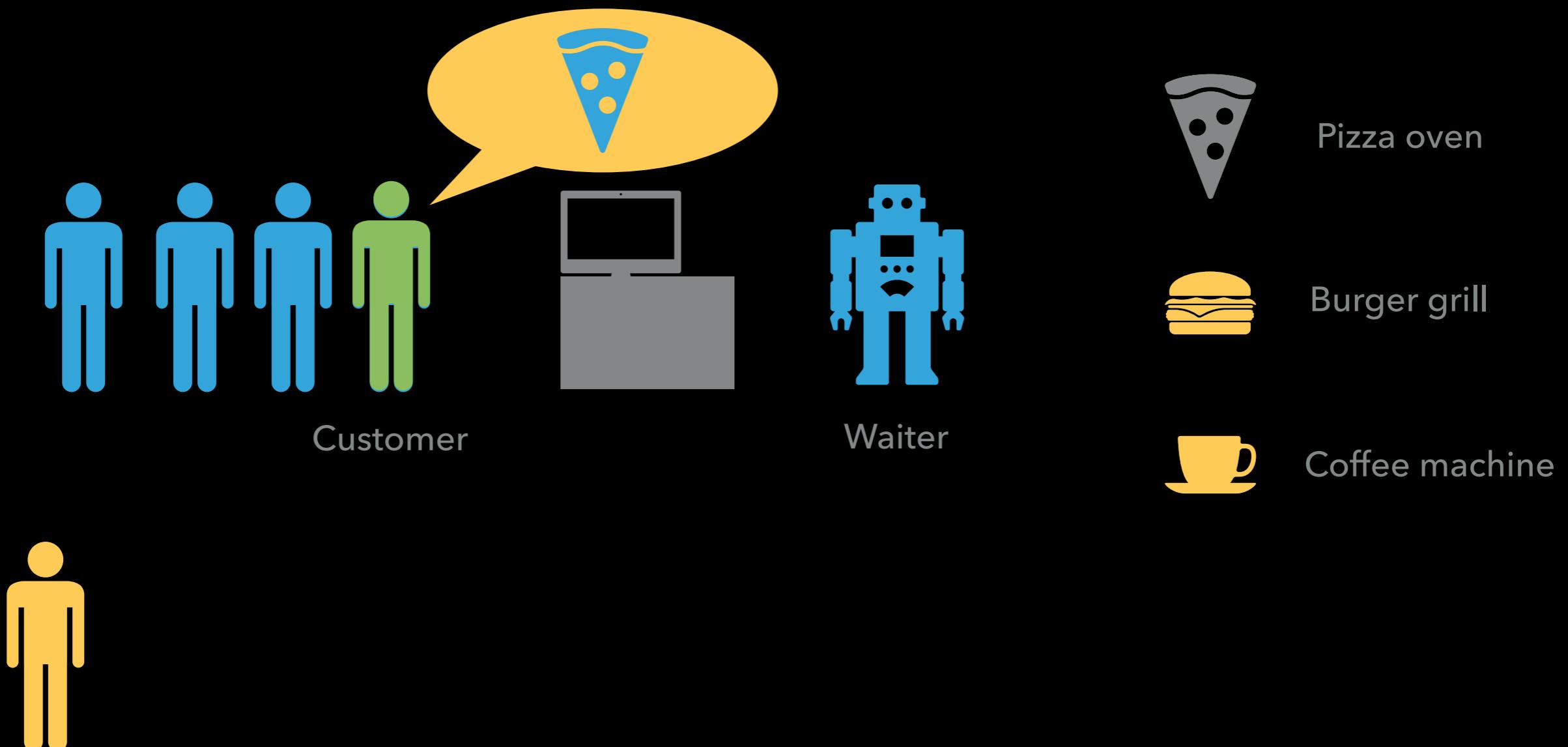
Burger grill



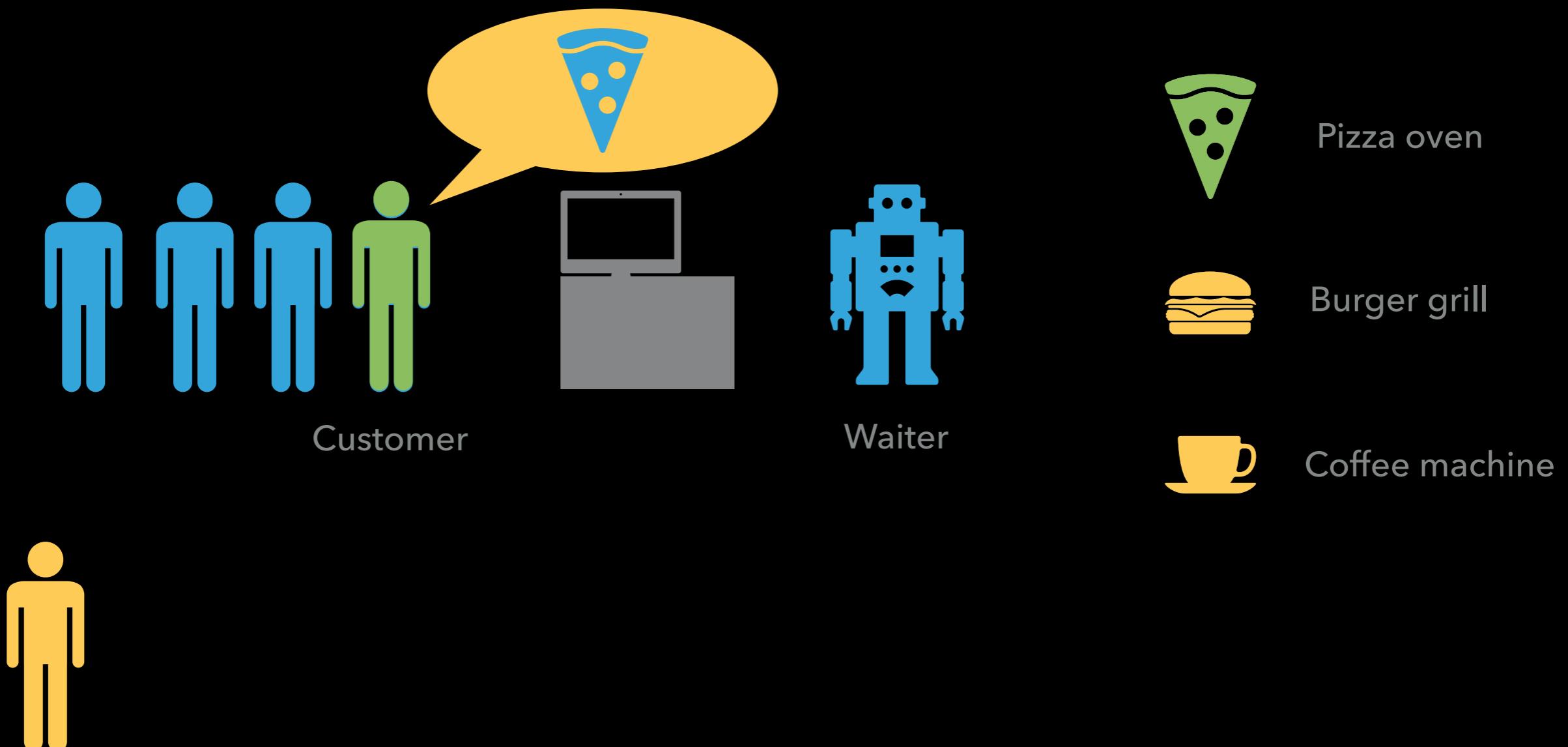
Coffee machine



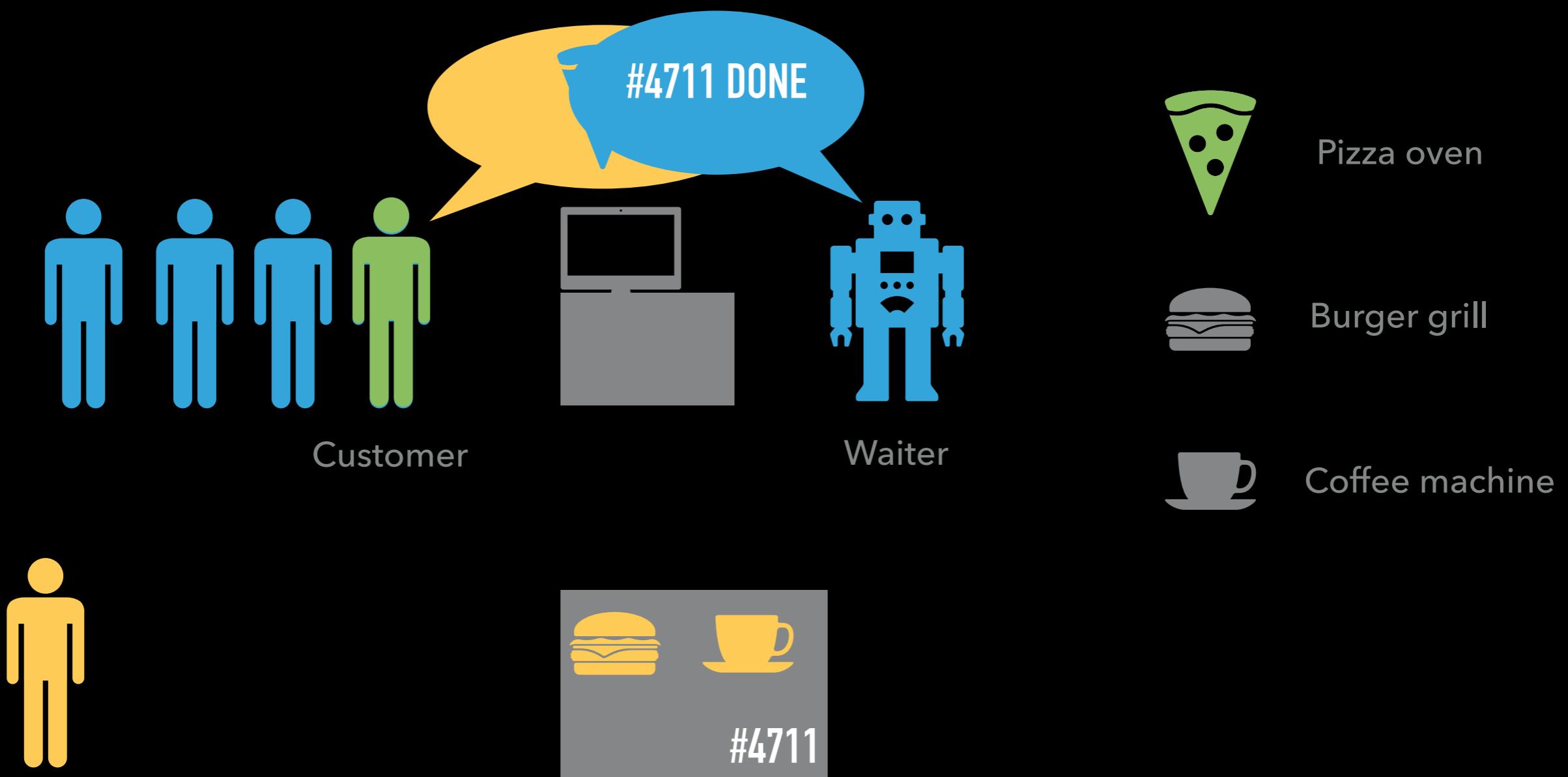
CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION



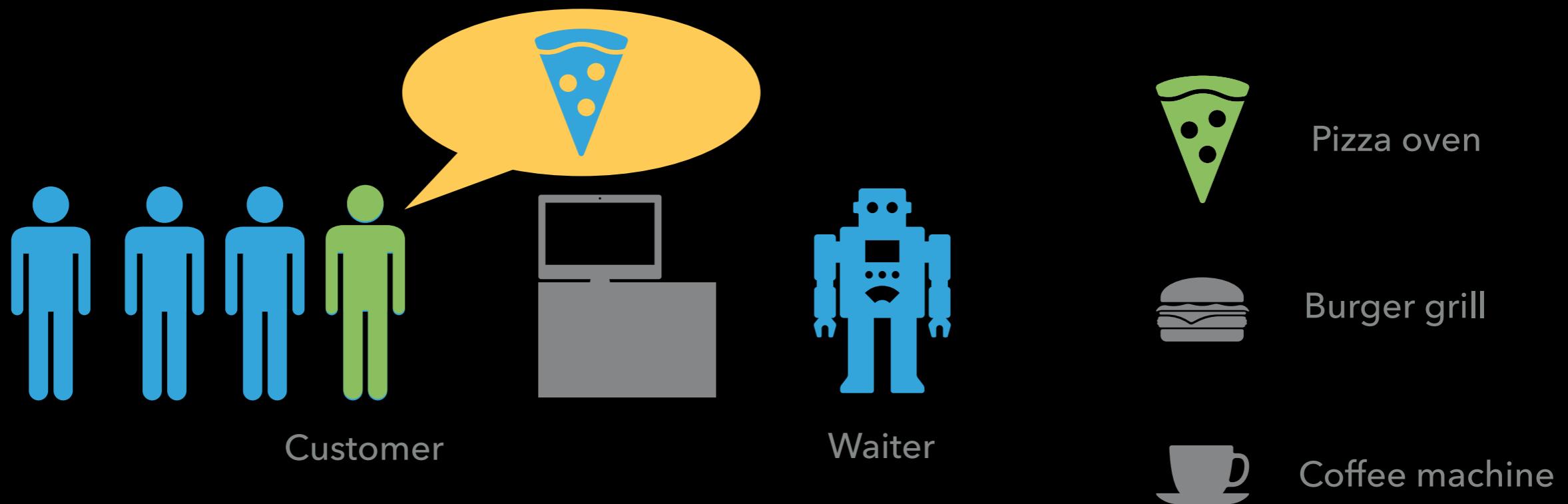
CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION



CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION

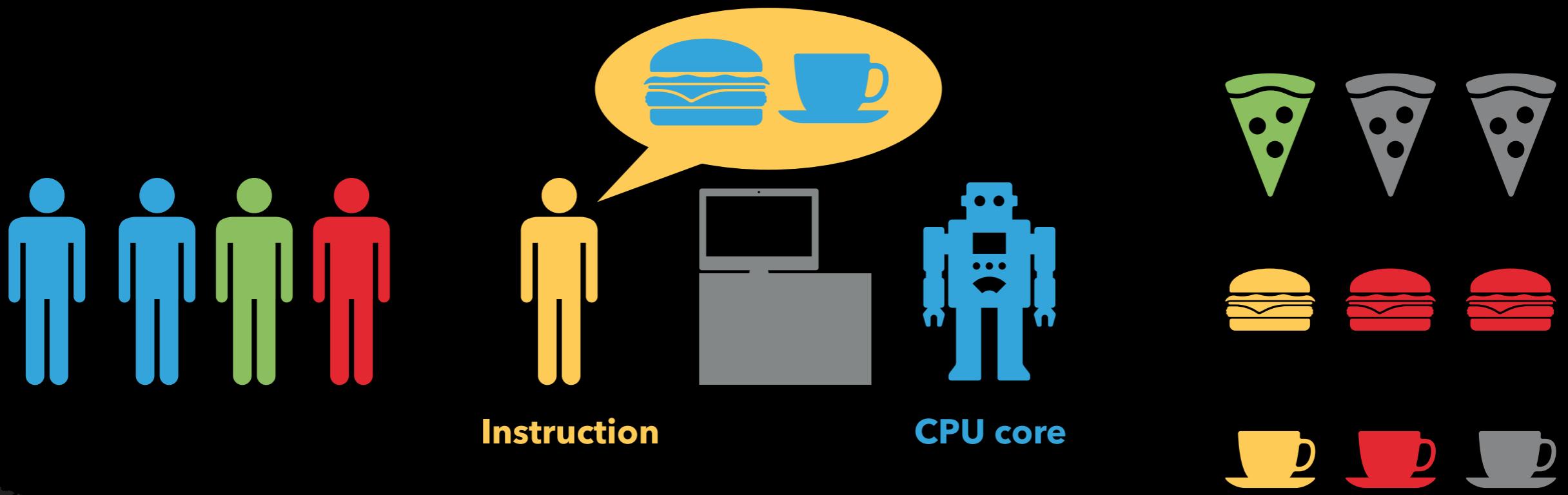


CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : PARALLEL, OUT OF ORDER EXECUTION



- ▶ Multiple customers' orders **executed in parallel** and **delivered** (retired) **in order**
i.e. multiple orders prepared at the same time
- ▶ PRO: **Faster because resources are utilised even better**
- ▶ CON: More difficult to implement

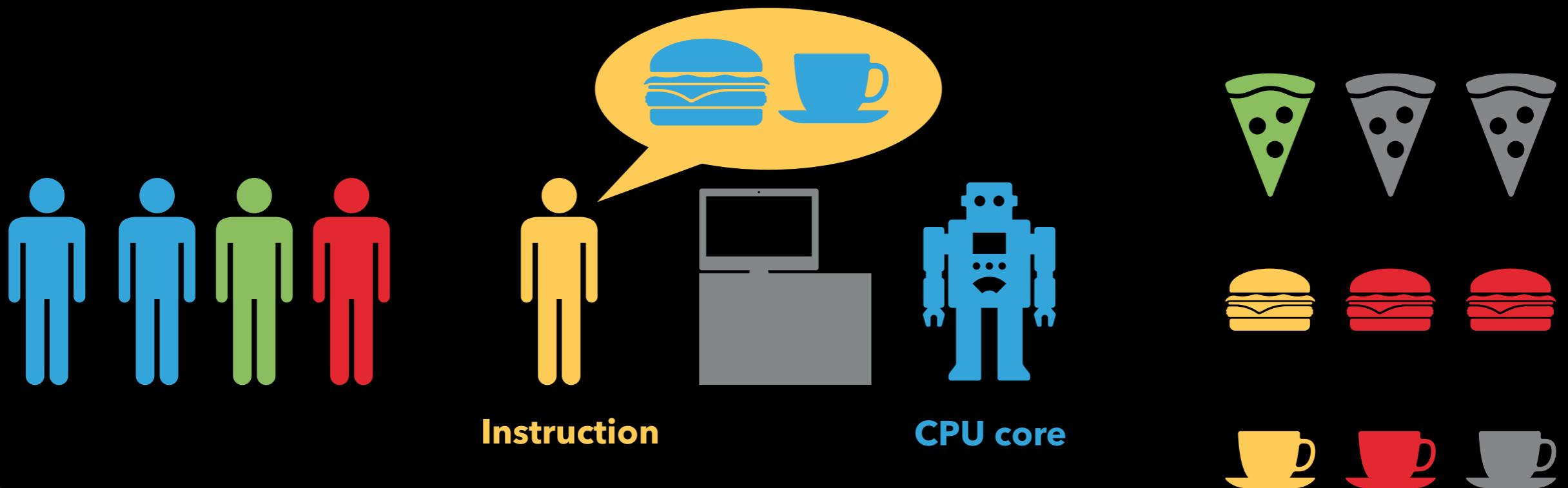
CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC.



Adding more resources increase parallelism & throughput

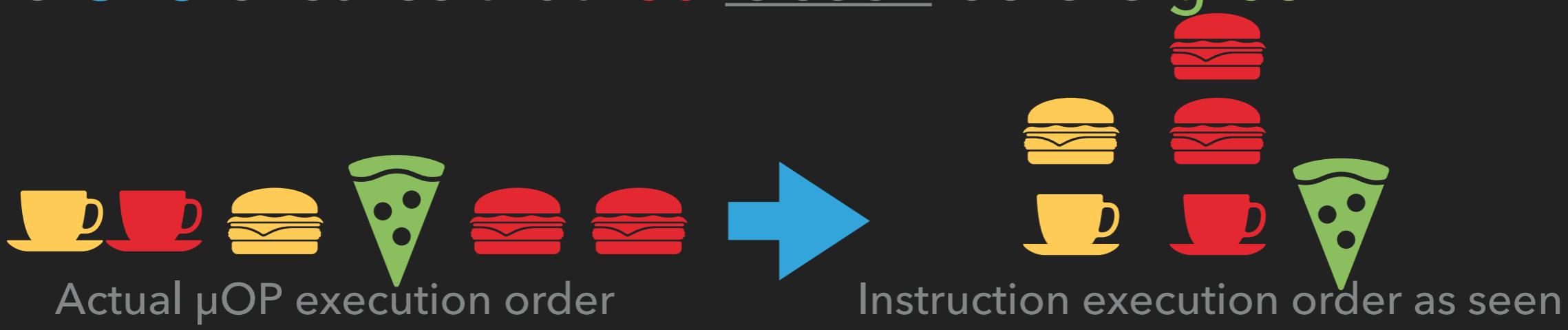
This is all on one CPU core

CONFIDENTIAL BURGERS INC. : ORDER IS IMPORTANT



The green instruction will finish before the red instruction

The CPU ensures that red is seen before green



MELTDOWN



Meltdown basically works like this:

- READ secret from forbidden address
- Stash away secret before CPU detects wrongdoing
- Retrieve secret

MELTDOWN

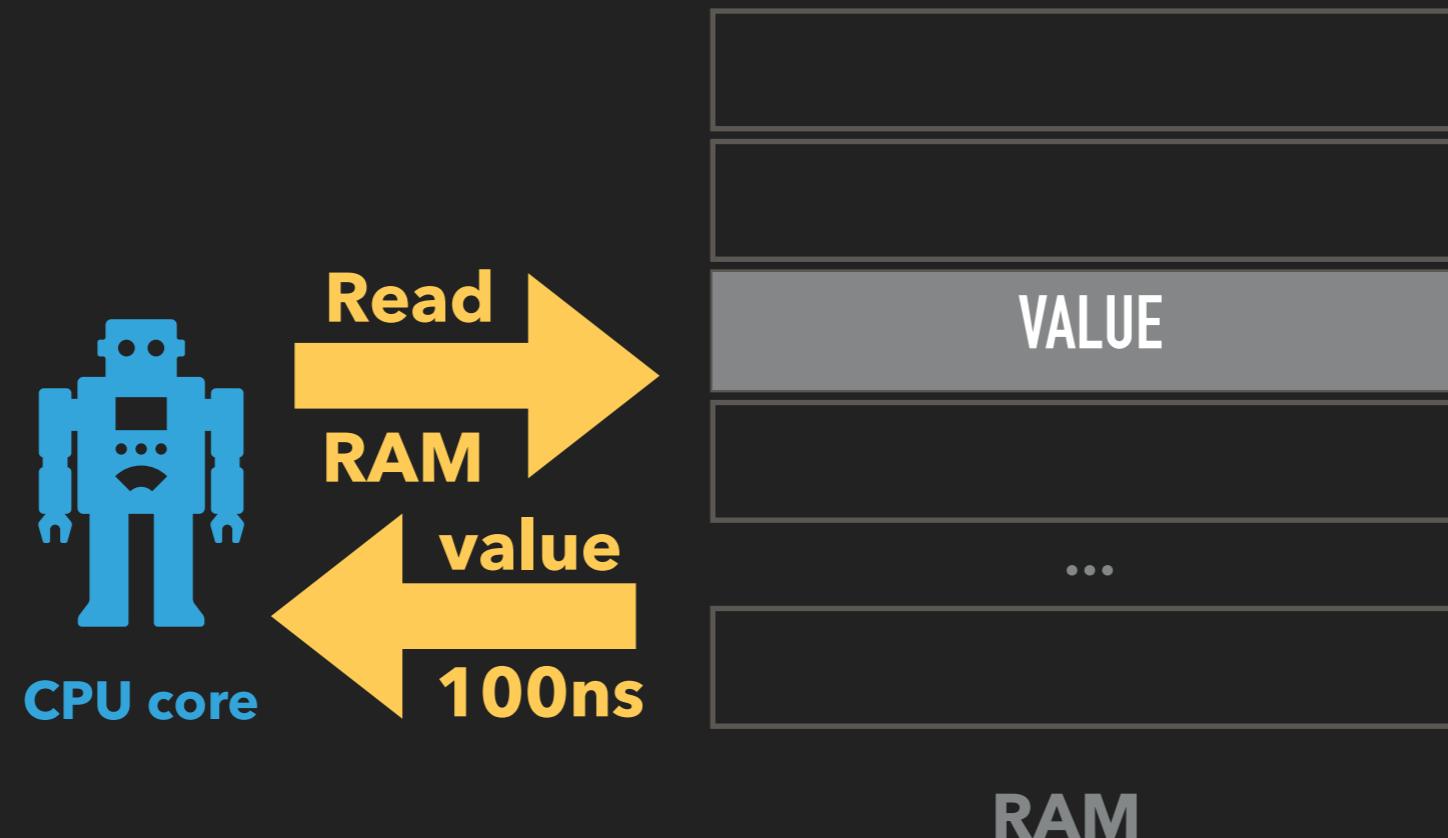
“Stashing” and “retrieving” the secret works via *side channels*.



Side channels are *observable side effects* of actions.

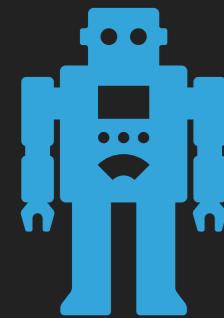
- READ secret from forbidden address
- Stash away secret by caching a memory location that depends on the secret
- Retrieve secret by finding which memory location is cached

MELTDOWN: STASHING AWAY - SIDECHANNEL

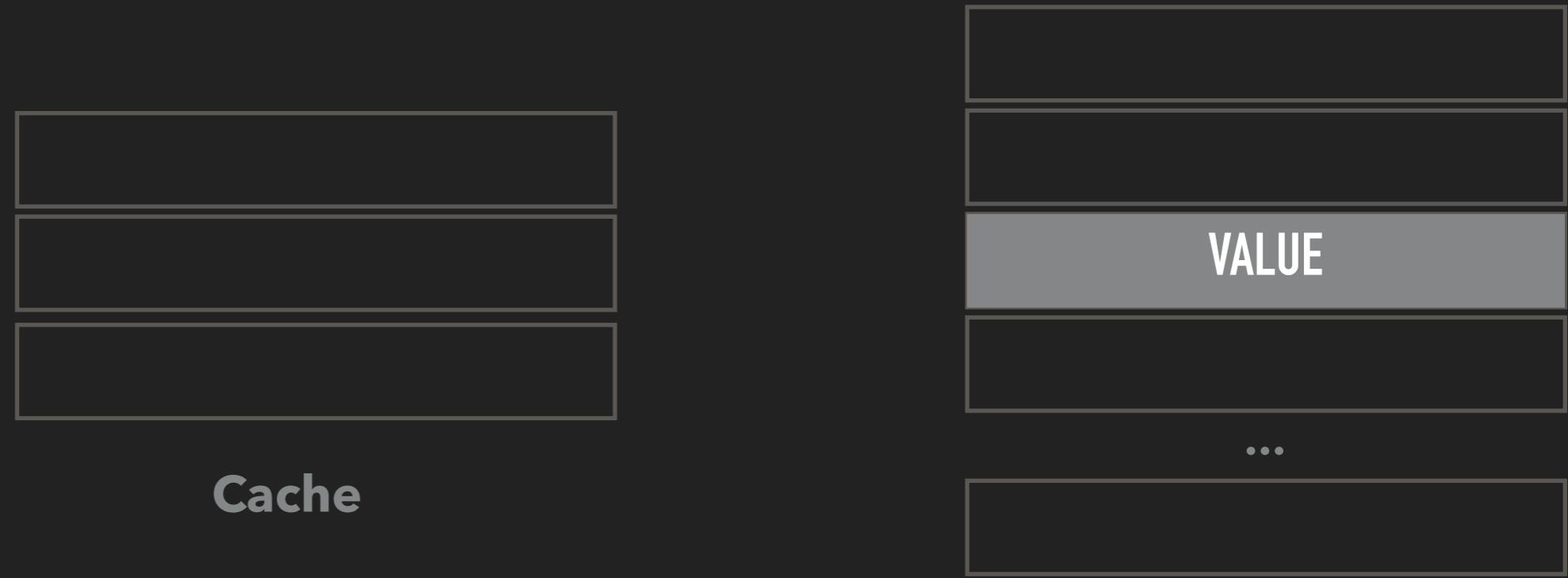


- ▶ Data is stored in RAM
- ▶ RAM is very slow
- ▶ Reading one byte stalls the CPU for hundreds of µOPs

MELTDOWN: STASHING AWAY - SIDECHANNEL

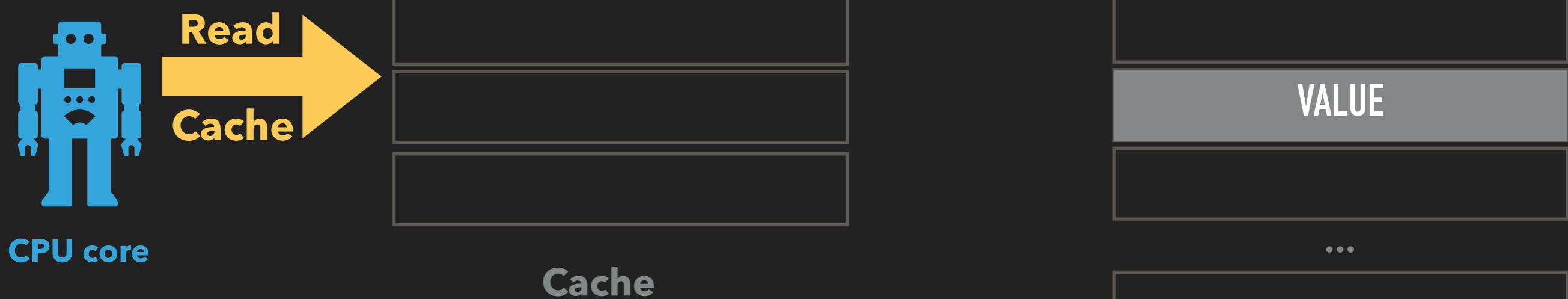


CPU core



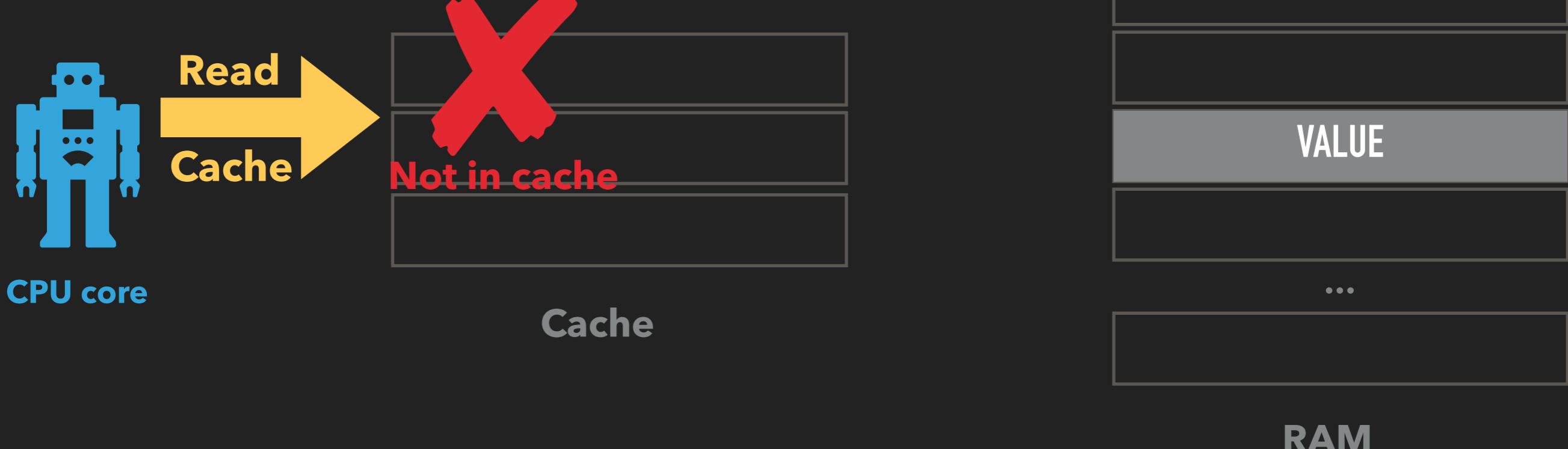
- ▶ Reading one byte stalls the CPU for hundreds of µOPs
- ▶ CPU caches considerably speed this up
- ▶ E.g. reading cached takes 3ns, reading uncached 103ns

MELTDOWN: STASHING AWAY - SIDECHANNEL



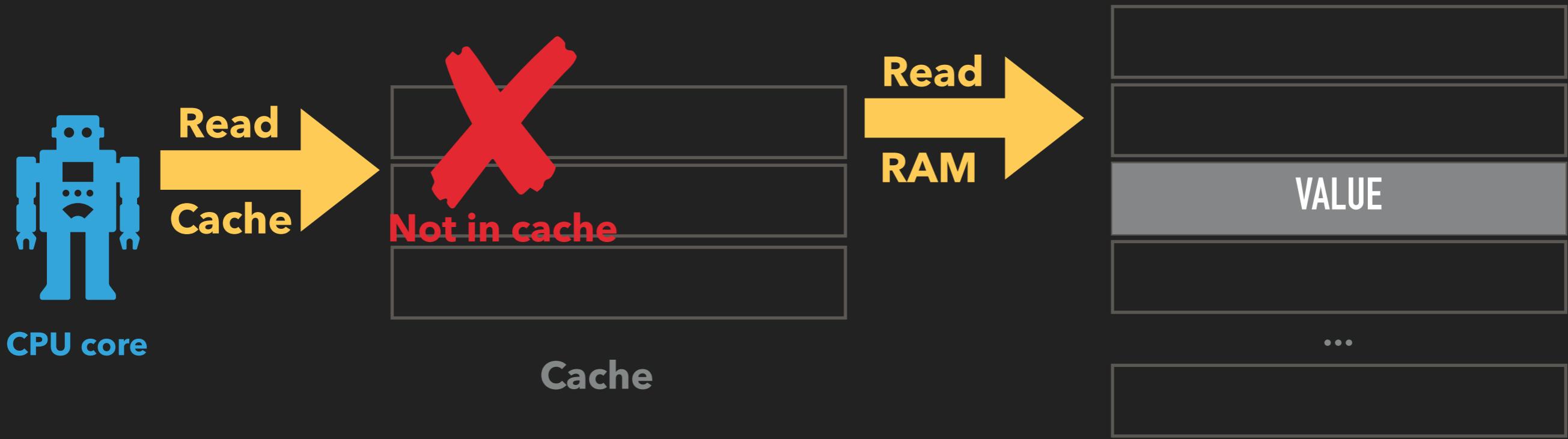
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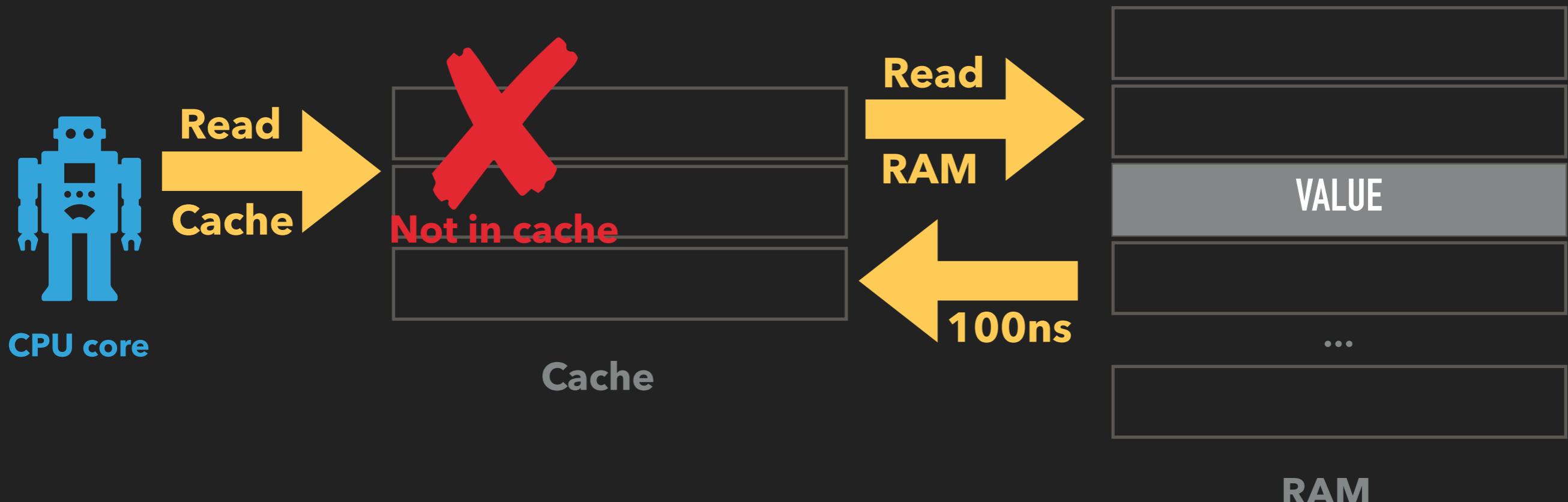
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MELTDOWN: STASHING AWAY - SIDECHANNEL



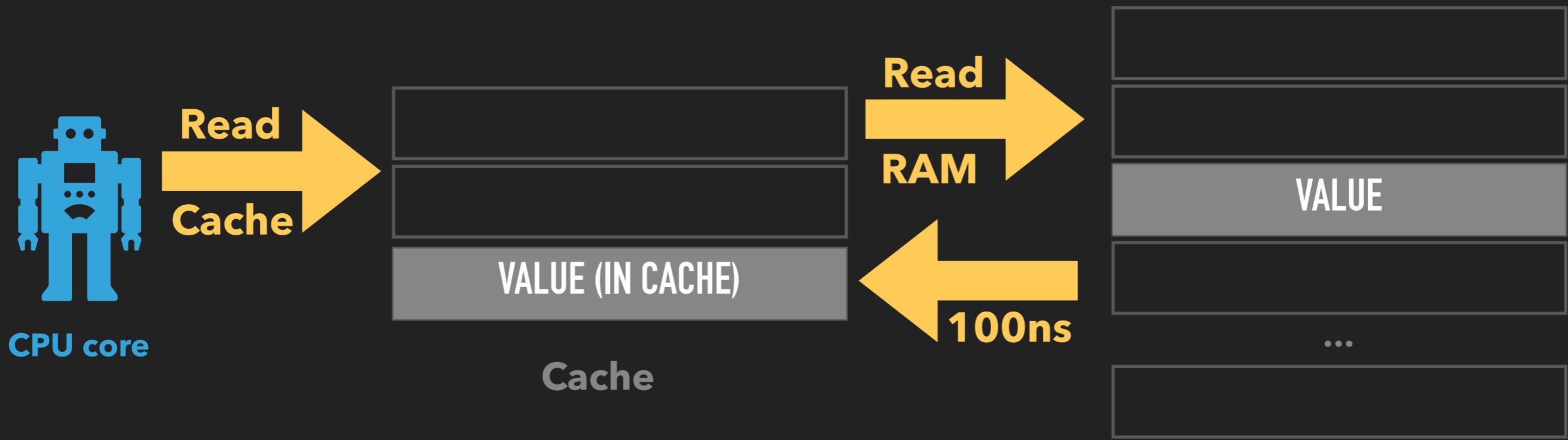
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MELTDOWN: STASHING AWAY - SIDECHANNEL



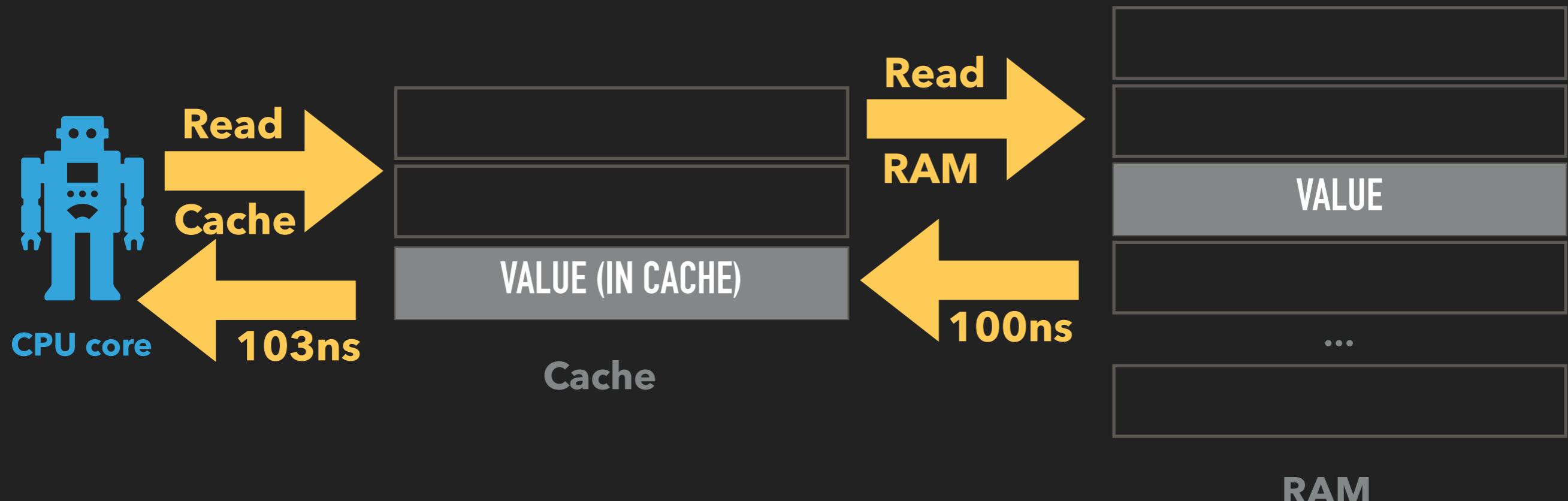
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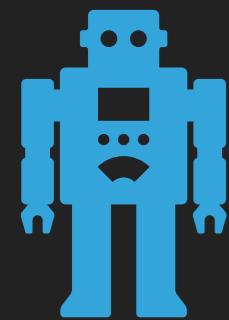
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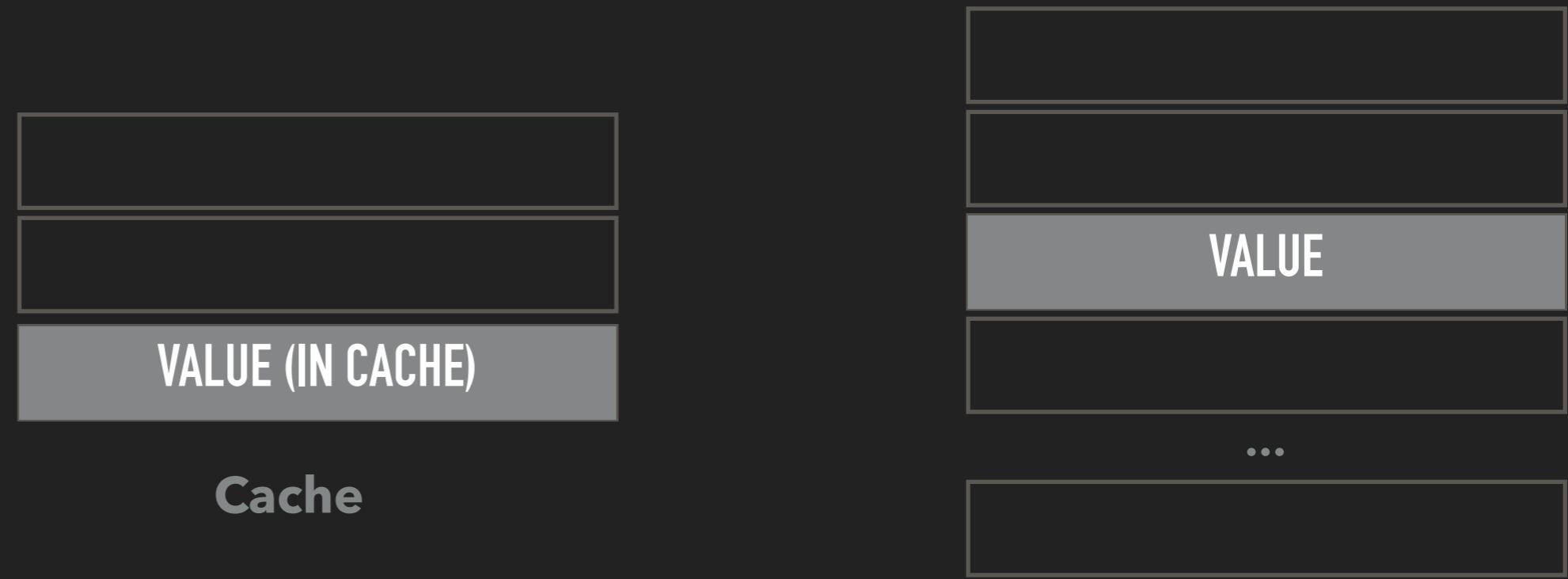


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MELTDOWN: STASHING AWAY - SIDECHANNEL



CPU core



Cache

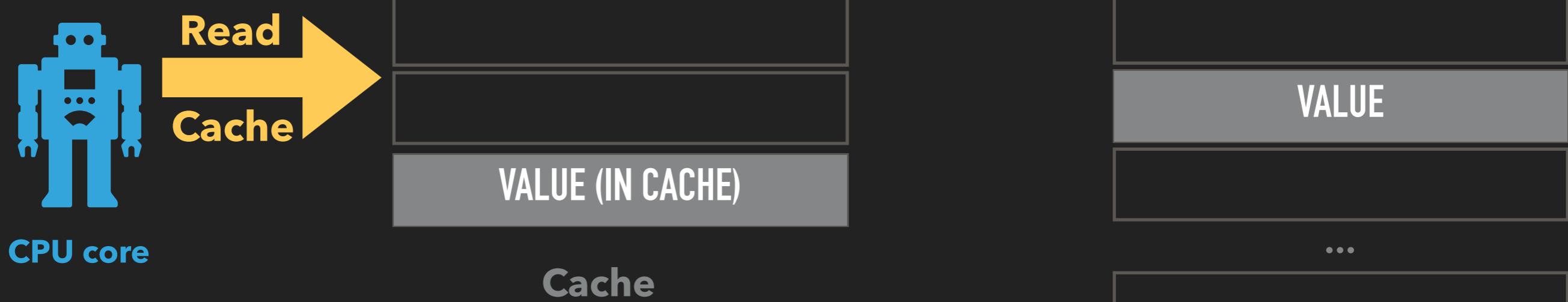
VALUE

...

RAM

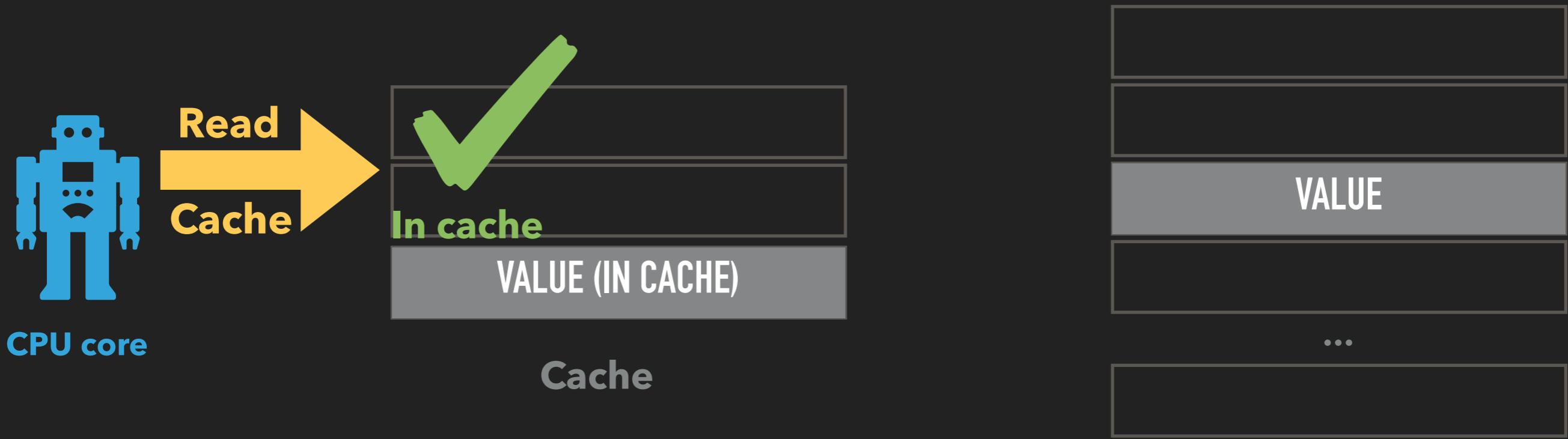
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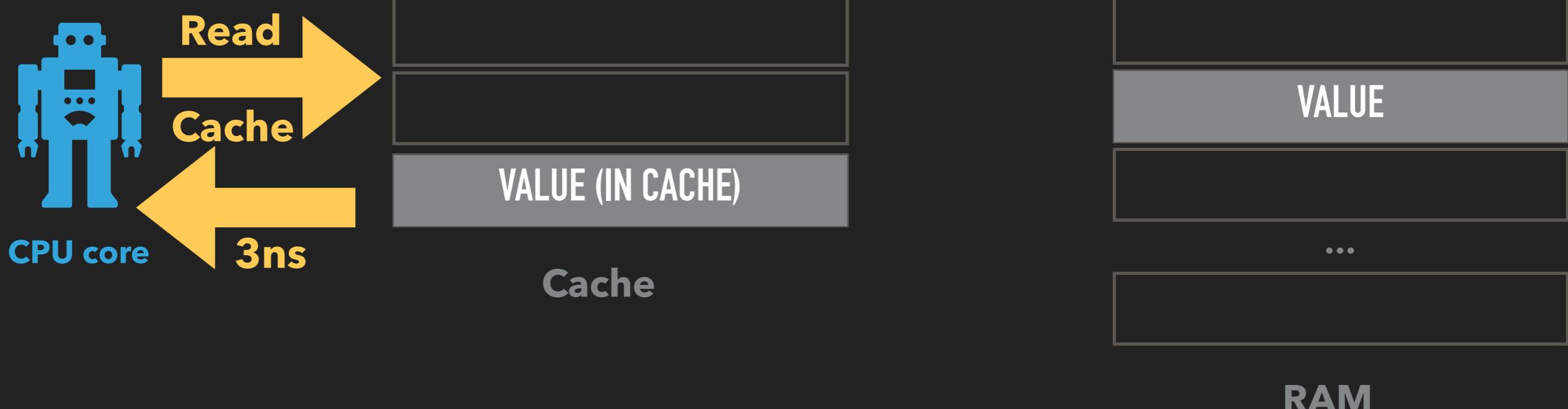
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“READ” INSTRUCTION

For a CPU the “READ value from memory at 4711” instruction looks like this (μ OPs):

1. Check that program may read from address
2. Store the value at address in register¹

If 1 fails the program is aborted.

This can be handled by the program.

¹ Register: The CPUs scratchpad

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In our burger example:

1. Customer orders a burger
2. Customer has not enough money
3. Customer does not get his burger

¹ Register: The CPUs scratchpad

MELTDOWN: READING FORBIDDEN DATA



Meltdown basically works like this:

- READ secret from forbidden address
- 1. Check that program may read from address
- 2. Store the read value in register
- Stash away secret
- 1 *Magic*
- Retrieve secret (*later*)

μOPs: 1 2 1

MELTDOWN: READING FORBIDDEN DATA



μOPs ordered by *instruction*

1 Check access

2 Read into register

1 *Magic*

μOPs ordered by *execution*

2 Read into register

1 *Magic*

1 Check access

The re-ordering on the right happens, when the “forbidden data” is already cached (because cache access is so fast)

MELTDOWN: READING FORBIDDEN DATA



μOPs ordered by *instruction*

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Reordering is not a problem because the CPU will ensure that is only seen *iff* succeeds.

MELTDOWN: READING FORBIDDEN DATA



μOPs ordered by *instruction*

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2 Read into register

1 Magic

μOPs ordered by *execution*

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1 Magic

1 Check access

The re-ordering on the right happens, when the “forbidden data” is already cached (because cache access is so fast)

Reordering is not a problem because the CPU will ensure that is only seen *iff* succeeds.

Unless is able to hide the secret in such a way that the attacker can find it later.

MELTDOWN: READING FORBIDDEN DATA



μOPs ordered by *instruction*

1 Check access

2 Read into register

1 Magic

μOPs ordered by *execution*

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The re-ordering on the right happens, when the “forbidden data” is already cached (because cache access is so fast)

Reordering is not a problem because that is only seen *iff* succeeds.

Unless is able to hide the secret, the attacker can find it later.

In our burger example:

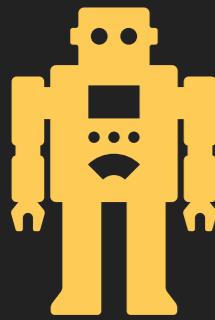
1. Customer orders a burger
2. Customer gets his burger
3. Customer has not enough money
4. Customer runs away with burger

MELTDOWN



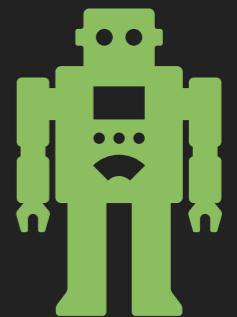
For Meltdown two actors are needed

The a **spy** and a **collector**.



Spy

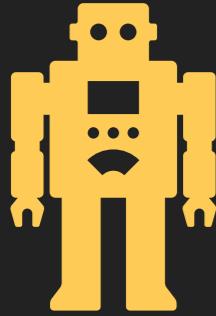
The **spy** will “steal” the secret and stash it away.
The CPU will kill him for accessing the secret information.



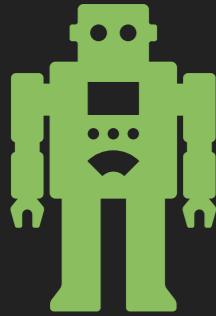
Collector

The **collector** will find the stashed away secret.

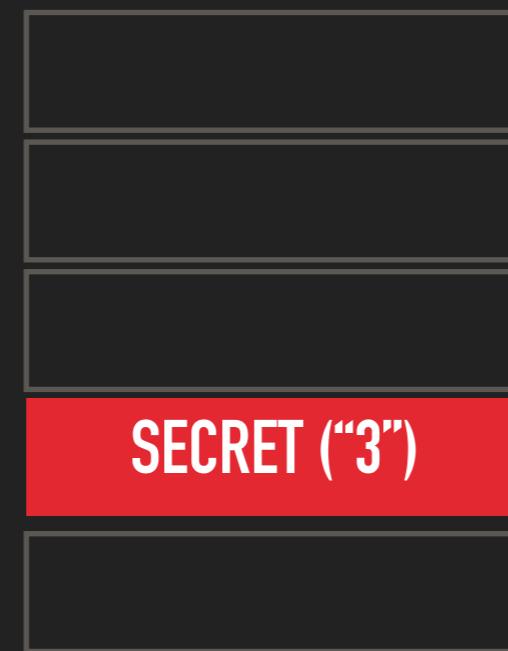
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



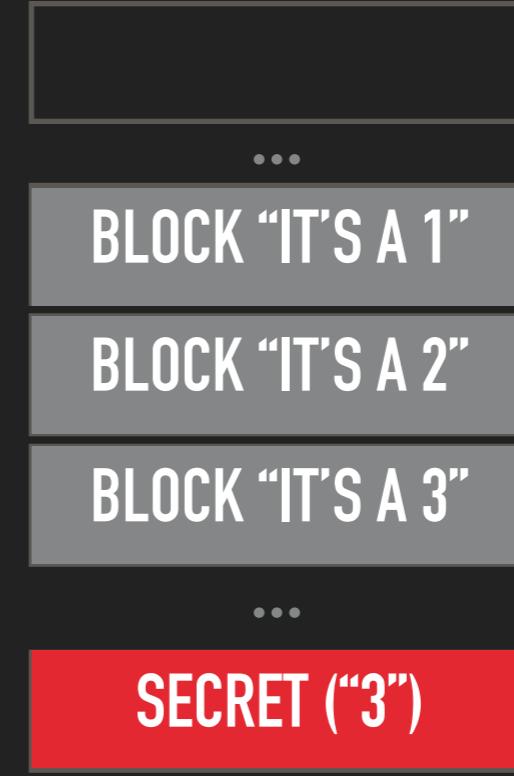
Spy



Collector

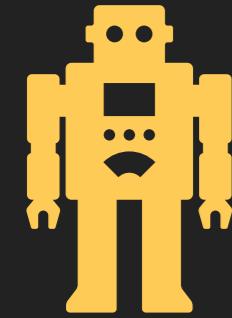


Cache

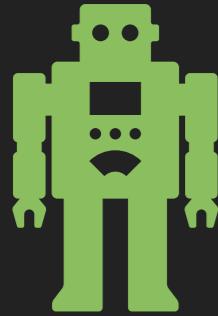


RAM

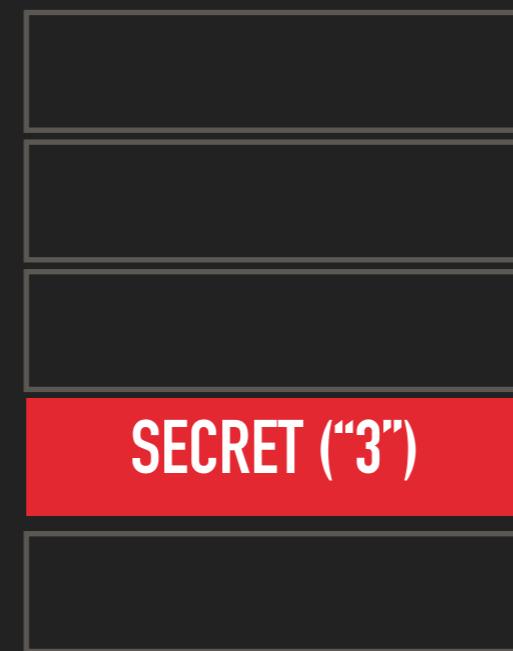
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



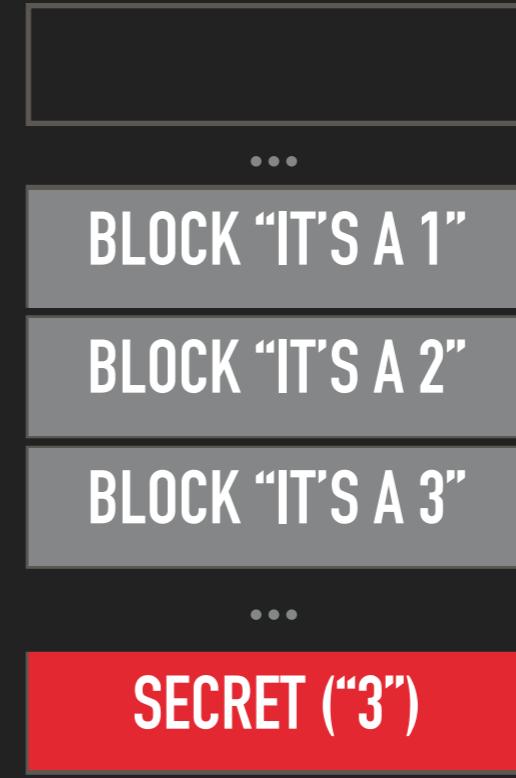
Spy



Collector



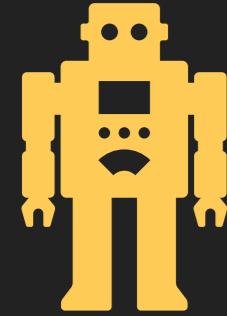
Cache



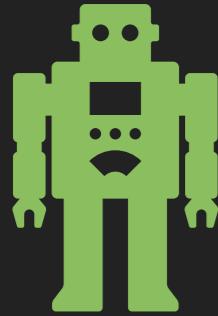
RAM

- ▶ Meltdown needs some precondition

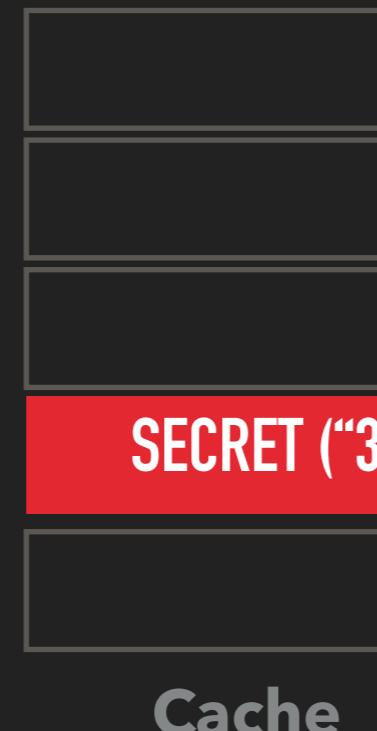
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



Spy

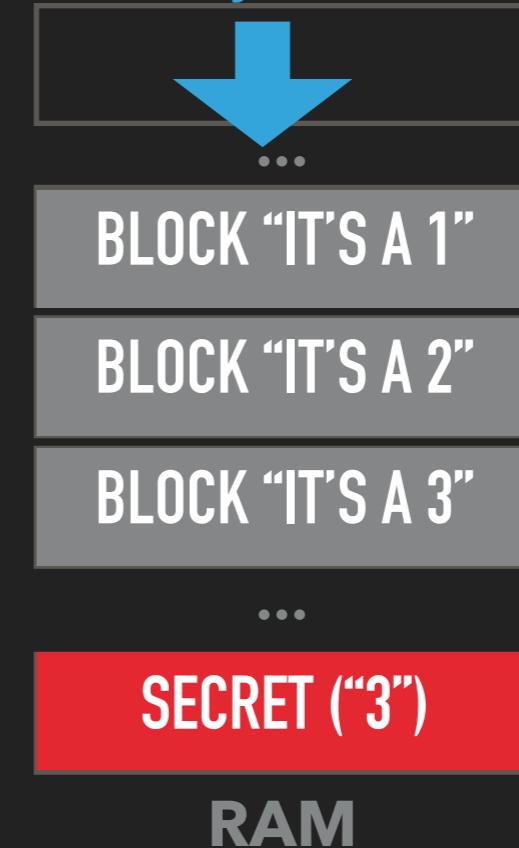


Collector



Cache

grey box:
memory block
tested by **Collector**

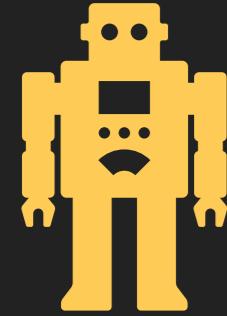


RAM

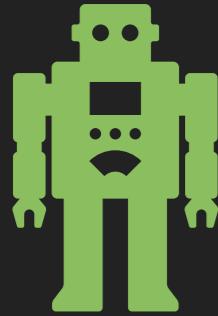


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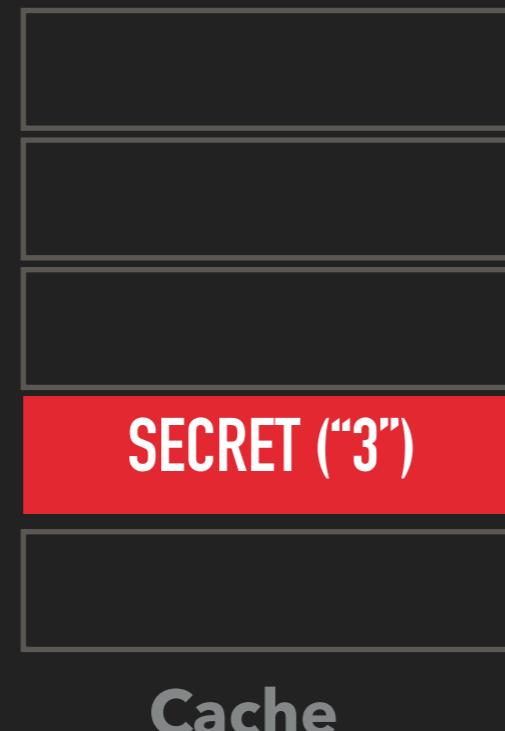
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



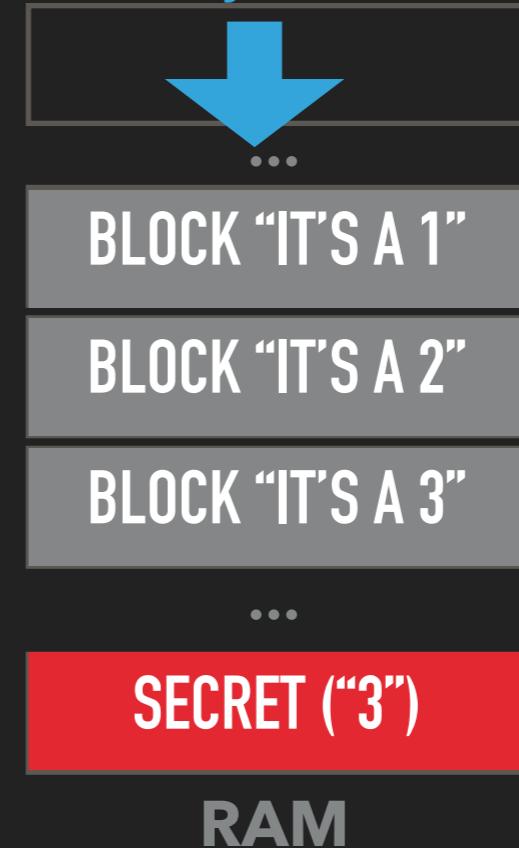
Spy



Collector



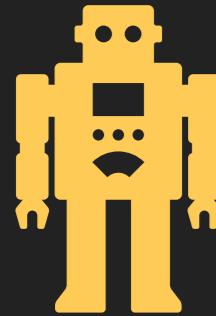
grey box:
memory block
tested by **Collector**



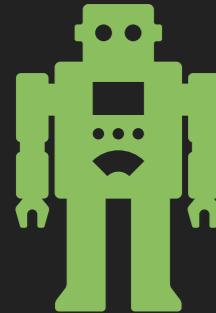
- ▶ Meltdown needs some precondition
- ▶ The **secret** is in the cache (value: 3)



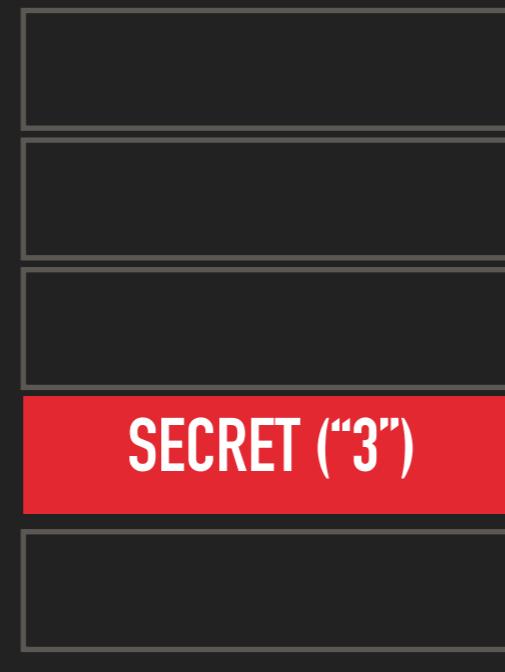
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



Spy



Collector

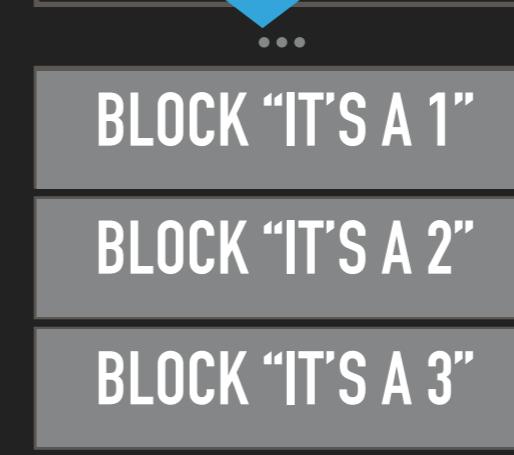


Cache

grey box:
memory block
tested by **Collector**



allowed to
read?

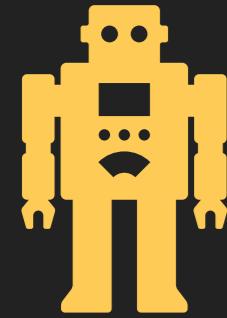


RAM

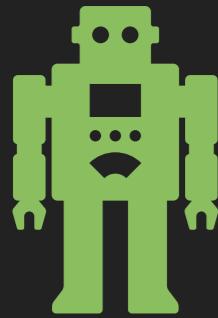


- ▶ Meltdown needs some precondition
- ▶ The **secret** is in the cache (value: 3)
- ▶ Both **Spy** and **Collector** can read grey memory blocks

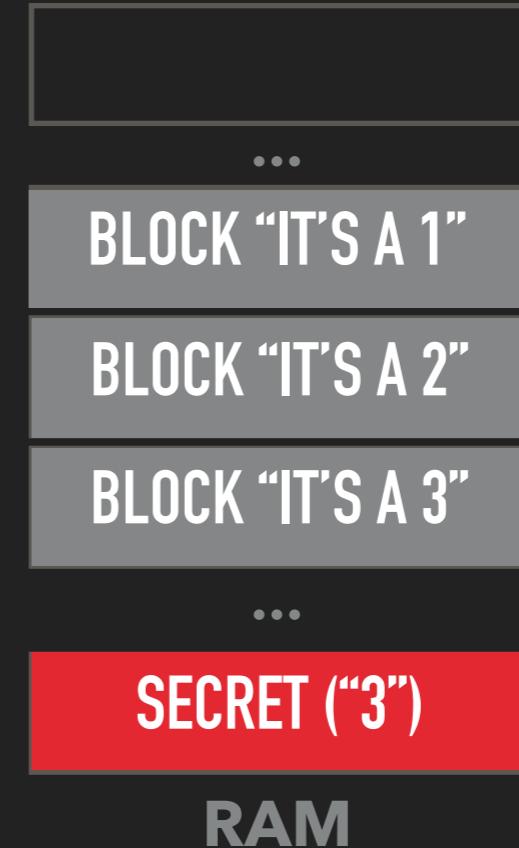
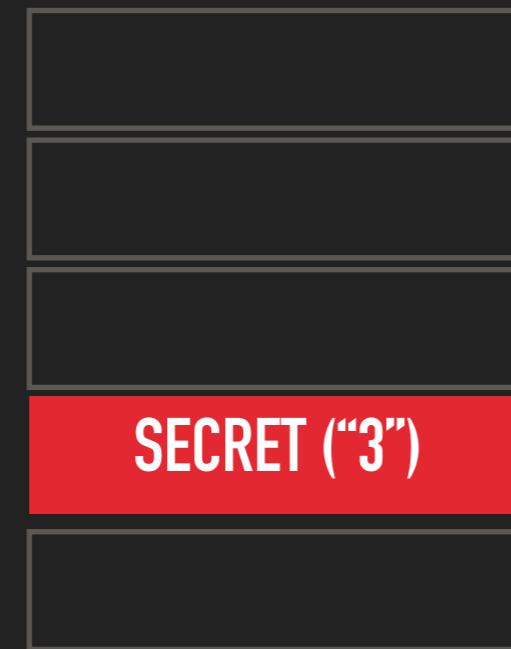
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



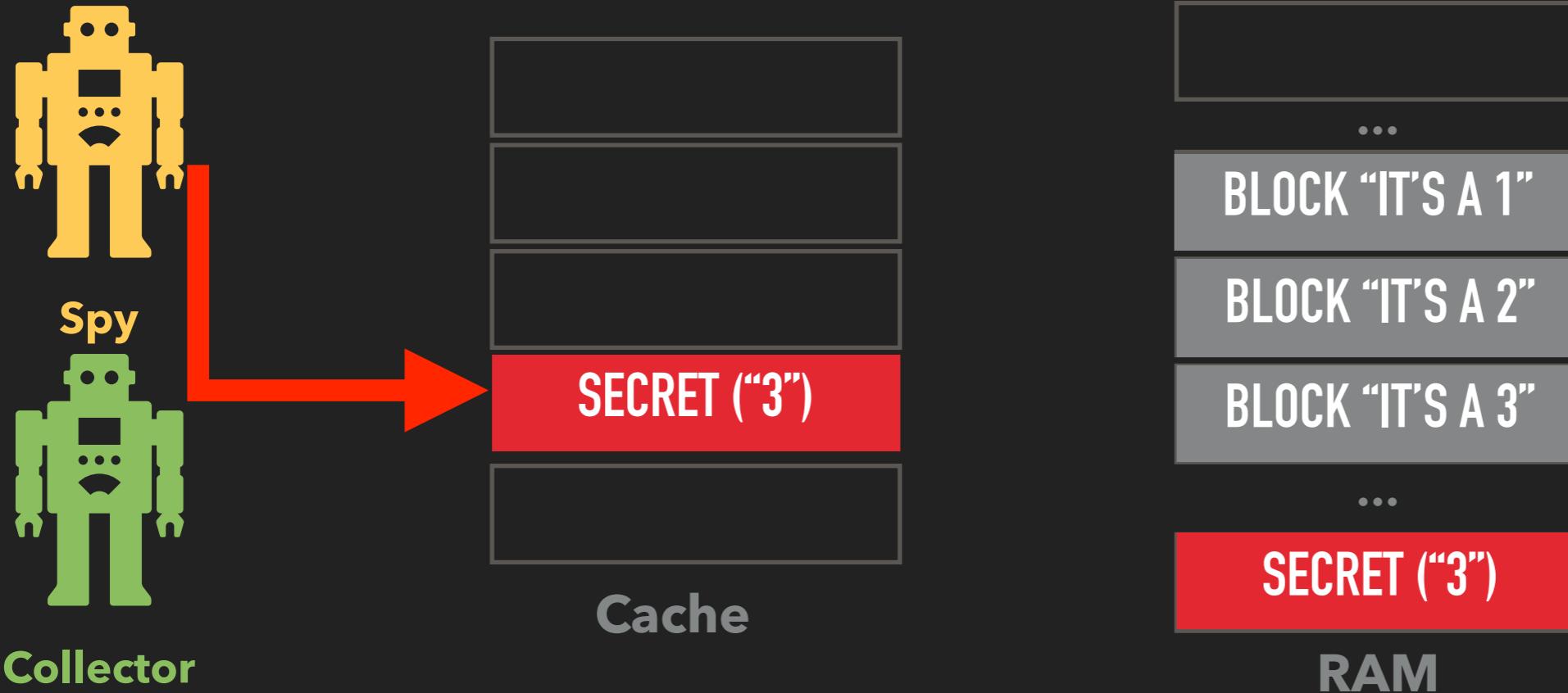
Spy



Collector



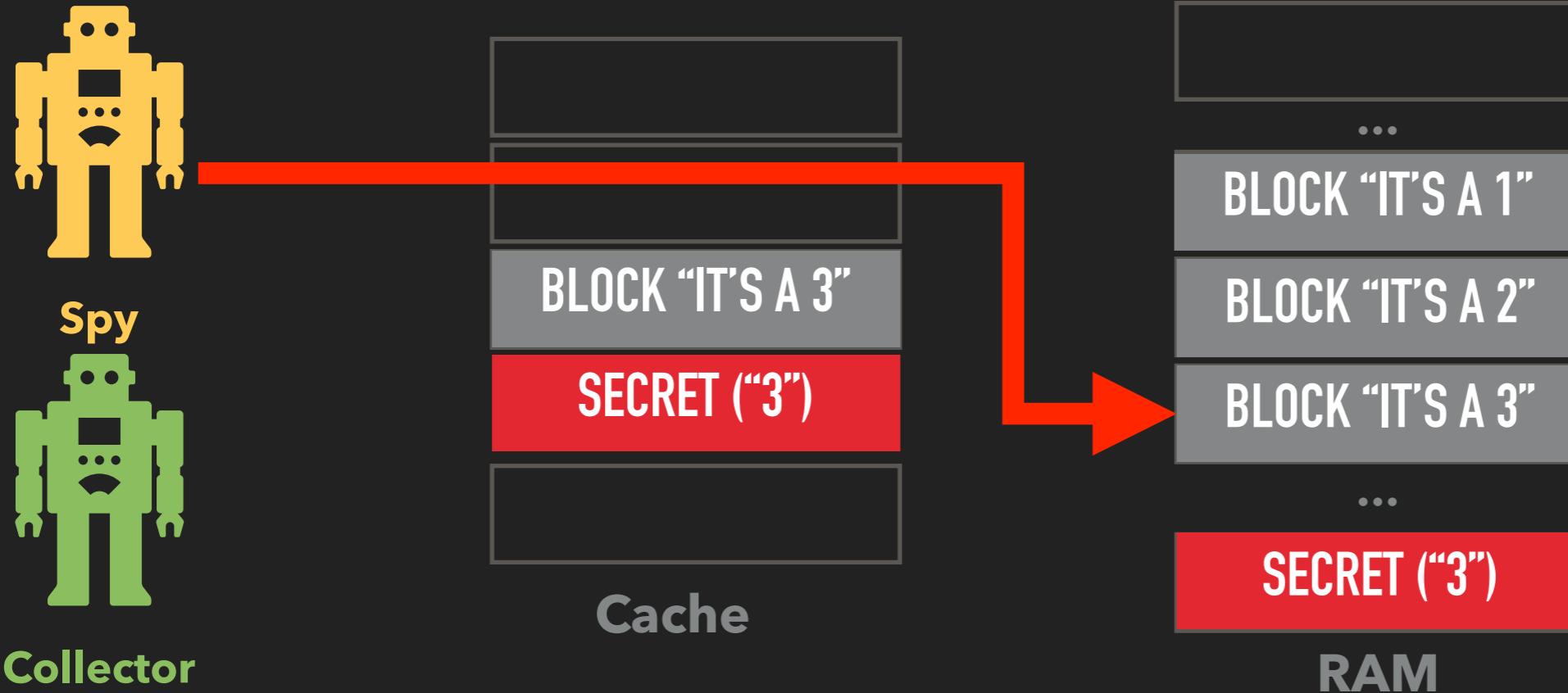
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



1. **Spy** will read the **secret**



MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



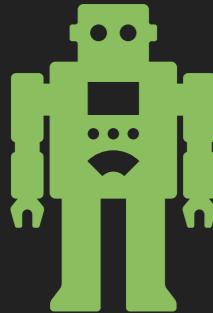
1. **Spy** will read the **secret**
2. Depending on the **value**, **Spy** will cache a grey block



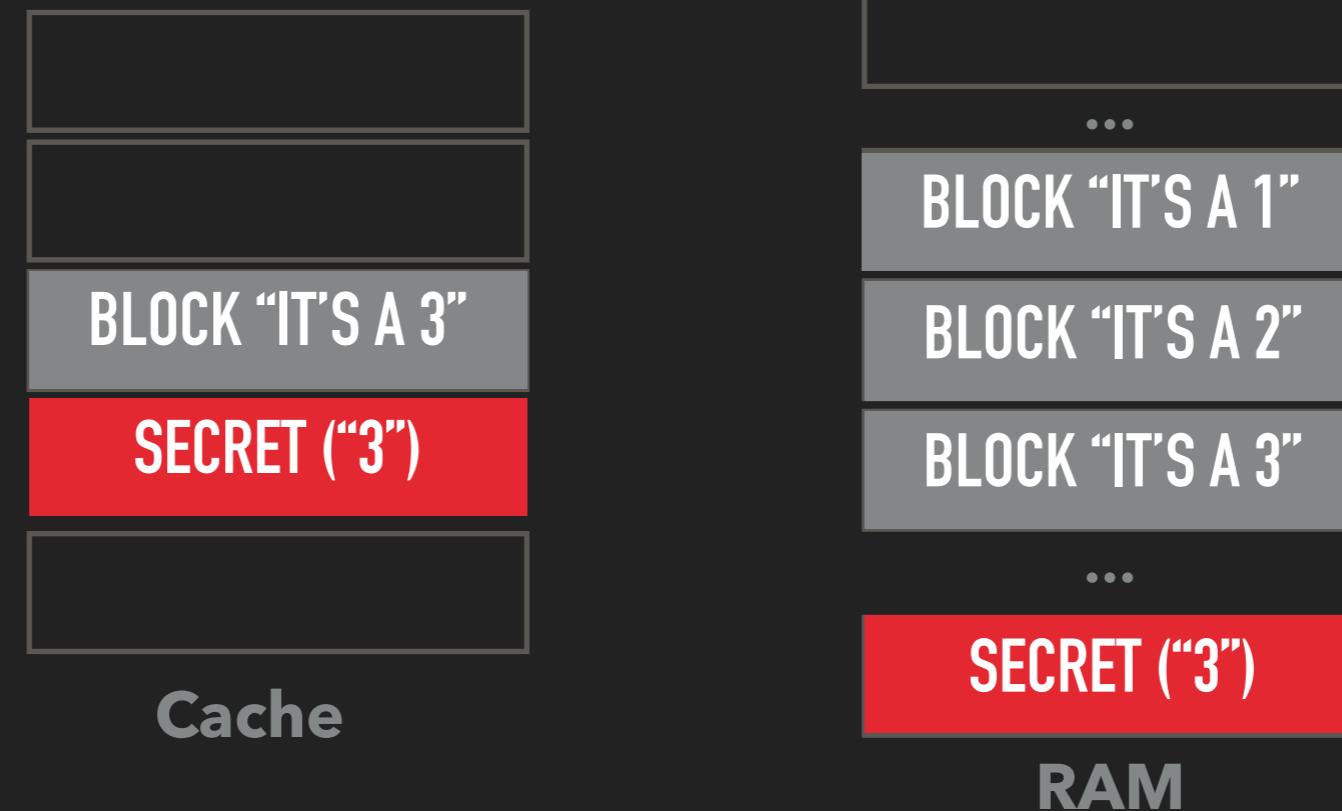
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



Spy



Collector



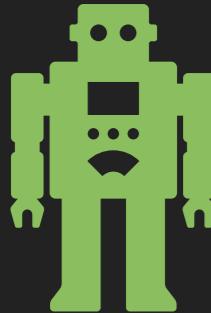
1. **Spy** will read the **secret**
2. Depending on the **value**, **Spy** will cache a grey block
3. CPU detects **Spys** access validation and terminates **Spy**



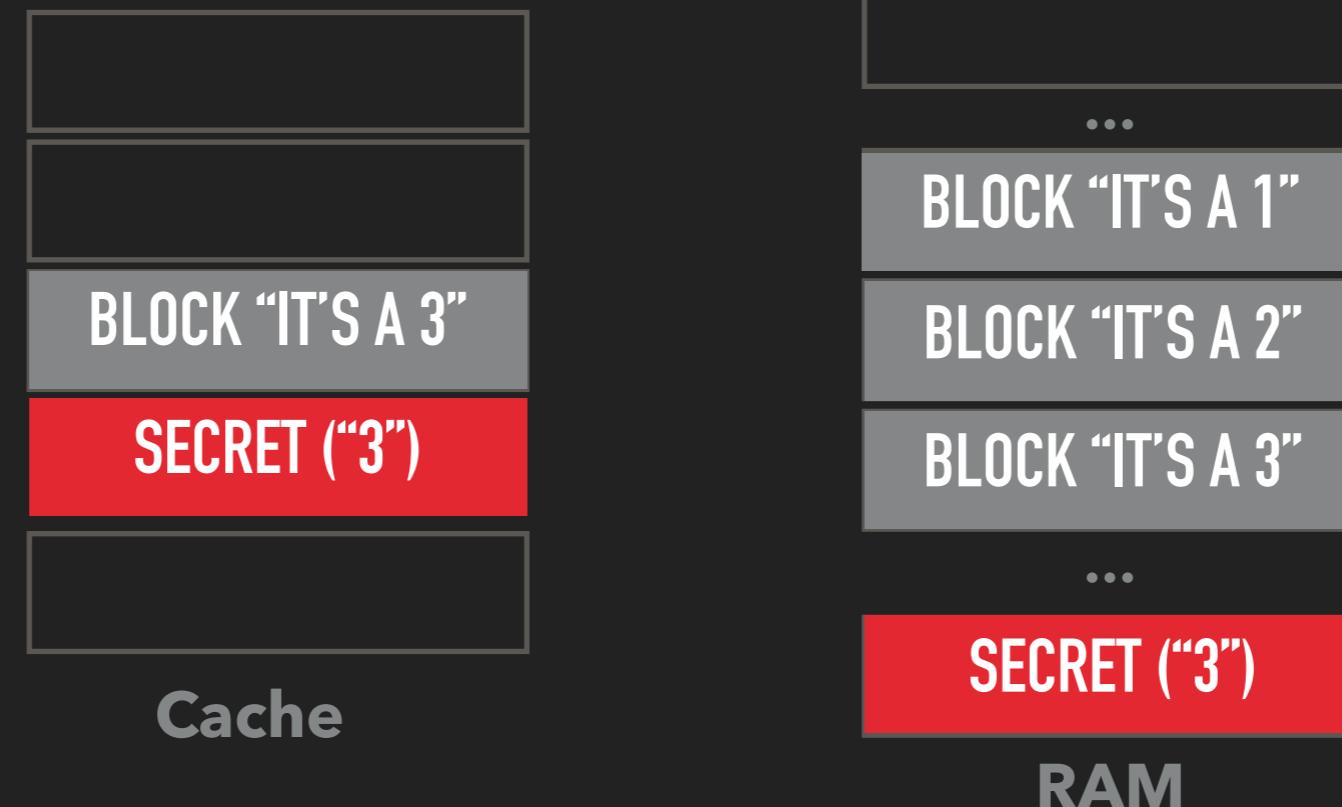
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



Spy



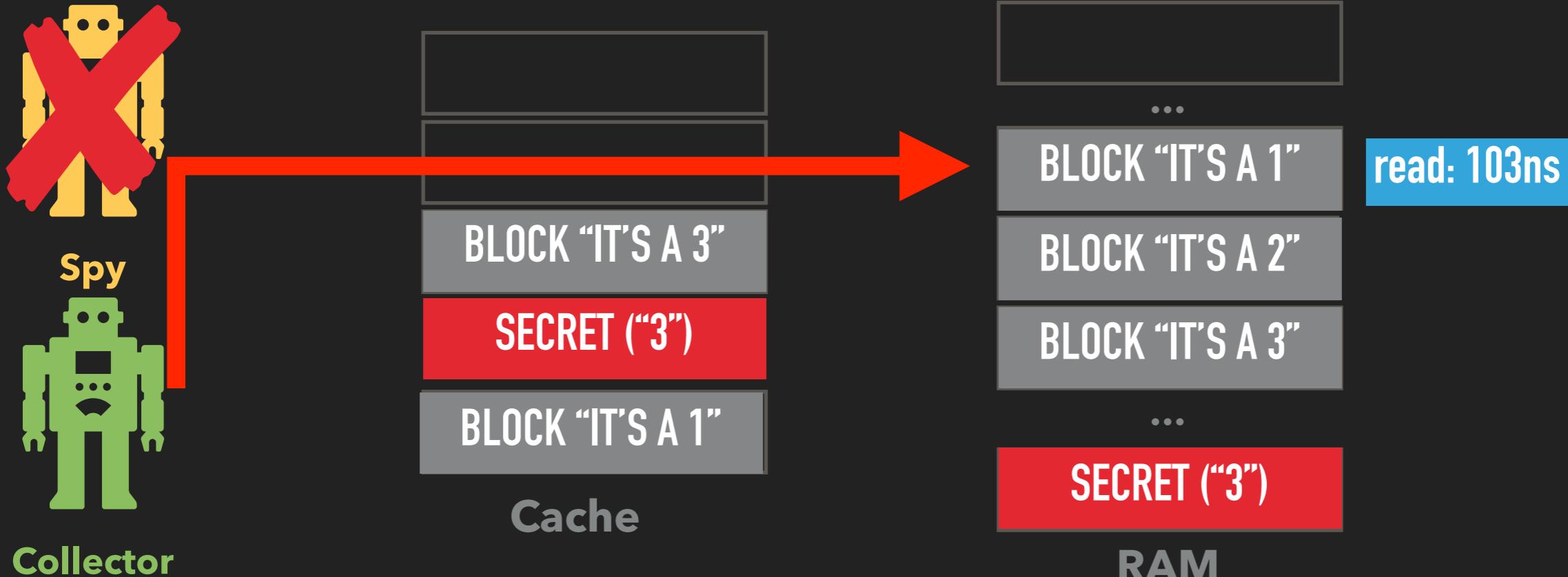
Collector



1. **Spy** will read the **secret**
2. Depending on the **value**, **Spy** will cache a grey block
3. CPU detects **Spys** access validation and terminates **Spy**
4. **Collector** now reads all grey blocks and stops the time



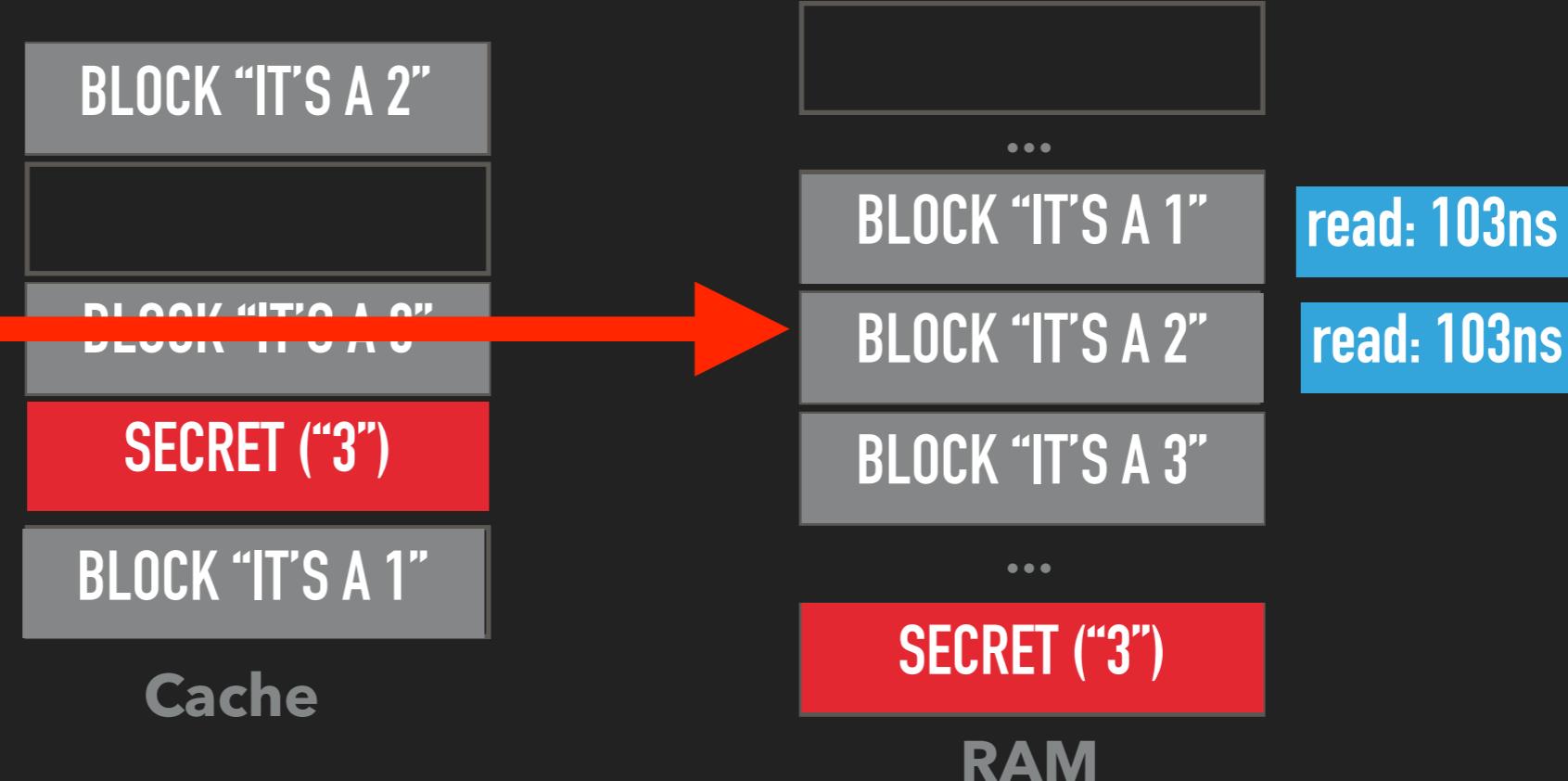
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MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



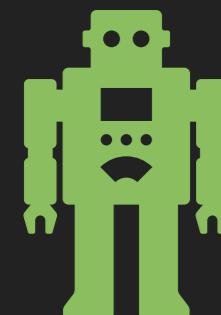
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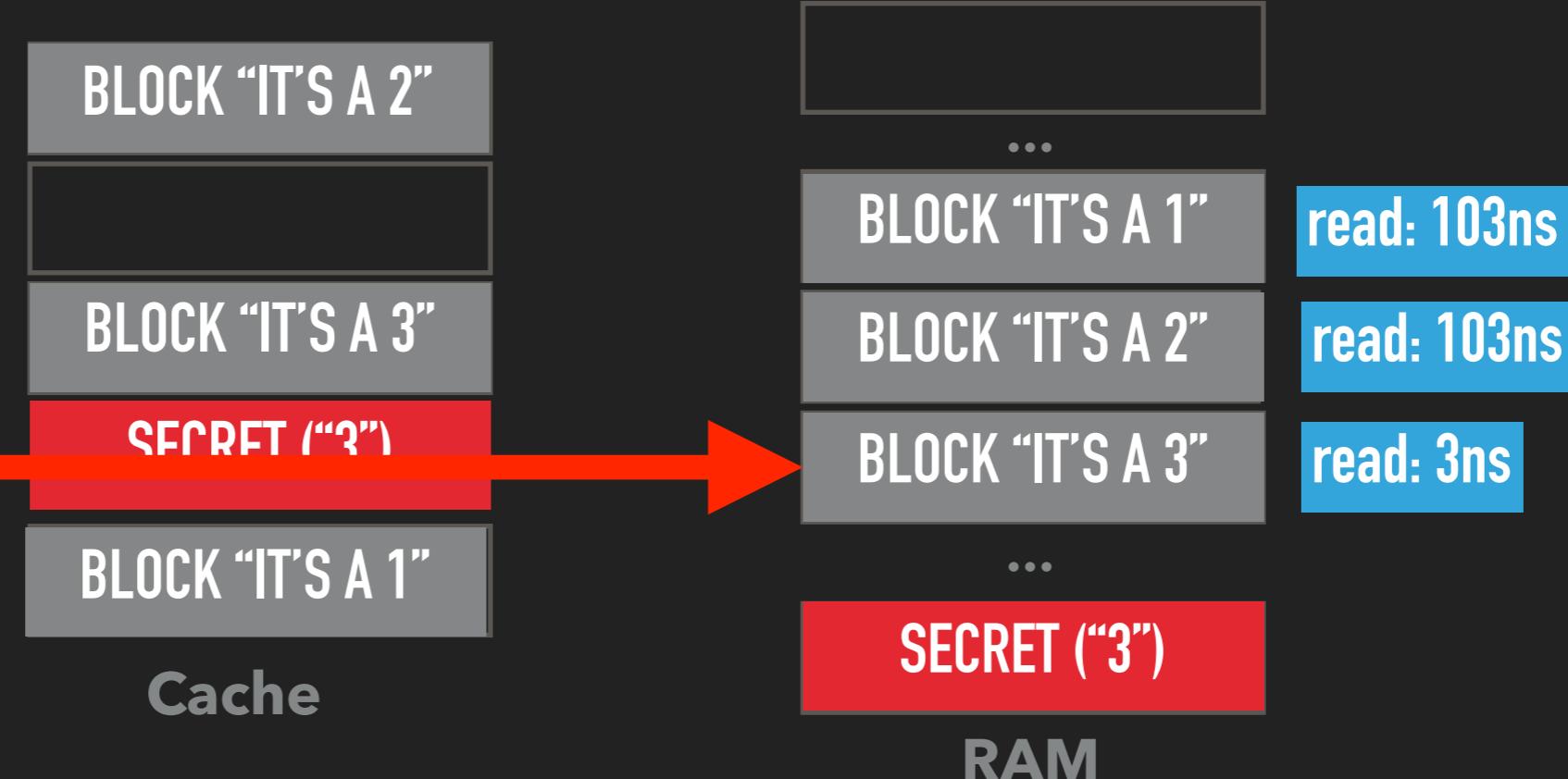
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



Spy



Collector



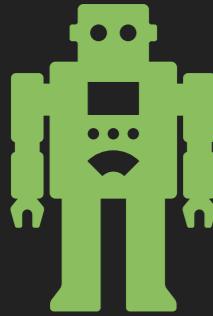
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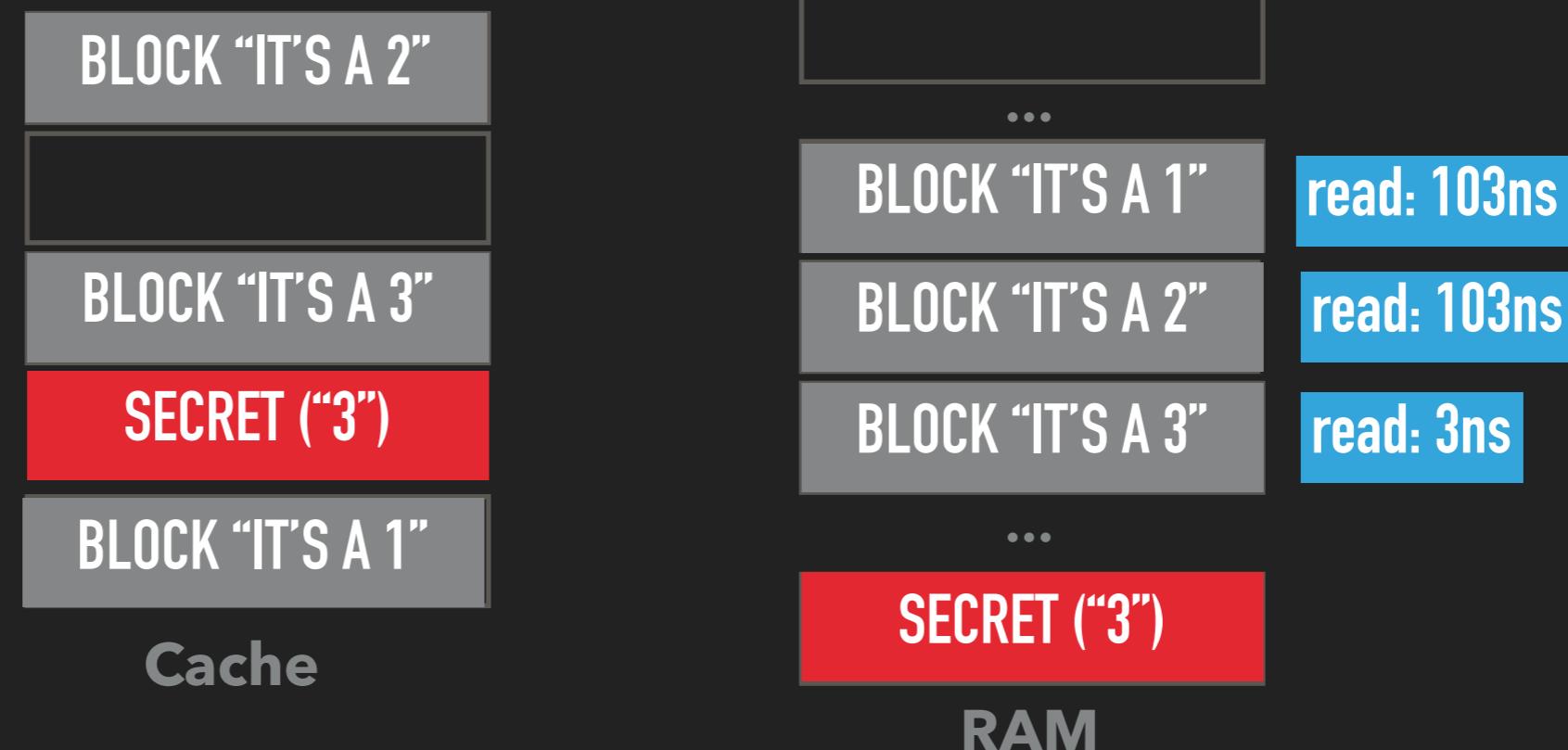
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



Spy



Collector



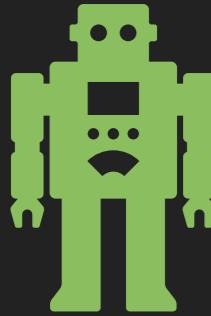
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 1. Block "It's a 3" will be the block read the fastest



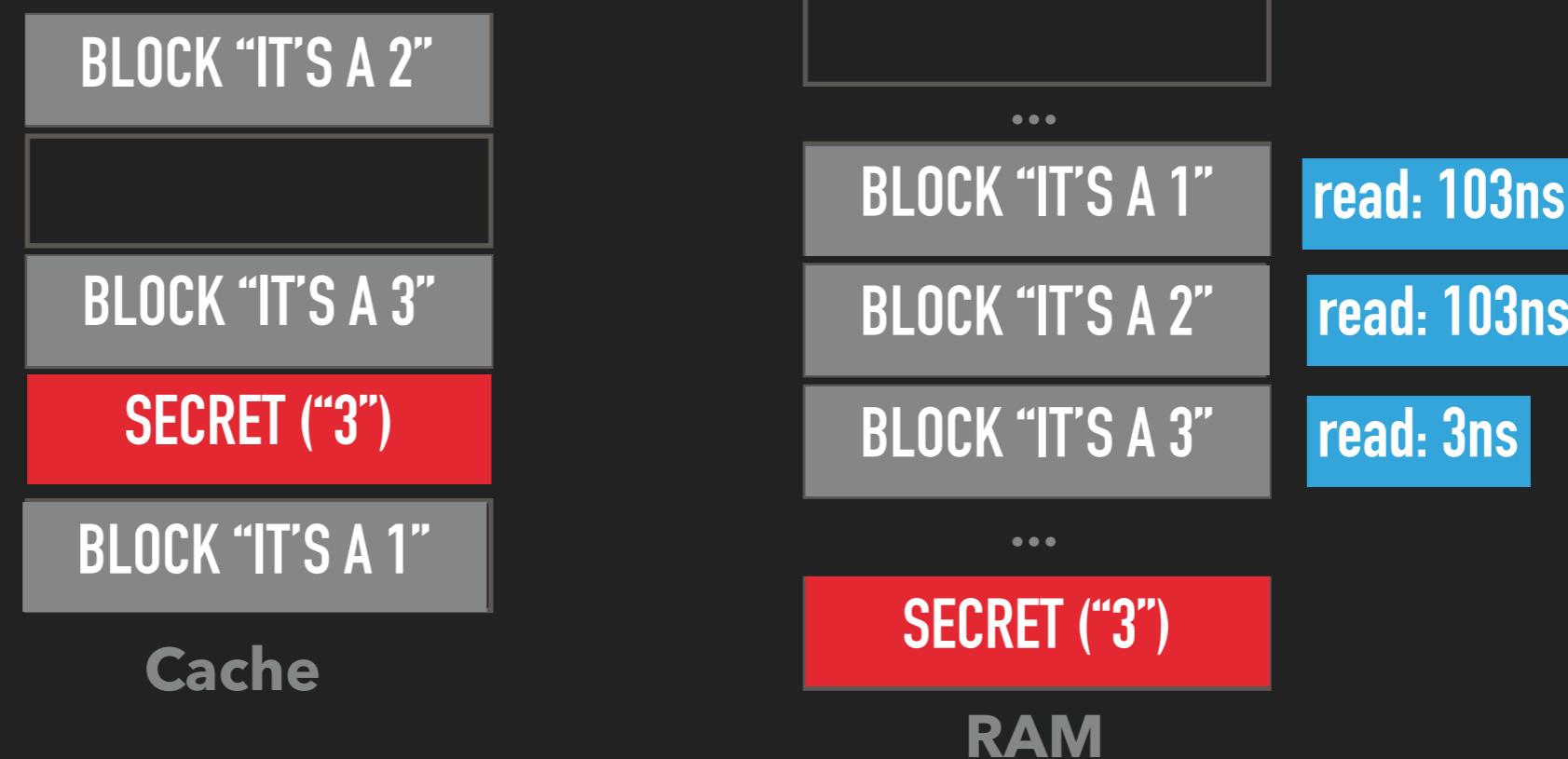
MELTDOWN: THE ATTACK



Spy



Collector



1. Spy will read the secret
2. Depending on the value, Spy will cache a grey block
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MELTDOWN

Meltdown exploits two properties of modern CPUs

- ▶ Out of order *speculative* execution of OPs and μ OPs
- ▶ Timing side channels for *speculatively executed* OPs

This allows an attacker to

- ▶ Read all memory mapped¹ in a process
- ▶ This often includes all other processes memory
- ▶ This does NOT allow reading “outside of a VM”

¹ Virtual vs. physical memory is a subject for another time



Q & A



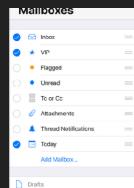
https://github.com/neuhalje/presentation_meltdown_spectre



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[HTTPS://SPECTREATTACK.COM/](https://spectreattack.com/)



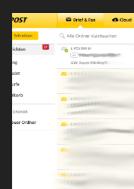
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SCREENSHOT E-POST
[HTTPS://PORTAL.E-POST.DE](https://portal.e-post.de)

ASSETS