Lecture-02-CMSC320
Basic Charts:
Distribution: Histogram
Composition and comparison: Bar chart
Change over time: Line graph
Correlation: Scatter plot
Categorical and binned: Heatmap
<u>Tables:</u>
Use tables when one or two cells stand out.
Color code or bold specific cells.
Bubble Plot:
Two variables, but want to communicate a third detail with bubble size
Don't use when bubbles overlap, or have little variance
Pie Charts:
Generally try to avoid, less intuitive than other options
Stacked Area Chart:
Use for change over time when comparing multiple variables
Box Plot:
Easier for comparing distributions
Maps:
Use when you have geographical data
Network Maps:

Obvious when needed
Compresses large amounts of information
Word Clouds:
Basically worthless, ineffective
Impressive and easy to make
Using Color:
People look for meaning in colors used
Colors should have good contrast
Use colorblind-friendly templates
Can make other text hard to read
<u>Labels:</u>
Should be clear and legible
Provide a legend if needed