EE 131A Probability Instructor: Lara Dolecek Discussion Set 3 January 22, 2021

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Chapter 2.1-2.3 of *Probability, Statistics, and Random Processes* by A. Leon-Garcia

1. Memoryless property of Geometric RV. A discrete random variable M is said to satisfy the memoryless property if $P[M \ge k+j|M \ge j+1] = P[M \ge k]$ for all $j,k \ge 1$. Show that the geometric random variable satisfies the memoryless property.

- 2. You take an exam that contains 20 multiple-choice questions. Each question has 4 possible options and only one correct answer. You have no idea about any of the questions, so you choose answers randomly. Your score X on the exam is the total number of correct answers.
 - (a) Find the PMF of X.
 - (b) What is your expected score on the test?
 - (c) What is P(X > 16)?

 Hint: You may approximate 32551 as 2^{15} .
- 3. A Game with Marbles. A box contains 5 red and 5 blue marbles. Two marbles are withdrawn randomly, one at a time without replacement. If they are the same color, then you win \$1.10; if they are different colors, then you lose \$1.00. Calculate the expected value of the amount you win and the variance of the amount you win.
- 4. (Problem 3.9 and 3.26 of ALG) A coin is tossed n times. Let the random variable Y be the difference between the number of heads and the number of tails in the n tosses of a coin. Assume P[heads] = p.
 - (a) Describe the sample space of S.
 - (b) Find the probability of the event $\{Y = 0\}$.
 - (c) Find the probabilities for the other values of Y.
 - (d) Find E[Y] and VAR[Y]. In a large number of repetitions of this random experiment, what is the meaning of E[Y]?
- 5. Bonus: n people arrive at a restaurant and give their hats to a hat-check person. The hat-check person losses the receipts of who the hats belong to and returns the hats randomly. What is the expected number of people who get their own hat?