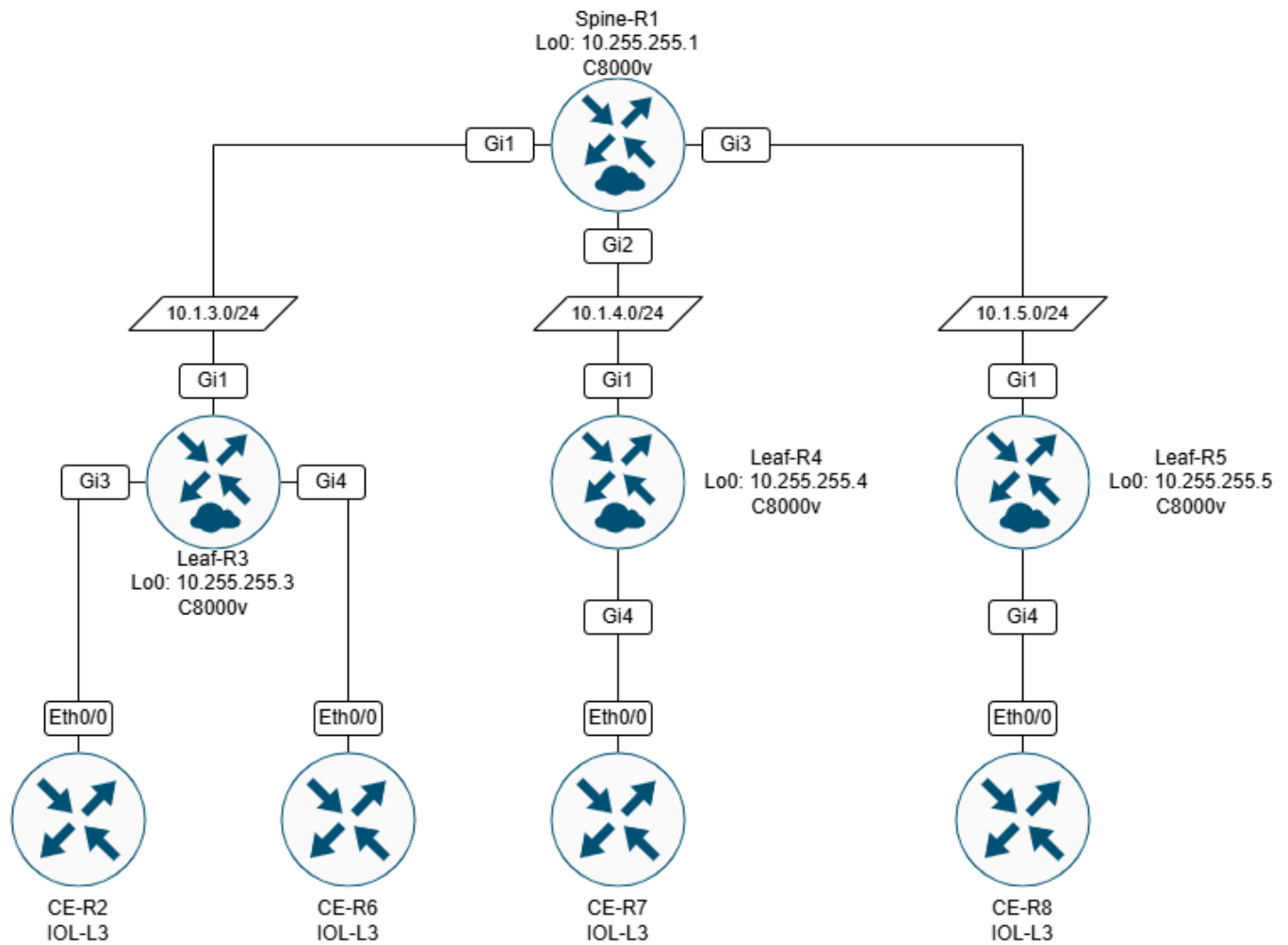


Cisco IOS-XE VxLAN L2VNI EVPN



Использованные образы:

- i86bi_LinuxL3-AdvEnterpriseK9-M2_157_3_May_2018.bin
- c8000v-17-13-01a

1. Summary:

В данной лабораторной работе необходимо организовать L2-связность между CE-маршрутизаторами. Для этого необходимо организовать VxLAN L2VNI при помощи EVPN.

1. Solution config:

Исходим из того, что стартовая конфигурация (адресация, IGP, PIM) уже применена.

В данной лабораторной R1 – это транзитный маршрутизатор, R3, R4 и R5 – это VTEP'ы.

В предыдущей лабораторной (VxLAN L2VNI Flood and Learn) MAC-адреса изучались на уровне data plane как при CE-VTEP-взаимодействии, так и при VTEP-VTEP-взаимодействии. Грубо говоря, о том, что на R3 появился какой-то MAC-адрес остальные VTEP'ы узнавали только после фактического получения какого-либо VxLAN-пакета с Ethernet-кадром, в котором, в свою очередь, в SRC_ADDR был указан этот MAC-адрес.

На этот раз мы будем использовать EVPN в качестве механизма передачи информации об изученных на VTEP'е MAC-адресах. В чем разница? Разница в том, что в этом случае VTEP посредством EVPN просигнализирует другим VTEP об изученном MAC-адресе, без необходимости отправки кадра к ним.

EVPN – Ethernet VPN – это относительно новая технология, устраняющая недостатки традиционных VPLS (невозможность полноценного мультихоминга, изучение адресов только на уровне data plane и т.п.). Как было сказано выше, EVPN позволяет просигнализировать другим VTEP изученные MAC-адреса (и не только). Сигнализация происходит при помощи BGP, AFI: L2VPN (25), SAFI: EVPN (70).

Итак, для настройки сервисов нам необходимо будет выполнить следующие шаги:

- настроить CE-маршрутизаторы
- настроить NVE-интерфейс
- настроить BGP-связность между VTEP'ами
- настроить L2-сервисы на VTEP'ах, а именно:
 - EFP (Ethernet Flow Point)
 - Bridge-domain
 - EVI (EVPN Instance)
 - VNI (VxLAN Network Identifier)

Начнем с настройки CE: для сервиса будем использовать влан 1001.

CE-R2	CE-R6
! interface Ethernet0/0.1001 encapsulation dot1Q 1001 ip address 10.10.1.2 255.255.255.0 !	! interface Ethernet0/0.1001 encapsulation dot1Q 1001 ip address 10.10.1.6 255.255.255.0 !
CE-R7	CE-R8
! interface Ethernet0/0.1001 encapsulation dot1Q 1001 ip address 10.10.1.7 255.255.255.0 !	! interface Ethernet0/0.1001 encapsulation dot1Q 1001 ip address 10.10.1.8 255.255.255.0 !

Теперь создадим NVE-интерфейс на каждом VTEP:

R3, R4, R5:

```
interface nve1
 source-interface Loopback0
!
```

Теперь давайте создадим 2 EFP для Leaf-R3 и добавим их в bridge-domain:

```
!
interface GigabitEthernet3
 service instance 1001 ethernet
   encapsulation dot1q 1001
   rewrite ingress tag pop 1 symmetric
```

```

!
!
interface GigabitEthernet4
service instance 1001 ethernet
 encapsulation dot1q 1001
 rewrite ingress tag pop 1 symmetric
!
!
bridge-domain 1001
 member GigabitEthernet3 service-instance 1001
 member GigabitEthernet4 service-instance 1001
!

```

И проверим связность:

```

CE-R2#ping 10.10.1.6
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.10.1.6, timeout is 2 seconds:
.!!!!
Success rate is 80 percent (4/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/1 ms
CE-R2#

```

Для обеспечения юникастовой связности настроим на R2 и R6 BGP (никакой маршрутной информации там передаваться не будет – только KEEPALIVE-сообщения):

CE-R2	CE-R6
<pre> ! router bgp 65001 bgp log-neighbor-changes neighbor 10.10.1.6 remote-as 65001 ! </pre>	<pre> ! router bgp 65001 bgp log-neighbor-changes neighbor 10.10.1.2 remote-as 65001 ! </pre>

Оставим пока в покое CE-устройства и настроим BGP-связность в L2VPN EVPN.

В рамках данной лабораторной работы мы будем использовать R1 в качестве route-reflector, а Leaf'ы в свою очередь будут подключаться к нему как rr-клиенты.

Spine-R1	Leaf-R3 / R4 / R5
<pre> ! router bgp 65000 bgp log-neighbor-changes no bgp default ipv4-unicast neighbor RRC peer-group neighbor RRC remote-as 65000 neighbor RRC update-source Loopback0 neighbor 10.255.255.3 peer-group RRC neighbor 10.255.255.4 peer-group RRC neighbor 10.255.255.5 peer-group RRC ! address-family ipv4 exit-address-family ! address-family l2vpn evpn neighbor RRC send-community both neighbor RRC route-reflector-client neighbor 10.255.255.3 activate neighbor 10.255.255.4 activate neighbor 10.255.255.5 activate exit-address-family ! </pre>	<pre> ! router bgp 65000 bgp log-neighbor-changes no bgp default ipv4-unicast neighbor 10.255.255.1 remote-as 65000 neighbor 10.255.255.1 update-source Loopback0 ! address-family ipv4 exit-address-family ! address-family l2vpn evpn neighbor 10.255.255.1 activate neighbor 10.255.255.1 send-community both exit-address-family ! </pre>

Проверяем:

```

Spine-R1#show bgp l2vpn evpn summary
BGP router identifier 10.255.255.1, local AS number 65000
BGP table version is 1, main routing table version 1

```

Neighbor	V	AS	MsgRcvd	MsgSent	TblVer	InQ	OutQ	Up/Down	State/PfxRcd
10.255.255.3	4	65000	2	2	1	0	0	00:00:11	0
10.255.255.4	4	65000	5	5	1	0	0	00:00:57	0

```
10.255.255.5    4      65000    2      2      1      0      0 00:00:32      0
Spine-R1#
```

```
Leaf-R3#show bgp l2vpn evpn summary
BGP router identifier 10.255.255.3, local AS number 65000
BGP table version is 1, main routing table version 1
```

```
Neighbor      V      AS MsgRcvd MsgSent  TblVer  InQ OutQ Up/Down  State/PfxRcd
10.255.255.1   4      65000    2      2        1    0    0 00:00:39      0
Leaf-R3#show bgp l2vpn evpn
Leaf-R3#
```

BGP-сессии поднялись, в таблицах, как видно, пока пусто.

Теперь перейдем к настройкам EVPN на R3. Сначала глобальные настройки:

```
Leaf-R3(config)#l2vpn evpn
Leaf-R3(config-evpn)#?
L2VPN EVPN global configuration commands:
 default          Set a command to its defaults
 default-gateway  Default Gateway parameters
 exit             Exit from L2VPN evpn global configuration mode
 flooding-suppression Suppress flooding of broadcast, multicast, and/or
                  unknown unicast packets
 ip              IP parameters
 logging         Configure logging flags
 mac            MAC parameters
 mpls           MPLS parameters
 multihoming     Multihoming parameters
 no              Negate a command or set its defaults
 replication-type Specify method for replicating BUM traffic
 route-target    Route Target VPN Extended Communities
 router-id       EVPN router ID

Leaf-R3(config-evpn)#
```

На данный момент нас здесь будут интересовать только следующие параметры:

1. router-id – здесь мы в явном виде укажем на основании адресации какого интерфейса будет создаваться route-distinguisher для наших EVI.
2. replication-type – здесь мы выберем метод отправки BUM-трафика. Нам доступны два варианта:
 - a. ingress – речь про ingress replication, т.е. отправку юникастом BUM-трафика в сторону каждого прописанного руками пира;
 - b. static – неочевидно, но здесь идет речь про отправку BUM-трафика через multicast-группы.

В явном виде укажем, что RD для всех EVI будет генерироваться на основании Loopback0, а BUM-трафик пойдет через мультикаст.

```
!
l2vpn evpn
 replication-type static
 router-id Loopback0
!
```

Теперь создадим EVI:

```
Leaf-R3(config)#l2vpn evpn instance 1001 vlan-based
Leaf-R3(config-evpn-evi)#encapsulation vxlan
Leaf-R3(config-evpn-evi)#ip local-learning disable
```

Что мы здесь сделали? Мы создали EVI под номером 1001 типа vlan-based (грубо говоря: один влан – один EVI – одна бридж-таблица, см. [RFC7432#6.1](#) для подробностей). Мы указали, что инкапсулироваться пакеты должны в VxLAN и в явном виде запретили изучение IP-адресов.

Посмотрим, что сейчас видно в EVI и включим debug исходящих update'ов.:

```

Leaf-R3#show l2vpn evpn evi 1001 detail
EVPN instance:      1001 (VLAN Based)
RD:                 10.255.255.3:1001 (auto)
Import-RTs:         65000:1001
Export-RTs:         65000:1001
Per-EVI Label:      none
State:              Established
Replication Type:    Static (global)
Encapsulation:       vxlan
IP Local Learn:      Disabled
Adv. Def. Gateway:   Disabled (global)
Re-originate RT5:    Disabled
AR Flood Suppress:   Enabled (global)

Leaf-R3#show bgp l2vpn evpn
Leaf-R3#
Leaf-R3#debug bgp l2vpn evpn updates out
BGP updates debugging is on (outbound) for address family: L2VPN E-VPN

```

Теперь посмотрим, что есть в бридже и добавим туда EVI:

```

Leaf-R3#show bridge-domain 1001
Bridge-domain 1001 (2 ports in all)
State: UP                               Mac learning: Enabled
Aging-Timer: 300 second(s)
Unknown Unicast Flooding Suppression: Disabled
Maximum address limit: 65536
    GigabitEthernet3 service instance 1001
    GigabitEthernet4 service instance 1001
AED MAC address    Policy Tag      Age  Pseudoport
-----
 0  AABB.CC00.6000 forward dynamic  297  GigabitEthernet4.EFP1001
 0  AABB.CC00.2000 forward dynamic  298  GigabitEthernet3.EFP1001

Leaf-R3#
Leaf-R3#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
Leaf-R3(config)#bridge-domain 1001
Leaf-R3(config-bd)#member evpn-instance 1001 vni 10001
Leaf-R3(config-bd)#end
Leaf-R3#
*May 23 2025 19:41:51.435 MSK: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Leaf-R3#show bridge-domain 1001
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.793 MSK: BGP: EVPN Rcvd pfx: [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20,
net flags: 0
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.793 MSK: TRM communities not added to sourced RT2
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.793 MSK: BGP(10): update modified for
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/23
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.794 MSK: BGP(10): 10.255.255.1 Path-gateway-IPv4: IPv4 NEXT_HOP set to vxlan local
vtep-ip UNKNOWN for local net [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20, nh_size: 4
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.794 MSK: BGP(10): update modified for
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/23
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.794 MSK: BGP(10): (base) 10.255.255.1 send UPDATE (format)
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/23, next 0.0.0.0, metric 0, path Local, extended
community RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.997 MSK: BGP: EVPN Rcvd pfx: [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20,
net flags: 0
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.997 MSK: TRM communities not added to sourced RT2
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.997 MSK: BGP(10): update modified for
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/23
Leaf-R3#conf t
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.997 MSK: BGP(10): 10.255.255.1 Path-gateway-IPv4: IPv4 NEXT_HOP set to vxlan local
vtep-ip UNKNOWN for local net [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20, nh_size: 4
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.997 MSK: BGP(10): update modified for
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/23
*May 23 2025 19:42:03.997 MSK: BGP(10): (base) 10.255.255.1 send UPDATE (format)
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/23, next 0.0.0.0, metric 0, path Local, extended
community RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8
Leaf-R3#

```

В дебаге мы видим, что в сторону R1 (RR) отправляется Update с двумя маршрутами типа 2, содержащих в себе RD (10.255.255.3:1001), RT (65000:1001), изученные MAC-адреса (по одному на каждый маршрут) и тип инкапсуляции (8 - VXLAN).

На скрине ниже содержимое этого пакета:

990	2025-05-22 22:04:44,653180	10.255.255.3	10.255.255.1	BGP	164 UPDATE Message
992	2025-05-22 22:04:44,854704	10.255.255.3	10.255.255.1	BGP	164 UPDATE Message

> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 179, Dst Port: 14689, Seq: 822, Ack: 855, Len: 110

✓ Border Gateway Protocol - UPDATE Message

Marker: ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff

Length: 110

Type: UPDATE Message (2)

Withdrawn Routes Length: 0

Total Path Attribute Length: 87

✓ Path attributes

✓ Path Attribute - MP_REACH_NLRI

> Flags: 0x80, Optional, Non-transitive, Complete

Type Code: MP_REACH_NLRI (14)

Length: 44

Address family identifier (AFI): Layer-2 VPN (25)

Subsequent address family identifier (SAFI): EVPN (70)

> Next hop: 0.0.0.0

Number of Subnetwork points of attachment (SNPA): 0

✓ Network Layer Reachability Information (NLRI)

✓ EVPN NLRI: MAC Advertisement Route

Route Type: MAC Advertisement Route (2)

Length: 33

Route Distinguisher: 00010affff0303e9 (10.255.255.3:1001)

> ESI: 00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00

Ethernet Tag ID: 0

MAC Address Length: 48

MAC Address: aa:bb:cc:00:20:00

IP Address Length: 0

> IP Address: NOT INCLUDED

VNI: 10001

> Path Attribute - ORIGIN: INCOMPLETE

> Path Attribute - AS_PATH: empty

> Path Attribute - MULTI_EXIT_DISC: 0

> Path Attribute - LOCAL_PREF: 100

✓ Path Attribute - EXTENDED_COMMUNITIES

> Flags: 0xc0, Optional, Transitive, Complete

Type Code: EXTENDED_COMMUNITIES (16)

Length: 16

✓ Carried extended communities: (2 communities)

✓ Route Target: 65000:1001 [Transitive 2-Octet AS-Specific]

> Type: Transitive 2-Octet AS-Specific (0x00)

Subtype (AS2): Route Target (0x02)

2-Octet AS: 65000

> Local Administrator: 0x00, Type: VID (802.1Q VLAN ID)

Service Id: 1001

✓ Encapsulation: VXLAN Encapsulation [Transitive Opaque]

> Type: Transitive Opaque (0x03)

Subtype (Opaque): Encapsulation (0x0c)

Tunnel type: VXLAN Encapsulation (8)

При этом на R1 мы увидим такое:

```
Spine-R1#
*May 22 2025 22:04:44.636 MSK: %BGP-6-NEXTHOP: Invalid next hop (0.0.0.0) received from 10.255.255.3:
martian next hop
Spine-R1#show bgp l2vpn evpn
Spine-R1#
```

Т.е. R1 из-за некорректного nexthop отбрасывает получаемые от R3 маршруты.
Чтобы разобраться в чем дело, вернемся на R3 и посмотрим внимательно на маршрутную информацию:

```
Leaf-R3#undebg all
All possible debugging has been turned off
Leaf-R3#
Leaf-R3#show bgp l2vpn evpn
BGP table version is 7, local router ID is 10.255.255.3
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
```

r RIB-failure, S Stale, m multipath, b backup-path, f RT-Filter,
 x best-external, a additional-path, c RIB-compressed,
 t secondary path, L long-lived-stale,
 Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
 RPKI validation codes: V valid, I invalid, N Not found

```

Network          Next Hop          Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.3:1001
*> [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20
      ::                               32768 ?
*> [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20
      ::                               32768 ?
  
```

Leaf-R3#show bgp l2vpn evpn detail

```

Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.3:1001
BGP routing table entry for [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20, version 7
  Paths: (1 available, best #1, table evi_1001)
  Advertised to update-groups:
    1
  Refresh Epoch 1
  Local
    :: (via default) from 0.0.0.0 (10.255.255.3)
      Origin incomplete, localpref 100, weight 32768, valid, sourced, local, best
      EVPN ESI: 00000000000000000000, Label1 10001
      Extended Community: RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8
      Local irb vxlan vtep:(inaccessible)
      rx pathid: 0, tx pathid: 0x0
      Updated on May 23 2025 19:42:03 MSK
BGP routing table entry for [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20, version 6
  Paths: (1 available, best #1, table evi_1001)
  Advertised to update-groups:
    1
  Refresh Epoch 1
  Local
    :: (via default) from 0.0.0.0 (10.255.255.3)
      Origin incomplete, localpref 100, weight 32768, valid, sourced, local, best
      EVPN ESI: 00000000000000000000, Label1 10001
      Extended Community: RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8
      Local irb vxlan vtep:(inaccessible)
      rx pathid: 0, tx pathid: 0x0
      Updated on May 23 2025 19:42:03 MSK
Leaf-R3#
  
```

Желтым выделена проблема: у нас не настроен VNI. Собственно, именно это мы сейчас и сделаем:

```

Leaf-R3#debug bgp l2vpn evpn updates out
BGP updates debugging is on (outbound) for address family: L2VPN E-VPN
Leaf-R3#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Leaf-R3(config)#interface nve1
Leaf-R3(config-if)#host-reachability protocol bgp
Leaf-R3(config-if)#member vni 10001 mcast-group 239.1.0.1
Leaf-R3(config-if)#
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.540 MSK: TRM communities not added to sourced RT2
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.540 MSK: BGP(10): prefix [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20
replacing esi starting 00 with 00 old vni label 002711 with new 002711 old vpn label 000000 with new
000000
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.540 MSK: TRM communities not added to sourced RT2
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.540 MSK: BGP(10): prefix [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20
replacing esi starting 00 with 00 old vni label 002711 with new 002711 old vpn label 000000 with new
000000
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.541 MSK: BGP(10): update modified for
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/23
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.541 MSK: BGP(10): 10.255.255.1 Path-gateway-IPv4: IPv4 NEXT_HOP set to vxlan local
vtep-ip 10.255.255.3 for local net [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20, nh_size: 4
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.541 MSK: BGP(10): update modified for
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/23
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.541 MSK: BGP(10): (base) 10.255.255.1 send UPDATE (format)
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/23, next 10.255.255.3, metric 0, path Local, extended
community RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.541 MSK: BGP(10): update modified for
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/23
  
```



```

*May 23 2025 19:56:05.541 MSK: BGP(10): 10.255.255.1 Path-gateway-IPv4: IPv4 NEXT_HOP set to vxlan local
vtep-ip 10.255.255.3 for local net [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20, nh_size: 4
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.541 MSK: BGP(10): update modified for
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/23
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.543 MSK: BGP(10): 10.255.255.1 rcv UPDATE w/ attr: nexthop 10.255.255.3, origin ?,
localpref 100, metric 0, originator 10.255.255.3, clusterlist 10.255.255.1, merged path , AS_PATH ,
community , large community , extended community RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8, SSA attribute
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.543 MSK: BGPSSA ssacount is 0, Tunnel attribute
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.543 MSK: Tunnel encap type: 0, encap size: 0, Link-state attribute: {}, PrefixSid
attribute:
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.543 MSK: BGP(10): 10.255.255.1 rcv UPDATE about
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/23 -- DENIED due to: ORIGINATOR is us; MP_REACH NEXTHOP
is our own address;
*May 23 2025 19:56:05.543 MSK: BGP(10): 10.255.255.1 rcv UPDATE about
[2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/23 -- DENIED due to: ORIGINATOR is us; MP_REACH NEXTHOP
is our own address;
*May 23 2025 19:56:06.977 MSK: %PIM-5-DRCHG: DR change from neighbor 0.0.0.0 to 10.255.255.3 on interface
Tunnel0
Leaf-R3(config-if)#end
*May 23 2025 19:56:56.221 MSK: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Leaf-R3#undebg all
All possible debugging has been turned off
Leaf-R3#

```

Итак, что мы сделали и что получилось в итоге?

Сначала мы применили host-reachability protocol bgp в настройках интерфейса nve1 – данная команда «включает» EVPN для VxLAN-туннелей, работающих через этот интерфейс. И, разумеется, создали VNI 10001, с подпиской на группу 239.1.0.1.

В дебаге видно, что в качестве nexthop'а для сгенерированных маршрутов 2 типа был выставлен vtep-ip локального VTEP, т.е. 10.255.255.3. В таком виде они были отданы на RR.

Теперь посмотрим, что у нас видно в EVPN и VNI:

```

Leaf-R3#show l2vpn evpn evi 1001 detail
EVPN instance:      1001 (VLAN Based)
RD:                 10.255.255.3:1001 (auto)
Import-RTs:         65000:1001
Export-RTs:         65000:1001
Per-EVI Label:      none
State:              Established
Replication Type:    Static (global)
Encapsulation:       vxlan
IP Local Learn:      Disabled
Adv. Def. Gateway:   Disabled (global)
Re-originate RT5:    Disabled
AR Flood Suppress:   Enabled (global)
Bridge Domain:       1001
  Ethernet-Tag:      0
  State:             Established
  Flood Suppress:    Detached
  Core If:
  Access If:
  NVE If:            nve1
  RMAC:              0000.0000.0000
  Core BD:           0
  L2 VNI:            10001
  L3 VNI:            0
  VTEP IP:           10.255.255.3
  MCAST IP:          239.1.0.1
Pseudoports:
  GigabitEthernet3 service instance 1001
    Routes: 1 MAC, 0 MAC/IP
  GigabitEthernet4 service instance 1001
    Routes: 1 MAC, 0 MAC/IP

Leaf-R3#show nve vni 10001
Interface VNI      Multicast-group VNI state  Mode  BD   cfg vrf
nve1      10001      239.1.0.1      Up        L2CP  1001 CLI N/A

```

Здесь мы видим что, evi 1001 привязан к BD 1001, к NVE-интерфейсу nve1, номер и тип VNI, адрес VTEP и мультикастовую группу. Также в выводе информации о VNI стоит обратить внимание на столбец Mode – значение в нем L2CP означает то, что это L2VNI и изучение адресной информации (читай MAC-адресов) происходит на CP (читай EVPN).

Теперь посмотрим, что у нас в BGP на R3 и R1:

```
Leaf-R3#show bgp l2vpn evpn AABBC002000
BGP routing table entry for [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC002000][0][*]/20, version 18
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table evi_1001)
  Advertised to update-groups:
    1
  Refresh Epoch 1
  Local
    0.0.0.0 (via default) from 0.0.0.0 (10.255.255.3)
    Origin incomplete, localpref 100, weight 32768, valid, sourced, local, best
    EVPN ESI: 00000000000000000000, Label1 10001
    Extended Community: RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8
    Local irb vxlan vtep:
      vrf: not found, l3-vni: 0
      local router mac: 0000.0000.0000
      core-irb interface: (not found)
      vtep-ip: 10.255.255.3
    rx pathid: 0, tx pathid: 0x0
    Updated on May 23 2025 19:59:53 MSK
Leaf-R3#
```

```
Spine-R1#show bgp l2vpn evpn | b Network
Network          Next Hop          Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.3:1001
*>i  [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC002000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0          100          0 ?
*>i  [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC006000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0          100          0 ?
Spine-R1#show bgp l2vpn evpn AABBC002000
BGP routing table entry for [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC002000][0][*]/20, version 10
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table EVPN-BGP-Table)
  Advertised to update-groups:
    1
  Refresh Epoch 1
  Local, (Received from a RR-client)
    10.255.255.3 (metric 10) (via default) from 10.255.255.3 (10.255.255.3)
    Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, internal, best
    EVPN ESI: 00000000000000000000, Label1 10001
    Extended Community: RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8
    rx pathid: 0, tx pathid: 0x0
    Updated on May 23 2025 19:59:53 MSK
Spine-R1#
```

Здесь мы видим, что информация о VTEP'е (выделено желтым) в общем-то является локальными данными, из которых, впрочем, как мы видели в дебаге, подставляются во время UPDATE'а значения (IP-адрес VTEP в качестве next-hop'a).

В поле Label1 вместо номера MPLS-метки передается (ожидаемо) номер VNI.

Теперь идем на R4 и R5, снова настраивать EVI (конфиг для обоих роутеров будет одинаковый):

```
l2vpn evpn
 replication-type static
 router-id Loopback0
!
l2vpn evpn instance 1001 vlan-based
 encapsulation vxlan
 ip local-learning disable
!
```

Сначала идем на R4. Но для начала посмотрим, видно ли что-нибудь сейчас в BGP:

```
Leaf-R4#show bgp l2vpn evpn
Leaf-R4#
```

```

Leaf-R4#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Leaf-R4(config)#l2vpn evpn
Leaf-R4(config-evpn)# replication-type static
Leaf-R4(config-evpn)# router-id Loopback0
Leaf-R4(config-evpn)#!
Leaf-R4(config-evpn)#l2vpn evpn instance 1001 vlan-based
Leaf-R4(config-evpn-evi)# encapsulation vxlan
Leaf-R4(config-evpn-evi)# ip local-learning disable
Leaf-R4(config-evpn-evi)#!
Leaf-R4(config-evpn-evi)#end
Leaf-R4#

```

И посмотрим, изменилось ли что-нибудь:

```

Leaf-R4#show bgp l2vpn evpn | b Network
Network          Next Hop          Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.3:1001
*>i  [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0          100          0 ?
*>i  [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0          100          0 ?
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.4:1001
*>i  [2][10.255.255.4:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0          100          0 ?
*>i  [2][10.255.255.4:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0          100          0 ?
Leaf-R4#

```

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
13	2025-05-23 20:37:22,610914	10.255.255.4	10.255.255.1	BGP	77	ROUTE-REFRESH Message
14	2025-05-23 20:37:22,611644	10.255.255.1	10.255.255.4	BGP	77	ROUTE-REFRESH Message
15	2025-05-23 20:37:22,611862	10.255.255.1	10.255.255.4	BGP	236	UPDATE Message, ROUTE-R
37	2025-05-23 20:38:16,686515	10.255.255.1	10.255.255.4	BGP	73	KEEPALIVE Message
40	2025-05-23 20:38:19,094047	10.255.255.4	10.255.255.1	BGP	73	KEEPALIVE Message

```

> Frame 15: 236 bytes on wire (1888 bits), 236 bytes captured (1888 bits) on interface -, id 0
> Ethernet II, Src: 50:00:00:01:00:01, Dst: 50:00:00:04:00:00
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.255.255.1, Dst: 10.255.255.4
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 38227, Dst Port: 179, Seq: 43, Ack: 43, Len: 182
▼ Border Gateway Protocol - UPDATE Message
  Marker: ffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff
  Length: 159
  Type: UPDATE Message (2)
  Withdrawn Routes Length: 0
  Total Path Attribute Length: 136
▼ Path attributes
  ▼ Path Attribute - MP_REACH_NLRI
    > Flags: 0x00, Optional, Non-transitive, Complete
    Type Code: MP_REACH_NLRI (14)
    Length: 79
    Address family identifier (AFI): Layer-2 VPN (25)
    Subsequent address family identifier (SAFI): EVPN (70)
    > Next hop: 10.255.255.3
    Number of Subnetwork points of attachment (SNPA): 0
  ▼ Network Layer Reachability Information (NLRI)
    ▼ EVPN NLRI: MAC Advertisement Route
      Route Type: MAC Advertisement Route (2)
      Length: 33
      Route Distinguisher: 00010affff0303e9 (10.255.255.3:1001)
      > ESI: 00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00
      Ethernet Tag ID: 0
      MAC Address Length: 48
      MAC Address: aa:bb:cc:00:20:00
      IP Address Length: 0
      > IP Address: NOT INCLUDED
      VNI: 10001
    > EVPN NLRI: MAC Advertisement Route
    > Path Attribute - ORIGIN: INCOMPLETE
    > Path Attribute - AS_PATH: empty
    > Path Attribute - MULTI_EXIT_DISC: 0
    > Path Attribute - LOCAL_PREF: 100
  ▼ Path Attribute - EXTENDED_COMMUNITIES
    > Flags: 0xc0, Optional, Transitive, Complete
    Type Code: EXTENDED_COMMUNITIES (16)
    Length: 16
    ▼ Carried extended communities: (2 communities)
      > Route Target: 65000:1001 [Transitive 2-Octet AS-Specific]
      > Encapsulation: VXLAN Encapsulation [Transitive Opaque]
    > Path Attribute - CLUSTER_LIST: 10.255.255.1
    > Path Attribute - ORIGINATOR_ID: 10.255.255.3
> Border Gateway Protocol - ROUTE-REFRESH Message

```

Что мы здесь видим? А видим мы здесь то, что как только мы создали EVI 1001, R4 отправил запрос ROUTE-REFRESH в сторону рефлектора и, в итоге, получил UPDATE с маршрутной информацией (см. скрин). Важно отметить, что сейчас мы даже не успели создать BD и, тем более, привязать к нему EVI. Сейчас в таблице BGP EVPN находится 4 маршрута: 2 с RD 10.255.255.3:1001 (полученные от RR) и 2 этих же маршрута, но уже «импортированные» в таблицу evi_1001 с соответствующим RD. Если посмотреть на EVI, то можно будет увидеть почему эти маршруты были импортированы в этот MAC-VRF: у нас совпадают значения Import-RT на R4 со значением Export-RT на R3.

Leaf-R4	Leaf-R3
<pre> Leaf-R4#show l2vpn evpn evi 1001 detail EVPN instance: 1001 (VLAN Based) RD: 10.255.255.4:1001 (auto) Import-RTs: 65000:1001 Export-RTs: 65000:1001 Per-EVI Label: none State: Established Replication Type: Static (global) Encapsulation: vxlan IP Local Learn: Disabled Adv. Def. Gateway: Disabled (global) Re-originate RT5: Disabled AR Flood Suppress: Enabled (global) </pre>	<pre> Leaf-R3#show l2vpn evpn evi 1001 detail EVPN instance: 1001 (VLAN Based) RD: 10.255.255.3:1001 (auto) Import-RTs: 65000:1001 Export-RTs: 65000:1001 Per-EVI Label: none State: Established Replication Type: Static (global) Encapsulation: vxlan IP Local Learn: Disabled Adv. Def. Gateway: Disabled (global) Re-originate RT5: Disabled AR Flood Suppress: Enabled (global) Bridge Domain: 1001 Ethernet-Tag: 0 State: Established Flood Suppress: Detached Core If: Access If: NVE If: nve1 RMAC: 0000.0000.0000 Core BD: 0 L2 VNI: 10001 L3 VNI: 0 VTEP IP: 10.255.255.3 MCAST IP: 239.1.0.1 Pseudoports: GigabitEthernet3 service instance 1001 Routes: 1 MAC, 0 MAC/IP GigabitEthernet4 service instance 1001 Routes: 1 MAC, 0 MAC/IP </pre>

Теперь посмотрим повнимательнее на сами маршруты, на примере MAC-адреса CE-R2:

```

Leaf-R4#show bgp l2vpn evpn AABBC002000
BGP routing table entry for [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC002000][0][*]/20, version 18
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table EVPN-BGP-Table)
  Not advertised to any peer
  Refresh Epoch 6
  Local
    10.255.255.3 (metric 20) (via default) from 10.255.255.1 (10.255.255.1)
      Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, internal, best
      EVPN ESI: 00000000000000000000, Label1 10001
      Extended Community: RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8
      Originator: 10.255.255.3, Cluster list: 10.255.255.1
      rx pathid: 0, tx pathid: 0x0
      Updated on May 23 2025 20:37:22 MSK
BGP routing table entry for [2][10.255.255.4:1001][0][48][AABBC002000][0][*]/20, version 20
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table evi_1001)
  Not advertised to any peer
  Refresh Epoch 6
  Local, imported path from [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC002000][0][*]/20 (global)
    10.255.255.3 (metric 20) (via default) from 10.255.255.1 (10.255.255.1)
      Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, internal, best
      EVPN ESI: 00000000000000000000, Label1 10001
      Extended Community: RT:65000:1001 ENCAP:8
      Originator: 10.255.255.3, Cluster list: 10.255.255.1
      Local irb vxlan vtep:(inaccessible)
      rx pathid: 0, tx pathid: 0x0
      Updated on May 23 2025 20:37:22 MSK

```

Здесь мы в явном виде увидим номер VNI, откуда и куда импортированы маршруты, номер VTEP'а и т.п.

Создадим bridge-domain, EFP и донстроим интерфейс NVE:

```
!
interface Gi4
  service instance 1001 ethernet
  encapsulation dot1q 1001
!
!
interface nve1
  host-reachability protocol bgp
  member vni 10001 mcast-group 239.1.0.1
!
bridge-domain 1001
  member GigabitEthernet4 service-instance 1001
  member evpn-instance 1001 vni 10001
!
```

И проверим:

```
Leaf-R4#show bridge-domain 1001
Bridge-domain 1001 (2 ports in all)
State: UP                               Mac learning: Enabled
Aging-Timer: 300 second(s)
Unknown Unicast Flooding Suppression: Disabled
Maximum address limit: 65536
  GigabitEthernet4 service instance 1001
    vni 10001
  AED MAC address      Policy Tag      Age Pseudoport
  -----
  - AABB.CC00.6000 forward static_r 0      nve1.VNI10001, EVPN
  - AABB.CC00.2000 forward static_r 0      nve1.VNI10001, EVPN
```

```
Leaf-R4#show l2vpn evpn mac evi 1001
MAC Address      EVI    BD      ESI                               Ether Tag  Next Hop(s)
-----
aabb.cc00.2000 1001   1001   0000.0000.0000.0000.0000 0          10.255.255.3
aabb.cc00.6000 1001   1001   0000.0000.0000.0000.0000 0          10.255.255.3
```

```
Leaf-R4#show l2vpn evpn mac evi 1001 detail
MAC Address:          aabb.cc00.2000
EVPN Instance:        1001
Bridge Domain:        1001
Ethernet Segment:     0000.0000.0000.0000.0000
Ethernet Tag ID:      0
Next Hop(s):          V:10001 10.255.255.3
Local Address:         10.255.255.4
Sequence Number:      0
MAC only present:     Yes
MAC Duplication Detection: Timer not running
```

```
MAC Address:          aabb.cc00.6000
EVPN Instance:        1001
Bridge Domain:        1001
Ethernet Segment:     0000.0000.0000.0000.0000
Ethernet Tag ID:      0
Next Hop(s):          V:10001 10.255.255.3
Local Address:         10.255.255.4
Sequence Number:      0
MAC only present:     Yes
MAC Duplication Detection: Timer not running
```

В выводе BD мы видим, что таблице MAC-адресов есть две записи, полученные по EVPN и доступные через VNI 10001. Если мы повнимательнее посмотрим на MAC-адреса в l2vpn evpn, то сможем увидеть, какие маршрутизаторы являются next-hop'ами.

Попробуем пропинговать R2 и R6 с R7:

CE-R7#ping 10.10.1.2 rep 2
 Type escape sequence to abort.
 Sending 2, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.10.1.2, timeout is 2 seconds:
 .!
 Success rate is 50 percent (1/2), round-trip min/avg/max = 2/2/2 ms
 CE-R7#ping 10.10.1.6 rep 2
 Type escape sequence to abort.
 Sending 2, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.10.1.6, timeout is 2 seconds:
 .!
 Success rate is 50 percent (1/2), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/1 ms
 CE-R7#

Связность есть, а на скрине ниже видны все пакеты.

Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1348 2025-05-23 21:28:05,839385	aa:bb:cc:00:70:00	ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	PIMv2	142	Register
1349 2025-05-23 21:28:05,840412	aa:bb:cc:00:70:00	ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	ARP	114	114 who has 10.10.1.2? Tell 10.10.1.7
1351 2025-05-23 21:28:05,843007	aa:bb:cc:00:20:00	aa:bb:cc:00:70:00	ARP	114	10.10.1.2 is at aa:bb:cc:00:20:00
1354 2025-05-23 21:28:07,797132	10.10.1.7	10.10.1.2	ICMP	168	Echo (ping) request id=0x0000, seq=1/256, ttl=255 (reply in 1355)
1355 2025-05-23 21:28:07,798305	10.10.1.2	10.10.1.7	ICMP	168	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0000, seq=1/256, ttl=255 (request in 1354)
1363 2025-05-23 21:28:25,427155	aa:bb:cc:00:70:00	ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	PIMv2	142	Register
1364 2025-05-23 21:28:25,427167	aa:bb:cc:00:70:00	ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	ARP	114	114 who has 10.10.1.6? Tell 10.10.1.7
1365 2025-05-23 21:28:25,429791	aa:bb:cc:00:60:00	aa:bb:cc:00:70:00	ARP	114	10.10.1.6 is at aa:bb:cc:00:60:00
1368 2025-05-23 21:28:25,462326	aa:bb:cc:00:60:00	aa:bb:cc:00:70:00	ARP	114	10.10.1.6 is at aa:bb:cc:00:60:00
1369 2025-05-23 21:28:27,430024	10.10.1.7	10.10.1.6	ICMP	168	Echo (ping) request id=0x0001, seq=1/256, ttl=255 (reply in 1370)
1370 2025-05-23 21:28:27,430629	10.10.1.6	10.10.1.7	ICMP	168	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0001, seq=1/256, ttl=255 (request in 1369)

> Frame 1349: 114 bytes on wire (912 bits), 114 bytes captured (912 bits) on interface -, id 0 > Ethernet II, Src: 50:00:00:01:00:01, Dst: 01:00:5e:01:00:01 > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.255.255.4, Dst: 239.1.0.1 > User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 59459, Dst Port: 4789 > Virtual eXtensible Local Area Network > Ethernet II, Src: aa:bb:cc:00:70:00, Dst: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff > 802.1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, DEI: 0, ID: 1001 > Address Resolution Protocol (request)	> Frame 1351: 114 bytes on wire (912 bits), 114 bytes captured (912 bits) on interface -, id 1 > Ethernet II, Src: 50:00:00:01:00:01, Dst: 50:00:00:04:00:00 > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.255.255.3, Dst: 10.255.255.4 > User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 58215, Dst Port: 4789 > Virtual eXtensible Local Area Network > Ethernet II, Src: aa:bb:cc:00:20:00, Dst: aa:bb:cc:00:70:00 > 802.1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, DEI: 0, ID: 1001 > Address Resolution Protocol (reply)
---	--

Теперь еще раз посмотрим, что у нас таблицах BGP:

```
Leaf-R4#show bgp l2vpn evpn | b Network
      Network      Next Hop      Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.3:1001
*>i  [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC002000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3      0      100      0 ?
*>i  [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC006000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3      0      100      0 ?
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.4:1001
*>i  [2][10.255.255.4:1001][0][48][AABBC002000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3      0      100      0 ?
*>i  [2][10.255.255.4:1001][0][48][AABBC006000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3      0      100      0 ?
*>   [2][10.255.255.4:1001][0][48][AABBC007000][0][*]/20
      0.0.0.0      32768 ?
```

Leaf-R4#

```
Leaf-R3# show bgp l2vpn evpn | b Network
      Network      Next Hop      Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.3:1001
*>   [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC002000][0][*]/20
      0.0.0.0      32768 ?
*>   [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC006000][0][*]/20
      0.0.0.0      32768 ?
*>i  [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBC007000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.4      0      100      0 ?
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.4:1001
*>i  [2][10.255.255.4:1001][0][48][AABBC007000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.4      0      100      0 ?
```

Leaf-R3#

Теперь пришла пора настроить последний VTEP.

```
l2vpn evpn
  replication-type static
```

```

router-id Loopback0
!
l2vpn evpn instance 1001 vlan-based
encapsulation vxlan
ip local-learning disable
!
!
interface Gi4
service instance 1001 ethernet
encapsulation dot1q 1001
!
!
interface nve1
host-reachability protocol bgp
member vni 10001 mcast-group 239.1.0.1
!
bridge-domain 1001
member GigabitEthernet4 service-instance 1001
member evpn-instance 1001 vni 10001
!

```

Применяем конфигурацию и проверяем:

```

Leaf-R5#show bgp l2vpn evpn | b Network
      Network          Next Hop          Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.3:1001
*>i  [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0      100      0 ?
*>i  [2][10.255.255.3:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0      100      0 ?
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.4:1001
*>i  [2][10.255.255.4:1001][0][48][AABBCC007000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.4          0      100      0 ?
Route Distinguisher: 10.255.255.5:1001
*>i  [2][10.255.255.5:1001][0][48][AABBCC002000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0      100      0 ?
*>i  [2][10.255.255.5:1001][0][48][AABBCC006000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.3          0      100      0 ?
*>i  [2][10.255.255.5:1001][0][48][AABBCC007000][0][*]/20
      10.255.255.4          0      100      0 ?

Leaf-R5#
Leaf-R5#show bridge-domain 1001
Bridge-domain 1001 (2 ports in all)
State: UP          Mac learning: Enabled
Aging-Timer: 300 second(s)
Unknown Unicast Flooding Suppression: Disabled
Maximum address limit: 65536
      GigabitEthernet4 service instance 1001
      vni 10001
      AED MAC address      Policy Tag          Age Pseudoport
      -----
      -  AABB.CC00.6000 forward static_r  0    nve1.VNI10001, EVPN
      -  AABB.CC00.7000 forward static_r  0    nve1.VNI10001, EVPN
      -  AABB.CC00.2000 forward static_r  0    nve1.VNI10001, EVPN

Leaf-R5#show l2vpn evpn mac evi 1001 detail
MAC Address:          aabb.cc00.2000
EVPN Instance:        1001
Bridge Domain:        1001
Ethernet Segment:      0000.0000.0000.0000.0000
Ethernet Tag ID:      0
Next Hop(s):          V:10001 10.255.255.3
Local Address:         10.255.255.5
Sequence Number:      0
MAC only present:     Yes
MAC Duplication Detection: Timer not running

MAC Address:          aabb.cc00.6000
EVPN Instance:        1001
Bridge Domain:        1001
Ethernet Segment:      0000.0000.0000.0000.0000
Ethernet Tag ID:      0

```

```

Next Hop(s):          V:10001 10.255.255.3
Local Address:        10.255.255.5
Sequence Number:      0
MAC only present:     Yes
MAC Duplication Detection: Timer not running

MAC Address:          aabb.cc00.7000
EVPN Instance:        1001
Bridge Domain:        1001
Ethernet Segment:     0000.0000.0000.0000.0000
Ethernet Tag ID:      0
Next Hop(s):          V:10001 10.255.255.4
Local Address:        10.255.255.5
Sequence Number:      0
MAC only present:     Yes
MAC Duplication Detection: Timer not running

```

Теперь давайте настроим на всех 4 CE-роутерах Full-mesh iBGP и, таким образом, проверим связность «каждый с каждым».

CE-R2	CE-R6
<pre> router bgp 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.6 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.7 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.8 remote-as 65001 !</pre>	<pre> router bgp 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.2 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.7 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.8 remote-as 65001 !</pre>
CE-R7	CE-R8
<pre> router bgp 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.2 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.6 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.8 remote-as 65001 !</pre>	<pre> router bgp 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.2 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.6 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.7 remote-as 65001 !</pre>

```

CE-R2#show bgp ipv4 unicast summary
BGP router identifier 10.10.1.2, local AS number 65001
BGP table version is 1, main routing table version 1

```

Neighbor	V	AS	MsgRcvd	MsgSent	TblVer	InQ	OutQ	Up/Down	State/PfxRcd
10.10.1.6	4	65001	4	6	1	0	0	00:01:48	0
10.10.1.7	4	65001	5	3	1	0	0	00:01:47	0
10.10.1.8	4	65001	4	4	1	0	0	00:01:47	0

```

CE-R6#show bgp ipv4 unicast summary
BGP router identifier 10.10.1.6, local AS number 65001
BGP table version is 1, main routing table version 1

```

Neighbor	V	AS	MsgRcvd	MsgSent	TblVer	InQ	OutQ	Up/Down	State/PfxRcd
10.10.1.2	4	65001	6	4	1	0	0	00:01:48	0
10.10.1.7	4	65001	3	3	1	0	0	00:01:45	0
10.10.1.8	4	65001	6	6	1	0	0	00:01:49	0

```

CE-R7#show bgp ipv4 unicast summary
BGP router identifier 10.10.1.7, local AS number 65001
BGP table version is 1, main routing table version 1

```

Neighbor	V	AS	MsgRcvd	MsgSent	TblVer	InQ	OutQ	Up/Down	State/PfxRcd
10.10.1.2	4	65001	3	5	1	0	0	00:01:47	0
10.10.1.6	4	65001	3	3	1	0	0	00:01:45	0
10.10.1.8	4	65001	3	3	1	0	0	00:01:42	0

```

CE-R8#show bgp ipv4 unicast summary
BGP router identifier 10.10.1.8, local AS number 65001
BGP table version is 1, main routing table version 1

```

Neighbor	V	AS	MsgRcvd	MsgSent	TblVer	InQ	OutQ	Up/Down	State/PfxRcd
10.10.1.2	4	65001	4	4	1	0	0	00:01:47	0
10.10.1.6	4	65001	6	6	1	0	0	00:01:49	0
10.10.1.7	4	65001	3	3	1	0	0	00:01:42	0

3. Solution config:

Spine-R1	Leaf-R3
<pre> router bgp 65000 bgp log-neighbor-changes no bgp default ipv4-unicast neighbor RRC peer-group neighbor RRC remote-as 65000 neighbor RRC update-source Loopback0 neighbor 10.255.255.3 peer-group RRC neighbor 10.255.255.4 peer-group RRC neighbor 10.255.255.5 peer-group RRC address-family l2vpn evpn neighbor RRC send-community both neighbor RRC route-reflector-client neighbor 10.255.255.3 activate neighbor 10.255.255.4 activate neighbor 10.255.255.5 activate !</pre>	<pre> l2vpn evpn replication-type static router-id Loopback0 ! l2vpn evpn instance 1001 vlan-based encapsulation vxlan ip local-learning disable ! bridge-domain 1001 member GigabitEthernet3 service-instance 1001 member GigabitEthernet4 service-instance 1001 member evpn-instance 1001 vni 10001 ! interface GigabitEthernet3 service instance 1001 ethernet encapsulation dot1q 1001 ! interface GigabitEthernet4 service instance 1001 ethernet encapsulation dot1q 1001 ! interface nve1 source-interface Loopback0 host-reachability protocol bgp member vni 10001 mcast-group 239.1.0.1 ! router bgp 65000 bgp log-neighbor-changes no bgp default ipv4-unicast neighbor 10.255.255.1 remote-as 65000 neighbor 10.255.255.1 update-source Loopback0 address-family l2vpn evpn neighbor 10.255.255.1 activate neighbor 10.255.255.1 send-community both !</pre>
Leaf-R4	Leaf-R5
<pre> l2vpn evpn replication-type static router-id Loopback0 ! l2vpn evpn instance 1001 vlan-based encapsulation vxlan ip local-learning disable ! bridge-domain 1001 member GigabitEthernet4 service-instance 1001 member evpn-instance 1001 vni 10001 ! interface GigabitEthernet4 service instance 1001 ethernet encapsulation dot1q 1001 ! interface nve1 source-interface Loopback0 host-reachability protocol bgp member vni 10001 mcast-group 239.1.0.1 ! router bgp 65000 bgp log-neighbor-changes no bgp default ipv4-unicast neighbor 10.255.255.1 remote-as 65000 neighbor 10.255.255.1 update-source Loopback0 address-family l2vpn evpn neighbor 10.255.255.1 activate neighbor 10.255.255.1 send-community both !</pre>	<pre> l2vpn evpn replication-type static router-id Loopback0 ! l2vpn evpn instance 1001 vlan-based encapsulation vxlan ip local-learning disable ! bridge-domain 1001 member GigabitEthernet4 service-instance 1001 member evpn-instance 1001 vni 10001 ! interface GigabitEthernet4 service instance 1001 ethernet encapsulation dot1q 1001 ! interface nve1 source-interface Loopback0 host-reachability protocol bgp member vni 10001 mcast-group 239.1.0.1 ! router bgp 65000 bgp log-neighbor-changes no bgp default ipv4-unicast neighbor 10.255.255.1 remote-as 65000 neighbor 10.255.255.1 update-source Loopback0 address-family l2vpn evpn neighbor 10.255.255.1 activate neighbor 10.255.255.1 send-community both !</pre>

CE-R2	CE-R6
<pre>! interface Ethernet0/0.1001 encapsulation dot1Q 1001 ip address 10.10.1.2 255.255.255.0 ! router bgp 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.6 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.7 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.8 remote-as 65001 !</pre>	<pre>! interface Ethernet0/0.1001 encapsulation dot1Q 1001 ip address 10.10.1.6 255.255.255.0 ! router bgp 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.2 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.7 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.8 remote-as 65001 !</pre>
CE-R7	CE-R8
<pre>! interface Ethernet0/0.1001 encapsulation dot1Q 1001 ip address 10.10.1.7 255.255.255.0 ! router bgp 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.2 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.6 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.8 remote-as 65001 !</pre>	<pre>! interface Ethernet0/0.1001 encapsulation dot1Q 1001 ip address 10.10.1.8 255.255.255.0 ! router bgp 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.2 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.6 remote-as 65001 neighbor 10.10.1.7 remote-as 65001 !</pre>