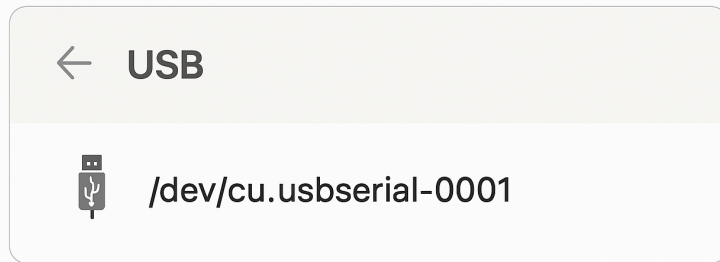


Installing Pure MicroPython on the M5Stack Core2 - Step-by-Step Guide

This guide explains how to erase the flash memory and install the official MicroPython firmware on the M5Stack Core2, using a Mac and the `esptool.py` utility.

Step 2 - Identify the Serial Port



Step 3 - Erase the Flash Memory / Step 5 - Flash the Firmware

This guide explains how to erase the flash memory and install the official MicroPython firmware on the M5Stack Core2, using a Mac and the `esptool.py` utility. This is intended for users who want to work directly with Python via Thonny IDE.

Requirements

- M5Stack Core2 device
- USB-C cable
- A Mac computer with Python 3 installed
- Internet connection

Step 1: Install `esptool.py`

Open Terminal and run:

```
pip install esptool
```

This will install the tool used to erase the flash and upload new firmware.

Step 2: Identify the Serial Port

Connect your M5Stack Core2 via USB-C. Then run:

```
ls /dev/tty.*
```

Look for a port name like:

`/dev/tty.usbserial-XXXXXX`

Make a note of it.

Step 3: Erase the Flash Memory

Use ``esptool.py`` to erase the flash:

```
esptool.py --chip esp32 --port /dev/tty.usbserial-XXXXXX erase_flash
```

(Replace ``/dev/tty.usbserial-XXXXXX`` with your actual port.)

Wait until it says ``Chip erase completed successfully``.

Step 4: Download MicroPython Firmware

Visit the official website:

<https://micropython.org/download/esp32/>

Download a recent firmware, e.g.:

`esp32-20230426-v1.20.0.bin`

Place the file in your Downloads folder.

Step 5: Flash the Firmware

Still in Terminal, run:

```
esptool.py --chip esp32 --port /dev/tty.usbserial-XXXXXX --baud 460800 write_flash -z 0x1000  
~/Downloads/esp32-20230426-v1.20.0.bin
```

This will install MicroPython on your Core2.

Step 6: Test with Thonny

1. Open **Thonny**.
2. Go to `Tools > Options > Interpreter``.
3. Choose:
 - Interpreter: `*MicroPython (ESP32)*`
 - Port: `*Your USB serial port (e.g. /dev/tty.usbserial-XXXXXX)*`
4. Click OK.

You should now see a `>>>` prompt.

Try typing:

```
print("Hello from M5Core2!")
```

You're done!

You now have a clean MicroPython environment on your M5Stack Core2.

From here, you can start programming the screen, LEDs, servos and more using pure Python!