EE 131A Probability and Statistics Instructor: Lara Dolecek

TA: Lev Tauz Debarnab Mitra Homework 3 Wednesday, January 20, 2021 Due: Monday, February 1, 2021 before class begins levtauz@ucla.edu debarnabucla@ucla.edu

Please upload your homework to Gradescope by February 1, 3:59 pm.

Please submit a single PDF directly on Gradescope

You may type your homework or scan your handwritten version. Make sure all the work is discernible.

Reading: 2.6, 3 & 4 of Probability, Statistics, and Random Processes by A. Leon-Garcia

- 1. A salesman has scheduled two appointments to sell encyclopedias. His first appointment will lead to a sale with probability .3, and his second will lead independently to a sale with probability .6. Any sale made is equally likely to be either for the deluxe model, which costs \$1000, or the standard model, which costs \$500. Determine the probability mass function of X, the total dollar value of all sales.
- 2. Suppose that a die is rolled twice. Let X and Y denote the maximum and minimum value to appear in the two rolls respectively. What are the possible values that X and Y can take? Compute the pmf of X and Y. What is the expectation of X + Y?
- 3. Two coins are simultaneously tossed until one of them comes up a head and the other a tail. The first coin comes up a head with probability p and the second with probability q. All tosses are assumed independent.
 - (a) Find the PMF, the expected value, and the variance of the number of tosses.
 - (b) What is the probability that the last toss of the first coin is a head?

Hint: Model the tossing of the two coins as a Bernoulli trial.

- 4. Suppose X is a Binomial random variable with parameters n = 4, and p.
 - (a) Express $E[\sin(\pi X/2)]$ in terms of p.
 - (b) Express $E[\cos(\pi X/2)]$ in terms of p.
- 5. A modem transmits over a binary error-prone channel. To improve reliability, it transmits each bit, i.e "0" or "1", five times. We call each such group of five bits a "codeword." The channel changes an input bit to its complement with probability p = 1/10 and it does so independently of its treatment of other input bits. The modem receiver takes a majority vote of the five received bits to estimate the input bit. Find the probability that the receiver makes the wrong decision.

6. Consider a random variable X with pdf given by

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} cx(1-x^2) & 0 \le x \le 1\\ 0 & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) What is c? Plot the pdf of X using MATLAB.
- (b) Plot the cdf of X using MATLAB.
- (c) Find P(0.25 < X < 0.3).