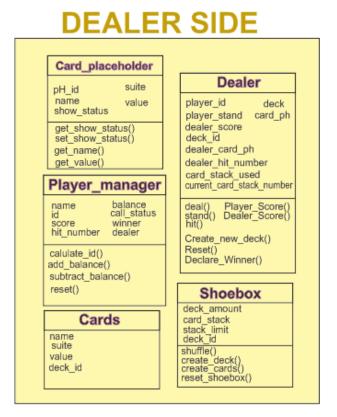
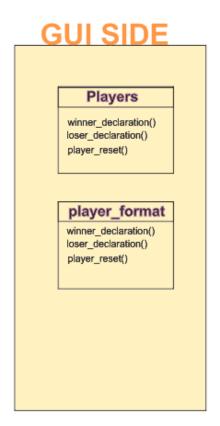
code by Neville Ekka

During the process of designing classes for the game, I have first taken into account of real-world scenario where various programmers looking to construct their own game with custom GUI will be utilizing my classes. Therefore to achieve universality, classes have been divided into two categories – Dealer side and GUI side. Following classes below are distributed to their respective sides.





For simplicity for programmers, any custom class (Players in this case) needs to created while inheriting from abstract class Player_Manager and implementing player_format interface to effectively interrupt game to announce winners. The dealer is class that manages all the other classes. Dealer is supposed to a singleton class but I have not implemented as such to keep it simple.

The **key features** of this Black Jack game are:

- Supports multiple players
- Shoebox that can mix multiple decks.
- Dealer and Player soft hand calculation

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Class Cards

Cards

name : String suite : String value : int deck_id : int

It is a simple member class that manages required fields for each instance card created. It would be better to keep cards nested inside so only the dealer can use (only the dealer class uses it however) it but to keep code organized for simplicity I have made it a separate member class.

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Class Shoebox

Shoebox

deck amount: int

card_stack : vector <cards>

stack_limit : int deck_id : int

card stack used : vector <cards>

generator : random

shuffle(): void

create_'deck() : void
create_cards() : void
reset shoebox() : void

A member class that is manages all cards, followed by their decks. Its key function is shuffling and resetting all cards. It would be better to keep cards nested inside so only the dealer can use (only the dealer class uses it however) it but to keep code organized for simplicity I have made it a separate member class.

public int stack_limit= 100; => To make sure the least amount of shuffled cards are selected, enough to be used by maximum hit called by players and dealer, a limit is set to conserve memory.

public Vector<cards> card_stack = new Vector<cards>(1);

=> A vector array used to store all the cards created even the ones created for other multiple decks. It has been initialized to simply fill the index 0 in the array.

public Vector<cards> card_stack_used = new Vector<cards>(1);

=> A vector array used to store all the cards randomly picked from the main stack of cards. This field is mainly used by shuffle() method. It has been initialized to simply fill the index 0 in the array.

private Random generator = new Random(); => random generator for shuffling cards.

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public void shuffle() => Cards from card_stack are transferred randomly to card_stack_used with a limit put by stack_limit.

private void create_cards() => Create 13 x 4 cards with assigned names and values.
public void create_deck(int deck_id) => Creates new deck and assigns id.

Class Card placeholder

Card_placeholder

pH_id: int

name : String

show_status: boolean

suite : String value : int

get_show_status(): boolean

set_show_status() :void

get_name() : String
get_value() : String

The objects of class Card_placeholder can be visualized as an exact area on the table where the cards are placed. Only one card be placed on that area. This class is used mainly for GUI to keep track of cards placed as well as used to calculate values of the cards in an organized manner. It has the function of flipping cards up or down. Each card dealt to either dealer or players is linked to the placeholder objects.

```
public int ph_id; => Ids used to keep track of how many Placeholders created.
private String name; => Used to store names of the linked cards
private String suite; => Used to store suite of the linked cards
private int value; => Used to store value of the linked cards
private boolean show_status; => flip card up/down. It can be accessed or set anytime.
```

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Class Player Manager

Player_manager

< abstract >

name : String

id: int score: int

hit_number : int deal_er : dealer winner : int

call_status : String

balance: int

calulate_id() : void
add_balance() : void
subtract_balance() : void

reset(): void

This is an abstract class that is supposed to be extended by the class players. This class keeps tracks of all the player information and plays key role in communication of information between GUI side and dealer side classes. It also protected fields to directly communicate with its sub classes i.e players.

```
public String name; => Stores player name

protected int id; => Stores player specific IDs. Not really used.

public int score; => Stores Player score

public int hit_number=0; => Stores Player number of hits

private int balance; => Stores Player current Balance

public String call_status=""; => Stores Player current Call status i.e hit & stand

public int winner; => This field is where the updated information about players winning status is stored. Value of 0 = ingame, 1 = has won, 2= has lost

public static dealer deal_er; => Stores class dealer instance
```

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** Reset of the methods are self explanatory.

Interface player format

player_format

< interface >

winner_declaration() : void
loser_declaration() : void

player_reset(): void

This is an interface that is implemented by class player. The functions implemented are mostly called by methods in dealer class to immediately trigger the implemented code in those 3 methods, if the player has won or lost. Interfacing these methods not only allow for immediate response but also allows user to execute their custom response.

public void on_winner_declaration();=> Action response on player win

public void on_loser_declaration();=>Action response on player lost

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sClass Dealer

Dealer

player_id: int player_stand : int

dealer_score deck : shoebox

deck_id : int

dealer_hit_number : int

card_stack_used : vector <cards>

current_card_stack_number : vector <place_holder>

card_ph : vector <place_holder>

dealer_card_ph : vector <place_holder>

deal() : void stand() : void hit() :void

Create_new_deck():void

Reset() :void

Declare_Winner(): void Dealer_Score(): int Player_Score(): int

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```
private shoebox deck = new shoebox(); => Stores the only copy of shoebox.
private Vector<cards> card stack used =new Vector<cards>(1);
=> Card stack used to draw shuffled cards from. It has been initialized to simply
fill the index 0 in the array.
private Vector <card placeholder> card ph =new Vector<card placeholder>(1) ;
=> Stores all the card place holder objects that are used by players. It has been
initialized to simply fill the index 0 in the array.
private Vector <card_placeholder> dealer_card_ph = new Vector<card_placeholder>(1);
Stores all the card place holder objects that is used by dealer. It has been
initialized to simply fill the index 0 in the array.
public void deal(players player) => Deals card to specific player i.e on player
                                  specific placeholder. This method begins the game
______
  reset();
      player.reset();
      player.player_reset();
      create new deck();
     deck.shuffle();
-----
Resets fields in dealer class and resets player_manger fields and sub class of
player manager before creating deck. Shuffling is called shuffle cards.
      this.card stack used = deck.card stack used;
      dealer card ph.add(new card placeholder());
      dealer card ph.add( new
card_placeholder(card_stack_used.get(1),false,player));
      dealer card ph.add( new card placeholder(card stack used.get(2),true,player));
      this.dealer_hit_number=2;
----·
All cards are placed in respective placeholders. With false indicating the first card
by dealer is faced down. The dealer has dealt cards 2 times himself technically
calling hit so dealer hit number=2 .
      card ph.add(new card placeholder());
      card_ph.add(new card_placeholder(card_stack_used.get(3),true,player));
      card_ph.add(new card_placeholder(card_stack_used.get(4),true,player));
      player.hit number=2;
      current_card_stack_number =4;
     player.score= player score(player);
```

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The dealer has dealt cards 2 times faced upto players place holder. current_card_stack_number indicating all cards drawn equals 4. Also calculates player score.

```
public void hit(players player) => Hits card to specific player i.e on player
                                  specific placeholder.
if(!player.call_status.equals("stand") ){
      player.call status="hit";
      player.hit_number++;
      this.current_card_stack_number++;
-----
Stores a "hit" status to respective player only if players don't have "stand" status.
Increments number of hits and number of cards drawn.
   card ph.add(new
card placeholder(card stack used.get(this.current card stack number),true));
    player.score=player score(player);
    if (player.score>21){player.winner=2;dealer_card_ph.get(1).set_show_status(true);
player.on loser declaration();}
(player.score==21){player.winner=1;dealer_card_ph.get(1).set_show_status(true);player
.on winner declaration();}}
Adds new card placeholder, faced up, for player and stores information in the place holder object. Also
calculates player score and triggers on winner declaration() or on loser declaration() if player has
score of 21 or over.
public void stand(players player) => Sets stand status for players and increments
                                    player stand. Also it checks if all players have
                                    called "stand" by checking if player_stand=
                                    players_id . If they have all_stand() is called.
public void all_stand() => The end phase of the game where dealer flips up his first
                          card and checks if his score is less than 17 by calling
                           dealer_score(); Dealer keeps calling "hit" until the score
                           is more than or equal to 17. Winner is declared after
                           that.
```

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public void create_new_deck() => IDs and creates new deck.

public void dealer_score() => This method calculates dealer score by checking all the
dealer's place holder and adding them together. It also uses a clever but inefficient
method to calculate soft hands i.e hand involving aces, to determine best score. It
first adds all the non-aces placeholders if any exists then checks for number of aces
on the placeholders. Once atleast one aces is found, an array of 2^n, where n =number
of aces, is created. Numbers upto 2^n is generated by for loop and converted to
binary number. Bit 0 of the binary number equals 1 of the ace value whereas 1 equals
11. For each number all ace values are added. All possible aces values are stored in
an array where the best possible value, either 21 or closest to 21, is selected.

Below diagram depicts dealer/player_score operation.

j	binary	-Value =	Sum	Pick ■	Result
0	0	1	1	1	
1	1	11	11	11	
2	10	11 1	12	12	13
3	11	11 11	22	12	
4	100	11 1 1	13	13	
:					
2 ⁿ					