

## Lecture-04-CMSC351

## Rigorous Time:

- In the simplest case, the time complexity of code depends on some  $n$ , which could be the length of a list or the number of times a loop iterates, etc
- Our goal is to imagine a function,  $T(n)$ , that could tell us how much time the code takes for any  $n$ , and then find a simple  $n$  such that  $T(n) = \text{theta}(n)$  when possible
- Assignments ( $\text{var} = \text{value}$ ) take constant time
- The time complexity of a loop can be reduced to the highest degree function
- Assignments, for loops, while loops, and conditionals all take time to perform
- In a worst-case scenario a conditional is assumed to be true and the entire conditional can be replaced by the time the body takes
- Able to ignore maintenance line when evaluating time complexity of loops, only evaluate loop body instead